PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—Baby coaches will soon be in full push.

—Vinegar makes fish scales come off easier.

—The moths have formed a trust to push up the price of camphor.

—A slight change has been made in the trains to the seaside.

—Look and see what Schwed Brothers have to say in another column.

—Strawberries are now retailing in this city for 25 cents per quart.

—"A Woman Hater" the comedy to be produced at Music Hall to-night.

—Mr. U. B. Crane of Park avenue has a splendid line of hats, see adv.

—It is proposed to organize a Band of Mercy in St. Mary's parochial school.

—The Central Railroad company is having a new water tank built at Centreville.

—Craig place, North Plainfield, is being graded by Street Commissioner Conover.

—The Borough Council will meet in regular session to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—The question now-a-days upon meeting an acquaintance is "who was married to-day?

—A meeting of the Board of Health is called for to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—An Italian was killed by a Lehigh Valley passenger train at South Somerville Monday.

—How deluded they are who read the foolishness of a certain very small paper in this locality!

—It is rumored that George Terwilliger, formerly of this city, was killed in Newark a few days ago.

—The Choral Society of this city has decided upon May 15th, as the date on which to give its final concert.

—Mr. Clubb has been enraged by Miss Kenyon to give a lecture on Mrs. Browning's poetry at Seminary Hall.

—Mr. Eugene Laing of Park avenue has a large assortment of latest style head-gear. Watch his advertisement.

—The last session for the season of the ladies' Bible training class will be held at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at four o'clock.

—The annual reunion of the Fifteenth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, will be held in Hamburg, Sussex county, next Fall.

—The prisoners who pleaded guilty or have been convicted in the Somerset County Court this term will be sentenced on Friday next.

—Between mad men and mad dogs Plainfield has not been lacking in sensations for a few days past at least. Luckily such things don't often happen.

—Mr. Geo. H. Goddard gave Mrs. Ben Jamin Johnson, the janitress at the school, $50 for furnishing information which aided in finding Mr. Newton.

—A number of persons from this city will attend the minstrel entertainment of the West End Base Ball club, in Armory Hall, Somerville, to-night.

—Hardware dealers are having a lively demand for garden tools. Keep close watch on our advertising columns and you will know the best places to go.

—Now is the time of year when the doctor's bill grows small. The ladies find health and pleasure out-door in their gardens, as well as beautifying the grounds.

—The interior of the Free Reading Room at Westfield was photographed yesterday by Mr. Beckwith of this place, who will reduce the picture, and after suitably framing it, present it to the room.

—Mr. H. L. Hastings of Boston will deliver another of his lectures on the subject of "Infidelity," under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., on Tuesday evening next at eight o'clock. Admission free.

—Jenkins has decreed that the new derby hats for men shall be smaller and neater all over. They have closely-rolled brims, and the crowns are low and have the general outline that is conveyed in the term "nutty."

—Somerset street and several side streets and avenues in North Plainfield have been macadamized of late years. The residents on Grove street now propose that their thoroughfare be macadamized, and have raised $900 for it.

—The Union County Jail at Elizabeth is crowded with prisoners and the resources of the place are severely taxed. The inmates yesterday numbered fifty-nine males and eleven females. This is nearly as many as have ever been in the jail at one time.

—To-night Mr. Roland Reed, the eminent actor, will appear at Music Hall in his great four-act farce comedy, "The Woman Hater." Mr. Reed's ability as an actor of high merit is too well known to require much comment. Suffice it to say that all who see him to-night will be delighted, and will remember the play and actor with pleasure for a long time to come.

—There is a new use for hypnotism, namely, as a remedy for habitual drunkenness. The drunkard after being hypnotized is informed that ardent spirits are nasty and the object of his particular hatred. If this is repeated two or three times the habit of thought becomes so fixed that the drunkard cannot bring himself to drink a drop of spirits.

—The People's Theatre Co., which was at Armory Hall last week, got stranded, and three of their actors are now under attachment. Landlord Smalley wanted his board money, and as it was not forthcoming he took steps to secure payment. Mr. Smalley was told that the manager of the hall has the claim on the baggage for what is due him.—Somerville Messenger. The same company played at Reform Hall in this city for one week to poor houses. During their stay here the company's treasurer "skipped by the light of the moon."

The Decision Next Week.

Judge McCormick, in the Union County Orphan's Court as stated yesterday refused to let the testimony in the Moore will case take up the time of the Court any longer in producing testimony, and declared the case closed. The Court will give a decision next week on the evidence and papers already presented.

THEIR SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY.

Unity Lodge Celebrated it Last Evening.

Unity Lodge No. 102, Knights of Pythias celebrated its seventh anniversary last evening in Arion Hall. Admission was by invitation and about four hundred of the friends of the Lodge were present.

Shortly after eight o'clock Mr. Horace J. Martin ascended the platform and appropriately welcomed the guests in behalf of the Lodge.

Mr. Edward L. Foster then amused and mystified the audience by what he termed expositionalism, in which tricks and parlor magic were introduced. One feature of Mr. Foster's act was that after he had successfully performed a trick he would explain to the audience how it was done. The following is the

PROGRAMME.

Part First.

Selected Readings.
Topical and Sentimental Songs—Including Bessie Bouchill's celebrated song, "Playmates"
Recitation ..."Over the Hills from the Poor House"
Ventriloquial Specialties—Introducing Mr. Foster's amusing Wooden Headed Family.

Part Second.

Recitation—"Fare Ye Well, Brother Watkins."
The latest comic songs—Including "There Goes McKenna," "Sir, Have You Seen O'Houlihan?" "The Song That Breaks My Heart," "Since Casey Rides the Flat," "Are You My Wife?"
Concluding with Mr. Foster's amusing farce —"A Dollar for a Kiss."

Mr. Periwinkle.....Mr. Alfred Fryer
Miss Lucy Periwinkle.....Miss Maggie Ayer
Charles Johnson.....Mr. Wm. Fryer
Jake (a servant).....Mr. E. L. Foster

The entertainment was interspersed with piano selections by Miss Anna Fryer, including as the first overture, "The Storm," and was very pleasing throughout. At its conclusion the guests were provided with refreshments and when their appetites had been appeased all went on a tour of inspection of the lodge room which is situated on the third floor. The arrangement of the room is very neat and the organization may well feel proud of it.

While the guests were on the tour of inspection the members of the Lodge had removed the seats in the ball below and prepared the floor for dancing. It was shortly after eleven o'clock when the guests began to enjoy the mazy waltz and cotillion and they continued to do so until about two o'clock this morning, at which time they departed for their homes.

The affair was in charge of the following committee: Messrs. H. J. Martin, Charles Tallman, Frank Humpston, T. C. Smith, Frank Putnam and J. B. Suckle.

Floor Manager—Mr. Frank Putnam.

RAYMOND-DORMAN.

A Fashionable Wedding at Crescent Avenue Church. Last Evening.

Only the relatives and immediate friends of the contracting parties were present at the wedding of Mr. Frank Raymond and Miss Lilian Dorman at the Crescent avenue church last evening. Both Mr. Raymond and Miss Dormon are well known in Plainfield and the event had been the talk-bit of conversation in society for some time past. The company gathered at the church at six o'clock. The costumes of the ladies in the audience were very handsome and stylish.

Rev. W. H. Richards, pastor of the church officiated. The bridal party entered to the bewitching strains of the "March"—from Lohengrin and departed accompanied by the thrilling soul-stirring strains of Mendlssohns, Wedding March. Miss Jessie Utter, the accomplished pianiste, presided at the grand organ, and rendered the following programme in her usual style.

March from Lohengrin.
March from Aida.
Offertoire—Batiste.
Ballet music from Silvia.
Offertoire—Grieson.
Festive march—Clark.
Mendelssohn's Wedding March.

The church was handsomely decorated with a profusion of Spring flowers, lilies predominating, all harmonizing with the costumes of the bridal group. At the altar there was a handsome basin of flowers in bloom, and bunches of cut flowers and potted plants and ferns were grouped artistically, presenting a delightful scene. The "best" man was Mr. Raymond, a younger brother of the groom. The "Maid-of-Honor" was Miss Josephine Drake.

After the wedding a reception was tendered the guests and then Mr. and Mrs. Raymond amid congratulations and best wishes started on their wedding tour, which is to be to Europe.

The bride is as remarkable for being ex ceedingly beautiful, as she is for her numerous works of unostentatious charity among the poor and distressed, a young lady of whom we may well feel proud of as a Plainfielder.

The floral decorations at the residence and church were by Denton.

A Probable Swindler.

Yesterday a man who gave his residence as 14 Hiram street, (a house now vacant) collected a large number of umbrellas for repair. It was discovered afterward that he was probably a swindler and the case was reported to the police, but they have not succeeded in capturing the man.—New Brunswick House Blows.

As Plainfielders deal with home merchants only, and not with traveling tinkers, the above warning is probably unneeded.

A Correct Estimate.

Senator McPherson claims to be the man who first recommended Grover Cleveland for presidential honors in 1882, and the place which he made famous by the speech in which he did this perfunctory work. If Mr. Cleveland's chances are no better in the rest of the country than they are in Plainfield, he will never get nearer the presidential chair than Senator McPherson's speech did to the probabilities in 1882.—Elizabeth Journal.

PERSONAL.

The condition of Mr Peter Dunn of West Front street, remains unchanged.

Bishop Scarborough will visit the church of Our Saviour at Netherwood on Whitsunday.

Mr. Lemuel W. Serrell of West Front street is slowly recovering from a severe bilious attack.

Mr. E. R. Overton, formerly of Washington avenue, has moved his family into his new home on Rockview avenue.

Miss Dolly C. Stout of Jersey City, is visiting at the residence of Mr. John M. Seborb on Grove street, North Plainfield.

The funeral of the late Charles K. Howlett, took place from his late home on Elmwood place yesterday afternoon at two o'clock.

Miss Kate Kimball the secretary of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle, is expected home from Buffalo on a visit in a few days.

Mr. W. K. McClure of Broadway has returned from Baltimore where he was called to attend the funeral of his brother, who died their recently.

The death of ex-Sheriff Codington of Somerset county is announced. It occurred at his home in Mt. Bethel yesterday morning from paralysis.

A very enjoyable musicale was held at the residence of Mr. O. G. Runkle on West Eighth street and was attended by a large number of society people.

Mr. George Thatcher, the famous comedian, has finished his engagement with the Howard Athenaeum Company, and has returned to his home in this city. Mr Thatcher will start out with his own minstrels in July next.

At the conclusion of the Hardy-King wedding ceremony yesterday afternoon the guests sat down to a substantial wedding breakfast, after which they assembled on the spacious lawn surrounding the house and enjoyed themselves in dancing and other pastimes. Mr. Fred S. Dunn, an amateur, photographed the merry party.

What Does It All Mean?

It is somewhat strange that Mr. Joseph B. Miller should have his case certioraried to the Supreme Court.

Certainly it would think he ought to feel that he was lucky to escape as he did. Convicted of having his place open after the time allowed by the ordinances, and admitting that he was behind the bar serving customers, in direct violation of the ordinance, it was certainly very lenient of Judge Codington to suspend sentence.

Mr. Kalisch, Miller's counsel, is said to be the counsel for the Newark brewers. They may not be taking a hand in the matter, but it is difficult to believe that Mr. Miller alone would renew the fight against the people interested in preserving law and order in the community, by proper police regulations, such as that provided in the ordinance now sought to be invalidated.

Before taking out his license Mr. Miller signed an agreement printed conspicuously across the back of the license-Duplicate to abide by all ordinances then in force, and that was after the Werts' bill, generally regarded as got out in the interest of the rumsellers, had become a law.

If that invalidated any of our ordinances our corporation Counsel has already defeated his opponents on that very question on appeal in several other cases, of what avail can it be to Mr. Miller?

It is a well established rule of law that one cannot take advantage of his own wrong. If Mr. Miller did wrong in signing the agreement he is presumed to have done it knowingly since the law does not excuse ignorance. That he under circumstances should even attempt what he does gives color to the claims of those of radical temperance views, that the anti-Local-Option-keepers would have no laws at all to protect us from the consequences of their business if they had their own way, and if we have no right under the law relative to police regulations, to regulate the time saloons are allowed open, then we have no rights that the rumseller is bound to respect.

The comments on this latest move, so far as heard, are very unfavorable and bode no good to the cause of it when the license question shall come up again next year.

THE SUPPOSED MAD MAN CAUGHT.

Policeman Cooney Last Night Arrested him.

Policeman Cooney last night arrested the man who has been acting strangely in the vicinity of Brook avenue, North Plainfield, and Liberty street, this city. The man's name is James Perking, and he is a native of Ireland, but has been in this country about a year. By the man's actions it is thought that his mind is unbalanced. Policeman Grant visited the house where he was boarding this afternoon to obtain information as to his actions.

It is although that while in this state the poor unfortunate threatened to kill one of Mr. James Whalen's children, and that he also threatened the lives of several other persons. Heretofore he was as harmless as a child. His brother and aunt, two respectable looking persons, were at the station house this morning awaiting to see what action would be taken in the matter. Judge Codington will take testimony in the case this afternoon at four o'clock.

A Narrow Escape.

Manager Slitter of the District Messenger company erected a 75 foot flag pole in the yard of the North Plainfield public school referred to yesterday. After the man had got the pole up one of the brace broke and it fell against the building.

Manager Charles Runyon of the Telephone company had descended from the top of the pole but a few moments before it fell and had a narrow escape from serious injury. He had just put a bronzed ball on the top of the pole. The new flag recently purchased by subscription was raised this morning and there will be appropriate exercises to-morrow.

—The list of advertised letters is crowded out of to-day's issue but will appear to-morrow.

THE CRESCENT WIN AT LAST.

They Defeat the Columbia College Nine 12 to 1.

The base ball game between the Crescents of this city and a nine from Columbia College yesterday was called for 3:30 o'clock but, when that hour arrived Livingston, the Crescent pitcher, had not appeared and this mishap made the result look rather dubious for the home team. Martin the short stop was put in the pitcher's box to replace Livingston and seemed to be invincible as the visiting club could not seem to hit the ball at all. He pitched well, only giving two men their bases on balls, and allowing them to make only one or two safe hits off of him. The Crescents substituted Wiom and and Dawe for McLaughlin and McMurran and Giles of the Brooklyn 13's replaced Martin as short stop. He proved a good acquisition to the club.

He is a heavy batter and some of his hits of yesterday proved very fortunate. During the eighth inning he knocked the ball over the fence, brought in a run and made a home run himself.

The Crescents played a good game all the way through and seemed to be able to knock the ball just wherever they wanted to.

The Columbia boys were very unfortunate, however, and did not score a run until the ninth inning, while the Crescents made five runs in the second. In this inning a dispute arose over the umpire, Mr. Chamberlin of Rahway. Wigand knocked a ground ball which the second baseman failed to stop and Wigand ran to base by about fifteen feet making third base before the ball could be fielded in. The Columbia boys saw this and demanded that the umpire declare the runner out. But Mr. Chamberlain decided that the runner was safe. The visitors then refused to play any longer if the umpire was not changed. After a long wrangle Mr. Hull was substituted and the game continued harmoniously to the end, with the following result.

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents	0	5	0	3	0	0	1	4	*	—13
Columbias	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

The game was not without accident, however, for when one of the Crescents was running from first to second base the spikes in one of his shoes inflicted a painful wound in the ankle of second baseman Wells. The Columbia's short stop also wrenched his ankle later in the game, and a foul tip injured a finger of Jones, the Crescents' catcher. The game was well attended.

CITY COURT NOTES.

Drunkenness and Other Offences Punished.

Rosa Radway was last night arrested by Captain Grant and Policeman Slitter on complaint of William Smith, in whose hotel she was employed as cook. This morning she was arraigned by City Judge Codington to answer to a charge of disorderly conduct. After hearing the testimony in the case the Judge adjudged her guilty, but suspended sentence provided she would leave the city. She left.

Special Policeman Slitter last night found a man lying on Richmond street asleep and in an intoxicated condition. When arraigned this morning he gave his name as Harry Hobel. He at first denied being intoxicated, but afterwards admitted it and Judge Codington imposed a four dollar fine, which was paid.

A traveling Italian peddler this morning complained to the police that a mechanic employed on a building had struck him in the mouth. He pointed out the person and the offender was arrested. When arraigned before City Judge Codington, the accused pleaded guilty to the charge and a five dollar fine was imposed.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the county clerk's office at Somerville recently:

Wm. R. Marsh et ux to Wm. H. Wilcox, property in North Plainfield.. $1,000 00
Albert H. Wilson et ux to Ida M. Wilson, property in North Plainfield.. 5,000 00
Richard H. Vanclief to Jacob Johnson, property in Hillsborough 400 00
Mary Hasbrouck to Albert T. Lewis, lot in Bridgewater..... 20 00
Geo. O. Vanderbilt to Augustus Robbins, property in Franklin..... 550 00
Augustus Robbins to Geo. W. Cook, property in Franklin..... 500 00
Agnes and Theodore Skillman to Geo. W. Darling, property in Montgomery..... 4,250 00
Geo. W. Vanderbilt et al to Orrin L. Ogden et al, property in Franklin.. 1 00
David R. Kenyon et ux to Job C. Van Nest, property in Franklin.. 1 00
Jos. V. D. Hardcastle et ux to Mary C. Osman, property in Somerville. 1,900 00
Thomas Parker et ux to William H. Lewin, property in Somerville.... 5,000 00

Answer to Cannon Problem.

The following is the answer to the cannon problem published a few days ago:

Let x equal the distance from loaded cannon. 1. 4 over x squared equals 1 over the parenthesis (15 minus x) squared.

Taking the square root we have the second equation or 2 over x equals 1 over 15 minus x.

Clearing of fractions we have the third equation 30 minus x equals x. Transposing and combining we have the next statement 3 x equals 30.

Since 3 x equal 30, x would equal 10. Answer is 10.

"McGINTY."

—The Silentias of New York, a nine composed of deaf mutes are to cross bats with the Crescents next Saturday afternoon. It is said that they play an excellent game. They were substituted in place of the Hackett-Carhart team.

—There will be an evening of local talent at the Amphion next week, several of our city amateurs appearing in conjunction with the Australian Folly Troupe.

—John Connolly, a brakeman on the South Branch of the Central Railroad, was hurt by the cars at Somerville Monday. His right thigh was broken and a deep gash was inflicted in his head.

Will the Summer of 1816 Repeat Itself?

The icy morning of the 19th inst., when the mercury stood at 21°, suggests the above query, remembering also the mild Winter just passed. December, 1815, and January, 1816, were so warm that flies were seldom lighted in the sitting room. February was also as mild as Spring time, with the exception of one or two cold days. March was cold and boisterous the first half, then mild weather to the middle of April, when belated Winter set in with ice and deep snows, which continued till June. June was bitter cold—the coldest ever known; frost, ice or snow almost every night, destroying almost everything that frost could kill. Snow fell ten inches deep in Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine, three inches in the interior of New York state, and in a part of Pennsylvania and Massachusetts. July was cold and frosty. Ice formed as thick as a window glass throughout New England. August was worse still.

—Maggie LaMonte, the Fanwood woman who was arrested for stealing jewelry from Mrs. Bowser yesterday, pleaded not guilty in the Court of Special Sessions at Elizabeth and Judge McCormick sentenced her to one month in the county jail.

—The following programme has been arranged for the Reform Club meeting to-night, which is to be held in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A.: Solo, Miss Bell; recitation by Miss E. Smith. The question to be discussed is: "Does Pride or Extravagance and Fashion do more harm than the drink habit."

This Date in History—May 1.

"And the spring comes slowly up this way."

May first is probably derived from Maia, a feminine divinity worshiped at Rome on the first day of this month.

1707—Birth of Sebastian de Vauban, a distinguished French military writer and engineer; died 1781.

1733—Birth of Joseph Addison, political essayist; died 1719; famous for his prose papers in The Spectator.

1760—Death of John Dryden, England's poet laureate; born Aug. 19, 1631; translator of the Iliad, etc.

1767—Act of union with England passed by the Scotch parliament goes into operation.

1794—Birth of Arthur Wellesley, Duke of Wellington, greatest of English generals; defeated Napoleon at Waterloo, June 18, 1815.

1825—Explosion of a powder magazine or powder at Benares, India; 20 vessels destroyed and 1,500 persons killed and wounded.

1831—Birth of Prince Arthur, Duke of Connaught, third son of Queen Victoria.

1851—Great London exhibition opened; closed in October, 1852.

1862—New Orleans formally occupied by troops under Gen. B. F. Butler, commanding department of the gulf.

1862—Opening of the International exhibition, South Kensington, England; closed Nov. 1.

1863—Union victory at Port Gibson, Miss., also known as Magnolia Hills. The first engagement in Grant's campaign against Vicksburg. Union loss, 852; Confederate loss, 1,862.

1863—Battle of Chancellorsville, Va., followed by engagements until the 6th, in which Lee was handed by Gen. Joe Hooker; Confederates by Robert E. Lee. Union loss in the four days' struggle, 17,197; Confederate, 12,281.

1865—Alliance between Brazil, Uruguay and Argentine Confederation.

1871—The Communists in possession of Paris—revolution.

1872—Great eruption of Mount Vesuvius, begins April 24.

1874—Opening of International exhibition in Vienna.

1886—Queen Victoria proclaimed empress of India.

1888—Death of Coroallus K. Garrison, New York merchant, aged 76.

Married.

HARDY-KING—At the residence of the bride's parents, No. 21 West Second street, on Wednesday, April 30th, 1890, by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, Mr. Theodore H. Hardy and Miss Emma S. King, both of this city.

Died.

WESTERFIELD—In this city, May 1st, Martin V. B. Westerfield, aged 66 years 8 months.

Funeral services from the residence of his brother, Charles A. Westerfield, No. 7 New street, Saturday, May 3d, at 10 a. m. Interment in Fairview cemetery, Westfield. 2*

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A SINGLE man wishes situation as coachman. Has good references. Call No. 3 Grove street. 30-4

A GOOD horse for sale cheap. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 30 4

FOR SALE—At No. 6 Elmwood place. Fancy breeds of poultry, consisting in part of partridges, cochins, spangled, barring wyandottes and other kinds. 1-3

FOR SALE—Fine side bar surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. F. Dupee, 30 Rockview avenue. 1-tf

FOR SALE—Lot of fine manure, cheap. Inquire Blats Hotel. 1-2

FINE young sorrel horse for sale. Splendid driver. 138 Daw street, N. Plainfield. 1-3

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage. Also a fine residence with large ground 1, plenty of shade and large barn, for sale on easy terms. Esquire J. F. MacDonald. 4 29tf

SITUATION wanted as coachman and gardener. Good man and competent. Can understands care of fine stock. Careful driver. First-class florist and vegetable gardener. Strictly sober. Best references. Address "John," care of EVENING NEWS.

TO LET—A large loft at No. 81 Somerset street. Also a barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Hardcastle.

WANTED—A girl for chambermaid and waitress. Must have good references. Apply at 14 Crescent avenue. 1 2tf

WANTED—A first-class laundress and chambermaid. Call at 50 West Eighth street. Reference required. 1-3

WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer; also girl for kitchen work. Apply at once, Mrs. P. T. Baker, corner Seventh street and Arlington avenue. 4-30-2tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 25 Grandview avenue. 30-3

$5 REWARD, for the return of honey bee's color and white enamel dog. Answers to the name of "Spark." F. W. Lewis, 46 Carleton avenue. 30-3

TWO MORE GREAT BARGAIN WEEKS IN SHOES!

our New Goods are coming in so fast and so many of them, we can readily see we will not have room for them. We have gone all through the Store, bought of Mr. Randolph and have concluded to sell off all that stock at a GREAT REDUCTION this Week and Next. We have marked them all down somewhere like this: We have few Ladies' Shoes left on K. C. Burt's and McCombes's sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, a wide marked down from $5, $6 and $7 to $1.50.

LADIES' KID SHOES	$1.00,	former price	$2 00.
" "	1.50,	" "	2.50.
" "	2.00,	" "	3.00.
GENTS SHOES	1.50,	" "	2.50.
" "	2.00,	" "	3.00.
" "	2.50,	" "	4.00.
" "	3.00,	" "	5.00.

We have the above Shoes in all sizes, with the exception of McCombe's and Burt's. This will be the GREATEST SALE for Bargain Seekers that Plainfield ever saw. While you are here look at our Spring and Summer Hats and Ties for Ladies; also our $2.25 and $3.00 Shoes made especially for us. This Sale will commence WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23d, and continue until MAY 3d. TRY US ON REPAIRING. We don't promise to make old shoes new, but we can and do make them almost as good as new, and give them a new lease of life. Many people do not have Shoes repaired because they have a mistaken idea they look bothy and clumsy, but such is not the case with us, for we put in the finest leather that can be Bought, and have the work done by one of the best Shoemakers in the State.

ROGERS BROS., 12 W. Front St.,

SUCCESSOR TO D. F. RANDOLPH, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS & MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of cotton window shades at 25c in all colors. A Brocatine 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies ribbed vests, all sizes at 25c, reduced from 37c. Lot of tassel hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT
By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain one week longer, until May 7. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of double sight. Dealing with a spirit. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies, 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Come and call at once. 30-1w

H. N. SPENCER.
Groceries and Provisions, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar posts, poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and sage plants, etc.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION—A SUMMER class will be formed for ladies in singing part music under the direction of David C. Lyon beginning May 6th. For length of term and price apply at room 20, Music Hall on Friday May 2d after 12 o'clock. 29-5

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Will re-open Tuesday evening, April 29th. Classes for children Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 4-1w*

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No 5 PARK AVENUE.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

TO-NIGHT

MR. ROLAND REED
IN
D. D. LLOYD'S ECCENTRIC COMEDY
Woman Hater,
AS PLAYED 100 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK.
Read as the Bigamist,
Read as the Trigamist.

The Greatest Comedy Success in Years, Introducing Sydney Rosenfeld's Great Topical Parody "It Was a Dream." And Other New Musical Numbers.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on Sale Tuesday.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH.

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COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION
Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
29 W. FRONT STREET.
GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some stores when you can buy the very best solid leather goods at low rates. We deal only in first class goods and warrant them.

We have large additions to our assortments for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock on hand. Our sleeves and drawers are crowded with the very best lines made of "Selected Ladies", Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

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100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

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Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

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Monday Eve., May 5,

And Every evening during the week.

Grand Opening.

With new Scenery and Decorations by Seavey of New York. The famous

Australian
FOLLY TROUPE

Including the SISTERS COULSON.

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GEYER & LORD,
THE GREAT CROWLEY,
PROF. BURKE'S CANINE CIRCUS,
BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN
MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS,
VEVE NORESSA, ETC., ETC.,

Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Banjo Solos, Negro Specialties, etc., by the STARS of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE at the people's prices. Reserved seat; 50 cents, a good reserved seat; 25 cents, general admission. Saturday matinee, children 10 cents. Tickets can be procured at Shaw's pharmacy.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,
50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. B. CRANE'S.
Hatter and undaker, 13 Park Aven

What the South Needs.

Ex-Governor Robert Lowry, of Mississippi, writing in The North American Review, and speaking for his own state and for the south generally, says that three things are generally needed, namely: systematized labor, less legislation, and capital; and the greatest of these is capital.

From 1874, since the people of the south took things into their own hands and claimed for themselves home rule, the section has grown rapidly in wealth and prosperity, the governor says. As an instance of this he mentions that in 1889 Mississippi spent $1,000,000 for public schools. This is a large sum certainly to one who has not lived in an atmosphere of public schools; but it must be remembered that some large cities of the Union spend each as much as that for education every year.

Contrary to the opinion of many, Mr. Lowry declares that negro labor is and always will be the cheapest and best that can be obtained for raising cotton. It might be mentioned that the negro has been raising something else than cotton in the south now for a number of years. Both natural adaptability to the climate and natural predilection fit the colored man for cotton culture, in the judgment of Governor Lowry.

Too much legislation has been the bane of the south, says the governor. He is a wise man to have discovered that. Prophets and sages alike agree in the dictum that we have far too many laws and that the higher the civilization the fewer laws will be needed. The governor longs to hear from one end of the fair south to the other the busy hum of factories, particularly cotton factories. Mississippi is especially adapted to them, with cheap labor, cheap fuel, cheap land, no end of water, and the raw material raised in profusion.

Finally, 1890 finds the southern states more prosperous than they have been any time in the last twenty-five years. Mines, factories, farming and all vocations are reasonably remunerative. Capital is greatly needed to develop the resources of the country, and money invested in the south, we are to infer, would pay handsomely.

Penitentiary Poets.

The penitentiary at Joliet, Ills., has always been a noted institution. Convicts of remarkable character seem to gather there. Some of them are well educated men intellectually, and give the lie to the old superstition that education of the brain alone, without corresponding development of the moral, spiritual and affectional nature, would keep a man from crime.

It is said there is never a time when there is not in the prison at least one convict who can write fair, often even good, poetry. At present the chief poet of the stripes is a young man who can write a piece of verse every day and not feel it. His poetry is humorous.

'But some time ago a poor young fellow named William Desmond was brought to Joliet for horse stealing in Wyoming. Nobody knew much about the boy, and he never talked of himself. By and by, in not a long time, William died of consumption. They buried him in the convict ground, with a board at his head. After he had been carried out of his cell they found there in his writing some verses, of which the following are the first and last stanzas:

It is night, and I sit at home with myself
In my easy chair in the cozy room,
With the red light melting the shadows grim
Into dancing figures that laugh at the gloom.
My little girl sits at my feet,
And I stoop to pat her golden head,
And I listen and hear her nothing, dear soul,
Murmuring a song over baby's bed.

And we'll sit together, my hand in hers,
And both of us watching the rosy glow,
And perhaps she'll hint, with her sly sweet smile,
Of the days that have passed long ago,
And our early home and the friends we knew,
Most of all mother and dad, as well,
And—"Old man, get up," says my new cell mate,
"For God's sake don't sprawl all over the cell."

There is a Home of Rest for old horses in London. Did it ever occur to you, reader, that worn out horses have earned their right to rest and support in their old days much more faithfully than a good many of the people who are thus taken care of by charity? Some of these people never did and never would work in their lives. The horse has always toiled faithfully for man, and deserves a better fate than being shot when he cannot work any more. Especially there ought to be in every state a farm where decrepit horses may be turned out to grass, if it be true that horses have no souls, and when they die that is the end of them. They deserve a little taste of a horse heaven here, with oats and green pastures and water brooks.

For fifty years meteorologists have been studying and noting weather conditions, and yet no one can predict the coming of a tornado. Snow, rain or fair weather can be foretold and the prediction will hit generally two out of three times, but never a tornado or cyclone. Will the time ever come when meteorology is sufficiently understood for information of such furious storms to be telegraphed over the country twenty-four hours beforehand?

So far as the sheriff's office went in New York city, the corruption before the recent election was as bad as in the worst days of Tweedism. But there is one thing that public thieves can rely on as surely as death. Stealing, like every other evil, carries the seed of its own ruin. When the thieves feel securest, just then, dead sure, comes the earthquake.

Quicker Time Around the World.

A writer in The Railway Age has been investigating traveling facilities, to find the shortest actual time in which a trip could be made around the world. He gives an instance of how a copy of The London Times made the circuit of the globe three years ago in sixty-nine days. In Japan the Marquis of Stanley received a copy of The Times on the day that the Canadian steamer left for Vancouver. The paper had come to him through the Suez canal and across Asia.

He immediately redirected it to The London Times office, and sent it back home across the Pacific ocean and America. It arrived in London again on the sixty-ninth day after leaving it, having traveled completely around the world.

Five hours' travel takes the tourist from Liverpool to Liverpool. The distance from Liverpool to Quebec is 3326 miles less than from Liverpool to New York. It can easily be made in six days. The route over the Canadian Pacific, from Quebec to Vancouver, is 3,050 miles long. Over it trains can travel more than thirty miles an hour, and the distance from Quebec to Vancouver can be covered in 4 days and 4 hours.

We are now at the western edge of America. Across the Pacific ocean is Hong Kong, the port for which the Canadian Pacific steamers sail. A fast steamer can go from Vancouver to Hong Kong in 18 days. The new ships of this line will be ocean racers.

At Hong Kong the return trip to London will be made by way of the Suez canal and Brindisi, and can be accomplished in 30 days. Thus the time from London to Hong Kong will be 30 days, and that from Hong Kong to London again will require 30 days, or 38 days in all, in which the tourist has gone around the world and never once set foot upon Yankee soil. This is the point especially striking. When the Russian railway from St. Petersburg across Asia is finished, according to a table prepared by the writer, the time around the world can be shortened to 25 days and 10 hours.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0—3
New York.....0 2 0 0 2 0 1 0 —5
Base hits: Philadelphia, 12; New York, 14. Errors: Philadelphia, 1; New York, 0. Batteries: Anderson and Clements, Welch and Murphy. Attendance, 3,000.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: Cleveland, 3; Cincinnati, 5. Errors: Cleveland, 2; Cincinnati, 1. Batteries: Beatin and McCauley, Hutchison and Harrington. Attendance, 700

At Chicago—
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 x—1
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Chicago, 7; Pittsburg, 5. Errors: Chicago, 0; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Schmitt and Daly, Hutchison and Kittridge. Attendance: 6,493.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 2 0 0 0 0 3 0 1—6
Boston.....0 0 2 0 0 1 3 0 1—7
Base hits: Brooklyn, 7; Boston, 15. Errors: Brooklyn, 5; Boston, 4. Batteries: Terry and Gabriel, Carruthers and Clark. Attendance, 866.

Players' League.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....0 0 1 3 0 0 1 1 0—6
Boston.....3 1 0 2 1 0 0 3 0—8
Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; Boston, 11. Errors: Philadelphia, 9; Boston, 5. Batteries: Bufflnton and Cross, Kilroy and Kelly. Attendance, 7,182.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 1 0 3 0 0 1 5 0—10
New York.....0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 2—5
Base hits: Brooklyn, 13; New York, 10. Errors: Brooklyn, 3; New York, 4. Batteries: Van Haltren and Cook, Ewing and Ewing. Attendance, 4,000.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....0 0 1 1 3 0 0 0 1—6
Chicago.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Base hits: Cleveland, 12; Chicago, 7. Errors: Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 4. Batteries: Grubee and Brennan, Duryea and Boyle. Attendance, 3,000.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....2 0 0 5 2 1 0 0 0—10
Buffalo.....2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—3
Base hits: Pittsburg, 15; Buffalo, 9. Errors: Pittsburg, 0; Buffalo, 3. Batteries: Staley and Carroll, Ferson and Mack. Attendance, 1,592.

American Association.

At Rochester—
Rochester.....5 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—7
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Rochester, 11; Brooklyn, 5. Errors: Rochester, 1; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries: Barr and McGuire, Toole and Tate.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—6
Athletic.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Syracuse, 15; Athletic, 6. Errors: Syracuse, 3; Athletic, 2. Batteries: Casey and Briggs, Green and Cantz.

At St. Louis—
St. Louis.....0 0 0 1 0 1 2 1—5
Columbus.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: St. Louis, 13; Columbus, 7. Errors: St. Louis, 1; Columbus, 4. Batteries: Stivetts and Earle, Easton and O'Connor.

Atlantic Association.

At Wilmington—Wilmington, 7; New Haven, 5. Base hits: Wilmington, 9; New Haven, 11. Errors: Wilmington, 3; New Haven, 7. Batteries: Smith and Black, Horner and Trefon.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 12; Jersey City, 7. Base hits: Baltimore, 19; Jersey City, 11. Errors: Baltimore, 6; Jersey City, 6. Batteries: Gorman and Townsend, Dermott and Dowd.

At Newark—Newark, 11; Hartford, 6. Base hits: Newark, 8; Hartford, 7. Errors: Newark, 8; Hartford, 11. Batteries: Carey and Moodie, Fagan and Moore.

At Washington—Washington, 10; Worcester, 10. Base hits: Washington, 10; Worcester, 8. Errors: Washington, 9; Worcester, 6. Batteries: Phillips and Riddle, Stafford and Wilson.

Minister Palmer Withdraws.

DETROIT, May 1.—Minister Palmer to the court of Spain, who had been mentioned as a candidate for the governorship of Michigan and was en route home to take part in the campaign, cables his withdrawal from the race. The death of his wife, his last living relative, has broken him down completely.

Miller Pen to Go Abroad.

NEW YORK, May —[illegible] the passengers on the steamship Etruria, Richmond, which sailed for Liverpool was Charles G. Peotz, the artist, charged with stealing a set of [illegible] from the University, who goes over to complete the "Diamond scills" in the Henley regatta.

The President Requires Two Murderers.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The president has granted a respite until May [illegible] to the convicted [illegible] murderer [illegible] Lee [illegible] Jones, the colored [illegible] ushington, who were to be hanged May

Weather Indications.

Colder and partly cloudy preceded by rain in the morning, followed by clearing.

SHORTER HOURS THE CRY

Eight Hour Demonstrations in the United States.

50,000 MEN PARADE IN CHICAGO

The Anarchist Element Conspicuous by Its Absence—The Carpenters' Strike Practically Settled—Hundreds of Policemen for Armour's Defense.

CHICAGO, May 1.—The May day demonstration in favor of shorter hours for labor is in full blast here. It is thought that at least 50,000 men are in line, and every trade organization is represented. The Trades and Labor Council and the Central Labor union and the American Federation of Labor united their forces and marched to the same music with a common object in view. The route was sprinkled with police, but the authorities have placed no restrictions upon the eight hour army beyond a general appeal and warning contained in a proclamation issued by Mayor Cregier. The parading host occupied the spacious Lake Front park after the march and listened to speeches by Judges Tuley, Prendergast and Altifield, Mayor Cregier and other sympathizers in the working hour revolution. The Anarchist and red flag element is conspicuous by its absence this year.'

The Carpenters' Strike Nearly Over.

The general strike of 7,000 brotherhood carpenters and joiners which began April 7 has been practically settled. By the middle of next week at least 5,000 of the strikers will be of work and a conference between representatives of the Carpenters' council and the new bosses' association reports were submitted which satisfied all the parties with the bosses who are willing to recognize the union can employ 4,000 men to start with. The terms of settlement are to be left to three arbitrators. Their decision will be announced on Monday and the carpenters' council will then issue a general order for the men to go to work for members of the new association.

No union men will be allowed to go to work for members of the old association until they agree to arbitration. In settling the matter the union will use as a basis for their deliberations the formal demand presented to the old bosses' association before the strike was ordered.

Armour's Men Strike.

The labor trouble at the Packingtown began today by a strike of the full force of machinists and gas fitters in Armour's packing house. The strikers went in a body to other packing houses to get men to join them in the strike, but they met with no success. They expect to get their fellow workmen at the other places to join them. They demand the eight hour day and a small increase in wages.

Trouble in Other Trades.

While the molders, as a body, are in favor of the shorter day they will take no united action on the subject, owing to the fact that a large number of their men are tied up by contracts. The men employed in the shops of R. T. Crane & Co., the men in the malleable iron works on Blue Island avenue, have demanded eight hours and an advance of 10 per cent. in wages. It is expected that their example will be followed by the forces at McCormick's, French's car shops and other extensive establishments.

Police Protection for Armour.

Philip D. Armour and George Swift, the big packers, accompanied by Potter Palmer, the hotel proprietor, called on Mayor Cregier and the chief of police yesterday and asked for a sufficient force of police to protect their property and employes in case of trouble at the yards. Besides several hundred extra police in the pay of the packers, the police will keep 200 regular officers at the yards until the danger of trouble is over.

Mr. Powderly Talks.

SCRANTON, Pa., May 1.—Mr. Powderly said that although the May day demonstration was under the management of Master Workman Jarrett not himself, he understood its object to be to convince the public that the labor element was really in favor of shorter hours in consideration of statements to the contrary. "The plan which I recommended to the general assembly," said Mr. Powderly, "was to reduce the hours of labor one half hour each year till an eight hour system could be obtained with ten hours' pay. This has been adopted by the Union Pacific Railroad company, and in three years their men will be working eight hours daily."

A Righteous Law.

"I believe that the American Federation of Labor is concentrating its efforts in favor of the carpenters just now, and if they succeed it will be a great gain to labor generally. The carpenters are the largest class of mechanics which have a membership in the federation. The cigarmakers are already working on the eight hour system, at least all who were members of the Knights of Labor are. This eight hour law is a most righteous one when you remember that a man can perform between the hours of 8 and 12 in the morning more labor with the implements of the present than two men could perform in two days of ten hours each with the implements used forty years ago. The genius of the mechanic provided this labor saving machinery, and it is but right that he should share its benefits."

Quiet at New York.

NEW YORK, May 1.—There were not many strikers out on the actual hostile will not commence until Monday, when the Amalgamated and United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners will strike in all shops where the eight hour demand is not granted. As many of the largest contractors have already granted all asked for the strike is not expected to be a large one. Several thousand workmen paraded the city today and then marched to Union square, where speeches were heard. Nearly 4,000 carpenters in Brooklyn will strike Monday.

Quiet at Boston.

BOSTON, May 1.—There is little excitement here today in labor circles. No parade was given, as the men claim they have already won their case with the organized builders and contractors outside of the Master Builders' association. Ninety-five of these have signified their intention of acceding to the request of the men, and no ill feelings have been aroused on either side. Twenty-two carpenters went to work today in Boston under the eight hour plan.

Bloodshed in Oregon.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 1.—News has reached here that a fight with rifles took place on the Columbia river, about forty miles from here between union and non-union fishermen. Jack Hayman was killed, Charles Olsen fatally wounded and Charles Wilson seriously hurt. The trouble was caused by union men attempting to prevent non-union men from fishing along the river. The non-union men are selling fish for seventy-five cents apiece, which is fifty cents below union prices.

Miners on Strike.

PEORIA, Ills., May 1.—About 1,200 coal miners in this vicinity have struck. The demands are for 70 cents a ton, recognition of the union, abolition of truck stores and regulation of the price of supplies used in mining. About 150 carpenters and 400 laborers on the new water works will probably strike today.

The Situation at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—At a large and enthusiastic meeting of union carpenters last night the determination to strike today and the increase in wages from thirty to thirty-five cents an hour is granted was reaffirmed. The men will probably strike.

Over 2,000 Out at Detroit.

DETROIT, May 1.—The Builders' Exchange last evening refused the demands of the carpenters for an eight hour day and thirty cents an hour. Over 2,000 carpenters struck today.

The Issue Forced.

MILWAUKEE, May 1.—The union carpenters here forced the eight hour issue by not going to work today until 8 o'clock. If the bosses object to this they will strike.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Gen. P. H. Dowling, of Toledo, was elected commodore of Ohio's Grand Army of the Republic by a majority of forty-eight.

Mr. Arthur Sewall, of Maine, wrote a letter to the New York state senate criticising the senate committee, which heard the evidence of McCann against him, and asking the appointment of a special committee to investigate the circumstances under which this testimony was produced, to compel the witness, McCann, to submit to cross-examination and to afford him (Sewall) an opportunity to contradict and disprove the statements. Mr. Fassett said he would hold a special meeting on Friday or Saturday or Monday to hear Mr. Grant and all his friends. He believed Mayor Grant didn't want to go before the committee. He knew McCann's charges were true.

John B. Underhill, the trustee of a Hoboken (N. J.) church, who was convicted of abducting a young girl for immoral purposes, was sentenced to state prison for two and a half years.

Judge Dittenhoefer, counsel for Mrs. John M. Ward, states that Mr. and Mrs. Ward on April 30, in the presence of their respective counsel, signed articles of final separation, on terms satisfactory to each and in a spirit of mutual friendliness.

A special committee of the Chicago board of trade has reported recommending the immediate construction of a telegraph line to New York for board purposes.

John E. Walker, the man who was struck with a sword and otherwise, it is claimed, by Lieut. Commander McCalla aboard the United States steamship Enterprise, has begun a civil suit against the commander for $15,000 damages.

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OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 907 Broadway, New York city, rooms 24 and 25. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

"THE WORLD" INDICTED.

Judge Hilton Resents That Journal's A. T. Stewart Stories.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The New York World will be compelled to answer for its attacks on ex-Judge Henry Hilton and the memory of A. T. Stewart. The grand jury has found indictments for criminal libel against Joseph Pulitzer, John A. Cockerill, Julius Chambers and Julian S. Graham, all of The World, for the statements made regarding A. T. Stewart alone, under the title of "A Story of Contemporaneous Society."

The World says editorially: "The judge cannot shield himself behind the ghost of the man whose generosity he abused. The World repeats the charge that Hilton preyed upon Stewart and robbed Mrs. Stewart, and dares Hilton him to test the truth of the charges in the courts."

Charged with a Heinous Offense.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 1.—Nicholas M. Betsinger, a widely known bee keeper, proprietor of the "Fascinating Nursery" at Marcellus Falls, a trustee of the Methodist church, an aggressive Prohibitionist, and a man who on his business cards and in his trade mark has stamped the motto "In God We Trust," is charged with a heinous offense upon two little girls in his employ and he is now at large on $1,000 bail. Betsinger is a married man and his wife is an invalid. Four years ago Betsinger adopted a little girl named Zeda Young, aged 11 years, from the Oswego Orphan asylum, and two February he took another girl, Frida Grossley, aged 14, from the orphan asylum. Both girls have been kept in seclusion. Last Monday they ran away, and the stories that they told led to the arrest. There have been threats of tar and feathers, and even of lynching. Betsinger himself claims that he is the victim of a conspiracy.

The Ohio Ballot Box Frauds.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The special committee of the house charged with the investigation of the Ohio ballot box forgery met and examined Lewis A. Bode, of Cincinnati, who was called at the request of Governor Foraker. The forged ballot box contract was shown him and he said he had never seen it before. He knew nothing about the ballot box matter further than that Wood had told him that "Jimmy" Campbell was fixing up a ballot box bill, and that in the fall of 1887 he (Bode) had seen Representative Butterworth in Col. T. C. Campbell's office with an anxious look on his face examining a ballot box. The witness also stated that a Cincinnati bankkeeper named McGrath had told him that he hoped that he (McGrath) would not be called in the ballot box investigation. Mr. Butterworth denied that the witness had ever seen him in Campbell's office.

His Wife Betrayed Him.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Charles N. Henkle, formerly Chicago manager for the Globe Light and Heat company, who has been wanted for some time on charges of embezzling several thousand dollars of the funds of that company, has been arrested here. He was traced to his hiding place by detectives who watched his wife until she ventured to pay him a visit.

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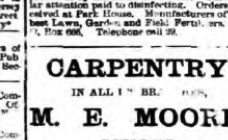

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A PHILADELPHIA BANK CLOSED.

Vice President McFarlane's Rumored Troubles at the Census.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—The Bank of America, a state bank, has closed its doors. Beyond the simple announcement, "This bank has temporarily suspended," the officers of the institution have made no public statement. The direct cause of the failure is attributed to the troubles of the American Life Insurance company, of which State Senator McFarlane is vice president. A meeting of the directors was called at once and they are now going over the books.

William M. Smith, president of the common council, has been appointed receiver and assignee of the bank. There are many rumors affecting the Philadelphia Finance company, the American Financial association and the American Life Insurance company.

These rumors are denied by officials of those institutions. The capital of the Bank of America is $371,000. Louis E. Pfeiffer is president and J. S. Dungan cashier. James J. McFarlane is vice president until a fortnight ago, when he resigned from the directorate. The rumor of his being in trouble came to us on the bank and resulted in its suspension.

Myer Defeats Hopper.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., May 1.—A prize fight with small gloves took place here last night in Lannon's Opera house between *Billy Myer, of Streator, Ills., and Jack* Hopper, of New York, the winner to get 75 per cent. of the gate receipts. George Mantz acted as referee. George Northridge was backer for Hopper, and Eddy Myer for his brother Billy. The fight was a tame one, and was almost entirely confined to body blows. Six short rounds were fought, in the end of the sixth round Myer knocked Hopper under the chin a terrific blow and floored him. He failed to come to time and the fight was awarded to Myer. About 100 sporting men were present.

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COAL, LUMBER
and
MASONS' MATERIALS.
BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET,
Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owners, to conduct the above business, and solicits a cash and general manager at his old stand.
Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.
Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued custom, and will endeavor to the most careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

Not "Soap Fat,"
but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and
African Palm Soap.
They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.
Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

J. P. Laire & Co.
STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.
SEEDS FOR
FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.
Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.
HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.
Gasoline and Coal Oil Stoves.
[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]
ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces, also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Bleaching and Dressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled without seams.
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GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,
Choice Clover,
Timothy and
Lawn Seeds.
FERTILIZERS, CHEMICALS AND BONES,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
HARDWARE, PLUMBING
AND TINNING.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
Telephone Call 6.

Baby Carriages,
FROM $6.50 UPWARD.
At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Amazon Damask, a most pretty carriage.
At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.
At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.
OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.
EXTRA PARASOLS.
LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.
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12 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

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Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 329

SEE THE COMPARISON.
EAST AGAINST THE WEST.
OURS. McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle — Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs. — Colorado Goats.
Native Veal. — Western Grass.
Jersey Pork. — Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys. — Kansas Prime.
Sugar Cured Hams. — Shoulders Ham Trimmed.
PAIR PRICES.
N. B. Smalley's, Dear at any Price.
24 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Crushed Stone.
The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.
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Ice Cream Dealer,
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REAL ESTATE
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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

FURNITURE
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Baby 'Carriages!
I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield, which for style, quality and prices, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.
R. R. Fairchild,
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SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

JAMES HARDY,
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No. 7 East Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

The House Says That Worsteds Are Woolens.

THE SPEAKER COUNTED A QUORUM

Senate McKinley and Carlisle Cross Orations—The Morrill Service Pension Bill Debated and Passed as a Substitute for a Similar Senate Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—After the reading of the journal the house proceeded to vote upon the passage of the bill for the classification of worsted cloths as woolen cloths. The bill was passed—yeas, 138; nays, 9, the speaker counting a quorum. The text of the bill is as follows: That the secretary of the treasury be authorized and directed to classify as woolen cloths all imports of worsted cloth, whether known under the name of worsted cloth or under the names of worsteds or diagonals or otherwise.

Mr. Carlisle's Protest.

Mr. McKinley (O.), from the committee on rules, reported a resolution providing for the immediate consideration of the senate service pension bill, to which the Morrill house service pension bill may be ordered as a substitute, the previous question to be considered as ordered at 4 o'clock. Mr. Carlisle protested against the adoption of such rules of this character, which took away from the committee of the whole the right to consider money bills and forced the house to a vote upon them after a brief debate.

The Oklahoma bill had been taken out of the committee of the whole with the previous question ordered upon it. The senate had been true of the great court bill. If this was not a confession that the new code of rules had failed to facilitate the business of the house he did not understand its meaning. (Applause on Democratic side).

Mr. McKinley Retorts.

Mr. McKinley argued that the resolution was justified under the present code of rules and by the precedents set by the house over which the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. Carlisle) presided. The Republicans wanted to do the public business of the country and the country knew that was results and not speeches. (Applause on Republican side). The resolution was adopted and Mr. Morrill (Kan.) took the floor in explanation and support of his bill. He said that this act of justice had been too long postponed. If the government were to grant a service pension it should do it without delay.

Mr. Yoder (O.) spoke in favor of the service pension bill which had been indorsed by the Grand Army of the Republic and other veteran organizations. The minority opposed the Morrill bill not because it paid pensions, but because it did not discriminate properly between the soldiers who served three months and the ones who served three years. Mr. Spinola criticised the haste with which the bill was rushed through. Mr. Sawyer (N. Y.) arraigned the Democratic party for opposing pension legislation. Mr. Reilly (Pa.), Mr. Ker (Ia.) and Mr. J. D. Taylor (O.) advocated the bill. Mr. Grosvenor (O.) said that under this bill the pension expenditure would be increased to $150,000,000 annually or 43 per cent. of the gross income of the government.

The Bill Passed.

An amendment of Mr. Yoder providing a per diem pension was ruled out on a point of order. The caucus amendment reducing the age limitation from 62 to 60 years was agreed to. The Morrill bill was then passed as a substitute for the senate bill—yeas, 188; nays, 71. Mr. Yoder moved to recommit the bill with instructions to report back a per diem pension bill. This was lost—yeas, 48; nays, 161.

The Affirmative Vote.

The following is the affirmative vote: Barwig, Bergen, Brickner, Brookshire, Bucklaw, Bynum, Campbell, Caruth, Chipman, Clancy, Cluney, Cooper (Ind.), Covert, Cummings, Dunphy, Fitch, Fithian, Flower, Fowler, Geissenhainer, Gibson, Goodnight, Haines, Holman, Magner, Martin (Ind.), McAdoo, McClellan, McCreary, O'Neil (Mass.), Outhwaite, Owens (O.), Pacheco, Paynter, Pennington, Pickler, Reilly, Seney, Shively, Spinola, Springer, Stone (Ky.), Tarsnet, Tracy, Turner (N. Y.), Whiting, Williams (Ills.), Yoder. The senate bill as amended by the substitute was then passed—yeas, 179; nays, 79. (Loud applause.)

What the Measure Provides For.

The bill authorizes the secretary of the interior to place on the pension roll the name of any officer or enlisted man of 60 years of age or over, or who shall hereafter reach that age, who served ninety days or more in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States during the war of the rebellion and shall have received an honorable discharge therefrom, and at a rate of $6 a month. All persons who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late war and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, and who are now, or may hereafter be suffering from any mental or physical disability, equivalent to the grade now established in the pension office for the rating of $8 per month, shall be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners of the United States at the rate of $6 per month. It also provides for a pension to the widow of any soldier when she shall arrive at the age of 60, or when she shall be without other means of support than her daily labor.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—In the senate Mr. Dolph, from the committee on foreign relations, reported a concurrent resolution requesting the president to negotiate with the governments of Great Britain and Mexico with a view to securing treaty stipulations for the prevention of entry into the United States of cattle from Canada and Mexico, and he asked for its immediate consideration. Mr. Ingalls objected, however, and the resolution went over. The senate then took up the section of the customs administrative bill.

The amendment offered by Mr. Dawes—that in cases of the importation of books, magazines and periodicals in several parts but one declaration of entry shall be required—was agreed to. The amendment offered by Mr. Vest providing that the general appraisers who originally acted on a case shall be excluded from the board of general appraisers to which an appeal may be made was discussed at length. Mr. Evarts argued against the amendment on the ground that a hearing before a board of appraisers could not be regarded as in any sense a judicial proceeding. Mr. Vest's amendment was rejected—yeas, 30; nays, 29.

Two Children Killed.

LOUP, Ills., May 1.—Two little children of James Byers, while crossing the street, were instantly killed by a runaway team.

A MAY DAY PLOT FOILED.

The French Republic Was to Be Overthrown.

GREAT UNEASINESS IN EUROPE

Louis Michel and Many Other Anarchists Arrested in Paris—Troops Under Arms in France, Germany and Spain—Ball Cartridges Ready for Would Be Rioters.

PARIS, May 1.—La France (Republican newspaper) confirms the report that the Marquis de Mores and other Royalists were engaged in a plot to place the Duke of Orleans on the throne of France, and that a warrant has been issued for the arrest of the Duke de Luynes on the charge of being implicated in the conspiracy. The duke, the paper says, has fled to Lausanne. Several of the Paris papers state that the Duke de Luynes will be arrested in consequence of the discovery by the police at the residence of the Marquis de Mores of papers implicating him in the plot.

Minister Constans' Strong Words.

In an interview Minister Constans declared that he had no fear concerning May day. The discontented, he said, would exhibit their strength, but so also would the larger party of law abiders. The minister continued: "I have ordered the arrest of fifty Anarchists in Paris and elsewhere. Louis Michel was arrested for incendiary speeches at Roanne. Six hundred and fifty cudgels were found in the house of the Marquis de Mores, with which it was intended to arm rioters.

It Would Consume the World.

"I shall continue to take precautions until all danger is passed. I shall take steps to expel from France 4,000 or 5,000 foreigners who endanger public security. Tolenstion has become a crime.

"It is time to stop the attempt to start a permanent conflagration among us, which, if it should break out, would consume the world."

Paris on the Qui Vive.

All Paris is on the qui vive expecting trouble. Dozens of Anarchists have been arrested. In addition to the regular Paris garrison, which is in readiness for service, eight cavalry regiments have been stationed at the Palace of the Elysee, President Carnot's residence, the legislative chambers and at other points where disturbance is likely to occur. Meeting of workingmen on the street are not allowed today.

One of the Anarchists arrested yesterday had in his possession a manifesto which shows that he intended, with friends, to sack shops and banks.

Ready for Trouble in Berlin.

BERLIN, May 1.—The government is taking great precautions to suppress any disorders. The troops are being put through a course of exercises in the tactics for the suppression of rioting. The detachments around Potsdam have been supplied with ball cartridges. Railway trains are held in readiness to instantly convey reinforcements of troops to any point where disturbances break out.

Troops Ready in Madrid.

MADRID, May 1.—Additional forces of gendarmes have been brought from the surrounding towns and will remain in the capital until the 6th. The troops are in their barracks under arms.

Only One Procession.

LONDON, May 1.—All processions of workingmen except one, which was compelled to follow a specified route, were forbidden and comparative quiet has reigned thus far.

McCalla's Treatment of Walker.

NEW YORK, May 1.—In the McCalla trial Lieut. Ingersoll testified that he never heard the acting master call Walker a liar. The Enterprise. The Walker episode was the most remarkable one he ever witnessed in his twenty-six years in the navy. Commander McCalla with his own hands threw buckets full of water in Walker's face and struck him with his sword while the man was gagged, kneeling, with hands tied behind his back. Neither the officers of the ship nor the marine guard were called out that night. This is considered a strong point against McCalla, as it shows he did not fear a mutiny. Men confined in straitjackets were not afterward tried. This is also a bad point for McCalla.

REPAIR ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE OUR PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT THE "TEMPLE OF PHARMACY," AVENUE AND FOURTH STREET, WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS AND THE MOST RELIABLE CHEMICALS.

THE MOY PHARMACY COMPANY.

"Opposite Moy's Bonds. None better."

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC., IS AT LARGEST STORE AT LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JUDGE BOOKSTAVER ACQUITTED.

The New York Assembly Approves of the Majority Report.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 1.—In the assembly Mr. Saxton's amended ballot reform bill came up as the special order. Mr. Sheehan said this was a compromise bill accepted by both parties. With its enactment, together with a general registration bill, the day of corruption at the polls would be over. The bill was ordered to third reading and at once passed.

Messrs. Bridges and Depo were excused from voting at their own request.

The general registration bill then came up. Mr. Andrus proposed that the bill be recommitted for amendment so that four meetings of inspectors of registration shall be held, the third thirty days before election, and at the last meeting only those who have in the meantime become citizens shall be registered. The bill was recommitted by a party vote.

The governor sent in a veto of the Townsend bill amending the act incorporating the Citizens' Loan Agency and Guarantee company. The veto says: "Whatever is the object of the bill, the result of the enactment would be virtually the incorporation of a trust company with much wider powers than are given to such companies organized under general laws."

Mr. Green moved the adoption of the majority report of the judiciary committee exonerating Judge Bookstaver from any complicity in the Flack divorce case. Mr. Acker moved to substitute the minority report recommending impeachment. Mr. Henderson, a member of the committee, spoke for the majority report. He told at length the story of the case. Judge Bookstaver had refused to sign the decree when Mr. Mosell, Flack's lawyer, appeared for Mrs. Flack. This was not the act of a corrupt judge or of a conspirator, and this fact fully exonerated him from the charge of guilty knowledge.

The fact that Judge Bookstaver signed the papers five days later, when the time had not really intervened for serving the summons, was owing to the judge's condition of mind from having lost a son under the most melancholy circumstances. The lawyers in the case were then supposed to be perfectly honest and reputable, and he took the words of these men just as any other man would. He was careless, but certainly had no bad motive. It would be unjust to ask for an impeachment trial of a judge who has hitherto borne an unblemished reputation.

Mr. Acker, chairman of the committee, spoke for the minority report. He read opinions delivered as to what impeachable offenses are. The evidence, he said, shows that Bookstaver's conduct degrades the judiciary in the public esteem and impairs the respect and confidence of suitors, and such conduct has been declared impeachable. Mr. Acker condemned and Mr. Towne defended Judge Bookstaver's conduct. Mr. I. S. Johnson favored the minority report, and Mr. Whipple the majority report. After further debate the motion to substitute the minority report was lost—47 to 70. The majority report for acquittal was then adopted.

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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 1, Corner New and Somerset streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 154.

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BARGAIN HOUSE,

V. and W. SAY.

Fit was 8 ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 75c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 35c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

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Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

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An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

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We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weights and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

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PAINTERS.

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27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

THREE SIBERIAN GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Flowers at John Lindley's Hotel [illegible] Office by Mr. Lindley, 20 West Front street.

A Sad Reflection.

"It is sad to think," said the cashier as he walked into the night with his valise in his hand and gazed upon the marble bank building shining in the moonlight in all its massiveness—"sad to think I must leave that noble structure behind me. But I must do so. I cannot take it with me."

And dropping a tear he gripped his valise with a tighter grip and hurried off to catch the Montreal train.—George Russell Jackson in Philadelphia Press.

How the Conscientious Suffer.

Wife—William, the harness is so far gone at the traces that I am afraid to go out driving until it has been repaired.

Husband (wearily)—Another bill!

Wife (despondently)—So many small expenses!

Husband (brightening)—Now's the time to lend the horse to the minister.—Life.

His Honor's Joke.

"What's this next case?" asked the judge. "The prisoner was arrested for ogling women."

"Ah! sort of stare case?" said the judge, and the prisoner laughed so uproariously that the judge was very lenient.—Racket.

Age Was an Important Consideration.

Clerk (in a bric-a-brac store)—I can sell you a beautiful bronze of a 10-year-old boy for $3.65.

Miss Bashful—What will one about 20 years old with a—a—cute little mustache cost?—Jeweler's Weekly.

The Right Thing.

"Waiter, bring the pepper."

"Yes, sir; red or black?"

The grass (who was the appearance of a widower in mourning)—I guess you had better bring the black. It will look better.—Philadelphia Times.

Quits.

Mrs. Tattle—I blame my husband for remembering only one-half what I say to him.

Mrs. Tyrwhitt—Wait!

Mrs. Tattle—He blames me for saying twice as much to him as I should.—New York Evening Sun.

Good Business.

First Young Doctor—How's business?

Second Young Doctor—Pretty good. Had two cases yesterday. One was my own, had a bad cold; and the other was old Mrs. Crimp, and she died, unfortunately for me.—Yankee Blade.

Did Not Name the Winner.

Wife—I am so interested in the race question. It is such a great study.

Husband—I tell you to drop it. I got interested in it at Coney Island last summer, and it cost me $100.—Lowell Citizen.

He Mistook His Errand.

"Well," said the merchant to the young clerk whom he had sent out collecting, "did you have any luck?"

"Some."

"I suppose you got the amount Mr. Fatherington owes. You said he was a personal friend of yours."

"No, I didn't get the money; the fact is, I don't exactly know what to make of my experience there."

"How was it?"

"I went in and said, 'Mr. Fatherington, I called to see about a matter'—I didn't get any further, when he put in with, 'That's all right, my boy: she is yours; take her, and be happy.'"—Washington Post.

A Radical Change.

Knesnout Hauley (the tramp—Say, neighbor, gimme a dime, will yer? I want to buy a bridle elephant with green spots on his wing feathers.

New Street Broker—A what?

Knesnout Hauley—Jest what I said, friend. I've mentioned a cup of coffee, square meal of beans, ferry ticket an' night's lodgin' to my clients this mornin', an' none of 'em don't seem to work. Thought I'd try a new deal.—Puck.

R. V. SAUMS,

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Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box 1326. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

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HANDSOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

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WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

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Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.48, 8.00, 9.30, 10.37, 11.30, 12.30 a. m., 1.31, 3.27, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 5.37, 6.48, 8.00, 9.30, 10.37, 11.30 a. m., 1.31, 3.27, 5.54, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 5.47, 6.58, 8.10, 9.40, 10.47, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.41, 3.37, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday 5.47, 6.58, 8.10, 9.40, 10.47, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.41, 3.37, 5.58, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 11.40 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 6.25, 7.40, 8.50, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.21, 3.17, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 11.20 p. m. Sunday 6.25, 7.40, 8.50, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.21, 3.17, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 11.20 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 6.30, 7.45, 8.55, 10.25, 11.25 a. m., 12.25, 1.26, 3.22, 4.25, 5.25, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 11.25 p. m. Sunday 6.30, 7.45, 8.55, 10.25, 11.25 a. m., 12.25, 1.26, 3.22, 5.25, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 11.25 p. m. Leave Finderne at 6.35, 7.50, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.31, 3.27, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 6.35, 7.50, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.31, 3.27, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 6.40, 7.55, 9.05, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.36, 3.32, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday 6.40, 7.55, 9.05, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.36, 3.32, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 11.35 p. m. Leave Raritan at 6.45, 8.00, 9.10, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.41, 3.37, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday 6.45, 8.00, 9.10, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.41, 3.37, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 11.40 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 6.50, 8.05, 9.15, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.46, 3.42, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday 6.50, 8.05, 9.15, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.46, 3.42, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 11.45 p. m. 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Leave Bound Brook at 7.15, 8.30, 9.40, 11.10, 12.10 a. m., 1.10, 2.11, 4.07, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 12.10 p. m. Sunday 7.15, 8.30, 9.40, 11.10, 12.10 a. m., 1.10, 2.11, 4.07, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 12.10 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 7.20, 8.35, 9.45, 11.15, 12.15 a. m., 1.15, 2.16, 4.12, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 12.15 p. m. Sunday 7.20, 8.35, 9.45, 11.15, 12.15 a. m., 1.15, 2.16, 4.12, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 12.15 p. m. Leave Finderne at 7.25, 8.40, 9.50, 11.20, 12.20 a. m., 1.20, 2.21, 4.17, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 12.20 p. m. Sunday 7.25, 8.40, 9.50, 11.20, 12.20 a. m., 1.20, 2.21, 4.17, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 12.20 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 7.30, 8.45, 9.55, 11.25, 12.25 a. m., 1.25, 2.26, 4.22, 5.25, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 12.25 p. m. Sunday 7.30, 8.45, 9.55, 11.25, 12.25 a. m., 1.25, 2.26, 4.22, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 12.25 p. m. Leave Raritan at 7.35, 8.50, 10.00, 11.30, 12.30 a. m., 1.30, 2.31, 4.27, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 12.30 p. m. Sunday 7.35, 8.50, 10.00, 11.30, 12.30 a. m., 1.30, 2.31, 4.27, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 12.30 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 7.40, 8.55, 10.05, 11.35, 12.35 a. m., 1.35, 2.36, 4.32, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 12.35 p. m. Sunday 7.40, 8.55, 10.05, 11.35, 12.35 a. m., 1.35, 2.36, 4.32, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 12.35 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 7.45, 9.00, 10.10, 11.40, 12.40 a. m., 1.40, 2.41, 4.37, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 12.40 p. m. Sunday 7.45, 9.00, 10.10, 11.40, 12.40 a. m., 1.40, 2.41, 4.37, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 12.40 p. m. Leave Finderne at 7.50, 9.05, 10.15, 11.45, 12.45 a. m., 1.45, 2.46, 4.42, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 12.45 p. m. Sunday 7.50, 9.05, 10.15, 11.45, 12.45 a. m., 1.45, 2.46, 4.42, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 12.45 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 7.55, 9.10, 10.20, 11.50, 12.50 a. m., 1.50, 2.51, 4.47, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 12.50 p. m. Sunday 7.55, 9.10, 10.20, 11.50, 12.50 a. m., 1.50, 2.51, 4.47, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 12.50 p. m. Leave Raritan at 8.00, 9.15, 10.25, 11.55, 12.55 a. m., 1.55, 2.56, 4.52, 5.55, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55, 12.55 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 9.15, 10.25, 11.55, 12.55 a. m., 1.55, 2.56, 4.52, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55, 12.55 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 8.05, 9.20, 10.30, 12.00, 1.00 a. m., 2.00, 3.01, 4.57, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 1.00 p. m. Sunday 8.05, 9.20, 10.30, 12.00, 1.00 a. m., 2.00, 3.01, 4.57, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 1.00 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 8.10, 9.25, 10.35, 12.05, 1.05 a. m., 2.05, 3.06, 5.02, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 1.05 p. m. Sunday 8.10, 9.25, 10.35, 12.05, 1.05 a. m., 2.05, 3.06, 5.02, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 1.05 p. m. Leave Finderne at 8.15, 9.30, 10.40, 12.10, 1.10 a. m., 2.10, 3.11, 5.07, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10, 1.10 p. m. Sunday 8.15, 9.30, 10.40, 12.10, 1.10 a. m., 2.10, 3.11, 5.07, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10, 1.10 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 8.20, 9.35, 10.45, 12.15, 1.15 a. m., 2.15, 3.16, 5.12, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15, 1.15 p. m. Sunday 8.20, 9.35, 10.45, 12.15, 1.15 a. m., 2.15, 3.16, 5.12, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15, 1.15 p. m. Leave Raritan at 8.25, 9.40, 10.50, 12.20, 1.20 a. m., 2.20, 3.21, 5.17, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20, 1.20 p. m. Sunday 8.25, 9.40, 10.50, 12.20, 1.20 a. m., 2.20, 3.21, 5.17, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20, 1.20 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 8.30, 9.45, 10.55, 12.25, 1.25 a. m., 2.25, 3.26, 5.22, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25, 1.25 p. m. Sunday 8.30, 9.45, 10.55, 12.25, 1.25 a. m., 2.25, 3.26, 5.22, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25, 1.25 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 8.35, 9.50, 11.00, 12.30, 1.30 a. m., 2.30, 3.31, 5.27, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 1.30 p. m. Sunday 8.35, 9.50, 11.00, 12.30, 1.30 a. m., 2.30, 3.31, 5.27, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 1.30 p. m. Leave Finderne at 8.40, 9.55, 11.05, 12.35, 1.35 a. m., 2.35, 3.36, 5.32, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35, 1.35 p. m. Sunday 8.40, 9.55, 11.05, 12.35, 1.35 a. m., 2.35, 3.36, 5.32, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35, 1.35 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 8.45, 10.00, 11.10, 12.40, 1.40 a. m., 2.40, 3.41, 5.37, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40, 1.40 p. m. Sunday 8.45, 10.00, 11.10, 12.40, 1.40 a. m., 2.40, 3.41, 5.37, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40, 1.40 p. m. Leave Raritan at 8.50, 10.05, 11.15, 12.45, 1.45 a. m., 2.45, 3.46, 5.42, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45, 1.45 p. m. Sunday 8.50, 10.05, 11.15, 12.45, 1.45 a. m., 2.45, 3.46, 5.42, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45, 1.45 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 8.55, 10.10, 11.20, 12.50, 1.50 a. m., 2.50, 3.51, 5.47, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50, 1.50 p. m. Sunday 8.55, 10.10, 11.20, 12.50, 1.50 a. m., 2.50, 3.51, 5.47, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50, 1.50 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 9.00, 10.15, 11.25, 12.55, 1.55 a. m., 2.55, 3.56, 5.52, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55, 11.55, 1.55 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 10.15, 11.25, 12.55, 1.55 a. m., 2.55, 3.56, 5.52, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55, 11.55, 1.55 p. m. Leave Finderne at 9.05, 10.20, 11.30, 1.00, 2.00 a. m., 3.00, 4.01, 5.57, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, 2.00 p. m. Sunday 9.05, 10.20, 11.30, 1.00, 2.00 a. m., 3.00, 4.01, 5.57, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, 2.00 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 9.10, 10.25, 11.35, 1.05, 2.05 a. m., 3.05, 4.06, 6.02, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05, 2.05 p. m. Sunday 9.10, 10.25, 11.35, 1.05, 2.05 a. m., 3.05, 4.06, 6.02, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05, 2.05 p. m. Leave Raritan at 9.15, 10.30, 11.40, 1.10, 2.10 a. m., 3.10, 4.11, 6.07, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10, 12.10, 2.10 p. m. Sunday 9.15, 10.30, 11.40, 1.10, 2.10 a. m., 3.10, 4.11, 6.07, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10, 12.10, 2.10 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 9.20, 10.35, 11.45, 1.15, 2.15 a. m., 3.15, 4.16, 6.12, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15, 12.15, 2.15 p. m. Sunday 9.20, 10.35, 11.45, 1.15, 2.15 a. m., 3.15, 4.16, 6.12, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15, 12.15, 2.15 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 9.25, 10.40, 11.50, 1.20, 2.20 a. m., 3.20, 4.21, 6.17, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20, 12.20, 2.20 p. m. Sunday 9.25, 10.40, 11.50, 1.20, 2.20 a. m., 3.20, 4.21, 6.17, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20, 12.20, 2.20 p. m. Leave Finderne at 9.30, 10.45, 11.55, 1.25, 2.25 a. m., 3.25, 4.26, 6.22, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25, 12.25, 2.25 p. m. Sunday 9.30, 10.45, 11.55, 1.25, 2.25 a. m., 3.25, 4.26, 6.22, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25, 12.25, 2.25 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 9.35, 10.50, 12.00, 1.30, 2.30 a. m., 3.30, 4.31, 6.27, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.30, 2.30 p. m. Sunday 9.35, 10.50, 12.00, 1.30, 2.30 a. m., 3.30, 4.31, 6.27, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.30, 2.30 p. m. Leave Raritan at 9.40, 10.55, 12.05, 1.35, 2.35 a. m., 3.35, 4.36, 6.32, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35, 12.35, 2.35 p. m. Sunday 9.40, 10.55, 12.05, 1.35, 2.35 a. m., 3.35, 4.36, 6.32, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35, 12.35, 2.35 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 9.45, 11.00, 12.10, 1.40, 2.40 a. m., 3.40, 4.41, 6.37, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40, 12.40, 2.40 p. m. Sunday 9.45, 11.00, 12.10, 1.40, 2.40 a. m., 3.40, 4.41, 6.37, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40, 12.40, 2.40 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 9.50, 11.05, 12.15, 1.45, 2.45 a. m., 3.45, 4.46, 6.42, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45, 12.45, 2.45 p. m. Sunday 9.50, 11.05, 12.15, 1.45, 2.45 a. m., 3.45, 4.46, 6.42, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45, 12.45, 2.45 p. m. 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Leave Dunellen at 10.15, 11.30, 12.40, 2.10, 3.10 a. m., 4.10, 5.11, 7.07, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10, 12.10, 1.10, 3.10 p. m. Sunday 10.15, 11.30, 12.40, 2.10, 3.10 a. m., 4.10, 5.11, 7.07, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10, 12.10, 1.10, 3.10 p. m. Leave Finderne at

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Collection of Fugitive Facts and Out of the Ordinary Information.

Joseph Francis, who was lately presented with a medal in honor of his services in the construction of life saving appliances, exhibited in New York in 1845 an unsinkable wooden boat which he called a lifeboat. Thereafter the lifeboat became a recognized institution in the marine services. Mr. Francis invented also the martial life car of iron, and in 1850 took off nearly two hundred persons with it from a ship driven ashore by a terrible storm on the New Jersey coast. Joseph Francis is now nearly 90 years old, and he tells that he made his first real lifeboat when 11 years old, when he rigged up a small boat and made it so buoyant with cork that four men were unable to sink it.

Rittenhouse, the American Astronomer.

David Rittenhouse was born near Germantown, Pa., April 8, 1732, and died in Philadelphia June 26, 1796. He was descended from a family of paper makers, residing at Arnheim, Guelderland. His great-grandfather, William Rittenhouse, a Mennonite preacher, came from Holland with his family in 1688, became the first Mennonite minister in Pennsylvania, and established the first paper mill in this country, at the spot where David was born. David was early apprenticed to his father's farm. An uncle dying had left him a chest of tools and a few books on arithmetic and geometry, with some manuscript mathematical calculations. These furnished palatable food to his mind, and his biographers tell of his having covered the handle of his plow and the fences around the field with his workings of the problems which they set before him.

His mechanical talent was shown in his construction of a complete water wheel in miniature when 8 years old, a wooden clock when 17 and a clock with metallic works at a later age. His father was not disposed at first to favor the youth's tastes, but eventually he furnished him with money enough to buy a set of clockmaking tools, and David built a workshop at Norriton, whither the family had removed, where he carried on the clockmaking business for several years.—Popular Science Monthly.

How Pennsylvania Got Its Name.

Pennsylvania means "Penn's Woods," and William Penn himself tells how it came to be so named in a letter dated Jan. 5, 1681:

"This day, after many waitings, watchings, solicitings and disputes in council, my country was confirmed to me under the great seal of England, with large powers and privileges, by the name of Pennsylvania, a name the king would give to in favor of my father. I chose New Wales, being a hilly country, and when the secretary, a Welshman, refused to call it New Wales, I proposed Sylvania, and they added Penn to it, though I was much opposed to it, and went to the king to have it struck out. He said it was passed, and he would take it upon himself, but he could not blot out more the under secretary to vary the name, for I feared it might be looked on as vanity in me, and not as a respect in the king to my father, as it really was."

The Presidential Succession.

The presidential succession is fixed by chapter 4 of the Twenty-first congress, first session. In case of the removal, death, resignation or inability of both the president and vice president, then the secretary of state shall act as president until the disability of the president or vice president is removed or a president is elected. If there be no secretary of state, then the secretary of the treasury will act, and the remainder of the order of succession is: The secretary of war, attorney general, postmaster general, secretary of the navy and secretary of the interior. The acting president must, upon taking office, convene congress, if not at the time in session, in extraordinary session, giving twenty days' notice.

"His Warmest Welcome at an Inn."

The above may be traced back to about 1760, when William Shenstone wrote the lines:

Whose'er has traveled life's dull round,
Where'er his stages may have been,
May sigh to think he still has found
His warmest welcome at an inn.

In Boswell's Life of Johnson occurs the sentence: "There is nothing which has been contrived by man by which so much happiness is produced as by a good tavern or inn." Archbishop Leighton is credited with often saying that if he were to choose a place to die in it should be an inn.

Origin of the Name "Magnet."

The name "magnet" is said to have been derived from a shepherd named Magnes, who, when tending his flock on Mount Ida, found that his iron crook was attracted to a certain stone; and 600 years before the Christian era Thales wrote respecting amber and the magnet; and because they attracted various substances, he supposed they possessed a soul. They were the germs of the science now so developed in their applications, and whose full powers we are scarcely yet acquainted with.

Interesting Facts About Frogs.

The owner of a frog farm near Memphis, Wis., gives some interesting facts relative to the frog's habits. In ninety-one days the eggs hatch. The thirty-ninth day the little animals begin to have motion. In a few days they assume the tadpole form. When ninety-two days old two small feet are seen beginning to sprout near the tail, and the head appears to be separate from the body. In five days after this they have all vegetable food. Soon thereafter the animal assume a perfect form.

Virginia's First Woman Physician.

The state board of medical examiners, whose session here has just closed, had for the first time among the applicants for the privilege of practicing medicine in this state a woman, Miss C. L. Haynes, who was recently elected assistant physician in the Western Lunatic asylum. Dr. Haynes was awarded a diploma to practice her profession in this state. This is the first female doctor who ever held a position in any of the public institutions of Virginia, says the Baltimore American.

Orthodoxy and Heterodoxy.

In "Priestley's Memoirs" occurs the following account of the origin of "Orthodoxy is my doxy, heterodoxy is another man's doxy," in a debate on the test laws Lord Sandwich said, "I have heard frequent use of the words orthodoxy and heterodoxy, but confess myself at a loss to know precisely what they mean." "Orthodoxy, my lord," said Bishop Warburton in a whisper, "orthodoxy is my doxy, heterodoxy is another man's doxy."

Population of Large Cities.

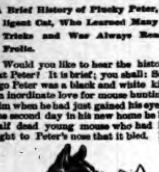
The population of New York is estimated at about 1,800,000, Philadelphia has about 1,250,000 inhabitants, Chicago about 800,000, Brooklyn about 800,000 and Baltimore about 350,000.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

AMUSING AND INSTRUCTIVE ENTERTAINMENT FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

A Brief History of Plucky Peter, an Intelligent Cat, Who Learned Many Amusing Tricks and Was Always Ready for a Frolic.

Would you like to hear the history of my cat Peter? It is brief; you shall: Some years ago Peter was a black and white kitten with an inordinate love for mouse hunting. I had him when he had just gained his eyesight, and the second day in his new home he brought a half dead young mouse who had held on so tight to Peter's nose that it bled. Peter was



PETER READING HIS BOOK.

so plucky that I took a fancy to him, for he declined to part with the mouse, and marched up and down the house with his tail bolt upright in the air till the mouse was killed for him. He had the run of the house, and strength coming apace with courage he soon learned to kill his mice himself, and these he always brought up stairs and laid at my feet.

Presently I began to teach him tricks, in which he took a keen delight. For instance, he would run down stairs after a letter or paper and bring it up and lay it at my feet. Then he would run and hide behind the door and peep round to be sure of coming. Then he would bolt, and I ran after him, and he ran after me, and away we went up stairs and down stairs and all over the house. Finally he shocked himself to me to such an extent that if I moved from the house he would sit on the stairs till he learned to know my footsteps when I opened the door, and ran down to meet me. At meal times he had his own chair and sat quiet until we had finished, when he measured three times for his dinner. Some of his tricks were quite out of the way. He would appear to read a certain book for ten minutes at a time; he would play "dile," or he would dance, according as the whim took him. I think, however, that his greatest enjoyment was playing hide and seek.

Too Many Excuses.

No wiser remark was ever made by Benjamin Franklin than a severe sentence which he once uttered to a young man who had an appointment with him and missed it. Next day the young man came, and began to make a very fluent excuse to the doctor for his absence the day before.

"Stop!" said Franklin. "You have said too much already, my good boy, for the man who is good at making an excuse is seldom good at anything else."

An easy extract from Youth's Companion, referring to the above, seldom softens the heart of an employer or superior for a flat error or failure to do a duty. Of course an account of a mistake or failure should be given when a demand for them is made, but they should be given simply and briefly, and without any attempt to gloss over or excuse. any better than the plainest statement of the facts make it. A youth who is beginning a round of duties in any place which has any responsibilities may well make up his mind that his employer will look with some disfavor, if not with suspicion, upon his explanation of failures. He must be perfectly honest about them, and never slow to admit his mistakes. And there are few employers who are not willing to allow a beginner a liberal number of blunders and failures as a part of his education.

Which?

Here are two little hands,
What can they do—
Good things or naughty things,
The whole day through?
Helping or hindering—
Which of the two?

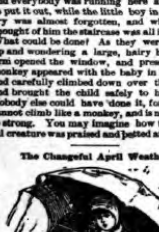
Here are two little feet,
Where have they run—
Into the shadow or
Into the sun?
Helping or hindering—
Which have they done?

Here are two little lips,
What can they say—
Glad words or cross words
Through the whole day?
Helping or hindering,
Now, which are they?
—Detroit Free Press

How a Monkey Saved a Life.

The following story is vouched for as a true one by the Indian paper in which it is told: A large nursing monkey was very much attached to his master and to the baby boy, who was the pet of the whole family. One day a fire suddenly broke out in the house, and everybody was running here and there to put it out, while the little boy in his nursery was almost forgotten, and when they thought of him the staircase was all in flames. What could be done? As they were looking up and wondering a large, hairy hand and arm opened the window, and presently the monkey appeared with the baby in his arms, and carefully climbed down over the porch and brought the child safely to his nurse. Nobody else could have done it, for a man cannot climb like a monkey, and is not nearly so strong. You may imagine how the faithful creature was praised and petted after that.

The Changeful April Weather.



"THE IDEA OF CALLING THIS SPRING!"
When April, one day, remembered whether
She laughed till she cried,
And said, "Bless you, I've tried,
But the things will get mixed up together."
—St. Nicholas.

A Friendly Hint.

How doth the little busy bee
Improve each shining hour,
And gather honey all the day
From every opening flower?
Say, friend, don't you begin it.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Foods That Are Useful for Building Up and Strengthening the Nerves.

The nervous tissue requires for its constitution the chemical constituents of the albuminoids and fats, together with phosphorus. Says The Dietetic Gazette: Hence the chief alimentary substance is the albuminoids contained in milk, eggs, cereals, the juices of vegetables and the muscular substances of meat. Water should be freely indulged in by neurotic types of constitution almost ad libitum. Among the meats most suitable are, in their order, beef, mutton, lamb and pork and the brains of animals.

Fish is not so valuable as reputed, but may be employed to vary the diet. Oysters, on the other hand, are extremely useful as nerve reconstructives. Among vegetables, wheat stands at the head of the list, containing, as it does, fatty matters and phosphoric acid. Rice, corn, oatmeal, barley and sweet potatoes are better than onions, carrots, beets, turnips, etc. Fruits are useful as adjuvants because of the sugars they contain.

Clothing and Exercise.

When overheated from exercise, especially during the sudden changes of a New England climate, the outer clothing should never be suddenly thrown off unless in a warm room. The garment, instead, should be kept on until most of the superabundant animal warmth has dispersed. Neither should the underclothing be changed for thinner as warmer weather approaches until the season for a positive change has arrived. If one is too warm, put on lighter outer wear. Inactivity requires more clothing than exercise. But every person should endeavor to practice, during every day, a sufficient amount of active exercise to insure a natural amount of bodily heat. This is not saying that the exercise must of necessity be very vigorous or prolonged, and certainly not violent.—Rhode Island State Bulletin.

Open Windows at Night.

An advocate of ventilation by open windows at night says that the danger of catching cold, which has so often been objected unreasonably to this method, seems not at all to be justified for a patient who is in bed and well wrapped up, and in this connection it may be useful to recall the opinion of certain physicians who claim that a horizontal position is very advantageous for persons trying to resist a lowering in the surrounding temperature, probably because it favors a uniform distribution and circulation of the blood warmed in the interior portions of the organism, and thereby prevents the results of a too great exposure to cold.

A Simple Dressing for Cuts.

A dressing for fresh cuts, stabs and similar wounds strongly recommended by Dr. Pashkoff, of Russia is a thick layer of ashes prepared by burning cotton or linen stuff. The ashes and blood together form a protective covering under which the wound heals quickly. When the dressing requires it, it should be well cleansed with a boracic solution before the ashes are applied. Dr. Pashkoff says that this convenient and cheap dressing has been employed for a long time by the Russian peasants. He has himself employed it in many cases, where the wounds healed rapidly and without the slightest suppuration.

How to Wash the Hair.

Beat an egg into foam, rub it well into the roots, thoroughly but gently, then rinse it in lukewarm water. Keep a small brush for the purpose, a nail brush or a tooth brush will answer, and part your hair, strand by strand, until you have loosened the scalp well over. If your hair is moist by nature, dissolve a little borax and glycerine in the rinse water; if it is harsh and dry, use the glycerine only, for the heat of the water is sometimes found unpleasant for dry hair. Dry it in the sun or a warm room, and brush briskly with a stiff brush till it is soft and satiny.

Cooked Food.

Experiments made by Jensen in the laboratory of the University of Tubingen make it appear that raw meat is much more digested than cooked meat. Cooking, as far as animal food is concerned, has the effect of making it more pleasing to the taste, but is unnecessary; whereas with certain vegetables, especially those composed principally of starch, as grain and potatoes, it is required to fit them for use.

Ammonia in the Bath.

Nothing so quickly restores tone to exhausted nerves and strength to a weary body as a bath containing an ounce of aqua ammonia to each pailful of water. It makes the flesh firm and smooth as marble, and renders the body pure and free from all odors, according to The Medical Times.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Presentation at Court—A Debutante's Preparations for a Drawing Room.

Miss Mantalini tells in Fall Mall Budget of her talk with one of the smartest women in London, who has struggled through many a drawing room.

"Do pushing people find that presentation at court gives them the entree to society?" I pronounced society with a large S, of course.

"It doesn't make a scrap of difference," exclaimed my informant, "though people have been known to call and leave their cards at Marlborough house the day after a drawing room. Is it necessary for a debutante to be prepared for a drawing room? Oh, certainly. But all the fiancing dressers teach the necessary deportment. It would be nonsense for any one to think of going unprepared with the terrible tail of a court train to manage. Why you have to make it up or seven curtsies without turning once. The first curtsey is quite absurdly the last to the least of the royalties in a mere box. The queen gives you her hand in a very limp fashion.

"It is a frightful moment when your name is announced. Some girls have told me that as soon as their name announced they have felt as if they were going blind, and they went through the whole performance mechanically, remembering nothing of how it was done afterwards. Long before you get through the performance the next lady's name is called. One gets fearfully torn and knocked about. Women squeeze and elbow and push each other worse than a Whitechapel crowd. Why, I have had my bouquet torn out of my hands. I have seen women with their veils torn off their heads, displaced feathers, trampled trains, and battered bouquets when they got out of the crush. Of course there is a good deal of competition in dress among the performers; but there are two or three old society stars who don't trouble a bit about their attire."

Pad and Fancy.

A pretty and taking fad is found in the floral gates that open to admit a bridal couple to the path of the altar at church. The initial of the bride on one gate and that of the groom on the other adds sentiment to the fancy.

In fanciful note papers this year we have coral pink, turquoise blue, a neutral gray and a buff pink. A light shade of gray is very useful and pretty. The address on the new note papers is still changed in white, but white ink itself has quite gone out of fashion.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

Jilted.

I don't see her any more—
I've given her up for good.
We've parted now; that one plain fact
May as well be understood.

When a girl's not home seven nights in the week—
When the big watch dog's let free,
If she longs for love she'll have to look
For somebody else than me.
—Philadelphia Times.

He Had Forgotten the Ring.

"O will you be content, my lass,
If I bring back to you
'Tis all your faithful lover has—
My love still fond and true?"

"Yes, yes!" she cried, "ah: William, dear,
'Tis for your love I care;
But when again you bring it here
Set it on solitaire!"
—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Helping Him Out.

The Young Man (argumentatively)—But don't you see, Miss Bessie, that when you reason in that way you are only begging the question?

The Young Woman (blushing beautifully)—I am sure, Mr. Peduncle, I—I didn't intend to—to beg you to—to ask me any question!

[Sudden mustering up of courage on the part of the bashful Mr. Peduncle and agitated propounding of question Miss Bessie had been waiting to hear.—Chicago Tribune.

From Three Standpoints.

The heart's a sanctuary where rogues
An image which the lover ne'er discloses.

The heart's a dainty cabinet, slack,
For odds and ends of Cupid's bric-a-brac.

The heart's an engine with methodic thud—
A very useful thing for pumping blood.
—Washington Post.

Turn of the Tide.

We gently drifted with the tide—
She nestled fondly at my side.
I strove with all a lover's art
To tell the story of my heart.
I prayed that she my life would bless,
She gave to me her gracious "yes."
In heart and heart we still abide,
We're gently drifting with the tied.
—Chicago Herald.

Would Claim Her Privilege.

Mr. Eloper—Darling, I find that there is no minister in town just at present, except a lady Universalist. What do you say to the ceremony performed by her?

Miss Eloper—Precious! I would rather not.

Mr. Eloper—But why not, sweet? Tell me your reasons.

Miss Eloper—Because—because, love, I am afraid she would insist upon kissing the groom!—Burlington Free Press.

The Cut Direct.

Her father is a millionaire,
While I a clerk on small salary;
Yet at the beach Estelle and I
Had many a tete-a-tete.
In town she cuts me, and I hope rides—
I walk: it seems to me
The difference is that I cut silk
While she—well, she cuts me.
—Albany Journal.

How to Get Around It.

If a pretty girl may say
That she cannot shut her eyes
To the fact that another's face is not right,
The same object in a way
You may fairly realize
And her scruples meet by turning off the light.
—Philadelphia Times.

Preparing to Down a Rival.

Young Ferguson—You have some new gold fish in your aquarium, I see, Miss Millman.

Miss Millaap—Yes; aren't they little beauties? Mr. Hankinson sent them to me this morning.

Young Ferguson at confectioner's next day)—I want about five pounds of those candy fish, assorted flavors, for a young lady. —New York Press.

Well Put.

My love is strong, although I do not say
That none like you were ever yet adored;
But only this: "I'd be content for life,
My dear, to pay your father's daughter's board."
—Philadelphia Times.

Moderate.

Mother—Do you allow Mr. Comegain to kiss you, Bertha?

Bertha—No, indeed. I assure you, mother, he kisses me only when he starts to leave.

Mother—How many times did he start to leave last night?

Bertha—About fifteen times, I think.—Harper's Bazar.

She Knew.

They talked of dress, and he explained
The very latest style created.
She puckered up her lips and said,
She knew a better tie than that.
—Tom Masson in Clothier and Furnisher.

The Test Was Too Strong.

"And you say you would die for me?"
"Darling, I would with delight."
"Then give me that test of your affection
And I will never wed another."
Thus far there has been no announcement of his funeral.—Philadelphia Press.

Easily Done.

"Had I a lock of Celia's hair,"
Said Tyrrel, "I'd be perfectly assured."
"Good," cried his friend, "seek the abode
Of her purveyor, Madame Modo,
And have your longing gratified."
—Exchange.

A Gentle Hint.

"I must be going," he said, consulting his watch. "I have a business appointment and time presses."

"Time presses!" she echoed. "Good for time!"—Boston Courier.

Family Amenities.

"To prove your love for me," she sighed,
"Think you you'd dare to die?"
"I run the risk, at least," he said;
"Therefore have I determined
To eat and masticate your pie."
—Philadelphia Press.

His Connections.

Tom—Well, old fellow, I hear you've got the measles.

Ned—Yes; but there's one comfort—I caught them from Mollie Milova.—Van Doran's Magazine.

Her Little John.

"Do you entertain my proposal
That we two, dearest, married shall be?"
"Yes, I don't entertain your proposal;
Your proposal, though, entertains me."
—Judge.

Of Course Not.

He—May I kiss you, darling?
She—Well, you don't think I am going to kiss you, do you?—Rachet.

All Right.

My rival bought the widow
That great gray mare on fair,
And yet I suffer no regrets—
Twas I who pinned them there.
—New York Sun.

EDSALL'S Great SPECIAL SALE!

OF ALL KINDS OF

WINDOW FURNISHINGS!

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890,

AND CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS.

Affording the citizens of Plainfield the Greatest Opportunity ever offered here to buy these goods at figures much below the usual prices. For full particulars see Circulars.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

SPRING SHOES HAVE ARRIVED IN GREAT SHAPE, HENCE WE ARE ABLE TO SHOW THE PEOPLE A GREATER VARIETY THAN EVER BEFORE. WHEN YOU GET READY TO PURCHASE, COME AND SEE US, AND IMAGAGE YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST SHOE STORES IN NEW YORK. THE CHANCES ARE YOU WILL FIND JUST WHAT YOU WANT; AND WILL GO AWAY PERFECTLY SATISFIED, AND WILL FIND YOUR WAY BACK IN THE FUTURE FOR MORE SHOES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

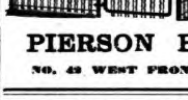
PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.



THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET,

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER

And

Builders' Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Broadway

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything required.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None!

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

R. W RICE & Co.

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 75B.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE

1890.

POWLISON & JONES.

34 West Front St.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days, to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 5-25-tf

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Desire to

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

FOR TABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors, Box 1295.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue, W. S. SLATER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE Y. M. C. A. TO BUILD

ON EAST FRONT STREET, OPPOSITE PEACE STREET.

The Structure to be Three Stories High, and to Cost About $50,000.—The Plans Selected.

In spite of the storm a goodly number of members met last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. McCutchen to inspect the plans of the proposed Young Men's Christian Association building of Plainfield. Among the gentlemen present were the Rev. W. H. Richards, A. R. Dills, and D. J. Yerkes, D.D.

Messrs. James McGee, Geo. H. Babcock, J. W. Murray, Geo. Daniel T. Negley, A. Wallace Halstead, Samuel Townsend, H. P. Reynolds, R. F. Mullikin and James W. Jackson.

Mr. W. D. Murray chairman of the Building Committee presided and made a few remarks to the following effect:

When the Young Men's Christian Association decided to undertake a canvass for a building the following committee was appointed: Chas. W. McCutchen, Henry A. McGee, Edward St. John, H. G. Newman, David E. Titsworth, T. Kinnan and W. D. Murray. As soon as the fund had reached a point which seemed to assure the erection of the building the committee selected six architects and asked them to compete for the design of the building in accordance with conditions submitted to them. The architects who were selected, and who accepted the invitation to enter the competition with each other were as follows: Potter & Wheeler of Albany, N.Y., who have built six or seven Y. M. C. A. buildings; Isaac Pile & Cambell, of New York, who are building the Rochester, N. Y., building, said to be the best so far designed for the Association; A. C. Barlow, of New York, who came to the Committee highly recommended as having carefully studied the question of Association architecture; Charles H. Smith, O. S. Teale and A. L. C. Marsh, all of Plainfield, as it was thought proper that our own townsmen should have an opportunity to be the designers of a building which will be in a certain sense a public building. The plans of each architect were designated by a noom de plume and their authors were only known to the committee by their fictitious names. After a great many meetings and careful consideration of each design the committee, by a unanimous vote, rejected all the plans, and paid each competitor the stipulated price. The two architects whose designs had most nearly satisfied the conditions of the competition, Du Pais & Canfield, and A. L. C. Martin, were invited to prepare second designs, more carefully modified conditions, and having submitted new designs, that of Mr. March was unanimously selected as the design of the proposed building. It was the unanimous opinion of the committee that the design submitted by Mr. March was the one which of all those furnished seemed to be essential to the Y. M. C. A. building: Proper interior arrangement, attractive and characteristic exterior, and within the limit of cost.

Mr. A. L. C. Marsh, the architect selected by the committee, then came in, introduced and explained the plans to the satisfaction of all.

It was the sense of the conference that the building should be started when $35,000 is subscribed.

$32,905.63 has been subscribed to date, of which amount $12,494.97 has been received, and of this $7,495.50 has been expended, leaving a balance in bank $5,009.37.

The committee have thus far made but one call for the payment of building subscriptions and that for one-quarter of the amount subscribed.

After the conference the guests were invited to the dining room, where they partook of the hospitality of Mrs. McCutcheon. The conference was a great success, and much encouragement was manifested in the plans and in the building project.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield post office for the week ending April 30, 1890.

Anderson, Oscar
Bush, Richard
Benton, Miss
Bayley, Jr B
Cowt, Mrs L S
Campbell, M D
Dunphy, Miss
Hamble, Thos G
Hulme, W D
Hanley, Mrs J W
Jones, Mrs Margaret
Kane, Mrs
Lewis, J R
McMakin, Miss Rosy
Mason, Elias
Murphy, Jas
O'Brien, Richard
Phillips, Mrs M A
Palmer, Mrs Mary
Purdue, Mrs Richard
Phillips, Miss
Shaner, Fred
Taylor, Mrs M
Terry, Miss Laura
Williams, Henry
Weaver, Mrs C A
Walker, T S

Persons calling for the above, please say advertised.

E. R. POPE, Postmaster.

The Annual Reception.

Stone Square Lodge No. 33, F. and A. M. colored, held its annual reception in Amphion Hall last evening. The affair was well attended and a most enjoyable evening was spent. The Committee of Arrangements consisted of Peter Robinson, James Long, George Van Blake, James H. Walker, Charles Barber, Paul Arnold, Samuel Van Dever, Furman Sharp, Wm. W. McQuay, Austin Sparhawk, Peter Wyckoff and Nathan Cook. Reception Committee—Albert Atkins, Prime Voorhees, A. W. Brown, John W. Potter, Benjamin Johnson, Israel Jones, and W. G. Douglas.

Flag Raising Exercises

Mr. Ross, superintendent of the North Plainfield Public School, will have the school children parade around the flag pole, lately raised in front of the school, singing patriotic songs, this afternoon. There will also be appropriate recitations by the scholars. The large flag pole with its handsome national flag at its peak, has an exceedingly pleasing effect.

Taken to the Hospital.

James Ferris, the man who is slightly demented, was yesterday taken to the Muhlenburg Hospital, where he will receive medical attention. What he has recovered he will be sent back to Ireland. It is said that Ferris' mind began to weaken recently, and that misfortune preyed upon his mind consequently.

JOTTINGS.

—A new hospital is to be erected at Rimsbeth.

—Decoration day will be the next legal holiday.

—Policeman Lynch is again doing patrol duty. He is at the main depot.

—The City Common Council will meet in regular session next Monday evening.

—The mountains are now assuming a green, spring like tint, refreshing to the eyes.

—The Union county Grand jury has been summoned and will meet next Tuesday.

—Infants' wear, gloves and hosiery are the items advertised by Mr. Louis Callman.

—A refreshing shower passed over this city at about four o'clock yesterday afternoon.

—The annual election for officers of the Fire Department will occur on Monday next.

—Wetumpka Lodge Knights of Honor held a meeting last night and initiated a number of new members.

—Edna, the four-year-old daughter of Mr. Wallace Cox of Westfield, fell down stairs last evening and broke her nose.

—It required eighteen flat cars to convey the wreckage from the wreck, which occurred in this city Friday evening last, to Round Brook.

—Crescent Division Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias of this city, has been invited to participate in a parade in Easton, Pa., this month.

—A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. will be held to-morrow (Saturday) evening at eight o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. parlor.

—A small fire occured at Kenyon's machine shops on East Third street yesterday morning. The flames were extinguished with a few buckets of water.

—A christning was held at the residence of Mr. Frank Linke on Somerset street last evening. A large number of Mr. Linke's friends attended.

—Any one who has a baby carriage to give away will confer a favor upon the Relief Association by sending word to its rooms, No. 45 West Second street.

—Miss Lansing's class defeated Miss Day's class in a game of ball yesterday afternoon by a score of 8 to 5. The game was played on the Sixth street grounds.

—Mr. H. L. Hastings will speak in the First Baptist church on Tuesday, March 6th, on the subject "The Mistakes of Moses." He will undoubtedly have a large audience.

—The Central League bowling tournament closed in this city Tuesday evening. The Plainfield Athletic bowling team won the first prize and the Crescent League team of this city the second.

—On Monday, May 5th, the Plainfield Bicycle Club will go on a moonlight run over the county road from this city to Westfield. The "run" was to have occurred last night but the rain prevented the start.

—Roland Reed and an excellent company played "The Woman Hater" at Music Hall last evening. The audience, on account of the inclement weather, was small but appreciative. The play, as acted last evening by Mr. Reed and his company provoked continual laughter from beginning to end.

—The Y's will hold their annual anniversary Tuesday, May 6, in the Congregational church, West Seventh street. The Rev. Mr. Mitchell of the M. E. church will address the meeting. An attractive musical program one has been arranged by the young ladies. It is desired that there should be a large attendance.

—Yesterday the Elizabeth Journal came out as an eight page paper. Each page is six-columns wide. This excellent newspaper and able advocate of Republican principles is always welcomed to our desk, and we are not surprised at this evidence of its prosperity to richly deserved. It is a clean and honorable paper throughout.

—In the account of the Raymond-Dorman wedding, in last evening's NEWS we stated that "the Rev. W. B. Richards, pastor of the Crescent avenue church officiated." That was a slight error and should have read "assisted." The Rev. Asa Rest Dilts, pastor of the Park avenue Baptist church, performed the ceremony.

—Every year complaints are made to the authorities about the condition of the boardwalk on Somerset street between Jackson and Grandview avenues. At usual the walk is now having its annual moving fit and the boards that are or soon will be missing would make a long walk. We would suggest that the Borough authorities take the matter in hand to avoid suits for damages.

—A windstorm swept over New Brunswick yesterday afternoon which hid everything in dense clouds of dust. Several men, women and children caught on the streets were swept off their feet, but none were injured. Several roofs were damaged and a large number of shutters and signs were blown down. There were two runaways in the gale. The wind blew about five minutes. The sudden storm which visited Plainfield yesterday was probably a very mild portion of the above.

—A local organization of this city has arranged for the opening of Amphion Hall, the new place of amusement, and have decided upon a scale of prices within the limits of all. They have secured for the week the Australian Folly Troupe, consisting in part of the sisters Coulson, formerly of Tony Pastor's Company; the Healeys, the plantation sketch artists, Geyer and Lord, acrobatic wag and dancing artists, the famous Crowley trio and such a sensation with the Haverly minstrels last year in his impersonations of a woman, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Jenkins of Somerville, the well known banjoists, Prof. Bark and his dog circus, Isley dancing his famous boxing dogs, Sullivan and Kilrain; Vess Robroge, and several other people. With such an array of talent there is confidence that the entertainment will be a grand success.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

A broken axle on a coal car at the New Jersey Central Railroad caused an accident at Lebanon last Thursday night by which fifteen loaded cars were wrecked.

The active demand which suddenly sprang up for the meadow lands in the lower part of Bergen County was for a while not accounted for. It is now claimed that a deposit of marl has been discovered beneath the hitherto idle acres. The farmers who own the low ground have increased their asking price.

William Nixon, a colored man living at Franklin Park, with his wife went to New Brunswick on Saturday. Both got drunk, and when they got off at Franklin Park station on their return home, Nixon was struck on the head by the locomotive of a passenger train and seriously if not fatally injured.

City Clerk and Water Purveyor Patrick Tighe, of Harrison, in whose accounts there is a deficiency of about $700, told members of the common council on Monday night that he had borrowed a hundred dollars to his brother-in-law, the late E. P. Farrell. Ferrell's relatives say that they know when every dollar advanced to him during his financial trouble came from, and assert that nothing was loaned to him by Tighe.

Two early tramps, while going along the Pamrapo turnpike in Hudson county yesterday, stopped at the residence of J. C. Machin and, after being refused admittance to the house, broke in the rear door with a heavy hickory club and deliberately walked in, sat down at the kitchen table and helped themselves to a pie and other edibles. The housewife and children were the only ones at home were terribly frightened, and thinking they might go through other rooms looked all the doors. The tramps made no attempt to molest anything else, and, after eating all they wanted, walked away.

BAPTIST MISSION WORK.

Annual Meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society.

About one hundred ladies from all over the State assembled at the Clinton Avenue Baptist church yesterday. They were the representatives of the different Baptist churches in the State, and composed the annual meeting of the Women's Baptist Foreign Missionary Society of New Jersey.

The address of welcome to the delegates was made in the morning by Miss Bosworth, of the State Schools, who is President of the Mission Band of the Clinton Avenue church, Mrs. Miller, Lyell, of Plainfield, President of the society, presided during the day.

The most interesting report of the day was that of the Committee on Foreign Work, of which Mrs. Judson Conklin was chairman. From that report was learned that there were 46 missionaries,[illegible] under appointment; 62 Bible women; 177 schools; 6,039 pupils, and during the year there have been 168 baptisms. The mission work among the Karens is said to be very encouraging. It is estimated that there are now 300,000 Christian Karens or one third of the whole number. The jungle schools are gaining in grade and efficiency, and some of the schools are depending on local support. The general work of the mission is in good condition and satisfied by the committee and it was shown that the missionaries were meeting with good success.

During the afternoon, Mrs. Lucy Waterbury, of Madras, India, made a very interesting address, telling of the work of the society there. Lyell, of China, was expected, but did not appear. Solos were sung by Miss Bonney and Mrs. James Oliphant.

The following officers were elected:

President—Mrs. W. C. Butler, Plainfield.

Vice Presidents—Mrs. F. Pine, Plainfield; Mrs. I. C. Wynn, Camden; Mrs. A. Petill, Elizabeth; Mrs. A. H. Seabower, Salem; Mrs. R. J. Brockett, Orange; Miss C. F. Whitehead, Trenton; Miss Maggie Morford, New Monmouth.

Corresponding Secretary and Treasurer—Mrs. B. J. Stevens, Plainfield.

Executive Committee—Mrs. Judson Conklin, Trenton; Mrs. Thomas Griffiths, Elmwood; Miss Dwan, New Brunswick; Mrs. H. F. Grillwell, Freehold; Mrs. G. B. Young, Haddonfield; Mrs. Hamilton, of Thatcher; Miss Florence; Miss Agnes Bannister, Haddonfield.

A number of African curiosities were on exhibition from the Upper Congo, sent by Rev. J. Chester Hyde, formerly a member of the Clinton Avenue church, but now working at Peniabella, on the Congo, about 400 miles from the coast.

The delegates were provided with an elegant repast by the ladies of the local society.—Trenton True American.

Cannot Pave Westfield Avenue.

The Union County Board of Freeholders at its meeting yesterday afternoon received a report from its Committee on the County Roads which practically disposes for this year at least of the effort of the Mayor and City Council of Elizabeth to have Westfield avenue, from North Broad street to the Westfield line, included in the county roads to be paved this season. The committee reported adversely, and its position was fortified by an opinion from County Attorney Ward, in which he stated that all the money to be raised by bonding the county for the road improvement, had already been appropriated, and there were no funds left with which to pave Westfield avenue. The propositions to raise money by direct taxation would not, in the attorney's opinion, be legal. This throws a wet blanket on the agitation for the pavement of Westfield avenue, and would give a direct route through the country from Elizabeth to Dunellen.

Taking the School Census.

The census enumerators who are to take the school census of Elizabeth for the Board of Education began their labors yesterday. Secretary Hyers, of the School Board, has charge of the work, and he selected Frank Halsted, Michael Finnerun, Howard H. Moore and Charles R. Fountney as assistants. The work must be finished before June 1. The census enumerators will soon commence work here also.

PERSONAL.

Mr. W. D. Hudson, formerly of this city, but now of Brooklyn, is visiting friends here.

Mr. Charles Smith of West Front street is slowly recovering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Hegeman, Sr., of Washington Park, North Plainfield are sojourning in Washington, D. C.

Martin B. Westerfield died at his home on New street yesterday morning. His funeral will take place Saturday at ten o'clock.

At the Mt. Olive Baptist church last evening occured the wedding of Miss Alice White of this city and Mr. John Cooley of Montclair.

Borough Counsel Charles A. Reed has returned to his home in North Plainfield from Fort Wayne, Ind., where he accompanied the remains of his father.

The various "meet" committees will hold a meeting on Friday evening at the club house on Sycamore street. The object of the meeting will be to perfect final arrangements for the meet on Decoration Day.

The New York Times of Wednesday devotes nearly a column to an account of the splendid roads of this county, and of a chat with the Hon. Chauncey B. Ripley of Westfield, N. J., concerning them.

Mrs. Eliza Johnson, wife of James S. Johnson, died at her home on Park avenue yesterday afternoon at half-past three o'clock after a short illness. She is the mother of Mr. J. Wesley Johnson of LaGrands avenue. Deceased was 75 years old at the time of her death.

George Truax, the oldest brother of Messrs. William and August Truax of this city, died at his home in Newark Monday afternoon of apoplexy, superinduced by la grippe. The funeral took place from his late residence yesterday afternoon. Interment was made in Newark.

Mr. James Lindley, who resides with his aunt Mrs. John Lindsey, of West Front street, was accidentally bruised by being thrown from a horse yesterday afternoon. He had been out horse-back riding, and while passing through New street on his way home, the horse suddenly took fright at the rattling of a passing coal wagon, and by its plunging threw its rider. His fall e suddenly bruised his left arm, shoulder and side, but he fortunately escaped broken bones.

Ex-Sheriff Thomas Coddington of Somerset county who died at his home in Mt. Bethel Wednesday morning from paralysis, was born February 8, 1821, and was, therefore, 69 years of age. He was a farmer all his life and often held public offices. He was Warren Township collector in 1856-7-8, Chosen Freeholder in 1863, Sheriff in 1869-9 and '70, and Justice of the Peace from 1887 to the time of his death. He was a kind-hearted, warm-natured, Christian man, anxious to do what was right. His will he leaves in the community where he lived and in the church, and especially in his home, which is likely to be broken up by his decease. He leaves two sons, one of whom, Lewis M., is the present Sheriff of the county. The funeral will be held at the home to-morrow, in Warren Township, at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Charles B. Aborn, a New York Commission Merchant died suddenly at his home on East Seventh street early this morning. Mr. Aborn went to New York yesterday morning in good health and vigor. During the morning he visited Brooklyn and returned to his office about two o'clock. The day was very warm and when Mr. Aborn arrived at the building he dropped in the street unconscious. A crowd collected and among those present was Mr. Philpot of Prospect avenue, North Plainfield. He recognized Mr. Aborn, and brought him to his home in this city. The old gentleman was unconscious all the time, Dr. Endicott was hastily summoned and did powerful work for the patient. During the night Mr. Aborn became restless and seemed to breath with great difficulty, and Mrs. Aborn summoned Drs. Endicott and Prohasco. The physicians saw that the patient was beyond all human aid and after making him as comfortable as possible they left. Early this morning, as above stated, Mr. Aborn breathed his last. Some years ago Mr. Aborn was overcome by the heat and it is thought that his exertion yesterday caused his death. Deceased was about seventy years old at the time of his death. He had been a resident of Plainfield a number of years. A wife and one son survive him.

A MANIA FOR MISCHIEF.

A Troublesome Boy who Needs Attention From the Authorities.

This morning Sorden Drake, a lad about fourteen years old who seems to have a mania for annoying people, applied insulting epithets to Mr. Philip Swain as he was passing along Craig place. Mr. Swain boxed young Drake's ears. This exasperated the boy, and he began throwing stones at Mr. Swain, but fortunately none of the flying missiles hit that gentleman.

Later, Mr. J. Newton Honeyman was passing along the same thoroughfare, when young Drake began insulting him in the same manner as he had Mr. Swain. Mr. Honeyman also boxed the boy's ears. The lad then threw stones at him and Mr. Honeyman slapped Drake in the face again, the blow knocking the boy down. Special Marshal George Conover, who was working on Grove street, only saw Mr. Honeyman slap the boy and arrested him.

A few days ago young Drake, to amuse himself put a baby "carriage, containing an infant, which fortunately escaped injury. A short time ago he made himself obnoxious in Mr. N. Smalley's butcher shop, on Somerset street and was put out. This made him feel that he had been insulted, and he ran out into the road and catching two large stones threatened to throw them through the plate glass windows. It was only by the utmost coaxing that he was prevented from so doing, and induced to go home.

The boy ought to be attended to by the authorities in a manner to make him behave himself.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

An Old Resident Dead.

NEW BRUNSWICK, May 24. (Special.)—Thomas G. Nelson died suddenly here this morning of heart failure. He was out yesterday riding in the street cars. His health has been failing for some time past. He was one of the Martin Tax Commissioners and only day before yesterday signed the final report, which wound up the commission. Deceased was sixty-seven years old at the time of his death and was an old and highly respected resident of New Brunswick.

Killed by the Cars.

George B. Terwilliger, who lived at Newark, was struck by a train on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad at the First street crossing in Newark late on Monday night and almost instantly killed. He was a carpenter by trade and had been working in Orange. He was on his way home when struck by the locomotive of the Summit accomodation train. He was a strickly temprate man, and leaves a widow and two children. Terwilliger formerly resided in this city.

This Date in History—May 2.

1519—Death of Leonardo da Vinci; born 1452; artist of Florence, painter, poet, architect, sculptor and engineer.
1845—Monster charitable procession in London and presentation of petition to parliament.
1851—Large part of San Francisco destroyed by earthquake.
1856—Charles Sumner assaulted in the United States senate chamber by Preston S. Brooks.
1859—Napoleon declares war against Austria.
1864—Death of Meyerbeer, famous musical composer; born 1794.

Married.

RAYMOND—DORMAN — On Wednesday, April 30, 1890, at Crescent Avenue Church, Plainfield, N. J., by the Rev. A. R. Dills, assisted by the Rev. W. R. Richards, Lillian A., daughter of H. E. Dorman, to J. Frank Raymond, son of J. E. Raymond.

Died.

ABORN—Suddenly in this city May 24 Charles B. Aborn, aged 70 years.
Funeral services from his late residence No. 6 East Seventh street, Monday May 26th, at 12 noon.
Providence papers please copy. 2-3-It
JOHNSON—In this city May 1st, Eliza C. wife of John S. Johnson, in her 75th year.
Funeral services from the residence of her son, J. Wesley Johnson, No. 1 La Grande avenue, Sunday, May 4th, at 3:30 p. m. 2-2-It

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A GOOD horse for sale cheap. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 30-4

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at 813 Benton at the barrack. C. O. D. John Wilson. 2-tf

FOR SALE—At No. 6 Elmwood place, Fancy breeds of poultry, consisting in part of partridges, cochins, seabright, hamburgs wyandottes and other kinds. 1-3

FOR SALE—Fine side bar surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. F. Dupee, 30 Hockenhull street. 5-1tf

FOR SALE—Lot of fine manure, cheap. Inquire Blats Hotel. 1-3

FINE young sorrel horse for sale. Splendid driver. 198 Dayton street, N. Plainfield. 1-3

HARDY hydrangea, strawberries and bedding plants, evergreens and etc. at Denton's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 2-2

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage. Also a fine residence with large grounds, plenty of shade and large stable. For sale on easy terms. Enquire J. F. MacDonald. 2-28tf

SITUATION wanted as coachman and gardener by a single man. Understands care of fine stock. Careful driver. Experienced florist and vegetable gardener. Strictly sober. Best references. Address "John," care of Evening News. 2-2tf

TO LET, with or without board, two nice rooms, two minutes walk from depot. No 13 West Second street. 2-2tf

TO RENT—Fine parlor, six windows, good neighborhood, suitable for doctor, dentist or insurance agent. Address "V." care of Evening News. 2-2tf

TO LET—With or without board, two nice rooms, two minutes walk from depot. No. 13 West Second street. 2-2tf

TO LET—Apply at No. 81 Somerset street. A new barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Heyniger. 5-1tf

WANTED—Situation by young girl as general housework, or as housework and waitress. Good references. Call 22 West Sixth street.

WANTED—A girl for chambermaid and waitress. Must have good reference. Apply at 14 Crescent avenue. 1-2tf

WANTED—A reputable girl as laundress and chambermaid. Call at 50 West Eighth street. Reference required. 1-3*

WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer; also girl for upstairs work. Apply at once, Mrs. J. T. Baker, corner Seventh street and Arlington avenue. 4-30-2*

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 5 First place. 4-25-tf

$5 REWARD, for the return of honey bloke and white spaniel dog. Answers to the name of "Spark." F. W. Lewis, 40 Carleton avenue. 30-2

THE BEE HIVE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF IMPANTS' DRESSES, COATS AND LACE CAPS.

Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c. Children's short dresses, 2 rows Hamburg insertion, 49c; heavy goods at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 12, 19, 25 and 50c. Children's raglans at 49, 51, 69 c. 1.25. Ladies' Taffeta gloves, regulars, 40c, good at 25c. Balbriggan hose regular made, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' fast black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests at 15c, 25c and 39c. Ladies gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,
40 FRONT WEST STREET.

TWO MORE GREAT BARGAIN WEEKS IN SHOES!

our New Goods are coming in so fast and so many of them, we can readily see we will not have room for them. We have gone all through the Stock, boards of Mr. Randolph and have concluded to sell off all that stock at a GREAT REDUCTION this Week and Next. We have marked them all down somethine like this: We have few Ladies' Shoes left in R. C. Burt's and McCombe's size 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, a wide marked down from $5, 86 and $7 to $1.50.

LADIES' KID SHOES	$1.00, former price	$2 00.
" "	1.50, "	2.50.
" "	2.00, "	3.00.
GENTS SHOES	1.50, "	2.50.
" "	2.00, "	3.00.
" "	2.50, "	3.50.
" "	3.50, "	5.00.

We have [illegible] the exception of McCombe's and Burt's. This will be the GREATEST SALE for Bargains Seekers that Plainfield ever saw. While you are here look at our Slippers and Ties for Ladies; also our $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes made especially for us. This Sale will commence WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23d, and continue until MAY 3d. TRY US ON REPAIRING. We don't promise to make old shoes new, but we can and do make them almost as good as new, and give them a new lease of life. Many people do not have Shoes repaired because they have a mistaken idea they took botehy and clumsy, but such is not the case with us, for we put in the finest leather that can be bought, and have the work done by one of the best shoemakers in the State.

ROGERS BROS., 12 W. Front St.,

SUCCESSOR TO D. F. RANDOLPH, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of latest window shades at 35c in all colors. A fresh lot of ladies' hats, all shapes, at 39c. Lot of ladies' hats at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $4.75 up ward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 25c, worth 37c. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT

Dr. Ry request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain one week longer, until May 7. This is the last chance to see this great clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Don't call at once. 30-1w

H. N. SPENCER.

Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION — A SUMMER class will be formed for in line of ladies' part music under the direction of David C. Lyon beginning May 6th. For length of term and price call at room 39, Music Hall on Friday May 2d after 12 o'clock. 29-3

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.

Prof. Engelke's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday, May 7th, at 4 p. m. for adult and school scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 2-7w*

YOU WILL FIND OUR GOODS VERY PROFITABLE.

THE LARGEST STOCK
THE LARGEST SALES
THE LARGEST VARIETY.

WE ARE THE LEADERS IN OUR LINE.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

99 W. FRONT STREET.

MUSIC HALL, M. H. A.

Thursday, May 8th,

Return of the FAVORITE

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN.

As PARTHENIA,

In the Romantic classical 6-act drama

"INGOMAR"

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday at the usual place.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $3 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No 5 PARK AVENUE.

BUGS! BUGS!

and insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the bugs. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some stores, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warrant.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer

GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

Amphion Hall

Monday Eve., May 5,

And Every evening during the week.

Grand Opening.

With new Scenery and Decorations by Seavey of New York. The famous

Australian FOLLY TROUPE

Including the SISTERS COULSON.

JOHN-THE HEALEYS-NELLIE

GEYER & LORD.
THE GREAT CROWLEY,
PROF. BURKE'S CANINE CIRCUS,
BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN
MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS,
STEVES BOBBINS, ISLEY, ETC.

Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Banjo Solos, Negro Specialties, etc., by the STARS of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE at the popular prices. 10 cents. Best Reserved seat; 25 cents, a good reserved seat; 25 cents, general admission. Saturday matinee, children 10 cents. Tickets can be procured at Shaw's pharmacy.

AUCTION.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer,

Will sell a quantity of

STORE GOODS,

At No. 9 Madison avenue,

Saturday Evening

BARGAINS.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

F. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT THE RATE OF

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX I. TELEPHONE CALL 47.

Carnegie on Winning Wealth.

In The New York Tribune Andrew Carnegie writes a letter on the possibilities of winning a fortune in these days. He says it is more difficult to start a new business than it used to be, on account of the colossal proportions of mercantile and manufacturing establishments in our time, but it is easier for a thoroughly capable young man to get a share in a business already started than it ever was before.

There are three leading drawbacks to the success of the young man in life. The first and most fatal is drunkenness. To reach the top a young man should never enter a barroom and never touch any intoxicating liquors except at meal times. The second drawback is speculation and the third is akin to it, indorsing. Then there is another drawback, and that is lack of concentration of both business talent and capital. Carnegie says you should put all your eggs in one basket and then watch the basket, as far as money investments are concerned.

Another point is emphasized. The millionaire, manufacturers, merchants and bankers of today are almost without exception those who started in as poor boys, clerks and mechanics. Moreover, one feature strikes Mr. Carnegie forcibly, and that is the absence of the college graduate from every department of successful business. He remarks:

> I do not speak of the effect of college education upon young men intending for the learned professions, but the almost total absence of the graduate from high position in the business world seems to justify the conclusion that college education as it exists is fatal to success in that domain. The graduate has not the slightest chance, entering at 25, against the boy who opens the office or who begins as shipping clerk at 14. The facts prove this.

Lately the technical schools are furnishing young men as managers to great manufacturing establishments, and graduates of these schools are in such demand that they are snapped up as soon as they have finished their courses of study.

In the industrial department the trained mechanic is the founder and manager of famous concerns. In the commercial department, it is generally the boy who starts in as a clerk and works his way to the merchant prince in disguise, who surely comes from the high schools. They are the winning men. It is the poor clerk and the working mechanic who rarely succeed, and who, without capital, without family influence, and without college education. It is they who have risen to the top and taken away the business of the rich man's son, our college learning, nor all combined have proved able to contend successfully against the energy and economy will which spring from all conquering poverty.

Mr. Carnegie is sure the day is nearly past when salaried employes can be left to manage successfully the affairs of capitalists who are absent and have no technical knowledge of their own business. Competition is now so close in all fields that it requires the strictest watchfulness on the part of men who know all about their business to be prosperous. Therefore it is to the real interests of all firms to give their best employes a share in their profits.

But the poor young man who expects to rise must in some way attract the attention of his superiors. That even Mr. Carnegie admits. He must show exceptional ability or devotion to his employer's interests. If a workingman makes improvements, either in the way of invention or otherwise, in a business, Carnegie tells him to hang on to those improvements himself and get their value from the firm. As their price, he should always ask a share in the business rather than increase of salary. On one point the writer lays great stress, as follows:

> Concentration of employers, and consequently that in proportion as they succeed in interesting in the profits a larger and larger proportion, of their skilled workmen. Co-operation in this form is at first coming in all great establishments. The manufacturing business that does not have practical masters handling partners' had better supply confusion without delay, and probably the very men required are those bright young mechanics who have distinguished themselves while working for a few dollars per day, or the youths from the public schools who have been under constantly observer where the corporation unwilling to interest a promising practical man loses his services, and steps are taken to secure him. Every successful manufacturer or commercial firm who are constantly on the lookout for that indispensable article—ability—must have hitherto been the position for corporations properly to reward these energy managers, but this they must come to, if they are to attract the services of works operated by those interested in the profits.

An anthropometrist has measured 2,134 students at Cambridge, England. He has noted their height, strength, chest measurement, complexion, size of head and eye power. He finds that the high honor college men have larger heads than the inferior students, but that the inferior students have better eyesight than the good scholars. The anthropometrist divided the students into three grades according to the standing in their classes. He found that those in the lowest grade intellectually had much the strongest pull with their arms, as in rowing. These were the students who hated their books and went in for physical development.

That lord high apostle of Mormondom, George F. Cannon, recommends the saints not to waste their money in foolish speculations, but to stand by the church. The church will take care of it for them, will invest it profitably and advantageously for them besides, says George. Yes, yes, George.

THE CHICAGO BEEF EVIL.

An Exhaustive Report from the Senate Committee.

ARMOUR'S STATEMENTS DOUBTED

The Committee's Investigation Hampered by the Reticence of Witnesses Who Feared the Wrath of the "Big Four."

Common Carriers Create the Monopoly.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—In the senate Mr. Vest, from the select committee on meat products, made a report and accompanied it with an explanation. He said that the committee had investigated the subject fully and had now reported four measures for the consideration of the senate. The first was a concurrent resolution asking the president of the United States to inaugurate diplomatic correspondence with the authorities of Great Britain to bring about a repeal or modification of the existing quarantine regulations of the United Kingdom.

A National Inspection Law.

The next provided for a national inspection law and requiring that all live cattle shall be inspected when imported, and also cattle intended for exportation shall be subjected to inspection at the places where killed. Another was intended to prohibit the monopoly now practiced as to the storage capacity of steamships carrying cattle to foreign countries. Another of the bills reported was intended to prevent the discrimination which now existed on all the railroads belonging to the Trunk Lines association, under which no mileage is given to any of the fourteen cattle cars carrying live cattle from the west to the east.

The Committee's Report.

In this report the committee says that when the examinations of witnesses began in St. Louis it was evident that industrious efforts were being made to prevent the inquiries of this committee from reaching obviously the dressed beef interest of Chicago. There was no diversity of opinion among the witnesses as to the prices and as to the fact that the method of selling dressed beef cattle had been entirely revolutionized in the past ten years. The committee gives a history of the combinations by which Chicago has been able to centralize the cattle business, beginning with the Evener combination, which began in 1873, and continued five years. This combination was made between the three trunk lines between Chicago and New York—the Pennsylvania Central, New York Central and Erie—which by agreement charged $115 for each carload of cattle shipped from Chicago to New York, and allowed certain shippers in Chicago known as "Evener" $15 of this amount on each carload. The result of this was to destroy the St. Louis cattle market and to concentrate the trade at Chicago, where it has since remained.

In the Grasp of Four Firms.

In 1878 the dressed beef business first assumed an important character and through its antagonism the Evener combination caused its exist. In 1887, 75 per cent. and in 1889, 68 per cent. of all the cattle received at Chicago were used in the dressed beef and canning business. This great business is practically in the hands of four establishments in Chicago—Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Nelson Morris & Co. and Hammond & Co. The most difficult point of opinion was expressed as to the existence of a combination between these firms not to bid against each other in the purchase of cattle There was no hesitation on the part of witnesses in stating that the control of the market was absolutely within the grasp of these four houses, if they choose to exercise it.

Silenced by the "Big Four."

As a result of the influence of these houses when the committee visited Chicago it was found impossible to obtain frank and full testimony from commission men or employes of packing houses.

In private the former stated to members of the committee that there was no doubt a combination existed between the "Big Four" not to compete against each other. Such put on the stand as witnesses they shuffled and prevaricated to such a degree as in many cases to excite commiseration. In an atmosphere so hostile and surrounded by such influences the committee found their duties singularly unpleasant and difficult. The principal inquiry was as to the existence of a combination "by reason of which the prices of beef and beef cattle have been so controlled and affected as to diminish the price paid the producer without lessening the cost of meat to the consumer."

What They Think of Armour's Testimony.

Mr. Armour testified that no such agreement existed, and, while the committee does not wish to contradict his statement, it is convinced that even without agreement among the principals, their agents have temporarily, at this time in this form of action, the possible effects of such an arrangement. The overwhelming weight of testimony is to the effect that cattle owners going with their cattle to the Chicago and Kansas City markets find no competition among buyers. It is admitted that the parties or their agents constantly fix the price of beef to the consumer or purchaser so as to keep up the common interest. It is admitted that they have an agreement not to interfere with each other in certain markets and localities in the sale of their meats, and that beyond doubt that they acted together in supplying meat to the Soldiers' home at Hampton, Va., and public institutions at Washington, D. C., the bid being made by one and the meats supplied by each in turn under the contract so awarded.

They control the leading shops and underselling butchers at Detroit and other places in Michigan and at Pittsburg in order to force them to buy dressed meat.

Their Methods Unbearable.

The committee quotes a statement of Mr. Armour that beef cattle had increased more than population during the past five years, and then quotes from a report of the department of agriculture to show that instead there has been a steady decrease in the proportion of cattle to population since 1885. In reaching his conclusions, therefore, the committee denominates absurd, Mr. Armour did not take into account either the increase in the area of production of the country's population or the relative value of the two Armours is discussed by the committee to prove its unreliability as a witness.

The Railroad Discrimination.

The committee says that no one factor has been more potent in revolutionizing the methods of marketing the meat supply than railroad transportation. The enormous power wielded by the Trunk Line association is almost incalculable. This association, dominating the Central Traffic association, controls the entire traffic of the country in the interest of the railroad companies. As a result of the concentration of the cattle trade at Chicago, the report says there was established the Union stock yards, owned and controlled by the railroad companies. The charges at these yards for feed, etc., the committee describes as exorbitant, and these charges, the report says, are made for the purpose of discouraging the shipment of live cattle beyond Chicago.

Common Carriers Create Monopoly.

The committee found the inspection of cattle in a singularly lax and unsatisfactory condition in the large cities, without system and in many localities entirely neglected. The committee denies that under existing law these common carriers have the right to create a monopoly, but further legislation to perfect the safeguards against monopoly is recommended. As to the remedies to relieve the situation the committee says that congress in the bill recently passed by the senate on the subject of trusts has gone as far as it can go. Outside State legislation must supplement that by congress to punish combines operating within state lines, and active, intelligent, honest officials must be found to enforce the laws enacted.

Panic Stricken Producers.

In conclusion the committee says: "It is impossible that the Chicago market should continue to control the cattle interest of the whole country as it does now, or that a few large operators shall retain their present power over it. It is only a question of a short time when the problem will be that of supplying our own people with beef without regard to foreign markets. There is no reason for panic. The worst feature of the cattle trade is the fact that so many cows and calves are being thrown into the market. Indication is that the producers are panic stricken and anxious to realize now without regard to the future. There were marketed at Chicago during the year 1,381,383 cattle, of which 25 to 30 per cent. were cows and 4 per cent. were calves. No combination can keep the price of beef cattle at the present quotations.

What Should Be Done.

"The foreign demand for American cattle is growing, and in a short time our cattle will be admitted into the United Kingdom. Until we escape from the ruinous centralization of the cattle market and its domination by a few men and railroad corporations every effort should be made by deep water improvement on the Gulf of Mexico, diplomatic endeavor to remove quarantine regulations in Great Britain, national inspection and the prohibition of monopoly in steamship transportation to enlarge our foreign market."

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Cleveland—										
Cleveland	0	0	3	0	3	0	6	0	1	—11
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	—2

Base hits: Cleveland, 12; Cincinnati, 14. Errors: Cleveland, 7; Cincinnati, 5. Batteries: Wadsworth and Zimmer; Duryea, Vahs and Keenan.

At Chicago—										
Chicago	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	—4
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits: Chicago, 4; Pittsburg, 2. Errors: Chicago, 2; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Baker and Wilson; Galvin and Kinzinger.

Philadelphia-New York game postponed on account of rain.

Brooklyn-Boston game postponed on account of rain.

Players' League.

At Cleveland—										
Cleveland	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4
Chicago	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	—5

Base hits: Cleveland, 9; Chicago, 8. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Chicago, 5. Batteries: Bakely and Buckley, King and Boyle.

Brooklyn-Boston game postponed on account of rain.

Philadelphia-New York game postponed on account of rain.

Pittsburg-Buffalo game postponed on account of rain.

American Association.

At Rochester—										
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	—5
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—4

Base hits: Rochester, 8; Brooklyn, 10. Errors: Rochester, 4; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries: Callahan and McKeech, McCullough and Bowers.

At Toledo—										
Toledo	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	—8
Columbus	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—3

Base hits: Toledo, 16; Columbus, 7. Errors: Toledo, 1; Columbus, 3. Batteries: S. Smith and Sage, Gastright and O'Connor.

At St. Louis—										
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	—3
Louisville	2	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	x	—6

Base hits: St. Louis, 7; Louisville, 8. Errors: St. Louis, 5; Louisville, 2. Batteries: Ramsey and Earle, Stratton and Ryan.

Syracuse-Athletic game postponed on account of rain.

Atlantic Association.

At Wilmington—Wilmington, 11; New Haven, 11. Base hits: Wilmington, 9, New Haven, 10. Errors: Wilmington, 6; New Haven, 2. Batteries: Larkin and Hemming; Ingram and Holbert.

Baltimore-Jersey City game postponed on account of rain.

Newark-Hartford game postponed on account of rain.

Washington-Worcester game called at the end of the fourth inning on account of darkness.

A Bold Diamond Robbery.

CINCINNATI, May 2.—A bold diamond robbery occurred at noon. Henry Michle, of the jewelry firm of Michle Brothers, at 178 West Fourth street, was waiting on two men who were looking at some diamond rings. He turned from the case to select more goods to exhibit when the men dashed out of the door, one bearing a tray of diamond rings valued at $5,000. They crossed the street to Home street, and running through to McFarland street disappeared. An accomplice of the men who had been stationed at the entrance to the store, had grasped the door knob and attempted to imprison the proprietors until the others had escaped. A policeman took in the situation and grappled with the man at the door, but the thief broke away and ran into the arms of a policeman, who locked him up at the Central police station. The fellow gave his name as William Walter Varney, aged 19, a shoemaker from Mobile, Ala.

Judge Hilton Beaten.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Judge Wallace, in the United States circuit court, denied the application of Henry Hilton to reopen the suit of Forlin & Co., glove manufacturers of Paris, against A. T. Stewart & Co., for breach of contract, which was decided in France some years ago, and judgment rendered against Stewart & Co. for $195,000. Judge Wallace holds that the decision of the French court must be presumed to have been fairly arrived at.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit

and Vegetables.

	Cts.
California Pie Peaches	20c
California Egg Plums	20c
California Pears	2.50
California Apricots	20c
California Green Gages	1.10
Extra Fine Tomatoes	10c
Finest Early Peas (sweet) of choice	15c

STELLE, TAYLOR & SEGMAN,

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

MANY ARRESTS IN PARIS

Nearly Five Hundred Rioters were Locked Up.

FEW COLLISIONS WITH POLICE.

The May Day Bogey Proves a Very Harmless Fellow Across the Water—London Was Very Quiet—"Remember Chicago" Was the Inscription on One Banner.

LONDON, May 2.—The terrible May day bogey has come and gone, and a very insignificant and harmless fellow he has shown himself to be. What little disorder there was on the continent has been confined to street fights and brawls of proportions far beneath the character of a riot, and the sanguinary Socialist and the bloodthirsty Anarchist laid low all day. In London the street displays of the boasted strength of the workingman were ridiculous in their meagerness. The Socialists and trades organizations, however, declare that they are reserving their forces for Sunday, when they will give an example of their power that will cause society to tremble. On all sides are heard angry murmurs at the sudden and unwarranted action of the authorities in springing a large force of police upon the scene of the demonstration, together with the proclamation regulating the parade and restricting their route.

They Will Resent It Sunday.

This they declare will be resented on Sunday unless the programme of the officials is in the meantime modified, which, of course, it will not be. As a matter of fact very few of those who did parade were genuine workers. The pocket picking brigade was out in full force and many of the craft were arrested. The third division of the procession was composed of 500 girls representing the strikers from the envelope factories. They carried many other banners one bearing the inscription, "Those Who Do Not Dare to Celebrate Today Are Slaves."

"Remember Chicago."

Another banner was inscribed, "Remember Chicago," and displayed pictures of Spies, Parsons and Fischer, together with the names of Spies, Parsons and their companions on the gallows and the last words of Spies.

The Socialist leader, Morris, delivered a fiery speech in Hyde park and strongly advocated the organization of concurrent strikes throughout the whole world with the single object of securing a universal eight hour day. If a struggle with the authorities should result from the movement, he declared, the working classes would find it much easier and pleasanter to fight to the death than to starve to death. Violent speeches were also made at several points on the outskirts.

Cowed by the Military.

The general quietude on the continent is due to the perfect military arrangements, the presence of large bodies of troops under arms and awaiting the turbulent element. Upwards of 50,000 soldiers were stationed in Vienna alone and Berlin was literally crowded with soldiery. Only in Paris has there been any disorder worthy the name of fighting.

Over 500 Arrests in Paris.

PARIS, May 2.—At an early hour this morning an excited crowd thronged the boulevards. It was dispersed by the police and military. A detachment of cavalry charged upon a crowd in the Place de Chateau d'Eau and effectually dispersed it. The total number of arrests during the day is nearly 500.

Bayonets were Used.

In the Place de la Concorde last evening a procession attempted to pass down the Rue de Le Cirque toward the Elysee. The police barred the way and commanded the parade to stop, but the paraders defied them. The municipal guards then charged upon the mob with bayonets, wounding many in the front ranks. The crowd then broke. A large number of arrests were made. The paraders arrested were discharged at midnight, they having been charged simply with refusing to move on.

They Stormed a Prison.

VIENNA, May 2.—Sixty workingmen's meetings were held here yesterday, at all of which resolutions favoring an eight hour day were adopted. There was no disturbance in any quarter of the city. A riot occurred at Prosnitz yesterday afternoon, growing out of an attempt on the part of workingmen to liberate some of their comrades who had been imprisoned. A mob of 4,000 made a rush on the prison with the intention of setting the inmates free, but they were met by a strong body of troops and repulsed. A few of the rioters were hurt.

They Stole the Duchess' Jewels.

EDINBURGH, May 2.—While the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh were attending the ceremonies of opening the electric exhibition the jewels of the duchess were stolen from their apartments at the Balmoral hotel. The police believe that the robbery was the work of one or more of Billy Porter's gang, the work having been daring in conception and skilful in execution. The jewels are of enormous value and comprise some rare gems, which the duchess was wont to wear only on state occasions.

The Day in Berlin.

BERLIN, May 2.—Two thousand workmen assembled yesterday afternoon and marched in procession through Mauerstrasse to Alexander Platz. As a Socialist demonstration the movement was a complete fiasco. The military were ordered out nominally for field exercises, but the police were instructed to ignore the workingmen as far as possible, and only to interfere in case any of the men at work were threatened or molested.

A Quiet Day in Spain.

MADRID, May 2.—Thousands of workingmen assembled in the Buen Retiro gardens yesterday and appointed delegates to present a petition to the cortes for an eight hour law. The delegates were cordially received. The streets were everywhere guarded by military and police. The Anarchists held a mass meeting, at which orators denounced the social system and the tyranny of the masters.

The Shoe Business Is Good.

BOSTON, May 2.—The Lasters' Protective union convention met here with 134 representatives of sixty-nine branches of the union present. Business is said to be very brisk and the delegates were cordially received. The streets were everywhere guarded by military and police. The Anarchists held a mass meeting, at which orators denounced the social system and the tyranny of the masters.

Gobbled at Last.

SPRINGFIELD, O., May 2.—The British syndicate, after negotiations extending over a period of two years, has at last succeeded in purchasing the only two breweries here, belonging respectively to Voros & Bise and Schneider Bros. The first named has been established four and the latter twenty years. The purchase price for the two was $608,582.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM,

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth avenue, near ... 10-15tf

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserved Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood worst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Minster Brie, Neufchatzel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield Avenue.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

J. & Co

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Post Office. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 602. Telephone call 20.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

M. E. MOORE.

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset S... where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. THY UP

Bad for Insurance Agent Munson.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., May 2.—Some time since Mrs. Rebecca Munson brought an action against her husband, George H. Munson, an insurance agent of this city, for divorce and alimony. She alleged that Munson went to California, where he secured a divorce by fraud and was married in that state to an Amsterdam woman. The case was tried some time ago by Justice Fish at Fonda. His decision is just made public. A divorce is granted, and the justice decides that Munson's marriage in the Golden state was illegal.

Presidential Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The president has sent the following nominations to the senate: Postmasters—A. W. Farnsworth, St. Albans, Pennsylvania—W. L. Yerrington, Carbondale. New York—B. T. Hinckley, Camden; C. H. Rowe, Dansville. New Jersey—W. R. Singleton, Toms river. New Hampshire—H. Robinson, Concord. Connecticut—C. H. Emily, Moodus; G. W. Smith, New Hartford.

News Scotia Kicks.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 2.—The board of trade has adopted resolutions that the bait tax of $1 per ton on Canadian vessels visiting Newfoundland ports is most objectionable and requesting the Dominion government to remove the tax, also expressing sympathy with the people of Newfoundland in the efforts they are making to assert their constitutional rights.

A Close Call for the Girls.

OMAHA, Neb., May 2.—By the explosion of a can of gasoline N. B. Dwire's tailor shop was badly damaged and the proprietor burned to death. Forty girls were cut off from escape from the building, and had the explosion or engine been five minutes later all of them would have lost their lives.

The Newport Season Begun.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 2.—The season has fairly begun by the opening of the Casino club and one of the summer hotels. The license commissioners have issued all applications for retail liquor licenses on Bath road because of general petitions to that effect by property owners.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also done at the yard shop.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE O LS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1

Reynold's Pharmacy

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE OBLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7dw

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

FURNITURE

and

BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in this city, which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,

Timothy and

Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZER, OIL CLOTH, BASKETS,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING

AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

23 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

Baby Carriages.

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Assican Damask, a most pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Panels

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON

28 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 83.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS. McGINTYE.

Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grass.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham;
PAIR PRICES.	Trimmed.

N. B. Smalley's, Door at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P O. Box 792

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and

Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Plaiting Bleaching and Tressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 20 Somerset Street.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

THE EIGHT HOUR DEMAND

Labor's Cry Heard Throughout the Land.

A QUIET BUT DETERMINED STAND

Trouble in Any City on May Day, but Good Confidence in the Success of the Movement—Red Flags Displayed at New York.

CHICAGO, May 2.—May day, with its demonstration by organized labor in behalf of the eight hour workday, has come and gone, and the predictions of riot and bloodshed and an almost universal strike by the strikers have not been realized. Labor, indeed, was to a great measure suspended, but those who stopped their tools for the day did not do so for the purpose of taking up sticks and paving stones and indulging in riotous demonstrations.

The Strike Fever Subsiding.

The lull of strike at the stock yards is a fallacy. There has been no concerted action toward ceasing work by the men, and the only trouble that is now feared is that the packers may refuse to allow some of the men participating in the parade to go back to work. Squads of police were on duty at the various large packing houses, but there was no call for their services.

The decision to forego a strike at the stock yards and the general idea among the lumber shovers and others employed about the "black road" to let well enough alone greatly diminished the danger of any trouble. During the last three days the feeling in favor of a strike has been greatly allayed.

The Miners' Conference.

The conference between the coal operators and miners has thus far resulted in nothing. When the joint committee met they were practically agreed upon a profit sharing system, the miners to receive the scale of prices of 1889 and to share with the profits above a certain figure. The committee reported to the convention at 2 o'clock that certain complications had arisen which made it impossible to perfect a plan at present, and recommended an adjournment and a study of the question, so that it could be put in operation next year.

The Situation at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, May 2.—There were no labor demonstrations in this city yesterday. The builders, however, are agitated over the events which may follow within a few days. The planing mill owners have recently formed an iron clad organization for the purpose of working against any movement for eight hours to be made by their employes. It is feared by the members of the Builders' Exchange that a big building strike will occur with in a few days. If inaugurated the strike will probably include all in the trade except carpenters. The lumbermen threaten to strike on May 8 for an increase of fifty cents per day in wages. Three hundred tinners are now on strike for an advance of twenty-five cents per day. The new scale for coal mining, by which railroad and river coal miners' wages rates are equalized in western Pennsylvania and Ohio, will affect yesterday. About 5,000 miners are affected by the change. The prevailing scarcity of coal miners in this district is giving great concern to mine operators, as the supply is only 50 per cent. of the requirements.

Eight Hour Legislation.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The house committee on labor has authorized a favorable report on the bill introduced in the house by Mr. Weber, of Minnesota, to enforce the eight hour law on government premises.

The bill has been modified by the committee, and as reported it provides that eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen and mechanics employed by the government, except in cases of extraordinary emergency in time of war or when it may be necessary to work exceeding eight hours per calendar day to construct public works, preserve property or prevent the destruction of human life. In all such cases the employes working shall be paid on the basis of eight hours constituting a day's work. Whenever any contract is made by the government with any corporation, person or persons for the performance of any work the contracting parties shall agree that eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers while employed on government premises owned or occupied by the government of the United States.

Red Flags at New York.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Rain spoiled the labor parade and open air mass meeting last night, and not more than 5,000 men were at the Union square meetings. There was plenty of music, some red flags, more labor mottoes and a remarkably large collection of banners. Among the speakers at the plaza were Sergius Shevitch, P. J. McGuire, Theodore B. Wakeman, Paul Grottkau and Professor de Leon. As the cottage was well known speakers were heard. Resolutions were adopted hailing the eight hour day as the beginning of the ultimate abolition of wage slavery.

Confidence at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—The headquarters of the striking carpenters was quiet yesterday. At a meeting last night it was announced that between 800 and 900 men had been granted the increase asked for and confidence was expressed in the ultimate success of the movement. About 150 notices went on strike for an increase from 20 to 25 per day.

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NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Ex-President Cleveland has been admitted to practice as an attorney in the United States supreme court.

The family of the missing associate editor of The Cosmopolitan, Mr. E. D. Walker, have received word that Mr. Walker's body has been found in the Roanoke river at Weldon, N. C. Mr. Walker was drowned while on a fishing trip.

The Lasters' Protective Union of America elected Edward Mcsweeny, of Marlboro, general president; E. L. Daley, of Lynn, general secretary, and William H. Maeden, of Stoneham, general treasurer. It was voted to pay the assessment levied by the Federation of Labor, and also to continue the general headquarters at Lynn.

Fechheimer, Rau & Co., shirt manufacturers of New York, have failed, and their property was seized by the sheriff. The liabilities are estimated at $275,000; assets, about $275,000. The house was an old one, with a reputation for solidity and conservatism, and the failure caused much surprise. The trouble is attributed to dull trade, though there are reports that members of the firm have been engaged in speculations in Wall street.

The Gloucester City National bank, an institution closely allied with the people who control the broken Bank of America, the American Life Insurance company, and other concerns in Philadelphia, has suspended.

The house at Washington passed the senate anti-trust bill.

A BOON FOR IRELAND.

That Is What Balfour Calls His Land Purchase Bill.

LONDON, May 2.—In the house of commons this evening Mr. Balfour resumed the debate on the land purchase bill. He said that although the attacks upon the bill had been forcible in form they had been bad tasting in substance. Citing the objections of Mr. Parnell, Mr. Gladstone, Sir William Harcourt, Mr. Dillon and other prominent members of the opposition, Mr. Balfour declared that coherent opinion upon the provisions of the bill does not exist among its opponents, though he believed that many of their criticisms were designed with a view of assisting the government.

Mr. Balfour closed by saying that the bill was a great boon to Ireland. Mr. Sexton followed. The bill, he said, was a landlord's measure and nothing else. He warned the government that the tenants who purchased under the bill would default payments. The bill passed to second reading by a vote of 348 to 268.

Cleveland's Letter Cheered.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 2.—The Southern Press association elected W. W. Screws, of The Montgomery Advertiser, president; Evan P. Howell, of The Atlanta Constitution, vice president; A. S. Ochs, of The Chattanooga Times, secretary and treasurer. At the banquet a letter of regret from ex-President Cleveland was read and was greeted with much applause. The demonstration was so marked as to form a notable feature of the occasion. In his letter Mr. Cleveland said his experience of such reunions was so pleasant that the inability to attend was a cause for sincere regret. With the promise of an address from Mr. Watterson, the convention had in store a rare treat.

Mrs. Vandergrift's Defense.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., May 2.—In the trial of Mrs. Vandergrift for attempting to poison her son, young Norman continued his testimony. He said that he had been sick twice in the same way while attending college in Philadelphia and when absent from his mother. This goes to show that the illness which gave rise to this trial was not an unusual one. The defense opened its case by proving that Mrs. Vandergrift was not in such bad financial condition as to furnish a motive for murder in order to gain a few thousand dollars. It was also proved that she suffered greatly from corns and purchased croton oil for use on her feet.

McCalla's Defense Commenced.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The defense in the McCalla trial opened by the introduction of various records and documents indicating the approval by the naval department of some of Commander McCalla's acts and showing Walker's bad character. Lieut. Mulligan testified that the blows struck by McCalla upon Walker with a sword were very light. The desired effect was produced. Walker becoming quiet after all other efforts to stop his obscene and abusive language had failed. Witness had heard the articles of war read aboard the Enterprise. Paymaster Mudd gave similar testimony.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARPENTERS' JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
No. 37 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Leiser's Hotel.

AGAINST THE DEATH PENALTY.

The Assembly at Albany Passes a Bill Abolishing Capital Punishment.

ALBANY, May 2.—Mr. Curtis' bill abolishing capital punishment came up on final passage. Mr. Hitt spoke of capital punishment as a relic of barbarism. Those favoring advanced civilization should vote for the bill. Mr. Tompkins earnestly favored the bill. Mr. Blumenthal thought that imprisonment for life was heavy enough punishment. He said: "Perhaps it is right," and "that only the Lord shall determine the time a man's life shall end." The bill was passed—75 to 49.

The vote was as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbey, Barton, Blanchfield, Blumenthal, Boyce, Bradford, Brady, J. Irving Burns, W. B. Burns, Byrne, Christie, Clarke, Cooney, Coons, Cornell, Courtney, Crawford, Currier, Curtis, Davis, Decker, Dempsey, Endress, Fish, Fitz, Gibbs, Greene, Gutteleger, Grout, Halpin, Hamilton, Harwood, Henderson, Hitt, Huston, Albert Johnson, H. C. Johnson, I. Sam Johnson, R. S. Johnson, Jones, Kelly, Kerrigan, Kill, Kimball, Kurth, Larmon, Leroy, L'Hommedieu, Martin, with a reputation for solidity and conservatism, and the failure caused much surprise. The trouble is attributed to dull trade, though there are reports that members of the firm have been engaged in speculations in Wall street.

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THE EIGHT HOUR DEMAND

Labor's Cry Heard Throughout the Land.

A QUIET BUT DETERMINED STAND

In Trouble in Any City on May Day, but Good Confidence in the Success of the Movement—Red Flags Displayed at New York.

CHICAGO, May 2.—May day, with its demonstration by organized labor in behalf of the eight hour workday, has come and gone, and the predictions of riot and bloodshed and an almost universal strike by the strikers have not been realized. Labor, indeed, was to a great measure suspended, but those who stopped their tools for the day did not do so for the purpose of taking up sticks and paving stones and indulging in riotous demonstrations.

The Strike Fever Subsiding.

The lull of strike at the stock yards is a fallacy. There has been no concerted action toward ceasing work by the men, and the only trouble that is now feared is that the packers may refuse to allow some of the men participating in the parade to go back to work. Squads of police were on duty at the various large packing houses, but there was no call for their services.

The decision to forego a strike at the stock yards and the general idea among the lumber shovers and others employed about the "black road" to let well enough alone greatly diminished the danger of any trouble. During the last three days the feeling in favor of a strike has been greatly allayed.

The Miners' Conference.

The conference between the coal operators and miners has thus far resulted in nothing. When the joint committee met they were practically agreed upon a profit sharing system, the miners to receive the scale of prices of 1889 and to share with the profits above a certain figure. The committee reported to the convention at 2 o'clock that certain complications had arisen which made it impossible to perfect a plan at present, and recommended an adjournment and a study of the question, so that it could be put in operation next year.

The Situation at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, May 2.—There were no labor demonstrations in this city yesterday. The builders, however, are agitated over the events which may follow within a few days. The planing mill owners have recently formed an iron clad organization for the purpose of working against any movement for eight hours to be made by their employes. It is feared by the members of the Builders' Exchange that a big building strike will occur with in a few days. If inaugurated the strike will probably include all in the trade except carpenters. The lumbermen threaten to strike on May 8 for an increase of fifty cents per day in wages. Three hundred tinners are now on strike for an advance of twenty-five cents per day. The new scale for coal mining, by which railroad and river coal miners' wages rates are equalized in western Pennsylvania and Ohio, will affect yesterday. About 5,000 miners are affected by the change. The prevailing scarcity of coal miners in this district is giving great concern to mine operators, as the supply is only 50 per cent. of the requirements.

Eight Hour Legislation.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The house committee on labor has authorized a favorable report on the bill introduced in the house by Mr. Weber, of Minnesota, to enforce the eight hour law on government premises.

The bill has been modified by the committee, and as reported it provides that eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen and mechanics employed by the government, except in cases of extraordinary emergency in time of war or when it may be necessary to work exceeding eight hours per calendar day to construct public works, preserve property or prevent the destruction of human life. In all such cases the employes working shall be paid on the basis of eight hours constituting a day's work. Whenever any contract is made by the government with any corporation, person or persons for the performance of any work the contracting parties shall agree that eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers while employed on government premises owned or occupied by the government of the United States.

Red Flags at New York.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Rain spoiled the labor parade and open air mass meeting last night, and not more than 5,000 men were at the Union square meetings. There was plenty of music, some red flags, more labor mottoes and a remarkably large collection of banners. Among the speakers at the plaza were Sergius Shevitch, P. J. McGuire, Theodore B. Wakeman, Paul Grottkau and Professor de Leon. As the cottage was well known speakers were heard. Resolutions were adopted hailing the eight hour day as the beginning of the ultimate abolition of wage slavery.

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HERE AT LAST.

The spring is here at last,
Let's be glad!
The glorious sky's a pure pearl,
And the sod,
The spring coat's out of pawn,
And we have to cover the lawn,
And eat shad.

The grass is growing green
By the rill,
And the dandelion's seen
On the hill;
On the smile there's early truth,
And comes home the wife's spring suit,
With the bill.

The robins have begun
Now to mate,
And the young man's thirty-one
Meets his fate,
And 'neath fair Luna's light,
He swings with her at night
On the gate.

The cat upon the shed
Nightly stays,
Till some one at his head
Brickbats flings;
But he merely changes base,
And sings in another place,
Yes, by jings!

—Boston Courier.

The Curtain Down.

A party of countrymen were in town enjoying the sights. At last they came by one of the theaters and were returned.

"Suppose we take it in," says one.

"Better see how much it is first," said another.

After inquiring the price of admission they decided to pool their issues and send one of the party inside to see whether it was good for anything or not. After remaining for some time the delegate returned.

"How is it?" asked one.

"No good. A lot of fellers fiddlin' in front of a big picter'. Come on."—Munsey's Weekly.

Took the Chances.

"Brain food," he said, as he leaned over the counter of a fish store.

"Yes, sir. Let me see?"

He rummaged among his papers for three or four minutes and then said:

"I had a memorandum, but I have mislaid it, and will have to take the chances."

"What suggestions?"

"Whether fresh cod furnishes new material to the brain or only acts on the liver. How much, sir?"—Detroit Free Press.

A Natural Inference.

In a ——day school class in the neighborhood of ——ridian Heights the teacher last Sunday asked who was the first man.

"Adam," replied the small boy.

"And who was the first woman?" she asked a little girl.

The child hesitated for a minute; then her face brightened.

"Madam," she sang out, and the teacher hadn't the heart to correct her.—Washington Star.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder.
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kind- of work

PLAINFIELD
BARGAIN HOUSE
V. and W. SAY.
Fix weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 39c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 15c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the bloody line in town.

* * *

Ask to see the Easy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best we have ever opened and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

* * *

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

* * *

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Hosiery, medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White
18 WEST FRONT ST.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYERS
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.
CALL

Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Rose and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1541.

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Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

ALLEN.
The Stationer,
HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED
Easter Booklets,
WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

INSURANCE.
ISAAC BROKAW & SON,
REAL ESTATE
AND
FIRE INSURANCE.
Office 30 Duer Street, North Plainfield.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street
Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m.
Leave New York at 5.15, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 1.22, 4.07, 5.37 p. m. Sunday at 8.07 a. m., 5.37 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 12.40, 3.40, 5.10, 6.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.40 a. m., 6.40 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 1.22, 4.07, 5.37 p. m. Sunday at 8.07 a. m., 5.37 p. m.
Leave Easton at 6.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 5.30 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.37 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
For Lambertville, Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Williamsport and Sunbury.
For Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Williamsport and Sunbury.
For Phillipsburg, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Shamokin, Williamsport and Sunbury.
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For Easton,

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE PRETTY GIRL, HANDSOME WOMAN AND BEAUTIFUL MATRON.

Game of Books and Authors—A Baby's Memory—A Glance at Mrs. Thurber. Beautiful Women in England—About Setting Forth the Head and Mrs.

The notion still held by certain shallow women that maturity in ugliness is one of the most incomprehensible pieces of nonsense of the time. Here is a fair muddler in one of our contemporaries complimenting Mrs. Alband on having overcome her unsteadiness and on the renewed girlishness of her appearance. From this I should judge that women who live on public exhibition have nothing to attain as developement. If they can only stay all their lives in a raging and glutinous sweetness and not grow, they are satisfied. To get on in appearance, or in character, or in strength is a calamity. In this extraordinary view of things a green coddling is better than a ripening. Women who exhibit themselves have only one standard of merit—and that is youth.

Poor creatures, they do not know that the pretty girl ought to become the handsome woman, and never reaches her full splendor until she is a matron. They cannot comprehend the fact that full beauty has no existence except in death, and even then only when the embalmer has put in his work. The law of beauty in life is the law of development and attainment, and the beauty of a matron and the beauty of a miss *differ from each other as one star differs* from another in glory—and, curiously enough, the older the star the more beautiful it becomes.

Women who think of nothing but how shapely shall our young and women of color soberless minds. All things considered, the greatest woman is she who can grow old gloriously, and defy time with something better than youth. But your woman who is professionally on exhibition *has got to bring to the market what the* public most desires. And it is a patent fact that the public rather likes to ask the pertinyness of youth than as the perfection of personality. It is this popular instinct that makes exhibiting women starve themselves, enamel themselves, prison themselves, restrict their functions, suppress their minds and crucify their bodies.—New York Truth.

Game of Books and Authors.

Two of the children were sent out of the room to choose the title of a book. When this was decided upon they planned how they should in pantomime act it so that the rest of us might guess it.

Ned and Mabel were chosen, and after a few minutes' absence Mabel came into the room, waltzed slowly to the fireplace, and was about to seat herself in an easy chair, when Ned called her, and back she went into the hall.

Of course "Called Back," by Hugh Conway, was guessed at once, and the unsuccessful guessers had an opportunity to try their skill. They soon appeared with a clock, the hands of which pointed to five minutes before 12, after jumping and rubbing their eyes and making us understand how weary they were, one of them produced a doll out of the other's boys jacket and both began to sew diligently.

"Never Too Late to Mend,' Charles Reade," shouted Ned, and then, choosing one of the little girls, they left us. They presently they came running in so carelessly that they bumped against a sofa and sank down, rubbing their elbows and wailing in a most pitiful manner.

This time we were not so quick, but after a few minutes' thinking some one was fortunate enough to guess "Much Ado About Nothing," Shakespeare."

Before bedtime came we had tried "Put Yourself in His Place," Charles Reade; "Oliver Twist," Dickens; "Three Feathers," Black; "Our Mutual Friend," Dickens; "Scarlet Letter," Hawthorne, "The Spy," Cooper; "The Caged Lion," Miss Yonge, and "What Will He Do with It?" Lytton.—Christian Union.

A Baby's Memory.

A curious instance of dormant memory in infancy took place in our family. My mother went on a visit to my grandfather, who lived in London. She took with her a little brother of mine, who was eleven months old, and his nurse, who waited on her as her maid. One day this nurse brought the baby boy into my mother's room and put him on the floor, and then I was carried all over. There he crept about and amused himself according to his lights. When my mother missed a certain ring that she generally wore was not to be found. Great search was made, but it was never produced, and the visit over, they all went away, and the matter was forgotten.

Exactly a year after they again went to visit the grandfather. This baby was now a year old, and could walk well. The same nurse took him into the same room, and my mother saw him, after looking about him, deliberately walk up to a certain corner, turn a bit of the carpet back, and produce the ring. He never gave any account of the matter, nor did he, so far as I know, remember it afterward.

It seems most likely that he found the ring on the floor and hid it, as in a safe place, under a corner of the Brussels carpet, where it was stalled. He probably forgot all about it until he saw the place again, and he was far too infantile at the time it was missed to understand what the talk that went on was about, or to know what the search, which perhaps he did not notice, was for.—Jean Ingelow in Longman's.

Beautiful Women in England.

A good many years ago Lady de Gray was lately beautiful woman by her artistic easy sit. She stands considerably over six feet, can shoot, run, fence, spar, jump, ride and do a lot of other things which are manly for men. She married two ladies in her time and is labeled beautiful. Nothing ever takes this adjective away from her. I have seen her at cricket matches, theaters and other public places, and, like most strangers, I was not sufficiently impressed to glance at her a second time, until I learned who she was.

Perhaps the Duchess of Leinster's fame as a beauty outclasses Lady de Gray's. The Duchess of Leinster is tall, stately, rather bony of feature and somewhat severe. I have seen her sitting in a box at the opera for hours at a time with literally hundreds of people staring at her in absolute absorption through their glasses. Yet she ceased to be a beautiful years ago, despite the society papers. She reigns by reason of her old reputation.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Glance at Mrs. Thurber.

But it is neither the concert nor the reception, but Mrs. Thurber herself, who is most interesting. Not Mrs. Thurber sitting fantastically back in the box at her concert, nor the same woman later, in her black velvet gown, receiving the couple of hundred guests. But is it in her own rooms, somewhere near the Shoreham's top story, that Mrs. Thurber talks simply, in the lowest of distinct voices, and where she interests and fascinates you, whether you will or no. She is in the plainest of cloth gowns, and with nothing about to indicate a longer stay than one of twenty-four hours, unless it is a little writing desk near the window, strewn with the facilities for writing a note or two.

Apparently she is indifferent to surroundings, she certainly is indifferent of all "setting" or "background," and yet a passing glance would not give her a place among pretty or beautiful women. Mrs. Thurber is neither pretty nor beautiful. But she is attractive. Her voice and eyes hold you, and her magnetic sympathies complete the spell. But it is not these fascinating qualities which constitute Mrs. Thurber's real power. It is her honesty and earnest purpose, together with a simplicity which is impressive. You go to see a woman called "music mad." After ten minutes' talk you come away wishing most devoutly that the world could sustain more women just as natural, and that such "madness" were more prevalent.—Washington Cor. Springfield Republican.

City and County Etiquette.

In a city, no young lady goes out in the evening with a young gentleman without a chaperon (some lady older than either, who accompanies them), be it to the theatre, ball or elsewhere; while in the country, it is not considered improper for a young gentleman to call for a young lady and take her to a party or any entertainment in a carriage or to walk with her to the place alone. Or, if a gentleman meets a young lady of his acquaintance, and finds she has *no escort, to ask permission to attend her* to her home; and it is proper, if the party be eligible, to accept his escort, and, on reaching home, to thank him for his kindness, bid him good night at the door, particularly if the hour is late. If it is not late, and the mother of the young lady are still in the parlor, it is proper to invite the young gentleman in, that he may pay his respects to her family.

In very formal society, a lady does not ask to take a gentleman's hat; but in the country, where it is less so, and servants are not always in the hall, the attendance upon callers, there is no impropriety in a young lady asking a gentleman to allow her to take his hat and relieve him from the inconvenience of holding it.—Home Magazine.

Miss or Mrs?

All women out of their teens are entitled to be styled "Mistress." "Miss" is merely a diminutive, and is properly confined to young girls as "Master" is usually confined to school boys. In the days of Pope, "Mrs." was the common appellation of unmarried ladies. Sir Walter Scott, too, speaks of Joanna (unmarried) as Mrs. Joanna Baillie. There are nowadays plenty of spinsters—and young spinsters, too—who insist on being addressed as "Mrs.;" and at one or two places in Sussex, curiously enough, the married lady is "Miss" and the unmarried lady receives the title of "Mrs." The same custom is found in many parts of Ireland. The form "Mrs." was at one time applied indifferently to persons at all ages.

Among servants generally, the cook, whether married or single, expects to be called "Mrs." So do housekeepers, though unmarried. In point of fact, Mrs. or Miss is a title of respect that the plain "Miss" is devoid of. Why actresses who are married women should seek to disguise that fact by allowing the misleading prefix of "Miss" to be attached to their names is a mystery that admits of no intelligible explanation.—The Lady.

Girls in London Shops.

In some firms the girls, when not serving, are permitted to adjourn to a comfortably-sitting and reading room, or are allowed to sit behind the counters, and, with respect to food, dainties are often provided in the form of fish, fowl or pastry, which has been favored by "father" fall to chance. The average time for meals are half an hour, and twenty minutes for dinner and tea respectively, except throughout the hottest weather, when the tea time is extended to thirty minutes, in consideration of the longer hours consequent on light evenings. Supper is usually provided for immediately after closing time, and then a much coveted span of freedom is enjoyed till 11 o'clock sharp, or 12 o'clock one night a week, for the convenience of play-goers.

As any "fellow" who contemplates starting a business for himself usually chooses a wife from among the "girls" of the house, it will be seen that a real "trade unionism" exists among the community, in a peculiar sense, and the so called "rag trade" is thus perpetuated by duly qualified assistants.—Pall Mall Gazette.

About Boiling Food.

There is in boiling and frying foods a very simple problem in physics, which most people ignore, viz., that of latent heat. When a piece of meat, vegetable or other article of food, which is at the ordinary temperature, 60 degs. to 75 degs. F., is placed in boiling water or fat, the temperature of the article is lowered proportionately to the mass and temperature of the article introduced; and it is not until the article is absorbed more heat from the fire that the solution again comes to the boil.

If care is taken, either by introducing the food in small quantities at a time into the boiling solution, so that very little lowering of the temperature takes place, or by a preliminary heating of the food before adding it to the solution, and in every case allowing the solution to boil before introducing any fresh material, the sodden mass of improperly boiled or fried foods will be avoided.—Science.

A Cherister's Costume.

The female cherister in New York's swellest Episcopal church wears a loose fitting robe of fine white muslin, patterned somewhat after the new style sister, and confined at the waist by a girdle. The back, which is partially fitted to the figure, is shirred, while a narrow soiling collar shows in front a V shaped portion of the throat, over which the robe is worn. The sleeves are wide and flowing, not unlike those of a surplice, but perhaps more after the pattern of the "angel sleeve." The simple and tasteful costume cap has been retained, as it was found impossible to improve upon it in shape and style. Something of the kind, it was necessary, and anything more modest and seemly it would be difficult to find.—Boston Record.

American Ladies Not Original.

American ladies, graceful and tasteful as they are, can scarcely put forth a claim, out of their own country, to be considered as leaders of fashion. They only follow, very intelligently and very enthusiastically, the fashions set by London, Paris and Vienna—that is to say, they resort to the best known dress and manner makers of the three great European capitals just named. In the way of honest building they give a decided spur to the trade of architecture, and from the gay city they also draw their supplies of lace, of lingerie, of gloves, and of boots and shoes; and it will generally be found that American ladies of fashion ostentatiously patronize the most expensive purveyors of costumes and its minor accessories. To be excellent customers of first rate milliners and dressmakers, however, is a very different thing from introducing a new mode, or giving a fresh lease of life to an old one.—London Standard.

A Modern Instance.

I know one girl in this city who went for weeks without a new dinner to buy herself the smart ulster in which she looked so trim and neat, although her underwear was of a thin calico and her stockings were of thin cotton. She should not have done so, you will say. Well, until the nature of woman is completely changed, until the summons of girlhood which cry out for admiration and love and happiness are altogether altered, there is not a girl in the natural order of things who won't deprive herself of something to dress who won't do without chewing gum, who won't walk miles to save car fare, so that she may have the money thus saved—and sometimes how pitifully saved—to buy something that will make her look beautiful in the eyes of the one she loves best.—Cor. Toronto Mail.

Virtue of Apple Sauce.

Probably not one in a thousand of the many persons who eat apple sauce with roast goose or roast pork have any idea why such a condiment should be used in these particular cases. Yet the solution is based, if not on exact science, certainly on a knowledge of the properties of the apple, as well as upon observation. The malic acid of the apple tends to neutralize any excess of chalky matter engendered by eating too much, and it also serves to eliminate from the body noxious matters which, if retained, would make the brain heavy and dull, or lead to jaundice or skin eruptions.

Apple sauce aids the digestion, which, in the case of the rich meats with which it is usually associated, would be sluggish.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

When Girls Are Engaged.

You have a little band around the third finger of your left hand in which is set a turquois, and when it was put there you remembered that the Hindoo said: "He who hath a turquois hath a friend." Now, that's what you have in the man you love best, and when with you are going to become—a friend. He is your sweetheart, your lover, it is true, but because to you his heart seems best worth having, his love the truest gift you can possess, you will not vulgarize, as many girls do, the tie that binds you. It is true you go with him alone to hear some wonderful music, or look at some fine pictures, but I hope it is not true that when you are at a party or in your own home you two pair off and make yourselves "absorbingly interesting" and idiotic lasting.—Ladies' Home Journal.

American Men Good Enough for Her.

I have come to the conclusion now, in my most romantic or susceptible days, could have done more than amuse me. I cannot imagine loving any man but an American. A foreigner does very well to pick up a lady's fan or kill time for her, like a pet parrot, by repeating his little stereotyped compliments, but the thorough, true, sensible American girl gives to her heart to an American lover. Those who give them to foreigners usually live to regret it. A foreign husband is very expensive luxury, you know, for an American lady.—Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Rapid Musical Progress.

Mr. De Rich—I must buy a $500 harp for my daughter, must I? She's got a regular music store on hand now; first, a piano, then a pipe organ, and a banjo, then a violin, then a guitar, then a zither, next a mandolin, and dear knows what else; and now she wants a harp. Has she mastered a single one of the instruments already purchased?

Mrs. De Rich—Of course not. How could she? She no sooner gets a new instrument turned up and ready to start in when away it goes out of fashion.—New York Weekly.

Ada Understood.

I am the father of a 5-year-old girl who says her share of funny and pathetic things. Her mother is English. I am a native. One day I was telling her mother a selection of Ada's remarks. A certain act because the child possessed traits similar to my own, and so I knew the reason for it. When I ended my discourse Ada said: "Yes, papa, you're American and I'm American, and so we understand each other."—Babyhood.

Learning to Walk.

According to an enthusiast on physical culture New York is filled with girls who walk badly. To get rid of the "ping, ping" of the heels the pupils are taken to the top of Murray Hill and made to toe down. They retrace in the stage and make the descent again and again. Price, $20 a term of *twenty lessons.*—New York World.

There are perhaps thirty caterers within a mile of Union square, New York city, who make a business of supplying private dining tables. For the regular customer a gas oven is provided and left in the family kitchen. The meal goes to the house in a caterer's basket, and is popped out of the basket into the oven. Therefore there is no danger of cold dinners.

In India the Nizam's government has decided to appoint two women as legal commissioners for the purpose of taking the evidence of the inmates of harems, who cannot, according to Hindoo notions of propriety, come into court or give their evidence in public. The two ladies are to receive a handsome salary.

The women teachers of Germany, besides a general insurance association, have a life insurance society of their own for the last six years. For a monthly fee of twenty-five cents a member can in case of sickness draw $6.50 a week for fourteen weeks, and for the same period again after an interval of six weeks.

Miss Frances Willard owes so little for style that she never has more than one dress at a time, and does not get a new one until the old one is worn out. She is happily indifferent to the seasons, and her valuable bonnet often gets sunburned and her straw hat snowed on.

Eight hundred salesgirls in Berlin belong to a union which has had remarkable success. For 60 cents a month they receive medical care, medicine, and help in getting work. The organization was started by a women a stab in that *by.*

Denver, Colo., has an incorporated stock company of women who have undertaken the development of a mine in the Cripple Creek park, forty miles from that city. It is designed especially for the comfort of women, children and families.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

PREVAILING FASHIONS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

Recent Importations in Little Girls' Frocks. New and Correct Designs in Liveries for House Servants, Also Liveries for Outdoor Occasions.

Having had a glimpse of recent importations, we are enabled to give two charming models in fittle girls' frocks for summer wear.

SAINSOOK FROCK—IVORY CHINA FROCK.

One is of embroidered sainsook with a pelisse cape. This cape, by the bye, is just now a popular feature. The graceful hood and of the cape lends to neutralize any excess of chalky matter engendered by eating too much, and it also serves to eliminate from the body noxious matters which, if retained, would make the brain heavy and dull, or lead to jaundice or skin eruptions.

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New York Liveries.

In the first illustration are given late and correct designs for indoor liveries as furnished for New Yorkers' homes. These suits vary, of course, in color, also as to

INDOOR LIVERIES.

the amount of trimmings used by each family. The group here depicted, however, affords a very good idea of present styles in servants' outfits from head butler to buttons.

In the second cut appear prevailing designs for outdoor liveries. These outfits also vary in color, according to the require-

OUTDOOR LIVERIES.

ments of each family, and are more or less ornate as to finish and trimmings. We have been enabled to present these designs through the courtesy of the well known New York tailor, Delury.

A Word About Corsets.

Notwithstanding the hue and cry raised against corsets by the advocates of the so called "health garments" women who dress well, as a rule, cling to the corset. There are few swell dressmakers in New York city who will consent to fit a dress waist without the foundation of a well made corset, shapely in cut. Many New York women, notably those who have been much abroad, now practice a custom long in vogue with French women. This custom consists of wearing the corset outside of all other undergarments, so that the dress waist, following the unobstructed outlines of the corset, can be made to fit without crease or wrinkle. It may be added in this connection that, when the corset is thus worn, the "union underwear," which does away with bands and gathers and plaits about the waist *and hips, is the kind generally selected.*

Smocking and Plaiting.

The probabilities are that as the season advances the fashion for accordion plaited dresses will be greatly developed. Accordion plaited dresses are eminently suitable for child's wear, for they admit of absolute freedom of movement. One particularly pretty model, made in some light woolen texture, resembled *a fully* plaited dress with a full front cut open in front, but was really cut all in one. Turning to the more elaborate raiment required by adults, we observed a great variety of silk bodices, such as are now worn at afternoon teas and for the theatre. One in a rich quality of black Merveilleux was smocked with steel beads, and another in cas de Nil veiling fell in accordion plaits from about the figure, and a third, in heliotrope silk, exhibited the high shouldered *puffed sleeves which* are now in style.

Fashions for Men.

Velvet collars have appeared on double breasted frock coats in London.

The latest wrinkle in trousers is to cuff the fore and aft cross down the leg.

The high backed, turn over collar will be worn more than ever this summer.

With the negligee shirts and wedding coats the Windsor tie will assuredly be deemed the proper accompaniment.

The two buttoned cutaway coat is one of the peculiarities of this season.

Our gaiters are in style, nor does it appear to be essential that the color should match any other article of costume.

EDSALL'S Great SPECIAL SALE!

OF ALL KINDS OF

WINDOW FURNISHINGS!

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890,

AND CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS.

Affording the citizens of Plainfield the Greatest Opportunity ever offered here to buy these goods at figures much below the usual prices. For full particulars see Circulars.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

SPRING SHOES HAVE ARRIVED IN GREAT SHAPE, HENCE WE ARE ABLE TO SHOW THE PEOPLE A GREATER VARIETY THAN EVER BEFORE. WHEN YOU GET READY TO PURCHASE, COME AND SEE US, AND IMAGAGE YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST SHOE STORES IN NEW YORK. THE CHANCES ARE YOU WILL FIND JUST WHAT YOU WANT, AND WILL GO AWAY PERFECTLY SATISFIED, AND WILL FIND YOUR WAY BACK IN THE FUTURE FOR MORE SHOES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

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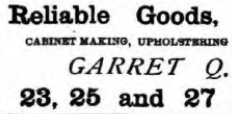
No. 17 East Front Street

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.



THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER

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Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Broad

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

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FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

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SILVER TO LOAN.

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All Qualities,

All Prices.

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142 AND 38 SOMERSET STREET.

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TEAS,

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CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

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All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

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1890.

POWLISON & JONES,

34 West Front St.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased in exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 138-2

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, to administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 29 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

THE THIRD MEETING A STORMY SESSION.

Councilman Emmons Becomes Personal and Claimed That There Was a Ring in the Council.—$25 Voted to the G. A. R.—Mr. Schering Expelled to Vote.—Other Business.

The Borough Council met in regular session last evening. It was 8:30 o'clock before the meeting was called to order. Mayor Place and Councilmen Buckle, Emmons, Hageman, Needham, Schering and Smalley answered to roll call.

The minutes of the two previous meetings were read and approved.

A communication from Samuel Moore stating that he would agree to cart crushed stone from the crusher to any point in the borough for 75 cents per ton, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

A remonstrance, signed by George H. Marshall and other members of the Fire Department, against the cutting down of the survey of the chief engineer, was read and referred to the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps.

A petition from property owners requesting that Emily street and Mercer avenue be macadamized accompanied with subscriptions amounting to $685, was read and referred to the committee on streets.

F. P. Kellogg, J. W. Stout, P. VanFleet, C. Kingland, John Benner, and others applied for peddlers and carriman's licenses. The petitions were read and referred to the Committee on Licenses and Marshals and subsequently granted.

Claims were presented as follows:

J. Kinber.....	$ 6 25
P. T. S. Nevius.....	34 89
P. T. & N. J., Globe Gas Light Co....	202 67
Geo. Coddington.....	3 75

The above were referred to the proper Committees for certification and subsequently ordered paid.

Mr. Schering from the Committe on Fire, Water and Lamps read the monthly report. He said the Committee had thoroughly investigated the equipments of the Fire Department and found that several matters should be remedied as early as possible. The committee recommended that 300 feet of hose be purchased; also to make arrangements as to having horses stabled in close proximity to the engine house; your committee has conferred with the Licenses and Marshals committee in reference to the removing of the cells from the engine house and they have agreed to do so as speedily as possible; the chief's bookshow that $1,413.05 is credited to the Department, leaving a balance of $500 which will fall due on January first. After they have been paid it will leave $915.75 at the disposal of the committee to run the Department for one year; your committee have investigated the matter of removing several hydrants and will make the changes as early as possible.

Considerable discussion arose as to the propriety of adopting the report and on motion of Mr. Emmons it was referred back to the Committee.

Mr. Hageman presented the bond of Treasurer E. S. Spencer. It was ordered recorded.

Mr. Hageman from the Committee on Streets recommended that the new stone crusher with positioned for across Westervelt avenue at the intersection of Roche avenue, be removed to that the bid of P. T. S. Nevius for furnishing crushed stone at 77 1-2 cents per ton had been favorably considered; that Craig place had been graded and repaired, but in the opinion of the committee it should be macadamized as it is a thoroughfare for the borough and it will cost considerable to keep it in repair. Your committee have expended $95 on the streets during the month of April. We recommend that Grove street be macadamized as speedily as possible.

Mr. Emmons moved that the report lay on the table. The motion was lost.

Mr. Needham moved that the report be received and ordered filed.

Mr. Emmons thought that Willow avenue should be macadamized before Grove street as the former petition was presented first and that Mr. Hageman had approached Borough Clerk Arnold at the time and endeavored to induce him to present the Grove street petition first.

Mr. Hageman declared Mr. Emmons out of order.

Mayor Place so ruled.

Mr. Needham from the Committee on Printing and Stationery reported that the committee had awarded to Mr. James Hardy the contract for building the closet for use of the Council in storing papers etc., the same to cost $40. The report was received and filed.

Mr. Buckle by resolution moved that $25 be appropriated to the G. A. R., to be applied to a fund to defray Memorial Day expenses.

Mr. Needham talked at length in behalf of the resolution and it was finally adopted.

Mr. Hageman offered a resolution to the effect that a stone crosswalk be laid across Westervelt avenue at the intersection of Roche avenue. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Smalley offered a resolution that the Committee on Streets be authorized to purchase crushed stone, the amount not to exceed $300 more.

Mr. Emmons objected on the ground that it gave the committee too much leeway.

Mr. Hageman said that it should be left to the discretion of the committee; that they did not anticipate purchasing so much stone at once. They could not make anything by buying in and storing it in their back yards.

The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Hageman then offered a resolution to the effect that the Committee on Streets be instructed to macadamize Grove street from the bridge to Green Brook road as soon as possible.

Mr. Emmons—"Now I suppose I am in order and at liberty to speak upon the resolution. I think the chairman of the Committee on Streets has gone a little too far in ignoring the petition of the residents of Willow avenue. It was the first presented and should be the first to be considered. I do not wish it understood that I am opposed to macadamizing Grove street. The Willow avenue petition is the best petition. Ever since this Council has been organized there has been a ring in it. The motto is "You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours.' I say without fear of being contradicted that a ring exists. Mr. Hageman and Mr. Smalley, admitted to me that there was a ring. I asked Mr. Smalley the direct question and he replied, 'Yes, there is a ring and you had better come over into it.' 'Did you not say that Mr. Smalley?'"

Mr. Smalley—"That is what I said."

Mr. Hageman—"The gentleman is out of order in talking across the room."

Mr. Emmons then sat down.

Mr. Hageman—"I have listened attentively to the remarks of Mr. Emmons. I will not deign to reply to some of them. Early in the evening he made remarks, which if I would stoop to such a thing, would have reflected on my character. I do not remember asking Chief Arnold to withhold the Willow avenue petitions and present the Grove street petition first. I may have done so. My memory is not very long. The reason why I did not present the Willow avenue petition last year was because Washington avenue and thoroughfares on the west side of the borough had been macadamized and I thought it was no more than right that we should macadamize some of the streets on the eastern side. Grove street is a principal thoroughfare leading into the borough and I always try when expending money to do so where it will do the most good and accomodate the most people. If we do not macadamize it, it will cost hundreds of dollars to keep it in repair." I therefore favor macadamizing Grove street.

Mr. Buckle was in favor of macadamizing the principal thoroughfare first and the cross streets afterward. He said the assessed valuation of Grove street is three times as great as that of Willow avenue.

A vote on the resolution was then taken and it was adopted, all voting aye, but Mr. Emmons.

Mr. Smalley offered a resolution nominating George Becker as Borough Marshal.

Mr. Hageman amended it by substituting the name of Thomas McDonald.

Mr. Emmons moved that the vote be taken by roll call. Carried.

Messrs. Smalley and Emmons then spoke in behalf of their respective candidates and a vote on the amendment was taken which resulted as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Buckle, Emmons and Needham.

Nays—Messrs. Hageman and Smalley.

Mr. Schering's name was called he asked to be excused from voting.

The Council refused to excuse him and after considerable discussion he voted in favor of the amendment.

The vote on the original resolution as amended resulted in a tie.

Mayor Place was called upon to decide the tie. He attempted to explain his vote and Mr. Emmons called him to order.

The Mayor said he thought that he had the privilege of explaining his vote, and did so. He voted against the resolution as amended and it was declared lost.

The Committee on Streets and Public Health by resolution were authorized to borrow $800 for use on the streets.

George Becker was by resolution appointed a night watchman.

Before the meeting adjourned Mayor Place requested that the members be more prompt in attending meetings.

Adjourned at 10:15.

JOTTINGS.

—A cut of the new Y. M. C. A. building appears on the last page to-day

—The Cyclers are enjoying the weather, and the fine roads through the country are helping them.

—Special Marshal Becker is on duty to-day in search of persons who have not as yet paid their license fees.

—There are many strength testing machines about the town now, also a music machine that grinds out your weight for five cents.

—The adjustment commissioners of New Brunswick have completed their work and filed their last report. It has taken two years and the cost has been about $12,000.

—The Journalist very aptly says: "There are any number of men who can write a business letter, but who can't put a distinct, complete idea in three lines is all too rare."

—On Thursday, the 15th inst., the Christian Endeavor Society of the Warren Mission chapel will celebrate its second anniversary. An elaborate programme is being arranged.

—The Epworth League of the Methodist church contains 2,873 registered chapters. May 11th, has been designated by the Executive Committee as Epworth League day, and a special responsive service is being prepared for the occasion.

—A needed improvement in the Borough Council room, is the introduction of some cuspidors, for the convenience of those persons having a penchant for the use of tobacco, in their mouths, and are expectorating portions of it at frequent intervals. It would add greatly to the comfort of others also.

—There were 133 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 174 in the preceding week and 191, 151, 181 and 178 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 4,128, against 4,998 in 1889.

—The Dwarfs and Fishes are not the names of some dime museum freaks, but are the names of two bands of rival boys ball clubs. They will play on, that is, the Dwarfs wish us, to announce that in their latest struggle with their enemies the Fishes, they put them into the consomme, which being liquid will make them feel easy, by a score of 11 to 10.

—The County authorities should see that proper protection for pedestrians is made about all excavations. A young man while returning home last evening to his home in Plainfield from North Plainfield, narrowly escaped falling through an unprotected place on the North Plainfield side of the brook where they are fixing the new bridge.

PLAINFIELD'S FIRE BUG

EMMA DAY ATTEMPTS HER LIFE TWICE.

She May Die.—She was Tired of the Life She was Leading, and Endeavored to End It.—She was Traveling Under a Fictitious Name but was Recognized by a Reporter.

Emma Day and her sister created a sensation about a year ago by confessing to a series of incendiary acts committed at Summit and this city. They were dubbed the "Summit firebugs," and columns were written about their fire-raising exploits, their flights with the constable, and their attempts to destroy the jail in which they were confined.

Emma was released from jail recently. Giving the name "Fannie Wilson, aged nineteen, of Parsippany, Morris county," she applied at the Second Precinct Police station in Newark Thursday night for shelter and attempted to commit suicide in the station by drinking a quantity of laudanum. Lieut. Edwards had her sent to St. Michael's Hospital, where her life was saved by the prompt use of emetics. She was discharged from the hospital yesterday afternoon.

Within fifteen minutes the girl had purchased another bottle of laudanum and drank most of the contents. She was taken to the Second Precinct station, and a reporter who happened to be present recognized her as Emma Day, of fire-raising notoriety. She will probably die.

Mr. Buckle was in favor of macadamizing the principal thoroughfare first and the cross streets afterward. He said the assessed valuation of Grove street is three times as great as that of Willow avenue.

A vote on the resolution was then taken and it was adopted, all voting aye, but Mr. Emmons.

Mr. Smalley offered a resolution nominating George Becker as Borough Marshal.

Mr. Hageman amended it by substituting the name of Thomas McDonald.

Mr. Emmons moved that the vote be taken by roll call. Carried.

Messrs. Smalley and Emmons then spoke in behalf of their respective candidates and a vote on the amendment was taken which resulted as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Buckle, Emmons and Needham.

Nays—Messrs. Hageman and Smalley.

Mr. Schering's name was called he asked to be excused from voting.

The Council refused to excuse him and after considerable discussion he voted in favor of the amendment.

The vote on the original resolution as amended resulted in a tie.

Mayor Place was called upon to decide the tie. He attempted to explain his vote and Mr. Emmons called him to order.

The Mayor said he thought that he had the privilege of explaining his vote, and did so. He voted against the resolution as amended and it was declared lost.

The Committee on Streets and Public Health by resolution were authorized to borrow $800 for use on the streets.

George Becker was by resolution appointed a night watchman.

Before the meeting adjourned Mayor Place requested that the members be more prompt in attending meetings.

Adjourned at 10:15.

JOTTINGS.

—A cut of the new Y. M. C. A. building appears on the last page to-day

—The Cyclers are enjoying the weather, and the fine roads through the country are helping them.

—Special Marshal Becker is on duty to-day in search of persons who have not as yet paid their license fees.

—There are many strength testing machines about the town now, also a music machine that grinds out your weight for five cents.

—The adjustment commissioners of New Brunswick have completed their work and filed their last report. It has taken two years and the cost has been about $12,000.

—The Journalist very aptly says: "There are any number of men who can write a business letter, but who can't put a distinct, complete idea in three lines is all too rare."

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SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet to-morrow at 10 a. m.

Service will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Memorial chapel Sunday-school, Washington ville, 2:30 p. m. devotional meeting 7:30 p. m.

Service will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock led by the Rev. Mr. Furnald.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Mr. Suffern will conduct the Young Men's Gospel and Song service at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4:15 p. m.

Usual Sunday services at 73 West Front street, at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m., will be held to-morrow, to which all are invited.

The Rev. Wm. Maxwell Reilly will occupy the pulpit of All Saints church at Scotch Plains to-morrow morning and evening.

Mr. J. H. Metcalf from Meadville, Pa. will preach in the Unitarian Society on Second Place to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

The church of the Holy Cross. Service at 11 a. m. with Holy Communion. Sunday-School at 9:45 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

Service to-morrow in the First Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. conducted by the pastor, Rev. K. P. Ketcham. All welcome.

There will be only one service to-morrow in the German Reformed at 10:30 a. m. None in the evening as it is the day for Somerville.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Stinson, pastor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

There will be preaching of the gospel in the meeting-house, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Bank at 7:45 p. m. to-morrow evening. All are heartily welcome.

Reform Hall will be open for the cordial reception of all visitors to-morrow at 9:15 a. m. 4 and 7:45 p. m. Rev. Dr. Redman, of Grace Episcopal church will deliver the address of the evening.

Service in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. A. Reed Kenyon, at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The Excellency of the Knowledge of Christ". Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

In the Trinity Reformed church the pastor, the Rev. Caroline Schaeffer, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "The History of Angels." Evening subject, "The interest of Angels in the Saved. How evinced."

The meetings of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held this evening week as usual, at 73 West Front street. Sunday services at 9:15 and 4. Tuesday afternoon at 3, and Friday at 7:30. An invitation is extended to all.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Chas. B. Richards, pastor. Class-meeting at 9:30 a. m. in chapel. At 10:30 in auditory of church, reception of members and Sacra of the Lord's Supper. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. The pastor will preach at 7:30 p. m. Subject "A Six Weeks Religion."

Services Sunday school at 2:30. Praise service at 7:30 led by Mr. M. M. Dunham. Preaching service by the Rev. Asa Inslee Dilley, of the Tabernacle Baptist church after which a short prayer meeting. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock. We cordially invite all to attend these meetings.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Raymond of Central avenue sailed to-day for Europe.

Mr. Adam Bleiz has returned to his home in this city after a brief stay at Providence, R. I.

Mr. Geo. Schmidt, of Plainfield, is visiting Mr. Ellis Bartle, of Martinville.—Somerset Democrat.

Mr. and Mrs. Mulligan and family, of Brooklyn, are now at their summer residence in Washington Valley.

Mr. John D. Poos, of Dunellen, has returned to his home after a short visit to his brother, F. A. Pope, of Martinville.

Mr. William J. Coddington, recently purchased the law library which formerly belonged to the late ex-Judge George P. Suydam.

Miss Adams, of this city who has been traveling throughout the far west for some time past arrived in Somerville on Wednesday last, from California. She is for a short time the guest of her sister friend Mrs. Craig A. Marsh of Third place.

The following was sent us by mail: The engagement has just been announced of W. Constant Ball manager of Brown Brothers. Wall street bankers, to Miss Hallie Haines, daughter of Samuel A. Haines, all of Nether wood. The marriage will take place early in October.

Doings at Washingtonville.

The people connected with Memorial chapel held their first sociable therein last evening. The programme consisted of singing and recitations, which was followed by refreshments.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Milligan and family of Brooklyn have reoccupied their beautiful residence here for the Summer.

The Second street Memorial chapel are being graded and sodded, and the place otherwise beautified.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Y. M. C. A. Board of Directors meet to night.

An interesting service for young men at the Y. M. C. A. at 4:15 p. m.

Don't fail to hear Mr. F. H. Andrews spear and the boy choir sing at the young mens meeting at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4:15 p. m.

This Date in History—May 3.

1715—The cross on which the Redeemer suffered said to have been found at Jerusalem and conveyed over by the king of Abyssinia.—Encyclopedia.

1802—The colonists on Prince Edward Island terrified by hurricanes.—Haliburton. Many engrave, implicated in the plot to burn the town, burned at the stake.—Encyclopedia Britannica.

1808—Dead in balloons near Paris; one combatant killed.

1814—Louis XVIII re-enters Paris; new reform.—Hue.

1851—4,000 houses burned in San Francisco; many lives lost.

1852—President calls for 50,000 men; 67,000 volunteer for three years. Three troops take possession of Belgian Belgium. Fires and rumors in Virginia.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

An Ice Manufactory, an Immense Fish Caught, Cutting Teeth at 70.

Several gentlemen of Bloomfield and Mount clair have united in a scheme for manufacturing artificial ice, and articles announcing their incorporation have been filed in the County Clerk's office. The plant is to be in Bloomfield, and they start off with a capital of $50,000, of which John F. Maxfield, the ice dealer, holds $20,000.

A frame barn and cowhouse belonging to John Kean, near Elizabeth was destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning. Fifteen cows, three horses and some farming implements a hay, etc., were consumed.

A shad of unusual size was taken from the net of William Smith, at Lambertville, a few days ago. The oldest fisherman on the Delaware river cannot remember a fish of larger size ever having been caught. It weighed thirteen and one half pounds, and was thirty-one inches long, eight inches in breadth and five inches thick.

The manufacture of powder, which was begun at the Phoenix mills near Farmingdale about a year ago, has proved a profitable venture. The value of the plant is $100,000 and the net returns of the company since operations were commenced have paid the entire cost of the plant.

Ex-Sheriff Thatcher, of Flemington, Hunterdon county, has lately cut two new teeth The ex-Sheriff is over seventy years old, and suffered much pain during the period, when the new teeth were crowding out two other front ones which had stood by him for nearly seventy birthdays.

Died.

O'DONNELL—In this city, May 2d, Hugh O'Donnell, aged 56 years.

Funeral from the late residence, South Second street, Sunday, May 4th, at two p. m. and from St. Mary's church at 2:30. Friends and relatives are invited to attend. Interment in St. Mary's cemetery.

ABORN—Suddenly in this city May 2d Charles B. Aborn, aged 79 years.

Funeral services from the residence No. 8 East Seventh street, Monday May 5th, at 12 noon.

Providence papers please copy. 2-2-R*

JOHNSON—In this city May 1st, Eliza C. wife of John S. Johnson, in her 75th year.

Funeral services at the residence of her son, J. Wesley Johnson, No. 3 La Grande avenue, Sunday, May 4th, at 2:30 p. m. 2-2-R*

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A GOOD horse for sale cheap. Call at 126 West Second street.

FOR SALE—Cheap. Buggy-top, pony phaeton, in good order, by first-class maker. Apply at 34 Sayre street.

FOR SALE—Two handsome property of about four acres. E. B. Clark, 170 West Front street. 11-9-eotf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $13 per ton at the barrack. C. Q. D. John F. Wilson.

FOR SALE—At No. 6 Elmwood place. Fancy breeds of poultry, consisting in part of partridge, cochins, spangled, bamburg wyandotte and game kinds. 1-3

FOR SALE—Fine sub box surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. P. Dupee, 20 Rockview avenue. 5-5

HARDY hydrangas, strawberries and bedding plants, evergreens and etc. at Denton's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 3-2

MONEY to loan on first and second mortgages. Also a fine residence with large ground, plenty of shade and large stable. For sale on easy terms. Enquire J. F. MacDonald. 4-29tf

RESIDENCE to let, one block from Park and Front, 10 Craig place, all improvements; bath. Inquire Dunham, 7 East Front street. 3-3*

SUPERIOR table board. Large rooms. 35 West Fourth street. Jacob Tingley.

SITUATION wanted as coachman and gardener by single man thoroughly understands care of fine horses and carriages. Careful driver, strictly sober, 5 years references address "477 care of Plainfield News.

TO LET—Small house at No. 33 Park place, North Plainfield. 3-3

TO LET for season furnished house, sanitary conditions, large grounds, with stable. Address "Rome," care of Evening News. 28

TO LET, with or without board, two nice rooms, two minutes walk from depot. No. 12 West Second street. 3-3*

TO RENT—Fine parlor, six windows, good neighborhood, suitable for doctor, dentist or insurance agent. Address "V," care of Evening News. 3-3

TO LET—With or without board, two nice rooms, two minutes walk from depot. No. 15 West Second street. 3-3*

TO LET—A large loft at No. 31 Somerset street. Also a barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Springer.

WANTED—Situation by young girl as general housework, or as chambermaid and waitress. Good references. Call 22 Emerson street.

WANTED—Good cook and laundress. Apply at 33 West Eight street. 3-3

WANTED—A girl for chambermaid and waitress. Must have good references. Apply at 1 Crescent avenue. 1 2tf

WANTED—A capable girl as laundress and chambermaid. Call at 30 West Eighth street. Reference required. 1-2tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 5 Pine place. 4-25 tf

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscriber, Executor and Trustee under the will Frederick P. Chase deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the Ninth day of July next.

CRAIG A. MARSH

Dated May 1st 1890.

65c! 65c! 65c! 65c!

WE WERE FORTUNATE IN SECURING A FEW PIECES OF LOWELL AND SUPER ALL-WOOL INGRAIN CARPETS AT THE RECENT GREAT SPECIAL SALE, AND WILL OFFER THEM FOR ONE WEEK ONLY AT THE UNUSUAL PRICE OF 65 CTS. PER YARD. THE PATTERNS ARE NEW AND BEAUTIFUL. SECURE THEM WHILE YOU CAN.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

56c! 65c! 65c! 65c!

READY FOR BUSINESS.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8.

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, Yard wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 3 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 49 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE, 190.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain one week longer, until May 7. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity in town. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and 41. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 30-1w

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Dolan, of the city of Plainfield, county of Union, and State of New Jersey, hath this day made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the equal benefit of his creditors and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims, under oath or affirmation, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 34 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Dated this 1st day of April A. D., Eighteen hundred and ninety.

23-Sstaw WM. A. CODDINGTON, Assignee.

H. N. SPENCER.

Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar bean pole. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and sage plants, etc.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION — A SUMMER class will be formed for ladies' in singing part music under the direction of David C. Lyon beginning May 5th. For length of term and terms apply at 23 Madison avenue, on Friday May 2d after 12 o'clock. 25-8

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commenced Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 8 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J 9-1wo

YOU WILL FIND OUR GOODS VERY PROFITABLE.

THE LARGEST STOCK
THE LARGEST SALES
THE LARGEST VARIETY.

WE ARE THE LEADERS IN OUR LINE.

UNITED TEA AND
COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

98 W. FRONT STREET.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A fine SOC SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No 5 PARK AVENUE.

AUCTION.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer,

Will sell a quantity of

STORE GOODS,

At No. 9 Madison avenue,

Saturday Evening

BARGAINS!

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, May 8th,

Return of the FAVORITE

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN.

As PARTHENIA,

In the Romantic classical 6-act drama

"INGOMAR"

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday at the usual places.

Amphion Hall

Monday Eve., May 5,

And Every evening during the week.

Grand Opening.

With new Scenery and Decorations by Savoy of New York. The famous

Australian
FOLLY TROUPE

Including the SISTERS COULSON.

JOHN-THE HEALEYS-NELLIE

GRYER & LORD,
THE GREAT CROWLEY,
PROF. BURKES CANINE CIRCUS,
BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN
MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS,
VEVE NOBREGA, ETC., ETC.

Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Banjo Solos, Negro Specialties, etc., by the STARS of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE at the people's prices, 50 cents, Best Reserved seat; 35 cents, a good reserved seat; 25 cents, general admission. Saturday matinee, children 10 cents. Tickets can be procured at Shaw's pharmacy.

THE BEE HIVE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF INFANTS' DRESSES, COATS AND LACE CAPS.

Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c. Children's short dresses 2 rows Hamburg insertion; ladies' gowns at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 12, 15, 25 and 50c. Children's reefers at $1, 0.50, 2 and $2.98. Ladies' Turkish gloves, regular, 40c, good at 25c. Ballbriggan hose regular made, 6 pairs for 25c. Ladies' fast black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies Swiss ribbed vests at 15c, 25c and 29c. Ladies gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 61 East Front street, 7 rooms and bath (hot water), built and formerly occupied by Henry G. Lansing, is now for sale. Apply to W. C. Bullen, No 1 East Front street. 4-25-tf

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. BOX 81. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

Howard on Stenographers.

Joseph Howard, Jr., delivered recently an address on "Shorthand as a Business" before the Stenographers' association, from which we extract some paragraphs. He began by saying:

There are, I am told, today, in the United States, 100,000 men and women, boys and girls forever on the wing, who are earning their living by their alleged stenographic endeavor.

They go as boys and girls from one of the humbug shorthand schools to an employer.

They are uninformed in history, they know nothing about names, they know nothing of the great events of the past, they care nothing about the present, they have no thought about the future, they know, however, to make the curly-cues. All right. God pity the employer! For the first six months of his experience, for the second six months it is worried, the third six months it becomes easy, and, in about two years, he gets that old boy so that girl or that girl so that boy can really be him part and parcel of his mentality and of his output, as much so as his hands, as much so as any portion of his head or his body.

Then, alas! the girl, whom Howard calls Sarah, meets her George. After that she is absolutely no good. She becomes indifferent, she becomes careless. All under heaven she cares for is to get away at 4 o'clock and meet George around the corner. Says Howard:

Men regard stenography as they regard the sale of dry goods, as they regard any literary effort. Women regard stenography as a bridge from their home and their father's house to the matrimonial state, when they no longer have their born name, but take the name of that gorgeous creature, George, until they are married—and then they wish to heaven that they had stuck to their spools.

The women who are, in my judgment, best equipped by nature for stenographic work, after they reach the age of 30, are those who have learned to blow them to blank as stenographers, simply because they have met George around the corner.

For the past six and a half years, however, they should have declared he had as good a stenographer as ever walked, whose George, he thanked God, was not in view, though he had no doubt he would appear. But what then? Going to a Chicago convention he had said to his stenographer, "Girley, I want you to be ready to go to Chicago next Tuesday." The girl would not go, for fear of Mrs. Grundy's gossip. Thus through fear of the "dirty dogs of life," Howard was deprived of his invaluable stenographer at a time when he needed her most. Only for George and Mrs. Grundy women would make better stenographers than men.

Stenographers tell Howard that the hardest work they have to do is when they sit down in a minister's study to take his notes when he wrestles with the subject of infant damnation.

Good stenographers, when they are good, are invaluable. Howard says he has known of one though that got to quadruple his income. But a skilled stenographer must be up in everything—history, literature and current events.

Howard repels emphatically the gossip of the world about the character of the girl stenographer. He remarks:

Of all the stenographers that I have ever met, with the exception of two high falutin women suit turning girls in Chicago, I never in my life have met with one who did not conduct herself, as far as my work was concerned, with absolute self respect.

He pays a remarkable tribute to the loyalty of stenographers. At the time of the Grant & Ward failure, Howard had the misfortune in his hands to prepare the story for The New York Herald. The stenographer took it down in short hand, and carried the notes home to write them out. He might during that time have made not less than $50,000 by selling the information to other papers, yet he was true to himself and his employer, and kept the information sacred for the paper to which it belonged.

Henry George's Poetic Vein.

Henry George is again preaching single tax and change of land tenure in Australia, whither he went at the close of winter. In writing to his paper, The Standard, of his voyage, he shows a poetic vein of thought that would not have been expected in him. He says of his passage across the Pacific:

Very pleasant down the tropic seas. This is the seventh time I have crossed the line, but the six times before were in my youth, and in the interval everything has changed. Only what seemed to me then like the climate of Eden has lingered in my memory, and I have often wished again to feel the fresh warm breeze over the blue sea and watch the flying fish dart and skim. The reality equals the recollection.

At the same time that English syndicates are buying the great breweries and the Kentucky distilleries, temperance work in this country, certainly, was never more active. In Ireland, too, it is proceeding aggressively. A new temperance crusade there has begun under the auspices of the Catholic clergy, a circular letter intended to promote the cause, and signed by Archbishop Walsh and others, has been read in all the churches of Ireland.

When Grant was president it was considered remarkable that the public debt could be paid at the rate of a million a month. Now it is diminished at an average of more than a million a week, and nothing is thought of it.

The United States government is not going to have its Indian wards be cheated by the lottery delusion. The commissioner of Indian affairs has issued orders that no lottery tickets shall be sold on the reservations.

BALLOT REFORM AT LAST

The Compromise Measure Has Become a Law.

APPROVED BY GOVERNOR HILL.

He Is Not Satisfied with the Bill, but Considers It Better Than None—The "Pastor" Ballot Described—Some of the Features of the Bill.

ALBANY, May 3.—In his memorandum filed with his approval of the amended Saxton ballot reform bill (bill 557) Governor Hill says:

"The people of the state are to be congratulated on having at last secured the enactment of a reasonable and constitutional electoral reform law. The bill received the unanimous support of each branch of the legislature and apparently reflects faithfully the demands of public sentiment.

"It is not claimed that it is a perfect measure. It must be conceded that it contains many cumbrous and unnecessary provisions, but it presents as a whole a fairly acceptable measure, capable of effecting some substantial and practical reform.

His Efforts Partially Successful.

"It has been my earnest endeavor during the past three years to secure the enactment of such a law, while preserving the purity of elections, should not unnecessarily infringe upon the rights of citizens or violate constitutional guarantees. I have steadily opposed every effort to impose unnecessary restrictions and impracticable regulations which are not adapted to our free institutions, or which would render our elections enormously expensive and vexatious. It is to be regretted, however, that such endeavors have only been partially successful.

Features of the Approved Bill.

After pointing out the differences between the present bill and the bills heretofore vetoed, and dwelling upon some of his objections to the latter, the governor says: "The approved bill provides for the private booth or compartment system in which the voter must enter and where he is at liberty to prepare his ballot in secret. The bill provides for independent as well as party nominations, and authorizes the printing of all ballots at public expense. It may well be doubted whether these provisions will effect all the reforms claimed in their behalf or that they will materially reduce the expenses of candidates, but they are worthy of a fair trial. The 'blanket' ballot, which has been one of the leading features of all the bills vetoed, has been abandoned. To that form of ballot I have always strenuously objected, believing it to be cumbersome, unnecessary and unwarranted by the constitution. There has been substituted in its place the form of ballot now in use to which the people are accustomed and to which I firmly believe they desire to adhere.

The "Pastor" Ballot.

"Each set of nominations is to be printed on a separate ballot, and one additional ballot is to be furnished, on which only the names of the offices to be filled are to be printed, and each voter on entering the polling place shall be given one set of these ballots, and upon entering the private compartment he is to select one of them to vote. The bill also provides for a new species of ballot known as a 'pastor' ballot, which the elector can procure anywhere outside of the polling place, and he is allowed to paste the whole thereof upon any of the official ballots which may be handed him and vote the same. The 'pastor' ballot answers every purpose of the 'unofficial' ballot contemplated in the Linson bill. Instead of placing his ballot in an official envelope the elector is allowed to affix the same to an official covering which performs the same service. The illiterate voter may effectually indicate his choice by the use of the 'paster' ballot, and he is not required to perform the impossible task of writing the names which he cannot read or of making discriminations which he cannot comprehend.

A Constitutional Ballot Preserved.

"A constitutional ballot is carefully preserved. An elector is permitted to vote a ballot which contains the names of the offices to be filled and the names of the candidates of his choice and that only. One official ballot which the elector is to receive and upon which he is at liberty to affix his 'pastor' ballot, contains only the names of the offices to be filled. In one sense it may be urged that the 'exclusively official ballot' is still retained, but in another and broader view it is apparent that its peculiar characteristics have been largely eliminated.

"The Tasmanian Dodge" Prevented.

"I have never objected to any reasonable regulations which have been suggested for the preservation of the secrecy of the ballot and the protection of the purity of elections; but I have opposed every effort, no matter how insidious, which has sought to undermine the principles of manhood suffrage and to establish conditions, restrictions and qualifications not authorized by the constitution itself. Unlike the first two bills this one applies to all elections for public officers by ballot, except school elections. One defect which has existed in all the previous bills has been cured in this. A system of numbering the stubs upon each ballot has been devised, whereby it is believed that the evasion of the Australian system of voting known as 'the Tasmanian dodge' has been effectually prevented.

Some of the Bill's Provisions.

"The conceded unconstitutional section in relation to the election of ballot clerks contained in the last bill has been rejected and a valid and proper provision inserted. The provisions applying the new system to cities where new constitutional amendments or other similar questions are to be submitted to the people have been stricken out. The number of electors necessary to present independent nominations has been increased from that required in the last two bills. The construction of the proposed private booth substantially conforms to the provisions of the Linson bill in that regard. The provision giving two hours to workingmen in which to vote, without deduction of their pay, has been retained by me in my annual message of 1889, has been included in this measure."

"The American Reform Election System."

The governor says that he has approved the bill with the registration provision omitted upon the assurance that such a measure which passed the senate nearly unanimously would also pass the assembly. He says the new bill is not the Australian system, but it "may more appropriately be styled the American reform election system, because it aims at practical rather than theoretical reform, and is in consonance with our American theory of government."

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

The International Copyright Bill Defeated in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The house had a lively fight over the international copyright bill. After a short speech by Mr. Carlisle favoring the bill Mr. Payson (Ills.) said that this country was being made a barnyard and cesspool for literature that ought to be condemned. Mr. Simonds defended the bill as a conservator of a great natural right—the right to own what a man had created.

Mr. Lodge said he hoped with his whole heart that the bill would pass. Mr. Cover (N. Y.) defended the bill, and Messrs. Farquhar and Butterworth spoke in praise of its provisions.

Mr. Lodge said the argument of the opposition was that the bill was going to make literature dearer to the American public. It would do nothing of the kind. France had had an international copyright for years, and series of books were issued there for five cents and seven cents a number, and those books the best literature of France; not the offscouring of the literary gutters of other countries. It was the same in Germany. The effect of this law would be to substitute for the works of France the works of American authors. Mr. Mills (Tex.) thought the bill would increase the price of the foreign authors' book and stop the wheels of civilization by making literature expensive. Mr. Peters (Kan. said that he did not anything of right to make a law that would not bring the greatest good to the greatest numbeff, and the proposed law would not stand this test. Mr. Breckinridge (Ky.) wanted to know if the same logic would not justify a law that would take from Jay Gould his millions.

Mr. Hopkins (Ills.) said that the ostensible purpose of the bill was to extend the rights of American authors to foreign authors, but the measure would create a gigantic publishing monopoly, which would raise the price of every book and periodical printed in this country, and would impose a tax on every reader of books, from the boy with his primer to the college professor with his library. The Congress could not afford to tax every American reader for the benefit of the foreign author. Foreign authors were paid enough in their own country without invading American soil and taxing the American reader.

When the yeas and nays were called the bill was defeated by a vote of 105 to 99. Mr. Breckinridge moved to reconsider the vote, and it will come up today.

The McKinley Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The senate passed the McKinley customs administration bill by a vote of 40 to 29. Mr. Gray's amendment and several others were rejected. The bill is practically unchanged from that reported by the finance committee on the 15th of March. Mr. Plumb gave notice that he would on next Monday ask the senate to take up the bill for the consideration of the state of Wyoming. On motion of Mr. Jones (Ore.) the bill authorizing the issue of treasury notes and deposit of silver bullion was taken up and made the unfinished business from Wednesday next until disposed of.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Bank Examiner Jewell, who is going over the books of the Gloucester City bank at Camden, says that it is his opinion that the bank will be able to pay depositors in full.

Two more judgments have been docketed against ex-Governor Cornell. One was for $5,098 and the other for $1,039. The Garfield National bank was plaintiff in both cases.

John McManus, who has been on trial for the murder of Eugene McGinness, at Philadelphia, has been found guilty of murder in the first degree.

P. E. Wall & Co., of Hampton, Mass., woolen manufacturers, have filed a petition in insolvency.

The suit of William H. Noyes, of Lebanon, Conn., against the Norwich and New York Transportation company for $40,000 damages for injuries received while travelling on one of its steamers has been withdrawn by the plaintiffs paying several thousand dollars.

It is believed here that Secretary Blaine will appoint John B. Moore, now third assistant secretary of state, to the place made vacant by the death of Walker Blaine.

Daniel F. Gibbens, counsel to and late a member of the board of electrical control of New York, and formerly private secretary to Hon. Roswell P. Flower, died May 2 of pneumonia.

Governor Beaver has called for a special election on May 20 to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Congressman Samuel J. Randall.

The senate has approved the bill providing for the establishment of a temporary government in the territory of Oklahoma.

A Jew named Toloman has been arrested at Calcutta on the charge of swindling the Bank of Bengal out of eleven lacs of rupees ($550,000).

It is again announced that William O'Brien, M. P., will marry Miss Raffalovich in June.

Sharpers stole $1,000 from Rev. Father Thomas J. Ariens at Bridgeport, Conn. and left a baby on his hands.

Between Jan. 1, 1886, and Dec. 31, 1889, not less than 7,865 persons had been bitten by mad dogs and treated at the Pasteur institute. Of these fifty-three died. In striking contrast with this small fraction is the percentage of deaths among persons bitten by mad dogs and not treated by the Pasteur method. Physicians are unanimous in placing this percentage at 50.

Boulanger's Friends May Abandon Him.

LONDON, May 3.—The correspondent of The Standard in Paris asserts that the friends of Gen. Boulanger have insisted that he return to France and threatened to abandon him if he does not do so.

A Great Bargain

In the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries		2.00
California Plums	25	2.75
California Apricots	25	2.75
Pranks Bread Corn	15	1.75
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

STELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

JERSEY BANKS CLOSED.

The MacFarlane Rumors Shut Up Six Institutions.

MANY PEOPLE ARE MOURNING.

The Fidelity Surety Trust and Safe Deposit Company, of Camden, and Its Branches, and the Mercantile Bank, of Atlantic City, Have Suspended Payment.

CAMDEN, N. J., May 3.—The Fidelity Surety, Trust and Safe Deposit company, of this city, closed its doors yesterday. The suspension of this institution was expected when the announcement of the failure of the Gloucester City National bank was made. The concerns were very closely allied. Charles R. Work was president of both, and Charles C. McNaughton was a director in both institutions. Cashier Samuel W. Stokes, of the Gloucester bank, was also a director in the Fidelity.

President Work Talks.

A reporter saw J. Austin Ellison, treasurer of the Fidelity, but he declined to make any statement. When asked whether the depositors would get their money, he said: "I decline to say anything."

President Work said: "Under a raid no company can stand. We are all right if we are given a chance to realize without sacrifice on our assets. This has all come from the report that I had stock in the Bank of Gloucester. I sold out my Bank of America stock over a year ago and since that time have had no connection with it whatever."

Scarcely a Ripple Caused.

The company was organized under the state laws. The capital is announced as $200,000, but it is claimed that but a small portion of this is paid in. The company has been doing business less than thirty months. Its suspension caused scarcely a ripple in Camden financial circles.

The Boy's Cheek Was Not Cashed.

President Work and Secretary and Treasurer J. Austin Ellison conducted the entire business, and early in the morning they scattered depositors that the concern was able to meet its obligations. The application of Richard Deer, 14 years old, for $27, the amount of his savings on deposit, was the first to be presented. Deer was informed him that the company was unable to pay the money at that time, but would do so in a few days. The boy was the first to be refused, and left the office with tears rolling down his cheeks.

A Man Cried.

PLEASANTVILLE, N. J., May 3.—The Pleasantville branch bank of the Merchants' bank, of Atlantic City, situated at this place, has gone to the wall. Cashier Dunkle, of the West End bank, said: "The Merchants' bank is not a branch of the American bank of Philadelphia, and has had absolutely nothing to do with any Americus for the last eighteen months. If the depositors will be patient for a few days we can pay every one back dollar for dollar."

The whole town was excited and wrought up over the affair, and one poor old man was standing out in front of the massive bank building crying as though his heart would break, moaning for his hard earned savings to come back. The bank had a capital of $50,000. Cashier Lake, of the branch bank, threatens to make things warm for the papers that have caused the failure.

The bank at Mullica Hill, which is also a branch of the Merchants' bank of Atlantic City, also closed its doors. The depositors of this bank are mostly farmers and are ignorant of the suspension of the parent bank.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
taught by Messrs. Louis Vroux and Creditner, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 25th street.

M. P. L. CONDE,
Teacher of violin, 13 years a student, special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best reference. P. O. Box 250. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,
a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives music to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 24 West Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Private lessons given at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1988.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner an[illegible]ston's school for Girls, 17 Ludlow[illegible], corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
Office and residence, corner of Liberty. Office hours: 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Office and residence, No. 27 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence, No. 108 Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 189 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & COMPTON,
Counselors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Commissioners of Deeds, &c., &c., Notaries Public, &c. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. Office, Court [illegible] Plainfield N. J.

[illegible] LANGDON,
Counselor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Office corner Front and Court streets.

A. DUNHAM,
Civil engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 3 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Particular attention paid to all parts of the county. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York City, rooms 31 and 33, Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

(Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.)

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Over New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1846.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS,

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes a pleasure in informing the public that he has opened a coal office and yard whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager, at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done to the best advantage.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders with the assurance of every careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

[illegible] street, near [illegible] 10-15tf

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese, (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankforts, Head Cheese, Blood Pudding, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Münster Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield and Elizabeth

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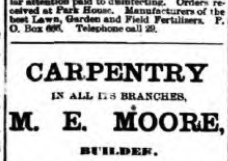
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 699. Telephone call 29.

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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER,

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St., where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

PROPOSALS FOR GRADING, IMPROVING AND MACADAMIZING COUNTY ROADS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the place of meeting of the Board of Chosen Freeholders at the County House in the City of Elizabeth, County of Union and state of New Jersey, until the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon on Monday, the 14th day of May, 1890, as follows:

For the grading where necessary and macadamizing for the width of fourteen (14) feet in the centre of the Scotch Plains and Springfield avenues, through the township of Summit from the boundary line of Union township to a point 1-10 of a mile southerly from the centre of the township of New Providence, in said county of Union, State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on said road or avenue: Three hundred and forty-nine thousand (349,000) cubic yards of excavation, and twenty-seven thousand four hundred and fifty-seven (27,457) square or superficial yards of macadam pavement.

Also for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of fourteen (14) feet in the centre thereof of Springfield avenue through the Township of New Providence from the boundary line of Union township to the centre line of South street in said Township of New Providence in said County of Union, State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on last aforesaid road or avenue: Twenty-six thousand six hundred and fifteen (26,615) cubic yards of excavation and thirteen thousand two hundred and sixty-one (13,261) square or superficial yards of macadam or Telford pavement.

Also for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twenty-four (24) feet in the centre thereof of Westfield road and Brandt's lane through the township of Westfield, in said county of Union, to the township of Scotch Plains boundary line of the City of Railway, in said County of Union, State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on last aforesaid road or avenue: Two hundred and seventy-one thousand (271,000) cubic yards of excavation and thirteen thousand two hundred and sixty-one (13,261) square or superficial yards of macadam or Telford pavement.

Also for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twenty-four (24) feet in the centre thereof of Westfield road and Brandt's lane through the township of Westfield to the boundary line of the City of Railway, in said County of Union, State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on last aforesaid road or avenue: Two hundred and seventy-one thousand (271,000) cubic yards of excavation and thirteen thousand two hundred and sixty-one (13,261) square or superficial yards of macadam or Telford pavement.

Plans and specification and also the conditions and terms of the proposals or bids shall be received, may be examined at the office of E. M. Wood, County Collector, in the County Roads, No. 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Printed copies of the specifications and conditions and terms of the proposals or bids said proposals or bids shall be received can be had at the office of E. M. Wood, County Collector, and also at the office of E. M. Wood, County Collector, in the City of Railway, where proposals are to be addressed to J. R. Hubbard, Director, Court House, Elizabeth, N. J.

The right to reject any or all bids for said work is reserved by said Board as may be deemed for the best interest of the county. And notice is hereby given that the bids will be opened and read by the clerk of the Board of Chosen Freeholders to be held on said twelfth day of May at eleven o'clock in the forenoon at their place of meeting in the Court House, Elizabeth, N. J.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Engineer County Roads.
ATTEST:—CHARLES E. REED, Clerk.
Dated April 18th, 1890.

SEALED PROPOSALS
Will be received at the office of Street Commissioner of the City of Plainfield, No. 7 East Front street, until 12 o'clock noon, on the Twenty-sixth day of April 1890 inst. for furnishing crushed stone to the City of Plainfield during the ensuing year, as follows:

The bids must state the prices for furnishing the so called "Dust" No. 1 or 1-8 inch and No. 2 or 2 1-2 inch, in such quantities and at such places as the said Street Commissioner may direct.

The stone must be of the best quality of trap rock, free from dirt, clay or other foreign material; it must be weighed on such scales as the Street Commissioner may direct and a voucher or weigh bill must be delivered to the driver of the load to the said Commissioner or his authorized representative.

The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved.

ROBERT A. MEEKER,
Street Commissioner.
Plainfield, April 19, 1890. 94-5

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Colognes and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces, etc. Also, Fancy Goods, Notions, Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover, Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

19 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Assyrian Damask, a neat pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Panned.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS,

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 893.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS. McGINTY'S.

Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Prosse.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham;
FAIR PRICES.	Trimmed.

N. B. Smalley's, Dear at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Quarry, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size, delivered at the railroad or possible Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 799.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

8 NORTH AVENUE

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

AN OCEAN MAIL SUBSIDY

Senator Frye's Bill to Rejuvenate American Commerce

AND BUILD AN AUXILIARY NAVY.

A Measure to Subsidize Fast Mail Steamers Which Can Easily Be Changed Into Cruisers in Time of War—American Ships and American Manned.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Senator Frye reported to the senate today from the committee on commerce the bill known as the "shipping league ocean postage" bill already favorably reported from the committee on merchant marine of the house of representatives, with amendments. He also reported, with the sanction of the committee, a bill "to provide for ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports, and to promote commerce," which also has been known as the Frye bill, and which was prepared by him with a great deal of care, and after consultation with leading ship owners and builders in the country.

The Two Bills Provides.

This bill authorizes the postmaster general to make contracts for a term of years with American citizens for the carrying of the United States mails in American steamships between ports of the United States and ports of foreign nations.

It provides that the steamships so employed shall be built in the United States, owned and officered by American citizens, and upon each departure from the United States shall, during the first two years of a mail contract, take a crew, at least one-fourth of whom shall be American citizens; during the next three years one-third, and during the remaining time of the continuance of the contract, at least one-half. It divides the steamships into four classes, the first capable of maintaining a speed of twenty knots an hour at sea in ordinary weather and of a gross registered tonnage of not less than 8,000 tons; provides that only that class shall be employed by the postmaster general for carrying mails between the United States and Great Britain.

The second, Third and Fourth Classes.

The second class shall be iron or steel steamships capable of maintaining a speed of sixteen knots an hour at sea in ordinary weather and of a gross registered tonnage of not less than 5,000 tons; the third class, iron or steel steamships capable of maintaining a speed of fourteen knots an hour at sea in ordinary weather and of a gross registered tonnage of not less than 3,000 tons; the fourth class, iron, steel or wooden steamships capable of maintaining a speed of twelve knots an hour in ordinary weather and of a gross registered tonnage of not less than 1,500 tons.

An Auxiliary Naval Force.

It provides that all steamships of the first class hereafter built in this shall be constructed with particular reference to prompt and economical conversion into auxiliary naval cruisers and according to plans and specifications to be agreed upon by and between the owners and the secretary of the navy, and shall be of sufficient strength and stability to carry four effective rifled guns of a caliber of not less than six inches and be of the highest rating known to maritime commerce.

It provides that those heretofore built and so employed shall be inspected by officers in the navy, and that the secretary of the navy shall report to the postmaster general as to the fitness of the vessel for the service required.

The compensation provided for is $8 per mile for the first class ships and $6 per mile for the second class, by the shortest practicable route, for each outward voyage; for the third class, $1.50; for the fourth class, $1 per mile for the actual number of miles required by the navy department to be traveled on each outward bound voyage.

American Boys as Cadets.

The bill also provides that each of these steamships shall transport free of charge a government mail messenger and furnish suitable rooms for himself and the mails. It provides that contractors may employ naval officers in managing any of these ships with the consent of the secretary of the navy; also that these vessels shall take as cadets or apprentices one American born boy under twenty-one years of age for each 1,000 tons gross register and one for each majority fraction thereof, who shall be educated in the duties of seamanship, rank as petty officers and receive reasonable pay for their services. It also provides that these steamers may be taken and used by the United States government, the owners the government paying therefor a fair value, to be ascertained if the parties disagree by impartial appraisers.

Senator Frye's Expectations.

Senator Frye has reason to believe that if this bill shall become a law, the finest line in the world will be built and put on between New York and Liverpool at the earliest day possible. Also, that a line of second class steamships will be established forthwith between New York and the Rio del Plata, also two lines from the Pacific coast to Japan, China and Australia. One provision in the mail subsidy bill states that the steamships employed shall not receive any other subsidy from the treasury of the United States. A contract for ten years is provided for and the lines are permitted to receive from the nations to which they carry mails additional pay for returning them.

New York Chamber of Commerce Election.

NEW YORK, May 3.—At a meeting of the members of the Chamber of Commerce the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: President, Charles A. Smith; vice presidents, Alexander E. Orr and Morris K. Jessup; treasurer, Solon Humphreys; and secretary, George Wilson. The standing committees and the usual annual boards were also appointed. The committee on foreign commerce and the revenue laws reported in favor of transferring the revenue marine service from the control of the treasury department to that of the navy. Their report was adopted.

The Burt Libel Suit.

BOSTON, May 3.—In the libel suit of Burt vs. the Advertiser on Appraiser McMullen, of New York, testified that Mr. Burt had been granted no privileges except those accorded to all brokers. Dr. Sherer, Examiner Bryant and others gave similar testimony. Ex-Special Officer Silas Burt testified that he knew of no undue privileges granted to his brother. After further testimony both sides rested and the court adjourned until Monday.

An Immigrant Leper at Boston.

BOSTON, May 3.—It is settled beyond a doubt that the Swedish woman who came over on the Cephalonia and was detained at Gallinger's Island is badly afflicted with leprosy. She will be sent back. Her husband and children, who preceded her to this country, live at Waltham. They are allowed to see her, but not to touch her.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National Leagues.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2—2
New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Base hits: Philadelphia, 7; New York, 7. Errors: Philadelphia, 1; New York, 3. Batteries: Vickery and Decker; Hatfield and Buckley. Attendance, 2,553.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0—2
Boston	1	1	5	1	0	0	0	1	2—11

Base hits: Brooklyn, 5; Boston, 18. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Boston, 0. Batteries: Nichols and Bennett, Murphy and Daly. Attendance, 1,160.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	x—2

Base hits: Cleveland, 5; Cincinnati, 7. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Cincinnati, 2. Batteries: Lincoln and Zimmer, Rhines and Harrington. Attendance, 800.

At Chicago—

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Chicago, 12; Pittsburg, 12. Errors: Chicago, 4; Pittsburg, 3. Batteries: Eiteljorg and Kittredge, Keefe and Wilson. Attendance, 900.

Players' Leagues.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 5; New York, 5. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; New York, 3. Batteries: Murphy and Kinslow, Keefe and Ewing. Attendance, 1,503.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	x—1

Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; Boston, 7. Batteries: Philadelphia, 9; Boston, 1. Batteries: Husted and Milligan, Radbourne and Kelly. Attendance, 4,182.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
Buffalo	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	x—4

Base hits: Pittsburg, 6; Buffalo, 8. Errors: Pittsburg, 1; Buffalo, 1. Batteries: Morris and Carroll, Keefe and Mack. Attendance, 2,694.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—4
Chicago	0	4	1	0	1	2	0	0	x—10

Base hits: Cleveland, 7; Chicago, 12. Errors: Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 4. Batteries: Hemming and Brennan, Baldwin and Farrell. Attendance, 1,030.

American Association.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	3	0—6
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Syracuse, 12; Brooklyn, 6. Errors: Syracuse, 4; Brooklyn, 7. Batteries: Lyons and Daily, McCullough and Kay.

At Rochester—

Rochester	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Athletic	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	x—2

Base hits: Rochester, 4; Athletic, 10. Errors: Rochester, 2; Athletic, 1. Batteries: Barr and McGuire, McMahon and Robinson.

At Toledo—

Toledo	0	2	4	0	0	0	4	0	0—10
Columbus	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1—2

Base hits: Toledo, 14; Columbus, 5. Errors: Toledo, 1; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Cushman and Sage, Mays and O'Connor.

At St. Louis—

St. Louis	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0—11
Louisville	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: St. Louis, 15; Louisville, 10. Errors: St. Louis, 5; Louisville, 3. Batteries: Stivetts and Earle, Ehret and Ryan and Neadeau and Wachtsicker.

Atlantic Association.

At Washington—Washington, 10; Worcester, 5. Base hits: Washington, 11; Worcester, 10. Errors: Washington, 4; Worcester, 3. Batteries: Wise and Riddle, Stafford and Wilson.

At Wilmington—Wilmington, 6; New Haven, 13. Base hits: Wilmington, 4; New Haven, 16. Errors: Wilmington, 4; New Haven, 3.

At Newark—Newark, 8; Hartford, 5. Base hits: Newark, 13; Hartford, 6. Errors: Newark, 6; Hartford, 3. Batteries: Sullivan and Duffy, McConnell and Moore.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 3; Jersey City, 4. Base hits: Baltimore, 4; Jersey City, 5. Errors: Baltimore, 7; Jersey City, 3. Batteries: Shaw and Townsend, Fitzpatrick and Reidy.

A Terrible Experience.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 3.—It has just come to light that the party of Chinese who, last week, attempted to smuggle themselves into the United States from Lower California got lost on the desert and had a terrible experience, one of the party dying of thirst and exposure. They found the frontier so closely guarded that they stole to the east and did not get into the desert. Here they wandered about and suffered greatly. One of the Mongolians was a youth of 14 years. His sufferings drove him crazy, and in his ravings he imagined the blistering sand was water, and eagerly filled his parched mouth with it. This only added to his sufferings and he finally died. The others at last reached the railroad and were rescued.

TUCSON, Ariz., May 3.—Judgment has been rendered against six Chinese who were arrested at Nogales for violating the exclusion act. They were ordered to be returned to Sonora. It is reported that large numbers of Chinese in Sonora are crossing the border into the United States territory.

Another Sensation in the Frost Case.

OSWEGO, N. Y., May 3.—At the recent divorce trial of Edgar E. Frost against his wife, Mattie J. Frost, the answer to the complaint being a cross bill, a large number of witnesses were sworn. Their testimony being in direct contradiction on all material points, it was clearly apparent that perjury had been committed by one side or the other, and the jury disagreed. George A. Glynn, Mary Kanoupe, Mrs. Rose Cole, Jennie Wilson, Ada Mosher and Crawford Prosser, witnesses for the defense, have been arrested for perjury and held for the grand jury. The arrests created a great sensation. William A. Poucher, counsel for the defense, said that warrants would be issued for E. E. Frost, the plaintiff, B. C. Frost, his brother; Frank Thorpe and Mrs. Sweetland, witnesses for the plaintiff, on the same charges. Great interest is felt here in the outcome of the affair.

THREE, FOUR B. GRAPEWINES, PAY... and Grain. Plants at John Lindsey's ... Office 19 So. Lindsey, 92 West ... Street.

FOUNDED AT THE "TEMPLE OF PHARMACY," AVENUE AND FOURTH STREET. WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS AND THE MOST RELIABLE CHEMICALS. THE MOON PHARMACY CO.'S PARK.

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NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best ... prompt... CALL AND SEE US.

FIGHTING IN EUROPE.

A State of Siege at Barcelona—A Printing Office Attacked.

PARIS, May 3.—A dispatch from Tourcoing, an extensive manufacturing town in the Department of the North, states that serious trouble has broken out there. The hands employed in twenty-six mills at that place went on strike and great crowds of them gathered about the streets to discuss their grievances. The crowd was augmented by a body of 5,000 strikers from Roubaix, another manufacturing town a short distance distant from Tourcoing, and marched in a mass into that place.

They attacked Holden's factory at Croix intending to plunder it. They shattered all the windows and had nearly effected an entrance when the troops arrived and drove them off. The mob then proceeded to the telegraph office and gutted it. Twenty thousand strikers are parading the streets committing many excesses. The cavalry disperses all groups. Twenty persons have been arrested. There are 40,000 men on strike.

The Strike Fever at Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 3.—The strike movement grows from day to day. The black road in the vicinity of McCormick's reaper works is not much the same appearance this morning as it had four years ago. None but strikers could be seen, and they had entire possession. Every hand in the malle ble iron works, the Deering, Smith and Rock well streets, 1,800 of them, have gone out All the founders at Griffin's, Barnum & Richardson's, and a number of those at McCormick's followed the precedent of the malleable iron men. The entire number of employes of N. K. Fairbanks & Co., on Fourteenth street, about 550, will go out Monday.

The number of molders out is estimated at 2,000. Everything was quiet at the stock yards yesterday afternoon. The butchers laborers and coopers did not go out, and hence the 250 special policemen stationed there had nothing to do. There were some mutterings of discontent, however, and it is still thought that if the strike fever spreads it will reach the stockyards possibly before the day is out.

A number of non-union molders who were being conveyed in a wagon to Mc Cormick's harvester works were attacked by strikers at Blue Island avenue and Thirty-second street.

The windows of the bus were broken and several of the occupants were more or less injured. The driver dodged the rocks which were aimed at his head, and, lashing his horses, succeeded in escaping.

Fighting at Barcelona.

BARCELONA, May 3.—The strikers were very riotous throughout the day and greatly obstructed business. The civil guard having failed to quell the disturbance a state of siege has been declared. The rioters set fire to a tool hut on the streets. The guards charged upon the mob and drove them away, wounding several. Another mob attacked the printing office where the proclamation declaring the siege was being printed, and the troops were called out to protect the building.

Similar outrages are reported from Saragossa, Seville and Alicante.

The mob made another attack on the printing office with such violence as to compel the inmates to flee for safety, tak ing with them copies of the proclamation. They sought refuge in another printing office where they resumed their work under protection of a strong body of troops.

In Other Cities.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—The 3,000 striking carpenters have new firm. They are encouraged by the fact that 'the journeymen bricklayers decided to aid them in their strike.

LOUISVILLE, May 3.—One thousand carpenters went on strike here yesterday. They want eight hours a day and no reduction in wages.

BOSTON, May 3.—A general strike in building trades is threatened. Over 1,500 carpenters struck work.

Weather Indications

Generally from cloudy to partly cloudy, with rain, followed by clearing.

PLAINFIELD
BARGAIN HOUSE,

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 28c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 33c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

* * *

Ask to see the 7 easy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

* * *

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

* * *

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weights and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

PAINTERS.
Bovkalew & Dunn
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R TEA

PEERLESS DYES

Love's Surprise.

Larine (hiding in cupe)—Here he comes now; I will jump out and frighten him.

Larine (jumping out)—Boo. Charlie!—Racket.

The Year Round.

Mrs. De Languide—It's easy telling that spring is here. I have that tired feeling, and horror of exertion.

Mr. De Languide—I think it must be a perpetual spring with you, then.—Munsey's Weekly.

But One.

"Now, Mrs. Taylor, you will excuse me, but before taking your son into my employ, I should like to inquire as to whether he has any bad habits."

"Well, so, sir—only dyspepsy."—Harper's Bazar.

His Weak Spot.

"Why is it that your friend has never succeeded in public life?"

"Periodical weakness."

"Sir? Of what nature?"

"Losing control of his mouth."—Chicago Times.

Thwarted.

When first we met it was agreed
That we should banish Cupid.
She thought him simple; so indeed
Did I, and called him stupid.
"And what's the use," said she, "of his
Immortal semblance?"
Adding, with just, "My motto is,
A Friendly Independence!"

So in the walks around her waist
She'd say we go arm-in-arm;
Meanwhile with constant guns she traced
The cherubs on the ceiling.
And what I could or would demand—
Though ignorance was pleasing—
Was that her rosy plump white hand
Did not object to squeezing.

Then out of friendship I began
Directly to discover
That naturally girl and man
Grow into and love.
I told her so; and when I did—
Has not each thrilling
Her cheeks upon my breast she hid,
And Cupid aided the blessing!
—Harper's Bazar

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 1298. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

JOHN JOHNSTON,
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QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE:
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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

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Established 1866.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
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Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Wines and Pure Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
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All orders delivered Free of Charge, Day or Night.

NEW STORE.
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R TEA

PEERLESS DYES

Showed Him How It Worked.

Exchange Friend—How d'do? Been say spring poets in here to-day? Ha! ha! Heavens, and earth! What d'you throw that ink bottle at me for?

Editor—Nothing. Sit down. I just had the springiest poet in here that you ever saw. He was sitting in that chair you are in now, when suddenly he gave a yell and sprang about seven feet in one jump and bolted out of the door.

Exchange Friend—What was the matter with him?

Editor—Well you see there is a hole in the bottom of that seat, and under it is a pin fastened to this string on my desk, and I simply took hold of the string and gave it a sudden jerk, just like this—what's the matter? Nothing, are you? Well, good day.—West Shore.

He Got the Laugh.

Physician (who thinks his patient, a college professor, more in need of recreation than drugs, but has written a prescription for a mild tonic)—Here is a prescription, professor, but what you need is a good hearty laugh.

College Professor (glancing at the paper) —Ha, ha, ha! Ho, ho, ho!

"Eh? what are you laughing at?"

"Your Latin."—Life.

In Suspense.

Dillenback—What's wrong, old fellow?

Budley—I'm dead broke. I sent a phonograph cylinder to my broker asking him whether he thought I was a blamed fool, and another one to Miss Willets asking her to marry me, and I don't know which of them this answer is from.

Dillenback—What does it say?

Budley—Simply "Yes."—Judge.

No Notice Taken of It.

First Tramp—I don't see why our names don't get inter the papers, Bill.

Second Tramp—Why should they?

First Tramp—Well, I read today that a dinner was given to some big gun in New York a day or two ago. We got dinners at Mrs. Riley's, and nothing is ever said about it. Folks is prejudiced, Bill.—Munsey's Weekly.

Sympathetic.

An old man came into blind sails on an ocean and requests him to examine his eyes.

"Well," remarks the man of science, "I don't see anything."

"Great heavens, doctor! you don't say so? Why, you're as badly off as I am!"—Judge

---

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

ALLEN.
The Stationer,
HANDSOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED
Easter Booklets,
WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.
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FIRE INSURANCE.
Office 20 Door Street, North Plainfield.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time from Plainfield, May 18, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.00, 5.35, 6.05, 6.30, 7.06, 7.30, 7.58, 8.06, 8.45, 8.51, 9.30, 10.05, 11.24, 11.30, 12.01 1.07, 1.46, 2.35, 3.05, 3.47, 4.05, 4.30, 5.05, 5.47, 6.24, 6.40, 7.05, 8.15, 9.08, 10.19, 11.06 p. m. Sunday, 5.37, 5.59, 7.05, 7.47, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, as above. Leave Elizabeth, 4.25, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.25, 6.55, 7.25, 7.55, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 9.55, 10.25, 10.55, 11.25, 11.55 a. m., 12.25, 12.55, 1.25, 1.55, 2.25, 2.55, 3.25, 3.55, 4.25, 4.55, 5.25, 5.55, 6.25, 6.55, 7.25, 7.55, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 9.55, 10.25, 10.55, 11.25 p. m. Sunday, 5.25, 5.55, 6.25, 6.55, 7.25, 7.55, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 9.55, 10.25, 10.55, 11.25 a. m., 12.25, 12.55, 1.25, 1.55, 2.25, 2.55, 3.25, 3.55, 4.25, 4.55, 5.25, 5.55, 6.25, 6.55, 7.25, 7.55, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 9.55, 10.25, 10.55, 11.25 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.18, 7.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.[illegible] a. m., 12.[illegible], 1.[illegible], 2.[illegible], 3.[illegible], 4.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 7.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m. Sunday at 6.18, 8.11, 10.13 a. m., 4.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 7.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND [illegible].

Leave Plainfield at 5.18, 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.11, 10.13 a. m., 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Bound Brook, Somerville, Raritan, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

For Lehigh Valley points, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.17 a. m. For Pennington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Lambertville, New Hope, Doylestown, Quakertown and Allentown, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shamokin. Drifton, Penn Haven Junction, Wilkesbarre, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Belvidere, Delaware, Lambertville, New Hope, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Pennington, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Trenton, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Kingston, Rocky Hill, Princeton Junction, Bordentown, Camden and Atlantic City, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Princeton, Kingston, Rocky Hill, Princeton Junction, Bordentown, Camden and Atlantic City, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Hightstown, Jamesburg, Freehold and Long Branch, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Monmouth Junction, Jamesburg, Freehold and Long Branch, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For South Amboy, Perth Amboy and Raritan, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Metuchen, Perth Amboy and Raritan, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark and New York, 9.17 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For

A DIP INTO THE FUTURE.

WARNING MOTHERS WHO ARE CARELESS ABOUT THEIR CHILDREN.

Where Is No End to the Terrible Ills Which Grow Out of Such Indifference. Fortunately the Majority of Mothers Are Not of This Class.

If every mother "dipped into the future far as human eye could see," and were confronted with a vision of the result of her domestic life and work, she would undoubtedly put far more conscience into both than she does now. Of course, as the saying goes, there are mothers and mothers. There are some whose life from a child's birth is one long act of conscience, of the devotion born of love, regulated by wisdom, and carried to its perfect end. But there are many others at whose hands the generation receives injury; those who regard a child as more a natural happening than anything for which they have a peculiar responsibility, and feel that it must take its chances with all the rest of the physical universe, mothers whose children are described as "tumbling up," for they certainly are not brought up.

The mother who lets the children play with any others whom they please to play with, contents so long as they are not bothering her; who says to the children, "Run away now," so that she may have a gossip with the hour's companion, quite reckless of where it is they run; who is off at a neighbor's for an hour's enjoyment, still ignorant of their whereabouts; who does not worry herself as to what they may be concerned with while she herself is occupied with her fancy work or her novel—that mother is one whose children will never rise up and call her blessed, unless they are dolts, or unless natural affection makes them blind to facts; and she is, moreover, one of those who give occasion for all the wild talk of the people who, bent on reforming the race, would begin by taking children away from their mothers and bringing them up by the public state.

If anything could give excuse for such barbarous and ignorant meddling with the fountain heads of life as the idea of taking children from their own mothers must be considered by all who have a heart in their bosoms or a brain in their heads, it is the behavior of the sort of mother to whom we have been referring. For we have all seen sons of power and vigor, daughters of exceptional capacity, who have gone entirely wrong, and of whom we have said how much they might have been had they been trained by any one else rather than their own mothers.

What else can one of these easy going mothers expect than that her son will, in his unguided ignorance and the inclination of his animal spirits toward amusement and excitement, fall among the companionships which amuse and excite only to ruin? Some fortunate accident, some kind fate, some protecting providence, may lead him to better things; but she cannot know that this will happen; it will be no virtue of hers if it does, and all the odds of humanity are against its happening. Some day, when her boy has beggared his family, broken his wife's heart, and is a wreck and a ruin, society will have a dreadful account to make with her, to say nothing of any higher or vaster account that she may have to settle. And then is her daughter-in-law—who sees how different might be her own fate and that of her children in her turn, had her husband's mother done her simplest duty—going to keep silence about her? That daughter-in-law is, as likely as not, the only force in which Nemesis shall perpetually approach her, but some power have mercy on her when that perhaps now unborn individual takes to comprehend to whom it is she owes the loss of the happiness of her own life, the sorry outlook of her children, and more, and worse than all, the ineffaceable of the one dearer to her than life itself!

It is fortunate that of the great mass and number of mothers who are able to call their time their own there is a large and but few, comparatively speaking, who let their children run up like weeds in this way, with only the care that cannot in any way be dispensed with. But it is necessary for the well being of the individual and of the community that there should be none at all. This *is necessary*, moreover, for the salvation of the mother herself and the idea of motherhood, which should have no such obloquy cast upon it, all good mothers resenting the existence of this poor one as an injury to themselves. A leopard cannot change his spots; a woman cannot, perhaps, materially alter her characteristics; but a good mother is the same the world over. She forgets herself in her child; his good, his comfort and his pleasure are all far before her own; and when she has added to her obligations by bringing him into the world, and although he may not afford her other is bound to him, she has performed at whatever cost to herself. Whatever the child's father may do, however it may be that he performs or not his own obligation in the matter, here remains the same. She is answerable to God for this child. She never needs to think of any dreadful day when the jewel that was given her will be demanded back, undulled and unbroken, if the unceasing thought of her inner consciousness has been how she can turn this jewel so that it will receive and retain the most of the ineffable light; how she can train up her child to help forward the purposes of God in the world.—Harper's Bazar.

The Piano for Saving.

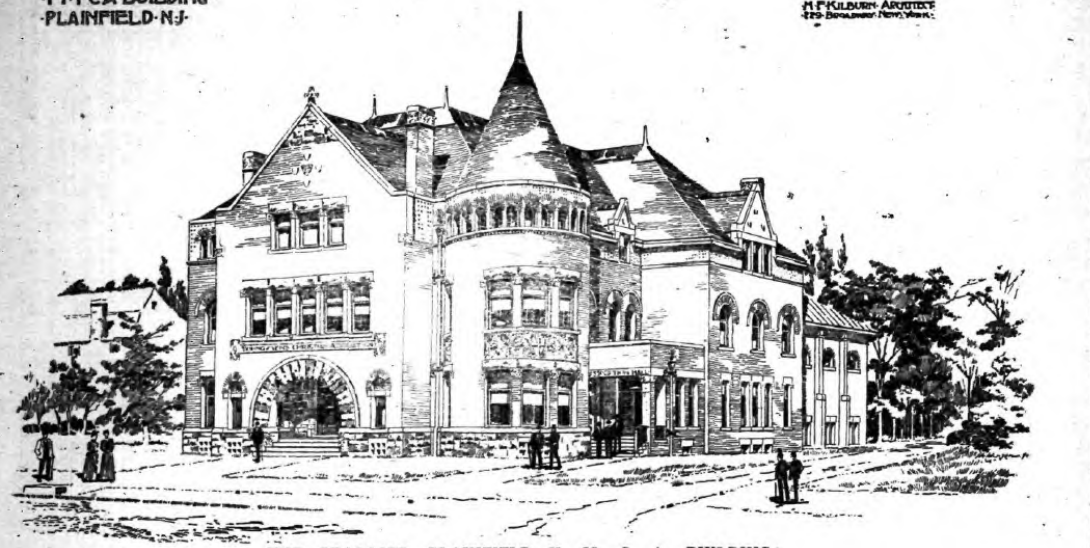
Every woman daughter among us would scoff at the idea of not being a better political economist than was her grandmother. And yet she saves her money in the same way and somewhere it is precisely the same place—i. e., her stocking. You think this isn't true? Well, then, you haven't seen the last new thing in stockings. Where the upper part of the leg is set a cute little pocket with a lap that buttons over, and in this mademoiselle may put away the roll of bank notes that represents her winter's savings.—New York Sun.

The Latest in Bells.

The little bell by which my lady summons her attendant is no longer the bronze or brass one which is struck with a hammer, but is, instead, a small bell of the ordinary shape, made of clear crystal, and having a clapper of gold. If she wishes to be very smart, or if the bell is sent as a present, it may have a monogram or crest done in gold on the clear glass.—New York Sun.

Miss Rebecca Williams, of Baltimore, is one of the very few American girls whose portrait was painted by Cabanel, the great French portrait painter. She is a pale and pretty blonde, with soft blue eyes, fair hair and a beautiful mouth.

Miss Linda Cooper, the pretty brunette daughter of a well known Philadelphia merchant, is noted for her love of fine trotting horses. She drives out single or double, and no member is so bad as to keep her from the road.



THE PROPOSED PLAINFIELD Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Novelties in Ball Cards, Menus, Leather Goods and Stationery Adjuncts.

Ball cards as well as menus are made in form of miniature books with loose covers. The pages inside record the dances or bill of fare, and the cover is ornamented in various ways. The best style is very plain and simple, with the address and date, but other cards, popular also, are prettily and artistically illustrated in the style of a Christmas card, with a spray of flowers, etc. The pencils and cord often correspond in color with the card.

In colored note paper the favorite shade at present is deep sky blue, with the address, initials or name printed in white. Very plain lettering is fashionable. In fancy leather goods a crushed morocco, which has a beautifully glazed surface in a rich shade of copper red, is the last novelty. The glazing is caused by a peculiar manipulation of the leather. Blotters, note and card cases and every sort of table knickknack may be had in it.

A useful table adjunct is an upright leather pad, with calendar leaves attached to it, each of which comprises a week and its engagements, and can be torn off at the expiration of it. The leaves are so loosely arranged in book style that each can be lifted up to fill in approaching engagements. There is a pencil slipped in at one side. Small square pocket diaries in colored morocco, with a Christmas name stamped on in gold, are pretty for little presents.

Insect Pests of the Household.

The roaches which infest the country are of three species. Only one of these is indigenous, and this one is the least harmful of the three and is commonly called the "black beetle." It is much larger than the other two, being frequently an inch and three-quarters in length. The other two are imported species, the larger being the Oriental cockroach and nearly allied to the American species just mentioned. It particularly thrives in the ships which it infests the world over. But the Croton bug, so called from having first appeared in force on the introduction of the Croton water system, in New York city, is by far the most abundant and does the greatest damage. They are nearly omnivorous, but particularly eat everything containing paste, and therefore wall paper, book bindings, etc. The only practical remedy, according to Professor Riley, in Insect Life, is to be found in a free and persistent use of fresh buhach or pyrethrum powder. To insure purity and freshness buy only the powder that is put up in tin cans.

Hanging Pictures.

To obviate the necessity of marring room walls with nails or screw holes when pictures are to be hung, put up a gilt or even a plain wooden molding all around the room at a distance of several inches from the ceiling, according to the height of the walls. The molding comes just below the frieze or bordering of the wall. The pictures on the walls are suspended from this molding by means of small brass fixtures that come for this use. Fine picture wire should be employed in place of the old fashioned cord, which catches dust, and is liable to become rotten or moth eaten and to give way under the weight of heavy pictures.

How to Make a Mosaic Table.

An amusing occupation is making a mosaic table, and The New York Sun tells how to do it. Buy one of the cheap pine tables intended for enameling and cover the top, a portion at a time, with a layer of plaster of paris, on which, while fresh, small pieces of china are imbedded like a mosaic. All your own pretty broken chips and all you can beg from your friends may be utilized in this way, the secret of success being in the careful fitting of the pieces. Many very pretty summer house or veranda tables are thus made, and the occupation usually proves very fascinating to children on rainy mornings.

Buns for Making Sandwiches.

To three pounds of flour add a quarter of a pound of butter, one ounce of sifted sugar, a pinch of salt, one ounce of yeast and two eggs; mix with enough new milk to make a light dough. Set the mixture in a warm place for some hours, and when light divide into small buns. Let them stand on the hot plate to warm for a few minutes before baking in a quick oven. To be eaten hot buttered, either hot or cold. These rolls, a day old, are delicious for making sandwiches.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

Kline's Extracts.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of al kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes an Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best o kind for the same money. We lead and is first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for t large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Goats' Ladies', Misses and Children' Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

TWO MORE GREAT BARGAIN WEEKS IN SHOES!

our New Goods are coming in so fast and so many of them, we can readily see we will not have room for them. We have gone all through the Stock bought of Mr. Randolph and have concluded to sell off all that stock at a GREAT REDUCTION this Week and Next. We have marked them all down something like this: We have few Ladies' Shoes left in E. C. Burt's and McCombe's sizes 3 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, a wide marked down from $5, $6 and $7 to $1.50.

LADIES' KID SHOES	$1.00,	former price	$2.00.
" "	1.50,	" "	3.00.
" "	2.00,	" "	3.50.
GENT'S SHOES	.50,	" "	1.50.
" "	1.00,	" "	2.50.
" "	2.00,	" "	3.00.
" "	2.50,	" "	4.00.

We have the above Shoes in all sizes, with the exception of McCombe's and Burt's. This will be the GREATEST SALE for Bargain Seekers that Plainfield ever saw. While you are here look at our Slippers and Ties for ladies; also our $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes made especially for us. This Sale will commence on WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23d, and continue until MAY 31. TRY US ON REPAIRING. We don't promise to make old shoes new, but we can and do make them almost as good as new, and give them a new lease of life. Many people do not have Shoes repaired because they have a notion that they look botchy and clumsy, but such is not the case with us, for we put in the finest leather that can be Bought, and have the work done by one of the best Shoemakers in the State.

ROGERS BROS., 12 W. Front St.,

SUCCESSOR TO D. F. RANDOLPH, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Trilled bowding reduced to 6c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey Jackets and capes, from $2.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS,

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET,

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'dway

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH and AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Enrolled by None

14 AND 16 SOMERSET STREET.

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA, and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

R. W. RICE & Co.

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 75B.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

1890.

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES,

34 West Front St.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Tabeau Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 324

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Rooms adjoining for Ladies. 61 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, MAY 5. 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—The Electric Light Company propose to extend their street lights.

—In Mr. Langbein's advertisement there is notice of special interest to-day.

—The six o'clock train from New York Saturday evening broke an eccentric rod at Westfield.

—The Rutgers' College nine will cross bats with the Crescents in a game of ball next Saturday afternoon.

—The regular meeting of the McAll Auxiliary will be held at the Library to-morrow morning at eleven o'clock.

—The class for Inductive Bible study and the Young Men's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The fat men and slim men are arranging for a game of ball to be played on the Crescents grounds some time next month.

—A fight occurred on West Second street near New street, Saturday evening. When the police arrived the participants made their escape.

—The Young Crescents defeated V. Lorentz's nine in a game of ball on the Sixth street grounds Saturday morning by a score of 13 to 10.

—Members of the Mechanical Drawing class organized October last are requested to leave all their drawings with them to the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow.

—The employes of the Pond Machine and Tool company quit work Saturday at noon. This summer will observe Saturday half holidays until September 1st.

—Meeting for consecration and prayer in parlors of Mrs. Emma D. Poole this evening at 8:15, all are invited. 22 West Third street second house from Central avenue.

—A seventeen ton planer was shipped to Worcester from the Pond Machine and Tool Works Saturday. It required three flat cars to convey the massive moulding to its destination.

—Wm. Blaikie, the talented author of books on Physical Culture will give a lecture at Crescent avenue church chapel May 20th. A full account of it will appear in their advertisement, which will be published in a few days.

—A stock of dangerous acids in Randolph's pharmacy fell to the floor and broke between Saturday night and Sunday morning. The burning acids caused an alarm of fire. Fire was prevented however by the neutralizing effect of some of the compounds.

—The condition of James Furlong, the man who was slightly wounded, is reported as much improved by the matron of Matteawan Hospital. The severe headache of which he complained so much has left him entirely. He will probably be discharged in a few days, entirely cured.

—Sunday, at 3 p. m. the regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held, at which some interesting statements will be given, relating to juvenile work of the Union, also the subject of "Better Day Reading" will be presented by Mrs. Fernal. It is hoped that any who may be interested in either of these will call and be present. The meeting being open to every one, at 73 West Front street.

—A team on one of a team of horses belonging to Councilman Roberts broke under Park avenue bridge this afternoon. A train of cars crossed at the time and the horses on the bridge gave a sudden jump which caused the break. They ran at full speed along Park avenue to near Randolph road, by which time the skillful driver succeeded in getting them under control, without further damage than a run.

—All the prizes for orchids offered at the spring floral and musical festival, held from the 21st to the 25th of April were secured by the exhibit of J. R. Pitcher, of Shrub Hills, N. J. The prizes amounted to $333 in cash, in addition to which ten special premiums, consisting of a gold medal, royal Worcester vase, whose intrinsic value amounted to several hundred dollars, also went to Mr. Pitcher. This collection of orchids was a great surprise to the residents of Detroit, and during the whole of the exhibition the crowd around it was so great as to render the aisles in its immediate vicinity almost impassable.

A Challenge From Sullivan.

There appeared last week in one of the Boston papers a canine challenge of a humorous nature, reading as follows:

BOSTON, May 1st.

I hereby challenge any dog of any breed to stand up before me for four rounds, (Queensbury rules) for a stake or stakes of any amount. Winner to take all. If there is a black dog in Boston by the name of Jackson let's say "him." I mean "him." Fight to come off this week, as I go to Plainfield, N. J., Monday, May 5th, to spar with Jake Kilrain.

Yours dog on you,

JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

Champion of the Bow-wow World.

The Australian Folly Troupe opens at Amphion Hall to-night in addition to the dog drama, which includes the "challenger" when "duff" is printed above. The novelties will catch some of our young people, who believe in getting an evening's enjoyment, at prices within the bounds of their moderate pocket books.

"The Mistakes of Moses."

Mr. Hastings will deliver his celebrated lecture entitled "The Mistake of Moses," under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. in the First Baptist church Tuesday, May 6th, at eight p. m. Admission free. The following is the title of the:

"Mr. Hastings is a superior lecturer—able, ready, sharp, and humorous. The power of his voice is remarkable. In his finest passages he is heaven's so powerful, vigorous, and clear, that the roof of the Concert Hall rung with the sound. In manner and in matter he is equally good. "The Mistake of Moses" was a splendid defence of the wise law giver, and if Mr. Hastings's statistics about the ingenuity of the Jews are correct, we have a most striking proof of the grand common sense which governed the Mosaic law. A more convincing audience he could not have found than that which listened to him on Sunday afternoon and evening."—Hastings and St. Leonard's News.

BASE BALL SATURDAY.

The Crescents Defeat the Silentias by a Score of 19 to 6.

A large number of spectators congregated on the Crescent's ball grounds Saturday afternoon to witness the game of ball between the home team and the Silentias, a deaf mutes team from New York. It was confidentially whispered around the "Pat" Gateley, the Crescent's pitcher last year, would pitch for the mutes and it was thought that he would *do his utmost to defeat the Plainfielders* because they did not re-engage him to pitch this season. Gately was there right enough but his pitching did not appear to trouble the Crescents at all for they knocked the ball all around the field. The game was the Crescents from the start and towards the close became uninteresting. The mutes did not succeed in making one run and only one of their players reached third base. The Crescents rolled up eighteen runs. The home Crescents had strengthened their team by substituting two new players, Waller of the Pond Machine and Tool works and Collins of the Brooklyn L's instead of McMurray and Spencer, Gillis played in center field. He will play with the Crescents the balance of the season. The teams were made up as follows:

Crescents—Martin, s. s.; Lufbery, 3b; *Wiegand*, 1b; Jones, c.; Lee, 2b.; Gillis, c. f.; Livingston, p.; Collins, l. f.; Walker, r. f.

Silentias—Kesservittes, l. f.; Broad, 2b; Haydon, s. s.; Gateley, p.; Stevenson, c.; Mc Vey, 1b.; Dunnison, r. f.; Turner, 3b.; Golfer, c. f.

The following is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents.....	1	3	3	5	4	0	0	0	—	19
Silentias.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

ARRESTED FOR KIDNAPPING.

After a Lively Tussle the Hueges Brothers are Locked up.

Ernest Huegen and his brother Rhinehart were yesterday arrested by Special Marshals Decker and ex-Special Marshal Pangborn. Some years ago the wife of Gustav Sutterlein of Greenbrook road eloped with Rhinehart. Mrs. Sutterlein took her younger child, a girl, with her. Some time afterward Mr. Sutterlein was passing along the streets of New York, when he was surprised to see his child, dirty and ill clad playing in the side walk. He picked the little one up and brought it to his home in North Plainfield. Some time afterward Huegen, it is alleged, kidnapped the child and consulted Mr. Sutterlein. The latter obtained a warrant for his arrest and he was later indicted by the Somerset County Grand Jury.

He then left for parts unknown and nothing had been heard of him until yesterday. Mr. Sutterlein hearing that Hoegen was stopping at the Union House, learned that the man was but here for the purpose of again kidnapping the child, informed Marshal Decker. The officer went to the house for the purpose of arresting Huegen under the indictments and the fellow resisted. His and his brother then barricaded themselves, and it is thought would have succeeded in making the escape had it not been for the timely arrival of Mr. Pangborn and Mr. Peter Rose. Both men were then arrested and locked up in the station house. They are to be given a hearing at Somerville this afternoon before Justice Hardy. The old charges against Ernest will be heard and Rhinehart will be tried for disorderly conduct and assault.

Another Cock Fight.

Another cocking main occurred Saturday night between North Plainfield and Scotch Plains. Five battles were fought, North Plainfield coming out ahead. It is said that the main occurred in a barn on the outskirts of the borough and was witnessed by about twenty-five young sports. These fights ought to be prohibited. The authorities, it is said, know the parties and arrests may follow.

Smashed His Feet.

Jacob Conde, an employe of the Pond Machine and Tool Works, met with a painful accident Saturday afternoon. A hand-car used at the works jumped the track and while engaged righting it, Mr. Conde's foot in some way caught under one of the wheels and was badly crushed. A physician dressed the wound and Mr. Conde was taken to his home on West Front street.

Another Mad Dog.

A rabid dog was running at large in the vicinity of Richmond street yesterday afternoon. The canine succeeded in biting several other dogs, a cow and a goat before it was shot. The goat was also killed. All the dogs which were bitten will be shot as speedily as possible and every precaution taken to guard against the spreading of that dreaded malady, hydrophobia.

A Painful Accident.

Michael Coyne, a West Front street tailor, met with a painful accident Saturday afternoon. While engaged in running a sewing machine, when in some unaccountable way his hand slipped. The needle penetrated one of the fingers on his left hand and broke off. Dr. Robinson probed for the needle and found it. The wound is very painful.

Emma Day Did Not Die.

Emma Day, the young Summit frobog, who twice attempted suicide by swallowing laudanum in Newark last week, was committed to jail Saturday night for sixty days in order to give her a chance to realize her position. She is evidently demented, and an examination of her mental state will be held.

Fined $5 and Costs.

Mr. J. Newton Honeyman of Craig place, North Plainfield, was placed on trial before Justice Hardy, Saturday evening on the charge of assaulting Borden Drake. After hearing the testimony the justice adjudged Mr. Honeyman guilty and fined him five dollars and costs. The case will be appealed.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

A DISCUSSION OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY.

Senators' Peculiarities.—Some Interesting Statistics.

(Special Correspondence).

WASHINGTON, D. C.

To use a "professional" term, the Democrats in this congress find themselves "outclassed". And yet there is nothing strange about that, as everybody knows that about all the brains of the country are in the Republican party. But the Democrats have now reached that stage where they are quarreling among themselves. I am speaking of the house; if representatives particularly, not in loud, but nevertheless deep tones, and instead of shouting themselves hoarse for a "horse", as Richard did, their cry is for a man. In truth, they admit that the Democrats at the important political juncture are destitute of a leader in the lower branch of Congress. This admission is the more remarkable as in times past every mother's son of them considered himself born and fit to lead, and nothing but the superb organization of the republican majority and their parliamentary discipline under those who may honestly be termed kings among us, has brought them to a different frame of mind. But leaders are born, not made, and although Napoleon claimed that "opportunity made the man," there have been plenty of opportunities but they have not as yet been able to produce the man. In talking with one of the leading democrats, one who has not aspired to leadership, because he is too lazy to make the effort, we ran over the names of those who have aspirations "holy" and here are the results as figured out.

Carlisle, who is the leader they have in the absence of a better one, was acknowledged to be dignified, too dignified for a hot fight, able, and of a judicial temper which makes him a respectable antagonist in quiet times, but without any of the essential elements of a parliamentary leader in a body the fray began.

Mills, well, Mills will only be remembered in Legislative history as the Mills bill.

Springer of Illinois knows more than the rest of them about the rules and is willing to talk upon any occasion, whether the House be turbulent or peaceful, but he does not know when to stop.

But why go on. The rest are only secondary stars, qualified to shine in limited areas, but they are entirely obscured by the light of the illuminous mass on the Republican side, revolving around the great central orb, Speaker Reed.

The members on the Republican side enjoy the embarrassment of their political opponents, and are inclined to joke them about it, for as one of them said they are in a peculiar predicament for a body without a head surely cannot live. The only many qualified to lead *them they with their accustomed ingratitude*, crucified politically, and when the hour of need came they prayed for his resuscitation, but until his grave went all their hope. Let them try where is now our deliverance!

The chief of the statistical bureau of the agricultural department furnishes some interesting figures relative to the condition of farm animals from which the following facts are taken: Texas has the most horses, each as they do cattle, being 1,350,344, with Illinois second, where there are 1,123,983, and down third with 1,005,300, comes Iowa. These are the only States which have more than a million of horses, even New York having but 673,950, Pennsylvania 608,261, and Ohio 607,897. In the entire country there are 14,313,897 horses. In the number of milch cows, oxen and other cattle, Texas again leads with *8,011,795, but there are a number* of States where there are more than a million. Iowa comes second with 3,089,049, Kansas has 2,580,200, Missouri 2,360,000, New York 2,300,000, Ohio 2,200,657, Pennsylvania 1,790,933, Ohio 1,726,441, Wisconsin 1,479,758, Minnesota, 1,100,373, Colorado 1,114,496, Dakota, 1,070,696, Montana, 1,014,921. These are the only States where there are more than a million cattle.

The past week witnessed a social event as it was affecting, in this instances, in the visit to the White House of the widow of ex-President Garfield. It was her first entrance to the mansion since leaving it under the sad circumstances of 1881, now nearly nine years ago. This makes the second distinguished call of this character in the past season, the widow of General Grant having visited the family of President Harrison during the Winter. It might be mentioned, incidentally that there are only three widows of ex-presidents now living, Mrs. James K. Polk and those just mentioned. All of them by law enjoy a privilege not accorded to any other persons in this country, and that is by personal frank to send their letters through the mail free. Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Polk also enjoy the additional pension of $5,000, the largest paid in this country, but Mrs. Garfield has never been so favored, Congress having been of the opinion that the sum raised for her by subscription (nearly $350,000) at the time of the assassination was sufficient for her, support, and, besides, there are strong objections to class pensions, which was only violated owing to the great services of General Grant, while Mrs. Polk, than in destitute circumstances, came in on the former's skirts.

The politicians who were here do congregate have been much excited over the speeches delivered at the American club's banquet in Pittsburg, as the speakers were men of high eminence, their words of no uncertain tone, and the subject touched upon of immediate and vital interest. Briefly, the following is the gist of the opinions of leading public men in the premises. The stand boldly and openly taken by Speaker Reed in behalf of pure and untrammeled elections means that the duties of this session will not be considered as complete until a national election law is on the statute books, and one strong enough, too, to compel submission to its provisions, both South and North. ARMAT.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frank Voseller has returned to his home in this city from a brief stay at Chicago.

Miss Annie Buckley of West Fourth street has gone on a thirty weeks visit to Montclair, N. J.

Mrs. F. C. Brown of New York is visiting at the residence of Mr. T. J. Lynes of Somerset street.

Mr. Frank McChesney, formerly of this city but now of Newark, spent yesterday with friends here.

Mr. Patrick Connolly and bride have arrived in this city from Worcester. They will make Plainfield their home.

Mr. W. B. Rogers of the firm of Rogers Bros., left last night for Pittsburg, Pa., to give testimony in a counterfeiting case.

On Saturday next Father Smyth, the pastor of St. Mary's church will sail for Europe. He expects to be absent until September.

Mr. George Mehl has returned to his home on West Second street, from a month's stay at Boston, Mass. He is looking good. Boston-baked beans agreed with him.

The funeral of the late Hugh O'Donnell, who died Friday, took place from his late home on South Second street yesterday afternoon at half-past two o'clock. Interment in St. Mary's cemetery.

James Evans died at his home on West Fourth street Saturday afternoon after a lingering illness with consumption. Deceased was in the 31st year of his age. He had been an employe of the Potter Press works for a number of years past and was very popular among his fellow-workmen. The funeral took place from his late residence this afternoon at two o'clock. The Rev. Cornelius Schenck officiated. Interment was made at Annandale, N. J.

Dunellen Notes.

Mr. Charles Carpenter of Railroad fame has entered into partnership with Mr. F. Gize, in the concrete pavement business, we wish him success in his new enterprise as he is a good man and true friend to all worthy of his friendship.

The new pastor at the Presbyterian church is very much liked. We expect he will be the means of doing much good in his field of labor.

Dulaman & Co. are to erect a handsome new store, one that our village will be proud of.

Mr. Irvin Shale, is about to build large stables for the purpose of carrying on the livery business.

We have one great nuisance in our midst, the brickyarders, and for a few days after pay day it is almost unsafe for men, women or child to walk on the street either day or night. Can't something be done for protection from insult or injury. We are becoming afraid.

Bishop Scarborough administered the rite of confirmation to two young men in Holy Innocents Episcopal church, on Sunday evening. Fine music was rendered for the occasion. All received a cordial welcome. NEMO.

Cricket Match.

The Secretary's eleven and the Captain's eleven of the St. George's Cricket Club played a friendly match at Evens, Saturday afternoon, the Captain's eleven winning by 19 runs. The scores are as follows:

SECRETARY'S ELEVEN.

1st Inning.

J. Forster, c. Arden, b. Heudry	0
J. Stansfield, b. Heudry	0
W. Ahlgren, b. Arden	3
W. Gutteridge, c. Head, b. Heudry	0
T. Winsper, b. Arden	2
W. Gutridge, b. Heudry	0
C. Mclntosh, b. Heudry	0
D. Mclntosh, b. Heudry	4
J. Ogden, b. Heudry	6
R. W. Slader, not out	3
C. Jolly, b. Heudry	1
Total	24

2d Inning.

J. Forster, c. Head, b. Arden	0
J. Stansfield, b. Arden	2
W. Ahlgren, b. Arden	3
W. Gutridge, c. Andrews, b. Arden	0
T. Winsper, not out	9
W. Barton, b. Heudry	0
C. McIntosh, b. Heudry	0
D. McInnes, b. Arden	0
J. Ogden, c. Heudry, b. Arden	1
R. S. Slader, b. Heudry	0
C. Jolly, b. Heudry	7
Total	17

CAPTAIN'S ELEVEN.

1st Inning.

J. Clifton, b. Wharton	0
G. Burns, b. Jolly	17
J. Arden, b. Wharton	14
H. Heudry, b. Wharton	1
W. Head, c. and b. Wharton	2
N. Head, c. and b. Wharton	2
J. Sylvester, b. Wharton	0
R. J. Neal, b. Wharton	1
J. Clancy, b. Stansfield	0
J. Sylvester, b. Jolly	5
H. Winspere, b. Wharton	0
Total	41

2d Inning.

J. Clifton not out	0
B. Burnes, b. Stansfield	0
J. Arden, b. Stansfield	1
N. Heudry, b. Stansfield	0
R. Gow, b. Stansfield	0
W. Head, b. Stansfield	0
J. Sylvester, b. Jolly	0
J. Sylvester, b. Jolly	0
R. J. Neal, b. Jolly	0
J. Clancy, b. Wharton	0
T. McNeil, b. Jolly	0
H. Winsper, c. McIntosh, b. Ahlgren	1
Total	19

Officers Nominated.

At a regular meeting of the Catholic Young Men's Literary Union held Saturday evening the following officers were put in nomination for the ensuing six months:

President—George Tobin.

Vice President—Richard Whalen.

Recording Secretary—Philip Butcher.

Financial Secretary—Frank Mahaney.

Treasurer—Rev. J. A. Stafford.

Board of Directors—Michael Mack, H. Boston Daly, Andrew Nolan, John McNally, John J. Gallagher and Joseph Gavin.

Librarian—Dennis Galbraith.

Sergeant-at-Arms—Edward McCann.

Auditing Committee—Thomas Hughes and W. P. Brown.

—Marie Herbert Frohman is booked to appear at Music Hall next Thursday in Ingomah.

ANOTHER FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT

James McNally Dies From Injuries Received Yesterday.

James McNally an employee of the Pond Machine and Tool Works, was struck by the 1:25 a. m. train Sunday and received injuries from which he died later in the day. McNally, it appears, had visited Dunellen during Saturday evening, where he had been drinking. He boarded the 11:23 p. m. train intending to come to this city. He fell asleep between Dunellen and Plainfield and was carried through to Cranford, where he got off.

It is not known whether or not the unfortunate man was attempting to board the "owl" train when he was struck. The engineer saw the man, stopped, picked him up and brought him to this city.

Upon arriving here McNally was taken to Muhlenberg Hospital and Dr. Long was summoned. After making an examination the doctor saw that the man could not survive his injuries and after making him as comfortable as possible he left. The man breathed his last at eleven o'clock.

The body was removed to Runyon's morgue, where it now lies.

BOUND BROOK'S DEATH-TRAP.

One More Added to the Long List of Those Killed.

About one o'clock Sunday morning the mutilated but living body of Benjamin Wallen was picked up after being run over by a freight train bound East on the Lehigh Valley Railroad near the water tanks where so many have been killed.

The unfortunate man was carried to the freight depot. Both legs had been severed by the car-wheels. Medical aid was of no avail and after suffering about two hours he expired.

Mr. Wallen was a colored man about 40 years of age and resided at Bloomington, N. J. He was formerly of Hartford, Conn., where he is said to have friends. What he was doing in the locality where he met his death at so unseasonable an hour is not known. He was said to have been very a quiet, well behaved man.

The Lehigh Valley Co., will give the remains decent interment.

This Date in History—May 5.

455—Birth of Emperor Justinian, famous Roman law giver.

1648—Charles I of England surrenders to the Scots.

1813—Battle of Fort Meigs between Indians and British under Gen. Proctor and Tecumseh, and American under General Afterwards President Harrison; the Americans victorious, but sustained a great loss in killed, wounded and prisoners.

1821—Death of Napoleon Bonaparte at St. Helena.

1826—Prince Mensikoff presents the Russian ultimatum to the Porte relative to the Montenegrin boundary.

1840—Battle of Williamsburg, Va. Union loss, 2,228; Confederate loss, 1,682.

1864—Gen. B. F. Butler lands on the south side of the James.

1864—Sherman advancing on Johnston. Engages the Confederates at Rocky Face ridge, Ga. Heavy fighting for five days. Union loss, 697; Confederate, 930.

1864—Battles of the Wilderness, Va.—Union loss, 18,187; Confederate, 11,400.

1864—Rann Allemania attacked by Federal gunboats.

1872—Death of Isaac Butt, M. P., Dublin, Ireland, aged 64.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A YOUNG colored girl wished a situation as chambermaid and nurse. Can be seen at 26 Broadway.

A GOOD horse for sale cheap. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 30 4

COMFORTABLE front room to let, furnished or unfurnished. Enquire 11 West Front street. 3-2

FIRST-CLASS board and accommodations, for gentleman and wife. Enquire 15 Prospect avenue, corner of First place.

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of seven or four acres. E. R. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-9-eotf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $19 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John P. Wilson. 3-tf

FOR SALE—Fine side bar surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. F. Dupee, 30 Rockview avenue. 5-1tf

FOR SALE—A lot of well rotted manure. Call at once. 11 Mountain avenue. 3-3

RESIDENCE to let, one block from Park and Front, 10 Craig place, all improvements; bath. Inquire Dunham, 7 East Front street.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Highest references. 26 years' issues secured. Trade-marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fees. Information, advice, and special reference sent on request. 19-13-tf

TO LET—Small house at No. 33 Park place, North Plainfield.

TO RENT—Fine parlor, six windows, good neighborhood, suitable for doctor, dentist or insurance agent. Address "P," care of Evening News.

TO LET—A large loft at No. 81 Somerset street. Also a barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Steyrigen.

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a successful N. Y. Company incorporated with $1,000,000 capital. Local or traveling. Permanent. Position established 1st. References exchanged. Empire Co-operative Association (credit well rated), Lincoln 610, N. Y. 4 m 1y

WANTED—Good cook and handmaid. Apply at 32 West Eight street. 3-2

WANTED—A girl for chambermaid and waitress. Must have good references. Apply at 24 Crescent avenue. 7 3tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 5 First place. 4-3tf

MUSIC HALL NOTICE.

The annual meeting of directors of the Music Hall Association of Plainfield will be held in Music Hall parlors on Monday, May 12, 1890, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock, 7.45 p. m. to 8.45 p. m. The annual meeting of stockholders will be held on the same date at the same place at 8 o'clock p. m.

CRAIG A. MASSIE, Sec.

Plainfield, N. J., April 23, 1890.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION—A SUMMER class will be formed for ladies in singing next music under the direction of David C. Taylor, commencing June 1st. Terms, 12 lessons $10, payable in advance. Apply at room 20, Music Hall on Friday May 2d after 12 o'clock. 25-6

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT

By request Mr. Dr. Edwards will remain one week longer, until May 7. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 6, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all matters of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. She will remain but a few days only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 30-1w

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:30, 8:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTUS, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 4:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—9:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8:10 a. m. Office open from 9:00 to 10:00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

H. SPENCER.

Grocer and tinsmman, 70 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar posts, tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Prof. Seguelo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. for terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 32 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 9-1w

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Island Mount and Process" will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

FOR *NEW STYLES* IN

HATS

GO TO

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

READY FOR BUSINESS.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new contiguously.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8.

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, yard wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

WE WILL HOLD

The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.

ROGERS BROS.,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

19 WEST FRONT STREET.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, May 8th,

Return of the FAVORITE

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN.

As PARTHENIA,

In the Romantic classical 6-act drama

"INGOMAR"

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday at the usual places.

Amphion Hall TO-NIGHT

And Every evening this week.

Grand Opening.

With new Scenery and Decorations by Scenery of New York. The famous

Australian FOLLY TROUPE

Including the SISTERS COULSON.

JOHN AND NELLIE HEALEY,

GEYER & LORD,

THE GREAT CROWLEY'S,

PROF. BURKE'S CANINE CIRCUS,

BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN

MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS,

VEVE NORREGA, ETC., ETC.,

Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Banjo Solos, Negro Specialties, etc., by the STARS of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE at the people's prices, 50 cents, Best Reserved seat; 35 cents, a good reserved seat; 25 cents general admission. Saturday matinee, children 10 cents. Tickets can be procured at Shaw's pharmacy.

YOU WILL FIND OUR GOODS [illegible] VERY PROFITABLE.

THE LARGEST STOCK

THE LARGEST SALES

THE LARGEST VARIETY.

WE ARE THE LEADERS IN OUR LINE.

UNITED TEA AND

COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

39 W. FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, MAY 5. 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

--The Electric Light Company propose to extend their street lights.

--In Mr. Langhorn's advertisement there is matter of special interest to-day.

--The six o'clock train from New York Saturday evening broke an eccentric rod at Westfield.

--The Rutgers' College nine will cross bats with the Crescents in a game of ball next Saturday afternoon.

--The regular meeting of the McAll Association will be held at the Library to-morrow morning at eleven o'clock.

--The class for Inductive Bible study and the Young Men's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

--The fat men and slim men are arranging for a game of ball to be played on the Crescents grounds some time next month.

--A fight occurred on West Second street near New street, Saturday evening. When the police arrived the participants made their escape.

--The Young Crescents defeated V. Lorton's nine in a game of ball on the Sixth street grounds Saturday morning by a score of 13 to 10.

--Members of the Mechanical Drawing class organized October last are requested to bring all their drawings with them to the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow.

--The employes of the Pond Machine and Tool company quit work Saturday at noon. This concern will observe Saturday half holidays until September 1st.

--Meeting for consecration and prayer in parlors of Mrs. Emma D. Poole this evening at 8:15, all are invited. Mt. Vernon Third street second house from Central avenue.

--A seventeen ton planer was shipped to Worcester from the Pond Machine and Tool Works Saturday. It required three flat cars to convey the massive moulding to its destination.

--Wm. Blake, the talented author of books on Physical Culture will give a lecture at Grannel's tenor church chapel May 20th. A full account of it will appear in their advertisement, which will be published in a few days.

--A shelf of dangerous acids in Randolph's pharmacy fell to the floor and broke between Saturday night and Sunday morning. The burning acids caused an alarm of fire. Fire and prevented however by the neutralizing effect of some of the compounds.

--The condition of James Furlong, the man who was slightly demented, is reported as much improved by the matron of Muttenberg Hospital. The severe headache of which he complained so much has left him entirely. He will probably be discharged in a few days, entirely cured.

--Tuesday, at 3 p. m. the regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held, at which some interesting statements will be given, relating to the work of the Union. Also the subject for the afternoon's meeting will be presented by Mrs. Fernal. It is hoped that any who may be interested in either of these will try and be present. The meeting being open to every one, at 73 West Front street.

--A team on one of a team of horses belonging to Councilman Roberts broke under Park avenue bridge this afternoon. A train of cars overhead frightened the horses and they gave a sudden jump which caused the break. They ran at full speed along Park avenue to near Randolph road, by which time the willful driver succeeded in getting them under control, without further damage being done.

--All the prizes for orchids offered at the great floral and musical festival, held from the 23d to the 26th of April were secured by the exhibit of J. B. Pitcher of Short Hills, N. J. The prizes amounted to $235 in cash, in addition to which ten special premiums, consisting of diamond badges, royal Worcester vases, whose intrinsic value amounted to a hundred dollars, also went to Mr. Pitcher. The collection of orchids was a great surprise to the residents of Detroit, and during the whole of the exhibition the crowd around it was so great as to render the aisles in its immediate vicinity almost impassable.

A Challenge From Sullivan.

There appeared last week in one of the Boston papers a canine challenge of a humorous nature, reading as follows:

BOSTON, May 1st.

I hereb challenge any dog of equ y breed to end up before me for four rounds, (Queensbury rules), for a stake or stake of any amount, a purse to take all. If there is a black dog in Boston by the name of Jackson he's my "pie." I mean "die." Fight to come off this week, as I go to Plainfield, N. J., Monday, May 5th, to spar with Jake Kilrain.

Yours dog on you,

JOHN L. SULLIVAN,

Champion of the Bow-wow World.

The Australian Folly Troupe opens at Amphion Hall to-night in addition to the dog stories, which included the "challenge" when "dog" is printed above, the novelties will catch some of our amusement going public, who believe in getting an evening's enjoyment, at prices within the bounds of their moderate pocket books.

"The Mistakes of Moses."

Mr. Hastings will deliver his celebrated lecture entitled "The Mistakes of Moses," under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. in the First Baptist church Tuesday, May 6th, at eight p. m. Admission free. The following is said of him:

"Mr. Hastings is a superior lecturer—able, ready, sharp, and humorous. The power of his voice is remarkable. In his finest passages his utterance was so powerful, vigorous, and clear, that the roof of the Concert Hall rung with the sound. In manner and in matter he is equally good. "The Mistakes of Moses" was a splendid defence of the wise law giver, and if Mr. Hastings's statements about the integrity of the Jews are correct, we have a very striking proof of the grand common sense with which governed the Mosaic law. A delighted audience he could not have found. He shall which Hastings's lecture this afternoon and evening."—Hastings and St. Leonard's News.

BASE BALL SATURDAY.

The Crescents Defeat the Silentiins by a Score of 18 to 0.

A large number of spectators congregated on the Crescent's ball grounds Saturday afternoon to witness the game of ball between the home team and the Silentiins, a deaf mutes team from New York. It was confidentially whispered around the "Pat" Gateley, the Crescent's pitcher last year, would pitch for the mutes and it was thought that he would do his utmost to defeat the Plainfielders because they did not re-engage him to pitch this season. Gately was there right enough but his pitching did not appear to trouble the Crescents at all for they knocked the ball all around the field. The game was the Crescents from the start and towards the close became uninteresting. The mutes did not succeed in making one run and only one of their players reached third base. The Crescents rolled up eighteen runs. The home Crescents had strengthened their team by substituting two new players, Walker of the Pond Machine and Tool works and Collins of the Brooklyn L's instead of McMurray and Spencer, Gillis played in center field. He will play with the Crescents the balance of the season. The teams were made up as follows:

Crescents—Martin, s. s.; Lafbery, 2b; Wiegand, 1b; Jones, c.; Lee, 3b.; Gillis, c. f.; Livingston, p.; Collins, l. f.; Walker, r. f.

Silentiins—Knowvitas, l. f.; Broad, 2b; Haydon, s. s.; Gaskey, p.; Stevenson, c.; Mc Vey, 1b.; Dunnison, r. f.; Turner, 3b.; Coffer, c. f.

The following is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents.....	1	2	3	2	0	4	0	2	4	18
Silentiins.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

ARRESTED FOR KIDNAPPING.

After a Lively Tussle the Hoegen Brothers are Locked up.

Ernest Hoegen and his brother Rhinehart were yesterday arrested by Special Marshals Becker and ex-Special Marshal Pangborn. Some years ago the wife of Gustav Sutterlein of Greenbrook road eloped with Rhinehart. Mrs. Sutterlein took her younger child, a girl, with her. Some time afterward Mr. Sutterlein was passing along the streets of New York, when he was surprised to see his child, dirty and ill clad playing on the side walk. He picked the little one up and brought it to his home in Plainfield. Some time afterward Hoegen, it is alleged, kidnaped the child and assaulted Mr. Sutterlein. The latter swore out a warrant for his arrest and he was later indicted by the Somerset County Grand Jury.

He then left for parts unknown and nothing had been heard of him until yesterday. Mr. Sutterlein hearing that Hoegen was stopping at a house on Steiner place and that the man was out here for the purpose of again kidnapping the child, informed Marshal Becker. The latter went to the house for the purpose of arresting Hoegen under the indictments and the fellow resisted. He and his brother then assaulted the marshal, and it is thought would have succeeded in making the escape had it not been for the timely arrival of Mr. Pangborn and Mr. Peter Hoen. Both men were then arrested and locked up in the station house. They are to be given a hearing at four o'clock this afternoon before Justice Hardy. The old charges against Ernest will be heard and Rhinehart will be tried for disorderly conduct and assault.

Another Cock Fight.

Another cocking main occurred Saturday night between North Plainfield and Scotch Plains. Five battles were fought, North Plainfield coming out ahead. It is said that the main occurred in a barn on the outskirts of the borough, and that between sixty and seventy-five young sports. These fights ought to be prohibited. The authorities, it is said, know the parties and arrests may follow.

Smashed His Foot.

Jacob Conde, an employe of the Pond Machine and Tool Works, met with a painful accident Saturday afternoon. A hand-car used at the works jumped the track and while engaged righting it, Mr. Conde's foot in some way caught under one of the wheels and was badly crushed. A physician dressed the wound and Mr. Conde was taken to his home on West Front street.

Another Mad Dog.

A rabid dog was running at large in the vicinity of Richmond Corners yesterday afternoon. The canine succeeded in biting several other dogs, a cow and a goat before it was shot. The goat was also killed. All the dogs which were bitten should be shot as speedily as possible and every precaution taken in guard against the spreading of that dreaded malady, hydrophobia.

A Painful Accident.

Michael Coyne, a West Front street tailor, met with a painful accident Saturday afternoon. He was engaged running a sewing machine, when in some unaccountable way his hand slipped. The needle penetrated one of the fingers on his left hand and broke off. Dr. Prudasco probed for the needle and found it. The wound is very painful.

Emma Day Did Not Die.

Emma Day, the young Summit girobeg, who twice attempted suicide by swallowing laudanum in Newark last week, was committed to jail Saturday night for sixty days in order to give her a chance to realize her position. She is evidently demented, and an examination of her mental state will be held.

Fined 25 and Costs.

Mr. J. Newton Honeyman of Craig place, North Plainfield, was placed on trial before Justice Hardy, Saturday evening on the charge of assaulting Borden Drake. After hearing the testimony the justice adjudged Mr. Honeyman guilty and fined him five dollars and costs. The case will be appealed.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

A DISCUSSION OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY.

Senators' Peculiarities.—Some Interesting Statistics.

(Special Correspondence).

WASHINGTON, D. C.

To use a "professional" term, the Democrats in this congress find themselves "outclassed". And yet there is nothing strange about that, as everybody knows that about all the brains of the country are in the Republican party. But the Democrats have now reached that stage where they are quarreling among themselves. I am speaking of the house of representatives particularly, not in loud, but nevertheless deep tones, and instead of shouting themselves hoarse for a "horse", as Richard did, their cry is for a man. In truth, they admit that the Democrats at this important political juncture are destitute of a leader in the lower branch of Congress. This admission is the more remarkable as in times past every mother's son of them considered himself born and fit to lead, and nothing but the superb organization of the republican majority and their parliamentary discipline under those who may honestly be termed kings among men has brought them to a different frame of mind. But leaders are born, not made, and although Napoleon claimed that "opportunity made the man," there have been plenty of opportunities but they have not as yet been able to produce the man. In talking with one of the leading democrats, one who has not aspired to leadership, because he is too lazy to make the effort, we ran over the names of those who have aspirations "thely" and here are the results as figured out.

Carlisle, who is the leader they have in the absence of a better one, was acknowledged to be dignified, too dignified for a hot fight, able, and of a judicial temper which makes him the ideal presiding officer, but he is not without any of the essential elements of a parliamentary leader in a body the fray begins.

Mills, well, Mills will only be remembered in Legislative history as the Mills bill.

Springer of Illinois knows more than the rest of them about the rules and is willing to talk upon every occasion, whether the House be turbulent or placid, but he does not know when to stop.

But why go on. The rest are only secondary stars, qualified to shine in limited areas, but they are entirely obscured by the light of the luminous suns on the Republican side, revolving around the great central orb, Speaker Reed.

The members on the Republican side enjoy the discomfiture of their political opponents, and are inclined to joke them about it, for no one of them said they are in a peculiar predicament for a body without a head surely cannot live. The only many qualified to lead them they with their accustomed ingratitude, insulted politically, and when the hour of need came they prayed for his resuscitation, but unto his grave went all their hopes, leaving them to cry where is now our deliverance!

The chief of the statistical bureau of the agricultural department furnishes some interesting figures relative to the condition of farm animals from which the following facts are taken: Texas has the most horses, such as they are, the number being 1,350,344, with Illinois second, where there are 1,123,983, and down third with 1,025,903, comes Iowa. These are the only States which have more than a million of horses, even New York having but 874,813,887 horses. In the number of milch cows, oxen and other cattle, Texas again leads with 3,011,195, but there are a number of States where there are more than a million. Iowa comes second with 3,099,049, Kansas has 2,360,337, New York 2,326,006, Missouri 2,260,097, Pennsylvania 1,790,923, Ohio 1,743,441, Wisconsin 1,479,284, Minnesota, 1,109,373, Colorado 1,114,606, Dakota, 1,070,036, Montana, 1,014,591. These are the only States where there are more than a million cattle.

The past week witnessed a social event as it was affecting, in this instance, in the visit to the White House of the widow of ex-President Garfield. It was her first entrance to the mansion since leaving it under the sad circumstances of 1881, now nearly nine years ago. This makes the second distinguished call of this character in the past season, the first having been made by the widow and family of President Harrison during the Winter. It might be mentioned, incidentally that there are only three widows of ex-presidents now living, Mrs. James K. Polk and those just mentioned. All of them by law enjoy a privilege not accorded to any other persons in this country, and that is by personal frank to send their letters through the mail free. Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Polk also are in the enjoyment of an annual pension of $5,000, the largest paid in this country, but Mrs. Garfield has been so favored. Congress having been of the opinion that the sum raised for her by subscription (nearly $500,000), at the time of her husbands death, was sufficient for her support, and, besides, there are strong objections to class pensions, which was only violated owing to the great services of General Grant, while Mrs. Polk, then in destitute circumstances, came in on the former's skirts.

The politicians who here do congregate have been much excited over the speeches delivered at the American club's banquet in Pittsburg, as the speakers were men of high eminence, their words of no uncertain tone, and the subject touched upon of immediate and vital interest. Briefly, the following is the gist of the opinions of leading public men in the premises. The speeches boldly and openly taken by Speaker Reed in behalf of pure and untrammelled elections means that the duties of this session will not be considered as complete until a national election law is on the statute books, and one strong enough, too, to compel submission to its provisions both South and North.

ARMAT.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frank Vosseller has returned to his home in this city from a brief stay at Chicago.

Miss Annie Buckley of West Fourth street has gone on a three weeks visit to Montclair, N. J.

Mrs. F. C. Brown of New York is visiting at the residence of Mr. T. J. Lynes of Somerset street.

Mr. Frank McChesney, formerly of this city but now of Newark, spent yesterday with friends here.

Mr. Patrick Connolly and bride have arrived in this city from Worcester. They will make Plainfield their home.

Mr. W. B. Rogers of the firm of Rogers Bros., left last night for Pittsburg, Pa., to give testimony in a counterfeiting case.

On Saturday next Father Smyth, the pastor of St. Mary's church will sail for Europe. He expects to be absent until September.

Mr. George Mohl has returned to his home on West Second street, from a month's stay at Boston, Mass. He is looking good. Boston-baked beans agreed with him.

The funeral of the late Hugh O'Donnell, who died Friday, took place from his late home on South Second street yesterday afternoon at half-past two o'clock. Interment in St. Mary's cemetery.

James Evans died at his home on West Fourth street Saturday afternoon after a lingering illness with consumption. Deceased was in the 31st year of his age. He had been an employe of the Potter Press works for a number of years past and was very popular among his fellow-workmen. The funeral took place from his late residence this afternoon at one o'clock. The Rev. Cornelius Schenck officiated. Interment was made at Annandale, N. J.

Dunellen Notes.

Mr. Charles Carpenter of Railroad fame has entered into partnership with Mr. F. Gise, in the concrete pavement business, we wish him success in his new enterprise as he is a good man and true friend to all worthy of his friendship.

The new pastor at the Presbyterian church is very much liked. We'd expect he will be the means of doing much good in his field of labor.

Dalaman & Co. are to erect a handsome new store, one that our village will be proud of.

Mr. Irvin Stile, is about to build large stables for the purpose of carrying on the livery business.

We have one great nuisance in our midst, the brickyardders, and for a few days after pay day it is almost unsafe for man, women or child to walk the streets either day or night. Can't something be done for protection from insult or injury. We are becoming afraid.

Bishop Scarborough administered the rite of confirmation to two young men in Holy Innocents Episcopal church, on Sunday evening. Fine music was rendered for the occasion. All received a cordial welcome. NERO.

Cricket Match.

The Secretary's eleven and the Captain's eleven of the St. George's Cricket Club played a friendly match at Revere, Saturday afternoon, the Captain's eleven winning by 19 runs. The scores are as follows:

SECRETARY'S ELEVEN.

1st Inning.

J. Forster, c. Arden, b. Hendry	0
J. Stansfield, b. Hendry	0
W. Ashgren, c. McGinnis, b. Hendry	6
H. Shoveldrive, c. Arden, b. Hendry	0
T. Winspar, b. Arden	2
F. Wharton, b. Hendry	3
C. McIntosh, b. Hendry	0
D. McInnes, c. Head, b. Hendry	4
J. Ogden, b. Hendry	2
C. Jolly, b. Hendry	1
Total	24

2d Inning.

J. Forster, c. Head, b. Arden	0
J. Stansfield, b. Arden	3
W. Ashgren, b. Arden	0
W. Guttridge, b. Arden	0
T. Winspar, not out	9
F. Wharton, b. Hendry	1
C McIntosh, b. Hendry	2
D. McInnes, b. Arden	3
J. Ogden, c. Hendry, b. Arden	1
R. S. Slader, b. Hendry	0
C. Jolly, b. Hendry	0
Total	17

CAPTAIN'S ELEVEN.

1st Inning.

J. Clifton, b. Wharton	0
C. Burns, b. Jolly	11
R. Burnes, b. Stansfield	3
N. Hendry, b. Wharton	2
R. Low, b. Wharton	3
H. Head, c. Jolly, b. Wharton	4
J. Sylvester, c. and b. Wharton	3
H. Neal, b. Wharton	1
C. Clancy, b. Stansfield	2
T. McNeil not out	0
H. Winspare, b. Wharton	0
Total	41

2d Inning.

J. Clifton not out	0
R. Burnes, b. Stansfield	0
J. Arden, b. Stansfield	0
H. Shoveldrive, b. Stansfield	0
R. Low, b. Stansfield	0
H. Head, c. Ashgren, b. Jolly	0
J. Sylvester, b. Jolly	5
H. Neal, b. Jolly	1
C. Clancy, b. Wharton	0
T. McNeil, b. Jolly	0
H. Winspar, c. McIntosh, b. Ashgren	1
Total	19

Officers Nominated.

At a regular meeting of the Catholic Young Men's Literary Union held Saturday evening the following officers were put in nomination for the ensuing six months:

President—George Tobin.

Vice President—Michael Whalen.

Recording Secretary—Philip Butcher.

Financial Secretary—Frank McInerney.

Treasurer—Rev. J. A. Stafford.

Board of Directors—Michael Mack, E. Benedict Daly, Andrew Nolan, John McNally, John J. Gallagher and Joseph Gavin.

Librarian—Dennis Galbraith.

Sergeant-at-Arms—Edward McCann.

Auditing Committee—Thomas Hughes and W. F. Brown.

—Marie Herbert Frohman is booked to appear at Music Hall next Thursday in Ingomar.

ANOTHER FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT

James McNally Dies From Injuries Received Yesterday.

James McNally an employee of the Pond Machine and Tool Works, was struck by the 1:25 a. m. train Sunday and received injuries from which he died later in the day. McNally, it appears, had visited Dunellen during Saturday evening, where he had been drinking. He boarded the 11:23 p. m train intending to come to this city. He fell asleep between Dunellen and Plainfield and was carried through to Cranford, where he got off.

It is not known whether or not the unfortunate man was attempting to board the "owl" train when he was struck. The engineer saw the man, stopped, picked him up and brought him to this city.

Upon arriving here McNally was taken to Muhlenberg Hospital and Dr. Long was summoned. After making an examination the doctor saw that the man could not survive his injuries and after making him as comfortable as possible he left. The man breathed his last at eleven o'clock.

The body was removed to Runyon's morgue, where it now lies.

BOUND BROOK'S DEATH-TRAP.

One More Added to the Long List of Those Killed.

About one o'clock Sunday morning the mutilated and living body of Benjamin Wallis was picked up after being run over by a freight train bound East on the Lehigh Valley Railroad near the water tanks where so many have been killed.

The unfortunate man was carried to the freight depot. Both legs had been severed by the car-wheels. Medical aid was of no avail and after suffering about two hours he expired.

Mr. Wallis was a colored man about 49 years of age and resided at Bloomington, N. J. He was formerly of Hartford, Conn., where he is said to have friends. What he was doing in the locality where he met his death at so unseasonable an hour is not known. He was said to have been very a quiet, well behaved man.

The Lehigh Valley Co., will give the remains decent interment.

This Date in History—May 5.

68—Birth of Emperor Justinian, famous Roman lawgiver.

1648—Charles I of England surrenders to the Scots.

1818—Battle of Fort Meigs between Indians and British under Gen. Proctor and Tecumseh, Americans under General, afterwards President Harrison; the Americans victorious, but Proctor's plans of the siege foiled, hundred and prisoners.

1821—Death of Napoleon Bonaparte at St. Helena.

1830—Prince Menschikoff presents the Russian ultimatum to the porte and leaves Constantinople May 31.

1862—Battle at Williamsburg, Va. Union loss, 2,228; Confederate loss, 1,500.

1864—Gen. B. F. Butler lands on the south side of the James.

1864—Sherman advancing on Johnston. Engagements with the Confederates at Rocky ridge, Dug, Resaca, Heavy fighting for five days. Union loss, 6627; Confederate, 5,000.

1864—Battles of the Wilderness, Va. Union loss, 18,397; Confederate, 11,400.

1865—Ram Albemarle attacked by Federal gunboats.

1879—Death of Isaac Butts, M. P., Dublin, Ireland, aged 64.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A YOUNG colored girl wished a situation as chambermaid and nurse. Can be seen at 56 Broadway.

A GOOD horse for sale cheap. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 29 4

COMFORTABLE front room to let. Unfurnished. Enquire 11 West Front street. 5-2

FIRST-CLASS board and accommodations, also table boarding. References. Crescent avenue, corner of First place.

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of nearly four acres. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-6-self

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson. 2-tf

FOR SALE—Fine side bar surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. F. Dupee, 30 Rockview avenue. 5-1tf

FOR SALE—A lot of well rotted manure. Call at once, 11 Mountain avenue. 2-2

RESIDENCE to let, one block from Park and Front, 10 Craig place, all improvements; bath. Inquire Dunham, 7 East Front street.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Trade Marks procured. Trade Marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fees. Information, advice, and special reference when required.

TO LET—Small house at No. 33 Park place, North Plainfield. 3-3

TO RENT—Fine parlor, six windows, good for dressmaker, suitable for agent, gift for or insurance agent. Address "V," care of Evening News. 3-3

TWO rooms to let. Rings left at No. 31 Somerset street. Also a barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Heysinger. 5-1tf

WANTED—An active man for each county in New Jersey, $75 to $150 to represent a successful N. Y. Company incorporated to supply dry goods, clothing, shoes, &c., to the consumer direct. Also a lady of tact, salary $60, to enroll members ($6,000 now enrolled, $100,000 paid in), Reference guaranteed. Address Co-operative Association (credit well rated). Lock box 640, N. Y. s m ly

WANTED—Good cook and laundress. Apply at 32 West Eighth street. 5-2

WANTED—A girl for chambermaid and waitress. Must have good reference. Apply at 14 Crescent avenue.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 5 First place. 4-25 tf

MUSIC HALL NOTICE.

The annual election of directors of the Music Hall Association of Plainfield will be held in Music Hall parlors on Monday, May 19, 1890. Polls open from 5 to 6 p. m. and 7:45 p. m. to 8:45 p. m. The annual meeting of stockholders will be held on the same date at the same place at 8 o'clock p. m.

CHARLES A. MANN, Sec.

Plainfield, N. J. April 30, 1890.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION—A SUMMER class will be formed for the study of singing part music under the direction of David C. Lyon beginning May 6th. For terms and private lessons call or address 20 Middle Hall on Friday May 2d after 12 o'clock. 30-3

65c! 65c! 65c! 65c!

WE WERE FORTUNATE IN SECURING A FEW PIECES OF

65c! LOWELL EXTRA-SUPER ALL-WOOL INGRAIN CARPETS AT 65c

THE RECENT GREAT SPECIAL SALE, AND WILL OFFER

65c! THEM FOR ONE WEEK ONLY AT THE UNUSUAL PRICE OF 65c!

65 CTS. PER YARD. THE PATTERNS ARE NEW AND

65c! BEAUTIFUL. SECURE THEM WHILE YOU CAN. 65c!

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

56c! 65c! 65c! 65c!

READY FOR BUSINESS.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8.

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, ice wood, $11.50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

WE WILL HOLD

The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.

ROGERS BROS.,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

12 WEST FRONT STREET.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT

By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain one week longer, until May 7. This is the last chance to see the great clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest astrologist in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, May 8th,

Return of the FAVORITE

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN.

As PARTHENIA,

In the Romantic classical 6-act drama

"INGOMAR"

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday at the usual place.

Amphion Hall TO-NIGHT

And Every evening this week.

Grand Opening.

With new Scenery and Decorations by Seavey of New York. The famous

Australian FOLLY TROUPE

Including the SISTERS COULSON.

JOHN AND NELLIE HEALEY,

GEYER & LORD,

THE GREAT CROWLEY,

PROF. BURKE'S CANINE CIRCUS,

BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN

MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS,

VEVE NOBREGA, ETC., ETC.

Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Banjo Solos, Negro Specialties, also a new act of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE at the people's prices, 10 cents. Box Reserved seat; 35 cents, a good reserved seat; 25 cents, general admission. Saturday matinee, children 10 cents. Tickets can be procured at Shaw's pharmacy.

H. N. SPENCER.

Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. Dealer in fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and sage plants, etc.

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.

Prof. Seagdio's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 3-1w*

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

FOR NEW STYLES IN HATS GO TO Eugene M. Laing

No. 6 PARK AVENUE.

YOU WILL FIND OUR GOODS VERY PROFITABLE.

THE LARGEST STOCK

THE LARGEST SALES

THE LARGEST VARIETY.

WE ARE THE LEADERS IN OUR LINE.

UNITED TEA AND

COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

20 W. FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE TOWN AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 43.

Tired Out!

One of the saddest notes ever penned by mortal hand was found on the dead body of a young woman at Utica, N. Y. An empty laudanum bottle lay near by. The note said:

I have worked until I am tired out. I have no right and my women are free. Won't some charitable person bury me without going to a great expense? My brother is in Berlin, Wis. If he will write to him he will pay him back. I hope I will succeed in ending my life and not make a failure of it.

The load of life had become too heavy for the poor girl, and she laid it down. The only wish she had left was to lie down and sleep forever.

There are people in the world all around us, persons whom we see constantly, persons that carry their heavy load day by day, who, if they told their secret heart, would confess that the state most dear to them after death, if they could have their wish, would be an eternal sleep. No heaven of activity and motion could be half so sweet. There are persons not a few whose existence is such a long grind of toil that it is a living death. No rest or recreation for them, no time to develop their best powers.

This is probably true of half the world, and it is the best our civilization can do apparently. And yet it is all wrong. A few hours' work a day ought to be enough to satisfy the merely physical wants, while the rest of the waking hours should give leisure for culture and recreation. But we have made a superstition of work in our generation, as though the whole aim of life was toil. We have mistaken the means for the end.

Men and women ought to be fresh, handsome and buoyant to the end of their lives, as in youth. Instead of that they become seamed, bent and disfigured with toil and anxiety for bread. Disease and weariness clog all the latter half or third of an existence which in the right state of things would be a perpetual joy and thanksgiving. Hundreds would like to follow poor Mary Eagleshield's example and end the weariness. The epitaph on many a grave, if it told the truth, would be:

"Tired out!"

A Singing River.

A hundred miles east of New Orleans, on the Mississippi coast, is the town of East Pascagoula, or Scranton, at the mouth of the Pascagoula river. For 200 years the Pascagoula has been noted for giving forth strange musical sounds near its mouth, at the gulf. Charles F. Chidsey writes of them in The Popular Science Monthly.

He says in 1875 an old fisherman of Scranton called him one evening to come to the river bank and "hear the spirits singing under the water." From the bosom of the waters came a murmuring sound, first rising in crescendo, then dying away diminuendo. Again, some years after, he was leaning idly over an old wharf on the edge of the Pascagoula, when he suddenly heard a sound like the rushing and roaring of a mighty wind. He supposed it was the wind from a storm that could be plainly seen on the gulf. But a lady with him said: "That is not the storm you hear, but the mysterious music."

Again there are times when fishermen are on the water at night, when the music can be heard distinctly in sounds inexpressibly sweet and plaintive, like an Eolian harp. A sudden splash or noise will cause it to cease, but when silence supervenes it begins again, soft and murmurous.

What causes it? It is a pity to destroy a romantic mystery, but the music is probably made by thousands of fishes, of a kind called the "drum," from their power to produce this sound. It is made by the sudden passage of air from one compartment of the fish's air bladder to another. None the less wonderful, for all that, is the soft Eolian strain that rises of a summer night from the moonlit waters of the Pascagoula.

Indications are that the young emperor of Germany will be as despotic as Frederick the Great. Already no one dares speak an opinion contrary to his for fear of his displeasure. No one of the political parties in Germany is strong enough to hold the balance of power alone, and so the young emperor has things mostly his own way. But sooner or later accumulated truth bursts like a storm all at once upon the heads of autocrats who refuse to hear it as the natural course.

After hanging patients several years almost to the point of strangulation for the disease known as locomotor ataxia, physicians have concluded that after all it is doubtful if it did much good. The prodigies experimenting that went on in this direction may be classed under the head of what the ignorant charity patients of a hospital or dispensary are accustomed to call "trying projects."

The republic or the United States has arrived at that point where all other nations find it to their interest to be good friends with her. Hah for the Stars and Stripes!

Prepare to play badminton for a social outdoor game for both sexes. It shows off beauty and grace, and admits flirtation.

The meanest, low downest act on record recently is that reported from the flooded districts of the south, where persons whose plantations were in danger rowed recklessly to the opposite bank of the foaming river and cut a hole in the levee there to save their own side. A man who would do such a thing as that, what would he not do?

Jugman Loof, a devout Pennsylvania Dutchman, died lately and left his family by will a house to live in and $80,000 in government bonds, on condition that they lead godly lives, avoid the use of tobacco and liquor of all kinds, including cider, and a question whether the will of a Pennsylvania Dutchman who prohibited the use of cider could not be broken on the ground that the testator was of unsound mind.

La grippe in Europe has been succeeded by a strange ailment that seems to be assuming epidemic proportions in House Canal. It is a disease in which people sleep themselves to death. It would not be strange if, after a century of "hustling" such as has been going on in England and America, the opposite state would supervene for awhile, and there would come an epidemic of drowsiness in which the victims would desire only to doze off and "do nothing forever and ever."

Co-operative Cookery.

Some highly intelligent and respectable families of Decatur, Ills., are making an experiment which, if successful, will be a step towards the millennium, sure. They have attempted co-operative housekeeping.

The crank element seems to have entered not at all into their arrangements. They are intelligent, shrewd people, who know what they are about, and they enter into the scheme with their eyes open. There is a co-operative kitchen, where all the food for fifty-two families is prepared. The best is bought, and at wholesale rates. Those interested have figured closely, and declare that they can have all the luxuries of the season at $2.50 a week for each person.

It will be like home cooking and not like a boarding house, for the ladies of the families will in person take turns superintending the housekeeping. The mistress of each of the fifty-two households takes charge of the buying and selling one week in the year. During that time she buys the supplies and looks after all the business details. There is in addition a paid housekeeper who oversees constantly the cooking and serving of the food. In this way a woman can serve her week as head of the house, and take a trip around the world, if she wishes, before her turn to housekeep comes again.

If these good people can make the system work, they will find many imitators before a year is over. Beyond a doubt co-operation will solve all the difficulties of modern civilization as soon as we are educated up to it. One step towards it is the vast apartment houses, by means of which families now live peacably and satisfactorily in the enjoyment of domestic conveniences that would otherwise be beyond their reach. It is common to poke fun at the modern flat, but it is, even at the worst, a vast improvement on the tenement house that preceded it. Its neat bathroom alone is a perpetual teaching of the gospel of cleanliness.

An Asphalt Company. [illegible]

LABOR'S CRY FOR BREAD.

Nearly a Million Toilers Meet in Hyde Park.

A COMMON MOVE TOWARD REFORM

An Eight Hour Demonstration of Enormous Proportions—"We Kill Ourselves to Feed Ourselves"—The Police Kicked on the Elephant Adjunct of the Procession.

LONDON, May 5.—Sunday should become a memorable day in the history of demonstrations on the part of the laboring classes of England, for it has never been equaled since the days of monster outpourings of the people which characterized the reform movement in 1867. The most moderate estimate puts the number of people taking part in the Hyde park meetings yesterday is 800,000, of which 300,000 came in the processions, and 300,000 gathered at will. This is a very conservative calculation however, and some observers accustomed to gigantic large crowds do not hesitate to assert that fully 1,000,000 participated in the demonstration. The affair was a three headed one, the largest number of men being under the leadership of the Trades council as a distinctively non-socialistic body. A somewhat less numerous contingent acknowledged the leadership of the central committee, which leans strongly toward Socialism, while a third and relatively small division was under the control of the radical social democratic organization known as the Social Democratic federation.

Possibility of Strife Avoided.

All possibility of strife or friction among the various bodies had been avoided by careful previous arrangements, and for once people of all shades of opinion on the labor question joined in a common movement. The Trades council procession was badly led, and for the most part was hardly better than a straggling mob of ill conditioned, ragged and unwashed men. Its appearance made it plain that they represented the unemployed rather than the workingmen. These forlorn hosts made a contemptible show step, even when they were within hearing of music. They went along pell mell, but despite their miserable appearance they manifested great good nature, and indulged in much horseplay and rude joking among themselves.

A Grim Motto.

Their gorgeous banners were in odd contrast with their evident poverty of the bearers. There were over 200 of these emblems with all manner of mottoes and devices. One was noticed having a good portrait of Dr. Gladstone on one side, and on the reverse the grim motto: "We kill ourselves to feed ourselves." The music furnished was a trifle more creditable than artistic.

In passing Westminster Abbey and Buckingham palace the bands banged wildly as if in defiance of these aristocratic precincts. When the center of many a handsome drawing room was thus caused which could not have been produced by clubs and stones. The central committee's procession moved at a slow and tedious pace, and made up of a more well-to-do set of men. When all the marchers had reached the park the scene was an imposing one.

It Was a Touching Scene.

The plainness of garb characterizing the assemblage as a whole was largely offset by the gay banners and by the surprising brilliancy of personal decoration in the shape of bright ribbons, rosettes, etc., some being the badges of the unions, others impromptu embellishments. The scene resembled a huge fair, the crowd outside of the dense central portion being dispersed in smaller groups, each made up of the auditors of some orator of more moderate fame than that of the leaders who addressed the main crowd from the central platforms. The park belt, three-quarters of a mile long by half a mile wide, was thronged with a solid mass of people, while all the streets and ways leading to the park were more or less congested.

Whitechapel Well Represented.

The Whitechapel district seemed to have disgorged a considerable fraction of its unhappy denizens to swell the throng. The crowd ebbed and flowed, and instead of one meeting there were, properly speaking, a continued meeting from 2 o'clock until after nightfall. The best speakers were those furnished by the central committee, including the more noted of the English socialistic leaders. The Socialist speakers also denounced Mr. Bradlaugh and John Morley as men who had proved false to the cause of industrial freedom, which they had pretended to espouse. Among other speakers at these stands were Mr. Cunningham Graham, John Burns and Mr. Bassant. There were fourteen platforms altogether in the park. Michael Davitt was one of the orators. After the speaking resolutions in favor of the eight hour system were passed with a hurrah, the processions quickly reformed and the dispersal began.

The Elephant Couldn't Demonstrate.

The day was an orderly one, despite the thronged condition of the streets. The police did not interfere in any way with the gatherings or meetings, except to put a veto upon an attempt to lead an elephant through the streets as part of the turnout. The only arrests were those of thieves. Altogether the demonstration was a creditable one to the great eight hour movement.

Premier Sagasta Defied.

MADRID, May 5.—An extensive Socialistic demonstration was made on Sunday. After listening to violent speeches the participants marched to the residence of Premier Sagasta, with banners and mottoes bearing resolutions in favor of the eight hour day. Senor Sagasta refused to consider the subject matter of the resolutions, whereupon the deputation informed him that the workingmen proposed to obtain the eight hour concession by legal means if possible, but otherwise by force. There was no disorder. Labor meetings were held in Barcelona and all the other large cities of Spain. Petitions were adopted demanding, among other things, that the provinces to favor legislation looking to the adoption of the eight hour day. All the demonstrations were of an orderly character.

Numerous strikers have offered to return to work if they can be guaranteed protection.

Emperor William's Opinion.

BERLIN, May 5.—The Vossische Zeitung says that a guest at the recent Sedanstrab banquet, replying to the Emperor William's speech, denounced the Socialist bill as a pernicious measure, tending to embitter the feelings of the working classes and stimulats sympathy with Socialism. The speaker declared that the measure ought to be summarily thrown out. The Emperor to the many present the emperor rejoined. "That is quite my opinion."

THE GREAT TARIFF DEBATE.

It Will Open in the House This Week. Other Business.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The great tariff debate opens in the house this week. It is to begin Tuesday if nothing occurs to interfere, and it will extend through the week at least. No limit has been set upon the general debate yet. The Republicans talk about setting it at one week and the Democrats ask two weeks. An effort is being made to bring about a compromise on ten days. The matter now rests in the hands of the committee on rules and a resolution will doubtless be reported from that committee at an early day. The only other important business to be considered in the house is the business which may come up under suspension of the rules today. The Republicans are anxious to call up the river and harbor bill, and they claim that they have pledged the two-thirds vote necessary to take it up, but the speaker has not said that he will recognize a member of the committee to make the motion to take up the bill, and so its fate is still a problem.

What other business may be called up under the suspension is a matter of speculation and of no certainty. On Saturday afternoon the house will listen to eulogies on the late Representative Wilbur, of New York.

The senate business is pretty well mapped out for the week, although several important questions in the program me may take place. The bill for the admission of Wyoming to the Union is down for consideration today, and the Jones silver bill for World's fair. Mr. Jones bill should be taken up as per programme (the Wyoming bill not having been disposed of), the latter will likely be taken up in the morning hour each day while the Jones bill is considered after 2 o'clock. The consideration of the Jones bill may be postponed if there seems any probability that the Republican caucus can come to an agreement, but as matters now stand the senate will go into the silver debate without any conscious binding of Republican members. And if this condition remains unchanged it is altogether likely that the senate will pass a measure which will be in substance a free coinage bill; or rather a bill for the free purchase of bullion. One day during the week will be given over to the funeral of the late Senator Beck.

THE LAST ACT IN THE TRAGEDY.

The Remains of Dr. Cronin Interred in Calvary Cemetery, Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 5.—All that is mortal of Dr. Patrick Henry Cronin, who a year ago Saturday night was lured to the den of death now known to history as the Carlson cottage, was laid to rest Sunday afternoon in a grave on the cold and desolate beach front of Calvary cemetery. Over 1,000 men and women who had known the deceased in life braved the biting wind and pelting rain to witness the final obsequies. The Sheridan guards acted as guard of honor, and the Illinois Drum corps, with muffled drums, led the local Order of Hibernians, in their green regalia, and the Catholic Foresters turned out in force. When the casket was lowered to rest on the edge of the grave the brief offices for the interment of the dead was read by Father Muldoon, chancellor of the diocese, and after it had been sprinkled with holy water it was lowered into the tomb.

Then the members of the ladies' committee began to strew flowers upon the coffin lid, and before the two wagon loads which they had brought with them had been exhausted the grave was filled to the brim. The drum corps beat a tattoo as the heavy stone was rolled over the tomb, sealed and cemented the office for committal was read by the priest, and the ceremony was at an end. It is intended to erect a monument over the grave at a cost of not less than $5,000, and so to beautify the surroundings until the present dreary waste is converted into a garden.

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EDUCATION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1009.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
Taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Ordtmer, of the Berlitz school of Languages, Madison Square. New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield high school, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Five trial lessons given. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 24th street. 9-28-1y

M. R. L. CONDE.
Teacher of violin. 13 years a student, special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 250. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,
a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Art Needle Work. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 84 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

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SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON.
50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. 8-5-1y

DR. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM A. MACKAY,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1yr

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Master in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 9 Park place. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The Woman Suffrage party's state committee, of New York, has sent a warm letter of thanks to Charles Stewart Parnell and the Irish party in parliament for presenting a bill to secure municipal suffrage to women in Ireland.

Ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes, accompanied by his daughter and Lieut. Col. King, has returned from Bermuda.

James Dunn, supposed to be a compositor from New York, committed suicide in the Hotel Bristol at New York, N. J. On retiring he pasted paper over the key holes and crevices of doors and windows and then turned on the gas. He left a letter saying he was tired of life.

Marriott Brosius has been renominated for congress by the Republicans of the Tenth district of Pennsylvania.

The assets and liabilities of the Merchants' bank of Atlantic City, N. J., are stated as follows: Due depositors, $47,630.39; due other banks, $1,698.26; bills receivable, $97,466.07; due from other banks, $15,121.91.

Over 2,000 employes of the National Tube works at McKeesport, Pa., have asked an advance of 10 per cent. in wages or present for him the honor of the Croker family.

In his testimony before the Fassett senate committee Mayor Grant, of New York, denied all of Patrick McCann's statements affecting upon his character. He said he had given Flossie Croker, Richard Croker's little daughter, $10,000 because he was her godfather. That was the only money that had ever been given by him to any member

Bishop Casper Borgess, of Kalamazoo, Mich., is dead.

The Cincinnati general strike of the housesmiths of New York and Brooklyn has been averted, the bosses having agreed to the proposed new scale. The result was announced at a mass meeting over which Grand Master Workman Powderly presided.

Mrs. Kate Harper, wife of William A. Harper, of the great publishing firm, and granddaughter of Henry Ward Beecher, died May 3, at Yonkers, N. Y. She was 34 years of age.

It is said that Judge W. E. Hughitt and other directors of the defunct First National Bank of Auburn, N. Y., will be indicted.

In the United States senate the customs administration bill was passed.

William B. Singleton has been appointed postmaster at Toms River, N. J.

James Clark, an employe of an electric light company in Indianapolis, was killed by a shock 4,000 volts strong.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

J. P. Laire & Co.
STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A 1 SEASONABLE GOODS.
SEEDS FOR
FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.
Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.
HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.
Gasoline and Oil Stoves.
[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]
ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

My $2.50 Shoe.
Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is just service to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by scalpers, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.
We have made great preparations for large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.
Call and examine our goods.
John J. Kenney,
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Not "Soap Fat,"
but PURE VEGETABLE O IL from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and
African Palm Soap.
They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.
Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

THE DAIRY,
63 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,
are offering special inducement in
Gilt Edged Butter
Call and see them.
Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)
Get your Groceries on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.
DELICATESSEN
Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood Sausage, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Minster, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.
W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth.

SHERIFF'S SALE—In Chancery of New Jersey.—Between Alonzo G. Conant, complainant, and William J. Buttolph, executor of Lewis A. Rheaume and others, defendants. Fi. fa. for sale of mortgaged premises.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1890,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that lot and parcel of land and premises hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and state of New Jersey.

Being known and designated on a certain map entitled "Map of property situated on Front, Richmond and Second streets, Plainfield, New Jersey, C. A. Dunham, C. E., Plainfield, N. J.," as lot number nineteen (19), which is bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Richmond street, distant two hundred and sixty-seven (267) feet measured from the north-westerly corner of Richmond and Front streets, and running thence northerly at right angles to Richmond street one hundred and seventy-nine feet and fifty-five hundredths of a foot; thence westerly and parallel with Richmond street fifty (50) feet; thence southerly at right angles to Richmond street, one hundred and seventy-nine feet and fifty-five hundredths of a foot to the said northerly side of Richmond street, and thence easterly along the said northerly side of Richmond street fifty (50) feet to the point or place of beginning, and also all the estate, right, title and interest of the party of the first part of, in and to the land in the rear of Second street, opposite to and adjoining the above described premises to the center of said street. Being the same premises this day conveyed to the said Peter Brosnan, wife of Ralph V. Sausse, by deed of Edward C. Mulford and wife, not yet recorded.

F. F. GLASBY, Sheriff.

J. B. COWARD, Sol'r.
Fees—$9.05. J&EN m2

A Great Bargain
in the following
Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice..	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.
COAL, LUMBER
and
MASONS' MATERIALS.
BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.
Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and grocers at the old stand.
Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.
Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 122.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near [illegible] 10-15tf

Headquarters
For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stockinett, Rubberdict, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,
U. S. Hair Tonic,
Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.
C. E. CLARKE,
No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
late [illegible]
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods Notions. Dyes and Infants' Caps a specialty. Plaiting Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,
Choice Clover,
Timothy and
Lawn Seeds.
FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
38 EAST FRONT STREET.
Telephone Call 6.

Baby Carriages,
FROM $6.50 UPWARDS.
At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Assortan Damask, a neat pretty carriage.
At $10 full plush lined, with Rattle Parasol.
At $15 two styles. Fine Plush lined.
OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.
EXTRA PARASOLS.
LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.
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WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
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OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 329.

SEE THE COMPARISON.
EAST AGAINST THE **WEST.**

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grease.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Fowls.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham;
FAIR PRICES.	THIRD PRICES.

N. B. Smalley's, Door at any Price.
94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Crushed Stone.
The undersigned having leased the Crushed Stone Quarries, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.
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Meats of all Kinds
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Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m*

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
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FURNITURE and BEDDING,
Baby Carriages!
I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.
R. R. Fairchild.
21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.
4 doors below Post-Office.
SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

A STATESMAN STRICKEN.

The Sudden Death of Senator Beck, of Kentucky.

HIS FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The Noted Kentuckian's Career Was Suddenly Terminated in the Pennsylvania Depot at Washington Near the Spot Where Garfield Was Shot by Guiteau.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Arrangements for Senator Beck's funeral are nearly completed. The formal announcement of his death was made in the senate by Senator Blackburn today and the senate at once adjourned, and on Tuesday the funeral services will be held in the senate chamber. Today being suspension day in the house, Mr. Carlisle did not formally announce the death of Senator Beck, until after consultation with Speaker Reed, and the house did not adjourn until late in the afternoon.

After the funeral services on Tuesday the senator's remains will be taken over the Chesapeake and Ohio road to Lexington, Ky., where the funeral will take place on Thursday.

The Pallbearers.

All of the Kentucky delegation in congress will accompany the remains to Lexington and attend the funeral there. The following named gentlemen, intimate friends of the dead senator, have been selected by the family as pallbearers and will also go to Lexington: Ex-Congressman Trimble, Ex-Congressman Phil R. Thompson, O. D. Stanley and R. C. Wintersmith, of Kentucky; L. Q. Washington and William R. Smith.

SENATOR BECK.

Senator Beck's remains were taken to the Capitol this afternoon, and, surrounded by a guard of honor of senate officials, will lie in state in the senate corridor until Tuesday noon. The body will then be taken into the senate chamber, where, at 1 o'clock, the obsequies will be held. Senator Blackburn will deliver an oration. Senator Beck's death was very sudden, but not wholly unexpected, as his heart difficulty had been threatening his life for some time. He dropped dead last Saturday afternoon, May 3, in the depot of the Baltimore and Potomac railroad.

Accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Goodloe, the wife of Maj. Goodloe, of the United States marine corps, the senator had just alighted from the train on which he had traveled from New York. The depot is the same depot in which President Garfield dropped, not dead, but fatally wounded from an assassin's bullet, nine years ago.

His History.

James Burnis Beck was born Feb. 13, 1822, in Dumfriesshire, Scotland. He received an academic education in his native country. Coming to this country while a youth with his parents the family settled in Lexington, Ky., and he was graduated at the law school of Transylvania university of that place in 1846. He entered law practice there and continued it with flattering success for twenty years. He was elected to congress in 1866 and three times re-elected, his last term closing in 1873.

In May, 1876, he was appointed a member of the commission to define the boundary between Maryland and Virginia, and in the same year was elected to represent Kentucky in the United States senate. He was re-elected as senator in 1883 and again in 1890. He was a member of several of the most important senate committees—those on appropriations, finance and expenditures of public money—in which his large experience and sagacious practical judgment made him a vigilant watch dog of the people's interests. He was the most rigid economist in the national legislature, and his acknowledged ability and proved integrity gained him always an attentive auditory.

He had amassed a large estate and was in private life a most courteous and genial gentleman. As a matter of course his head was never turned by the bunting of the presidential bee in his bonnet, his birth outside of the United States making him constitutionally ineligible to that high office. Perhaps he was all the better public servant from this fact. His manner was direct, even to bluntness, and during his long congressional career he had been remarked as one of the hardest working men in either body. His good nature was inexhaustible.

Lamented at Washington.

The death of Mr. Beck is widely and profoundly lamented here. He was a man of the strongest convictions and the sturdiest order of partisanship, and in his two and twenty years of service in the national legislature had made a name for himself synonymous everywhere with courage and integrity. He won his way by the pure force of a pure character which owed nothing to eloquence nor to the lighter graces of deportment. He was a downright sort of man, bluff, though not unkindly, practical to the last degree and a fighter without fear or favor.

His Rise to Power.

His rise to power in the blue grass country will always remain a unique chapter in the history of the state. He is a section essentially of sentiment and eloquence, where men, as a rule, aspiring to political honors have usually striven to exhibit either the gift of the orator or the charm of a gracious personality.

Mr. Beck possessed neither, and yet in the very heart of the soft story that had followed and worshiped Mr. Clay and Tom Marshall, John J. Crittenden and John C. Breckinridge, this great Scotchman, who could talk faster than any man of his day, who mixed with all classes without the aim or desire to be considered a fine gentleman, grew to exercise as much influence on affairs there as any of the great quartet that preceded him. Many of Mr. Beck's admirers have always suggested his promotion to the senate from the house, in their opinion, was the proper arena for the development and full exercise of his talents.

Who Will Succeed Him?

The succession is already a live question here. The state legislature is in session, and although it has adopted a joint resolution to adjourn on the 12th inst. a proposition will at once be submitted to rescind that action and prolong the session to meet the new emergency.

Five years of the term remain, so that the prize is almost of full proportions. There are four names that by those whose names are at once suggested for the vacancy. They are John G. Carlisle, of Covington; W. O. P. Breckinridge, of Lexington; John Young Brown, of Henderson, and James A. McKenzie, of Hopkinsville. Mr. Carlisle and Mr. Breckinridge are now members of the house, the former the leader of his party there. The only possible objection to the election of Mr. Carlisle to the senate would be the loss that at this critical time would be felt in the house. The tariff debate is approaching, and in that contest he is slated as the Democratic champion.

CASHIER SLINGLUFF RESIGNED.

Excitement at Norristown, Pa.—The Bank Will Resume Again.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., May 5.—There is considerable excitement here over the announcement that W. F. Slingluff, cashier of the Montgomery National bank, and also secretary and treasurer of the Montgomery Insurance Trust and Safe Deposit company, had placed his resignation at the disposal of the directors of those two institutions, and also assigned his property to them. Mr. Slingluff is said to have made unauthorized investments of the funds intrusted to his care. Interest in the matter is further heightened by the fact that the concerns in which he is said to have invested heavily are the stock companies organized by the principal men at the back of the recently suspended Bank of America, of Philadelphia, and the banks and institutions that went down along with it.

The trust company is principally involved by Treasurer Slingluff's unauthorized investments. Two judgments, amounting to $20,000, were entered against Slingluff in favor of the bank. The first one, for $16,000, was entered Friday night, but never thought was carefully kept from the depositors until after banking hours Saturday in order to avoid the possibility of a run when the bank was not prepared for it.

The bank is now said to be amply prepared for any demand that may be made upon it. The affairs of the trust company are said to be in a tangled state. A prominent director said last night that its true condition would not be known until after a committee appointed to examine its accounts had completed their labors.

Officials of the company are working on the books. The amount needed to strike a balance is variously estimated from $60,000 to $100,000. The directors intimated that as only 50 per cent of the capital stock has been paid in another assessment might be necessary. Mr. Slingluff and his wife have transferred all their property to the company.

Mr. Slingluff is said to estimate the value of the assigned property as $750,000.

DEATH IN THE WIND.

Two Persons Killed by a Hurricane in Willespoint, Tex.

WILLESPOINT, Tex., May 5.—A hurricane struck here at noon and every house in town is more or less damaged. Two persons were killed outright and several injured. The killed are Mrs. Bowen, caught under a falling wall and crushed to death; Sarah Bowen, 14 years old, daughter of Silas Mitchell. The injured are Jack Allred, internally, dangerous; a son of E. Monmaus, arm broken in two places; Mrs. Mitchell, colored, mother of the girl killed.

Mrs. Freeman's residence was blown over, the family just getting out in time to escape injury. The Methodist church and public buildings were demolished, while other churches were blown off their foundations. A number of stores and residences were blown down. The hurricane also visited Mesquite, Thornton, Terrill and other points, doing great damage.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

"Drink Moxie and Health will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Joy will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Nerve Food will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Strength will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Vim will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Vigor will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Life will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Power will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Success will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Luck will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Long Life will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Prosperity will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Happiness will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Health will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Nerves will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Digestion will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Appetite will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Spirits will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Cheer will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Fellowship will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Feeling will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Nature will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Sense will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Judgment will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Memory will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Temper will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Manners will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Morals will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Habits will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Principles will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Conduct will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Behavior will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Breeding will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Manners will follow."

"Drink Moxie and Good Taste

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Collection of Fugitive Facts and Out of the Ordinary Information.

Here are some facts and figures about the popular French novelist, Zola: Of "La Bete Humaine" 25,000 copies were sold on the first day. This high figure has not been attained since the appearance of "Nana." The whole "Rougon-Macquart Series" of fiction has now sifted over one million of volumes, beginning with the "Fortune des Rougon." This only ran to 20,000 copies, the "Curee" obtaining 30,000; the "Ventre de Paris," 30,000; the "Conquete de Plassans," 32,000; the "Abbe Mouret," 44,000; "Eugene Rougon," 21,000; until the "Assommoir," with a tirage of 128,000 copies put the "ball mark" on the author's popularity. The "Page d'Amour" rose to 30,000 volumes, but the apogee was reached by the 185,000 copies of "Nana."

Since "Nana," the highest number of copies has been reached by "La Terre," with 98,000 in all, and including the first day's issue of the "Bete Humaine," Charpentier has published 1,000,000 volumes, printed by Emile Zola. The author receives $4,000 for every novel published in feuilleton form. He says that his critics are right in their remarks about the science of his books, but he preserves, nevertheless, that his money goes more quickly than it comes. He lives in expensive style, and does not care about saving pence, has a big roughist it when young, he will not flinch before poverty should it surprise him in his old age.

The New Postage Stamps.

On Washington's birthday, Feb. 22, 1890, an entire new series of postage stamps were issued, comprising the same denominations as those which they displaced. The stamps differ in form from the old series, being about one-eighth smaller in size and nearly square. The design consists of the "Landing" feature the portraits of personages of great eminence in American history.

The one cent stamp contains a profile bust of Benjamin Franklin printed in ultramarine blue.

On the two cent stamp is a profile bust of George Washington printed in carmine.

The three cent stamp contains a profile bust of Andrew Jackson printed in purple.

The four cent stamp contains a portrait of Abraham Lincoln. The color is chocolate.

On the five cent stamp is a portrait of Gen. Grant. Color light brown.

The six cent denomination has a portrait of James A. Garfield.

The ten cent stamp contains a portrait of Daniel Webster, color milori green.

The fifteen cent denomination has a portrait of Henry Clay. The color is deep blue.

On the thirty cent stamp is a profile bust of Thomas Jefferson, color black.

The ninety cent denomination contains a profile bust of Commodore O. H. Perry. The color is orange.

The old stamps will of course continues to be received in payment of postage, but no more will be printed.—Golden Days.

Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

The Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States was organized by officers of the army, navy and marine corps of the United States who took part in the civil war or their eligible male descendants to the eldest direct male lineal descendant, according to the rules of primogeniture. There are seventeen commanderies, each representing a state, and one commandery representing the District of Columbia. Each has its corps of officers. The total membership of the Loyal Legion Oct. 31, 1889, was 4,004, of whom the commander-in-chief, Maj. Gen. Rutherford B. Hayes; senior vice commander, Rear Admiral A. L. Case; junior vice commander, Brig. Gen. Nelson A. Miles; surgeon-in-chief, Lieut. Col. John F. Nicholson; registrar-in-chief, Brig. Gen. Albert Ordway; treasurer-in-chief, Brig. Gen. John J. Millan.

The Right of Suffrage.

The right to vote comes from the state and is a state gift. Naturalization is a federal right and is a gift of the Union, not of any one state. In nearly one-half the Union aliens (who have declared intentions) vote and have the right to vote equally with naturalized or native born citizens. In the other half only actual citizens may vote. The federal naturalization laws apply to the whole Union alike, and provide that no alien male may be naturalized until after five years' residence. Even after five years' residence and due naturalization he is not entitled to vote unless the laws of the state confer the privilege upon him, and he may vote in one state (Minnesota) four months after landing if he has immediately declared his intention, under United States law, to become a citizen.

Growth of the New South.

The increase in number of establishments in the past ten years is 64.2 per cent.; in capital, 185.1 per cent.; in value of products, 113.8 per cent. Cotton mills, 1890, 346; in 1880, 161; increase, 114.9 per cent. Cotton consumption, bales, 1889, 897,670; in 1880, 180,971; increase, 174.4 per cent. Cotton seed oil mills, 1890, 232; 1880, 47; increase, 393.6 per cent. Cotton seed consumption, tons, 1,396,909; 1880, 312,728; increase, 555.8 per cent. Coal production, tons, 1889, 18,997,000; 1880, 4,963,574; increase, 282.8 per cent. Total value mineral products, 1889, $20,347,769; 1880, $3,347,445; increase, 518.7 per cent.

Footprints on the Sands of Time.

This experiment, the origin of which is usually attributed to Longfellow, was probably suggested by a letter of the first Napoleon to his minister of the interior respecting the poor law system in France. "Oh," he says, "to see time passing away without being put to its full value. Surely in a matter of this kind we should endeavor to do something, that we may feel that we have lived, that we have not lived in vain, that we may leave some impress of our lives on the sands of time."

The Queen of Scots' Sycamore Tree.

To Mary Queen of Scots, so Mrs. Jameson relates, was the juvenile Scotland indebted for the luxurious upspringing of sycamore trees in their realm. A little one was brought from France by "the fayre hand of royalty," and was planted by the noble lady herself in the gardens of Holyrood, and from this small beginning have sprung all the beautiful groves of sycamore now seen in Scotland. This sycamore tree is sometimes called Egyptian fig tree.

Master of the Ceremonies.

Master of the ceremonies is an office instituted at the court of England in 1603 for the more honorable reception of ambassadors and persons of distinction. The same term was afterwards extended by the court by being applied first to Beau Nash, the famous "master of ceremonies," or president of the commonwealth of Bath, and then to other persons exercising the same function in ordinary assemblies.

One Murder Made a Million.

One murder made a million, millions a hero. Princes were privileged to kill, and numbers emulated the crime.

The above is often quoted to Bailey Prince, who was born in 1826, and died in 1888.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS

POPULAR SCIENCE RECREATIONS AND USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.

The Forces of Nature—Gravity or the Attraction of Particles at a Distance from Each Other—Forms of Attraction Appropriately Illustrated.

The forces of nature are three in number, viz.: Gravity, cohesion and affinity or chemical attraction. The first is gravity. Gravity, or gravitation, is the material attraction between the different portions of matter acting at all distances—the force of attraction being, of course, in proportion to the mass of the bodies respectively. The greatest body, so far as our purposes are concerned, is the earth; hence the attraction of the earth is gravity, or what we call weight.

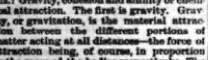

FIG. 1—EXPERIMENT ILLUSTRATING FORCE OF ATTRACTION.

We know if we jump from a chair we shall come to the floor; and if there were nothing between us and the ground sufficient to sustain the force of the attracting power of the earth we should fall to the earth's surface. In a tea cup the spoon will attract air bubbles and large bubbles will attract small ones, until a small mass of bubbles is formed in the center of the cup of tea. Divide this bubble and the component parts will rush to the sides of the cup. This form of attraction is illustrated by the accompanying diagrams. Suppose two balls of equal magnitude, A and B (Fig. 1). These being of equal magnitude attract each other with equal force, and will meet, if not opposed, at a point (M) half way between the two. But the greater mass, because the attraction of the earth is greater than the attraction they exercise towards each other.

But if the size of the balls be different, the attraction of the greater will be more evident, as shown below, where the points of meeting and the attraction of the earth still continues upon a body already in rapid motion, this rate of progress must be proportionately increased.

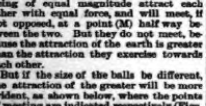

FIG. 1 AND FIG. 2—FORCE OF ATTRACTION.

A body falling descends sixteen feet in the first second, and for every succeeding second multiplies its velocity by 3. The distance the body travels has been calculated, and the space it passes through has been found to increase in proportion to the square of the time it takes to fall. For instance, suppose you drop a stone from the top of a cliff to the beach, and it occupies four seconds in falling, if you multiply by 3, and the result by sixteen, you will find how high the cliff is: in this (supposed) case it is (omitting decimals) sixty-four feet high. The depth of a well can also be ascertained in the same way, leaving out the effect of air resistance.

But if we go up in the air the force of gravity will be diminished. The rule for this is that gravity decreases in proportion to the square of the distance. So, if from a certain distance from the earth's surface the force of attraction be 1, if the distance be doubled the attraction will be only one-quarter as much as it was before—not one-half.

To Restore the Color of Gold.

To restore the color of gold after hard soldering is quite a trick, according to The Jeweler's Circular, which recommends the following as the simplest and easiest process for so doing: Expose all parts of the article to a uniform heat, allow the article to cool, then boil it until bright, in a pickle made with about one-eighth ounce of sulphuric acid to one ounce of rain water. Another way is to first pickle, then color. Anneal and boil in a pickle made of nitric acid and water, then again anneal black, and dip in coloring mixture made as follows:

Put into the coloring pot, or a No. 10 glass beaker, 1 oz. 50 grs. of cwts. of saltpeter and 4 ozs. 15 dwts. of table salt. Heat it up without water, then add hot water and let it make a thick paste; let it boil, add 6 1-3 ozs. of muriatic acid and let it boil up well. In using, keep up a quick and lively fire, and the mixture should boil up like the crucible—when it should have been previously well annealed to avoid breaking. The mixture removes more or less of the gold, and the operation should therefore be performed as quickly as possible. With good gold, one and one-half to two minutes will be long enough to expose it in the mixture. The article should be constantly stirred about, taking care not to let any of the surface get out of color, as the vapors will affect the work. Then rinse it in a pickle, dip in hot water, and dry thoroughly in hot sawdust. This color may be used with gold ranging between 12 and 20 carats fine, but the finest coloring can be got with about 15 carats gold. If not thoroughly dried, the work is liable to become spotted.

Notes and News.

Cotton seed oil is used in the manufacture of compound lard; also as a substitute for olive oil, and a lubricant of oil for cooking and table use and in medicinal preparations.

Apropos of the recent large output of petroleum from the rich oil districts of Russia. The Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter says that Austrian and American crude petroleum both yield about 80 to 85 per cent. of good burning oil, while the Russian product does not give more than 50 per cent.

According to a French scientist, vulcanized rubber dipped suddenly into boiling glycerine takes the characters of non-vulcanized rubber, i. e., that its parts can readily be joined and that it dissolves in the usual solvents of caoutchouc. The glycerine must be boiling at the time of first contact.

Watery solutions are difficult to mix with vaseline, but The Repertoire de Pharmacie says this difficulty can be overcome by means of a little castor oil.

The new cost shirt that opens all the way down the front, and one does not need to put on over one's head, has been given the name "the Prince Albert."—Clothier and Furnisher.

Pins and Needles.

The rapid growth of the finger nails is said to indicate good health. Do not cut them, but keep them short by filing.

The unclaimed wealth of Massachusetts savings banks is $20,000,000 on deposit in the savings banks of their state.

Several of the Norwegian among whom cholera has recently broken out are members of the Salvation Army, and it is said that the latter, having been urged that there was no reason ladies should not join in the healthiest pastime in the country.

It is a well known fact that ladies seldom trust their finest handkerchiefs to the tender mercies of a laundress. These pretty trifles are washed at home and spread upon clothes' frame to dry. They get off easily and look as fresh as if just from the shop. Not many years ago the wife of a Staffordshire yeoman visiting this country and fallen upon evil fortunes helped to keep the wolf from the door by washing the laces and fine linen of American women.

All manner of sweet and suggestive things are painted across the headboard of the bed in the guests' chamber. "He giveth his beloved sleep," "Forget the world and all its cares," "Sleep knits up the ravelled sleeve of care," with sprigs of heartsease, are very common. In Russia there is the Spanish idea of hospitality accompanied by the time honored proverb of that polite nation, "The house and bed are theirs."

A New York jeweler says: "There are very few enamelers—that is, high art enamelers—to be secured in this city, and strange as it may seem to you why should it be strange?—one of the best, if not the very best, is a woman. She will not work for less than $200 a week, and she has no trouble in finding constant employment at that figure.

A Spanish woman's mantilla is held sacred by law and cannot be seized for debt. There are three kinds of mantillas which, de rigeur, form the toilet of the Spanish lady. The first is composed of white blonde, and is worn on occasions of christenings, bull fights and Easter Monday. The second is black blonde, trimmed with deep lace, and the third, for ordinary wear, is made of black silk trimmed with velvet.

She Floored Him.

There is a certain old grumble on the Brooklyn bridge. It is the Brooklyn workaday crowd going to New York. The seats are quickly filled and in a breath almost the car is a big crowd of "standees."

A "dudeful" clerk with a most languishing air arises and gushingly proffers his seat to a pretty girl of the genus t. w., whereupon there was to fame as the independent typewritist.

The maid is very pretty, and instinctively you look to see and admire the smile which she is sure to cast on the charming "clerklet." Instead, to your astonishment, there is a look of withering scorn.

"Don't be insulted yourself, pray," she says, and there are barbs and sharp points in her speech.

"Aw, no trouble, I assuah you," says the "clerklet." "Pray sit down and awhile me."

The independent t. w. straightens up and a look of ineffable scorn smashes her face.

"See here, young man," she says, and she says it with the plainness of the business manager when he tells you that there is not the faintest shadow of a chance of a raise of salary, "you may keep your seat. I don't want it. You permitted me to stand all the way from East New York on account of the time it takes to fall. For instance, suppose you drop a stone from the top of a cliff to the beach, and it occupies four seconds in falling, if you multiply by 3, and the result by sixteen, you will find how high the cliff is: in this (supposed) case it is (omitting decimals) sixty-four feet high. The depth of a well can also be ascertained in the same way, leaving out the effect of air resistance.

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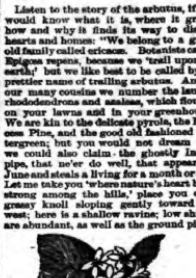
YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

AMUSING AND INSTRUCTIVE ENTERTAINMENT FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Story of Trailing Arbutus as Told by The Puritan Flower, in American Garden. A Small Girl and the New Game She Played.

Listen to the story of the arbutus, if you would know what it is, where it grows, how and why it finds its way to distant hearts and homes. We remember to a grand old family called ericaceæ. Botanists call us Epigeæ repens, because we 'trail upon the earth,' but we like best to be called by the prettier name of trailing arbutus. Among our many cousins we number the laurels, rhododendrons and azaleas, which flourish on your lawns and in your greenhouses. We are kin to the delicate pyrola, the Princess Pine, and the good old fashioned wintergreen; but you would not dream that we could also claim the ghostly Indian pipe, that ne'er do well, that appears in June and steals a living for a month or two. Let me take you 'where nature's heart beats strongest' among the hills," please you on a grassy knoll sloping gently toward the west; here is a shallow ravine; low shrubs are abundant, as well as the ground pine.



TRAILING ARBUTUS, FIRST BORN OF SUN AND SHOWERS.

"A cry of delight escapes you. Ah! you see us! a perfect mat at your feet. Our pink and white blossoms are half hidden by delicate mosses and our own green and russet leaves. We must own that our leaves are not pretty. They were made for use—to protect our tender buds through the winter, to breathe for us the strong air of early spring, that we may be ready to smile when the warm sun and gentle rains touch us. Fill your baskets, then, before we are faint and weary, hurry home with us, place us in pans of water in a cool, damp cellar, where we drink and drink until we are full of moisture and well equipped for the journey before us. Then fashion us into bouquets; fan on one side, and place in a strong pasteboard box with sprays of damp moss, do us up and send by mail or express to some city home. Could you, when the box is opened, hear the acclamations of delight and see the air with our 'sweetness,' you would understand that we came to gladden the hearts of all who see, to make new friends and cheer our old ones."

Our Beaps Goat.

If there comes a tramping down the state,
A vigorous clog dance overhead,
Or a fearful racket anywhere—
"That's Ned!

If you hear a howling down the street,
And to the window run in dread,
'Tis not a mob in full retreat—
But Ned!

If you find a litter where of late
A perfect order reigned instead,
Don't sit down and bemoan your fate—
Ned!

And if there's anything gone wrong,
Don't vainly ponder in your bed;
To find the author 'twon't take long—
'Tis Ned!
—Golden Days.

The Truth About the Lark.

An English writer proposes to explode another of our dear beliefs. He says the proverb "Up with the lark" is not at all to be several other birds who are early risers:

"The credit of being first up is said to belong to the greenfinch, which sings as early as half- past 1 on a summer morning. An hour later the blackcap tunes up and the quail follows him within some thirty minutes. By 4, when I betook myself I've been up for a considerable time, the blackbird makes the woods resound with his melody. Half an hour later the thrush is audible and then a short interval, the voices of the robin and the wren are heard in the land, the house sparrow and the tomtit coming last. It is quite true the lark does not rise until after the chaffinch, linnet and a number of other hedgerow folk have been merrily piping for a good while."

Though this be so, when the Wide Awake, the lark still is a good exemplification of a proverb—the one which runs, "Get your name up, then you can lie about until noon."

She Played She Was a Fish.

"One night a small girl came down to the room
By the side of the grate, big eyes;
And she pulled off her shoes and she pulled off her socks,
And waded up to her knees.

"An old crab wandered with all his might
What the little girl's game could be,
And why she was out so late at night:
So he climbed up the rocks to see.

PLAYED SHE WAS A FISH.

"Said the girl, 'I'm a fish in the sea, salt sea,
I'm a fish and I live in the water!'
Then' said the crab, 'he could see can but
I am sure it is Mrs. Crab's daughter!'

"Then the girl jumped around and tried to behave
Just as the fishes do,
When suddenly up came a great big wave
And washed her clean through.

"The old crab laughed and laughed, till he ached,
As the girl was dripping away;
He hoped she'd got a fish in the side,
And it served the right, I say."
—St. Nicholas.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 8c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. Outing flannel 5c; cretonnes at 3½. Lot of ladies gloves at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $1.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 5c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25c. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

SOLD DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET,

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Broadway

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH and AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

CARPETS!

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES AND GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICES. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Plainfield Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Fine class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

61 WEST FRONT STREET,

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any place in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made to

Moving Pianos.

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS

R. W. RICE & Co

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers

Telephone Call 153.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Reasonable Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

1890. FURNITURE STORE POWLISON & JONES. 34 West Front St.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, Etc.

M. E. MOORE

BUILDER,

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St., where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY HIM.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism.

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wasting Diseases, Catarrh, Consumption, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally, at 16 Main Place. Female attendant for ladies. 16 East Second street, corner of Watchung ave.

FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN's,

No. 2 Park Avenue

24 and 24 doors, Box 1218.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. 108 Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

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Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue. W. S. SLEEPER, Manager

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, MAY 6 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

PLAINFIELD COUNCIL.

THE DEMOCRATS START THE EIGHTH MEETING RATHER CLOWNISHLY.

They Repudiate All Rules of Order, and Become Hopelessly Befuddled.—A Record of the Business in Detail.

The City Common Council met in regular session at eight o'clock last evening. Present—President Moffett and Councilmen Dunham, Gallup, Hetfield, Jenkins, Johnston, Marshall, Roberts, Rushmore, Smith and Spangenberg.

The minutes of the last meeting were read. Before they were adopted Mr. Hetfield asked for the privilege of changing his vote on the claim of Mr. T. W. Morrison.

Mr. Newhall asked if it would be proper to grant Mr. Hetfield the privilege of changing his vote after the vote had been announced.

President Moffett decided that it would.

Mr. Marshall—"I differ with the chair—it cannot be proper to change a vote after the result has been announced."

The chairman said he did not see any harm in permitting Mr. Hetfield to change his vote, and allowed him to do so.

Mr. Spangenberg then asked for the same privilege.

Mr. Rushmore asked whether it would not be proper to ask the Corporation Counsel's opinion on the subject.

Mr. Moffett decided that he did not think it necessary, and ruled that Mr. Spangenberg could change his vote if he so desired.

Mr. Newhall—"I object to the ruling of the chair as irregular, and I appeal from the decision of the chair."

Mr. Rushmore seconded Mr. Newhall's appeal.

A vote resulted as follows:

To sustain the chair—Messrs. Gallup, Hetfield, Moffett, Roberts, Smith and Spangenberg.

For the appeal—Messrs. Newhall, Dunham, Jenkins, Johnston and Rushmore.

The President declared the motion lost.

Mr. Moffett called Mr. Hetfield to the chair, which he occupied the remainder of the evening, Mr. Moffett being sick.

Mr. Moffett then asked to be recorded as voting against the claim.

He was granted the privilege.

In order to show the ridiculousness of the rulings of Mr. Hetfield, in this matter, which made it all but impossible for him to do so, because he professes to be a lawyer, and as such one would think ought to know better, Mr. Dunham made a similar motion on another matter. He saw quickly what a hole the Democrats had jumped into, and his motion simply dropped them further in. They fairly jumped at the bait and did not discover the trap until too late, and Mr. Dunham had been granted the privilege of changing his vote, which of course he did not want at all.

Mr. Dunham also asked the privilege of changing his vote on the liquor ordinance.

Mr. Newhall—"I again arise to a point of order and declare the proceedings, in my opinion, to be irregular."

Mr. Hetfield, as chairman, ruled that the point was not well taken and would not allow it, and granted Mr. Dunham the privilege (?) he asked. Then Mr. Newhall brought the silliness of Mr. Hetfield's position out so forcibly that the latter Councilman was com pelled to give way in confusion dire.

Mr. Newhall's ordinance has been signed, advertised and has become a law, and the chair now rules that we can change our votes on it if we so wish. Why the ruling is ridiculous?

Mr. Hetfield,—"When I ruled that Mr. Dunham could change his vote I did not know that the ordinance had become a law. If it has I ruled wrong."

Mr. Rushmore—"May I ask under what rules of order or what manual the ruling on Mr. Morrison's claim was made."

Mr. Hetfield—"I am not called upon to give my reasons for my ruling." (Oh, awful!)

Mr. Rushmore—"I only asked for information." This was said in an offhand, sarcastic manner that was a cross between contempt and disgust.

Mr. Hetfield—"I now rule Mr. Dunham's motion, to change his vote, out of order."

(Oh! oh!! oh!!!)

Mr. Newhall asked how the minutes now stood. "Are we to now understand that three of the gentlemen who voted aye at the last meeting are recorded as voting no to-day? Are we to understand that the chair has ruled that we voted at our last meeting as we did not vote? How in the world can we make it appear that we voted opposite to what we did? I ask for a ruling under Cushing's manual."

Mr. Hetfield—"It is simply to be recorded that three members were granted the privilege of changing their votes."

Mr. Newhall again called for the reading of the minutes as they now stood. "We wished the clerk by vote to change the minutes. If the gentlemen wanted to change their votes why did they not do so after the minutes had been adopted."

Mr. Hetfield.—"This matter has gone too far. It will please Mr. Newhall the clerk may read the minutes."

Mr. Newhall.—"Is it not to please Mr. Newhall at all. It is to do what is right."

Mr. Hetfield at this point seemed to be hopelessly bewildered. Every step he took only made matters worse, and in sheer desperation he decided that the minutes stood approved as corrected.

Mr. Newhall.—"I object to the proceedings as irregular and protest against them."

Mr. Johnston also wanted to hear the minutes read as corrected. He considered that the Democrats had gotten matters into such a muddle that it was impossible to know just what the minutes were.

Mr. Hetfield wanted to explain, but Mr. Newhall called him to order.

The minutes were then approved as corrected by a vote of 6 to 5.

In the original minutes the Council is recorded unanimous for the claim. If the corrections are allowed, it will leave it right for the claim to three against, but to allow the minutes must be falsified.

Mayor Main in a communication nominated C. F. Glaenster, Patrick Kiely and James Rabbitt as Special Policemen. He also nominated Mr. Rabbitt as dog catcher. The nominations were confirmed.

The quarterly report of City Physician Manning was read and ordered filed.

A communication from the Assessor stated that several new streets had been opened recently and suggested that they be surveyed and placed on the maps. The document was referred to the Committee on Streets.

A communication from N. W. Pike in reference to using his premises for storing crushed stone was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

A communication from Mr. S. C. Mulford and others asking for police protection on East Fifth street in the vicinity of Franklin place was read and referred to the Committee on Police.

Mr. James M. Dunn and others petitioned for a cross-walk at the intersection of North and Park avenues. The matter was referred to the Committee on Streets, with power.

Mr. E. C. Mulford and others petitioned Council to accept Kensington avenue between La Grande and Putnam avenues. The petition was

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TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Chinese Gems.

Consistency is one of the jewels we Americans can wear with peculiar grace. There is the Chinese exclusion act. On demand of the Pacific coast it was passed, forbidding anybody to bring any more Chinese into this country under penalty of $1,000 fine and a year's imprisonment. Then, of course, since no more Chinese can come in, great numbers of them immediately want to come in. The Chinese merchants are interested in having them come, because they themselves make a good thing out of it. They offer large inducements to Pacific coast gentlemen who have declared that the Chinese must go, to help smuggle their yellow fellow countrymen into the United States. Then the Pacific coast gentlemen are persuaded that Chinese immigration is not such a bad thing after all, and go into the lucrative business of smuggling Chinamen. Capt. Williams, of the sloop Benicia Boy, is now in jail at San Diego for bringing a cargo of Chinamen from Mexico and trying to land them. He told the officer who boarded his sloop that he was "jew fishing," but the cargo found in the sloop's hold was not that kind of a catch.

Certain it is that many Chinese have come into the country since the exclusion act was passed. They are still coming in steadily, and those Americans who desire their cheap labor on railroads and elsewhere beckon them with invisible hand across the border, both from Mexico and Canada.

Since the Canadian Pacific railroad and its main branches have been completed work is scarce in the Dominion for the Celestials, and they turn their wistful eyes to the Canaan southwards. Then they gently steal near to the border, and, after lingering in a Canadian town for a few days, softly skip over the border in the night time. They hide themselves during the day, and get far inland before they are seen by anybody. Guides conduct them to a place of safety. Then who knows when they came into the country? It is not uncommon now for these ally Chinamen to paint themselves like Indians, clothe themselves in blankets and slip into the States as red men. They would not come unless there was encouragement from some source for them to do so.

The British consul at Galveston has furnished to the state department of his government his opinion in general of the state of Texas. He says that Texas has immense undeveloped resources, and only wants proper irrigation to become a paradise and a garden. Then he remarks: "Its progress is checked by a high customs tariff and a prevailing spirit of lawlessness." Consul Lyall would better be careful how he calls Texas lawless. Some of its aggrieved sons from the ranches would like no better sport than calling him out of bed one of these nights and making him dance while they shot at his feet to make him dance faster. They would not do this only for any malice, but only to prove that the people of Texas were law abiding and orderly citizens.

The giant co-operative enterprises of our time grow more and more impressive. There is now a syndicate that proposes to take hold of the whole national debt of Mexico and pay it in a lump, accepting Mexican government lands for the security. The syndicate will not only pay existing obligations, but will furnish funds to develop the resources of the country. The Mexican government proposes on its part to accept the offer, having faith that the added development of the republic's resources will fully meet the interest of the debt and in time extinguish the principal. The members of this great syndicate of people who have more money than they know what to do with belong in London and Paris chiefly, with a few in New York.

At last a substitute for the monopolized jute bagging has been found, and southern planters are jubilant. W. E. Jackson, a lawyer of Augusta, Ga., has perfected a process whereby bagging for baling cotton can be produced from the cotton stalk itself. One year's yield of stalks will produce bagging sufficient to bale three years' cotton crop. The machinery required for the process is very heavy, consisting of huge rollers and crushers and looms for weaving. The stalks in the field will be worth $2 a ton. This invention means $3,000,000 a year in the pockets of southern farmers.

The house of representatives has passed a bill providing that $4 a month shall be retained from the pay of a United States soldier for the first year of his enlistment. This is to be repaid him on his honorable discharge from the service, but is to be forfeited altogether for misconduct. The bill is aimed at deserters. Fewer good men can ever would enlist under such a system of law. The only effective way to prevent desertion from the army is to make the service so agreeable to the recruit that he will not want to desert. Let army lawmakers consider that side of the question.

It has been discovered that the legislation of congress is at the mercy of the proof reader of the public printer. Will the serious and numerous mistakes that occur in the printing of congressional documents ever cause the appointing powers to exercise more care in the selection of a public printer?

The curiosities of American divorce laws have had a new illustration. In 1863 a Mr. Smith was married in New York. It took the couple nineteen years to discover that they were not affinities. Mr. Smith went to Dakota. After a time she obtained a divorce from Smith, with permission for both to heal their wounded affections by taking other partners. Smith in due time did thus heal his hurt by taking a wife in New York, where he remained. But his second venture turned out no better than the first. Mrs. Smith No. 2 found out that he was not her affinity either. She then applied for a divorce on the ground that Smith had a wife living, and got it.

Will They Ever Wear It?

Lady Florence Dixie, who, riding man fashion, galloped all through Patagonia, and has given the world charming sketches of her journeyings, has begun an earnest crusade against the wearing of long skirts by women for a walking costume. She speaks of the changes that have taken place in woman's garments in the last few years, and then adds:

> Yet still the bugbear skirt remains, hanging to the ankles, sweeping the ground. This is the garment which practically declares that a woman's lower limbs shall be mauciless and weak from birth to death.

She does not want women to adopt man's costume, because it is so ugly, but she says:

> I know my remark will be received with shouts of horror by many—of derision by a few—but I notwithstanding, I repeat it. I have had a fair approaching when the hideous and sometimes long skirt will die a natural death. I am not an advocate of knickerbockers—because it is for the men are pattern—for I think trousers are hideous at any time; likewise do not wish more so on women. The difference in man's appearance in the kilt to what he presents when in trousers is very marked. The former is graceful and becoming, the latter neither one nor the other.

The ideal dress for women, such as Lady Florence wears in Scotland, she describes as follows:

> It consists of a flannel shirt, knickerbockers, and not loose fitted. In it I am free; in it I can walk twenty, thirty miles a day if need be, over the roughest ground; but put me in the hated skirt and I am at once fettered and unable to move.

Nearly all the diamond cutters of the world are, curiously enough, Jews. Ten thousand of them find employment in the city of Amsterdam alone, and 7,000 of them are out of work because of the great rise in the price of uncut diamonds. The thing that the shoddy aristocracy most dreaded will therefore not come to pass. Diamonds will not become so cheap that everybody can sport one. The shoddies can still enjoy this little claim to distinction.

Matrimony Down Him to Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—Joseph Sheetz, aged 80 years, a member of the German-town poor board and a trustee and sexton of the Dunkard church there, has died from the effects of an overdose of opium, taken, it is believed, with suicidal intent. Three weeks ago Sheetz, who was a widower, married Miss Mamie Johnstone, 27 years old, and the match was announced a few days later. The reason that several other women claimed that the venerable groom was engaged to them. After the marriage Sheetz expressed himself to friends as being very unhappy, and more than once spoke of ending his troubles by committing suicide.

Debate on the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—At a caucus of Republican members of the house, it was agreed to postpone consideration of the river and harbor bill until the tariff bill has been disposed of. It was decided to allow four days for general debate on the tariff bill, beginning on Wednesday next, and eight days for considering and voting on the amendments. This will bring the bill to a vote on May 20. Night sessions will be held on the four days of general debate.

Yankee Fishermen Barred Out.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., May 6.—A copy of the Newfoundland bait act has been received here by Collector Proctor. Consul Malloy, at St. Johns, Newfoundland, said has caused much comment because of its stringent measures. It will be about impossible for our fishermen to do anything in those waters under the act as in force.

They Will Not Work.

IRWIN, Pa., May 6.—The Irwin miners at a mass meeting decided not to work until their demand of sixty-five cents per ton be granted. About 800 men were present and the resolution was carried by an overwhelming majority.

Pennsylvania Carpenters Win.

PITTSBURG, May 6.—The Jeannette (Pa.) carpenters, about 200 in number, who have been striking for eight hours, have been granted what they ask. The men are very jubilant over their success.

A Technical Squabble at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 6.—Judge Corlett has granted a writ of habeas corpus on application of Charles S. Hatch, counsel for Kemmler, to Sheriff Danforth, District Attorney Quinby, Warden Durston, and others interested to produce Kemmler before County Judge Day at Auburn on Saturday next. The purpose is to impose the question as to whether the warden of the state prison can legally execute Kemmler, counsel claiming that nobody but the sheriff of Erie county could execute his client.

The Bowdoin Square Church Difficulty.

BOSTON, May 6.—At a meeting of the Baptist ministers' association a communication was received from the council called to consider the relations of W. W. Downs and the Bowdoin Square church, so called, to the ordination, but the chairman decided it not in proper form to present to the meeting, and suggested that it be referred to a committee of three. It was so voted, and Rev. Drs. Alvord, Adams and Faunce were confirmed as the committee.

HABEAS CORPUS DENIED.

The Federal Supreme Court Hears Kemmler's Attorney.

MAY PROCURE A WRIT OF ERROR.

The Court Refuses to Liberate Kemmler, but Allows Attorney Sherman to Apply for the Privilege of Continuing the Investigation of Death by Electricity.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Kemmler case came up before the United States supreme court Monday on a motion by Roger M Sherman, counsel for Kemmler, for an original writ of habeas corpus. All the justices were in their seats when Mr. Sherman made the motion. He read from his brief of the case the reasons on which the application was based. The petitioner, Kemmler, he said, was under sentence of death under a statute of the state of New York, which imposes the punishment of death by the passing through his body of a current of electricity sufficient, in the opinion of the warden of the state prison, to cause his death, the current to be continued until it kills him, and the said other features abridge Kemmler's privileges and immunities as a citizen of the United States, and deprives him of his life without due process of law and in violation of the fourteenth amendment.

Writ Wanted on Original Writ.

Judge Wallace, Mr. Sherman stated, has granted a writ in the emergency to afford an opportunity to make the application. As the case had been passed on under the state constitution by the court of appeals, Mr. Sherman suggested that an original writ was proper.

Mr. Sherman's Affidavit.

Mr. Sherman also read his own affidavit in the case. This affidavit stated that Mr. Sherman was an attorney for Kemmler, and that the application to the supreme court was allowed by Judge Wallace, the circuit judge of the United States for the Second circuit, upon the condition that it should be made with the utmost diligence and brought to the attention of the judges so that they could consider it before the end of the term, and that if this were not done the writ should be vacated. Mr. Sherman said that he had not considered himself authorized to make the application sooner than he did, as he had been busy in the case and in any way engaged in behalf of the petitioner.

"Without Due Process of Law."

"The question," he said, "is here presented to the federal courts under the amendment to the constitution of the United States upon a claim that the limitation put by the amendment of this citizen to be exempt from cruel and unusual punishment for crime, is by the fourteenth amendment extended and protected from encroachment by the state. It further claimed that, even if the eighth amendment has no original or derived application, and merely by the operation of the fourteenth amendment alone, he may be by this court preserved in life until the state of New York shall deprive him of it by 'due process of law,' and in such manner under which he is now confined. If this is not a federal question under the eighth amendment, yet the petitioner presses the court that the state law violates the fourteenth amendment which deprives him of life without 'due process of law.'"

Alleged Statutory Irregularities.

Mr. Sherman read from his application what he claimed were irregularities in the statute. He held that the statute was without due process of law because it imposed a punishment which inflicts a painful death and is beyond all question unusual. It left to the absolute discretion of an executive office, one presumed not to be an expert, to the question of the intensity of the electric current which is to be passed through Kemmler and the conditions under which it shall be applied, and only prescribed for his guidance that he shall continue the current selected by him until it kills, provided a week shall suffice for the purpose. It left to the warden the power to determine the day of Kemmler's death instead of a day being fixed by the court; it made provisions for solitary confinement in addition to the death penalty; it made cruel because it withheld knowledge of the period of his life from the prisoner until the moment of his destruction; it prohibited a truthful report by the press of the execution, which deprives the criminal of a safeguard against cruel punishment, and it is a substantial departure from the essential features of the common law mode of death by the fourteenth amendment to be preserved.

Danger of Torture.

Mr. Sherman argued that unless the current was applied under perfect scientific conditions there was danger of torture, and it had not been shown that the scientific conditions could be perfect. All modes of instant execution, he said, were more or less cruel. Electricity must be to some extent cruel. Scientists claimed that any sudden shock that drives the soul from the body must be in some degree cruel. Where hanging was prescribed the sheriff was directed to hang the criminal by the neck until he was dead.

It did not authorize the executioner to go into the criminal cell at any hour of the day or night and execute him by hanging him by the heels, or body, or by twisting rope about his body. The electrocution law did not prescribe any direct method of execution, but left it to the executioner. Mr. Sherman said, Justice Field has stated that a man cannot be deprived of his life without due process of law and he claimed that this act was somewhat similar one.

It Would Free Kemmler.

He did not claim that the ex post facto provision of the constitution applied to this case. The law had been enacted with regard to proper forms. He thought that he had shown enough to prove that the law should not become a part of the settled law of the country by the denial of a writ of habeas corpus.

Justice Gray suggested that the granting of a writ of habeas corpus would have the effect of liberating Kemmler. To this Mr. Sherman replied that the court could provide against this, and in support of his claim he cited the Medley case, in which the court, although granting the writ of habeas corpus, directed the warden of the prison where the prisoner was confined to notify the state officers of the exact time of the prisoner's liberation in order that he might be captured and retried.

He Can Apply for a Writ of Error.

Chief Justice Fuller announced that the application for a writ of habeas corpus could not properly be granted, but that the court would hear an application for a writ of error on May 19. The granting of a writ of error in the case would have the effect of reopening the expert testimony taken by the electrical commission. The record of the commission would be produced and the court would prescribe under what conditions Kemmler shall be executed.

THE LAST SAD RITES.

Funeral Services of the Late Senator James B. Beck.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The funeral services of the late Senator James B. Beck were held in the senate chamber at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The obsequies, which were under the charge of Senators Blackburn, Harris, Vance, Ransom, Call, Evarts and Morrison, were of an unusually impressive character, and the senate chamber was crowded with distinguished men from both branches of congress. Invitations had also been extended to the president and the members of his cabinet, the chief justice and the associate justices of the supreme court and the diplomatic corps. The Kentucky delegation from the house were present in a body.

The following gentlemen officiated as pallbearers from Washington: W. R. Smith, L. Q. Washington, P. B. Thompson, G. O. Sealy, J. Fletcher Johnston, Hiak Lee, Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, Col. R. C. Wintersmith and Judge L. S. Trimble.

At Lexington these gentlemen will be relieved by the following named gentlemen, who will act as pallbearers: Governor S. B. Buckner, of Frankfort; Col. E. F. Clay, of Paris, and the following named gentlemen from Lexington: Alexander Jeffrey, Hal Graham, Joseph Bosworth, Dr. H. M. Skillman, Judge Jere Morton, Judge J. M. Whitney and Maj. H. C. McDowell.

The remains were taken west on a special train of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, leaving Washington at 3 p. m. The senate sergeant-at-arms, W. P. Canaday, is in charge of the party, Governor Buckner has telegraphed Mrs. Blackburn that he will meet the party somewhere en route.

Resolutions of respect were passed by both houses of congress Monday and Mr. Breckenridge paid a touching tribute to the dead statesman.

"I will not," said Mr. Breckinridge, "detain the house except with the announcement of the death of my predecessor and friend. It is a personal sorrow, much more than a political one, to many here, and, more especially, probably, to me, who had been his friend since I was a lad of 10 years of age, connected with him by every possible tie which can connect two men, except blood and relationship. It was in this house he won his first national reputation, a reputation based on the loftiest qualities of a true statesman. His life was one of the most romantic in American politics. That a poor Scotch boy should come to the blue grass country, should rise to the head of the most brilliant bar west of the Alleghany mountains, should be elected four consecutive times to fill the seat once filled by Clay, should be translated to the senate and receive three consecutive elections, almost without opposition, and should die with the love, confidence and esteem of his entire state; that during sixty-eight years of his manly life no one ever found a flaw in his stainless integrity, in his lofty courage, in his pure, tender, personal friendship and affection; in his unswerving devotion to both friend and enemy, attest that the love Kentucky gave him was deserved; that the confidence she reposed in him was wisely given and was never betrayed. It is further some of us feel is a natural grief.

Slingluff's Shortage $150,000.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., May 6.—The statement that the Montgomery Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit company would continue business proved to be premature. The doors were opened, but after a run had fairly set in they were closed and depositors were notified that while the concern expected to pay all liabilities in full some delay would be necessary. The suspension is due to unauthorized loans made by treasurer Slingluff. There was a run on the Montgomery bank, of which Slingluff is cashier, but all demands were met. It is stated that Slingluff's property, which he turned over to the institution and which he said was worth $750,000, is worth only $50,000, while he is said to have diverted $150,000 of the funds to his private use.

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Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

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NEWS IN BRIEF.

Frank Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The women of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston will raise $150,000 to help out the Johns Hopkins Medical school if allowed to enter on the same conditions as men.

William Waldorf Astor has given $5,000 to the charitable fund of the New York Press club.

Col. John A. Cockerill, of The New York World, has furnished bail in the matter of Judge Hilton's indictment against that paper for libel.

Fire destroyed the entire business portion of South Dayton, N. Y., except one store. Eleven buildings were burned. The total loss is between $15,000 and $20,000, with insurance of about $10,000.

Robert Fleury, dean of the French painters, died May 5, aged 68 years.

Wetherall & Pierce, shoe dealers of Providence, are financially embarrassed. Liabilities, $15,000.

Mrs. Betsey Averill, the oldest inhabitant of the state of Connecticut and the oldest pensioner of the United States, celebrated her 103d birthday at Washington May 5. She is in good health.

Signor Crispi has announced in the Roman senate his intention to resign.

The biggest Chinese funeral that New York ever saw took place in Mott street May 5. Yung Chie Yang was the name of the deceased, and he was high, grand, noble secretary of the Sung Gee Tong, the popular Chinese Masonic lodge of the city of New York.

In New York and Brooklyn nearly all the carpenters have gone to work under the eight hour day system.

Frederick C. Crawford, the reporter whose version of an interview with ex-President Cleveland was published in The World and created a great furor, is out with a letter in which he reiterates that Mr. Cleveland made every statement reported in the interview and referred to Editor Dana in even more violent language than that given in the printed interview.

Mayor Cleveland Sworn In.

JERSEY CITY, May 6.—Mayor Cleveland, of Jersey City, was sworn in for the sixth time as the chief executive of Jersey City this noon. His term is for a year, mayor's third consecutive term, three of his terms having been served during the war. As soon as Mayor Cleveland had been sworn in he reappointed as members of the board of education Directors Pfingsten and Voorhis. Application on behalf of George F. Perkins, the Republican candidate for mayor, was made to Justice Dixon, of the supreme court, for a recount of the vote in Jersey City on the grounds of fraud.

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Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.
HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.
[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]
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My $2.50 Shoe.
Not since the War have Boots, Shoes or Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.
We have secured a great bargain in a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.
Call and examine our goods.
John J. Kenney,
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Not "Soap Fat,"
but PURE VEGETABLE O LS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and
African Palm Soap.
They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class. Sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.
Reynold's Pharmacy,
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THE DAIRY,
28 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,
are offering special inducement in
Gilt Edged Butter
Call and see them.
Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese, always on hand.
Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.
DELICATESSEN
Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Bloodwurst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Münster, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.
W. C. TURR, Plainfield and Elizabeth

YOU WILL FIND OUR GOODS VERY PROFITABLE.
THE LARGEST STOCK
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WE ARE THE LEADERS IN OUR LINE.
UNITED TEA AND
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Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
239 W. FRONT STREET.

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NEW STYLES
IN
HATS
GO TO
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

A Great Bargain
in the following
Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.00
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Boston extra choice..	15	1.65

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN,
Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

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COAL, LUMBER
and
MASONS' MATERIALS.
BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.
Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made with Mr. Hugh Gilmore, formerly in the general employ of the company, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.
Sawing, planing and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.
Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, and soliciting a continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 139.

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RHEUMATISM
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S
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For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,
U. S. Hair Tonic,
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C. E. CLARKE,
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Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest styles of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Fine Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
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GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,
Choice Clover,
Timothy and
Lawn Seeds.
FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
HARDWARE, PLUMBING
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A. M. GRIFFEN,
38 EAST FRONT STREET.
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FROM $6.50 UPWARD.
At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Amazon Damask, a neat pretty carriage.
At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.
At $15 two styles. Finest Plush Lined.
OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.
EXTRA PARASOLS.
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WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
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All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 202

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Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
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Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Knives Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham! Trimmed.
FAIR PRICES.	
N. B. Smaller's,	Dear at any Price.
24 Somerset street.	At McGinty's

Crushed Stone.
The undersigned having leased the Chess Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size, short notice. Orders left at Chess' Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.
P. T. B. NEVIUS,
RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
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at the New Meat Market,
No. 17 West Front Street.
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Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-4-3m*

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REAL ESTATE
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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

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BEDDING,
Baby Carriages!
I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.
R. R. Fairchild,
21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.
4 doors below Post-Office.
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JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

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AND
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No. 7 East Front street.

THE HERO OF THE HOUR.

The Geographical Society's Reception to Stanley.

ENGLISH ROYALTY APPLAUDS.

Stanley Tells What England in Particular and Humanity in General Have Gained by His Recent Exploits in Africa—The Rescue of Emin.

LONDON, May 6.—The Geographical society's reception to Henry M. Stanley was held at the Albert hall last evening and was attended by the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, Prince and Princess Von Hohenlohe, the Duke of Fife, the Duke of Argyll, the Count of Paris and a brilliant assemblage of the leaders of all classes of people. The palace of the royal family headed a torchlight procession which conducted Stanley and his colleagues into the hall. The assemblage, which completely packed the building, rose en masse to applaud.

Thanks and a Medal.

The president of the Geographical society in an appropriate speech, presented medals to Stanley. The explorer, on rising to reply, was greeted with another outburst of cheering. In returning his thanks he said he hoped that the warm personal welcome he had received would be extended to the many that could not tell them. He then proceeded to narrate his adventures, assisted by a huge chart.

The Prince of Wales moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Stanley and the Duke of Edinburgh seconded the motion. The medal presented to Stanley is of gold and bears his effigy. Copies of the medal in bronze were presented to his colleagues, including Mr. Bonney, by the Prince of Wales.

Humanity's Great Gain.

In the course of his speech Mr. Stanley said that carpers had asked what was the utility of the expedition. To this he replied that the gain to humanity was great. The expedition had opened up a new, rich and productive country, and would enable them to teach millions of degraded human beings in the forest that in vegetable products they would find something of far better value than the ivory and rubber gum-trees. As a Christian nation, he said, the English people ought to rejoice that the few thousand pounds lent to this work had resulted in 600 persons from slavery and restored 100 to their homes in Egypt and had delivered Emin from a stagnant state of impossibilities to the active service of a friendly nation.

A Big Thing for the British.

It was no exaggeration to say that every mile traversed would serve in the future to extend British commerce, industry and enterprise. Already they had extended the British possessions to the eastern limits of the Congo, adding territory covering thousands of miles without force of arms.

John Morley's Amendment.

LONDON, May 6.—Mr. John Morley announced his intention in the house of commons last night to move an amendment to the land purchase bill to prevent forced bargains with tenants by threats of eviction or other intimidation.

Why Emin Objected.

BERLIN, May 6.—The National Zeitung says: "Emin Pacha states that he could not grant to Stanley's desire to exhibit him in Europe like a rare animal."

JERSEY'S TWO BALLOT BILLS.

Mr. Powderly Says the Knights Prefer Werts' Bill to None at All.

TRENTON, May 6.—Terence V. Powderly, Secretary Hayes and several leading Knights of Labor appeared before the senate committee having in charge the rival ballot reform bills, last night. Mr. Powderly said he considered the Republican substitute the only genuine ballot reform bill before the legislature.

He had no particular objection to the Democratic measure drawn by Senator Were, except the clause providing for the distribution of ballots before election. He was satisfied, however, that there was no chance of the Republican measure passing and rather than see the cause of ballot reform sacrificed this session he would withdraw the objections that the knights had to the bill.

He believed the purchasing of votes would be just as great as ever, but on the whole there were so many good features about the Democratic measure that he would be glad to see it passed.

The president and secretary of the Hudson County Ballot Reform league also appeared before the committee with an earnest petition against the Democratic bill, because of the feature regarding the distribution of ballots before election. The president stated that while they preferred the Republican measure they would waive all objections to the Were bill if the clause giving the distribution of ballots was amended so that only posters could be given out before election. This would make its measure similar to the amended Saxton bill that the New York legislature has passed and Governor Hill has signed. Mr. Powderly wanted the Hudson county reformers to withdraw their objection and get behind on the amendment, but this they would not do.

Shellenberger Comes Back.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—J. Monroe Shellenberger, the Doylestown (Pa.) lawyer who ran away several weeks ago after swindling clients and farmers in Bucks county out of nearly $10,000, returned Sunday night and spent Monday at the house of his brother-in-law in this city. After leaving Doylestown Shellenberger went west and was seen at Tacoma, but he disappeared from that city before a warrant could be served upon him. Monday morning Shellenberger sent word to the sheriff of Bucks county that he was here awaiting his orders. The sheriff came to the city last night and left for Doylestown with his prisoner. Those who saw the once handsome and dashing lawyer say that he looks much broken in health, and it is believed that he came back to the scene of his operations only to give himself up because he was tired of hiding away from the officers of the law.

Mrs. Vandergrift's Corse.

MT. HOLLY, N. J., May 6.—In the trial of Mrs. Vandergrift for attempting to poison her son, the defendant testified that the poison of she bought was all used on her corse. She denied the damaging statements made by Dr. Hall on the witness stand. H. S. Haines, a real estate expert, testified that Mrs. Vandergrift's property was worth over $30,000. The defense then rested its case.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Brooklyn—

New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Brooklyn	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3

Base hits: New York, 5; Brooklyn, 5. Errors: New York, 6; Brooklyn, 7. Batteries: Rusie and Murphy, Hughes and Clark. Attendance, 1,500.

At Philadelphia—

Boston	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
Philadelphia	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3

Base hits: Boston, 8; Philadelphia, 10. Errors: Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 1. Batteries: Vickery and Clements, Nichols and Sunnell. Attendance, 1,000.

At Chicago—

Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Cincinnati, 7; Chicago, 7. Errors: Cincinnati, 2; Chicago, 2. Batteries: Duryea and Keenan, Hutchinson and Kittredge. Attendance, 600. Called at the end of the ninth inning on account of the cold.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland-Pittsburg game postponed on account of rain.

Players' League.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	2	3	0	0	7	0	1	7—13
Boston	0	6	2	0	1	1	0	0	4—14

Base hits: Brooklyn, 21; Boston, 19. Errors: Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 6. Batteries: Van Haltren and Daly, Radbourn, Kelly and Sweet. Attendance, 5,154.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3—4
Pittsburg	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Philadelphia, 7; NewYork, 2. Errors: Philadelphia, 4; New York, 5. Batteries: Buffington and Cross; Ewing, Chase and Ewing. Attendance, 2,716.

At Chicago—

Chicago	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3—6
Pittsburg	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	2	0—8

Base hits: Chicago, 7; Pittsburg, 13. Errors: Chicago, 8; Pittsburg, 2. Attendance, 2,005.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland-Buffalo game postponed on account of rain.

American Association.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	2	0—8
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Syracuse, 11; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries: Syracuse, 11; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries: Morrison and Healy, Powers and Pits.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3—6
Athletic	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Rochester, 7; Athletic, 7. Batteries: Berry and McGuire, McMahon and Robinson.

Atlantic Association.

At New Haven—Hartford, 5; New Haven, 10. Base hits: Hartford, 8; New Haven, 18. Errors: Hartford, 3; New Haven, 2. Batteries: McConnell and Schoen, Horner and Hoffer.

At Newark—Newark, 4; Baltimore, 5. Base hits: Newark, 5; Baltimore, 7. Batteries: Oberlander and Duffy, German and Townsend.

At Wilmington—Wilmington, 4; Washington, 7. Base hits: Wilmington, 7; Washington, 9. Errors: Wilmington, 8; Washington, 2. Batteries: Milligan and Williams, McCoy and Nichols.

Third Army Corps Veterans Meet.

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 6.—The Third Army Corps union held their reunion in this city. After a short parade the visitors went on board the steamer James T. Brady and were taken to West Point, where they are the guests of Superintendent J. M. Wilson. The business session was held last evening. A new which a banquet was served in the United States hotel. Among the distinguished guests present are: Brig. Gen. Martin Ward, Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, Gens. Newell, Ramsey and Collis. The officers elected were as follows: President, Col. C. H. Weygant, Newburg; vice president, Gen. Joseph B. Carr, Troy; secretary, Col. E. Wellington, Pennington, N. J.; directors, Gen. W. J. Sewell, Maj. William Plunkett, Gen. George H. Sharpe, Capt. W. J. Kay, Private H. H. Sewell, Maj. J. B. Tassett, Col. H. S. Potter, Col. C. G. Otis, Maj. J. H. Dennison: trustees, Maj. W. E. Ballard, Capt. John G. Noonan, New York.

Sayles Surrenders.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Henry Sayles, the boodle alderman who has been in Canada for some years, accompanied by his brother Sol, and counsel, ex-Senator Ecclesine, surrendered himself at the district attorney's office. He gave new bail and was released.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be fair and slightly cooler, followed by a slight rise in temperature.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

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NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

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THE MOST PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY.
"Oh! Mary Ann, how fine."

RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

Horrible Fate of a South Carolina Criminal.

HIS DESPERATE FIGHT FOR LIFE.

Five Hundred Shots Poured Into Will Leaphart's Cell at Lexington — He Wounded One of His Assailants with an Iron Bar.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 6.—Will Leaphart, the young negro convicted of criminally assaulting Miss Rosa Cannon, a white girl of 16, and sentenced to be hanged on April 11, but who obtained a respite, was lynched at Lexington. The accounts indicate that the lynchers succeeded in entering the cell after shooting Leaphart once, and then were almost compelled to continue the shooting on account of his desperate resistance.

The Sheriff's Account.

Sheriff G. S. Drafts, of Lexington, telegraphed Governor Richardson as follows: "Last night a posse of men broke down the door to my sleeping apartments with a large hammer, took the keys from me by force, opened the jail door and shot Leaphart a number of times. I think several of the posse can be identified. The coroner will impanel a jury to view the body and has telegraphed the soldiers to be here at 9 A. m., to which time the jury has adjourned."

He Fought Like a Maniac.

A witness of the occurrence says that the men went directly to the jail after securing the keys, unlocked the main door and entered door after door until Leaphart's cell was reached. This they could not open with the keys. Leaphart watched the mob, and, realizing that he would be killed, seized a long iron rod and awaited the attack. As the lynchers shot through the grating of his cell he fought like a maniac, wounding one of the party. Some 800 shots were poured into the cell and the man was literally riddled with bullets, which were picked up afterwards in the room by handfuls.

The Lynchers' Plea.

"Governor Richardson and Judge Wallace are responsible for lynch law in Lexington county. Our wives and daughters must and shall be protected at any and every hazard."

In the cell with Leaphart was another prisoner named Forster, a negro detective, who got the first wound in the fray, being shot through his arm. Forster shouted out: "Gentlemen, if you don't want to kill us both, for God's sake let me out."

He Returned to Die.

Leaphart was once brought here from Lexington because of threats that he would be lynched there, but the people of Lexington were in indignation, held public meetings, denounced the action as a reflection upon the community and brought such pressure to bear upon the governor and the judge who had respited the prisoner that a delegation who personally pledged themselves for his safety were allowed to take him back to Lexington jail.

BUGS! BUGS!

and insects that destroy vegetation of al kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonious to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plain field, N. J.

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BARGAIN HOUSE,

V. and W. SAY.

Fix weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 35c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

* * *

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham are Worth Goods to the best Underwear, and our prices are right.

* * *

As immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

* * *

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

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Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' supplies, Brushes, et

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PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

THE WEEKLY PAYMENT BILL.

It Passes the Assembly at Albany and Goes to the Governor.

ALBANY, May 6.—The weekly payment bill was passed by the assembly last night by a vote of 106 to 1, Mr. King, of New York, casting the negative vote. This bill was introduced in the assembly by Mr. Rice, of Ulster, and in the senate by Senator Roesch. The senate passed its bill for weekly payments to struggling, except as to steam surface railroads. The assembly judiciary committee amended its bill so as to require payments once in two weeks. Last Friday, the house being busy, Mr. Martin had the senate bill substituted for the assembly bill and had the bill made a special order for third reading last night.

When it came up Mr. Acker, of Steuben, moved to strike out the first section, and after this debate the merits of the bill were considered. Sam Johnson, of Wyoming, said that if such a law was to be enacted it ought to be in harmony with the fundamental principles and practices of law and consistent with itself. While he would be glad to vote for it, he wanted it amended so that those who voted for it would not appear ridiculous.

The provision for arrests for violation of proposed act Mr. Acker considered inconsistent and impossible of execution for the reason that a corporation could not be arrested.

The roll call showed that nearly every member present was in favor of the measure. Johnson voted for it on the second roll call on the amendment, he said, by Mr. Martin to look after the amendments. As the bill goes now to the governor these amendments must be made by some other legislature.

What the Judges Say.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The Herald has interviewed several people as to the advisability of abolishing capital punishment. The general opinion of the bench seems to be against abolition. Judge Barrett, of the supreme court, says: "I have not the slightest doubt that the abolition of capital punishment would result in multiplying homicides to a degree that we have no conception of at the present time." Judge Cowing, of the general sessions court, says: "Capital punishment, I believe, acts as a great deterrent of murder; and if it is abolished homicides will increase to a great extent." Judge Daniels, of Buffalo, expresses similar views, and cites the case of a man who followed his victim through several states and finally murdered him in Wisconsin, where capital punishment had just been abolished. He was sentenced to life imprisonment, but the people were so outraged by his insolent and audacious crime that they lynched him.

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FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

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LARGEST STOCK!

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NEW STORE.

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Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

Not a New Kind.

Hawkins—What kind of jokes does young Tompkins write?

Jawkins—Alleged, I believe.—Puck.

Identified.

"Who is that fellow who has been talking about Withers all the evening?"

"That's Withers."—Puck.

An Interesting Interview.

Clerk—If you please, sir, I shall have to ask you to excuse me for the rest of the day. I have just heard of—er—an addition to my family.

Employer—Is that so, Penfold? What is it, boy or girl?

Clerk—Well, sir, the fact is—er—(somewhat embarrassed), it's two boys.

Employer—Twins, eh! Young man, I'm afraid you are putting on too many heirs.—Munsey's Weekly.

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Leave Plainfield 6.37, 7.36, 8.06, 8.37, 9.06, 9.36, 10.06, 10.36, 11.06 a. m., 12.06, 12.36, 1.06, 1.37, 2.06, 2.45, 3.31, 3.56, 4.30, 5.06, 5.36, 6.06, 6.36, 7.06, 7.36, 8.06, 8.36, 9.06, 9.36, 10.06, 11.06 p. m. Sunday 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 a. m., 12.37, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.30, 12 30 p. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m.; 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.29, 6.59, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m.

Leave Newark at 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.18, 8.07, 9.37 a. m.; 2.04, 4.34, 5.20, 6.16 p. m. Sunday at 8.02, 9.13 a.m.; 6.03, 9.13 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m.; 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

8.37 a. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.37 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Lebanon, Mount Joy, Lancaster, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsburg, Scranton, etc. 5.04 p.m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsburg, Scranton, etc. 5.20 p.m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsburg, Scranton, etc. Sunday at 5.30, 9.13 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsburg, Scranton.

EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.

8.37 a. m.—For Somerville, Raritan, Bridge Junction, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.37 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.37 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Lebanon, Mount Joy, Lancaster, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsburg, Scranton, etc. 5.04 p.m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsburg, Scranton, etc. 5.20 p.m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsburg, Scranton. Sunday at 5.30, 9.13 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.30, a. m. 2.45, 4.34, 5.20 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 9.37 a. m. 5.20 p. m. For Perth Amboy at 3.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.30 a.m.; 2.45, 5.20 p. m. Sunday 9.37, a. m.; 5.20 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.37, 11.30, a. m., 5.20 p. m.

For Freehold 3.37, 8.00, 10.05 11.30, a. m., 2.45 5.20 p. m.

SOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 5.00, 8.37 9.06, 11.36 a. m. 12.06 p.m. 2.06, 3.54, 4.36, 5.06, 6.06, 8.06, 9.06, 11.06 p. m. Sunday at 1.37, 5.06, 8.37, 11.36 a. m. 2.06, 4.36, 6.06, 8.06, 11.06 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 5.06, 8.37 9.06, 11.36 a. m. 12.06 p.m. 2.06, 3.54, 4.36, 5.06, 6.06, 8.06, 9.06, 11.06 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 5.06, 8.37, 11.36 a. m. 2.06, 4.36, 6.06, 8.06, 11.06 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Supt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Pass. Agt.

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"Did you ever think of going on the stage?"

"Yes, at one time I thought seriously of it."

"How seriously?"

"So seriously that I decided not to."—Lowell Citizen.

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Humorist—Oh yes, I get credit for everything but my groceries.—Yankee Blade.

A Jar.

Lella—A present from Charlie, papa! Ah, he's a man after my own heart!

Father—Somebody's sweetheart? Then he's a man after your own money!—Judy.

A Man with Some Feeling.

"Here, let that dog be—I'll teach you to be kind to animals!" said the kind hearted father as he knocked his 10-year-old boy down.—West Shore.

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Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c, Children's short dresses 2 rows Hamburg insertion 40c; other goods at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 72, 75, 85 and 98c. Children's reefers at $1.49, $1.69 and $2.25. Ladies' Taffeta gloves, regulars, 40c, goot at 25c. Balbriggan hose regular made, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' fast black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies Swiss ribbed vests at 15c, 25c and 29c. Ladies gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—

STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7.00 a. m. to meet 7.56 a. m. train, North Hillside ave. and Broadway. Broadway to 9th st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.51 a. m. train.
3d do	9.15 a. m.	do	9.51 do
4th do	10.30	do	10.27 do
5th do	11.30	do	12.03 do
6th do	11.45	do	12.03 p.m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.10 & 2.36 p. m.
8th do	3.30	do	To the Post Office.
9th do	3.30	do meet	3.51 p. m. train.
10th do	4.45	do	5.07 do
11th do	5.45	do do	6.07 do
12th do	6.45	do do	7.07 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenues North Plainfield, connecting with above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 9.36, 9.37, 10.33, 11.30 a. m. 2.06, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes, saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

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SOMERVILLE, RARITON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.59 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

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in wagons, carts, furnitures, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Irwin Corn Planter. John F. Wolfe, Rose street North Plainfield.

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TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindley's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindley, 69 West Front street

Kline's Extracts.

IS LIFE WORTH LIVING?

Is life worth living? Yes, so long
As there is wrong to right,
Wail of the weak against the strong,
Or tyranny to fight;
Long as there lingers gloom to chase,
Or sorrowing tear to dry
One blackened cheek, one nerving face
That smiles as we draw nigh;
Long as a tale of anguish swells
The heart's full power,
And at the sound of Christmas bells
We pardon and forget;
So long as faith with freedom reigns,
And royal Hope survives,
And gracious Charity remains
To succor lowly lives;
While there is one unwritten tract
For Intellect or Will,
And men are free to think and act,
Life is worth living still.
—English Illustrated Magazine.

USE FOR WITHERED FLOWERS.

Save Them, Salt Them and They Will Make Most Fragrant Sachet Powder.

The girl who is fortunate enough to receive flowers frequently may always have a fragrant rose jar in her chamber without much trouble. It will not only afford a grateful and constant perfume, but act as a lasting reminder of social triumphs. Its the flirtations and admiring youths. Do not throw the fragrant blossoms away when they have withered, but pluck the drooping petals from the stems to handfuls and put them in a common large stone jar that has a lid that covers it tightly. Over each layer of leaves spread a layer of salt.

Buy, or if not able to do that, procure—any girl of normal intelligence can think at once of many ways of doing this—an ornamental jar for your room. Any shape will do, but a peculiarly pretty one is made in the form of a bottle or vase with an elongated neck. The bulb is about as big as your head and sets on the floor the long, graceful neck rises so high that it takes only a slight inclination of the head and neck to bring your nose down to the mouth of the bottle.

It is made of glass, generally, and the bulb rests sometimes on a mat of artificial grasses, from which a pretty vine runs up, encircling the neck. When your stone jar is full of leaves, salted down in layers, transfer them to your ornamental jar in a lump, taking care only to drain off any moisture that the salt may have drawn from the leaves. Add some cloves, cinnamon, orris root, lavender, sweet thyme, a few grains of musk, all as dry as possible, and some sachet powder, if you happen to have it, and you have a jar that is of itself a thing of beauty in your favorite corner, and will diffuse a fine, delightful aroma through your chamber for an indefinite period.

When it begins to die out, stir up the mass, and it will renew its youth. A girl with any imagination can distinguish whiffs of Harry's violets that he pressed into her hand that afternoon he took her to the matinee from the roses she wore in her corsage at the opera, when so many lorgnettes were turned her way, or from the orchid that she had worn at the Delmonico's, when everybody said she was the belle of the ball.—New York Tribune.

Single Blessedness.

If I had to decide for my daughter whether, in view of her greater happiness, she should marry or remain single, I would find the task difficult, says Olive Thorne Miller. In marriage the ordering of her life is taken in a great measure out of her own hands; she cannot, in circumstance, she is modified by the influences which have surrounded her husband all his life; she takes to herself in his relatives a new set of kindred, who may or may not be agreeable to her. The single life is much less complex, and it offers her what posts have sung and romancers have lied into—experience. But, she points out, a woman will rarely enjoy her state of single blessedness unless she is prepared for it in training and is allowed to be independent if she remains at home.

Importance of Caring for the Teeth.

"Ah," said Dr. W., "people have no idea how many of their fellow creatures might be relieved of prolonged suffering if the cause, that is the teeth, were but removed. I may be called a fanatic, but I am willing to abide by what I say. If parents would see to it that the first teeth were cleaned and filled upon the first appearance of decay, the second set would remain sound until extreme old age, and in nine out of ten cases would never decay. You would cease hearing of facial neuralgia, of disorders of the stomach, coated tongues, foul breaths and many other troubles attributed to the presence of worms and what not by mistaken mothers."—Good Housekeeping.

Women Do Not Walk.

With the exception of those women who "go in" for physical culture, and athletics it is clear that the mass of New York women are not walkers. Twelve women entered a Harlem horse car during the progress from Twenty-third street to Fourteenth. Of these one rode two blocks—and she was young and strong. Several rode four blocks, half a dozen road six or eight blocks, and only one rode the entire distance.—New York Evening Sun.

Keeping House at the Capital.

I once knew a jolly crowd of southern girls, all in office, who took two or three commonly unfurnished rooms and did light house keeping. Oh, but those girls cooked and the jolly stories that were told around that rickety old table! One day they offered me a piece of apple pie, and when I had eaten it they told me it had been made on the bureau. "The marble top is so nice and hard to roll it on, you know."—Cor. New York Star.

Mercenary Artists.

The artists who appear in Italian opera are particularly mercenary. It would appear. Patti is credited with demanding her money at the end of the first act, or declining to appear in the second act. The ladies of the opera do not "touch" their salaries themselves. Each has a secretary, and it is the secretary who receives the money from the manager, and who transacts with him all the business of the prima donna.—Epoch.

Filling Out Cheek Hollows.

Sunken cheeks may be made to grow round again and the ugly hollow below the cheek bone to disappear, if the teeth be set together and then force the muscles of the cheeks to act as if you were eating. Do not open the jaws, but keep the muscles in play for a little while. You will be astonished how soon the muscles will begin to fill out and the ugly drawn lines to disappear.—New York Journal.

The Choice of Bonnets.

Why do women who are past their youth and arrived at an age when they are writing the story in wrinkles on lower and cheek insist on choosing bonnets with brims of puffed velvet or crape? These only serve to accentuate wrinkles. A smooth facing is far more becoming.—New York Tribune.

BEAUTIFUL SONG BIRDS.

ONE OF THEM IS NOW ENTRANCING PARISIAN MUSIC LOVERS.

The Others Were Once, Like Her, Popular Favorites—They Enjoyed Their Day of Triumph, and Then Vanished from Public View.

[Copyright, 1890, by American Press Association.]

MME. MELBA.

The Athenians of old cried constantly for "something new," and the desire that obtained so strongly for freshness and variety 2,000 years ago is still a living and persistent element of the human mind. Nowhere is this disposition so sharply brought out as in connection with the operatic stage. For a time audiences applaud a diva, shower her with floral offerings and elevate her to the pinnacle of popular favor. Then they transfer their allegiance to some fresher face and fairer presence, although the singer they abandon may be in the prime of her artistic powers. Even Patti hears the murmur of the approaching farewell. Paris has crowned another her successor, and contemporary criticism in the United States recalls the queen of song with most uncomplimentary remarks.

ANGIOLINA BOSIO.

The new star upon whose renditions of half a dozen characters Paris has set the seal of high approval is from a far country. Mme. Melba is her stage name, and she has many claims to distinction. She is unquestionably a great artist. She is Australia's first native singer; she has scored a brilliant success, and she is young, beautiful and interesting.

Nellie Mitchell—her first name—was born in Melbourne, Australia, May 19, 1865—a date sufficiently recent to be named without inquisitory. She early developed a rare capacity for music, but Papa Mitchell was not pleased, as one would have expected; he was unkind enough to say that a musical career for a woman is "usually associated with some uncertainties of tem-

FANNY HENSEL.

per." He, therefore, favored her earliest attachment, and she became Mrs. Armstrong quite young. At 21 she was a widow with one child, so she went to London and thence to Paris, and after two years devoted to study and to perfecting herself in the French language, made her debut in "Rigoletto" at Brussels.

It was a triumph. She subsequently appeared in "Traviata," "Faust," "Hamlet" and "Romeo and Juliet," her first appearance in Paris being as Ophelia in "Hamlet." Her greatest success there, however, has been as Marguerite in "Faust." She assumed the theatrical title of Mme. Melba as a compliment to her native Melbourne. Parisian critics say that most of the debutantes of late years have been from America and consider the arrival of one from Australia as marking an epoch. Mme. Melba is large in person, a brunette, "with most expressive and caressing black eyes," and her person is as beautiful as her voice is sweet.

With such a flattering introduction to the public at the age of 25," says an enthusiastic admirer in Le Monde Illustre, "much may be expected of the Australian star."

But will this presage be fulfilled? Will Mme. Melba be able to wield the scepter as regent queen of song for any length of time? Where one remains her loyal knight will not a dozen be found sooner or later to demand that the sublime be in favor of some more recent favorite? If, like Angiolina Bosio, her life is short she may die a queen; otherwise the chances are against her.

"Dead? Who is or was Bosio?" queries the reader. She is about forgotten now, but a little more than thirty years ago the musical world grieved over her demise and declared that her successor could never be found. To be sure, it had five years previously said the same thing of Sontag, but that, of course, didn't count. Her voice was a pure silvery soprano, and with it she held audiences entranced at nearly all the capitals of the civilized world. The verdict of New York was also the verdict of Paris and London, and at St. Petersburg, where she died, she occupied the position of premiere cantatrice, to which she had been nominated by the czar himself. She passed away at the age of 35, having tasted all the sweet of triumph and none of the bitter of disappointment.

Another woman to whom death came while she was yet young, successful and beloved was Fanny Hensel. She never felt the intoxicating thrill of a stage triumph, for her life carried forward in even kindred but more peaceful banks than those of the singer. She was the sister of Mendelssohn, the composer of many of the "Lieder ohne Worte" usually attributed to him, and the wife of William Hensel, the distinguished painter. Her father, a wealthy banker of Berlin, objected to the world at large knowing that his daughter was a "musical blue stocking." She overcame his scruples, received honors almost equal to those accorded her brother, and then gently faded away, retaining, even to the last, the delicate beauty for which she was celebrated throughout the Prussian capital.

It was different with Sontag. When she retired from the stage in 1826, at the early age of 29, after becoming the wife of Count Rossi, mankind looked upon her titled hus-

HENRIETTA SONTAG.

band as a public enemy. Twenty years afterward it induced her to come out of retirement to the footlights. She had to struggle almost like a novice for recognition, but at last she compelled applause and rewon her old time popularity. Victory came too late, however, for exhausted by her efforts she fell an easy victim to the cholera and expired in the city of Mexico in the summer of 1854. After her death the world that gave her when alive but tardy meed of praise mourned and honored her, and recalled the fact that their fair faced Henrietta Sontag, with her large blue eyes and wealth of light auburn hair, had been not only a great singer, but a beautiful woman.

Thirty-five years ago the criterion said of Frezzolini: as they say of Melba today, that she was the future empress of opera. One of her admirers dwelt upon her "stately elegance" and asserted that she was "the ideal of a beautiful great lady of the olden time." Her elevation was but for the moment. Today who knows where she was born, where she died or any other facts in her history, save that for one brief moment she fascinated the fickle throng, smiled, bowed and disappeared? Did she support

E. FREZZOLINI.

herself afterward by making buttonholes, or did she marry a lord? Who can tell?

In a lesser degree the story of Frezzolini is the story of Therese Malten. Never heard of out of Dresden until 1881, she secured her chief artistic triumph at Bayreuth in the summer of 1882. "Parsifal" was the opera, and her part was that of Kundry, first the sorceress, then the repentant woman, who finally sinks at the altar in peaceful death on the unveiling of the Holy Grail. She, too, like Mme. Melba, was to wrest the crown from Paris. But she didn't, and of late the trumpet of fame has blown abroad no great and signal triumph with which her name is connected.

What is the conclusion to be drawn? Possibly the trite one that there is an end to all things—to beauty, to renown, to supremacy, to favor. And then the question arises for the singer, is she more fortunate

THERESE MALTEN.

if she outlives good looks and great achievement, or if she dies ere the shadow has lost its roses, the eye its luster and the voice its charm?

"To be or not to be" is older than Shakspeare—it is old as the world.

THE "DOLL WOMAN."

A Cheery Little Personage Who Caters to the Children.

In a dingy little store on a back street of Brooklyn lives a smiling old woman, named Margaret Ball, who works from daylight until dark, and sings as she works. If the seventy years which she has seen have put a crack in her voice, they have not robbed it of all its sweetness, by any means.

A glance in at the door of the little store makes one think of the shop of Dickens' Jenny Wren, whose back was bad and whose legs were queer. And, moreover, there is a striking resemblance between the two, in that the little Brooklyn store is used for much the same purpose as was the little London one—doll's dressmaking.

The "Cheery Little Doll Woman," as the Brooklyn dolls' dressmaker is known, has a pathetic history, but no one would ever know of it if they waited for her to tell it. She is not one of the gentlewomen who constantly talk of the good times that are gone, but she is none the less a gentlewoman, and she has seen much better times.

When she was a dainty little girl instead of the dainty little old woman that she is now her parents were rich and lived in a

MARGARET BALL.

big mansion in New York not far from where the Morrisania palace now stands. She was graduated from Rutgers college and was a reigning belle. But her parents died, and the fortune, left entirely in the inexperienced girl's hands, dwindled rapidly until, presently, it was all gone, and instead of being the mistress of a big house, always open to her friends, she became the mistress of the little shop over in Brooklyn.

For a few years she struggled bravely to make a living by selling her simple wares, and succeeded fairly well. But after a time the great dry goods stores became so attractive that Brooklyn women stopped buying their trifles of her, and starvation seemed to be not very far away. But it chanced that when she first opened her store some kind friend had made for his window a big rag doll with little ones grouped about it, which was labeled "The old woman in the shoe." This attracted the attention of a little girl at about the time when the "doll woman's" prospects seemed darkest. The girl bought the rag dolls. More were made, which sold readily, and now Margaret Ball makes a comfortable living from the trade. A kind Brooklyn society girl takes time to paint the faces of the dolls, and they are regularly on sale at the exchange of the Young Women's Christian association in New York and at the various other women's exchanges in the same city.

The Federation of Women's Clubs.

Representatives of sixty-four women's clubs met recently in New York city for the purpose of perfecting an organization intended to better the condition of women at large as well as the members of the clubs comprising it. Delegates were present from as far west as San Francisco and as far south as New Orleans. The title finally chosen was the General Federation of Women's Clubs." Among the bright things said in the course of debate was this by Mrs. Jenny June Croly: "To an earnest woman a club is not a fad—a club is a thing as the universal world; to many, however, it only means to start a grocery." This meeting, coming as it did directly after the convention of the working girls' societies, indicates an interesting agitation along what are practically new lines of thought. That the tendency of the modern woman is according to their ability than their pocketbooks is shown by a remark made by Miss Grace H. Dodge, president of the Association of Working Girls' societies, in an address which she delivered before the federation. She told of a member of a working girls' society who sent her cook to the convention, knowing that she had the more brains of the two and would make the better delegate. "The cook," added Miss Dodge, "read a paper which was one of the best heard at the congress."

Bound to Pick a Quarrel.

A gentleman who is known by his acquaintances to have certain infirmities of temper which had to be endured by his family. On one occasion a friend chanced to be present at breakfast at the house. It was in August, Mr. X. had not slept well and all his British blood was aroused. He found fault with everything and declared that there was nothing on the table fit to eat. After one thing and another had been sent away Mrs. X. had some eggs, freshly laid the day previous and boiled to suit her husband, put before him. He looked at them crossly a moment, then took up one and broke it.

"How often have I told you, my dear," he said in a tone anything but endearing, "that I did not want eggs in August? Do you see how light the color of that is?"

"Well," his wife asked, "what if it is light colored? It is perfectly fresh."

"Fresh!" her husband retorted angrily; "that's nothing. A light color shows that there's no good in it. It stands to reason that in such warm weather hens get debilitated and lay debilitated eggs. If you really cared what I have to eat you would have thought of that."

The Work of the Missionaries.

Mr. Robert Louis Stevenson, the novelist, gave expression at Samoa the other day to his views regarding missionaries. They are long since other things he said: "Our religion and our morals are perhaps only tentatively Christian, but our civilization is essentially and truly Roman. At being Christians, the Polynesians made a good a shot as we do. They have besides never enjoyed the advantages we possess of the civilizing and energizing power of the great Roman empire. The missionaries who came to the South Seas came exercising three distinct functions. They were, first, representatives from Christ, bringing his Gospel for men; they were legates from Rome, representing those who were the inheritors of Roman civilization, and they were traders for Birmingham. One of the most surprising things to note was the ingenuity of the trader and the merchant to the missionary. True, we might have found a better method of issue of money and guns, but at what a cost! We owe more to the missionaries who pacified, reassured and partly Christianized the natives."

Women Who Are Fierce Fighters.

The French find that in warring with the Amazons of Dahomey they must not look for all vestiges of courtesy to the "weaker sex." The amazons have taken the field to kill or be killed. When victorious they mutilate their victims. It was in retaliation for a barbarity of this sort that a French officer recently caused a half dozen of the black female warriors to be decapitated. The fight still goes on, and all the reports the Africans seemed to have the better of the contest.

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Bargains in Every Department.

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Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made to

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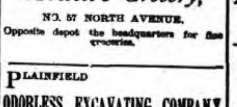

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

"MISTAKES OF MOSES."

AS TOLD IN A LECTURE BY MR. H. L. HASTINGS.

The First Baptist Church Well Attended Last Night to Hear the Story, and the Audience Instructed and Much Pleased.

Mr. H. L. Hastings lectured in the First Baptist church last evening, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., and before a large audience, his subject being "The Mistakes of Moses." In substance he said:

"There has been no theme more interesting to the average skeptic in recent years than the 'Mistakes of Moses.' They have been the song of the drunkard and the scoff of the scorner; and the conclusion has been very logically drawn that if Moses was mistaken in everything or most things which he said, then the religion which grew out of his teachings was a mistake, and the Gospel which was based on that religion was a mistake; and therefore men are without God and without hope in the world.

"There is one question which occurs to me, and that is, 'Why the Mistakes of Moses?' and as if nobody else ever made mistakes. Why not the Mistakes of Pharaoh? Why not the Mistakes of Nebuchadnezzar? Why not the Mistakes of Alexander? Why not the Mistakes of Napoleon? Most men make some mistakes. Millions of people lived in the time of Moses, and probably all of them made mistakes. We have all made mistakes ourselves. But let me say to you one thing, my friends—when you have been dead three thousand years nobody will care ten cents about your mistakes, and the only man whose mistakes a man can earn from two to five hundred dollars a night talking about is Moses. It is not because Moses claimed to be a prophet of God. Joe Smith claimed that. Nobody will pay anything to hear about his mistakes. Mohammed claimed to be a prophet of God. Nobody could make his living out of his mistakes. But Moses's mistakes have had a very appreciable pecuniary value in the skeptical market of the 19th century. Why is this? You go back 3,400 years and take your seat where you can survey the history of humanity, and the most eminent and prominent men you have in the whole waste of past ages is Moses. You know more about him; he is more prominent, more intelligently discussed than any other name of all the countless myriads who lived from the time the first man lived until a prophet like unto Moses arose upon the earth. That is the reason people are interested in the mistakes of Moses." The speaker then sketched the character of Moses as told in the Bible, and continuing said:

"But what about the mistakes of Moses? Moses was the first man who ever emancipated a race of slaves. We honor Clarkson, Wilberforce and Abraham Lincoln. How about Moses, who in the grey dawn of human history stood in the presence of the monarch of monarchy on earth with this solemn demand, 'Let my people go.' Words that have reverberated through the ages, the last echoes of which have been heard among the rice swamps and the slave cabins of the South.

"Moses founded the first Republican government this world ever saw. Previous to this there was Absolutism. The government of laws was unknown. The government which he established was the first "government of the people, by the people, and for the people," and the world's first Republic was the United States of Israel, organized at the close of Mt. Sinai with local self-government. States, tribes, independent republics joined under the common bond of an overshadowing written constitution. They had an elective judiciary and they picked out quite as good men, if they followed Moses's directions, as some who are elected in these days. They had no standing army, but a citizen soldiery, and had popular election. They had about everything which we boast of in our 19th century Republicanism, and they had it at the head of a nation born under the law of tyranny, his life forfeited from his birth, educated among the splendid surroundings of a tyrannical court. Yet out of all that darkness came this light. Was that one of the mistakes of Moses?

The speaker then showed that almost all our best laws originated with Moses, and that his code was the most perfect system of jurisprudence that the sun ever shone upon. Whether it be New Jersey and what you have left behind would be worth about twenty a pound at the paper mill. The best of the civilized world would be deprived of legislation they inherited from Moses —would be simply a jumbled mass of trifling and of nonsense."

In reply to Ingersoll's charge that a more cruel and inhuman code of laws than the laws of Moses could not be found, Mr. Hastings showed that "they had only increased the punishable offenses from death, and that there were within the memory of men now living on the statute books of Great Britain more than 10 times as many crimes punishable with death as there were on the books of Moses when the Lord spoke very plainly. Yet there were 600 laws given to those thousand years, and about 36 are on the Hebrew tablet, but when his law was not the tenth part as severe as the laws of Great Britain in the 19th century."

The speaker also showed that the laws of Moses were exceedingly humane in protecting the poor and weak from oppression for more than one law de. And so we have the laws of living as laid down by Moses were the wisest, Mr. Hastings said that there is not an insurance company in the land that would not refuse to take a risk on the life of a Jew more on the life of Gentile, for the average length of a Jew's life is ten years longer than that of a Gentile's. In 1,000 Gentile children and 1,000 Jewish children, one-fourth of the Jewish will be dead at seven years, but one-fourth of the Jews not until twenty years, and in the same ratio to the end. The Jew will live ten years longer. That is one of the results of obeying the laws of Moses in respect to living. The lecture lasted about an hour and was intensely interesting throughout.

POLICE NOTES.

Doings in the Police Court in This City.

Benjamin Potts went to his home on East Front street Monday afternoon and began to abuse his family in a shameful manner. The police were notified and Officer Lynch went to the house and promptly arrested Potts. Yesterday morning he was arraigned before City Judge Cockington. He pleaded guilty to the charge and the judge imposed a five dollar fine.

Potts was unable to pay the fine and Captain Grant this morning took him to the county jail to serve out a twenty days' sentence.

Policeman Laine early yesterday morning arrested George Elmey for drunkenness. This was Elmey's second offense and Judge Cockington imposed an eight dollar fine, which was paid.

JOTTINGS.

—See advertisement of "An Evening with Orientals."

—The Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. meet to-morrow at 6:30 p. m.

—The Plainfield Crescent League will meet in regular session this evening at eight o'clock.

—The annual meeting of Gamble Engine Co., No. 1., is called for to-night at eight o'clock.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—The annual meeting for the election of officers of the Y. M. C. A. will be held to-morrow evening.

—A regular meeting of the Bicycle Club will be held on May 13th, at eight o'clock p. m., in the club house.

—The Crescent base ball club of this city will cross bats with the Rutgers College team next Saturday afternoon. An interesting game is looked for.

—Ex. H. C. Drake and several other members of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., went to Bound Brook last night to inspect the G. A. R. Post of that place.

—The Eclipse quartette, which is composed of local vocalists will participate in the entertainment to be given by the Red Men in Reform Hall on the 16th inst. Admission to the entertainment is by invitation.

—Music lovers will enjoy a rare treat in attending the musical lecture recital to be given by the eminent pianist, Mr. Wm. H. Sherwood at Seminary Hall May 13th, under the management of Mr. Dorsy W. Hyde. Tickets can be procured at the usual places.

—The Ladies' Christian Work Society of the Trinity Reformed church met Monday evening and elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Charles P. Leggat; 1st Vice President, Mrs. Craig A. Marsh; 2d Vice-President, Mrs. W. H. VanDeventer; 3d Vice-President, Mrs. Alexander Swain; Treasurer, Mrs. W. J. E. See; Secretary, Mrs. C. Frank Pruech.

—Committees from Major Anderson and Winfield Scott Posts, G. A. R., met Monday evening and completed the arrangements for Memorial Day observance. On the Sunday previous the Memorial Day, both Posts will attend divine service at the M. E. church in a body. It was also decided to change the time of holding the services in Music Hall from the afternoon to the morning.

Warren's Quick Work.

Chief Engineer Martin last night ordered Warren Steam Company No. 1 out for a "wash". And for a test an alarm was sounded at eight o'clock. The driver was in the engine house. He ran to the barn on Race street, where his horses were stabled, harnessed and drove them to the engine house, hitched them to the engine and was on the road in just two and one-half minutes. The company reached the well on Grandview avenue in eight and one-half minutes and succeeded in getting water through six lengths of hose in just nine and one-half minutes. This is considered very quick work, allowing for the bad condition of the roads, and that when the steamer left the house the water in the boiler was cold, independent of other disadvantages that the company is obliged to contend with. The steamer was found to be in good working order.

The Treacherous Banana Peel

Clarence Rittenhouse, aged thirteen years, slipped on a banana peel on Park avenue yesterday afternoon and was thrown to the sidewalk. When young Rittenhouse fell his head came in contact with the pavement with such force as to cause concussion of the brain. The little fellow was picked up and taken to his home on Arlington avenue and Mrs. Dr. Keeney was summoned. After making an examination the doctor made the patient as comfortable as possible, but he suffers intense pain. It is not thought that any serious results will follow.

Borough Board of Health.

The North Plainfield Board of Health held a meeting at the residence of Dr. Corman last evening at which time Health Inspector Banenache tendered his resignation. An ordinance governing scavengers was adopted. Complaint was made to the Board that some of the privileged had neglected to report cases of contagious disease. Two applications for scavengers licenses were received. The Board was asked to co-operate in abating the nuisance of permitting cesspools to empty into Greenbrook and the meeting then adjourned.

An Accident at Amphion Hall.

The Con sen sisters of the Australian Folly company, had a narrow escape from serious injury last night at Amphion Hall. They had just finished their performance and were about to retire to the dressing room, when without any warning one of the large pieces of scenery fell. The large roller holding it narrowly escaped striking one of the sisters on the head. A portion of the ceiling also fell. The scenery had been improperly set up, and to this fact the accident is due.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

PRESENT PURPOSES OF THE REPUBLICANS IN POWER.

To Push Public Business.—Receptions.—A Compact Between the two Americas.—President Harrison's Vetoes Stop Waste of Public Moneys.

(Special Correspondence).

Notwithstanding the obstructive and attempted dilatory tactics of the Democratic minority in the house, it is the intention of the Republican managers to make a record in legislation this session of which they can feel proud and which will receive the approbation of the people. Speaker Reed says that work and not talk is what is wanted of Congress. Reed is without doubt the best business speaker the house has ever had, and the old and experienced members say that at the present juncture, when so much important legislation is awaiting consideration and should be dispatched, that he is exactly the man for the place. In addition to this disposition of the Republican managers to do what is required of them, they are determined to do it promptly and thus enable an early adjournment of Congress. Major McKinley says that if every attention is given to business there is no need of Congress remaining here all summer, and that it is a duty to shape matters that the business interests of the country will speedily know what to expect of Congress.

There is no disposition to undue haste, however, on the part of the Republican managers, for in private conversation, as well as public speech, they affirm a purpose to complete all necessary public business before returning home. Adequate revision will be done the soldier, now approaching the decline of life, commerce will be fostered so that American interests may thrive, the purity of elections will be guaranteed, and provision made for placing the country in a proper condition of defense, both on land and sea, not that war, with its horrors is anticipated, but that danger from from foreign sources will not be feared.

These are some of the leading objects of legislation which have been prescribed for this session, and, with a revision of the tariff will make an epoch in Congressional history after the long drawn out do-nothing policy of the Democrats, who, while in past control of the House for so many years, succeeded in showing how nothing can be accomplished under their visionary management.

President Harrison has given the last reception, or, as are used to call them, "levee", of the season. This was a public one, to which all who chose might come, and hence the representation knew no race, condition, or "previous servitude". No matter what some politicians may think of the President he certainly gives delightful entertainments. His wife, too, so a lady friend says who is familiar with such things, is the best dressed woman who has been the mistress of the White House for many years. Whether this the same authority says that none have ever approached in graciousness and tact, as the "first lady of the land," the niece of "Old Rack", as Buchanan was called, who as Miss Harriet Lane presided over his household. This lady is now at the head of a banker named Johnston, living in the adjoining city of Baltimore. Mrs. Cleveland was much petted and sincerely respected while in control of the executive mansion, but her youth gave her inexperience, and although she did as much to be doubted that she would have shone with unusual brilliance had she not been the bride of the White House.

The great East Room, in which these august assemblages take place, is now, of course, the pivot of fashion, but it should not be forgotten, as illustrating the ups and down of life, that when built at present prosper, Abigail Adams, as wife of President John Adams, hung out her washing for this unseemly room was in her day the drying quarters in inclement weather, and not until a third term decorations were not then completed.

Secretary Blaine has been quiet for so long that nothing has been heard recently of his contemplated resignation. Some correspondents are evidently a little out of gear. But while the secretary has not taken a hand himself upon the public view he is considerably hard at work on his cherished project of connecting the two American, both in fact and sentiment. As to the fruit he has put into the basket in the shape of articles, warehouses, each promises not to fight again, but to settle differences in an amicable manner, and the sagacious statesman still shakes, and can add equipment in train to secure such a commercial understanding as will redound to the benefit of the two countries.

President Harrison's cruel veto shot knocked the average congressman "silly," to use a vulgarism, for nearly all of them have a pet project or two in the way of a public building. The conservative mode in Congress, though, consumed in the stand taken by the president, is well understood that these public building measures go through Congress by the logrolling process, whether needed or not, on the principle among members of "I votes you and you votes me". The veto, however, will no doubt be with the answer of public building measures of real merit, as no intention exists to turn a stop to government operations in the building line, but it is likely to lead to the adoption of some prescribed and systematic plan under which Congress can act in a business way.

Armat.

—There will be a decided change at Amphion Hall to-night. An entirely new band has been secured in New York to accompany the performances of the Australian Folly Troupe, which will appear every evening this week for the benefit of Perseverance Lodge No. 76, Knights of Pythias. Important changes will be made in the programme also, and an evening of enjoyment at popular prices may be looked for. There will be a matinee Saturday afternoon, when children will be admitted for 10 cents. Canning dogs who do everything but talk, will undoubtedly amuse the children.

UNION COUNTY COURTS.

Judge VanSyckel Charges That Race Tracks are a Nuisance.

The May term of the Union County Court opened at Elizabeth yesterday morning with Judge VanSyckel, McCormick, Dyer and Wiley on the bench.

Soon after court opened the Grand Jury headed by the foreman filed into the court room It is composes as follows:

Foreman—William Chamberlain of Rahway; John M. Taffe, Gustave Boggeman, Uzi Freeman, Philip E Taffe, Patrick S. Foley, David Kauffman, James C. Odgen, Levi B. Beerbower, James E. Hedges, Charles Townsend, Patrick Sheridan, Salmon C. Baker, J. Fred McDonald, Joseph G. Miller, August C. Bielefeld, Silas W. Cross, Theodore D. Bickley, David M. Smythe, James W. Ferguson, William W. Connolly, George Kyte, Ogden Woodruff, George Wilcox.

Judge Van Syckel then charged the Grand Jury in substance as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE GRAND JURY:

You have taken upon yourself the solemn obligation diligently to inquire and true presentment make of such matters as shall be given you in charge or in anywise come to your knowledge touching your present service. By the oath you have taken in the presence of this court, you are charged with the duty of investigating all offenses against the criminal law.

You are clothed with the most ample power to discharge that duty faithfully. If witnesses refuse to attend when you, you may and you should, apply for the compulsory process of this court to coerce their attendance.

You will have the assistance of the public prosecutor and may apply at any time to the court for instruction. No offender against the law can be put upon his trial unless first presented to you.

Primarily therefore the public must look to you for the enforcement of the criminal laws. If the offender goes unpunished, and the laws of the land are openly violated and defied, where sufficient evidence is submitted to you, you alone must be held responsible.

And now, gentlemen, the court desires to call your attention especially to an evil which has recently reared its hydra head in your midst, threatening the most destructive consequences to the good order and good morals of the portion of this community.

These are crimes against the law of the land.

Every hour where betting is carried on is a disorderly house.

The race track is a disorderly house.

These associations and their officers having control of the manner in which they are conducted are guilty of violating the law.

These associations, if not more checked will be widespread and far reaching. Now in their infancy is the time to strike and overthrow them. Use vigorous measures which the law and your oaths command you to call into requisition. The evil is most formidable and will not be abated by gentle treatment. All places in this county where bookmaking, pool selling or betting is carried on and the persons connected with them should be promptly indicted. I know of no more prolific cause for crime than these race courses, conducted as they are, and said to be.

Such a state of things is most discreditable to the citizens of the people of this county, and it can continue to exist only by a willful dereliction of duty on the part of those to whom the administration of the criminal law is committed.

PERSONAL.

Mr. C. W. Beebe has removed his family from 127 Central avenue to 64 West Seventh street.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley S. Miller have returned to their home in this city from their wedding tour.

Mrs. Samuel B. Underhill died suddenly at her home corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets yesterday morning. Rheumatism of the heart is assigned as the cause of death. A husband and three children survive her. They are, Mrs. Theodore Osborn, Mrs. John Christian and Mr. Frank Underhill. The family have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

Y. W. C. T. U. Anniversary.

Congregational church last evening was the scene of the celebrating the anniversary of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union. The place at which was handsomely decorated with flowers, was occupied by Mrs Julia Ketcham, Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis of the Seventh Day church and Rev. Mr. C. F. Mirsell of the M. E. Church. Dr Lewis made the opening remarks, explain using the Order on its successful work. The following programme was then followed out.

Song by Miss Burton &c, which was well rendered and received.

Reading of the standing financial of the Order, by Miss Mabley, which showed the Order to have a very small balance on hand.

Violin solo by Miss Mabley. Miss Mabley played with great expression and sweetness and received a pleasing applause.

Mr. Charles B. Mitchell then addressed the meeting and in well chosen, pithy sentences, showed what the Y. W. C. T. U. was and had been doing, and what it had still to do. His remarks received close attention.

A solo by Miss King closed the exercises.

After the singing of two stanzas of a hymn Mr. Mitchell dismissed those present with a benediction.

Mrs. B. T. Barnes was the accompanist.

Bound Brook Notes.

The Blackerton's manufactory men who struck for their back pay have not as yet received work.

Four or five cases of scarlet fever are reported by our local physicians, as existing near Bateville, or west Bound Brook. It is hoped the disease will not be allowed to spread.

A lively contest took place at the election of Fire Commissioner Monday evening. The citizens' ticket, comprising of O. B. Reynolds, James Vosseller, John H. Pruck, Geo. H. Gaddis and Abra a Clicker, was successful.

Miss Mary M. Stein, daughter of Mr and Mrs. Jacob Stein, of Springdale, and Mr. Benedict B. Keefer, of Ewton, Pa., were married by Rev. Father O'Connell in St. Joseph's church yesterday morning. Many friends from Plainfield, Dunellen, New York and Easton, Pa., were present. The bride was dressed in white and looked very pretty. A reception was held at the house of the bride's parents

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Wreck on the Central.

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Hatter and Furnisher, 19 Park Avenue.

READY FOR BUSINESS

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

NO. 39 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

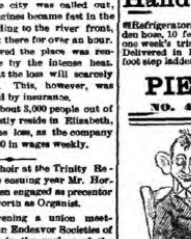
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6;
3 holes, $8.

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, and wood, $11.50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 3 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 128.



WE WILL HOLD

The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.

ROGERS BROS.,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

12 WEST FRONT STREET.

"AN EVENING WITH ORIENTALS," at the

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,

Thursday, May 8,

At eight o'clock.

CHINA, JAPAN, INDIA AND SYRIA

Will be represented

NATIVES IN COSTUME.

Music, Songs, Addresses, Reading, Foreign Curiosities, Refreshments, etc. Tickets 25 cents; children 15 cents. 7-3

YOU WILL FIND OUR GOODS *VERY PROFITABLE.*

THE LARGEST STOCK
THE LARGEST SALES
THE LARGEST VARIETY.

WE ARE THE LEADERS IN OUR LINE.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

230 W. FRONT STREET.

FOR *NEW STYLES* IN **HATS** GO TO **Eugene M. Laine**

SOUTH PARK AVENUE.

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcots Patent Mount and Process will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. MR. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

Amphion Hall TO-NIGHT

And Every evening this week.

Grand Opening.

With new Scenery and Decorations by Scavey of New York. The famous

Australian FOLLY TROUPE

Including the SISTERS COULSON.

JOHN AND NELLIE HEALEY,
GEYER & LORD,
THE GREAT CROWLEY,
PROF. BURKE'S CANINE CIRCUS,
BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN
MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS.
VIVE NOBREGA, ETC., ETC.,

Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Banjo Solos, Negro Specialties, and by the STARS of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE at the people's prices, 50 cents, Best Reserved seat; 35 cents, a good reserved seat; 25 cents, general admission. Saturday matinee, children 10 cents. Tickets can be procured at Shaw's pharmacy.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT

Dr. and Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyants. Sittings daily. City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all matters of life. Mr. Edwards' servant Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with a gift of second sight which with a man's delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 25 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. 5 cents call at once. 7-1w

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Odam, of the city of Plainfield, county of Union, and State of New Jersey, hath this day made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the equal benefit of his creditors and that the said creditors must exhibit their claims, under oath or affirmation, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 34 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Dated this 22d, day of April A. D., Eighteen hundred and ninety.

22-5tues W. A. CODDINGTON, Assignee.

H. SPENCER.

Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Prof. Regadlle's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 8 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 5-1ues

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, May 8th,

Return of the FAVORITE

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN.

As PARTHENIA,

In the Romantic classical 6-act drama

"INGOMAR"

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday at the usual place.

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E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT THE RATE OF $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 11. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

The Stained Glass Industry.

Ten years ago there was scarcely any stained glass made in this country. Those desiring memorial church windows, or to see the light stream softly into their private houses in sweeps of gorgeous color, sent to Munich to have their wants supplied. Within the last decade, however, a genuine stained glass industry has sprung up in our own country. To-day, it is safe to say, their own lines the work of the famous artificers in Europe, it has nevertheless developed qualities of excellence quite its own. These were admirably manifested in the late stained glass exhibition of the Pennsylvania museum.

The first impulse towards decorations in colored glass in this country manifested itself in a crude, not to say remarkable, way. Instead of ordering their figures, duly leaded, from Munich, the barroom and domestic decorators had recourse to the wall paper maker's art. They caused to be printed upon thin paper figures and colors like those of the glass itself. The paper was then smoothly pasted upon the window and the light allowed to stream through in a way that must have astonished the slow old Europeans who gazed upon it, and given them a lesson in the capabilities of American high art that they never forgot.

Happily now, however, the stained paper era is past, and we make as real a stained glass as anybody else. Artistic American women have in some instances taken up the work of stained glass ornamentation with remarkable success. One of these is Miss Louise McLaughlin, of Cincinnati, the rediscoverer of the *Limoges* porcelain glass.

American stained glass shows a glory as well as delicacy of color that is hardly equaled in the most brilliant productions of the Old World. Another unique feature is the use of opalescent and translucent glass, the effect of which is indescribably beautiful. Mr. Alfred Godwin has made a window which may be looked at with satisfaction from one side as well as the other. He uses for material a glass with a thin porcelain glass on the back.

On the other hand, Americans are not good draughtsmen and designers, and their faults in this respect showed itself readily in the exhibition.

Life on the Stage.

Maude Banks, the actress, daughter of Gen. H. P. Banks, writes in The New York Herald a letter on stage life which contains some pertinent hints and some exceedingly good writing. If Maude Banks had not been an actress, she might have been a journalist and belonged to a woman's press club. She sings the old song—that success on the stage means ceaseless toil and endeavor. So it is everywhere. Yet this is only half. There must be something besides this dull rut of toil. There must be an enthusiasm for the work that amounts to an inspiration, a buoyant confidence which feels that it is in the right path and will see the end, though it is not discernible as yet even now. Without this inspiration work becomes a mechanical grind. There has been something too much of the gospel of mere work preached of late years. Miss Banks writes:

> Most of us learn speedily that there is no "certain-ty limited" to success. The few people who have unfeelingly insinuated to me that I possess some extraordinary quality which merited it; it is generally not hereditary ability, for that talent is a gift of God and not a purchasable something which the public enjoys and is willing to pay for. The true artist climbs the hill slowly; she accumulates not only treasures of knowledge, but opposites which the experiences of life have grafted upon her nature; gradually she lifts all these, to its ordinary things, into the environment of those white Alps of perfection, and there she stands at last irradiated, unassailable and beautiful. I wish we at the foot did not learn so much about those white heights; we would get there sooner, and suffer less on the way. Will the time never come when the love of perfection will supersede the heart burning struggle of competition? To do things for themselves, not to outdo other people?

The ingenious devices resorted to to get a postoffice are worthy of being perpetuated in the patent office. Some time ago there came from a western city to Washington a formidable petition against the appointment of a certain individual as postmaster. It was signed with a long list of names, alleged to be those of prominent citizens. The matter was investigated, and all the names were found to be fictitious. One individual, who wanted the postoffice very much, had evolved the whole brilliant scheme, names and all, out of his imagination. If that man had turned his distinguished talents to some worthy ir early life, they would have made a mint of money for him by this time.

Bartholdi, the sculptor of the Statue of Liberty, pronounces the scheme to lend emigr—on Liberty Island a nonsense. He admits that the statue on Liberty Island is obviously destined to be made into a pleasure ground for the soul of the American people." This is poetic indeed, the thought of Liberty Island as a national baseball ground and beer garden with the souls of departed Americans cavorting through space around the goddess, and riding on thin air along with the mosquitoes that also haunt that classic spot.

MANIACS AFLAME.

Frightful Scenes at a Lunatic Asylum Fire.

OVER ONE HUNDRED DEAD.

The Demented Creatures Gibbered While Flames Devoured Them.

Details of a Horrible Holocaust at Longue Pointe, Quebec, by Which One Hundred and Possibly More Insane Persons Were Burned to Death—Some of the Maniacs Released and Gibbered at Windows Until They Fell Back Into the Flames. Other Clung Together Like Frightened Wild Beasts and Refused to Be Rescued. Heroic Efforts of the Nuns to Save Their Demented Charges—Four Stories Published in the Burning Building.

LONGUE POINTE, Que., May 7.—A long line of gaunt towers and a mass of blazing debris reflected in the eyes of the maniacs, is all that is left of the Longue Pointe Lunatic asylum, and the terrible sights that were witnessed during the destruction of the building will never be forgotten by spectators, though to the lunatics it was a time of supreme glee, and in their delight they disported themselves and flames and shrieked and gibbered in insolent satisfaction at the ruin that was being wrought. Not until the walls tumbled over their heads were their maniacal screams silenced. There were incarcerated in the asylum 1,800 lunatics, for the place was more like a village than a hospital, and more than 1,100 have been accounted for, but many escaped into fields and woods.

One Hundred or More Perished.

The number of dead is now purely a matter of conjecture and is not likely to ever be ascertained, since as other records kept than the asylum books, and these were destroyed in the fire. Taking into consideration all the evidence from firemen, half sane inmates, the sisters in charge, attendants and personal observation, it is a conservative estimate to say that 100 victims met their death in the flames, although some assert that the number is 200. No such calamity has fallen upon Quebec province in time out of mind.

Montreal Hastens to the Rescue.

At five minutes before noon a telegram was received in Montreal imploring assistance. This could not be given without consulting Mayor Grenier, who was found at the Banque du Peuple. The mayor at once ordered engines to be dispatched. One engine and two reels were soon started, and they were quickly on the spot. But they might as well have remained at home, for in five minutes they had exhausted the water supply. The fire started in the second ward on the women's side in the upper story, and its spread was hastened by longitudinal ventilation shafts connected with the tower. The flames soon appeared blazing up through the roof in the center of each tower. When the firemen arrived the dome of one tower had just fallen and the flames were bursting out everywhere.

The Scenes of Horror Commenced.

Streams were laid on and while they lasted some good was done, but that was for a very brief space, and then the horrors of the situation were revealed. Meantime beds, furniture and utensils were being thrown from windows and streams of ill clad men poured out of the eastern wing, and one male patient being lost. Among the women it was different. The less hopeless cases were treated in the lower wards and these persons were recovered without difficulty, but from the upper wards, where the violent patients were confined, there came the wildest screams, as the unfortunates realized efforts of the nuns to aid them in making their escape.

Maniac Faces at the Windows.

At the windows the maniacs could be seen peering through the bars, grinning and gibbering, until they were enveloped in the flames and compelled to release their hold and drop back into the cauldron. When the firemen found they were powerless to prevent the spread of the flames they turned their attention to the inmates and burst in the doors with axes. Chief Bennett says it was such a sight as he never again ever before witnessed. No one hall he entered there were twenty-five patients, and at his approach they huddled themselves together like a pack of beasts. He seized the nearest. "But," said the chief, "I could no more separate the crowd than I could separate the parts of one's body."

Four Sons Burned to Death.

He tugged at them until the fire darted into their garments and enfolded them in a shroud of flame. One of the Tertiary nuns had been taken in the sick infirmary on the first floor. For reasons hurried three others [illegible] the companion and [illegible] to the staircase, but the [illegible] met by a wall of flames and all [illegible] houses were Sisters Marie, Isabelle, Hubert and Lumiens. None of them was over twenty years of age. All came from the province below Quebec.

Heroic Work of the Nuns.

The sisters worked most heroically, imploring, beseeching and commanding the patients to come out, but under the disadvantageous circumstances successful in rescuing a large number. Sister Therese, the superioress, has been in poor health and it is feared that the shock and exposure have proven fatal to her Drs. Beaugue and Baralet remained at the work of rescue until exhausted and were carried out unconscious.

The management of the pauper insane has been a long standing cause of shame to the province of Quebec. The unfortunates have been farmed out to men at a $100 a head per year, and the sum seems to have been treated as cheaply as possible [illegible] with the result that [illegible] buildings or repairs were [illegible] bodily wants of the patients [illegible] no [illegible] has been [illegible] medical treatment.

[illegible] shows coincidence the only Protestant insane asylum in the province was inaugurated one day on the fire by its new superintendent. Applications of all denominations were treated together, but the Protestants, by persons solicitations, raised enough money to furnish an institution in which their own patients might be cared for. For years the government has been urged to adopt a modernized treatment of the insane, and last summer the mother superior was sent abroad to ascertain if any improvements could be adopted from similar institutions in Europe, but nothing of value seems to have resulted from the voyage.

A History of the Asylum.

The St. Jean de Dieu asylum, commonly called Longue Pointe, was founded in 1873. The building consisted of the main office and of four smaller buildings connected by wings and had a frontage of 600 feet. The principal building was six stories high; other portions of the building five. The Grey Nuns of Providence, who founded and organizing this institution $1,120,000, of which $700,000 was spent in buildings.

The building was insured by the government for $300 in the Royal Insurance company. This sum had been reinsured in eighteen local companies in sums varying from $5,000 to $20,000. The Sisterhood of Providence, which owned the building, and under whose management the institution has always been, is the largest of the many large Canadian orders, although only established a few years ago. Its founder was Mme. Gamelin, widow of a wealthy Montreal merchant, who endowed the new sisterhood.

Universal sympathy is felt for Sister Therese, the energetic lady superior. This lady's family name is Tets, and she belongs to the Quebec district.

Sister Therese's two principal assistants in the management of the asylum were Sisters St. Charles and Madelaine, the former the sister of Mr. Goudet, of Joliette. With the exception of the medical department, consisting of doctors, the sisters retained complete control of all departments of the asylum, even the dispensing of the necessary medicines being done by trained sisters. There were 164 trained nurses employed in the various departments of the institution.

They Fled to the Woods.

The patients who had fled from the burning building wandered about aimlessly; the half sane gamins through the woods like Ophelias in their fantastic dress. When released many of them wept for joy and bounded like deer across fields to the woods. Patients of both sexes escaped, and though a cordon of police was formed not all the patients were included, and horribly suggestive rumors were brought in by people who came through the woods to the scene of the disaster. A new dread has come upon the inhabitants from the presence of so many escaped lunatics, and they will count themselves fortunate if they are not visited by a series of such deeds as only mad men can devise.

LATER.—The death roll is now estimated at fifty, though many more are missing. It is feared that seven Tertiary nuns are burned.

Three more are missing. Among the patients who perished are Sister Lahaie, nun of the Sacred Heart convent at Saulte au Recollet, who was under treatment at the Longue Pointe Institution for some months.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Chicago—

Chicago	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	—6
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Base hits: Chicago, 10; Cincinnati, 8. Errors: Chicago, 3; Cincinnati, 4. Batteries: Sullivan and Eldridge, Foreman and Baldwin. Attendance, 450.

Players' League.

At Chicago—

Chicago	3	4	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	—14
Pittsburg	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	—4

Base hits: Chicago, 15; Pittsburg, 6. Errors: Chicago, 5; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries: Dwyer and Farrell, Galvin and Carroll. Attendance, 1,538.

American Association.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Rochester	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Base hits: Syracuse, 8; Rochester, 5. Errors: Syracuse, 2; Rochester, 3. Batteries: Keefe and Briggs, Fitzgerald and McGuire.

At Cleveland—

Columbus	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	—7
St. Louis	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Base hits: Columbus, 12; St. Louis, 6. Errors: Columbus, 1; St. Louis, 4. Batteries: Ramsay and Earle, Easton and Ford, and Bligh and Doyle

Of the other games in the four baseball associations were postponed on account of rain.

Republican Senators Talk Silver.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Another meeting of the senate Republican caucus silver committee was held in the room of the committee on finance last evening. Nine of the thirteen members of the committee were present. The committee was in session several hours without coming to any definite conclusion. There developed a strong sentiment in favor of the silver bill, the measure now on the senate calendar. The house caucus bill differs from this only in one particular. A member of the caucus committee said that the committee would likely recommend to the senate caucus the modification of the Jones bill by a provision that the secretary of the treasury shall issue certificates that are redeemed, so that the volume of the currency shall suffer no shrinkage, and also by the addition of the Hiscock-Sherman house bill providing for a deposit of $70,000,000 lawful money for the redemption of national bank notes.

M'Calla's Case Submitted.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Tuesday was the last day of the McCalla court martial. Commander McCalla made several important corrections in his testimony after which Mr. Choate began summing up for the defense. He said that a gentleman could not be expected to enter into all the technicalities of naval affairs and that he would merely content himself with the statement of a few points of law. He then proceeded with the case for the court. Judge Advocate Garst read the summing up for the prosecution. He confined himself to pointing out where, upon certain specifications, the testimony was contradicted. The court will meet each day with closed doors until they have prepared their report. This will be forwarded to the secretary of the navy for his approval.

A Big Breach of Promise Suit.

BARRE, Mass., May 7.—In the superior court was begun the trial of the breach of promise suit for $50,000 damages brought by Mrs. Eliza B. Dolliver against William H. Rice, both of Petersham. Plaintiff is 68 years of age, while defendant is 72, and the wealthiest resident of Provincetown. Plaintiff claims that defendant proposed marriage, that she accepted, that after she had prepared her wedding trousseau defendant denied that any engagement had been made.

"The Wife" and "Washington Life."

NEW YORK, May 7.—Fanny A. Mathews, author of "The Wife" and "Washington Life," was arrested on the charge that the play "The Wife" was pirated from her play "Washington Life." When it was found that no evidence for the defense existed, Mrs. Mathews discovered that Mrs. Elsa Grumpke, wife of the house ruler, has knowledge to contradict Mrs. Mathews. An effort to recover the case to [illegible] deposit was granted.

[illegible] Lancaster Arrested.

[illegible] Mayor Clarke, [illegible] ingtreasurer and the [illegible] Press [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

CHICAGO'S STRIKE OVER.

Ten Thousand Carpenters Will Resume Work Thursday.

THE CITY HAS LOST $5,000,000.

The Men Will Go to Work Under the New Employers' Association—The Association Will Now Undertake to Better the Condition of Miners.

CHICAGO, May 7.—The carpenters' strike is at last settled, and after a period of over a month's idleness, from which the city has suffered to the extent of nearly $5,000,000, the men will return to work Thursday. The arbitration committee has finished its labors, and the umpire, Judge Tuley, Messrs. Ingham and McCormick, the representatives of the strikers and the "bosses," have affixed their signatures to the agreement. Under it the working hours shall number but eight; 35 cents an hour will be paid until Aug. 1, after which the pay will be 40 cents an hour, all present conditions to be retained, one to be added each year; none but union men will be employed; overtime will be considered time and one-half; Sunday work will be paid for at the rate of double time; a permanent board of arbitration will be appointed to adjust all future differences.

Their Demands were Rejected.

When the carpenters concluded about five weeks ago to strike for shorter hours, more pay and a complete recognition of their rights as men, all propositions looking to a settlement with the strikers a large number of the members of that body broke away from the authority of the organization, the Home Builders' and Builders' association, and the new body, which it is claimed has already developed a greater employing capacity than the old, entered into negotiations with the strikers and effected a settlement with them as set forth. The door has been left open for the old master builders to come in, but they will have to submit with to or to the knife between union and non-union carpenters in this city.

It is reported that the old bosses will immediately open shop and go in for war with the union prices if they interfere with them. Should this be carried out trouble may be expected.

The Coal Miners' Condition.

Now that the carpenters' demand is concluded it seems probable that the Federation will turn its attention to the coal miners. There is every prospect of a settlement of their difficulties and a general strike of 30,000 men is in immediate prospect. About 13,000 men at present out, of whom are employed by the northern Illinois operators. None of the men in the eastern part of the state have yet gone out. The demand of the men is for an increase of seven and a half cents per ton. It is impossible for the operators to meet such demand, and the indications point to a protracted strike. The Miners' union is asking every effort to get the southern Illinois miners out.

A Big Scheme at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7.—Letters have been sent to the master builders who are holding out against the demands of their men for an increase in wages notifying them that if they do not by 10 o'clock today confer with the demands of the strikers a certain plan which has been formulated would be put into operation. This plan is said by official of the Carpenters' brotherhood to be a part of a gigantic arrangement by which the building trades, including everything from stone masons to frescoers, would form one grand organization employing a 30,000 men engaged in those trades in the city. This organization would make strucks, erect buildings, pay the workmen and divide the profits among the members.

A Big Victory at New York.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Outside of the seventy men now on strike at the New York central grain elevator, only sixty men are now out for eight hours and $3.50 per day, a non-union men are at work in the elevator. It is believed that Chauncey M. Depew will come to an amicable settlement with Walking Delegates Owens and Ashley regard to the grain elevator men's difficulty.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, said that the next ade to make a stand for an eight hour rkday would be the coal miners, whose ganization numbers 280,000 members.

Dr. Abbott Favors Eight Hours.

NEW YORK, May 7.—At the spring meeting of the New York and Brooklyn Association of Congregational churches Dr. Lyman bott, of Plymouth church, said: "I am thorough believer in the eight hour movement. Under it the present system a n becomes a bit of machinery. Eight rs is as long as any man should be a ndge. Any system which makes a man rk twelve hours a day is dishonest, because it is grinding a man's body for his ar. That labor is a commodity and ould be bought for what you can get it for is dishonest."

The Trouble at Lynn.

LYNN, Mass., May 7.—There is nothing w in the trouble between the Boot and e Workers' International union and the of L. as applied to the factory of R. G. ore & Co. Mr. H. C. Hamilton, representing the International union, claims e has been an agreement of non-interence in Lynn and Haverhill between the ernational union and the K. of L. which s been violated by the latter.

Standing Firm at Boston.

BOSTON, May 7.—The carpenters' strike ation is unchanged. The men are encouraged by the news from New York. Signs still exist, and weakening is expected. The bosses are doing good k and have gathered in a number of who intended taking the places of lers.

An International Railway Deal.

EMA, O., May 7.—A railway deal which gives the building of 1,300 miles of railfrom Deming, N. M., to Pelotampo in the Pacific coast, has just been closed The line is projected by R. C. Fauvel, his city, and will be known as the International railway. The persons connected the deal are W. J. Marks, of London, George H. Sloan and George M. of Chicago. Mr. Marks represents ritish syndicate. The amount to be sed is $25,000,000.

DEVOTED WIFE NO. 2.

She Clever Runs to Procure Her Bigamist Husband's Escape from Jail.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., May 7.—Monday Bennet Utter, an Ontario and Western railroad brakeman, was held to await the action of the grand jury on the charge of bigamy and was taken to jail here to Goshen Tuesday morning. Monday night wife No. 2, heavily veiled, accompanied by Lizzie Utter, a sister; Nellie Utter, a brother, and Charles Clark, a friend, entered the lockup and asked permission to talk privately with Utter. The privilege was accorded, and in the course of time the party passed from the building. The turnkey in attendance of the prison went to feed Utter, but found wife No. 2seated in the cell, wearing Utter's clothes.

The conspiring friends were arrested, and while being arraigned before the recorder last evening for aiding and abetting the escape of a prisoner, a detective entered court with Utter and had been captured at Unionville, N. J., where he stopped to rest, feeling secure, as he thought he was across the New Jersey line.

The Slater Educational Fund.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The board of trustees of the Slater educational fund have begun their annual meeting here. Ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes, president of the board of trustees, presided. The fund was established ten years ago by John F. Slater, of Norwich, Conn., and provides for the introduction of industrial training in the schools of the south. In the thirty-six schools aided this year by the fund there has been an increase of 1,300 pupils—in all a total attendance of 9,000. Last year the fund appropriated $65,000 to the work. Reports were read from the various institutions in the south which have received benefits from the fund during the past year. The Spelman institute, at Atlanta, Ga., reported that through the assistance received from the Slater fund it had been enabled to open a training school for nurses. The fund amount paid out during the year was $63,900.

Rhode Island's "Dothaboy Hall."

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 7.—The legislative joint committee appointed by the general assembly to investigate the charges preferred against the management of the state home at Elmhurst has commenced work. Mrs. Welcome H. Foster, a former nurse, testified at length to the cruel treatment of the boys. Eddie Young, Daniel Cook and others, by Superintendent Healy, and said that she had been ordered to stifle the cries of the tortured youngsters by placing her hands over their mouths and by choking them. Mrs. Foster also testified that the milk provided for the children was skimmed before being served and the cream sent to Superintendent Healy's table. Miss Hastings, a former teacher, testified to cruel whipping, choking and pinching of girls. Mrs. Hastings, also formerly employed in the home, testified to cruel treatment of boys.

Horrible Sufferings from Hydrophobia.

ALLIANCE, O., May 7.—Seven years ago a dog bit Laura Grim, the 19-year-old daughter of a wealthy farmer living near Hartburg, Stark county, eight miles west of here. The wound healed and nothing more was thought of it until a week ago when the child was attacked by undoubted symptoms of hydrophobia. She is now a raving maniac, having terrible paroxysms at the sight of water. Foam at the mouth, snaps viciously at every one who comes near and has to be chained to the floor. Physicians can do nothing, and the girl's mother is almost crazed with grief and fear. The neighborhood is greatly excited, for the dog had bitten several other children.

Baseball Litigation at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7.—Judge Arnold has granted the injunction prayed for by the American Association Baseball club of Kansas City restraining John T. Pickett from playing with the Players' club of Philadelphia. Notice of appeal was immediately filed. Also, on behalf of the Players' league, Lawyer Vandersice moved that injunctions be granted prohibiting Clements, Thompson, Myers, Shriver and Gleason playing with the local league team. The argument will be heard on Saturday.

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$10 $10 $10

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"UNDER MOTT'S NEW DEPOT."

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The New York Times says that Richard Croker, ex-ruler of Tammany hall, will never resume the leadership. There is no hope then that he will ever again return to New York. His condition is critical, cablegrams received within a few days before such as to cause the most serious alarm to his friends and to preclude the hope of a possible recovery.

The senate passed the race track bill as amended. The bill as amended permits winter horse racing. It also provides that betting may be carried on during fifty-five days in each year and legalizes pool selling. All race track associations are required to pay to the state an annual tax of 5 per cent. of the gross receipts. The bill now goes back to the house where it originated, for a concurrence in the amendments. It passed the senate by a vote of 11 to 3, Messrs. Rue and Martin voting in the negative.

The Lotos club of New York, will give a dinner to Murat Halstead on May 17.

The Curtis bill for the abolition of the death penalty was considered in the senate judiciary committee at Albany, and a motion to table it indefinitely was passed by a vote of 7 to 2.

Senator Quay is quoted as having said that he thinks that ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison will receive the Democratic nomination for governor of Pennsylvania. He said that Robert Adams, Jr., will be nominated by the Republicans to succeed the late Samuel J. Randall.

From papers on file in the office of Governor Richardson it would appear that the lynching of Willis Lanphart in Lexington, S. C., on Sunday night was the outcome of a conspiracy to hide the guilt of a white man.

Referee Meeks, of Flack case notoriety, has been released from the Tombs.

Justice Ingraham, in the supreme court at New York, decided adversely to the claim of ex-Alderman Jacob Lorsch, the Canadian exile, that he was a partner of O'Brien & Clark, the aqueduct contractors, finding that Mr. Keenan never assented to or executed the agreement upon which he claimed a share of the profits. Keenan claimed that he entered into an agreement to form a co-partnership with O'Brien & Clark.

The house of Secretary Tracy, at Washington, in which his wife and daughter made their debut in the fall, was almost destroyed it, has been sold for $20,000. It cost him, with improvements, $75,000.

Shellenberger, the absconding lawyer and trustee, who gave himself up at Philadelphia, has been lodged in jail at Doylestown, Pa. He says he took only $136 with him when he fled. He will be tried at the present term of court.

At Foxboro, Mass., a man named Comack, while insane, murdered his 13-year-old daughter and then killed himself.

Nearly twenty persons were killed by a tornado which swept over Texas May 6.

The remains of Junius S. Morgan were buried May 6 in Cedar Hill cemetery, Hartford. Many places of business were closed during the funeral. The pall bearers: President Morton, Chauncey M. Depew, Bishop Potter, Cornelius Vanderbilt, and George W. Childs were among the well known people present.

Rev. T. A. Large, a missionary, was murdered by burglars in Japan.

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Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

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City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 33c. for a good one.

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the Bargains in town.

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

Our selection of Clothing, Flannels, Beeswinger, Gents' and Youths' Goods is the best that can be produced and our prices we guarantee lowest.

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Hosiery, medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Carnegie's Plans for Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, May 7.—The Pittsburg committee of the city council called upon Mr. Andrew Carnegie last evening. The matter of securing representation on the library committee was discussed and satisfactorily adjusted. The site most favored for the main building is the Bedford avenue water basin, on the bluff in the rear of Union station. This building will consist of a library and music hall. Mr. Carnegie also said that if one of the branches of the main library building should be located in the vicinity of the new Schenley park he would add to his original offer a gallery of American paintings. The main building he proposes to expend not less than $600,000 annually in the purchase of art works during his lifetime and to provide in his will for an equal amount per annum when he dies. This institution Mr. Carnegie desires to be a perpetual monument to himself.

Mrs. Yan Phou Lee After a Divorce.

NEW HAVEN, May 7.—Mrs. Yan Phou Lee, the young New Haven girl who in 1887 married Yan Phou Lee shortly after his graduation from Yale, has filed a petition for a divorce, alleging adultery. Yan Phou Lee is the son of a Chinese nobleman. He came to this country in 1878 and after spending five years at Springfield, Mass., he prepared for college in New Haven. After graduating he did considerable literary work and wrote quite often for English Chinese Sunday school paper in New York city. Mrs. Lee was formerly Miss Elizabeth Maud Jerome, daughter of Mrs. E. Gilbert Jerome.

Claussen's Trial Commenced.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The case of Peter J. Claussen in connection with the wrecking of the Sixth National, Equitable and Lenox Hill banks recently, came up in the United States circuit court today for trial. The indictment found against Claussen by the United States grand jury contains forty-four counts, and includes charges of embezzlement, wilful misappropriation, abstraction and false entries. All but the four counts charging embezzlement have been demurred to and the same overruled by Judge Benedict.

Their Whisky Was Poisoned.

COLUMBUS, Ind., May 7.—William Withers, aged 18 years, the son of a wealthy farmer who resides at Williamsburg, near this place, is now in a dying condition from the effects of drinking a pint of whisky Sunday night. Susan E. Luther, a hired girl, who in company with young Withers sauloed in drinking the liquor, has already died. An investigation developed the finding of paris green in a part of the whisky that remained in the bottle.

Mrs. Stephenson,

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FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

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JOHN JOHNSTON,

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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

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NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

His Reform Now Possible.

"Samantha, I wish I could break myself of this slovenly habit of smoking!" said Mr. Clugwater, despairingly. "Tu', give workin if I could do it!"

"Will you be guided by my advice, Josiah?" asked Mrs. Clugwater.

"What do you know about such things?" he demanded.

"Never mind what," she replied. "Will you promise to do exactly what I prescribe?"

"For how long?"

"For about two weeks."

"Oh, yes," he said, listlessly. "Go ahead with your prescription."

Mrs. Clugwater left the room and returned in a moment with a box of 100 cigars.

"Josiah," she said, tenderly, "I bought these of a dealer for fifty cents, and I've been saving them for you. You will smoke fourteen of them every day till they are all gone."—Chicago Tribune.

What the Law Allowed Him.

A friend sends us the following story which may be a little gray with the frost of time, though we do not recall seeing it in print. We insert it, anyhow, with the thought that "there's nothing new under the sun":

A young gentleman and young lady were attending a wedding—their own wedding, by the way. After the ceremony was over the groom, in a business like manner, asked the minister what his fee was. The minister replied that the law allowed him $5. The happy groom said, in a generous tone of voice, handing him a fifty cent piece: "Pshaw, with what the law allows you, you will make it three dollars and a half."—West Shore.

The Czar's Jobs.

The Czarina—O, my dearestbah, dow it not make your heartsoaky beat with pridesky to think what a beautifulswitch country our Czar is?

The Czar—No, sweetsoaky, I do not lovesky Russia. Would you know what I thinksky of it?

"Yes, my petsky. What do you thinsk of it?"

"It is—a bomb-bashe!"—Lawrence American.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

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HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

22 EAST FRONT STREET.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

Office 30 Door Street, North Plainfield.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April. 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 5.50, 6.56, 8.00, 8.40, 9.26, 10.05, 11.04, 11.30 a. m.; 1.07, 2.15, 3.26, 4.07, 4.45, 5.37, 6.25, 10.05, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 5.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.30 a. m.; 12.00 m.; 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 11.30 p. m.

Leave New York at 9.00, 9.40, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.; 12.00 m.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 5.15, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.; 12.00 m.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00 a. m. Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.; 12.00 m.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00 a. m.

PLAINFIELD, AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 5.50, 6.56, 8.00, 8.40, 9.26, 10.05, 11.04, 11.30 a. m.; 1.07, 2.15, 3.26, 4.07, 4.45, 5.37, 6.25, 10.05, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 5.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.30 a. m.; 12.00 m.; 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.35, 11.25 a. m.; 12.10, 1.25, 2.30, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.25, 6.30, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.; 12.00 m.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.00 a. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.50, 8.00, 9.26, 11.30 a. m.; 2.15, 3.26, 5.37, 6.25 p. m. Sunday, 9.30 a. m.; 4.45, 7.00, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.50, 8.45, 10.45 a. m.; 12.45, 4.45, 6.45, 8.45 p. m. Sunday, 11.45 a. m.; 6.45, 8.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.12, 8.07, 9.37 a. m.; 2.00, 5.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.07, 9.37 a. m.; 4.05, 5.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m.; 5.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

For Bethlehem, Pennington, Easton, Manch Chunk, 9.37 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Lambertville, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Mauch Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, 4.34 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton, Drifton, Williamsburg, Scranton, 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Beaver Brook, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, 6.56 p. m. For Flemington, 6.56 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.00, p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown, Sundays at 8.00 a. m. for Easton, 8.23 p. m. for Flemington and Lambertville, 8.40 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, etc., 9.26 p. m. for High Bridge, Easton, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.35 for Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5.12, 8.07, 9.37, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.34, 5.00 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Ocean Grove 8.07, 9.37, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 4.34, 5.00 p. m. Sunday 8.07, a. m., 4.05 p. m.

For Atlantic City 5.37 11.30, a. m.,

For Freehold 5.37, 8.00, 10.05 11.30, a. m., 5.37 5.54 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 5.12, 8.00, 9.15, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 5.00, 5.46, 7.55 p. m. Sunday at 1.37, 7.55, 9.37, 11.30 a. m., 4.05, 5.00, 7.55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington, 1.37, 5.46, 11.30 a. m., 4.05, 5.46, 7.55 p. m. Sunday at 1.37, 5.46, 7.55, 11.30 a. m., 4.05, 7.55 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Pass. Agt.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Former Woodson's Mistake.

Farmer Woodson (who is near sighted)—Ugh! There goes one of them sneakin' watersnakes. I reckon I'll fix the varmint.

Canal Boat Captain—Hay, you slim necked son of a gun, what do you mean by cussin' my towlines!—Munsey's Weekly.

Misunderstood.

Impresario—Do you sing chest-notes? Signora Harlemotti—No, sir! Everything in my repertory is dead new.—Judge.

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German and French

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Residence No. 22 Third street, corner Rivervview, Plainfield. Telephone to residence always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

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JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

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all kinds of Second-Hand

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CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, so you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and despatch.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsey's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsey, 32 West Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO AND FROM THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—Just a. m. to meet 7.50 a. m. train. Roosevelt ave. and Broadway, Brewster to meet 8.05 a. m. to Second place; to Crescent ave. to Park ave., 10 Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.33 a. m. train.
3d do	9.15	do	9.33 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.27 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.34 do
6th do	11.45	do	12.00 p. m.
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.35 p. m.
8th do	3.30	do	3.50 p. m. To 2d Post Office.
9th do	3.30	do meet	3.51 p. m. train.
10th do	5.00	do	5.20 do
11th do	5.45	do	6.07 do
12th do	6.45	do	7.03 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and Park avenue, and Second and Newer avenues, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above route, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.30, 9.37, 10.10, 11.30 a. m. 2.01, 2.30, 3.45, 4.34, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' and gentlemen calling purposes. Safe Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Buses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 8th and 9th. Telephone Call. 18. 1-30-1

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NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:30 a. m., 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

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SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 4:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 9:10 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville Turnpike, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.;

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 9:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

Miscellaneous Cards.

CALL ON

H. N. SPENCER, SOMERSET ST,

FOR SEEDS.

BARGAINS

in buggies, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race street, next Grubb.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, corner 1st street. Address

R. F. M. Chase.

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Agent. Call and see them. Good chance for fast above ten level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

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Lumber, Masons Materials,

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Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 962.

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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

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W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 26 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

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Kline's Extracts.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Prevailing Funeral Habits Criticised as a Source of Much Serious Illness.

Of the several fashions of which we are the victims there is none more sublimely idiotic than that of the present mode of attending funerals. There is no nation in this regard which makes itself so thoroughly ridiculous as that of the American. Heroes in the dead is beautiful and fitting; but when that respect is carried at the danger of one's life the tribute to the memory of the deceased should take some other form, more sensible and equally as decorous. The present style of coffin or casket is not light. The inner shell is generally of heavy metal, which is fitted into a polished wooden casket, replete with silver handles and gorgeous trimmings. When the body is in the casket the weight can be imagined.

Gentlemen unaccustomed to hard work carry this casket down the long aisle of a church, out in the open air, heated with the unwonted exertion, and then what? In any wonder that they catch a cold? Then a long drive at a snail's pace to a cemetery, where hats are again doffed, and the body is lowered in the damp, while shivering gathers around, and despite the fact that a chill wind, freighted with death, is blowing upon them, there they must stand in this cold and exposed position, listening to the, pray rhetoric of a preacher, who alone is interested in his discourse. What is the inevitable consequence? A serious sickness. There is no exaggeration in this, affirm The San Francisco News letter, and adds. We have had during the past two weeks very deaths from attending a funeral in the manner just described, and three prominent men have been so ill that their lives have been despaired of. It is to be hoped that we shall in future be guided more by common sense than make ourselves the victims of a fashion which has no recommendation other than custom.

Toilet Hints.

When the hands are of good color, but the skin lacks softness, glycerine is useful, but it has no effect on the color. The hands may be, however, greatly improved in texture if, after the nightly wash, they are well coated with glycerine and dipped into oatmeal, or well powdered with the same.

Bran is supposed to have great influence on the skin, and some manicures advise glycerine and bran which has been stewed in water. The bran is used quite moist, and is, therefore, of similar type to the bran poultice which our great-grandmothers used on the neck and arms, which, being daily exposed by the then fashionable decolleté gown, were no doubt a source of trouble to them.

"Horse Nettle" for Convulsive Disorders.

In the "Transactions of the South Carolina Medical Association" appears an account by Dr. J. L. Napier of his successful use of "horse nettle" (Solanum Carolinense) in epilepsy and convulsive disorders. In one case of epilepsy he gave the horse nettle steeped in whisky, a tablespoonful three times a day, continuing the treatment for four months. He gave the first day from beginning the use of the remedy the patient had not a single convulsion. The remedy was also found of marked value in hysterical attacks.

Brush the Hair.

If your hair is dull in color, wiry in texture and will not catch the burnished gleam of the last rhyme you read, brush it. If it is losing the gloss it had when you were a child, brush it. If it is old and sickly brush it. If your hair is fretful and peevish, brush it till it smiles and behaves with docility under the comb again, is the advice one woman gives to others.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

The Wide Range Existing in the Entertainment Known as a 5 o'Clock Tea.

First we have the elaborate affair which is heralded by the engraved cards of invitation. A strip of carpet is spread from the curbstone to the door. If the day be rainy an awning the entire length is erected for protection. The floral display should be in keeping. From this they grade down to the simple, practical, every day "5 o'clock," condensed into the charming simplicity which has made it so justly popular. The lady simply uses her visiting card for invitations, writing below her name the date and "5 o'Clock Tea" in the lower left hand corner.

The manner of dispensing refreshments differs somewhat in different cities, but in the main is much the same. An easy cordiality on the part of the hostess, an assured welcome, quiet service, with light and delicate refreshments are the essentials. A child with a little previous training may act as waiter. The hostess stands near or opposite the door and the guests pass in, while receiving, and, if the tea is given in honor of a friend, this friend stands beside her and is presented to the guests, with whom she is unacquainted, as they greet the hostess.

The guests do not sit at table, but with plate and cup in hand they incline slightly and at a sufficient distance from the table to afford a free passageway for the waiters, who supply them either from the table or from the pantry with refreshments in their order. Sometimes, if the hostess have a spacious dining room and the company is limited, chairs are ranged about, or small lunch tables are scattered through the rooms. The tables are draped in pure white and each may have a low bowl of loosely arranged flowers, or a cut glass dish in its center. In either case the guests are served from the large table. This also is draped in pure white.

Since tea is a staple amount of this beverage must be provided. Many people serve coffee or chocolate also, but not necessarily. If one has a fashionable chocolate set it adds much to the beauty of the table; it occupies one end, while the tea service is placed at the other. This brings up the query how to make delicate tea. The kettle is kept steaming and swinging above the spirit lamp until all are served. A maid is instructed to keep this replenished from the reserve supply. This is done quietly and is scarcely noticed. If the hostess has a daughter she usually pours the tea; if not, some intimate young lady friend is honored with the position; or, at the pleasure of the hostess, a neat maid may do this service, explains Good Housekeeping, and then wait on the table.

A waiter places the cups upon a salver or waiter covered with a tray cloth and hands them to the guests. By the way, it is fashionable to make the bouch weaker than formerly—a teaspoonful to half a pint of water yielding a very strong product. A full pint of water added to a teaspoonful makes a pleasant beverage. Sugar and cream should be passed with it. Sliced lemon is often passed in addition to these, as many persons use it instead of cream, after the Russian fashion. Provide plenty of delicate sandwiches, and with a salad, wafers and fancy cakes nothing more is required. Of course one may serve less if a more elaborate bill of fare be desired. Later in the season strawberries with ice cream and plain cake are sometimes served.

TAYLOR AT BUENA VISTA

HOW HE DEFEATED SANTA ANNA WITH ODDS OF FOUR TO ONE.

His Skillful Disposal of Troops to Take Advantage of the Ground—The Victory Demoralized the Mexicans and Insured Scott's Success.

[Copyright, 1890, by American Press Association.]

BUENA VISTA was a romantic battle. On the American side it was an event wholly unexpected. It was fought without strategic plan or relations, and, moreover, without order and without professional justification. The bravery and daring of Taylor alone on the one side and the overweening confidence of the Mexican leader, Santa Anna, on the other, brought about the conflict. The result undoubtedly placed the American arms in Mexico on a road to triumph.

When the Mexican war began in earnest Gen. Taylor was in command of the southern district of the western department, charged with the defense of the Mexican border, and had already fought his way to Monterey, a hundred miles southwest of the Rio Grande, and was preparing to march promptly into the heart of Mexico. By reference to a map it will be seen that a short route could be had by the invading army from the coast at Vera Cruz to the Mexican capital. Taylor advised the government to send an army there also, and then divide the enemy. The troops under Taylor were in two columns, one under his personal leadership and another small division of 3,000 regular troops at Saltillo, west of Monterey, under command of Gen. John E. Wool. At the beginning of the year 1847 Taylor was at Victoria, about 100 miles south of Saltillo.

At this time all the sea coast was in the hands of the United States, and Gen. Winfield Scott, the ranking officer of the army, was off in Cuba under instructions to take supreme command and carry out the plan of campaign from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico as had been suggested by Taylor. This route was up the stepper where the Mexicans had taken every pains to fortify against the invasion of their capital, and Scott felt compelled to draw troops from Taylor to strengthen his own command. After he had turned over his best officers and men to Scott, Taylor instituted to Saltillo to join his remnant to Wool's division, and he then had under his command in the valley of the Rio Grande a little army of 5,400 men. Only a portion of these had ever been under fire and but about 500 were regulars. All Mexico was filled with enthusiasm, and the dictator rapidly gathered an army of 20,000 of the best troops for the national defense, and marched to the valley of the Rio Grande to crush the invaders. Wool, at Saltillo, was isolated from all support, and Santa Anna, with his overwhelming force, set out to crush the little division of about 3,000 men.

Taylor's command at the junction with Wool just when Santa Anna had passed beyond San Luis Potosi, and old "Rough and Ready," with his soldiers called him, started out with his pitifully weak battalions to engage the enemy. Wool opposed the desperate movement, and after advancement beyond Saltillo was admirably posted to dispose of his lieutenant to return to a mountain pass which the latter had discovered at Angostura. The place was another Thermopylæ. A narrow causeway between steep mountain spurs on the one side and impassable watercourse and ravines on the other was the only road by which the Mexican army could march forward. Taylor deployed his men on the mountain spurs and on the crests of the ravines. The artillery was admirably posted to protect the roadway and to sweep the approaches over the plains in front.

NO SURRENDER.

On the 22d of February Santa Anna drew up in front of the position, and when he saw the little line of battle before him he sent the following very diplomatic note to the American camp:

> You are surrounded by 20,000 men and cannot, in any human probability, avoid suffering a rout and being cut to pieces with your troops; but as you deserve consideration and particular esteem, if wish to save you from the calamities of war and for that purpose give you this notice, in order that you may surrender at discretion, under the assurance that you will be treated with the consideration belonging to the Mexican character; to which end you will be granted an hour's time to make up your mind, if a cessation of hostilities is not the reason that my flag arrives at your camp. With this I have given you of my particular consideration. God and Liberty!
>
> ANTONIO LOPEZ DE SANTA ANNA.

Taylor did not need the hour's truce, but instantly sent the following brief reply:

> SIR—In reply to your note of this date, summoning me to surrender my forces at discretion, I beg leave to inform you that I decline acceding to your request. With high respect, I am, sir, your obedient servant. Z. TAYLOR.

In front of the day the Americans adopted the battle cry, "The memory of Washington," and prepared to defend their ground. Santa Anna spent the whole day in vain attempts to surround the pass, and at night the mountain was all over with rousing detachments of Mexicans who were attempting to form a line around the little camp. Fighting broke up all along the hillside, and Taylor's men held their own.

That night was a busy one to the brave commander. His supplies were at Saltillo, ten miles in the rear, and were in danger of being cut off. He would be lost without them, so he rode back in person to give efficient directions for their safety. When

SENDING A REPLY TO SANTA ANNA.

Gen. Taylor returned to the battlefield next morning Wool was very despondent and declared to his chief that it was all up, the ground could not be held. "May be so, general; we will see," Taylor responded. In speaking of the affair after-ward to an admirer who asked for a description of the battle, he said that he knew at the time that the situation was pretty bad, and he wished for a couple of regiments more of regulars. He was aware that Santa Anna had a very large force, but he "didn't stop to count the Mexicans."

Very early on the second day, the 23d, the Mexican army advanced in three heavy columns against Taylor's right and left flanks and center. The fighting was terrific. Santa Anna made charge after charge with infantry and cavalry, and was received with showers of artillery missiles and with bullets from riflemen, admirably posted on the hillside. The Michigan artillery could not be brought up upon the field for service, and Taylor's batteries, commanded by Capts. T. W. Sherman, Bragg and John Marshall Washington, in part made up for the disparity in numbers. In this general assault the American center and right stood firm. Taylor exhibited himself everywhere with the utmost daring, to inspire his followers.

When the combined assaults of the enemy all along the line had come to an end he hurried to the center, the key of the position, at the mouth of a gorge. The white horse which the general rode that day for the first time in battle attracted the shots of the enemy wherever he appeared. During a lull in the storm of fighting, Taylor sat with one leg over the pommel of the saddle, bullets flying all around, and an aid remarked that the white horse he was upon made him too shining a mark for the "greasers." "Well," said he coolly, "the old fellow" (his new battle horse was named after the old Monterey), and I want to give him his share this time."

Santa Anna now formed a strong column of cavalry and infantry and launched it forth on a most desperate charge against the American center at the gorge, where Taylor stood with his little band. For a time the onrushing host carried everything before them. The Illinois and Kentucky troops composing the front line were overpowered by the unequal masses hurled upon them and were in danger of annihilation from the bloodthirsty foe, who gave no quarter after a summons to surrender. Taylor quietly turned the guns of Washington's battery upon the foe, and they were hurled back with great slaughter and in terrible confusion. The Mexican lancers (mounted) were hurled in their attempts to fall upon the American cannon on the inaccessible mountain sides, and their ranks

CHARGE OF MEXICAN LANCERS.

were torn unmercifully by the double charges of grape that finally combed the plains where those daring fellows rode as fearless as the six hundred at Balaklava. Seeing this, the Mexican infantry began to repeat the invasion. "Now," said Taylor to Bragg, whose battery stood near, "a little more grape, captain."

A little more grape all along the line decided the day. Twilight found the Mexicans back in their trenches of the morning, and Taylor held the battlefield.

The Americans had won a brilliant victory, but they did not know it. The Mexicans had left 500 dead and mortally wounded behind them on the battle ground, and had fled, but they had not been routed and so bloody withal that the high enthusiasm which they had shown at the opening of the campaign collapsed in a perfect panic of demoralization. The true state of affairs in the Mexican camp could not be known at the American headquarters, however, and when at Gen. Taylor's advance mounted a speedy retreat before Santa Anna could recover from his stunning repulse and gather vigor for another blow. Gen. Thomas L. Crittenden, of Kentucky, who was an aid on Taylor's staff, is authority for the statement that Wool proposed that the army retire to a new position in the rear. Taylor responded, with his usual readiness, "No! I will never pass my wounded while I live."

The wounded were then being carried to the rear by the painfully slow process of stretcher bearing, and a retrograde movement, to be of any value in the emergency must be so rapid that the wounded would fall behind the troops and become prisoners. Taylor did not retreat, and in the morning it was discovered that the distance had been and Santa Anna's army of defense had fled. The prestige of victory was to the side that held the battlefield, and the effect of Taylor's glorious was that Santa Anna's army deserted him.

The American loss was about seven hundred men in all. Santa Anna lost two thousand killed, wounded, and his large numbers of his soldiers threw down their arms when the battle went against them and never returned to their ranks. Two days after Taylor's victory at Buena Vista Scott started on his campaign towards the capital, Vera Cruz, the invincible, fell into his hands on the 29th of March, and not until two weeks later, at Cerro Gordo, did he meet Santa Anna, who now had nothing but militia with which to defend his capital. Scott pushed the hapless adventurer from citadel to citadel, where, though strong in natural advantages and fortifications, he was weak in troops.

THE ANGELS OF BUENA VISTA.

While the Mexicans were generally cruel and vindictive, some instances of kindliness to their American foes have been recorded. The heroic character of the soldiery has also been shown, as may be seen in Santa Anna's language to Gen. Taylor before the battle. On his long march through northern Mexico Gen. Wool found the district infested with his wounded, and numbers of his soldiers threw down their arms when the battle went against them and never returned to their ranks. Two days after Taylor's victory at Buena Vista Scott started on his campaign towards the capital.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, MAY. 8 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Board of Directors Meet.—Business Done.—Books on Hand.

The regular meeting of the Board of Directors was held last evening in the library room. There were present President Job Mills, Messrs. A. C. Baldwin, G. H. Babcock, J. H. Mott, Wm. M. Stillman and J. W. Yates.

The minutes of the meeting of April 21st were read and adopted as read.

The Art Committee reported as the art purchase of the Loan Exhibition held on the evening of February 20, 1890, the sum of $14.00.

The Treasurer reported the sum of $48.29 as the amount received from fines and dues during the last three months.

The following bills were ordered paid from the special fund:

Chas. Scribner's Sons, for books..... $143.68
Century Co., for 3v of Century Dict... 45.00

The following bills were ordered paid from the general fund:

Somerset Press, book binding.....	90.71
W. F. Chesbert, books.....	76.72
Plainfield Electric Light Co.....	6.90
Samuel Allen, janitor, April salary...	40.09
Miss Allen, janitor, April salary.....	1.64
Miss Adams, librarian, April salary...	50.00
Miss Adams, sundries.....	12.65
P. S. Williams, papers, etc.....	12.78

The Secretary was directed to extend to Rev. L. P. Ketchan the thanks of the Board for his generous gift to the Library of some 40 bound and unbound volumes of the Bible magazine.

The librarian's report for April was read and by motion was ordered received and placed on file.

The librarian was authorized by motion to dispose at the best price she can obtain of such of the papers as are not desirable to be retained in the library. Adjourned.

WM. M. STILLMAN, Secy.

The librarian's report for April, 1890 showed the following list of books on hand.

Vols. on accession list, March, 31.....	8,969
Vols. added by purchase.....	96
Vols. added by gift.....	27
Vols. now in the library.....	9,092
Number of cardholders 1,755.	
Cash received from fines and subscribers of non-residents.....	$15.65

Since accession, 1,045
Juvenile 319
Biography 111
Travel 111
Philosophy 9
Religion 41
Sociology 65
Philology 2
Science 34
Useful arts 34
Fine arts 70
Literature 114
History 81
Bound magazines..... 39
Total..... 1,995
Visitors to the building, 5,705.

The librarian wishes to call the attention of the patrons of the library to the valuable addition to the reference department of the three volumes of the new "Century dictionary," the remaining volumes are ordered, and will be placed in the library as soon as they are published. A complete list of the additions to the library during the past month can be seen at any time during library hours.

H. L. ADAMS, Lib'n.

JOHN L. SPENCER'S SUDDEN DEATH.

Returns Home to Die, After Several Months.

Mr. John Spencer of South Plains died at his home at the age of sixty years. Mr. Spencer became involved in financial difficulties in this city and vicinity recently and disappeared suddenly, going to Canada. His return a short time ago was unknown to his friends in this section.

He had always borne a good reputation in this vicinity, where he had resided all his life, until the difficulties referred to. Those who claim to know say that he was *induced and raised* by another interested with him in a business venture, and borrowed every where he could toward the last to try and rescue himself, and in this way involved not only his friends, but the property of his own mother, now in her eighty-second year, to the extent of some $10,000. He is supposed to have died of heart disease and kidney trouble, which he has been a sufferer for many years.

AN EXCITING RUNAWAY.

A Horse Causes a Sensation on Front Street.

An exciting runaway occurred on Front street yesterday afternoon at about half-past three o'clock. A horse belonging to Mr. John M. Schenck became frightened and ran away. The animal ran up Front street and when near Edelli's dry goods store the wagon to *which the animal was attached collided* with another vehicle. The collision turned the horse from its course and it then ran upon the sidewalk and caused pedestrians to scatter right and left and seek shelter in the various stores along the streets. It was finally caught near Werner's clothing store.

Mayor Male's Umbrella.

Mayor Male is the owner of an umbrella which he has had in his possession for thirty-five years. It has been out of use and he has had it re-covered three times. The umbrella is company with Mr. Male has traveled over 70,000 miles and is to-day nearly as good as new. Mr. Male could not have been as forgetful as some Plainfielders who stand their umbrellas in a store or public building, and then walk off without them.

Milk Has Like Water.

At about six o'clock Tuesday evening a team belonging to Mr. C. T. Vail, a milkman, was standing on West Second street became frightened and ran away. The animal ran down Second street at a break-neck speed but was caught before it succeeded in wrecking the wagon to which it was attached. The wagon contained about thirty quarts of milk and the liquid fluid was emptied into the gutter by the wagon suddenly colliding with a pole.

JOTTINGS.

—The Bound Brook and New Brunswick stage line commenced running May 1st.

—At the last Board of Education meeting it was decided to have the commencement exercises on June 26.

—*The residents of* East Third street are opening East Third street from Thorn's laundry to Brokman street.

—The Junior Order of United American Mechanics will hold its regular meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—Y. M. C. A. members are requested to be at the association rooms this evening as soon after seven o'clock as possible.

—The new Union County Board of Freeholders will organize next Wednesday afternoon at the Court House in Elizabeth.

—There will be twenty-three performers at Music Hall to-night, in the play of "Ingomar," in which Miss Prohman appears.

—Plans of the proposed Y. M. C. A. building will be exhibited by the architect at the annual meeting to be held at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The Australian Folly Troupe is still exhibiting at Amphion Hall. The proceeds will replenish the treasury of Perseverance Lodge No. 74, K. of P.

—Owney Geoghan, a Westfield young man, was last evening sentenced to ten days in the county jail for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—Several members of Franklin Council Jr. O. U. A. M., of this city paid a fraternal visit to Pioneer Council No. 38, of Bound Brook last evening.

—Complaints are made that the sidewalk on Washington avenue, near the bridge is in an almost impassible condition. The walk should be repaired at once.

—Sheriff Gauby yesterday afternoon at the Court House in Elizabeth, sold the Park House in this city, which was put purchased by the mortgagee for $16,100.

—The Rev. Charles B. Mitchell will lecture at Reform Hall under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary Tuesday evening next. Proceeds for the Y. M. C. A. building.

—Mr. F. M. Gates of Topeka, Kansas, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. there, who visited Plainfield May 16th for the Sunday, will speak at the Y. M. C. A. meeting Sunday at 4:15.

—The Somerset County Board of Freeholders will hold its final meeting next Tuesday afternoon at Court House in Somerville. The new Board will organize in a few weeks.

—All the Christian Endeavor Societies of this city will hold a union meeting in Trinity Reform church to-night at eight o'clock at which time a local Christian Endeavor Union will be organized. A full attendance is desired.

—Mr. J. S. Jones, the assistant superintendent of the United States American Insurance company has been soliciting of insurance by persons who contemplate insuring their lives. His notice appears among our special notices.

—A coupling on the 8:20 express train parted at Westfield last night and the last passenger coach broke loose. The engineer noticed the accident and after a few minutes delay the coach was recoupled and the train proceeded on its way.

—The City Common Council will meet in special session on Monday evening next. The object of the meeting is to take action on the application of Frank E. Miller for a license to conduct a Hotel Restaurant and the application of Frank Links for a wholesale liquor license.

—The tennis players of the city and borough who would like to be members of the Plainfield Lawn Club this season, are invited to send word at once to Mr. Wm. D. Murray. A meeting will be held to consider the matter, the courts will be put in order and expense accounts made for improvements in June.

—William Carkhuff, the man who was convicted in the Somerset County Courts of stealing chickens from Mr. Long of Liberty Corner, was sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs. Mr. Long is a brother of Dr. Long of this city and the chickens stolen were disposed of to a Plainfield butcher.

—Mr. P. Casey wishes us to correct a statement published in THE NEWS of Monday in our report of the death of James McNally, who was injured by the cars early Sunday morning. What Mr. Casey said was that he were removed to Runyon's morgue." Mr. Casey says that Mr. Runyon does not keep a morgue, and that he (Mr. Casey) is the only morgue keeper in the city.

—To-night Property-man Mattox, of Music Hall, will be given a benefit performance. Marie Hubert Frohman, one of the best actresses in this city claimed a cultivated audience, will appear in the great romantic drama, "Ingomar." To *witness Miss Frohman's acting* will be a great pleasure; to assist in making Mr. Mattox's benefit a success may be an added pleasure. A large audience is anticipated.

—It costs to light Plainfield and North Plainfield about $50,000 per year. Of this, about $28,000 is for gas, $12,000 for electric light, $4,000 for gasoline, and $6,000 for kerosene. Estimating the number of families on both sides of the brook at 3,000 this would make a cost per family per year for light nearly $17.00, or say 32 cents per week, or less than five cents per day, or about one cent per inhabitant each day. This is for both public and private lighting.

—The best attendance of the week was at the "Amphion" last night, and to say that the most satisfactory performance took place, mildly conveys the motive of the entertainment. Many new features were introduced, and the new musical accompaniment was of the highest order. There was not a hitch to mar the evening's enjoyment. John Carney's German specialty met with especial favor, and his reception upon his appearance was pantomime, and portrayed the nature of an ovation. Many additional changes are promised this evening. At the matinee Saturday at two o'clock, the admission will be twenty-five cents, children ten cents. There will be no reserved seats, the early comer will have his choice of location.

UNION COUNTY COURT.

Causes to be Heard at the May Term.

The following list of causes from this city are to be heard in the Union county court this term:

First National Bank of Plainfield, et als, on contract; Wm. M. Stillman, for plaintiff and Nelson Runyon, for defendant.

Thos. S. Davis vs. Mark R. Moore, in tort; Chas. A. Reed for plaintiff and Wm. K. McClure for defendant.

Joseph Lamb, et al. vs. Francis X. Schoonmaker, in contract; Nelson Runyon for plaintiff and Wm. K. McClure, for defendant.

Augusta C. Lisnignolo vs. G. Warren Watson, on contract; Babbett & Lawrence, for plaintiff and Craig A. Marsh, for defendant.

John Williams vs. Francis X. Schoonmaker on contract; E. S. Atwater, for plaintiff, and Wm. K. McClure, for defendant.

CIRCUIT COURT CAUSES.

Monroe B. Long vs. Walter L. Heifield, ex't. etc., upon contract; Jackson & Codington for plaintiff and Nelson Runyon for defendant.

JURY APPEAL LIST.

Walter G. Runyon, appellee. Justice V. W. Nash.

Samuel Smalley, appellant, vs. Elias A. Hunt, appellee. Justice Chas. E. Lambert.

Cornelia Pickle, applicant, vs. Henry Smith appellee. Justice J. Oakley Nodyne.

Wilson Fiske, applicant, vs. Thomas O. Bullock, et al., partners, etc., appellee. Justice J. Oakly Nodyne.

After the list of causes had been called yesterday Judge VanSyckel referred briefly to the Court expenses, particularly in regard to constables, saying that more economy must be practiced. He contented his remarks by appointing only one constable in addition to the ten already called by the Sheriff, and directing that as soon as the business of the Court reached a condition to do without their services all constables should be discharged.

Prizes for Essays and the Rules Governing Them.

At the commencement exercises the following subjects of prize essays will be read by the successful scholars:

1. The teachings of our school flag.
2. A dream in a library.
3. Library associations of the Hudson.
4. A story from the Old Testament.
5. The uselessness of the plea.
6. A day in Cæsar's army.
7. Before books were made.
8. Historic friendships.
9. Nanookchuru, Hindoo.
10. Trees in poetry.
11. Apple blossoms.
12. Mosaics.
13. Kepler.

Conditions of the competition for prize in English composition:

First—Books of reference may be consulted for facts.

Second—Full credit must be given for any quotation.

Third—No assistance in material or correction is expected as the composition is to be the pupil's unaided work.

"An Evening With Orientals."

The programmes of the entertainment to be given at the Congregational church this evening by the ladies of the W. F. M. S. will be as follows:

Serenade—Organ, Piano, Violin.....Gaunod
Mrs. Barnes, Mr. Patton and Mr. Stubbs.
Mohammedanism (An Address—Miss Mabel Islamboolly, of Damascus, Syria.
The Crescent and the Cross (Reading)—Aldrich
Miss Phebe Whiting.
A Japanese Story.....Mr. K. Kumagai
Bedouin Love Song.....(Bass Solo).....Pinsuti
Mr. B. T. Barnes.
Something About India—(An Address)—Mrs. Geor. Kumamar of Bombay.
A Buddhist Homily—(Reading)—
Mr. Lincoln Goodrich
A Chinese Song.....Mr. Sam ong of China
A Typical Chinese Story—(Reading)—
Yan Phon Lee
Rev. C. L. Goodrich.
Arabia—Song: Adieux de l'Hotteaux Arabi—
Georges Bizet
Miss Julia Jermain Ketcham.

Referred to the New Board.

The Middlesex County Board of Freeholders held a meeting at New Brunswick yesterday at which plans were presented for an addition to the County Court House and for an addition to the jail. The former will cost $3,000, and will include a consultation room for the judges, a library and reception room for the lawyers and a waiting room for lawyers. The addition to the jail will consist of apartments for juvenile offenders and witnesses and will cost about $5,700. The Board by a unanimous vote recommended both improvements to the Board, which will organize next week.

—A man who was under the influence of liquor stationed "himself at the corner of Front and Somerset streets yesterday afternoon and insulted any persons who happened along. He should have been arrested.

—Recent changes in trains now give this place an additional way mail from New York at 5:40 a. m., and also to New York at 2 p. m. The latter closes at the post-office at 1:40 p. m. and leaves letter facilities for correspondence between Bound Brook, Plainfield and other places along the line.—Somerville Gazette.

—When the average man or woman comes to be fitted with their first pair of glasses some curious discoveries are made. One out of ten have unequal sight in one eye than the other. In two cases out of five one eye is out of line. Nearly one-half the people are color-blind to some extent, and only one pair of eyes out of every fifteen are sound in every respect.

—The "Paris Exhibition" will be the subject the lecture to be delivered by the Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell at Reform Hall, Tuesday evening, May 13th, at eight o'clock. The lecture, which will be illustrated with sixty choice slides selected by the lecturer, will be given under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. The proceeds of the lecture will be devoted to the Y. M. C. A. Building Fund.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. E. J. Waring is this afternoon entertaining the King's Daughters at her home in Washington Park.

A. R. Wolcome and wife, from Plainfield, have been visiting Mrs. Cramer, on High street.—Somerset Democrat.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hyde of East Front street are arranging for a garden party on their beautiful lawn on the 17th inst.

Miss Nettie Allison of Somerset street North Plainfield, accompanied by her aunt and uncle from Maryland, will start on the 17th, inst., for a three months tour in Europe.

Handsome Miss Ella McGee, the only daughter of Mr. Elmore D. Moffett, President of Common Council, is to be married on June 5th, to Mr. William Tams, of Trenton, where she will permanently reside.

The New York World offered some time ago a trip to Europe to the most popular school teacher in New Jersey. Among the nominees offered by admirers for competition is that of Miss Ida M. Wilson of North Plainfield.

In the list of guests published in the Somerset Messenger as present at the wedding of *George Y. Wyckoff of Elizabeth* and Miss Clara, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gulick of Somerville, is that of Mrs. B. Gamberton of Plainfield.

Miss Millie Ferguson who for the past year has been the guest of her uncle the genial hard ware merchant Mr. J. C. Pierson Jr., of West Front street, starts Saturday for Asbury Park, N. J. where she will hereafter reside.

The annual convention of the Episcopal diocese of New Jersey met in Burlington Tuesday and closed its session yesterday. The Rev. E. M. Rodman, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy and the Rev. Dr. J. P. Taylor of this city attended the session.

Plainfields magnificent roads and scenery, and the splendid country road lately finished, makes horse-back riding a very pleasurable enjoyment. That enterprising livery-man Mr. Higgins is keeping up with the times and has a fine lot of rising stock for hire.

Westfield people are planning to build a large and handsome brick club-house, with library, bowling alley, tennis-lawn, billiard-room and ball grounds. Capt. Cogar, N. B Gardner, W. G. Demeter, F. Lent and Postmaster Whittaker have charge of the preliminary arrangements.

Mr. John Cooper and Miss Clara, daughter of Mr. John Brown, were married at the residence of the bride's parents in Mt. Bethel *yesterday afternoon by the Rev. Mr. Gibbs* of Millington. A reception will be tendered the happy couple next Saturday evening. A number of Plainfielders have been invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Reed, nee Miss Minnie M. Bird, daughter of Mr. Morgan F. Bird of this city, arrived in Paris, France, at half-past twelve to-day from a three years trip to Europe. They returned on the steamship Massdan and report several days of the voyage very stormy. Mrs. Bird has many friends here who will be glad to learn of her return. They will remain in Plainfield all Summer.

Messrs. Will and George Craig of Pearl street start within a short time for their ranch in Texas to spend the Summer. They both return, after a time spent there, so rugged and healthy looking that they have been the envy of their friends. This year they will have Plainfield guests for awhile. Messrs. David French, Alfred Obits and J. Steiner will start after the Mexico. Craig, and speed a few weeks as "cowboys" with them on their ranch in the "wild and wolly West.

HAS A HARD ROW TO HOE.

Stryker Hardly Able to Afford the Luxury of Two Wives.

Vice-Chancellor Green gave a hearing in Newark Tuesday on the application of Matilda G. Tingley, of Plainfield, who is receiving $4 a week alimony from her husband, and who thinks she ought to have more. William Stryker is the husband's name. He was represented by Leonard Kalisch, who opposed any increase and gave a long history of Stryker's matrimonial complications.

"Stryzer," he said "was married to Matilda in 1881. Little more than a year afterward he returned home from work one day and found that his wife had cleaned out the house and skipped. In 1886 Stryker sought the legal aid of a justice of the peace and the learned jurist informed him that he was at perfect liberty to marry again. That advice agreed with Stryker's own ideas and he promptly acted upon it. His second wife has three children now and he says that he cannot support them and pay alimony out of $14 a week."

Mrs. Stryker began divorce proceedings in 1888, the year of her husband's second marriage. She claims that she was driven from home by her husband's cruelty and that the furniture she took belonged to her parents. She also alleges that Stryker has not paid her more than $34 alimony and she is now destitute. Vice-Chancellor Green took the papers for further consideration.

Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the post office at Plainfield *for the week ending May 7, 1890.*

Adams, E J
Brown, Miss Amanda
Curtis, Mrs
Chandler, Mr
Dean, Mrs
Duerbeck, Mrs F
Duffy, Peter
Gordon, Mrs D B
Hook, Mrs Annie
Hall, Miss Mary
Hutchinson, Edwards
Hughson, Miss E
Jackson, T (3)
Jennings, Martin
Johnson, Mrs Emma
Johnson, Miss Kate A
McGrath, Mrs Mary
Miller, J A
Miller, Mrs
Pond, Mrs Harriet
Parker, Mrs J E
Robinson, Mrs C
Sloane, Miss Alice M
Schmid, Martin
Trouly, Geo
Ward, C J
Wright, Miss Sarah
Whitehead, E M

Persons calling for any of the above letters please say advertised.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

—Mr. Jacob Heiliof of this city recently sold the hotel at Mt. Bethel to a Frenchman from New York who will take possession next week. The consideration is said to have been $5,000.

THE BISHOP'S APPOINTMENTS.

Conclusion of the Conference of the A. M. E. Church.

Bishop H. M. Turner yesterday announced the following appointments at the conclusion of the conference of the African Methodist church in New Jersey, which has been in session for a week past in New Brunswick:

Newark District—Rev. J. H. Morgan, Presiding Elder; Morristown, G. A. Witten; Washington Circuit, Charles Fisher; Madison, J. W. L. Roundtree; Englewood, J. H. L. Watkins; Newark, G. T. Rez; Elizabeth, C. C. Green; Rahway and Metuchen, J. W. Rose; Jersey City, H. H. Pinkney; Asbury Park, J. P. Sampson; Fair Haven, C. H. Green; Navesink, R. H. Coleman; Bound Brook, W. H. Shields; Long Branch, P. F. Matthews; Orange, J. H. Pierce; Easton, F. P. Smith; New Brunswick, A. H. Newton; Paterson, W. W. Robinson; Flemington, W. G. McKinney; Somerville, Plainfield, Belvidere, Middleton and Summit to be supplied.

The Annual May Walk.

On Sunday next the annual May walk of the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society will occur. The German and their friends will leave Blate's Hotel on Somerset street, at five o'clock a. m., and will proceed to Krauss's farm, which is situated on the top of the mountains, where they will witness the rising of the sun. Games and other sports will then be indulged in until sunset. In the meantime refreshments will be served in abundance.

This Date in History—May 8.

1505—Birth of Dante; died 1325; "the poet of the religion of the Middle Ages; the Christian Homer."
1657—Oliver Cromwell declines the title of king.
1695—Alain René Le Sage born; died 1747, aged 79; author of "Gil Blas" and many plays.
1814—Henry Clay's last speech in the senate.
1845—Battle of Palo Alto, Mexico; Mexicans defeated with loss of 400; Americans, 59.
1861—Secession of Tennessee from the Union.
1864—Beginning of series of battles at Spottsylvania Court House, Va., continued until the 18th. Union loss, 18,554; Confederate loss, 8,000.
1873—Death of John Stuart Mill, English social and political economist; born 1806.
1879—Chinese excluded from citizenship in San Francisco.
1886—S. S. City of Paris makes unequaled time between New York and Queenstown.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A GOOD horse for sale cheap. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 5-4

BUGGIES, farm wagons, road carts and bi sarings, at half price for cash. John P. Wolf, 15 Grasselli place, North Plainfield.

COME and see fresh arrival of horses next Saturday, at Foster's stables, corner Grant avenue and Fourth street. 7-4

CLEMATIS vines, extra strong and large flowers. Greenhouse plants at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 7-4

FOR SALE—A fine Kentucky saddle horse. Kind and gentle. Eight years old. Fit for a lady or gentleman to ride or drive. Apply on Grove "T. C."30 Richmond street, Plainfield, N. J. 8 3

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Mountain avenue and Somerset street, North Plainfield. Inquire on premises. For particulars call or address Mrs. Obits, No. 247 Somerset street. 5-8tf

FOR SALE—Cheap. Buggy-top, spring paneton, in good order, by first-class maker. Pole and shafts. Also two-wheel road cart, and cheap. Can be seen at stable for a lady to drive. One fresh kidderney registered cow. A. W. Haviland, 26 Rockview avenue.

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, double shifting seated buckboard with pole and shaft, and a nearly colored harness all in splendid condition. Inquire of coachman at stable, 59 W. Seventh st. 5-6tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson. 2-tf

FOR SALE—Fine side bar surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. F. Dugas, 30 Rockview avenue. 5-1tf

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-4-f

ONE store to let. Also six room flat. Chas. H. Leak, 9 West Second street. 5-4tf

PROTESTANT girl wants a situation. Apply at 13 Somerset place.

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahma's, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 112 Rockview avenue.

TO LET—Furnished house; good order; pleasant grounds, with stable. Address "House," care of EVENING NEWS. T&S

TWO LOADS of good manure for sale cheap, at No. 11 Mountain avenue. 6tf

TO LET—A large loft at No. 81 Somerset street. Also a barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Heyniger. 5-1tf

WANTED—Two experienced painters. Call at once. G. W. Parlee, Bound Brook, N. J. 7-3

MUSIC HALL NOTICE.

The annual election of directors of the Music Hall Association of Plainfield will be held in Music Hall parlors on Monday, May 12, 1890. Polls open from 7.45 a. m. to 8.45 p. m. The annual meeting of stockholders will be held on the same date at the same place at 8 o'clock p. m.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Sec.
Plainfield, N. J. April 30, 1890.

H. N. SPENCER.
Grocer and tradesman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Good potatoes, cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,
50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. B. CRANE'S,
Hatter and trunker, 13 Park Avenue

READY FOR BUSINESS
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.
THEY LOOK FINE.
And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S
NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.
Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.
GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8
Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, and wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 *Let.* Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen, 4 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.
PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 18 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 136.

WE WILL HOLD
The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.
ROGERS BROS.,
Successors to D. F. Randolph.
19 WEST FRONT STREET.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.
Wednesday, May 14,
Engagement of the
PRETTY, PIQUANT,
POPULAR, BONNIE KATE CASTLETON.
Supported by her own excellent company of comedians presenting the latest laughable success
A PAPER DOLL
A funny play made funnier by a funny company.
Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday.

"AN EVENING WITH ORIENTALS,"
at the
CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
Thursday, May 8,
At eight o'clock.
CHINA, JAPAN, INDIA AND SYRIA
Will be represented
NATIVES IN COSTUME.
Music, Song, Addresses, Reading, Foreign Curiosities, Refreshments, etc. Tickets 25 cents; children 15 cents.

YOU WILL FIND OUR GOODS VERY PROFITABLE.
THE LARGEST STOCK
THE LARGEST SALES
THE LARGEST VARIETY.
WE ARE THE LEADERS IN OUR LINE.
UNITED TEA AND
COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION
Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
239 W. FRONT STREET.

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS.
Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process" will close in a few days.
Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

Dorsey W. Hyde,
Announces that he has engaged
Wm. H. Sherwood,
The distinguished pianist and director of pianoforte music at the Auditorium Chicago, to give one of his highly interesting and entertaining MUSICAL LECTURE RECITALS at SEMINARY HALL on
TUESDAY EVE., MAY 13th
at 8 o'clock. Tickets at $1, can be procured at Moy's, Miller's, Reynolds, Randolph's and Shaw's drug stores.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT
By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see this great clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 6, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the great clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of a Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to be had. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 7-1w

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.
Notice is hereby given that Joseph Odgen, a city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and State of New Jersey, hath this day made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the benefit of his creditors, and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims, under oath or affirmation, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 24 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey.
Dated this 2nd day of April A. D., Eighteen hundred and ninety.
22-Snow WM. A. CODDINGTON, Assignee.

THE UNITED STATES AMERICA INSURANCE Company of Newark, has opened an office at No. 29 West Front street, and are now meeting with great success by its liberal inducements over rival companies.
J. S. JONES,
Asst. Superintendent.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
First Session's season, 17 east Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Class for beginners Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms, etc., send for a catalogue. Address 29 West Park street, Newark, N. J 5-1w

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.
Thursday, May 8th,
Return of the FAVORITE
MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN,
As PARTHENIA,
In the Romantic classical 5-act drama
"INGOMAR"
Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday at the usual places.

Amphion Hall
TO-NIGHT
And Every evening this week.
Grand Opening.
With new Scenery and Decorations by Seavey of New York. The famous
Australian
FOLLY TROUPE
Including the SISTERS COULSON.
JOHN AND NELLIE HEALEY,
GEYER & LORD,
THE GREAT CROWLEY,
PROF. BURKES CANINE CIRCUS,
BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN
MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS.
VEVE NOBREGA, ETC., ETC.,
Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Banjo Solos, Negro Specialties, etc., by the TRAINED STAGE of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE
at the people's prices 10 cents. Best Reserved seat 20 cents. Doors open at 7:30. Performance at 8 o'clock. Tickets on sale at the door. Admission 10 cents, reserved seats 20 cents. Matinee Saturday at 2 o'clock. Admission 10 cents. Children 5 cents.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, PAID IN ADVANCE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCAL BOX 11. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Unrivaled Financiering.

If the New York bank wreckers want to learn a thing or two about successful financiering let them take a trip to the modest agricultural state of Kansas. Here be Napoleons of finance compared to whom the Fresos and Simmonses of New York are nowhere.

At Ulysses, Kan., the honest farmer and others of a frugal mind endeavor to eke out a subsistence by obtaining the bounty of six cents each on the cheekskuts which the county generously pays for wolf scalps. Cash being short in the county treasury, and the list of wolf scalps being long, the county issued scrip to pay for them.

Then it was that the county clerk and commissioners and four other gentlemen formed a trust, a colossal monopoly in wolf scalps. Wolves were caught by the syndicate, caught in hundreds and finally thousands and hundreds of thousands, till finally it seemed as if every wolf in Kansas and the states adjoining galloped to Ulysses for the special privilege of being caught by the great syndicate of Mitchell county. The wolf business boomed and became the most flourishing industry of the region.

Strangely, however, scarcely anybody sought the pestiferous animals outside of the trust. That was curious. Still the scrip was issued, however, till it amounted to $16,000 on the wolf scalp industry. Odd, very odd, that so many wolves as that should be caught in one county, when it had not been a period of remarkably good wolf years either. Other citizens, who had had luck in the wolf business, began to scent something. They laid their heads together and in midnight watches ferreted out a scheme both the boldness and simplicity of which must command the admiration of railroad and bank financiers throughout the Union. A brought the bag of wolf scalps to the county clerk and commissioners and obtained his bounty. The commissioners took the bag and left it in some convenient place. Then [illegible] went it, and after a decent period had elapsed brought the same old sack to the county commissioners. They paid the bounty as before, and as before left the bag in a convenient place. Then C stole it, and in due course that same salted down old sack was again presented and again paid for. Then the county official[illegible] a divi[illegible]

Rum and Tea.

More prosperity more drunkenness appears to be the rule in Great Britain. So the whole, 1889 was a good year for the United Kingdom. The revenues from intoxicating liquors exceeded the amount expected to be realized by $9,000,000. The sum total amounted to $29,000,000.

The largest increase in the kind of liquor drunk was in rum, and it was in the seaports that this increase manifested itself. It does not look encouraging to either temperance or sound nerves, this large addition to the revenues from tea and rum. The consumption of rum was 12 per cent. greater than it had been in 1888.

The horse sales in various parts of the country are becoming an important feature in our economic history. There were never so many blooded horses of all kinds, draft, trotting and running, bred as there are now, or ever before were such high prices paid for them. The horse breeding industry is very promising. The principal sales are made in Kentucky and New York, with a good number in Tennessee. The animals offered at the great sales are chiefly yearlings and 2-year-olds. Kentucky breeds upon her own soil most of the horses she disposes of. California is running Kentucky a close race in the production of fast horses, with the chances in favor of the Pacific state. Illinois is the great breeder of the magnificent draft Clydes and Percherons. The western and northwestern horses are largely shipped to New York city and thousand of at public sale there.

The new rifle with which Germany has armed her soldiers is the most formidable small gun yet invented. It is light in weight and small of caliber, being a little less than 32; but this amazing rifle will throw a ball nearly two and a half miles. The small, deadly ball will penetrate trees, brick walls and sandbag defenses. It will penetrate even earthworks less than two and a half feet thick. A smokeless powder is to be used with the rifle. With such weapons in the hands of the common soldier, Europe will be forced to disarmament in self defense.

The most approved incandescent electric lamp now has the carbon filaments made of raw silk threads prepared by a new process.

"Perhaps I am a successful man," says Mr. George Washington Childs, "and if so I owe my success to industry, temperance and frugality. I suppose I had always a rather remarkable aptitude for business."

The prediction is that if, as is reasonably certain, the law is passed for the increased coinage of silver, prices will go up with a boom. It will be a silver inflation. If that is true, now is a good time to go in debt for real estate. Prices have touched bottom. In the case of farm lands they have gone down into the sub basement. Go in debt when a dollar will buy a large amount and the dollars are hard to get. Pay when the dollars are plenty and prices are tending upward.

Now is the time of year to provide public bathing houses. Every city, every town and village ought to have accommodations of this sort. The drowning season will soon begin, when hundreds of persons will lose their lives because they never learned to swim. There is not a village in the land too poor to have bathing houses or a swimming tank of some kind, free to the poor, with a proper fee to be paid by those who can afford it. Respectable citizens could speedily make the idea popular, and the free bath house would improve both the general health and morals.

England's Surplus.

Great Britain has had, for her, an extraordinary experience. The old country finds she is actually having surplus revenues and paying her national debt.

At the close of 1889 Mr. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer, found himself in possession of $16,000,000 to apply on the national debt, even after the queen's numerous descendants had been provided for and a prince and princess or two married besides. The postal receipts were half a million dollars greater than the estimates. The telegraphs, too, are run by the government in England, usually at a loss. But last year the authorities were uncommonly surprised to find that they brought in over $4,000,000 more than was expected of them. In announcing this to the house of commons Mr. Goschen said he was glad to say that the government did not had been reduced by loans and bounds during the last three years. In 1889 it had been cut down by over $41,000,000. In three years it has been reduced by $116,600,000. This is the largest amount ever paid by England in the same length of time in the reduction of her debt. It is something to which the present Tory government may point with pride.

But the reduction would be a [illegible] for this country. From July 1, 1865, to July 1, 1866, our national debt was lessened $130,293,308, more in one year than the reduction for three years with which the British are so well pleased. That, too, was at a time when our nation did not begin to be so wealthy as it is now. It was before such gigantic pension raids began to be made on the treasury, however.

There have been a number of years in which the United States has diminished its debt by one hundred millions. From 1865 to 1893 the debt was reduced partly by payments, partly by increase of population, from $4.29 per head to 63 cents per head.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

On Decoration day in 1887 little Annie Ulrich, of Freeland, with other children, went out to see the parade, since which time nothing has been heard of her. On May 6 her brother, Wm. Ulrich, of clothing was found among the reeds at Upper Lehigh.

The losses caused by the burning of the Singer Sewing Machine works at Elizabethport, N. J., will aggregate $2,000,000. There was no insurance. The works will be rebuilt. Over 3,000 men are out of employment.

John H. Inman, of New York, has bought the entire new issue of 3½ per cent. Georgia state bonds, the amount paid therefor being $19,000,000.

The Hon. C. F. Clarkson, father of Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson and R. P. Clarkson, of The Sun, register, died May 7 at Des Moines, Ia. He was 80 years of age.

The reichstag has unanimously re-elected Herr von Levetzow president of that body.

Dr. John H. Douglass, of Gen. Grant's physicians in his last illness, is a poverty patient in the Presbyterian hospital, New York.

At Trenton Assemblyman Voorhees introduced another bill to prevent winter horse racing.

Governor Toole, of Montana, and Miss Tilly Rosecrans, daughter of Gen. Rosecrans, were married at Washington May 7.

The miners' strike in the northern Illinois district bids fair to be settled soon. President Rae, of the National Miners' union, says that the strike has already been practically settled and that the strikers, who number 12,000, will return to work by Monday morning.

Trouble Brewing for Lady Cook.

New York, May 8.—It is said that an old indictment for manslaughter at Ottawa, Ill., is to be brought up against Lady Francis Cook, of Lord Cromer's Tennis C. Claflin. She is charged with having caused the death of Rebecca Howe by placing deleterious drugs upon a tumor. The alleged offense occurred six years, but grave as it was no attempt has ever been made in all that time to call the accused to account. Lady Cook says the whole affair is a blackmailing scheme.

Mr. Croker Is Not Dying.

New York, May 8.—The Herald says that the rumor that Richard Croker is dying at Wiesbaden is true, none of his friends are aware of the alleged fact and all of Croker's friends discredit the story.

TARIFF BILL ELOQUENCE

Messrs. McKinley and Mills Cross Party Swords.

THE TWO GIANTS OPEN DEBATE.

Party Maxims "The Greatest Good to the Greatest Number; the Largest Opportunity for Human Endeavor"—"To Check Importation Is to Check Exportation."

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Debate on the tariff bill was opened by Maj. McKinley Wednesday. Mr. McKinley said that in the last political campaign the tariff had been the absorbing question before the people, and to it more than to any extended discussion of this principle was expected or required, under existing conditions, for it any one thing was settled by the political contest of 1888, it was that the protection policy as pursued by the Republican party in its platform, as maintained by the Republican party through a long series of years, should be secured in any legislation which was to be had by a congress chosen in this great contest and on this mastering issue.

The bill reported to the house was a thorough answer to the demand of the people. The bill has not abolished the internal revenue tax, because that abolition was not necessary to preserve the integrity of the system. If the committee recommends tions as to the internal revenue law should be agreed to internal taxation would be reduced little more than $10,000,000. The recommendations of the committee that imported articles bear a mark indicating the country in which they were manufactured was based on the practice of many countries which copied our best known brands and sold them in competition with the home made product.

The earnings of the schedule, he said, had not been changed because the present duties were, if anything, too small. The increase of duty on glassware was necessary because of the low rates imposed by foreign countries. The proposed increase in the duty on agricultural products would insure the American farmer all the home market can market. We could not compete with the low priced labor of other countries in the markets of the world, but the exclusion of foreign products would insure the distribution at home of the $25,000,000 which was paid for foreign products now. During the twelve years of Canadian reciprocity the United States had bought much more than it had sold. The United States wanted reciprocity with equality, reciprocity that would give her her share in the bargain she made. That was the compact of the world. But, he said, he would not discuss reciprocity. This was a domestic, not a foreign bill.

The Duty on Wool.

Speaking of the duty on wool—24 cents a pound on all wool costing under 12 cents and 5 cents on that costing over 12 cents a pound—he said the committee would offer [illegible] changing that to specific duties from 12 to 13 cents and would recommend a duty of 32 per cent. ad valorem on the lower grade and 50 per cent. on the higher. Having fixed the duty on wool, the committee had [illegible] the duty on manufactures of wool as an equivalent. The [illegible] feature of the metal schedule was the proposed increase in the duty on tin plate. For twenty-four years the price of tin plate had been fixed for American consumers by the foreign producer, and every dollar of the duty was paid by the consumer. The committee proposed to give American an opportunity to make enough tin plate for home consumption. Already the announcement of the intention to do so had crushed out the great foreign combine on tin plate, and it would stay crushed until the political complexion of the house should change and the duty be reduced.

The Free List Discussed.

Discussing the free list, Mr. McKinley said that the forty-eight articles made free by this bill paid into the treasury last year $71,363,000. The eighteen articles taken from the free list would increase the revenue $2,400,000. Speaking of the duty on carpet wools Mr. McKinley referred to the growth of the carpet industry in the United States. He said that the price of carpets had gone down while the ad valorem equivalent had gone up. The Democrats would only the high ad valorem and shut their eyes to the diminished price. The Democrats pursued the shadow; the Republicans caught the substance.

Foreign Versus Home Markets.

Mr. McKinley said that under this bill the foreign markets were as accessible as they were before for our trade. But he wanted to know if the foreign consumer was any better consumer than the American consumer. The bill had been abused because it was an American bill made for American interests. Why should we pass over the best market of the world, our own market? Yet with all the crushing out reports had increased 35 per cent. more than the exports from free trade Great Britain.

In 1860, after fourteen years of revenue tariff, the country was in a state of depression. Today, after twenty-nine years of continuous protection, we found ourselves in greater prosperity than at any other time. Could any party furnish such evidences of prosperity? Yet men were found to talk about the restraints we put upon trade. The greatest good to the greatest number—that was the true country for human endeavor were the maxims upon which our protective system rested.

Mr. Mills Is Reply.

Mr. McKinley was warmly congratulated by all the Republicans present, while cries of "vote" were heard all over the western side of the hall. Mr. Mills (Tex.) followed. He declared that this was the first bill that had come before the American people with its mask torn off, like a highwayman, demanding their purses. To check importation was to check exportation.

Pig iron was the base of all our iron and steel manufactures. In 1871 prices were reduced during a period of depression and the imports of pig iron were increasing. From 2,500,000 tons in 1870 the imports of pig iron rose to 7,000,000 tons. In 1873, if the protection doctrine was true, there ought to [illegible] imported display a ton of American [illegible] the figures showed that our domestic product [illegible] 2,500,000 tons in 1870 to 11,000,000 tons in 1872. That showed conclusively that the Democratic position was right—that increased [illegible] increased the price of labor. There was another article—hides.

The Robbing of Hides.

[illegible] other article ever [illegible] Sometimes you saw them, sometimes you did not. Why did not the [illegible] pass a duty on hides as high as the duty on tin plate? Why did not the committee [illegible] had treated wool, goods and cotton goods and iron goods? Coffee had been placed on the free list eighteen years ago by a Republican congress. Why not put a prohibitory duty on coffee and naturalize it in this country? What did the bill do to aid agriculture? It put sugar on the free list.

Republicans and the Farmer.

Two years ago when the Democrats stood on the floor and declared that the country was on the edge of a dark shadow, the Republicans had ridiculed this, and had said that the farm mortgages were only a [illegible] evidence of the prosperity of wealth. (Laughter.) The Republicans must do something more than this in order to fool the farmers. Why did not the committee put a prohibitory duty on raw silk, instead of dodging the question and providing for a bounty? Why did it not put a prohibitory duty on tea and develop the resources in Hawaii of this country? (Laughter.) The committee had found out that the wheat production was in danger and had increased the duty to 25 cents. The United States exported 90,000 bushels of wheat a year, and last year it imported the startling amount of 1,946 bushels. (Laughter.) Corn was to be protected. The United States last year exported 69,000,000 bushels of corn and imported 2,388 bushels.

"A Cabbage Head Bill."

The committee proposed to deliver the rye farmer from all peril. How much rye did the United States import? Sixteen bushels. (Laughter.) They had placed a duty on cabbage, and that was to be the panacea for all ills. The farmer could stand in his cabbage patch and defy the world. (Laughter.) This was a cabbage head bill. The Republicans claimed that the home market was the best. The Democratic claim was that the home and the foreign market were greater than the home market. The industries of the country had developed until they produced it per cent. more than could be consumed in this country. The surplus was constantly increasing, and the question was what congress was going to do about it. The Democratic way was to let down the barriers and let the surplus go out to the people who wanted it.

Opposed to Subsidies.

In this extraordinary bill a new policy was inaugurated by which the American people were taxed in order that somebody might go into a foreign market and sell cheap goods to foreigners. The Democratic party was opposed to subsidies. He wanted to see the Stars and Stripes float on every sea. He wanted to see American vessels in every port, but he wanted to see those vessels go into foreign ports as free ships representing free American institutions. He did not want to hire anybody to display the flag of the United States anywhere in the world. The Republicans might pass their bill, but it had a Hell Gate to go through after it left the house and senate.

He did not expect to hinder the Republicans from passing this bill, but he wanted them to take their responsibility before the country. He would not discuss reciprocity. This was a domestic, not a foreign bill.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF J. NEWTON JENKINS, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARY JENKINS, Executrix.
April 5th, 1890. 4-12 9t[illegible]

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GUION STOLE THE BONDS

He Took $30,000 Worth from a Deposit Vault.

THE DEFALCATION CONFESSED.

He Needed Money and Could Get It in No Other Way—A Canadian Assurance Company Is the Loser—How the Theft Was Discovered.

NEW YORK, May 8.—It is stated on authority of W. A. Booth, president of the Third National bank, that William H. Guion, the well known shipping man, who for many years and until his failure several years ago was the head of the firm of Williams & Guion, is a thief and a defaulter. Mr. Guion is openly charged with stealing $30,000 worth of bonds belonging to the British-American Assurance Company of Toronto, Canada. The bonds stolen were part of securities amounting to about $150,000, of which Mr. Guion and President Booth were co-trustees. The securities were deposited with the trustees in accordance with a law which requires foreign insurance companies doing business in this state to deposit a certain amount of their assets here for the protection of local customers. President Booth and Mr. Guion were appointed trustees ten years ago.

How the Bonds were Taken.

The securities were placed in a box in the Mercantile Deposit company. Each of the two trustees was given a key, and no one else had access to the box. Securities were supposed to be counted semi-annually by both trustees. Neither trustee was supposed to open the box save in the presence of the other. At regular intervals the two trustees counted the bonds and cut off the coupons which were due. President Booth would count one-half and Mr. Guion the other, the latter always taking care to count the bundle from which he had abstracted the bonds.

The Theft Discovered.

In this way, although Mr. Guion had been taking the bonds for a few at a time, for nearly two years, he prevented discovery until last March. At that time President Booth was ill and unable to visit the vault with Mr. Guion. In his stead he sent J. P. Sweasy, now assistant cashier of the Third National.

Mr. Sweasy insisted on counting all of the bonds himself, and thus discovered the theft. He at once reported the facts to President Booth, who telegraphed the insurance company, and next day the governor of the company, Joseph Morrison, came on to investigate. President Booth acknowledged that the facts, as above stated, were correct, and then told how Mr. Guion admitted his guilt.

Guion Was Amazed.

When Mr. Morrison reached this city he called on Mr. Guion, who expressed the utmost astonishment at the defalcation, and declared that he could not account for it. Both gentlemen then called on President Booth, and at last Mr. Guion was accused of having stolen the bonds. He immediately became indignant, and strenuously denied it.

The Theft Confessed.

President Booth then saw Mr. Guion alone, and, after an hour's hard work, he finally induced Mr. Guion to confess the robbery. Mr. Guion said that he was absolutely necessary for him to raise a certain sum of money. He tried to get accommodation at his bank, but was unable to do so. His necessity became so urgent that he abstracted thirty bonds of $1,000 each and hypothecated them for $25,000 at the National Bank of Commerce. He also said that while he was unable to make good the amount he had received on the bonds, he thought he might do so if given a year's time. Mr. Booth said that while he and Mr. Guion were trustees, he could not be held liable for the shortage, as the deed of trust expressly stipulated that one trustee should not be held liable for the malfeasance of the other.

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Call and see them.
Fat Creamy Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese (Fresh every day.)
Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fruits, Preserves, Pickles, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.
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California Plums	25	2.50
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Kline's Extracts.

THE ASYLUM HOLOCAUST

The Number of Dead Will Never Be Known.

NEARLY 150 SAID TO HAVE DIED.

The Number of Insane Persons in the Building Was 400 More Than First Reported—The Nurse are Very Reticent. Sad Scenes at the Ruins.

MONTREAL, May 8.—As the full details of the Longue Pointe asylum fire become known the horror is intensified, and the person is derided who asserts that the number of the dead does not exceed sixty. It is known by the last report to the Quebec government that there were 1,700 inmates instead of 1,300. This much is certain, no one will ever know the number of victims.

From the best information it seems likely that there are 150 dead. The coroner, with the Hon. Premier Mercier, Judge Dugas, Senator Trudel and others, arrived on the ground, on a fire engine, arrived at the scene last evening, and enough material can be found an inquest will be held. The firemen have left the ground and the heat is dying out in the ruins.

Weeping Relatives at the Ruins.

It is now known that many of the wards were blocked and that in cases where the firemen did not break in the doors whole handfuls of persons perished miserably. The sight at the ruins was pitiful on Tuesday. If was bad enough, but Wednesday there was a sadder spectacle in the weeping relatives seeking in vain for some tiding of some member of their family. Fire Commissioner Perry characterizes the building as a death trapand a disgrace, and according to the law of chances the disaster must have come sooner or later. Many of the firemen are suffering from exposure and injuries. At present the patients are confined in convents, out houses and in the exhibition buildings of the neighborhood.

John O'Rourke's Heroism.

After the fire the most dangerous cases were confined in a space between two hayracks in a barn, and it made one shudder to force was the expression on the countenances of these lunatics. It was remarkable to see the coolness with which the good priest soothed the raving, cheered the despondent and ministered to the wants of the sick. At the laundry were 100 patients, mostly quiet persons, whose aid had been taken advantage of in putting things in order. They were in charge of John O'Rourke, whose heroism saved twelve lunatics from the flames when all hope had been abandoned of being able to save them. O'Rourke, his brother James and William Higgins climbed the verandas on the outside of the asylum and cut through a floor and passed the twelve women, one by one, to his brother, who in turn passed them to Higgins, and thus they were safely lowered to the ground.

One of the attendants says that seven lay sons who did work about the institution perished in the flames.

Sister Therese, the superioress of the asylum, has expressed firm determination of at once rebuilding the institution on the most approved scientific plans, both as regards treatment of patients and with a view to preventing the least possibility of a recurrence of Tuesday's horror. Dr. Duquete stated that he was strongly opposed to placing lunatics under the care of sisters, and that he would ask the government to place the curable and violent lunatics in a small institution where they could have skillful treatment from a class of specialists.

The harmless insane could, he said, be placed to greater advantage under the care of sisters. The loss financially is placed as high as $1,500,000, with an insurance of $900,000.

Reticence of the Nuns.

The startling feature of today's report is that a large number of nuns have perished, all of whom were thought to have escaped; but it is absolutely impossible to add any names to the list of the dead. It will be weeks before the nuns will vouchsafe any information, and when they do, it will probably be of the most meager kind.

The Dead and Missing.

The following is the most complete list obtainable of those who are known to have perished in the flames:

Archambault, Delphine, patient.
Beauchamp, Victoria, patient.
Bouthillier, Sister.
Demers, Christine, patient.
Gauthier, Miss, patient.
Gravel, Maria, nun.
Gilbert, Sister.
Hunt, Mrs., patient.
Kelly, Mrs., patient.
Lachance, Camille, patient.
Lachance, Marie, patient.
Letourney, Miss, patient.
Malnais, Miss patient.
MacNichols, Victoria, nun.
Marchant, Eunebe, patient.
Malone, Bridget, patient.
McGibbon, Minnie, patient, daughter of Alexander McGibbon, government inspector of Indian supplies.
Richard, Eliza, patient.
St. Louis, Elie, patient.
St. Denis, Marie, patient.
Therriault, Mrs., patient.
Williams, Mrs., patient.

Among the saving are Walter Robinson, of No. 34 Cadieux street; two brothers, Gauthier, both farmers from Saint Lin; J. B. Parent, of St. Scholare, and a young priest from western Canada, named Brosseau.

Scenes of Horror, Indeed.

Dr. Desnuete, who was almost asphyxiated in saving the poor people, says he will never forget the horrible scene presented in the female infirm ward. Sixty feet from the ground, in a huge furnace of flames, were helpless human creatures behind iron bars screaming in agony for help. In the rear was fire, fire on both sides and fire above, and enveloping all were huge clouds of black smoke spread as a mourning pall. "For the sake of heaven, save us!" "My God! my God!" were the heartrending cries which rent the air. One by one the poor creatures faded from view and fell into the furnace.

Nearly Strangled by a Maniac.

While on this fiat these poor wretches were thus passing to eternity, on the upper story room, Sister Gra.el was lying on her bed an invalid. Her own sister and Sister Demerise, Gilbert and Lumina Bourgeois had gone to her rescue and were asphyxiated. They were all four sweet little women, who had given up their lives to attend to the more unfortunate sister. An instance is reported of a violent female patient who was then rescued from the room which the flames had already invaded. The third time she caught the sister by the throat and nearly strangled her to death. The sister had to flee for her life and leave the woman to her fate.

The Boy Hanged Himself.

COSTOCOOK, N. H., May 8.—Eddie, the 12-year-old son of Frank Scribner, of Hillsboro, hanged himself Tuesday. The cause of the act was some slight punishment that had been inflicted upon him the day before.

FOUR FINANCIERS ARRESTED.

Officers of the Bank of America in Trouble Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—President Louis R. Pfeiffer, Cashier James I. Dungan, Assistant Cashier Joshua Pfeiffer and Pay Teller Theo. F. Hergesheimer, of the suspended Bank of America, were arrested yesterday afternoon on two warrants sworn out by Roger Maynes, a director and stockholder of the bank. In the first affidavit Mr. Maynes swears that he was a depositor of the bank. On April 29, the day before the announcement of the suspension, President Pfeiffer and Cashier Dungan received from him as a deposit the sum of $8,500, well knowing at the time that the bank was insolvent. The second warrant asks for the arrest of Assistant Cashier Pfeiffer and Teller Hergesheimer on the ground that they refused to honor his checks presented April 29 and 30. Mr. Maynes says he on those days had a sum in excess of $8,500 on deposit. A check drawn by him for $8,028 was presented on both days and was refused by the assistant cashier and teller with the statement that Mr. Maynes had no funds to his credit.

They all give bail and will have a hearing today. The assignee of the collapsed bank of America has made a statement to the stockholders showing total liabilities of $626,063, and assets amounting nominally to $783,746. Of the assets only $10,297 is in cash, $22,000 is in the Asphalt Block company's bonds and stock, and $20,000 in American Life insurance stock. The $376,699 paid in by the stockholders is not included in the liabilities. The stockholders have decided to make application for the appointment of an appraiser to ascertain the exact value of the bank's assets. The depositors hope to get at least 50 per cent of their money back.

HER HEAD CRUSHED.

A Young English Girl Killed in a Wreck at Allentown, Pa.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., May 8.—While the Lehigh Valley passenger train going east was pulling out from the new station at 6:42 Wednesday morning Central express train crashed into the Lehigh Valley train, derailing two cars and throwing them over on their sides. Miss Emma Hall, aged 25, of Ithaca, N. Y., was instantly killed. J. Hantler, of Wilkesbarre, suffered concussion of the brain and died this afternoon.

The injured are; Mary Barbari, an Italian of Wilkesbarre, N. H. Davis, of Jeanesville, Pa.; Charles Hiller, of Pittston; C. H. Puff, Spencer, N. Y.; W. M. Reynolds, chief of the middle division of pension bureau, Washington; John Schirey, of DeKatur, Ills. Three others were cut and bruised. John Crilly, fireman, had an arm hurt.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 8.—Emma Hall, of this city, who was killed in the wreck on the Lehigh Valley railroad at Allentown, Pa., was a young English woman who came to this country last September. She had become homesick and left this city en route for England.

Healy's Alleged Brutalities.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 8.—In the investigation at the state home, after some general testimony about the whipping of the children, Miss Emma J. Carr, a former teacher, gave evidence in regard to Harry Fhaire, who died and was buried without a prayer the same night. When the boy became ill the superintendent, Healy, said to her all that he needed was "a dose of cayenne pepper to get up his gumption." Healy told her not to whip any of the children when any one was around, but to take them to the cellar, see that the windows were closed, and, if they attempted to cry, choke them. Mrs. Elizabeth Chase, a philanthropist of Valley Falls, through whose instrumentality the home was established, testified, and blamed the board of education for the condition of things.

A Murderous Lover.

ASHFORD, Neb., May 8.—Charles Clark, a well to do young man, recently became infatuated with Miss May McIntyre, an heir to $20,000. She repulsed his advances he drew a revolver and shot her twice. He then blew his brains out. The young lady is not expected to live.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL '00

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$10 $10 $10

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NEVER! RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

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7 EAST FRONT ST.

LIFT YOUR EYES AND BEHOLD THE FIELDS ARE WHITENED TO HARVEST. OUR PRESCRIPTIONS ARE COMPOUNDED WITH THE MOST CAREFUL ATTENTION. WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS AND THE BEST PHARMACEUTICAL APPARATUS. THE HOPE PHARMACY COMPANY. Opp. Hope House. "Nous belongs."

SCRANTON'S BIG FIRE.

Over a Score of Buildings Burned—Loss $250,000.

SCRANTON, Pa., May 8.—Fire broke out in the works of the Bloom Carriage Manufacturing company, Eighth Street, at 6 o'clock last evening and spread rapidly to adjoining property and destroyed eighteen private dwellings, the pattern shop and other houses of Frank's foundry and the screen works of Brock & Ross.

For two hours the fire raged with great fury, being fanned by a strong wind. Most of the families in the burned dwellings were able to move their effects, thus lessening the loss. One block of twelve houses was entirely swept completely.

Every fire company in the city was summoned to the scene and at 10 o'clock the fire was under control. The loss will reach $250,000, nearly a part of which is covered by insurance.

Theodore Thomas Married.

CHICAGO, May 8.—About 100 of the elite of Chicago and other cities were present at the wedding last evening of Miss Rose Fay, granddaughter of the late Rt. Rev. John Henry Hopkins, first Episcopal bishop of Vermont, and sister of C. N. Fay, the Chicago capitalist, and Theodore Thomas, the world renowned composer and conductor. The ceremony took place in the chapel of the Church of the Ascension, which had been converted into a bower of white roses and lilies. Fathers Larrabee and Upjohn officiated. The music was furnished by Clarence Eddy, who performed five selections chosen by Mr. Thomas himself. After the ceremony there was a reception at the residence of the bride's brother. At an early hour the happy couple left for Cincinnati, where Mr. Thomas is to conduct the May musical festival.

Raided by Border Ruffians.

LAMY, N. M., May 8.—Lee White, the notorious border ruffian, and a confederate rode into town and for an hour terrorized and robbed every one with whom they came in contact. From railroad station employes they took seven watches and $45 in money, and at Sayles' store they secured plenty of ammunition and feed for their horses. After leaving the rail road station they rods away, firing their pistols as a warning to their victims not to follow them. White was arrested a month ago at El Paso and taken to Santa Fe for safe keeping. A few days ago he was released on a bond furnished by his aunt.

McHale Knocked Out.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 8.—Charles McCarthy, of New York, and Jimmy McHale, of Philadelphia, fought last night before the Erie County Athletic club for a purse of $500. Two ounce gloves were used. McCarthy won in the thirtieth round. McHale had the best of the fight all through, but was knocked out by a chance blow on the jaw.

Bridges Carried Away.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., May 8.—The covered bridge at Waterford and Lower Waterford, over the Connecticut river, were carried away Tuesday. The river is very high and full of logs, and log jams at the bridges diverted the current of the river toward the abutments which soon succumbed. The loss to the towns is serious.

BUGS! BUGS!

and insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

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BARGAIN HOUSE,

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 28c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 33c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest thing in town.

* * *

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed, and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

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An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

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We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

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NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best grades paper furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Assembly Will Investigate Angry.

MEDINA, N. Y., May 8—Last week two county Democratic papers published a communication signed by the Farmers' league deploring the fact that the single tax bill had failed to pass the legislature and stating that Assemblyman L'Hommedieu had dodged the issue, and that dodgers were paid $600. The article caused a sensation, and Mr. L'Hommedieu's friends began making it warm in certain quarters. The fact was that Mr. L'Hommedieu, who is one of the trustees of the Slater fund, was obliged to be at the meeting of the Niagara Presbytery at Niagara Falls on the day that the bill was passed. A full retraction has been made by the Farmers' league will be published today.

A Blind Jurist's Decease.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—Judge Edward F. Heard, who has held the office of superior court judge of San Mateo county since 1879, died at his residence in Redwood City, May 6, of pneumonia. Although totally blind, Judge Heard was recognized as one of the ablest jurists of the state. He was a native of Massachusetts and during his early life was a well known lawyer of Boston. He leaves a wife and four grown children, one daughter being the wife of a professor in Harvard college. He was 72 years of age.

A Forger Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—Garrett Alonzo Barnett, alias James Smith, was arrested here after he had passed several forged drafts purporting to be drawn by the Farmers' National Bank of Pawnee City, Neb. The drafts were given to several merchants from the Baldwin locomotive ordered goods. He had received in exchange for one of the drafts a check of a piano firm for $1,687, and was about getting this check cashed when arrested. The police say that Barnett is also wanted in Chicago.

They Fell Down the Elevator Well.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Andrew J. Murray, Jr., 21 years of age, and Patrick Fitzgerald, 20 years, employed as riggers, while at work putting in an elevator at No. 33 Jay street were precipitated down the fifth to the first floor by the slipping rope. Murray was instantly killed. Fitzgerald received severe injuries and was taken to the Chambers Street hospital.

Lancaster Jailed at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 8.—President Vought, of the Buffalo Press club, had an interview with Lancaster, the defaulting treasurer of the club, in Toronto, and persuaded him to return voluntarily to Buffalo. The party arrived in Buffalo last evening, and Lancaster was locked up to await trial.

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THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

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DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

Didn't Mean To.

"Let me never hear of your disobeying me again," said his father, as he laid the lash brush aside.

"I w-won't," sobbed Tommy, "if I can help it. I—I—didn't t-tell you t-this time."—Harper's Bazar.

His Favorite.

Miss Giddy—I have bought such a lovely tablet to hold my paper when I write! What do you write on mostly, Mr. Spacer?

Spacer—An empty stomach.—Lawrence American.

Obeying Instructions.

Mistress—You must tell them a white lie, Bridget, and say I have gone out of town.

Bridget (to visitors)—The mistress says I must tell yes a white lie, and that she's gone out of town.—Munsey's Weekly.

Something in His Shoes.

Wiggins—Why do you limp so, Algy? Haven't you got something in your shoes? Hackney (savagely)—Yaas: my feet.—York Sun.

A Gem of Thought.

"This war between the League and the Players is pretty sharp, eh?"

"Yes: a case of diamond cut diamond."—Puck.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 4 30, 5.04, 5.38, 6.04, 6.30, 7.46, 7.56, 8.30, 9.15, 9.31, 9.37, 9.38, 10.05, 11.24, 11.39, 12.02, 1.09, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.04, 3.45, 4.05, 4.54, 5.03, 5.31, 5.46, 10.19, 11.26 p. m. Sunday, 5.03, 5.30, 6.30, 7.46, 8.30, 9.15, 9.31, 9.37, 9.38, 10.05, 11.24, 11.39, 12.02, 1.09, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.04, 3.45, 4.05, 4.54, 5.03, 5.31, 5.46, 6.30, 7.45, 8.45, 10.30, 11.26 p. m. 12.00, 1.25, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. 12.00 midnight. Sundays, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. 12.00 midnight.

PLAINFIELD, AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.38, 6.30, 6.39, 7.30, 8.00, 8.32, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.17, 6.07, 6.54, 7.03, 8.11, 10.22, 11.32 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.45, 7.35, 7.50, 8.55, 9.50, 10.50 a. m. 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 p. m. Sunday, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m. 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.27, 11.20, 2.00, 4.04, 5.20, 6.45, 8.34, 10.30 a. m. 2.38, 5.38, 7.55, 9.10 p. m. Sunday at 10.42 night. Leave Somerville at 7.10, 8.13, 10.33 a. m. 2 03, 4.30, 5.54, 6.56, 8.35, 10.54 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.27 a. m. 2.00, 4.04, 6.45 and 8.34 p. m. Sunday at 8.42, 10.30 a. m. 5.20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.27 a. m. 2.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

1.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin and Sunbury.

1.07 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 9.38 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin and Sunbury, Phillipsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton and Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 2.04 p.m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc. 4.34 p. m.—For Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, etc. 5.54 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk; Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton and Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 6.56 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, etc. 8.35 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk; Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton and Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 10.54 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shamokin.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.10, 10.05 11.20, 2.00, 4.04, 5.20, 6.45, 8.34, 10.30 a. m. 2.38, 5.38, 7.55, 9.10 p. m. Sunday, 8.42, 10.30 a. m. 5.20 p. m. For Perth Amboy, 3.37, 5.10, 10.05, 11.20, 2.00, 4.04, 5.20, 6.45, 8.34, 10.30 a. m. 2.38, 5.38, 7.55, 9.10 p. m. Sunday 8.42, a. m. 5.20 p. m.

For Atlantic City 1.37 11.10, a. m.

For Freehold 3.37, 5.10, 10.05 11.20, a. m. 2.38 5.38 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 5.10, 7.30, 10.05, 11.20 a. m. 2.00, 4.04, 5.20, 6.45, 8.34 p. m. Sunday at 1.37, 7.30, 10.05 a. m. 5.20, 6.45, 8.34, 10.30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 5.10, 7.30, 10.05, 11.20 a. m. 2.00, 4.04, 5.20 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 7.30, 10.05 a. m. 5.20, 6.45, 8.34, 10.30 p. m.

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J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

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HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF INFANTS' DRESSES, COATS AND LACE CAPS.

Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c. Children's short dresses, 2 rows Hamburg insertion 40c; other goods at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 12, 15, 25 and 50c. Children's reefers at $1.49, $1.69 and $2.25. Ladies' Taffeta gloves, regulars, 40c, good at 25c. Balbriggan hose regular made, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' fast black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests at 15c, 25c and 29c. Ladies' gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

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TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7.30 a. m. to meet 7.58 a. m. train. Hourly. Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 9th street and place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.33 a. m. train.
2d do	9.30	do	9.48 do
4th do	10.30	do	10.37 do
6th do	11.30	do	11.47 do
8th do	11.45	do	12.03 p. m. do
9th do	1.00 p. m.	do	1.18 p. m. do
10th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.	
9th do	3.30 do	meet 3.51 p. m. train.	
8th do	4.30 do	do 4.47 do	
11th do	5.45 do	do 6.07 do	
12th do	8.45 do	do 9.02 do	

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenues North Plainfield, on same schedule time to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stages will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 9.27, 10.23, 11.50 a. m. 2.00, 2.30, 3.05, 4.04, 4.30, 5.20 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and visiting purposes. Stable Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Runs after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

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NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:30, 8:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8:50 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. and 5:30 p. m. Direct mail Philadelphia, Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8:50 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.;

Post Office opens at 7 a. m., and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:30 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes desiring without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

Miscellaneous Cards.

CALL ON

H. N. SPENCER, SOMERSET ST, FOR SEEDS.

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In wagons, carts, carriages, pcows, harness. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin Iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

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THE TRAMP SIGNAL CODE.

The sign of a triangle minus the lower line on a gate-post means that the inmates of the house are out for the day.

A rudely drawn circle with a slight mark in the center and a dot on the right side denotes that "the lady has given recently."

In another sign the order have gone to the Egyptian language for the word "tortoise," by which reminder of the figure of a triangle.

A rude sign resembling somewhat the figure of a diamond reminds the tramp that he may count on a "regular good feed" at the house where it is made.

A house marked with the figure of a reversed triangle with a dot on the right hand lower corner reminds the tramp that his game is "spoilt," so he never wastes time at such a house.

The sign of a circle with a cross in the center always causes a certain amount of trepidation, for it signifies "dangerous," and all tramps have a horry holdout for a dog or a gamekeeper with a gun.

The tramp's hope is revived when the figure of a circle with a horizontal line drawn through its center and a dot on the right hand lower corner meets his eye, because he may then confidently expect that the lady "will give again."

A straight line with a dot on the right side means "constable." But if the line be crossed, the tramps know that "we shall get something." If the crossing is repeated the outlook is still better and there is a chance of getting "locked up."

The sign of a rudely drawn half circle carefully scratched upon the gate post outside a fair looking country house tells the tramp that the occupants are a prude, and the dot in the center of the square represents the poor tramp inside who is warning his pals outside against calling at that house, for if they do they are sure to receive in the "jug." The dot on the outside of the square represents the tramp on the outside.

Religious folk are favored with the signs by which "religious," "more religion" and "most religious." They consist of three rudely drawn circles, the first having a dot in its center, the second a horizontal line drawn right through the center and the third has a cross in the center. Whenever the traveling vagbar comes across these signs he immediately pitches up a hymn tune and as inward shily talks about the deer with he has recently lost or the children he has left ill at home.—New York Herald.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Modjeska goes to Europe next year, and will not act in the country until 1892.

Minnie Palmer has purchased the American and Canadian rights to "The Fool's Mate," a London success.

The latest London "catch word" is "I know that man," an expression which plays an important part in Sydney Grundy's comedy, "A Pair of Spectacles."

Scanlan has introduced a song into "Myles Aroon" which provokes a storm of applause. The song is "Tra-la-Boo." The refrain is "Boo, There, There She Goes," and the actor swings a little girl in his arms while singing.

At the San Carlos theatre, in Lisbon, they have a series of seasons of giving "Faust" during the last days of the carnival an opera in which all the male characters are played by women. This year Gounod's "Barber of Seville," and all the parts except that of Figaro were taken by women.

Mr. William J. Davis, the manager of the Haymarket theatre in Chicago, has recently received a letter in a lady's handwriting, for which he must have paid a round price. Among the number are half a dozen Pages, Miss Ada Rehan, several Rosalinds, several Jessies and a programme of the performance for the benefit of the theatrical fund in London 100 years ago.

The late John Maclean, of London, although spoken of as one of the veterans of the stage, was only 55 years old, having been born in London in 1835. He was the Mr. Gibbon Rutherford production of "The Ticket-of-Leave Man" at the London Olympic in 1863. When Mary Anderson produced "The Winter's Tale" in New York city he was the Camillo. He was an extremely popular man in his profession.

Schiller's "William Tell" was recently performed for the 100th time at the Vienna Burg Theatre. Students are admitted to the parts of their seats began together at the entrance to the theatre as early as 10 o'clock in the morning. The cast included all the most famous actors in Austria, who were willing to accept small parts in order to add to the perfection of the production. The opera was first given in Vienna in 1827.

FINES FOR JAPANESE DUELS.

Whoever shall defame a person for not accepting a challenge for a duel shall be punished under the provisions of the penal code for the crime of defamation.

Whoever commits murder or inflicts bodily injury on another in a duel shall be punished under the provisions of the penal code applicable to that offense under ordinary circumstances.

Whoever shall let or place at the disposal of duellists any place with a full knowledge of the circumstances under which it is to be used shall be liable to the same penalty as dueling.

Whoever shall have engaged in a duel shall be punished with imprisonment with hard labor for a period of not less than six months and not more than two years, together with a fine of from $10 to $100.—London Times.

ODD NAMES FOR PAPERS.

Ripsaw is the only weekly in Wyuns, Ark.

The town of Ames, Col., has a paper called Promotropic.

Tombstone, in Arizona, has a paper called the Epitaph.

Tom Joyce's Burlington Gazette is a weekly in Helena, Ark.

El Verano, Cal., has but one paper. It is called Vidgrab.

Hachet City, Ark., has a weekly paper called Horse Shoe.

The Thomas County Cat is a paper published in Colby, Kan.

Persons and Property is a real estate paper in Washington, D. C.

Frog is published in the interests of railroads at Denver, Colo.

Women's Exponent is the suggestive name of a paper in Salt Lake City, Utah.—Printer's Ink.

STONEWALL'S DEFEAT.

HOW A COLONEL OUTMANEUVERED THE GREAT GENERAL.

Stonewall Is Impersonated, but Col. Nathan Kimball Is Only a Territorial Postmaster—The Battle of Kernstown, March 23, 1862—Kimball's Masterly Tactics.

[Copyright, 1890, by American Press Association.]

HE fame of many leaders in the civil war is yet to be fixed. Where, for instance, will "Stonewall" Jackson stand? It has been said that the newspapers made Jackson by crying up his little victories over the scattered bands of Union troops in the Shenandoah valley. The other side of his experience—the other side—plays little or no part in the friendly annals of his struggles. His first formidable campaign in the valley began with a disaster. He was commander of the department, was not the ground of his own selection by an obscure Indiana colonel, and was roundly whipped and driven from his position in a total rout. The colonel won a general's star by his victory, and became, later, Brevet Maj. Gen. Nathan Kimball.

The prize at stake was the commanding position of Winchester, with the control of the rich valley of Virginia, and Col. Kimball undertook to defend it without guidance or instructions from his superiors.

On the morning of the battle, March 22, 1862, Jackson sent a message to his chief, Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, saying:

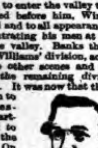
"With the blessing of an ever kind Providence I hope to be in the vicinity of Winchester this evening." He was in that vicinity, with his face turned the other way, however, and not "kind Providence," but plain Col. Kimball, U. S. A., commanded the situation.

The forces in "Stonewall's" ranks at this time numbered about 5,000 men, and consisted of three brigades of infantry and one of cavalry. The Union forces in the valley at the time consisted of two divisions of Banks' corps, under Gens. James Shields and A. S. Williams. Williams' command was moving out of the valley and Shields' troops were posted around Winchester watching Jackson.

The game to be played was this: The Stonewall valley, a generally open country, bounded by the Shenandoah river and extending from Staunton, an important railroad junction, on the south, to the Potomac on the north, and accessible every few miles through passes from the country east and west, offered admirable hiding ground for a body of troops adapted to rapid movement. Jackson's forces were by several ranges of hills, on one of which stands Winchester, thirty miles up the valley from the Potomac. Twenty miles further up—i. e., at the town Strasburg, the valley is cut across by a fork of the river and Cedar creek, flowing in from the west, and here successive ridges, steep in places, form good battle ground.

Again, thirty miles south, near New Market, a pass is formed by two forks of the river, bordered with mountains, the upper valley pike being along exposed plains between. Staunton, at the head of the valley, is well covered from attack from the north by streams and ridges, but is open to the north, east and west. Jackson's place of refuge would be Staunton, where re-inforcements from other armies could reach him, and from which the whole south could bring up military supplies. From this point he could play hide-and-seek in and out and up and down the valley.

When Banks crossed the Potomac early in March, 1862, to enter the valley the Confederates retired before him. Winchester was abandoned and to all appearance Jackson was concentrating his men at the upper end of the valley. Banks then sent half his own Williams' division, across the Blue Ridge to other scenes and ordered Shields with the remaining division to watch Jackson. It was now that the latter formed his plan to retake Winchester. The department assigned to Shields the valley district. On the morning of the 22d Jackson was near Strasburg, the second lodgment up the valley from Winchester, and Shields, with three brigades, one of which was led by Col. Kimball, was at the first lodgment, Winchester. The cavalry skirmishers of both sides were between. About 4 o'clock "Stonewall's" cavalry, under Ashby, advanced on Winchester and opened with cannon.



COL. KIMBALL.

Gen. Shields immediately moved out of his camps and drove Ashby away, but was himself temporarily disabled in the encounter. The troops led by Shields formed part of Col. Kimball's brigade, and on returning from the front the general ordered Kimball to advance with all his force and take command at the front. On this incident of the wounding of Shields depended the fate of Jackson in his first independent battle. During the night Shields sent word to Kimball to move forward at daylight and drive off or capture Ashby. The general believed that the cavalry of the latter was all the enemy on his front.

Kimball went forward promptly along the valley pike leading south and met the Confederates on the hills overlooking the little village of Kernstown, three and a half miles from Winchester, on the lowlands of a little stream running at right angles across the main valley. Kimball placed a battery on one side of the pike and disposed his brigade on the other side, and drove the enemy before him into the valley beyond the little stream. In this attacks the Confederates lost the key position, and Kimball secured it.

Gen. Shields now sent word to his subordinate to advance. Col. Kimball sent back answer that he had a strong enemy to contend with and needed re-enforcements. Shields again ordered an advance, even instructing Kimball to send a body of men with cannon to break through the enemy's center, divide his column and capture it in detail. Had Kimball obeyed he would have fallen into the trap, Jackson was preparing for him. Kimball rightly believed that his superior, lying in his bed five miles distant, could not know what was taking place on the battlefield, and decided to hold his ground. He now had his own brigade and Col. J. C. Sullivan's also. On learning that Kimball's general was absent Shields sent his other brigade under Col. F. S. Tyler, and left the whole wrangle in the colonel's hands. The man who was to be pitted against "Stonewall" in the first trials of Winchester had not enjoyed the advantages of his opponent in military training. Jackson was a West Point officer who had seen much service. Kimball had been a volunteer captain in the Mexican war, and as colonel in command of the Fourteenth Indiana had made one campaign in 1861.

At midday Jackson had deployed his whole force of infantry across the valley south of Kernstown, with Ashby's cavalry for a movable column on his right flank. Kimball had his own and Sullivan's brigade deployed along the enemy's front, with the vale of the creek and the hamlet of Kernstown between. The Confederates opened the battle by attempting to rout Kimball by an assault on his left flank, using the cavalry as flankers, and also to make a show of strength. Kimball sent out skirmish reinforces to meet the attack and repulsed it. Then Jackson resorted to tactics which elsewhere made him famous.

Leaving Ashby's cavalry and artillery to keep up a display on the field where his first attempt had been made, he moved all his infantry and three batteries by a concealed route and at his order to attack at a height along the west side of the valley on the right of Kimball and overlooking at fair range the whole Union position. Meanwhile, Ashby made a show on the left of Kimball to cover Jackson's flanking movement. But Kimball believed in Jackson's presence on the field and proper respect for his abilities. In anticipation of some such maneuver on the part of his opponent, he sent word to Tyler, who was advancing along the valley pike from Winchester, to turn off to the right and occupy the ground that Jackson was aiming to seize. The Confederate artillery had already taken position and was cannonading Kimball's lines.

The field toward which Jackson's three Confederate brigades and Tyler's Union command were ascending from opposite directions was to be the scene of "Stonewall's" stunning defeat, and a veritable stone wall was there to play its part as a bulwark of safety to the Union army. The ground was a plateau, presenting on its northern edge a line obliquing southeast and northwest to Kimball's position. Along this line ran a stone wall, with broad, open fields south of it, where Jackson was advancing, and having on the north a strip of wood, obscuring the view toward Winchester. When the Confederate line reached the stone wall and sent

THE TURNING POINT.

skirmishers into the wood Tyler's skirmishers were advancing to seize the vantage ground. Jackson's infantry and artillery combined now held off Tyler, and his batteries were also playing havoc with Kimball's line the other side of the valley.

Kimball's situation at this juncture was unique. He had fought three inferior actions in order to hold the ground he then occupied, and, with Ashby, and he knew not how much besides, standing ready to pounce upon him there, was loth to leave it undefended. His force was divided into eight regiments, and one by one these regiments were moved out by the right flank to the front of the Confederates to assist Tyler in maintaining his ground in front of the stone wall. The effect was that this style of fighting had on the southerners is told in Jackson's report. He says that the repulsed Union regiments with which he fought at the stone wall were replaced by fresh ones drawn from a large reserve.

The Confederate Gen. Garnett, whose troops were on the center of the attack, still believed that he was largely outnumbered because he saw six different Union flags on his front. He also saw Union cavalry moving around on his left flank, and this long arm was simply a few weak detachments sent out by Kimball as flankers. However, Garnett abandoned the stone wall, and every effort put forth by the Confederate commander and his lieutenant to ward off disaster was unavailing. The Confederate troops on the left, under Gen. Fulkerson's brigade, were isolated by Garnett's withdrawal from the line, and the relentless activity of Kimball's men allowed no respite for the enemy. Jackson's right guard, the stone wall became the prize of the Union men, as did also two of Jackson's cannon.

It was now nearing night, and Kimball's line was very much confused. On his new front there was a wide stretch of open ground, with a wood on the hither side offering a good rallying point for Jackson. But the pet of "Old Providence" had suffered a complete rout; his troops retreated to their trains, and Ashby's cavalry was drawn upon to do picket duty along Kimball's front.

In his formal official report, intended for the eye of Richmond, Jackson wrote as if though Winchester was not recovered, and though the contested field remained in possession of the enemy, "yet the most essential fruits of the victory are ours."

This was penned several days after the fact which he made do duty as "essential fruits," namely, the recall of Williams' Union division to Banks' army in the valley as a result of the Confederate attack at Kernstown. But on the day immediately succeeding the battle Kimball and "Stonewall" put upon record another phase of his mental processes at that time. In a dispatch to Gen. Johnston, dated March 24, he appeals for 10,000 more men, declaring up of his forces, to aid him against Kimball alone, should the latter advance. He was himself at that moment retreating south, and in the same dispatch to Johnston he cried pathetically to his chief, after the battle: "Harry Gilmor, information to help him stand off Kimball, will be very much required on this side Strasburg."

The last here of Jackson's make Kernstown count as an essential gain for his side because it resulted in the return of a Union division to re-enforce Banks in the valley when Jackson's own column needed to be re-enforced to enable it to overwhelm Kimball alone is one of the military mysteries surrounding the fame of this remarkable southern idol. If numbers counted for anything, then the addition of Williams' division to Kimball's would have necessitated the withdrawal of Jackson's troops a second time, and that would have meant the defeat of the Confederate armies outside of the valley.

Another cause for congratulation, as Jackson reported, was his belief that Kimball's loss at Kernstown exceeded his own. In point of fact, Jackson's loss was 718 killed, wounded and missing, while "Stonewall" met his one when accident threw him ahead of Col. Kimball in his first skirmish with Shields' troops.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

THE FLOODS IN THE SOUTH.

How Can Their Annual Recurrence Be Prevented?

The Mississippi river floods the present year have more than equaled their predecessors as damage doers. A much larger area than usual has been covered with

A FLOODED VILLAGE.

water, and the losses sustained by the sugar planters of Louisiana and cotton planters of Mississippi are extremely severe.

The appearance of the country at flood time is remarkable as illustrating the defenselessness of man against the onsets of nature. Before the mighty volume of water the strongest dikes give way, and the work of years disappears in a night.

SAVING THE CATTLE.

The vast outpouring of the swollen river dominates the scene from bluff to bluff. Houses on the lowlands struggle disconsolately to keep their footing, and then go down the stream, while the inmates hurry with their families, live stock and portables to the highlands.

It is at a time like this that the busy, puffing steamboat is more welcome than ever. It pushes its way out of the main current, finds a route across submerged

A WELCOME STEAMBOAT.

farms, and carries to refugees the necessaries of life and the means of escape. Meanwhile engineers and inventors are racking their brains to puzzle out some way for chaining the Father of Waters and other obstreperous American streams. When they solve the problem they will be more deserving of honor than if they had given the world a new explosive, or a method of rapid transit by balloon.

A Serious April Fool Joke.

It will take a long time for the literary world to recover from the alleged joke perpetrated by The Frankfurter Zeitung as an "April Fool" on its readers. Its editorial page of March 27 announced the discovery that a manuscript of Goethe relics in a long buried nook of the Goethe house in Frankfort, among them being an unprintable poem entitled "The Joy of Love." The account closed by saying that the collection would be on view at the Goethe house April 1. The Zeitung's story was copied by its immediate exchanges the next day, found its way to Berlin and to Paris, and promptly cabled to all parts of the world. As a result on April 1 Frankfort was visited by some fifty thousand sightseers from all parts of Germany, five from Austria, three from France and two from England. That they were angry on learning the truth is to put it mildly. The joke, however, is still on its travels, and pilgrims are reported hurrying to Frankfort from the United States and other distant civilized countries of the world.

The Youngest Veteran of the Civil War.

Joseph H. White was a soldier boy before he had celebrated his eleventh birthday. He now lives at New Britain, Conn., and is said to be the youngest veteran of the civil war living. He was born in the fine old Canadian city of Quebec June 15, 1853, and enlisted in Company A, Second regiment New Hampshire volunteers, as a drummer boy, Jan. 5, 1864. He was still a baby when his parents removed from Quebec to North Bangor, N. Y. They afterwards took up their residence in Concord, N. H., and it was from there that the boy went to the war. His company saw lively service, for he carried his drum through five battles—Cold Harbor, Drury's Bluff, Petersburg, Seven Pines and Sandy Bottom—and half a dozen engagements of less importance, before he was mustered out, Dec. 19, 1864. He is not likely to forget the year he spent as a drummer boy for Uncle Sam, as one of his knees was permanently injured in battle. Mr. White was married when he was but 16 years old, and has one daughter and three sons. He is a carpenter by trade.

JOSEPH H. WHITE.

He Refuses His Liberty.

The Duke of Orleans, who is imprisoned at Chateaux for returning to France in violation of the law banishing from the country all pretenders to the throne and their heirs, has refused to accept conditional freedom at the hands of the government. The duke will add another chapter to his romance soon by being married in prison.

She Spent Too Much Money.

Pelatiah Ely, of Long Meadow, Mass., has found that marriage at 83 is not a success. He wedded Mrs. Lucy A. Morse, aged 36, about a year ago. Now he has abandoned his home and sought refuges with his relatives. He complains that Mrs. Ely spent too much money in "slicking up" the house.

A Female Tiger Hunter.

The latest field in which a woman has distinguished herself is as a tiger hunter. Mrs. Evans Gordon, the wife of an Anglo-Indian official, has recently made a splendid record in that line in the jungles of Cooch Behar.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, MAY. 9 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE Y. M. C. A.

AN IMPORTANT BUSINESS MEETING.

President Magray's Report for the Year.—Building Plans.—Committees' Work.

The annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city was held at the room last evening.

There was a large attendance and much interest manifested. In the absence of President Murray Vice President D. B. Titsworth presided.

Encouraging reports were received from the following committees: Membership, Invitation, Reception, Devotional, Boy's Work, Missionary and Building Committees.

Following is the report of President Murray.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

In referring to you on account of the trust reposed in us a year ago, we call attention to the fact that it is generally true that a Young Men's Christian Association, while organized in a building can even neglects its regular work. We believe we have endeavored to do the best part we have been an exposition to the general rule. While a great deal of time and energy has been devoted to the building, the regular work of the association has not been monthly on. The work has been done by the committees composed of sixty-three members, under the able supervision of our devoted secretary, Mr. J. H. Manning, have brought about results of which we have reason to be proud.

We still believe that the most important work of the association is that of leading young men to the knowledge of God. It is a solemn fact that young men, as a class, do not attend the services of God's house. It is to this end that the work is conducted that the Young Men's Christian Association has been organized in the twelve hundred places in the world in our country. Statistics show that while it devotes its attention—young men between the ages of 15 and 35—it reaches only one-fourth of the male population of the land and nearly one half the voters. We open with a meeting which is attended men have given their lives to the work, and over $1,500,000 are expended each year, for the purpose of more thoroughly work is to lead these young men to the Lord Jesus Christ. In endeavoring to do our part of this we have conducted during the year a young men's gospel meeting, every Sunday afternoon at 4:15. The average attendance has been 34. Our two colporteurs have also continued every Sunday at Washington Street and Park Avenue, with encouraging results. At the former place the people have recently dedicated a beautiful new chapel, largely the gift of a few of the members of the church.

The friends at Mt. Pleasant would be happy to have such a friend arise in their behalf. One Bible Training Class, now in its fifth year, has continued its good work. The class was visited Somerville and Rahway, and established a branch in each. As a result a Training Class has been organized in the former place. We have recently added to this class Prof. Hyatt's Inductive Studies on the Life of Christ, and also an Evangelistic Bible Class. The latter class has been held regularly every week, and its members have undertaken to furnish the music for the Gospel Meeting Services every Sunday evening. Four members of the Association spent a delightful two weeks at Lake Bonny. The Bible Institute at Northfield, Mass., last Summer. We hope to send a delegation this Summer. Still in Physical work we wish to give information about the plans, expense, etc. The result of all our religious work has been increased labor in the field and the fact that those who have taken part in as well as conversions as both seniors and the rooms.

Another important portion of our work is that in which we touch the young men's social nature. We have tried to have a social every day always open where young men may find a safe resort. We believe in all kinds of innocent amusements and pure social enjoyment, not only as a means to bring young men under the influence of Christianity in the Association, but that these things are good in themselves. Our accomodations have been so limited, however, that the Reception Committee have not been able to carry out all their plans. Several pleasant receptions have been given with profit, and the rooms have been the resort of many, some of whom might otherwise have fallen by the way. We are indebted to the Dinners Club for an attractive reception. In all our social and reception service has been rendered by our ladies committee. In their work they have exemplified the spirit of John the Baptist, in that they did all for the association and nothing for self. We have appreciated their labors.

Besides our own use of the rooms they have been found useful by other organizations: the Board of Managers of the Working Women's Home, the Law and Order League, Choral Society, King's Daughters, Lutheran Church, and the Justice of the Peace have used the rooms on several occasions.

Our educational work has been in special branches, by a night sessions of the public school providing for all who desired to study the regular English branches. Mr. Albert Gavett has taught each week a class in Mechanical Drawing, Mr. Robinson one on Stenography, and Mrs. Wilson one on Penmanship and Singing. Some talks on special subjects have also been given. One class for ladies has been started in Stenography and others was be glad to labor in the boys—young men from twelve to sixteen years old. This work has been started during the year. Two boys have been organized into a Young Men's Auxiliary and have held weekly meetings. The encouragement of these meetings and devotions, business, literary and social. Besides their regular work they have added to the building fund, and have provided for entertainments given by them. Two of their representatives were sent to the State Convention.

The Building Committee has not been idle. Realizing that the present building is inadequate Press Street has been purchased for $7,000 cash. A competition was held between six architects and the plans submitted by Mr. A. L. C. Hauch have been adopted as the plans of the proposed building. A great many meetings of the committee have been held in the interest of the fund. The Young Women's Christian Temperance Union has assisted in raising the fund by entertainments, and generously gives entertainments. At a conference held on May 1st a resolution was offered by one of the building fund be built for $50,000 it would be wise to begin the erection when that amount was raised towards the $50,000 fund. That sum is practically subscribed and we hope soon to begin operations.

The Finance Committee reports, not already referred to is the Invitation Committee, whose duty it is to distribute invitations to the Young Men's Meetings. It is a very important work but it has been found difficult to get men with consecration enough to do it. The Ways and Means, Rooms, and Bulletin Committees have done whatever is necessary in their departments.

The Treasurer's report shows that we have received during the year $4,339 01 and have expended $4,156.07. We believe that our work warrants the confidence and support which the people of this city have given us for the past year, and we ask for the same and more to do all, for a more liberal allowance this year, it is not a supplement, but rather as one who invites you to make a paying investment.

Under what, for lack of a better term, might be called "personal influence," we would mention the attendance of sixteen of our members at the State Convention and eighteen at the District Convention. Two members assisted at a conference in the interest of work for young men at Cranbury, and one took part in the District Conventions at Rahway and Somerville. Situations have been secured for twelve men, visits have been made to the city, boarding places secured for strangers and letters of introduction given to young men leaving town.

As we look over our work it is good to bear in mind that we are part of the State work. We have in New Jersey, as nearly every State has a State organization, manned by an executive committee of twenty-four members. This committee employs a secretary who gives all his time to the work, and uses it in advising with and helping local associations, organizing new ones and generally directing the line of work for the young men of the State. Our association contributes this year towards the $5,500 needed for this work, the sum of $100. All who are interested in the local work ought to be interested in the State work.

All our efforts have been to lead young men into a higher and better life. We have striven to occupy toward young men the relation in which Elisha stood towards the Shunammite's son. Coming into the house he found the young man dead and we read that the Child opened "not his mouth upon his mouth, and his eyes upon his eyes, and his hands upon his hands" and life came. So we try to touch the young man at all points, believing that no temptation has taken him but such as is common to man, and sympathized with him in those temptations we have stretched out the hand of Christian fellowship saying "brother."

Our work is a hard one, but we know that "in due season we shall reap if we faint not," and some day we shall hear the Master say, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant of the least of these my brethren ye have done it unto me." WM. D. MURRAY, Pres.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

Officers and directors for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

OFFICERS.

W. D. Murray, President.
D. E. Titsworth, Vice President.
J. R. Joy, Recording Secretary.
J. A. Robinson, Corresponding Secretary.
E. St. John, Treasurer.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. W. Gavett,	J. W. Jackson,
S. Cahoone,	Nelson Runyon,
E. L. Bonny,	T. E. Hazell,
W. Thompson,	C. E. Boss,
G. R. Cornwell,	A. B. Beers,
H. J. Runyon,	R. H. Radford,
	E. B. Clark.

J. W. Jackson, whose term of office as a trustee expired, was re-elected for four years.

JOTTINGS.

—Base Ball to-morrow. Betgers' vs. Crescents. The game is called for 3:30 o'clock.

—The North Plainfield Township Committee will hold a meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—There now looms up before the patriotic small but not dismal prospect of a firecracker famine on the Fourth of July.

—Rev. Robert Clark has been engaged as the pastor of the Unitarian church at a salary of $1,500 per year.

—Several members of the Middlesex Gun Club enjoyed a shoot on the club's grounds in Dunellen yesterday afternoon.

—As a meeting of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society to be held next Monday evening, the annual election of officers for the ensuing year will occur.

—Special Policeman Patrick Kiely and Charles F. Gloentzer took the oath of office this morning. Mayor Male administered the oath.

—R. W. Rice & Co., the grocers, have something to say in their advertisement to-day which they desire every one to carefully read and heed.

—The Children's Home is very much in need of money at present. Persons who can afford it would do well to contribute their mite to this worthy institution.

—There is a vast army of writers at present busy giving advice to the farmers, and their practical knowledge of his business could not define the difference between a parsnip and a posthole.

—Patrick McCourt an employee of the Scott Printing Free Works caught the index finger of his left hand in the gearing of a machine at the works Wednesday afternoon and badly crushed it.

—Engine No. 326 broke one of the springs on a front truck at Westfield at about half past eleven o'clock last evening and after a delay of about half an hour the damage was repaired and the train proceeded on its way to New York.

—"The Favorite Five" gave an evening socialis in T. A. B. Hall last evening. The affair was well attended and all present apparently enjoyed themselves. The Committee of Arrangements were Messrs. Charles Collins, John C. Carney and Patrick Melvin.

—The annual election of the Holy Cross Guild occurred this morning and resulted as follows: President, William H. Hardy; Vice President, Henry Williams; Secretary, George P. Taggart; Treasurer, Charles J. Mackey; Musical Director, Charles W. Kellogg.

—The lawn vases used on the stage at Music Hall while "Ingomar" was being presented on Thursday evening were loaned by Propertyman Mattox by the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association. The firm has a fine assortment of these vases in stock. Tomorrow they will introduce a new business feature.

—"Ingomar," a play made famous by Mary Anderson and others of her eminence in theatrical profession, was presented last evening in Music Hall before an appreciative audience, by Miss Frohman and her company. Miss Frohman won much praise for her rendering of "Parthenia," the fair maiden whose appreciation of character so completely won the noble barbarian, "Ingomar," which character was also well impersonated. Miss Frohman was presented with a handsome floral gift, after one of the acts, and she was several times called before the curtain.

Jumping on Cars.

Charles Johnson, colored, while attempting to jump on a coal train near Central avenue at about four o'clock yesterday afternoon missed his footing and was dragged about two hundred feet, receiving painful injuries about the side and limbs. He had a narrow escape from death as a passenger train passed along on the main track while he was clinging to the car.

PLAINFIELD'S ELMS.

A SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENT TO PROTECT THEM.

How to Destroy the Worms Which Ruin Those Beautiful Shade Trees.

For several years past—especially during the past two years—worms have been playing havoc with the stately elms which have contributed so much to make Plainfield the beautiful city that it is.

Various experiments have been made to prevent the destruction going on and destroy the pests. The State geologist was appealed to and gave a remedy which did not prove satisfactory, though probably the best known. Besides this the trees have been whitewashed or tarred, but even this appeared to give uncertain results.

A gardener on the Osterdonk and adjoining property on Seventh street seems to have hit upon a plan which accomplishes the result. It is to bore a hole to the center of the tree and fill the hole with sulphur. This is taken up with the sap and distributed all over the tree, destroying the worms which eat the leaves.

Then to destroy the eggs, vines such as the honeysuckle, are planted to entwine around the trunk of the tree. The leaves of the vine protect the trunk of the tree from the sun. The eggs of the worm which are deposited in the bark, require the sun's rays to hatch them, and without it they die.

In this way not only the worms but also the eggs are destroyed. The success of this treatment is apparent to the most casual observer of the trees which have been treated, and of those which have not been. The former have all the appearance of sound health, while the others are the reverse.

Although the plan commends itself as exceedingly feasible, and the wonder is that no one thought of it before. We would like to give the gardener's name who is entitled to the credit, but do not know it.

Practical Jokers Make Sport of a "Soft" Bartender.

For some time past a bartender in a West Front street saloon has been trying to make a favorable impression on a girl who is employed in a house nearby. Some acquaintances of the bartender noticed his amorous actions, and also noticed that they seemed obnoxious to the girl. In order to have some fun at the bartender's expense and also permanently cure him, they wrote him a letter, probably signing the girls name, requesting him to call last evening. This pleased the fellow immensely. It pleased his friends more however when he came to the saloon in the best suit of clothes he went to keep the appointment. In the meantime his friends had written a letter to the girl, presumably from the bartender, saying he would call etc. The unsuspecting victim of the practical joke, called at the appointed time. From the letter received he expected a cordial reception but he was totally unprepared for the decidely warm welcome he was given. He pressed the electric button and after a short delay the door was opened; but lo! it was not the features of his "sweetheart" that he saw in the door, but a man weighing nearly 300 pounds. He braced himself for the occasion, however, and after the customary "good evening," he made inquiries for "his girl." There was a few seconds of silence, that was almost as impressive as what followed, a few questions, a slight scuffle, and then the drink-mixer described a parabola in the air and landed in a heap in the gutter. He scrambled up and started running up Front street in the direction of Elizabeth, at a great pace, and it is not known positively how far he ran before he discovered that a joke was pursued. The girl had shown her employer the letter and that accounts for the bartender's reception. He is now looking for the jokers.

The Singer Sewing Machine Works Running as Usual.

There was joy in hundreds of homes at Elizabeth yesterday morning when the glad tidings were sounded from the Singer Works by the shrill whistle that the immense establishment had thrown open its doors for business. People in the district of the fire Tuesday night

The company, it is said, was deluged yesterday with letters from Boards of Trade in various parts of the country, offering flattering inducements to locate elsewhere. The managers and directors have no intention of moving the plant. The company's possessions at Elizabethport are to valuable to be abandoned. The facilities for the shipment and manufacture of sewing machines are unsurpassed, and it would be the labor of years to duplicate them elsewhere.

A Plainfielder, returning from New York at the time the fire was raging, said "The glare from the flames was so great that while in New York I thought the fire was at Jersey City. When the train rushed by the works at full speed, the heat was intensed. The flames were shooting, high above the clock tower. It was a grand sight."

Union County Courts.

The Union county court was in session at Elizabeth this morning, when the suit of Augusta C. Lisnignolo vs. G. Warren Watson was put on trial. The action was brought to recover $2,000 damages, which the plaintiff alleged was done to her property, the Vliss Sans Souci, in Plainfield, during the occupancy by the defendant under a lease for nineteen months. Messrs. Babbett & Lawrence were counsel for the plaintiff, and Mr. Craig A. Marsh for the defendant.

Mr. Watson leased the premises furnished and it is alleged, while occupying them, the furniture and several paintings were damaged, hence the suit. The case is still on as we go to press.

PERSONAL.

Mr. R. F. M. Chase of "Edgewood" will sail for Europe during the latter part of the present month.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Reynolds of Washington Park, North Plainfield, are sojourning at Washington, D. C.

Policeman Thomas McCue has so far recovered from a recent severe attack of rheumatism as to be able to walk out.

Mr. James Wilson, formerly of this city, but now of Providence, R. I., is spending a week with friends in this city.

Mr. Orleman has returned to his home in the West, after a brief visit with his friend, Mr. W. Baldwin, of Regent street, North Plainfield.

A very pleasant evening sociable took place at the residence of Miss Carrie Williams on Park avenue last evening. About twenty couple were present and a delightful time was spent in dancing and other pastimes.

At a meeting of the Crescent League, held Wednesday evening, the Revs. W. R. Richards, Cornelius Schenck, T. Lozen Murphy, E. M. Rodman and Charles B. Mitchell were elected honorary members of the League.

Last evening at the residence of the bride's parents on Park avenue, North Plainfield, Mr. William Debele, and Miss Ida E. Winkler were united in marriage by the Rev. C. L. Goodrich the pastor of the Congregational church.

Mr. Thomas Gallagher, the conductor who won the watch in The World's railroad contest, will give his friends a reception in New Brunswick on the 15th inst. Mr. John J. Kenney, one of Mr. Gallagher's admirers, has been tendered an urgent invitation to participate in the festivities.

A Pleasing Entertainment.

A very pleasing and interesting soiree and musicale took place last night at the residence of the Rev. and Mrs. William Maxwell Reilly at Scotch Plains. A large and cultured audience was present and enjoyed the programme from beginning to end. Special features of the entertainment were the singing of Miss Alice Holmes and Mr. Elmer E. Runyon. The violin solo of Mr. Peter L. Conde also elicited much applause. The programme is annexed:

PROGRAMME.

Part First.

Violi s and pianos	a. Waltz op 129. b. Barcarolle. Daniels
Prof. J. Bartow, P. L. Conde, Mrs. Buckley.	
Song—"Love's Dream".....	Shelly
Mrs. R. Moore.	
Piano Solo—"Trovatore".....	Gottschalk
Miss Olga Mossendin.	
Song—"Love's Dream".....	L. Gregh
Miss Alice Holmes.	
Violin Solo, 6th pos.....DeBeriot	
Mr. P. L. Conde.	
Song—"Summer Night"....A. Loring Thomas	
Mr. E. E. Runyon.	

Part Second.

Piano Solo—"Rigoletto".....	Liszt
Miss Olga Mossendin.	
Song—"Time and Love".....	Rodney
Mrs. D. Moore.	
Violins and piano, Symphonia op. 120 Danois	
Prof. Bartow, P. L. Conde and Mrs. Buckley.	
Song—Selected.....	Mr. Robert Moore
Violin Solo—"Evening Star".....	Wagner
Mr. P. L. Conde.	
Duett—"Neath the Skies" A. Loring Thomas	
Miss A. Holmes and Mr. E. E. Runyon.	

W. C. T. U. Notes.

The presentation of the subject of "Better Day Reading," met with so much enthusiasm at the W. C. T. U. meeting Tuesday last, that it was at once decided to arrange for its further consideration by Mrs. Carnell at the meeting of May 20, at 3 p. m., 73 West Front street, to which all are invited.

The last meeting for the season of the Loyal Legion of the W. C. T. U. was well attended by both the pupils and their friends. The exercise, which had been so creditably rendered by the little girls, were very much enjoyed by all, as was the collation of cake and lemonade at the close.

The interesting [illegible] Children's Garden work, which had been promised for the monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. on Tuesday of this week, were fully enjoyed by those present. Mrs. Gardner's talk was improved, as never before, with the importance and the necessity for just such teaching as this special department of the W. C. T. U. work gives to the children of these Plainfield homes. Some results of which were plainly to be seen in contrast to others. Mothers' meet on Monday and Thursday afternoons, 73 West Front street, and it would well repay a visit by those who are interested in the home mission work in this city.

An Evening With Orientals.

One of the most interesting entertainments ever witnessed in this city was that given last evening in the Congregational church, which it was thronged to its full capacity.

Natives of China, Japan, India and Syria, appeared in costume, and spoke in excellent English on the mission work in their respective countries, to which they were returning as missionaries, after having been educated in this country for their work. They are representatives of the Congregationalists, in which capacity their sphere of influence over the natives is greatly augmented.

The programme was rendered as published in THE NEWS of yesterday.

The Body Interred.

The two brothers of the unfortunate James McNally, the man who died at the Muhlenberg Hospital Sunday morning from injuries received on the railroad track, Saturday night, arrived in this city Wednesday, but were too poor to pay the funeral expenses of their brother and consequently Messrs. A. M. Runyon & Sons turned the remains over to Morgue Keeper Casey, and the body was yesterday afternoon buried at the expense of the county in the old plot.

Stricken With Paralysis.

While awaiting at the station for the 7:28 train this morning ex-City Collector Lewis E. Clark was stricken with paralysis. Mr. Clark, although sixty-five years old was very active and commuted between this city and New York every day. Hackman Farley was called and Mr. Clark taken to his home at the corner of Central avenue and Fourth street, where Dr. Tomlinson attended him.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

The Law's Enforcement.

Police Commissioner Currier appeared at police headquarters at Newark and asked that Butcher Everett, of Warren and Eleventh streets, be summoned before Justice Rodrigo. Mr. Currier stated that he had frequently warned Everett not to have his horse untied in the road while serving customers, and that the animal had destroyed a number of valuable shade trees belonging to the complainant. The penalty for leaving a horse untied is $5 and for the spoiling of trees by a horse's chewing the bark a fine of $25 can be imposed on the owner.

Five years of hard labor in the State Prison, a fine of $1,000 and the costs of the case was the sentence which John Williams, alias Samuel Tate, received yesterday at Trenton for being engaged in passing counterfeit coin. The indictment charged Williams with manufacturing, having in possession and passing counterfeit silver dollars. Williams took his sentence very coolly, and evidently got off easier than he anticipated.

Married.

DEBELE—WINCKLER—Thursday evening May eighth at the residence of the bride's parents Park Place, Mr. William G. Debele and Miss Ida E. Winckler, Rev. C. L. Goodrich officiating.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A RESPECTABLE Scandinavian woman would like to do housekeeping or any kind of work by the day or week. Please call 178 Second avenue. 7-3

COME and see fresh arrival of horses next Saturday, at Fosher's stables, corner Grant avenue and Fourth street. 7-3

CLEMATIS vines, extra strong and large assortment. Greenhouse plants at Denton's Hillside nursery. 7-4

COLORED man wanted, care of one horse and grounds. W. T. Broadway, Leland avenue.

FOR RENT—A handsome, single flat, seven rooms. Every convenience. Apply to 108 Park avenue. 7-3 5-9-3 sodtf

FOR SALE—A handsome mastiff. Very gentle with children. Owner no place for him. Price $100. Address "Mastiff," care of EVENING NEWS. 5-9-3

FOR SALE—A 58-inch Victor bicycle. In condition. Cost $140 new. Will sell for $100 cash. Address "Bicycle," care of EVENING NEWS. 5-9-3

FOUND—A cow with calf, which owner can have by arguing to F. Dorninger, at C. W. Dorninger's, Somerville, Motor line. 5-9-3

FOR SALE—A fine Kentucky saddle horse. Kind and gentle. Eight years old. Fit for a lady or gentleman to ride or drive. Apply to "T. C." 20 Richmond street, Plainfield, N. J. 5-3

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Mountain avenue and Somerset street, North Plainfield, with all modern conveniences. For particulars call or address Mrs. Obits, No. 363 Somerset street. 5-8tf

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, double harness, carriage, etc. Horse gentle with pole and shafts and russet colored harness all in splendid condition. Inquire of coachman at stable, 79 W. Seventh st. 5-8tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. D. Day, Fox Hill. 5-8tf

FOR SALE—Fine side bar surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. P. Dupee, 20 Rockview avenue.

LOST—A music roll containing one sheet of music. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at Stelle's drug store. 5-3

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-5-f

STABLE to rent on East Ninth street. Address "Stable," care of EVENING NEWS. 5-8-3

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahma's, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 112 Rockview avenue. 5-8tf

TWO LOADS of good manure for sale cheap. Inquire 1 Grant avenue. 5-8tf

TO LET—A large loft at No. 81 Somerset street. Also a barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Heyniger. 5-1tf

WANTED—Respectable, willing girl for general housework. German preferred. Dr. Paul, 101 Park avenue.

WANTED—Situation by genteel housework or as chambermaid. Address "J" care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Young man who has some knowledge of bookkeeping. Accurate in figures. Is bright and attentive and not afraid of work for a New York position. Steady employment for three months. Address G. S. T. care of EVENING NEWS. 5-9-3

WANTED—Situation by female girl as nurse. Call 174 South Second street, immediately.

WANTED—Two experienced painters. Call at once. G. W. Farina, Bound Brook, N. J. 4-28

$90.—Tell, sure sale motion. 58-inch Victor Light Roadster Bicycle, with all accessories, for sale. Cost new in 1897 $140.50. Address Geo. W. Morrison, Plainfield. 5-3

THE UNITED STATES INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, Limited, has opened an office at No. 49 West Front street, and are meeting with great success, by its liberal inducements over rival companies.

J. H. JOHNS,
Asst. Superintendent.

FACTS

WE FOLLOW NONE AND LEAD ALL.

IMPOSSIBLE IN AN ADVERTISEMENT TO GIVE PRICES OF GOODS WE HANDLE. CALL TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, AND CONVINCE YOURSELF BY PRICES DISPLAYED IN OUR WINDOWS.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
99 W. FRONT STREET.

READY FOR BUSINESS.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

NO. 28 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6;
3 holes, $8

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, cut wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 25c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 6 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

WE WILL HOLD

The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.

ROGERS BROS.,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.
19 WEST FRONT STREET.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Wednesday, May 14,

Engagement of the

PRETTY, PIQUANT,

POPULAR, BONNIE KATE CASTLETON.

Supported by her own excellent company of comedians presenting the latest laughable success

A PAPER DOLL

A funny play made funnier by a funny company.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday.

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. All [illegible] Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

Dorsey W. Hyde,

Announces that he has engaged

Wm. H. Sherwood,

The distinguished pianist and director of pianoforte music at the Auditorium Chicago, to give one of his highly interesting and entertaining MUSICAL LECTURE RECITALS at SEMINARY HALL on

TUESDAY EVE., MAY 13th

at 8 o'clock. Tickets at $1, can be procured at Moyr's, Miller's, Reynolds, Randolph's and Shaw's drug store.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

But they cannot be sold at the same price as the common stuff sold by the "cheap Johns."

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see her wonderful clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter, and was born with a veil over her face and head with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours are from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 7-1w

MUSIC HALL NOTICE. The annual election of directors of the Music Hall Association of Plainfield will be held in Music Hall parlors on Monday, May 12, 1890. Polls open from 5 to 6 p. m. and 7.45 p. m. to 8.45 p. m. The annual meeting of stockholders will be held on the same date at the same place at 8 o'clock p. m.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Sec.
Plainfield, N. J. April 30, 1890.

H. N. SPENCER.
Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Large assortment of fresh Seed, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes cedar bees, pole beans, Texas, and extra potatoes, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.
Notice is hereby given that Joseph Odam, of the city of Plainfield, county of Union, and State of New Jersey, hath this day made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the equal benefit of his creditors and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims, under oath or affirmation, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 34 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Dated 25th day of April A. D., Eighteen hundred and ninety.

29-30-5-9 WM. A. CONNOVER, Assignee.

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.
Prof. Segelke's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Now in session. Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 32 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 3-7-tf

Amphion Hall TO-NIGHT

And Every evening this week.

Grand Opening.

With new Scenery and Decorations by Seavey of New York. The famous

Australian

FOLLY TROUPE

Including the SISTERS COULSON.

JOHN AND NELLIE HEALEY,
GEYER & CLIFFORD,
THE GREAT CROWLEY,
PROF. BURKE'S CANINE CIRCUS,
BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN
MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS.
VEVE NOBREGA, ETC., ETC.,

Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Bag to Raise, Negro specialties, etc., by the STARS of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE. Reserved seats, 50 cents. Boxes, $1. Best reserved seat; 35 cents, a good reserved seat; 25 cents, general admission. Saturday matinee, children 10 cents. Tickets can be procured at Shaw's pharmacy.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,
50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. B. CRANE'S,
Hatter and trunker, 125 Park Ave.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT No. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOBBINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS PER WEEK, OR, IN PAID IN ADVANCE AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. YOUR JOB P. TELEPHONE, CALL 47.

Forty-nine years ago one yacht club was all there was in this country. Now there are 100, and the capital invested in this style of craft amounts to $30,000,000. Nothing could show more completely the growth of wealth and luxury in the United States in the last half century than this.

Hon. Jesse Spalding, of the government board of directors of Pacific railroads, has presented a lengthy report to Secretary of the Interior Noble on the Union Pacific railroad question. The road asks a lower rate of interest and a longer time to pay its indebtedness to the United States. Mr. Spalding is of opinion that the request should be granted.

Fast Telegraphing.

For many years New York city has flattered herself that she possessed the quickest telegraphers in the Union, if not in the world. The enormous amount of business transacted in the metropolis in the way of sending and receiving messages would justify such a conclusion, even apart from the natural conceit of inhabitants of the biggest, though perhaps not the fastest, city of the western hemisphere.

But the wind has been quite taken out of New York's sails by the last telegraphic tournament, in which young Pollock, a slender railroad train dispatcher, scarcely more than a boy, steps in and takes the prize from New York's crack operators. Pollock proved that a railroad dispatcher can be as rapid an operator as a commercial dispatcher. It is to be noted that in these telegraphic tournaments the operators have gradually increased their speed in the past few years.

In 1881 the greatest speed attained was not quite forty-four words a minute. In 1885 the champion rate was forty-eight words a minute. In the recent contest the man who sent forty-eight words in 1885 sent at a speed of fifty, while Pollock, the champion, rattled his best messages over the wires at the rate of fifty-two a minute. Improvements made in methods of transmitting, however, account for part of the increase. But as the rate constantly increases, he would be a bold man, indeed, who should set a limit at which it would stop. Telegraphers are like race horses in this respect.

The last tournament demonstrated that as yet *there is no woman* who can telegraph a message as rapidly as the most experts. Miss Stevenson, the quickest manipulator among the ladies, fell eight words a minute behind Pollock. Whether this comes from slowness of apprehension or weaker muscular *system* is not plain. Whether any young lady in future shall arise who can compete with the lightning operators among men is something which will become clear with time.

A Remarkable Convention.

One of the most notable gatherings ever witnessed in this or any other country was the National Association of Working Girls that met in New York city. From all parts of the Union they came, even from a point as far distant as San Francisco. There were also delegates present from Canada.

The convention was the first of its kind that ever assembled in this country, certainly. The fact that such an assembly comes together, attended by 400 delegates, shows that the woman wage worker has settled down to serious business, and has come to stay. The woman wage worker is a development of the Nineteenth century.

The working girls' club owes its origin chiefly to the efforts of Miss Grace Dodge, of New York, one of the first women to serve on the school board of that city. Miss Dodge brought together factory girls and clerks, and started club rooms, where they could have not only instruction, but, what was better still under the circumstances, entertainment of a social nature. Each girl paid a small amount of dues, so that she could accept both the entertainment and instruction with self respect. Next came more serious matters. The girls were awakened to a sense of deficiency in education. Early they had to enter on the struggle for life, mostly without learning.

They joined hands, and by each paying what she could afford, secured competent instructors, such as might serve the richest in the land, and put themselves under the tuition of these. There is something pathetic in all this. The girls, many of them, worked until 6 o'clock. Then they hurried home to their cheap lodging houses, gulped down the little dinner and hurried off to the evening school. Practical things are taught, such as instruction includes courses in physical development, embroidery, reading, German, millinery and stenography.

Two grand results are flowing from these clubs of working girls already. They are destroying that stupid and fatal caste spirit which has chilled sisterly sympathy among women. They also are teaching rich and poor that the person most thoroughly to be respected is he or she who adds something to the world's useful work. This was a lesson women particularly needed to learn.

A Red Regiment.

Secretary Proctor has evolved out of his own head a scheme which is eminently picturesque. He proposes to recruit for service in the regular army a regiment of 1,000 Indians. He will have them officered by West Point graduates, but the subordinate places are to be filled with Indians who have been educated in the schools.

A gallant cavalry regiment these young red men would make — none braver, no better riders anywhere. They would be of great use on the Indian frontier. The semi-wild life would suit them. The plan is well worth trying. It is one more step towards breaking in the Indian to the usages of civilization. It is true there are one or two little drawbacks that might interfere at first. One would be the hereditary tendency of the red soldiers to scalp a conquered enemy, black, red or white.

The Confederate general, Albert Pike, had civilized Indians from the Indian territory fighting under him at Pea Ridge. After the battle there was many a man lying dead on the field in blue uniform who had been scalped. The red Confederates could not rise out of old habits. Another drawback would be the insuperable objection the gallant red man has to wearing trousers. If the United States government can overcome this objection, it will effect a reform the accomplished Col. Cody, with prayers and tears, and all his magnetic powers of persuasion, has never been able to inaugurate in his Wild West show.

What Is the Church?

*Rev. Alfred Williams Mo*merie is what is known in the Protestant Episcopal denomination as a broad churchman. Professor Momerie preached in the Foundling hospital, London, a series of sermons that have been published in book form under the name "Church and Creed." They are likely to create a sensation. In the book he says that the Christian church is of comparatively *recent formation. The real church of God*, one and universal, is as old as the race.

The church of God, the one eternal and universal church, consists of those who are written in heaven because they have worked righteousness on earth." In this view of the case, all who have thus wrought righteousness belong to the church of God. There are among them Mohammedans, Buddhists, followers of Confucius, Brahmins, Fire Worshipers, Jews and Christians, an innumerable throng, who, having done justice to their fellow man on earth, worship God together in heaven. The church of God, according to Professor Momerie, belongs to no time or place, but is for all time and all worlds. He writes:

> Christ is but another name for righteousness, and so the church of Christ is the church of righteousness. It is the universal and universal church, which existed long before the "Christian era," and would continue to exist even if all the churches of Christendom were to collapse. The members of the church of Christ are written in heaven, simply and solely because they have worked righteousness upon earth.

A NEW ELECTION LAW.

What Representative Rowell's Bill Provides For.

WASHINGTON, May 9. — Representative Rowell (Ills.) has introduced in the house his national election bill which he was instructed by the house caucus committee on elections to prepare for presentation to the committee. The committee instructed Mr. Rowell and Mr. Lodge (Mass.) to prepare bills embodying the theories of each concerning a federal election law. Mr. Rowell presented his bill to the committee before submitting it for the action of the caucus committee in order that it might be printed and placed in convenient form for examination by the members.

Mr. Rowell's bill does not propose a new federal election law, but aims to improve the present system by the supervision of elections, as provided for in the supervisors' law of 1871. Mr. Rowell took the House bill as a basis, but he makes the provisions of his bill more radical. The bill changes the present method of appointing federal supervisors of elections. By the bill there are to be appointed and commissioned double the number of supervisors required, so as to have a sufficient number of supervisors ready for duty in case their services are required. The number of supervisors serving at each election is reduced from two to three. Under the present law, it is claimed, supervisors of elections have little or no power in the country districts, while those in the cities have power to count the ballots and make any investigation and inspection that they may see fit.

Godfrey Defeats Cardiff.

PROVIDENCE, May 9.—At the Gladstone Athletic club rooms last night George Godfrey, the colored pugilist of Boston, whipped Patsy Cardiff, the Peoria giant, in the sixteenth round. There were 1,200 people present. The $1,200 trophy was awarded to Godfrey. Godfrey weighed 172 pounds and Cardiff 176. Cardiff was remarkably clever in dodging to avoid punishment. His left eye was completely closed during the struggle. Godfrey used aggressive tactics, standing right up to his man. Neither received any body punishment. In the sixteenth round the men came together at the word of time and clinched near the ropes, when suddenly Cardiff fell to the floor upon his face. He was carried with nausea and suffering *from exhaustion*. This closed the fight and the purse was awarded to Godfrey.

Germany and American Pork.

LONDON, May 9.—The correspondent of The Chronicle at Berlin says that Germany is disposed to relax the hitherto strict prohibitory regulations regarding the importation of American pork, provided that the United States government will agree to make concessions favorably affecting German [illegible].

Four Men Killed.

DULUTH, Minn., May 9.—A steamer belonging to the Red Stone Mercantile company engaged in hauling a raft of logs was blown up near Sandy Lake, near the Sault. Four men were killed.

A Surplus at Norristown.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., May 8.—The committee of directors investigating the Montgomery Trust company report that there is a surplus of $75,000 after paying all deposits.

ANOTHER ASYLUM FIRE.

Ten Idiotic Women Roasted in Their Cells.

NO ESCAPE FROM THE FLAMES

The Poorhouse and Asylum at Preston, N. Y., Destroyed—The Scenes of Horror in Quebec Repeated — Blackened and Unrecognizable Bodies in the Ruins.

NORWICH, N. Y., May 9.—Another asylum horror similar to the holocaust at Longue Pointe, Quebec, and entailing the loss of ten or more lives, occurred yesterday at Preston, Chenango county. The county poorhouse at that place was fired by a spark from the pipe of old Deborah Dibble —an idiotic woman—and the scenes of horror at the Quebec fire were in a measure duplicated. About midnight screams of mortal agony issuing from the idiot ward quickly brought the terrified keepers to the scene. They found old Deborah Dibble lying on the bare floor, with the hungry flames feeding on her clothing and wrapping themselves around her like a winding sheet of fire, while other poor idiots ran to and fro trying to escape the flames, which were licking the bed clothing and curling about the few bits of furniture in the apartment.

Rapid Spread of the Flames.

So fierce was the heat, and so rapidly had the fire, which was started by the embers of old Deborah Dibble's pipe, spread that the keepers were compelled to retreat to the outhouses. A few of the idiots, babbling and jabbering, ran with the keepers, who cried the alarm as they went. Presently, when all in the place were aroused, the whole idiot ward was in flames.

The Inmates Let Out to the Woods.

The lunatics were released from the different wards as soon as possible. In the violent ward the crazy inmates acted as if they would tear each other to pieces in their efforts to escape. Some prayed, cursed and prayed. As soon as the doors were opened they scampered out of the building. Some ran, laughing as only maniacs can, and all attempts to restrain them were in vain. Altogether there were about twenty, and it was feared that if they managed to get into the more tractable patients there would be a general stampede. The majority of the violent ones, however, made directly for the woods, and for hours afterward they could be heard screaming and yelling in the adjacent forests.

A Bucket Brigade Formed.

The bell on the building used to alarm the neighboring villages when an inmate escaped was rung, and the people who heard it responded quickly until a bucket brigade one hundred strong was formed, but the fire had gained too much headway to *nothing could be done except to save the outhouses.* Attention was given to the saving of life, and the nurses and keepers worked with a will in the endeavor to rescue. In their wild efforts to escape some of the patients were badly burned. Those in the poor wards were all rescued without trouble.

It Was an Awful Night.

It was an awful night for the nurses and attendants. They hardly knew what to do or which way to turn, until finally some half dozen of the good, kind farmers offered their houses and barns as places of refuge for the imbeciles.

The doors of the two little churches were thrown wide open and temporary hospital quarters arranged. The keeper of the solitary hotel of which the town boasts offered food and shelter for those who were still unprovided for.

The Keeper's Story.

Keeper E. F. Mainwaring repudiates the pipe story as the origin of the fire, and said: "I awoke with a start about last night, trembling and covered with perspiration. An inborn instinct *told me that something* was wrong. Without waiting to dress myself, I bounded down stairs and on opening the door of the idiot department I was thunderstruck to see that the entire building was all ablaze; in fact, it was one mass of flame and the smoke was overpowering. I attempted to open the door and rescue the poor inmates who were all securely shut in their cells as usual, but was driven back by the heat and smoke.

Locked in the Cells and Doomed.

"I saw that the poor idiots were doomed and that nothing could save them. This aroused the paupers, telling them, as plainly as I could, what had happened. In some instances poor people were dazed and it was necessary to drag them bodily from the house and turn them loose in the yard and fields. There were twelve inmates in the insane asylum and they must have been overcome by the heat before I awakened, for I heard nothing from them, and they must have roasted like pigs in a pen. How the fire originated is a mystery to myself as well as every one else. It must have been a case of spontaneous combustion."

Eight Blackened Bodies Visible.

During the day thousands visited the scene and gazed curiously into the ruins, where eight bodies could be counted, disfigured and charred. There was little to show that they were the bones of human beings. It was utterly impossible to identify any of them.

The Names of the Dead.

The names of the idiots who perished were:

Atwood, Ariella, Norwich.
Austin, Almeda, county.
Bailey, Sarah, Columbus.
Benedict, Adelia, county.
Dibble, Deborah, Bainbridge.
Gallagher, Sarah, Norwich.
Gray, Laura, Greene.
Mills, Sarah, Afton.
O'Daniels, Preston.
Warren, Lucy, county.

The loss to the county on buildings and contents will probably reach $37,000; insurance, $19,000.

Only Nine Maniacs Escaped.

The male inmates all escaped. There were about eighty inmates in the pauper and idiot department, which were in the main building. The buildings occupied by the pauper and insane inmates were both completely destroyed, only the foundation walls remaining. Three chimneys stand as monuments of the midst of the scene.

The insane department was in a separate building to the south of the poorhouse and divided by a driveway. There were forty-three inmates, and at once the keeper, William Hall, was acquainted with their peril he opened the doors of their cells, allowing the inmates to leave their cells and escape. Most of them made their escape to the open air. Four or five of them took advantage of their liberty and evading the vigilance of the watchers could not be found when wanted. The posse of the sheriff is scouring the entire county in search of the fugitives. Two, who were captured, were found in the fields near by, and resisted vigorously before they allowed themselves to be retaken.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 4 1 0 0—5
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
Base hits: Philadelphia, 6; Boston, 11. Errors: Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 6. Batteries: Hallen and Harris; Vickery and Clements. Attendance, 1,543.

At Cleveland—
Pittsburg.....0 3 0 0 3 0 1 0 0—8
Cleveland.....1 4 1 1 0 0 1 0 1—9
Base hits: Pittsburg, 11; Cleveland, 13. Errors: Pittsburg, 2; Cleveland, 3. Batteries: Bowser and Wilson, Lincoln and Zimmer. Attendance, 825.

At Chicago—
Chicago.....3 0 1 1 0 2 3 0 0—10
Cincinnati.....4 0 1 3 1 0 0 0 1—10
Base hits: Chicago, 17; Cincinnati, 11. Errors: Chicago, 2; Cincinnati, 5. Batteries: Hutchison and Nagle, Viau and Baldwin. Attendance, 391.

At Brooklyn—The Brooklyn and New York were to have played off a postponed game here today, but it had to be postponed again on account of wet grounds.

Players' League.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....7 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—8
Boston.....2 0 1 0 0 4 1 x—11
Base hits: Brooklyn, 9; Boston, 5. Errors: Brooklyn, 3; Boston, 2. Batteries: Weyhing and Daley, Daley and Kelly. Attendance, 251.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....1 1 2 4 0 4 1 0 1—14
New York.....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Philadelphia, 16; New York, 8. Errors: Philadelphia, 4; New York, 5. Batteries: Esell and Cross, O'Day and Brown. Attendance, 5,794.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....0 2 0 0 1 0 3 1 0—7
Buffalo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: Cleveland, 14; Buffalo, 7. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Buffalo, 2. Batteries: Magill and Snyder, Haddock and Mack. Attendance, 700.

At Chicago—
Chicago.....5 1 0 1 0 4 0 2 1—8
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Chicago, 21; Pittsburg, 6. Errors: Chicago, 5; Pittsburg, 6. Batteries: King and Farrell, Staley and Carroll. Attendance, 1,794.

American Association.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Rochester.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 x—3
Base hits: Syracuse, 12; Rochester, 11. Errors: Syracuse, 6; Rochester, 3. Batteries: Keefe and Bringe, Ferguson and McGinnis.

At Toledo—
Toledo.....1 0 1 3 1 0 0 0 1—7
Louisville.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Toledo, 9; Louisville, 6. Errors: Toledo, 1; Louisville, 3. Batteries: Cushman and Sage, Ehret and Ryan.

At Columbus—
Columbus.....1 0 0 3 4 0 0 0 0—8
St. Louis.....0 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0—3
Base hits: Columbus, 4; St. Louis, 1. Errors: Columbus, 2; St. Louis, 3. Batteries: Gastright and O'Connor, Silvetts and Earle.

The Brooklyn-Athletic game was postponed on account of wet grounds.

Atlantic Association.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 16; Wilmington, 3. Base hits: Baltimore, 12; Wilmington, 2. Errors: Baltimore, 4; Wilmington, 5. Batteries: Baker and Townsend, Fyle and Black.

Other games postponed on account of rain.

The Tracks Will Remain Down Awhile.

HARTFORD, May 9.—Justice Blatchford, of the United States supreme court, has *granted a writ of error in the Church street* crossing case, recently decided against the New York and New England railway by the supreme court of this state. The preliminary mandamus ordering the tracks taken up was issued by Judge Thayer in the superior court Wednesday. The writ of error takes the case to the United States supreme court.

Burned by an Incendiary.

GREENSBURG, Pa., May 9.—An incendiary applied the torch to the elegantly furnished residence and large barn of William Gant, of North Huntington township. Both buildings, with their contents, were destroyed. Mr. and Mrs. Gant were absent at the time. Loss, $45,000; insurances, $10,000. There is no clew to the incendiary.

The Senior Crew Won.

BOSTON, May 9.—In the Harvard races on the Charles river the '90, or senior crew, won by three-quarters of a length from '91. The freshmen were third and fourth, '93 and '92 was two lengths in the rear. Distance, 1 7-8 miles; time a little under 11 minutes.

Educational.

ELOCUTION, Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberta, P. O. Box 1066.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, taught by Mesers. Louis Viroux and Creditner of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special terms to pupils of Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free specimens. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 34th street.

MR. P. L. CONDE, Teacher of Violin, 13 years a student, special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 260.

MISS C. S. BELLWIS, a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, taught by Mesers. Louis Viroux and Creditner of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York, Special terms to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German Conversation and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Bellwig, No. 34 West Fifth street.

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SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's school for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. N. S. SIMPSON, Office and residence, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

DR. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. S. REE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Monument street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 105 East Front street Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CUDDINGTON, Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CLARK MANN, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 9 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties wishing to sell parts of the country, Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Improvement Trustee Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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HER GUILT WAS PROVEN

New Jersey's Borgia Convicted by a Jury.

SHE TRIED TO POISON HER SON.

A History of the Unnatural Crime Charged Against Mrs. Vandergrift, of Burlington, N. J.—How She Received the Verdict—A Motion Made for a New Trial.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., May 9.—Mrs. Vandergrift has been found guilty of the attempted murder of her son. She was charged with having attempted to take his life by poisoning him with croton oil. As soon as the verdict of the jury was recorded Mrs. Vandergrift's counsel moved for a new trial. The judge's charge was delivered to the jury Wednesday afternoon. Then the jury retired, but could not agree on a verdict. So they were locked up for the night. Thursday it was rumored that the jury had agreed on a verdict. A rush was made for the court room, which was soon crowded to suffocation.

Mrs. Vandergrift Hears the Verdict.

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The crime committed by Mrs. Carrie E. Vandergrift is one of the most heinous ever recorded. During the first week in April she gave her own son, Frank C. Norman, repeated doses of croton oil, with the intention of poisoning him. Dr. Walter E. Hall, the family physician, was summoned in due time, and found his patient suffering from collapse. All the symptoms pointed toward poisoning by croton oil. The oil is one of the most violent cathartic, either causing death by collapse from weakness, or fatal ulceration of the intestines from prolonged use. As Mrs. Vandergrift was a leading social light and owns lands in Jefferson county. His remains were brought here last evening, and the funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A FULL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some stores, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have just received invoices for large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for 81.

Reynold's Pharmacy

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special attention to

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and [illegible]

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fine Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Ice Cream to Order. (Fresh every day.)

Our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Pineapple, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood sausage, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Spanish Eels and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Mustard Brie, Kettledrum, Pineapple, Brand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield and Elizabeth

HER GUILT WAS PROVEN

New Jersey's Borgia Convicted by a Jury.

SHE TRIED TO POISON HER SON.

A History of the Unnatural Crime Charged Against Mrs. Vandergrift, of Burlington, N. J.—How She Received the Verdict—A Motion Made for a New Trial.

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A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	
California Plums	25	2.50
California Pears	20	2.25
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

STERLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Pa

10-15tf

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hamburg Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a

C. E. CLARKE,

No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Stitching, Hemstitching and Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Cured at short notice.

14 West Front St.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover, Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, CHEMICALS AND BONES.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

38 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Assyrian Damask, a neat pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.

At $15 two leyins. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grease.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Gathered Turkeys.	Kansas Prunes.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham; Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.

N. B. Smallw'd's, 24 Somerset street. Dear at any Price. At McGinty's

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chimney Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE.

P. O. Box 706.

A FINE

50 Cent Suspender

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield, which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

24 and 26 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

14 West Front St.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, FARMING and SPRING Plants at John Lindley's Late Agents Office by Mr. Lindley, 102 West Front street

Kline's Extracts.

MORE TARIFF SPEECHES

Eloquent Members Talk About the McKinley Bill.

A THEORY AND NOT A CONDITION.

Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, Reverses Mr. Cleveland's Famous Epigram—Messrs. Hayne, McMillan, Dockery and Bayne Record Their Views on the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—After the reading of the journal the house went into committee of the whole, Mr. Payson (Ills.) in the chair, on the tariff bill. Mr. Dockery (Mo.) said that the fact that the present system of taxation did not restrict the revenues to the needs of the government was shown by the surplus in the treasury. In the last campaign the Republican party had claimed that the farmers would be benefited by protection. Yet after the Republican victory the depression in agriculture was greater than ever. Turning to the usual schedule, Mr. Dockery made an argument in favor of free wool and a reduction of duty on manufactured products.

A Theory and Not a Condition.

Mr. Burroughs (Mich.) opened his speech with the declaration that "It is a theory and not a condition which confronts us." There could be no condition of the treasury that legislation could not remove. The condition of the treasury today was an overflowing one. What was the remedy? The Republicans would reduce the revenue by one theory; the Democrats by another.

In the campaign of 1888 the two theories were presented. In the August preceding the election a full debate on platform and in the press a verdict was rendered in favor of the Republican theory of taxation. Mr. Burrows defended the wool and metal schedules. He favored placing sugar on the free list and granting a bounty, arguing that it would save the taxpayers $64,000,000, while the bounty would only amount to $7,000,000.

A Hit at Mr. Burrows.

Mr. McMillin (Tenn.) said that Mr. Burrows, in declaring that it was "a theory" and not a condition which confronts us," was anxious to put himself in antagonism with one of the greatest men of the country. In the state of Michigan there 6,000 mortgaged farms, while there were only 42,000 which were not mortgaged. Was that a condition or a theory that confronted the gentleman at home? (Applause.) The average rate of interest paid by his poor over taxed constituents was 7 7-10 per cent. What remedy did this bill propose for these over taxed people?

There was a general change in the bill from ad valorem to specific duties. That concealed the true rate of duty. But it did more. Prices of commodities were falling all over the world, and this change prevented the consumer from getting the benefit of the reduction.

The Bounty System and Jobbery.

Mr. Hayne (Cal.) inquired if the Democratic secretaries, Manning and Fairchild, had not recommended a change from ad valorem to specific. Mr. McMillan replied that they had in some instances, but the Democratic party had declined to do it. Mr. McMillan then discussed at length the Republican victory of 1888, which, he said, did not express the will of the people. He figured that the bounty system would promote jobbery.

Mr. Hayne on Agricultural Depression.

Mr. Hayne regarded the tariff question as settled by the last election. Referring to the agricultural depression, he admitted that in some parts of the country the condition of the farmers was bad, but the foreign farmers were in a much more deplorable condition. He made the prediction that the census of 1890 would show a vast increase in the value of the farms of the country over the value given them in 1880. There was one example presented by the Democratic party that it commended to his side. They stood together and upheld their committee's action.

Mr. Flower Speaks.

Mr. Flower (N. Y.) said that the framers of this bill had wholly misapprehended the situation in this country, and misunderstood the demand that had forced them to report a measure dealing with the income of the government. That situation was industrial stagnation and a plethoric treasury, due in a large measure to an unjust and unequal system of our taxation. The leading bill disregarded all considerations of the equality of citizens and industries under the law, and proposed to increase present duties and levy new duties in the interest of partiality and unjust discrimination.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—In the senate, on motion of Mr. Morrill, the house bill providing for the classification of wool and woolens was taken up for consideration. The bill was so just and proper, Mr. Morrill said, that he hoped there would be a unanimous vote in its favor. It had been recommended by Secretary Fairchild. The bill was opposed by Senators Gray, Vest and Faulkner.

Mr. Vest opposed it on the ground that this was not the proper time or manner in which to change the law. He thought the prospect of the passage of this bill had been used to entice manufacturers to support Mr. Harrison in 1888. Mr. Faulkner opposed the bill as vicious in principle. Its only purpose, he said, was to protect the manufacturers. The bill finally passed as it was reported—yeas, 32; nays, 20. Mr. Payne, Democrat, voted aye.

Boncicault's Wife Still After Him.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Agnes Robertson Boncicault, who obtained a judgment for divorce against the actor and author, Dion Boncicault, in London, on Oct. 29, 1889, in which the latter was ordered to pay her £20 sterling alimony, has begun action in the superior court to make the London judgment the judgment of the superior court. The judgment was obtained in the royal high court of justice. Boncicault, it is alleged, has paid no money under the judgment.

Expelled from the Elks.

CHICAGO, May 9.—A morning paper says that the trouble in the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks culminated in this suspension last night by Dr. Samuel Quinlan, the grand exalted ruler of the order in the United States of the entire lodge of New York city, thirty-six members of the Grand lodge of New York, for insubordination.

De Oro Defeats Powers.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Alfred De Oro, of Cuba, the champion pool player, last night defeated Albert Powers, of this city, at Hardman hall in the first of a series of pool games, by a score of 3?1 to 149. Three games of 600 points are to be played—?00 points each night for three nights—for $150 a side

A YEAR'S LABOR STATISTICS.

Interesting Report of Commissioner Peck Now Down Albany.

ALBANY, May 9.—The annual report of Charles F. Peck, commissioner of labor statistics, submitted to the legislature, states that during 1889 there were 1,376 strikes in this state, involving 32,777 persons. In the five years from 1885 to 1889 inclusive there were 2,364 strikes, involving 328,019 persons. Of this number 4,439 were successful, 1,439 partially successful, 2,468 unsuccessful and 20 pending. The estimated loss of wages was $8,062,915; cost of conducting the strikes $1,210,260; estimated gain in wages, $18,628,-191. Loss of business to employers, $5,127,945.

Out of 7,764 strikes between 1880 and 1886 only 46 were settled by arbitration, 1,862 were abandoned, 2,815 make no return, 81 remained unsettled. The rest were settled by mutual conciliation. It is difficult to give accurate statistics to show whether wages as a whole have been increased by the strikes or not, the indications are that they have to the extent of about a dollar a week. But in addition it should be remembered that many proposed reductions of pay or increases of hours of work have been prevented. On the eight hour question 7,936 inquiries being made, 6,578 reply no change, 1,295 report decreases of hours, 63 report increase of hours.

On the question of boycott during the past four years, out of 7,764 establishments queried, 3,463 made no return, 3,495 reply "no boycott," 805 report that they were boycotted.

The female employes were not, as a rule, given to strikes as a remedy; they follow the shop lead blindly. Not even when organizate a movement it is as often as not done in a huff and quickly abandoned. The number of women and girls engaged in strikes the past four years was 18,810.

The current resolution for submitting to a vote of the people a prohibition amendment to the state constitution was adopted by the assembly. Having been passed by both houses the question goes to the people without having to pass the ordeal of the executive chamber. The vote will be taken in April, 1891. The annual tax levy bill was passed. The rate of taxation for this year will be 82.34 on a thousand of assessed valuation. Last year the rate was $2.53 or $1.19 higher than last year.

A BIG LAW SUIT.

An Attempt to Drive the Standard Oil Trust Out of Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., May 9.—Attorney General Watson on behalf of the state has begun in the supreme court a lawsuit which will probably attract more attention than any other ever filed in Ohio. It is against the Standard Oil company, and its object is to oust that company from doing business in Ohio. The petition sets forth that the company was incorporated under Ohio laws Feb. 10, 1870, with a capital of $1,000,000, to manufacture petroleum and deal in it and its products, with principal offices at Cleveland; that on two subsequent occasions its capital stock was increased, until in 1882 it was $3,500,000. Up to that time it had pursued the legitimate objects of its incorporation, but it was then merged with other concerns into a trust, the object of which was to control the production and the price of petroleum in the United States.

The parties to the agreement of the trust, as set forth in the petition, are divided into three classes: First, corporations, second, individuals, and, third, persons of corporations and partnerships.

The parties to the agreement elected nine trustees to whom they conveyed all their interests and property, real and personal. The trustees assumed control and management of the entire interests of the trusts by its cestuis, on the part of the state, that by entering into this trust agreement the Standard Oil company surrendered its property to the nine trustees, and was a party to the formation of a trust which is injurious to trade and commerce.

The petition is very long, but stripped of its legal verbage is as follows: "That by entering into the trust agreement with other corporations, the Standard Oil company vested all its property in the care of the trust, and thus annulled the corporate rights conferred upon it by the state of Ohio."

Attorney General Watson says he was not instigated to bring the suit by any other oil delears.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL '00

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND GVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

From That Item the Wires Gathered Collied.

Governor Hill has nominated certain ministers for the promotion of uniformity of legislation in the United States: Henry B. Beekman, of New York; Irving Browne, of Albany, and William L. Snyder, of New York.

The legislature at Albany adjourned at noon, *May 9.*

Rev. Louis Martin, an ex-priest, has mysteriously disappeared from Montreal. Richard Croker's health is much improved.

Secretary Windom has decided to lease Castle Garden temporarily for the reception of immigrants, if it can be obtained at $6,000 a year, pending preparations at Ellis Island.

The course of journalism in Cornell university has been discontinued; a change in the English department necessitated its discontinuance.

Martin Burke, the Cronin conspirator and a prison official at the Joliet prison plotted to a successful escape of Burke, Coughlin and O'Sullivan and other prisoners from the jail. The official is said to belong to the Clan-na-Gael. The prisoners in the plot were placed in solitary confinement.

Henry Kunolt, president of the Singing society of St. Matthew's Evangelical church and a director in the Y. M. C. A., was shot and killed at St. Louis while he and a confederate were fleeing from a carpenter shop where they had tried to commit burglary.

The New York Star says the 140 insurance companies doing business in New York are preparing for a gigantic combination which, if consummated, will probably raise insurance rates in New York to a point that they have never reached since the war.

George M. Storrs, the son of the late Emory Storrs, the eminent Chicago lawyer has been removed to the New York State Insane asylum at Poughkeepsie. This is the climax to a series of sensations in which young Storrs figured disagreeably for nearly four years.

Workmen have begun to clear up the ruins of the Singer sewing machine factory at Elizabethport, N. J. It is the intention of the company to begin building at once. *The company will employ about two-thirds* of its 5,000 employes by putting up temporary structures.

It is asserted that the kaiser has demanded of Bismarck an explanation of the *allegations that he employed certain persons* to intrigue against Bismarck with a view of getting him, together with many other statements uncomplimentary to the emperor, which have found their way into the newspapers as utterances of the ex-chancellor.

Rhodes & Carson's coal and lumber were house at Media, Pa., were burned. Loss, $19,000; partially insured.

The Harrisburg Baseball club has filed a bill in equity to restrain Frank Grant from playing with the Harrisburg Athletic (International club.

Miss Lizzie Cunningham, of New York, *who was overcome* by illuminating gas on Jan. 6, has been finally restored to health by the transfusion of blood.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonious to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE,

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 35c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, some in and see the finest line in town.

* * *

Ask to see the Lainy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

* * *

See assortment of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods in the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

* * *

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

* * *

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST,

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters Supplies, Brushes, at

TOURS AND FRESCO

PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE,

MARSH & AYERS.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Fire-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Powell Clayton on the Stump.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 9.—The session of the Clayton-Brooks-Hinds investigation was enlivened by the introduction of Powell Clayton as a witness. His testimony related principally to the killing of old man *Hooper, father* of Tom Hooper, now dead, who has been accused of killing John M. Clayton out of revenge. Powell Clayton, who was governor in 1868, swore his brother had nothing to do with Hooper's murder. *The state militia also was not concerned in* the crime. Hooper, he claimed, had been shot by a party of County Judge Lemay because of the part taken by him in the prosecution of that case. Major Clifton R. Breckinridge was called to the stand by *his own* counsel for the purpose of telling whether or not he had, previous to the election, taken any steps to prevent fraud at the polls. He replied that he had very carefully cautioned the politicians against crooked work.

Gen. Butler's Property Attached.

SALEM, Mass., May 9.—An attachment in the sum of $60,000 has been filed here on the property of Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, in an action of contract brought by the First National bank of Newburyport. The writ runs against Benjamin F. Butler, of Lowell, and Ellen Moody Boynton, of West Newburyport, formerly co-partners under the firm name of the Pentucket Navigation company, and is returnable at Salem on the first Monday in July in the superior court.

Hilton Sued by City Editor Graham.

NEW YORK, May 9.—City Editor Graham, of The World, has brought suit against Henry Hilton for $50,000 damages for libel. The alleged libel was contained in the letter written by Mr. Hilton to the district attorney urging that suit for criminal libel be brought against The World on account of its attack upon Mr. Hilton. In this letter the editors and proprietors of the paper were referred to as miscreants, liars, blackmailers and skunks.

Delaware's Prohibition Ticket.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 9.—Thirty-nine delegates were present at the convention at the Prohibition state convention at Dover. William T. Kellum, of Dover, was nominated for governor. Daniel M. Green, a local and Grand Army man, of Newport, this county, was nominated for congress. A platform of twenty sections was adopted, a state central committee appointed, and $100 raised for the campaign fund.

Bismarck May Visit London.

LONDON, May 9.—The Marquis of Londonderry has invited Prince Bismarck to visit England, and the probabilities are that the chancellor will accept the invitation and accompany Count Herbert Bismarck, who is shortly to be the guest of the marquis.

Mrs. Stephenson,

35 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 1?? Plainfield, N. J. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Pale Ales for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset Street, North Plainfield, N. J. All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Shot Dead by a Farm Hand.

LIVONIA, N. Y., May 9.—Frederick Leach, a prominent and wealthy farmer of Canadice was shot and instantly killed by Frank Lamont, a farm hand. Lamont's time had expired, and he was discharged by Mr. Leach, who sent his son to Lamont to notify him. Lamont refused to go, and Mr. Leach went to Lamont and ordered him to leave A quarrel ensued, in which Lamont ran into the house and seizing a shotgun *ran out, meeting Leach at the corner of the* house. Lamont fired directly at Mr. Leach the charge taking effect in the left side of the breast. Mr. Leach walked a short distance and dropped to the ground dead. Lamont *was taken into custody immediately afterward.* Mr. Leach was 52 years of age. His wife and one child survive him.

A Young Woman Fatally Shot.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Edwin Thomas, who makes a business of tattooing sailors forced his way into the apartments of Mrs Johnson, in the tenement, No. 83 Monroe street, and shot and fatally wounded Miss Jennie Connors, who was visiting Mrs Johnson's daughter. The three women struggled with the armed, but their united strength was not sufficient to prevent the brutal intruder from carrying out his murderous design. After the shooting Thomas ran down the street, but was arrested. He was very cool, and denied everything. Miss Connors stated that she had formerly lived with Thomas, but left him after a quarrel. He shot at her once before, but *she did not report the matter to the police.* She cannot recover.

Iron and Steel for 1889.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—The statistical report of the American Iron and Steel association for 1889 shows that the year was a prosperous one for iron and steel manufacturers on both sides of the Atlantic, and the world's production was larger than in any former year. The present year has also opened favorably so far as prices are concerned. Consumption is still very active The United States now produces 36 per cent. of all the iron ore mined, 26 per cent. of all the coal, 30 per cent. of all the pig iron and 32 per cent. of all the steel that is manufactured.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Is Headed by None

18 AND 18 ½ NORTH AVENUE STREET.

ALLEN

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

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REAL ESTATE

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FIRE INSURANCE.

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April, 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.45, 6.58, 7.45, 9.0?, 9.58 a.m. 12.?? noon, 1.?? 2.?? 3.?? 4.?? 5.?? 6.?? 7.?? 8.?? 9.?? 10.?? 11.?? p. m. 12.?? night. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. 12.00 night. Sundays, leave Plainfield at 5.37, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 noon, 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. 12.00 night. Leave New York at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 noon, 1.00, 4.00, 5.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 6.00, 6.58, 7.45, 8.00, 8.58, 9.00, 9.58, 10.58 a. m. 12.?? noon, 1.?? 2.?? 3.?? 4.?? 5.?? 6.?? 7.?? 8.?? 9.?? 10.?? 11.?? p. m. Sunday, 5.37, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 noon, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 8.30, 9.15, 9.30, 10.15, 10.30, 11.15, 11.30 a. m. 12.15, 12.30, 1.15, 1.30, 2.15, 2.30, 3.15, 3.30, 4.15, 4.30, 5.15, 5.30, 6.15, 6.30, 7.15, 7.30, 8.15, 8.30, 9.15, 9.30, 10.15, 10.30, 11.15, 11.30 p. m. 12.15 night. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. 12.30 night. Leave Elizabeth at 6.45, 7.30, 8.00, 7.00, 10.00 p. m.; 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.37, 11.30 a. m. 2.04, 3.30, 5.45, 6.30, 7.00, 8.30, 9.58, 10.55, 12.?? p. m. Sunday at 9.37, 11.30 a. m. 5.45, 6.30, 7.00, 8.30, 9.58, 12.?? p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.15, 8.12, 9.30, 11.15 a. m. 1.30, 3.15, 4.45, 5.30, 6.00, 7.00, 10.00 p. m.; 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.37 a. m.; 2.04, 4.15, 6.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.07, 9.37 a.m.; 4.15, 6.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

At 10 a. m. For Lennox, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 4.15 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 5.45 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 6.30 p. m. For Flemington, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 7.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 8.30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 10.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 10.55 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 12.?? p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

At 10.00 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 7.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.30, a. m. 12.?? 1.?? 2.?? 3.?? 4.?? 5.?? 6.?? 7.?? 8.?? 9.?? 10.?? 11.?? p. m. For Perth Amboy, 7.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.30, a. m. 1.?? 3.?? 5.?? 7.?? 8.?? 9.?? 10.?? p. m. Sunday 8.37, a. m. 3.?? 5.?? p. m.

For Atlantic City 7.37 11.?? a. m.

For Freehold 7.37, 8.00, 10.05 11.30, a. m. 3.?? 5.?? p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.?? 7.?? 10.?? 11.?? a. m. 2.?? 4.?? 6.?? 8.?? 9.?? p. m. Sundays at 1.?? 7.?? 10.?? 11.?? a. m. 2.?? 4.?? 6.?? 8.?? 9.?? p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.?? 7.?? 11.?? a.m. 2.?? 4.?? 8.?? p. m. Sundays at 1.?? 7.?? 11.?? a.m. 4.?? p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

No Negro Need Apply.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 9.—The Sixteenth convention has adopted an amendment excluding colored members from seats on the floor, with a proviso that the only present colored member shall retain his seat until *his privileges are lost by his resignation or* death. The vote was: Clergy, 34 to 4; laity, 29 to 18. This settlement of the negro question, it is said, means that the convention retains the power to admit colored delegates *at any time. St. Michaels' and St. Pauls'* churches of Charleston are not represented in the convention.

Pittsburg Plumbers on Strike.

PITTSBURG, May 9.—The journeymen plumbers of Pittsburg and Allegheny have gone on strike to the number of 400 over the apprenticeship question. Both sides have taken a determined stand. The plumbers have received assurance of support from the carpenters and plasterers.

The League Pointe Horror.

MONTREAL, May 9.—The ruins of the League Pointe asylum are still smoking and any attempt at search for human remains has been unsuccessful. Lunatics are being arrested all over the island of Montreal. Ten were picked up in the streets yesterday.

The Employes Exonerated.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., May 9.—The coroner's jury has exonerated the railroad employes from blame for Wednesday's fatal accident, but recommends that the grade crossing be abolished.

Weather Indications.

Generally from fair to partly cloudy and warmer, followed by rain.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 211

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

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THE BEE HIVE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF INFANTS' DRESSES, COATS AND LACE CAPS.

Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c, *Children's short dresses 2 rows Hamburg* insertion 40c.; other goods at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 12, 18, 25 and 39c. Children's reefers at 69 c, 1.00 and 1.25. Ladies' ruffled dress, regulars 40c, good at 25c. Ballrigan bone regular made, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies fine black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests at 15c, 25c and 39c. Ladies gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done to their satisfaction.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him as in former years. Telephone 129.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:30 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:20, 8:50, 11:35 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., 1:00 p. m.
ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct routes to Newburgh and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8:50 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.;

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 9:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to convenience of box holders.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Mail Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

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H. N. SPENCER, SOMERSET, ST. FOR SEEDS.

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Desirable Building Lots

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Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth

Life Insurance,

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Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

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Pianos Moved

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Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

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CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.

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I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and dispatch.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

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DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

WOMAN AND HOME.

HAVOC CREATED BY A YOUNG WOMAN AND HER UMBRELLA.

History of Women's Colleges in America.

That Awful Cockroach—London Shop Girls.

Strike of the Sleeps in a Garret—The New Orleans Girl.

One rainy day, just before nightfall and when there was the greatest rush of homeward bound people, a handsome, intelligent looking woman, apparently about 21 years old, joined the throng headed for the Brooklyn bridge. Her umbrella was open in her hand, and the way she handled it straightway attracted notice on all sides. Somehow she managed to knock nearly every umbrella she met from its owner's hands, until, having reached the steps at the entrance to the bridge, she suddenly collapsed from very much to the detriment of the bonnet of another lady who happened to be at her side. She then began fumbling for her purse, holding the umbrella in the meanwhile in the hand which was moving, so that the ferrule described an arc of about 40 degs. Having found a purse she marched to the ticket office, and then, while slowly gathering up her change, stood with the umbrella tucked under her arm and protruding across the passage to the other ticket office, thus obstructing all movement for others.

At last the seven cents was safe in her purse and she passed on. With the umbrella still tucked under her arm she wobbled up the stairs, swaying from side to side, while the man immediately behind her dodged the umbrella's ferrule as well as he could. Suddenly she stepped on her dress, and stopped. Of course, the umbrella jabbed the man in the face.

With a sweet "I beg your pardon," she shifted it so that it struck out sideways and tripped up a man who was hurrying past her.

Finally, with no other mishap than catching the handle of the umbrella in a little girl's hair, the lady got seated in a horse car, a little out of breath and somewhat flustered, and placed the umbrella before her so that it stuck out at least two feet toward the middle of the car. On the Brooklyn side, after the conductor says of the lady and her umbrella was all she stated to get out of one of the side doors. She was holding her umbrella horizontally before her so it caught on both sides of the door, and kept twenty-five people waiting while she figured out what was interfering with her progress.—New York Sun.

Women's Colleges.

The names of three women are associated with the beginning of colleges in America specially for women, that of Mary Lyon being connected with Mt. Holyoke, which was incorporated in 1836. Emma Willard was the name selected with that of Female Seminary, and Catherine L. Beecher's name became historical from her association with the Hartford Female academy. Elizabeth Sherwood, who founded Wells college, as it is known, the first in the world to offer to women the same advantages as were offered in colleges for men. Women having set the example, men have not been slow in seeing the advantages afforded by higher institutions of learning.

In 1861 Vassar college was founded by Matthew Vassar, of Poughkeepsie, who wished to provide such an education for the women of this country as would be adequate to give them a position of intellectual equality with men, in domestic and social life. Another man, Henry Wells, founded Wells college at Aurora, N. Y., in 1868, and Edwin B. Morgan endowed it liberally. Henry Durant founded Wellesley college in 1870, and donated a farm of 400 acres and the original buildings. The course at this college covers five years and includes four modern languages and Greek and Latin. Smith college, Northampton's yet institution, founded in 1871 by Miss Sophia Smith, has an endowment of $600,000. Of the thirty professors fifteen are men and fifteen are women.

Bryn Mawr college, in a suburb of Philadelphia, is one of our youngest colleges for women, having been founded by the late Dr. Joseph W. Taylor in 1880. This college is said to have the largest and best equipped gymnasium of any woman's college in the country. No honorary degrees are offered here, but annual fellowships in history, biology, Greek and mathematics are awarded. Evelyn college is an annex of Princeton, and Barnard college of Columbia, but they are comparatively managed as from these older colleges. Rutgers Female college in New York city offers several permanent scholarships to the daughters of missionaries. Most of these colleges have men occupying their presidential chairs, but Wellesley and Mt. Holyoke have women presidents.—Springfield Union.

For Housewives to Try.

In a bulletin issued by the division of entomology, department of agriculture, Dr. C. V. Riley, speaking of insects in the household, after describing various species of cockroaches, says: In the latitude of Washington and further south they become an intolerable nuisance by eating off the surface and particularly the blue and red paint from the drawings of important maps.

How to kill them and prevent this damage is the question. Without condemning other more violent measures or remedies like borax I would especially call to the free and persistent use of California buhach or some other fresh and reliable brand of pyrethrum or insect powder. I have found this the most satisfactory means of dealing with this and the other roaches mentioned. Just before nightfall go into the infested rooms and puff it into all crevices, under the base boards, into the drawers and cracks of old furniture—in fact, wherever there is a crack—and in the morning the floor will be covered with dead and dying, or demoralized and paralyzed roaches, which may easily be swept up or otherwise collected and burned. With similar care and persistency in these methods the pest may be substantially driven out of a house, and should never be allowed to get full possession by immigration from without.

London Shop Girls.

Strict discipline is usually the order, and whatever advantages either sex may otherwise enjoy, a marked equality exists as to the fines imposed throughout the day. These "corrections" vary from two pence to ten shillings, and to enumerate the multitudinous opportunities presented to the unwary would cover much paper. The list of "offenses" may often be found in a draper's check book, and sufficient food for long study is afforded to the "fresh hands" in mastering these details. In fact in some houses, 'tis said, all the regulations are never understood.

Suffice it to mention a few stock offenses, such as too long a meal, late arrival, incorrect bills, incorrect checking, taking bad money, giving wrong change, leaving one's department without a just reason, and many other misdemeanors which trip the unwary. To balance this network of penalties a "spiff" system is usually adopted, spiffs being premiums placed on certain articles, not of the last fashion, indicated by a marvelously illegible pair on the price ticket. These marks are well known by the assistant, and the almost invisible mystic sign explains why an article, wholly unsalable, is foisted on the jaded customer as "just the thing." The price marks themselves are often conundrums to "mathematics," became these, too, are written in unknown characters, often drawn from a motto code.—Pall Mall Gazette.

The New Orleans Girl.

There seems to be a prevailing heresy in some quarters that southern women do not possess the culture and learning which are supposed to mark the advancement of the sex elsewhere; it is true that their standard did not originate in the rarified air of Concord, nor are their tastes in sympathy with those who "Mouse in Boston, but that of itself does not imply a defect, only a difference. In the first place spinsterhood as a vocation is not popular in the south, and while from numerical reasons alone single blessedness or an early grave must be the lot of some women, still they do not count on that in their education, and hence their talents and time are given to subjects which are most valued from a social and domestic point of view.

As a rule, the women in the best circles all speak French, but the average boarding school French, but the French of the Frenchman, with the accent of France, if not always of Paris. They are accomplished musicians and clever artists. Girls are taught to write interesting, spirited letters; to become good and often brilliant conversationalists. They try to keep up with the standard literature, both English and French, and as politics comes natural to a southern gentleman, he generally calls it statesmanship, it follows that cultured women are interested and well up in political issues. In addition all that they are generally good housekeepers. If they are also fond of novels, of bonbons, of dress, of society, who can prove that they have sacrificed higher duties to these diversions?—Cor. St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

She Sleeps in the Garret.

People like individuality in a room, and an unending vista of blue and white rooms shrouding lily white girls grown monotonous. It is the proper thing; but I know I was glad when I came across a girl who had the nerve to depart from it. Her name I dare not tell, for her courage does not go that far. She said that she was tired of tame people and tame amusements that she was bound to have something startling about her. She got her father's consent to have the garret over the big mansion, and she fitted it up in a way that would make a tiger shiver. It is an uneven room, dark even at noonday, for the window panes are hardly bigger than the palm of the hand. The floor is covered with leopard skins from which the round, beady eyes stare in an uncomfortably fierce way. A big gray owl perch in a dark corner, and below it is a dusky black couch with drapery above it that looks for all the world like a glowering big bat. The doors into the alcoves are hung with the skins of the Rocky mountain lion, and from the sides of the room above the couches are meshes of coiled snakes, from the mouths of which dart lights in a fashion entirely too realistic for comfort.

Instead of a stately samovar there is a regular witch's cauldron in one corner in which the mistress of the room concocts harmless tea for those of her friends who are bold enough to visit her there. By the way, the walls are covered with books, and the very titles of them would make a proper miss swoon away.—Miss Grundy, Jr.

For an Evening at Home.

A unique device that produced unbounded fun for a party was given in a small village, was what, to fit in with the prevailing nonsense of the plan, was called a "mirror musicale operetta." Early in the day each person selected some tune, to which he sang, or tried to sing everything he wished to say. Many were the slides, slurs and yelling required to make a request for a book or other article fit to the air of "Home, Sweet Home," or a remark on the violence of the storm fit the sweet cadences of "Auld Lang Syne." Particularly comical were the remarks of the "Red, White and Blue" man, who was much given to solemn utterances, quite out of keeping with the tune he had selected. Another member of the party, who had just received a letter from a friend of all, tried to give the news, which each was interested in. As the only tune he was capable of keeping (?) was "Old Hundred," the incongruity between its measures and the spicy extracts was most astonishing. So great was the success of the plan for that time, that the company adopted it later, on a number of evenings, always with the same success.—American Agriculturist.

The Child of a Modern "Rocker."

One of the great wants of the age is the right kind of a cradle and the right kind of a foot to rock it with. We are opposed to the warpation of "patented self rockers." When I hear a small boy calling his grandfather "old daddy," or see the little youngster try to slap his mother across the face because she will not let him have ice cream and bananas for his entire stomach, and holding his breath till he gets black in the face, so that, to save the child from fits, the mother is compelled to give him anything, and he afterwards goes out into the world stubborn, willful, selfish and intractable, I say that boy was brought up in a "patented self rocker." The old time mother would have put him down in the old fashioned cradle and sung to him:

Bye, my dear, be still and slumber,
Holy angels guard thy bed;

and if that did not take the spunk out of him she would have laid him in an inverted position across her lap, with his face downward, and with a rousing spank made him more susceptible to the influence of it.—Dr. Talmage in Ladies' Home Journal.

Choosing Jewelry.

A lady was buying a brooch in a Boston jeweler's the other day. She was a quiet little woman, one of those who "go about town in a gray dress, brown bonnet and cape," and she knew very well what she wanted—something very simple, very tasteful, very good. She was looking at some pretty pins, when the jeweler, a dapper man, stepped up and, bowing gracefully, said, "I assure you, madam, that if you will allow me to suggest a brooch that tempted her with all its qualities. Then she glanced appallingly towards the ceiling. "It is for a girl," she said, in a tone that implied a wish that something should be suggested. "Perhaps this would be acceptable," responded the polite salesman, pushing forward on the show case a large diamond brooch of many glittering stones. The descendant of several generations of cultivated ancestors shrank back with a look of utter dismay. "Oh! no, no," she murmured, "the person this is for never wears the diamonds she has. I want to find something she would like to wear."—Boston Transcript.

Buying a Wedding Trousseau.

In buying a trousseau I advise every young woman to commence with underwear, gloves, shoes, hosiery and such articles as do not change much in a year, while the hats and gowns should be the last selected, as then one is more apt to have the latest styles. Too many gowns for one's position in society, and too few pieces of underwear, etc., is better reversed. It is customary for a bride to provide table and bed linen and all towelling necessary for her prospective home, but this part of the outfit I do not include in my present list. If the bride to be can save a trifle in the buying of her wardrobe, she will find that a small sum conveniently to lay to expend in pretty things for her new home, which cannot rightly be included in the furniture. In furnishing a home it is a wise plan to have a fund for the kitchen first, then bedrooms, dining room, and lastly the parlor; for one may do without many things in a parlor, but where is the man who will do without dining?"—Emma M. Hooper in Ladies' Home Journal.

His Last Caste.

From out the wild and hoping west there came not long ago a young man to dwell in the shadow of Murray Hill. He was well introduced, and things were going on comfortably for him until the other day, when in a moment of unpardonable ignorance he committed the solecism of sending a dozen napkin rings as a wedding present. That was unpardonable. At his home in the west people used napkin rings, and he thought them a desirable present here. He did not learn until too late that such things have been relegated to other than the very best circles; that a napkin ring presupposes the use of a napkin more than one time, and that such a gift was a faux pas hard to overlook. Curious what little things one's standing sometimes rests upon. —New York Press.

The Value of a Mutton Bone.

When the dish of cold meat has been set aside, cut off all that remains upon the bone, crack the bone with a cleaver, and put it with all the hard, dry bits into the stock pot. When boiled down it may not make more than a small bowlful of jellied stock, but in that bowlful there is as much material as you would get in five of the cups of bouillon served at a lunch counter or druggists for ten cents a cup. If you are not a business, but a domestic woman, living within the shelter of home, cared and provided for, try to save that fifty cents, nobody selling a piece of fancy work at less than the cost of materials and instruction, but by actual labor, paid for at its current value in the labor market, then you will recognize the fact that even a mutton bone is a factor in domestic economy.—Good Housekeeping.

The Courtesy of Swedish Women.

The women of the middle and lower classes are little if at all behind their husbands and brothers in this matter. Their good temper and pretty behavior are worthy of all praise. The servant girls in Dalecarlian peasant dress, the cafe managers and the young persons employed in shops all make the prettiest of all possible bob courtesies, and so, oddly enough, do the young ladies of good family up to the day of their confirmation, which ceremony takes place rather later than with us, generally about the age of 16. From that day forth they put their hair up and take to bowing.—Temple Bar.

Putting a Smile on a Check of Brass.

Nothing is more annoying about the home than the sudden and inexplicable soiling of brass goods. The surface gets dull apparently without cause, and ever so much rubbing seems to have no brightening effect. A very simple method of restoring the lost luster is as follows: Lay the soiled article for a few minutes in enough water containing a pinch of salt; then take it out and rub it in the hands, dipping them occasionally in the vinegar. When clean, wipe dry with a cloth. In cleaning tinted goods omit the salt, or dip in vinegar and brush with red chalk.—New York Journal.

The ladies of the Rubinstein club insulted the great Tamagno by inviting him to sing for them at one of their receptions. He jumped on the pretty note with both feet, then picked it up and sent it back to the musical ladies with these few words scrawled across the back: "I" price is $1,500 for one song." It is needless to mention that Tamagno's portrait has no place on the club's walls.

Mrs. Bolton Lacy is a fully certificated dentist, who has been practicing for twenty years. She began by doing her husband's her skill as assistant to her husband, and after his death was able to carry on his business and support her young family. She is especially successful in persuading timid children to submit cheerfully to needed dental operations.

Grease may be removed from white marble by applying a mixture of two parts washing soda, one part ground pumice stone and enough chalk all fine finely powdered and made into a paste with water; rub well over the marble and finally wash off with soap and water.

If the material is washable at all, black dye can practically be rendered a fast color by the help of the salt-water bath before the genuine washing is carried upon. After such a treatment faded black cannot by washing will never occur.

Jewelry can be beautifully cleaned by washing in soap suds, in which a few drops of spirits of ammonia are stirred, shaking off the water and laying in a bed of fine sawdust. This method leaves no marks or scratches.

Half a teaspoonful of sugar will nearly always revive a dying fire, and, unlike the drops of coal oil which servant girls are so fond of using and which often cause so many accidents, is perfectly safe.

A new jewel case is a most perfect imitation in oxidized silver of a gripsack. On unfastening and raising the outside pocket flap, the interior of the case, lined with cardinal satin, is disclosed.

Here are some of the bouquets carried by brides at fashionable weddings: Orchids and grasses, bouquet of the valley and white roses, white violets, Marechal Niel roses, lilies of the valley.

Instead of chewing slate pencils and drinking vinegar and lime juice adipose doctors feed their patients raw fruit without sugar or cream and chunky tea.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

A Much Admired Garment Is the Comfortable but Stylish Tea Jacket That Replaces the Tailor Made Bodice Worn Through the Day.

Tea jackets are one of those comfortable fashions that attract many followers. A tailor made gown worn all day has the bodice replaced at tea time by one of these prettily trimmed jackets. A jacket in blue silk, trimmed with black lace, accords well with any black skirt that may be worn with it.

TEA JACKET OF BLACK GAUZE OVER WHITE SILK.

The jacket shown in the cut can be worn with almost any skirt, as it is of rich black mistletoe gauze, lined with white silk; waistcoat and sleeves of black lace, with velvet waistband, ribbon and velvet fichu, with Medici collar of white ribbon.

A pretty jacket is in cream cashmere with a loose front of cream surah trimmed with Oriental embroidery. With this is worn a smart little cap of velvet; ribbon and embroidery to match.

Another attractive jacket is in shrimp colored plain soft silk fully trimmed with old lace. These dressy little affairs look very stylish with the plain skirts which the English women have adopted and fully appreciate. In Paris there is an attempt to revive drapery, and especially panniers.

THEATRE JACKET.

Another fashionable form of the jacket appears in the second cut. This is designed for full dress at the theatre. It is of black velvet braided with gold and trimmed with fringe. The high collar is also beaded on the inside. With this are worn long black gloves. These theatre jackets are often composed of material beaded all over in steel or other metallic effect.

Novelties in Gloves.

In gloves a novelty consists of those made in real Russia leather, with the unmistakable subtle perfume. They are very soft and durable, are in the mignonette shades, and have four buttons. Than come the suede and kid gloves, with the ornamental points up the back of the hand. This pointing is uncommon and delicate, stamping the glove as a good one. Mouse colored kid gloves, in several shades of the color, are served with plain or stitched backs, and so is a beautiful pale lavender suede evening glove, with French sewing up the back in black for slight mourning. Choice shades for evening wear are French pearl and gray. For the daytime the tan shades still hold their own.

Echoes from the World of Fashion.

Soft silk pompons are used in millinery.

Some new Paris bonnets are entirely covered with gold netting, and have gold drops at the edge, and many are almost composed of black drops.

The orchid is the fashionable flower in enameled jewelry.

One of the most marked adjuncts in millinery now is a butterfly in jet, gilt or the like.

The high collars and wide, high sleeves now in vogue try the soul of the stout woman. The tall, thin figure reigns as before.

Satin is to be worn and some of the newest designs are thrown onto a satin ground or onto silk and satin stripes.

Some new dress skirts have a velvet band at the edge, and others are cut in a little distance above. The bands are from three inches to four inches wide, and correspond with the general coloring.

White tailor suits will be popular for the summer; the yellow tints, including primrose, apricot and cameo, are in high favor, and green is undoubtedly stylish.

A Grecian border in gold and silver braid is seen on some ada bodices.

Some of the finest chambrays have brocaded figures with a satin finish, like the damask table linens. A salmon pink, whose suggestive yellow cast engrands on quinces, is made beautiful by a collection of brocaded crescents, which are half white and half a deeper shade of pink.

A new shade for evening gloves, called golden red yellow, goes well with everything, and is likely to be popular.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lots of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Trimming reduced to 4c. Great variety of basket straps, Jersey jackets and capes at half price. Dress buttons and laces, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET,

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies.

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'dway

65c! 65c! 65c! 65c!

WE WERE FORTUNATE IN SECURING A FEW PIECES OF LOWELL EXTRA-SUPER ALL-WOOL INGRAIN CARPETS AT THE RECENT GREAT SPECIAL SALE, AND WILL OFFER THEM FOR ONE WEEK ONLY AT THE UNUSUAL PRICE OF 65 CTS. PER YARD. THE PATTERNS ARE NEW AND BEAUTIFUL. SECURE THEM WHILE YOU CAN.

65c! 65c! 65c! 65c!

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

56c! 65c! 65c! 65c!

CARPETS!

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES AND GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICES. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ROBERT ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner West and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Travis J. Carey, to whom reference can be made.

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. Packing specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 97 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Furnace for extension paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 634. Telephone call 38.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—

SUNDAY TIME:

First trip from N. Plainfield to Plainfield and Broadway, two a. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train.
Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to Depot, 8.15 p. m. to connect at Depot ave. to Front ave. to Depot.

1st trip	8.15	p. m.	2nd meet	8.35 a. m. train.
3d	9.15		do	9.35 do
4th	10.15		do	10.35 do
5th	11.00		do	11.35 do
6th	11.45		do	12.05 p. m.
7th	1.15	p. m.	do	1.35 do
8th	2.45	do	To the Post Office.	
9th	3.45	do	to meet 5 p. m. train.	
10th	5.00	do	do	5.20 do
11th	6.30	do	do	6.50 do
12th	8.45	do	do	7.05 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Somerset and Mercer streets, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stages will make regular trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.45, 9.37, 10.15 a. m. 2.52, 3.30, 4.22, 4.54, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes.

Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Stables after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 2nd and 3th. Telephone Call. 18.

MUSIC HALL

1890. FURNITURE STORE POWLISON & JONES. 34 West Front St.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St., where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation free. Office hours from 9 to 12 and 2 to 5. 60 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

24 and 26 Doors. Rear 1855.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Office Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, MAY, 10 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MRS. LISSOGNOLO'S SUIT

SHE SAYS HER TENANT, J. WARREN WATSON, INJURED HER HOUSE.

Asks the Court for $2,000.—The Defendant Makes a General Denial of the Charges.

Judge VanSyckel, who has become a terror to the race tracks has brought him into much notoriety, was taken suddenly ill yesterday on the bench in the Union county court while an interesting case was being tried and had to adjourn court. The Judge said he had been ill with an accident in the morning and the shock was too much for his nervous system.

The case on trial was a suit brought by Augusta G. Lissognolo against G. Warren Watson, who leased her furnished house in this city and occupied it nineteen months. It was handsomely fitted up, and in the stable were several carriages and three horses. These were also included in the lease. A petition-tory was left on the premises with the understanding that it should be cared for. The plaintiff alleges that the animal was put in the barn, where it died from cold and neglect. Its value is inserted as an item in her claim. All her pottery were likewise left on the premises, and for taking care of them Watson had the suit.

Mrs. Lissognolo declared that when she resumed charge of the house she found it in a filthy condition. Large holes, she avers, had been made in two of her valuable paintings, making them of little value. They were exhibited in Court and Jury. One, a landscape, was imported from Germany. Col. Julius Scott, the scenic artist, of this city, testified under oath that it was worth $250. Mrs. Annie Griffen, also a painter of note, testified for the defense that the painting was worth $100. She set no value on other pictures, but Col. Scott judged it to be worth $35. The defense claimed the paintings were insecurely hung on the wall, and one day the cord broke and they fell against a lot of crockery, which caused the damage.

The plaintiff alleged that her carriages were nearly ruined, and one of her horses was crippled by Defendant Watson. She estimated the entire damage to her property to be not less than $3,000. For this amount she had brought suit.

Mrs. Lissognolo caused a laugh in the court-room by a reply which she made to Lawyer Marsh, who was counsel for the defense. She testified that the tenants in her house when she regained possession were decorated with a lot of empty beer bottles.

"Was there anything strange about this?" asked Lawyer Marsh.

"Yes," quickly retorted Mrs. Lissognolo. "It was decidedly strange to find them empty."

Watson, the defendant, is a New Yorker, and from all accounts was a generous liver. He has the reputation of being a lover of sports. It is whispered that game cocks and boxing matches were among the diversions with which he entertained friends. His family, it is said, became wealthy in Tweed's time. The elder Watson, it is said, was a friend of the Tammany chieftain.

Mr. Watson denied the charges that he was careless and reckless in using Mrs. Lissognolo's property. He said the carriages were in bad condition when he leased them, and produced to substantiate his testimony, ex-Chief of Police Chase, a carriage builder of this city, whom Watson hired to repair some of the vehicles. The trial was to be resumed to-day.

LOOK OUT FOR HIM.

A Needed Warning to Sympathetic People.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Look for the "carpenter from New Brunswick." He has been going the rounds of our town for some time it seems. He called at my house Wednesday, and worked upon the sympathy of my poor nervous wife, resulting in a dollar profit to the scoundrel and in prostrating my wife through sympathy for his afflicted family.

He offers to make ironing boards, clothes poles, etc., is a perfect genius, can do anything under the sun, and, regarding included: takes money in advance for his services (where he can get it) gives receipt, inquires name of near neighbor, etc., etc. Same old game.

He should be arrested, and I would give $5 if I could get hold of him.

I send this as a duty to the community to save other too sympathetic women from being imposed upon.

He says that he cannot get work, and wants just enough money to get to *New Brunswick* with, etc. I have learned this morning that he has been in town a month working this swindle. I am surprised he has not been reported before. DUNCAN S. THAIN.

[The individual is probably the same one who worked Plainfield last year, if so, he's a notorious beat.—Ed.]

Par Base Ball Players.

Under the heading "Railway Umpire Criticised" the *Advocate of last city* publishes the annexed communication from a Plainfielder:

Editor of the Advocate:—Kindly permit a "Fiesling" from Rahway, who in his capacity of Umpire at last Wednesday's game in this city, and who was hooted from the grounds on account of his jug-handle decisions against the visiting team, had better change his name at least once more, before he tackles another job of this kind. It has been remarked here that if he belonged in Plainfield and manifested the same spirit toward the Plainfield team which he is said to have shown towards his home team at Rahway, that no fears would be shed if while changing his name he should also change his residence.

FAIR PLAY.

Plainfield, N. J., May 6.

Epworth League Anniversary.

The *first anniversary of the Epworth* League of the Methodist Episcopal church will be observed in this city to-morrow evening in the Methodist church. A fine programme has been prepared, the young people of the church having entire charge of the exercises. All are cordially invited.

FATHER SMYTH OFF FOR EUROPE

With a $400 Purse Presented by his Parishoners.

Father Smyth, pastor of St. Mary's Catholic church, sailed for Europe this morning. Last night a number of his parishioners gathered at the *rectory* and presented him with a purse amounting to about $400. A collation followed and a general good time was had. Father Smyth has the best wishes of the whole parish. It is just seven years ago to-day since he took charge of the parish, during which time he has reduced the debt on the church about $20,000. He has also had built a parochial school and through him the church has acquired other valuable property. Father Smyth is greatly beloved by his parishioners.

JOTTINGS.

—Capt. George D. Morrison will speak at Mt. Pleasant to-morrow evening.

—There are several important changes in the Central Railroad time-table to-morrow.

—Mr. William A. Coddington, as assignee, this afternoon sold the goods and chattels of Joseph Odell.

—A milkman says: Watered milk will not adhere to a polished knitting needle. Only pure milk does this.

—The Australian Folly Company will give their final exhibition in Amphion Hall to-night. The performance commences at eight o'clock.

—Ad. Mr. Totten of New Dorer was driving on Park avenue this morning a coal wagon belonging to the estate of the late D. J. Boice, collided with his vehicle and wrecked one of the wheels.

—James Furlong, the young man who has been a patient at the Muhlenberg Hospital for a week past where he was being treated for a rattle from a rattlesnake bite was sent house to Ireland to-day. Captain Grant accompanied him to New York.

—On account of the May frost the prophecy at once goes forth that this will be a poor wheat year. It is a blessing to the poor that a great deal of this kind of prophecy is speculative lying promulgated in the metropolitan journals for a price.—Home News.

—Under the road way in Washington Valley there is an old mine which was worked years ago. Yesterday a portion of the road caved in. The situation of the Commissioner of the Highway in that district was directed to the matter and he repaired the damaged road bed.

—Here's base-ball for you. The two local teams "Young Stars" and "Cuban Giant" crossed bats on the Fourth street grounds and kept the score keeper at work counting runs for a couple of hours this morning. When the game was finished he announced that the *score was 40 to 1! in favor of the "Young Stars."*

—There were 152 failures in the United *States reported to Bradstreet's during* the week, against 133 in the preceding week and 134, 177, 166 and 156 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 4,290, against 4,570 in 1889.

—Mr. F. M. Gates, of Topeka, Kansas, with two friends who with himself will sail May 15th, are tourists to the Soudan, Africa, will speak at *Young Men's Christian Association* rooms to-morrow, Sunday at 4:15 p. m. Young men who may desire to confer with Mr. Gates and his friends in regard to Foreign Missions are invited by the association to take supper with them at the rooms at the close of the service.

—The Rev. Charles B. Mitchell will deliver a lecture illustrated with 60 choice views of the Paris Exposition, at Reform Hall, Tuesday evening next, May 13th, at eight o'clock. The lecture will be under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. and the proceeds will be devoted to the Building fund of the Association." Admission 25 cents, reserved seats 35 cents. Tickets on sale at drug stores.

—Mr. W. H. Warner of West Front street has just been granted a patent, dated May 8th, for an artificial stone, known as iron silicate stone, which is made from pulverized and crushed slag in combination with cement, and is considered of extraordinary strength and cohesiveness, and especially adaptable for house fronts, and curbing and flagging. Quincite cutters pronounce it equal to Quincy Granite.

—Charles R. Baker, one of Mr. Collins' compositors, set 4,400 m's yesterday in which the proof sheet showed but one typographical error. Whether that was due to a mis-placed type in the case, or to an inadvertency on his part it makes no particular difference; it remains an example of clean work seldom matched. Evidently the best in his line is good enough for Mr. Collins.—*Westfield Standard.* Charley learned to "stick" type in The News office and that accounts for it.

—The Fanwood club held its annual meeting last Tuesday evening and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, A. C. Beeken; vice-president, Adam F. Post; secretary, W. R. Gibbs; trustees for three years: R. F. Moore, Chas. Richardson; for one year, A. R. Brown. The prosperity which the club has enjoyed during the past year speaks well for the energy and efficiency of the old officers. The names of the citizens who fill the offices for the coming year, is a guarantee of continued future success, and a brilliant season is assured.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

One hundred homing pigeons belonging to the Jersey Club were liberated from Bunting Hankins loft a few days ago to fly to Newark and Jersey City. *They are in training to* fly a 1,000 mile race this summer.

Belvidere, N. J., May 10th.—There was a heavy frost throughout this section last night, and the ground was frozen quite hard this morning. Grave fears are felt for the safety of the small fruits, as many of the trees are well advanced.

A Morris county exchange tells of a man who brought a notice in for publication, notifying the public not to trust his wife on his account, as he would not pay the bills, and as ridiculous as it may seem the fellow couldn't raise enough money to pay for the notice.

Elizabeth, N. J., has a original in Samuel Morgan, a one-armed shoemaker living at No. 362 Elizabeth avenue. Despite his infirmity, his arm having been cut off at the shoulder, Morgan with his remaining hand can sole and heel a pair of shoes as well as most shoemakers who have the use of two hands. He is likewise a skilful auctioneer and somewhat of a lay preacher and stump orator.

Valentine Getz, eight years old, of Passaic, N. J., while playing along the Susquehanna tracks the other day found a railroad cartridge. *None of his companions knew what the* thing was, and he concluded to take it home and break it. Young Getz beat the cartridge with a flat-iron and it exploded, blowing off his hand and putting out his right eye. Two physicians are attended the child. His life is despaired of.

PERSONAL.

Miss Mary Riley of this city is visiting *friends in High Bridge.*

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Beakman, formerly of Brooklyn, are now residents of this city.

Mr. F. H. Martin of East Fifth street starts in a few months with his family for Denver, Col., where he will permanently reside.

"Wash," said a Washington Valley visitor at Central Park, as he viewed the obelisk, "if that's Cleopatra's needle, I'd like to see some of the stockings she used to darn."

Mr. Nathan R. Lee of Pearl street, North Plainfield, and Miss Ida Naylor of Lake street, this city were united in marriage in the Grace church on Thursday evening by the Rev. E. M. Rodman.

Mr. J. V. A. Craighead of No. 22 East Fifth street, who has been confined to the house for the past month by sickness, is once more able to be about attending to his business interests in New York.

Mr. William Uhrhahn of Regent street, North Plainfield, has so far recovered from *injuries* received by being kicked by a horse about three months ago, as to be able to walk out with the aid of crutches.

Mr. I. Swedberg, *a former draftsman* at the Pond Machine and Tool Works was in this city yesterday. Mr. Swedberg was on his way to Sweden, where he had been summoned on account of the death of his father.

W. F. Rank, the well-known Central Railroad conductor, who ran a train between Flemington and New York for 20 years, but recently between Easton and New York, has resigned to resign his position because of failing health.

John Albert Staats, the popular proprietor of the Sheridan House, at Elizabeth, is dangerously ill with pneumonia. Last night two physicians were called in consultation. Mr. Staats is a brother-in-law of Mr. John E. Shoemaker, the proprietor of the City Hotel in this city.

Wednesday morning at eight o'clock Father Freeman, the pastor of St. Joseph's church, united in marriage Mr. James Whalen and Miss Bridget Callahan, both of North Plainfield. *Mr. Joseph Sheerin of New York acted* as best man and Miss Kate Mahoney of this city was the bridesmaid. A wedding breakfast followed the ceremony.

Mrs. Rebecca Fenner of Bound Brook celebrated her seventieth birthday at the residence of her daughter in Bound Brook to-day. Eighty-five relatives were present and the event was a most enjoyable one. Mrs. Fenner is still hale and hearty. She is the mother of Mrs. Henry Van Middlesworth of Elmwood place this city. Mrs. Van Middlesworth and family attended the reception.

Mr. Andrew R. Kenney, who established the United States Express Company's office in this city some months ago, and who has since managed its business here in a highly satisfactory manner, Wednesday tendered his resignation to the company, to take effect May 15th. Mr. Kenney resigns to accept a more lucrative position with the Central Railroad Company, and has been appointed assistant freight agent in this city, Mr. Howard Teel having resigned that position.

A Local Union Organized.

The Young People's Societies of Christian Endeavor held a union meeting in the Trinity Reformed church, Thursday evening, and formed a local union, Mr. D. K. Shafer acted as temporary chairman. The Rev. C. H. Jones, the president of the Essex County Local Union, made an interesting address. The election of officers resulted as follows:

President.—Rev. Asa Read Dilts.
Vice-President.—Miss Johns.
Secretary and Treasurer—Miss E. G. Benedict.

The Union is to be known as the "Plainfield Local Union."

Central Railroad Election.

The annual meeting of the Central Railroad was at noon yesterday in the depot at Communipaw. The following directors were elected: Austin Corbin, Charles Lanier, Harris G. Fahnestock, J. Rogers Maxwell, J. A. Garland, G. F. Baker, S. D. Adams, H. Graves and W. H. Maxwell.

—While Judge VanSyckle is declaring "that bookmaking at races in this State is illegal," the legislature at Trenton is endeavoring to pass a law to allow what is now an offense against the law.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet to-morrow at 10 a. m.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Rev. C. L. Goodrich will preach at the Washingtonville chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock led by the Rev. G. K. Newell.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Mr. Suffern will conduct the Young Men's Gospel and Song service at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4:15 p. m.

Usual Sunday services at 73 West Front street, at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m., *will be held* to-morrow, to which all are invited.

Rev. Francis Tiffany of Cambridge, Mass., will preach in the Unitarian church, on *Second* place, at *10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.*

The Rev. Wm. Maxwell Reilly will occupy the pulpit of All Saints church at Scotch Plains to-morrow morning. No evening service.

The church of the Holy Cross. Service at 11 a. m. with Holy Communion. Sunday-School at 9:45 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church *to-morrow.* Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by Rev. Cornelius Schenck. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

Services to-morrow as usual in the First Presbyterian church. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. *S. C. Ketcham, 10:30 a. m. and* 7:30 p. m.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Stinson, pastor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

There will be preaching of the gospel in the meeting-room, No. 14 East Front street, over the *Union County Bank*, at 7:30 p. m. *to-morrow* evening. All are heartily welcome.

Two services will be held to-morrow in the German Reformed church on Craig place, *North Plainfield, one at 10:30 a. m. the other* at eight o'clock in the evening. Sunday-school at 2:30. All are welcome.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow *the Rev. A. B. Dilts will preach at 10:30 a.* m. In the evening at 7:30 the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach. Subject: "The Baptism Most Needed." A welcome to all.

The meetings of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held the coming week as usual, at 73 West Front street. Sunday services at 9:15 and 4; Tuesday afternoon at 3, and to-night at 7:30. An invitation is extended to all.

The doors of Reform Hall will be open to-morrow for the welcome admission of all comers at usual hours of 9:15 a. m. (Sacramental) 4 and 7:45 p. m. (auditorium.) Several short and appropriate testimonies may be expected in the evening.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, will preach at the morning service. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. No league meeting at 6:45. At 7:30 p. m. will be held the first anniversary of the Epworth League. The various exercises will be in charge of the young people.

First Church of Christ in Plainfield—Mr. Cleaves will speak morning and evening. Morning hymns practised at 9:30 by Prof. Humphrey, part V. "Mistakes of Moses No. 1." Wednesday, review of a recently written lecture. *None welcomed to these services except such* as are Atheists, Infidels and non-Christians.

Warren Mission Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Service at 7:30 led by Mr. H. M. Dunham, and at 8 o'clock usual Sunday evening service led by Mr. D. M. Moore. Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock the meeting of young people, and on Thursday evening the prayer meeting at 8 o'clock. Endeavor work connected with the Mission will take place. Addresses will be delivered by Mr. Frederick M. Bryant and Mr. C. W. Tyler. A cordial invitation is extended to all societies connected with our different churches.

To Break Up Jumping on Trains.

The New Jersey Central Railroad authorities are determined to break up the nuisance *of jumping on and off of coal and freight* trains by tramps and others. The company has detectives out all long the line, and some wholesale arrests may be expected at any time.

The men watch their chance at the various stations where the trains stop for water, and in some instances as many as a dozen or fifteen men and boys board a single train. The tramps are in the majority, and the brakemen are therefore powerless to eject them.

Decorating Graves.

For some time past some unprincipled person has been the habit of stealing from the graves in Evergreen cemetery. The flowers are placed on the graves by the friends of the deceased and before the day is over some miscreant steals them. Complaint has been made to the man who is in charge of the cemetery, but he claims to have no jurisdiction in the matter. Something should be done to stop the practice. This is a direct violation of the law, and any person mean enough to desecrate the graves of the dead should be severely punished when caught.

A $1,500,000 Mortgage.

The New York and New Jersey Telephone Company has filed with the County Clerk at Paterson a mortgage of $1,500,000. It is rumored that it is for the general improvement of the Company's stock and property and the erection of new buildings in Paterson, Newark, Jersey City and other places for the exclusive use of the Company. The Company do a large business here.

Under the License System.

Plainfield has had two months of wholesale liquor license in consequences of the election of a License Council "to stay the ravages of the liquor traffic." The arrests for drunkenness during March and April have also been forty-two. During the entire year of 1889, when no license prevailed, the arrests for intoxication were only fifty one.

—We have received a marked copy of the Detroit, Mich., *Journal* a newspaper little Western street, which with an eye for news, has published an account of the "Fire-bug" Day girls whose latest escapade we published a short time ago. In the marked article the *Journal* gives, as the girl's reason for attempting self-murder, "That she had a mania for setting things on fire and wanted to die and go where such doings would for lack of novelty cause no comment."

THE NEW THORN BLOCK, SOMERSET STREET.
(Engraved by the Photogravure Type Co., Plainfield, N. J.)

One of the Recent Public Improvements.

The first thing to attract attention in turning from Park avenue into Somerset street is the Thorn Block herewith illustrated, recently erected from plans of Mr. Jesse Oakley, the architect, for Mr Alexander Thorn, the mason work being by Mr. Wm. C. Smith, and the carpenter work by Messrs. Parsen & Gayle. It is a substantial public improvement which does great credit to Mr. Thorn, and all others concerned in it, because of the *good taste* and the excellence of the building generally.

It has a frontage of 183 feet, and is 60 feet deep.

The imposing turret windows give a splendid view up and down Somerset street, affording abundance of light. In fact the most modern appliances for light and ventilation, and all the most modern improvements are used in the structure.

Mr. Thorn's experience enables him to keep better posted than people who build usually are. One result of this is that the buildings rent readily to tenants who are wide awake enough to appreciate such enterprise as Mr. Thorn has shown.

The building contains six stores and twelve flats, with abundance of yard space. Most of the stores and flats are already rented, although the buildings were not entirely completed, until twelve o'clock to-day, when a pumping engine for supplying water was put in operation.

Altogether the structure does much to favorably impress a stranger on entering the borough, and thereby Mr. Thorn is a public benefactor.

Cent-a-Word Column.

CLEMATIS vines, extra strong and large assortment. Greenhouse plants at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 7-4

COLORED man wanted, care of one horse and grounds. E. T. Broadway, Dunellen. 9-2

FOUND — A carriage lap robe. Owner can have same by calling at C. F. Denckla's office and paying for this advertisement. No 10 1-4 Park avenue.

FOR SALE—New slate roof cottage, five rooms, one minute from railroad station, Dunellen. Price $1,400. Terms easy. Apply to Wm. F. Adams, 10 Park avenue, Plainfield, or to W. S. Stevens, Dunellen. 5-10 S, T&T

FOR RENT—A handsome, single flat, seven rooms. Every convenience. Apply to 108 Park avenue. 5-9-2 eod1f

FIRST-CLASS board and accommodations, table board only. Reference. Crescent avenue, corner of First place.

FOR SALE—A handsome mantiff. Very fast gait with children. Owner no place for him. $100. Address "Mantiff," care of EVENING NEWS. 9-3

FOR SALE—A 58-inch Victor bicycle. All in good condition. Cost $140 new. Will sell for $100 cash. Address "Bicycle," care of EVENING NEWS. 5-9tf

FOR SALE—A fine Kentucky saddle horse. Kind and gentle. Eight years old. Fit for a lady or gentleman to ride or drive. Apply or address "T. C." 20 Richmond street, Plainfield, N. J. 5-8

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Mountain avenue and Somerset street, *North Plainfield. All modern improvements.* For particulars call or address Mrs. Dilts, No. 243 Somerset street. 5-8tf

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, double shifting seated Beckbrand with pole and shafts and russet colored harness all in splendid condition. Inquire of coachman at stable, 99 W. Seventh st. 5-6tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. G. D. Jones, F. Wilson. 9-4f

FOR SALE—Fine side bar surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. P. Dupee, 30 Rockview avenue. 5-1tf

HAVE *your* last an umbrella ? If so I call at THE NEWS office and prove property.

LOST—A music roll containing one sheet of music. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at Stelle's drug store. 9-2

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-6-f

RESIDENCE to let, one block from Park and Front, 10 Craig place, all improvements; bath. Inquire Dunham, 7 East Front street. 10-2f

SELLING off cheap. Horses, carriages, buggies and harness of all kinds. Livery for sale or to let. Apply at McDonald's Stable. 5-2f

SUPERIOR table board. Large rooms, 35 West Fourth street, Jacob Tingley.

STABLE to rent on East Ninth street. Address "Stable," care of EVENING NEWS. 9-2

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, Light Brahma's, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 113 Rockview avenue. 3-6tf

TWO LOADS of good manure for sale cheap, at No. 11 Mountain avenue. 6tf

TO LET—A large loft at No. 81 Somerset street. Also a barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Herrigiet. 5-1tf

WANTED—Young man who has some knowledge of bookkeeping. Accurate in figures. Is bright and attentive and not afraid of work for a New York position. State salary expected for first three months. Address G. Z. T. care of EVENING NEWS. 9-2*

$90.—Tall men take notice. 58-inch Victor Light Roadster Bicycle, with all accessories. Cost new in 1887 $143.50. Address Geo. W. Morrison, Plainfield. 9-2

ATTEND THE
AUCTION SALE
of choice investment REAL ESTATE
MONDAY, MAY 12TH, 1890,
at 4 p. m., at *Force's Hotel, North avenue.* Four story apartment house No. 20 North avenue (C. S. Force, Office). Rents for $1,200 to $1,300 per year; Nos. 252, 254 and 256 West Third street, a few doors from Grant avenue, three Queen Anne houses, rent for $180 each; two building lots adjoining above. Terms 10 per cent. day of sale, balance in 30 days; 50 per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage if desired. For further particulars apply to F. H. MARTIN.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Wednesday, May 14,

Engagement of the
PRETTY, PIQUANT,
POPULAR, BONNIE KATE CASTLETON.
Supported by her own excellent company of comedians presenting the latest laughable success
A PAPER DOLL
A funny play made funnier by a funny company.
Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday.

Amphion Hall
TO-NIGHT
And Every evening this week.
Grand Opening.
With new Scenery and Decorations by Seavey of New York. The famous
Australian
FOLLY TROUPE
Including the SISTERS COULSON.
JOHN AND NELLIE HEALEY,
GEYER & LORD,
THE GREAT CROWLEY,
PROF. BURKE'S CANINE CIRCUS,
BOXING DOGS SULLIVAN & KILRAIN
MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. JENKINS,
VEVE NOBREGA, ETC., ETC.,
Singing, Dancing, Gymnastics, Banjo Solos, Negro Specialties, etc., by the STARS of the VAUDEVILLE STAGE
At the people's prices, 50 cents, Best Reserved seat; 35 cents, a good reserved seat; 25 cents, general admission. Saturday matinee, children 10 cents. Tickets can be procured at Shaw's pharmacy.

$1 40c $1.40

The "Flannel Shirt" and the "girl of the period" are very important adjuncts to our great republic at the present era. In fact the world would scarcely move at all if public attention should be withdrawn from them. 75c

Realizing this great fact we have supplied an immense stock of these goods, not the girls, but shirts, blouses, and waists for ladies, gents, boys and girls in great variety and are offering them at our usual popular LOW PRICES. New parasols, new dress goods, new gloves, etc. All the latest styles in our line can be had at 50c

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street. $2.50

$1.50 $1.75 $2 25

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.
Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.
GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6;
3 holes, $8
Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, hard wood, $11.50. Garden hose, 10 Cet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gall-ons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 49 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 128.

Special Notices.

MUSIC HALL NOTICE.

The annual election of directors of the Music Hall Association of Plainfield will be held in Music Hall parlors on Monday, May 12, 1890, Polls open from 7 to 9 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. to 8.45 p. m. The annual meeting *of the stockholders will be held on the same date* at the same place at 9 o'clock p. m.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Sec.
Plainfield, N. J. April 30, 1890.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and
Kindergarten
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Vantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

WE SELL THE
Best Selected Goods
THAT CAN BE
PROCURED
But they cannot be sold at the same price as the common stuff sold by the "cheap Johns."

Buy the Best
And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.
R. W. RICE & CO.,
Emily and Duer Street.

Dorsey W. Hyde,
Announces that he has engaged
Wm. H. Sherwood,
The distinguished pianist and director of pianoforte music at the Auditorium Chicago, to give one of his highly interesting and entertaining MUSICAL LECTURE RECITALS at SEMINARY HALL on
TUESDAY EVE., [MAY 13th]
at 8 o'clock. Tickets at $1. can be procured at Moy's, Miller's, Reynolds, Randolph's and Shaw's drug stores.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.30 O CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

T. W. HORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

The Farmers' Alliance appears to be moving on and learning the benefit of hanging together. Four-fifths of the county conventions of Illinois belong to it. In the Fifth congressional district of Kansas the alliance will nominate a candidate of its own for congress.

Carpenters and joiners, bricklayers and plasterers, gas fitters, expressmen, miners, harness makers, sewing women, tailors, stockyard and packing house employes, iron molders, shoemakers, metal workers and railroad men are some of those now on strike or agitating for higher wages in different parts of the Union.

International irrigation has been proposed in the Rio Grande valley, between Mexico and the United States. The concurrent resolution authorizes President Harrison to communicate with Mexico on the subject. A successful method of irrigation here would open to cultivation some millions of acres of land in both republics.

The wife of Justice Field is at the head of a movement to prepare and present to the French republic a statue of Washington. The statue is expected to cost $25,000, the money to be raised chiefly by the women of the United States. It will be a graceful courtesy, too long delayed. France has shown her good will to the United States on many occasions, both by word and deed. The statue of Liberty in New York harbor is a perpetual reminder that the courtesy has not been repaid. Let us give France a statue of Washington, one, by the way, that will not be a laughing stock.

The Pope on Disarmament.

In his audience to an American newspaper correspondent Pope Leo uttered expressions full of gracefulness and warmth of feeling towards the United States. One part of the interview shows that his holiness is in full sympathy with the aims of the American Universal Peace society. No one sees with clearer vision or describes more eloquently the ultimate effects on civilization of the great standing armies of Europe. Pope Leo says:

> The existence of these vast armies is a source of displeasure and sorrow to the Holy See. The military life is injuring hundreds of thousands of young men, and is filling them with violent and immoral influences. It crushes all their higher spiritual life and tends to harden and degrade them. These armies are not employed for political ends, but they drain the countries of wealth. So long as Europe is filled with soldiers so long will all the nations be without security. And so the poor will be overburdened with taxes to support these great armies of idlers, thereby impoverishing the population. These great military establishments have another deplorable effect—that of setting against one another the most intense national jealousies. The result is the growth of a spirit of anger and vengefulness. I long to see a return to Christian principles, which alone can bring lasting peace. Other means are not enough. Erecting such other is such times as these cannot leave a good spirit behind them. They are anti Christian.

The Silver Question.

Silver is already on the rise, in view of the proposed law authorizing its additional coinage. In a recent newspaper letter Matthew Marshall, the able financial writer of The New York Sun, presents some of his conclusions on the effect of such a law.

> If law requires, government may, perhaps, purchase silver at the rate of 4,500,000 ounces a month. This will equal 54,000,000 ounces a year. In return for the silver the government will issue its own notes, which shall be lawful money of the country everywhere.
>
> In 1888 the total consumption of silver by the whole world was 112,000,000 ounces, being 2,000,000 more than the total production of the silver mines of the world. When the United States enters the market as a purchaser of 54,000,000 ounces a year, therefore, it alone will consume within 1,000,000 ounces of half the world's silver product. Silver will then rise in the market and become scarce until it approximates the situation in which gold now is. Under the proposed law this buying of silver will continue until the price of that metal will stand in its old standard of sixteen ounces of silver equal in value to one of gold. Then the government may cease to purchase the bullion, and let the silver question thereafter take care of itself.
>
> Mr. Marshall calls the process of thus bringing up silver to the level of gold by law "pegging" the price of silver, as Commodore Vanderbilt used to peg the stock of the New York Central railroad. As bullion thus put into the United States treasury and notes are issued to represent it, not less than $25,000,000 a year will be added to the national currency. This, with the constantly increasing price of silver, will start a "boom" in all commodities. Prices will go up rapidly.
>
> The reason that prices are so low at present is that the world's money market rests on a gold basis. While the supply of everything else has increased, that of gold has been slightly diminished. Gold being scarce, a little of it must go a long way in the matter of money, and purchase a great deal. But Mr. Marshall believes that when the government ceases to "peg" silver prices will go down again.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

The Senate Passes the Pension Appropriation Bill.

THE ARMY AND PROHIBITION.

Pension Matters and Temperance at Mill-itary Posts the Themes for a Lively Debate in the Senate—More Tariff Eloquence in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The senate spent the day in discussing the pension appropriation and army appropriation bills. When the pension appropriation bill was taken up Mr. Sherman's resolution increasing the number of pension agents by two led to a lively debate on pensions in general. Mr. Cockrell criticised the action of the senate in referring to the committee on appropriations, which had been ridden over rough shod by the Republican majority in defiance of every profession made by that party for the last twenty years.

One Hundred Millions for Pensions.

Mr. Gorman said that as the pension list now amounted to about $160,000,000 a year, and would be increased to double that if pending legislation was enacted, economy in the administration of the pension office should be prescribed. The surplus of the soldiers congress might bankrupt the government, and probably would, for in fifteen years the amount spent for pensions would be more than it cost the government to put down the rebellion. He thought the senate of to-day would not vote for about ere sating useless offices, making places for party men and party purposes.

Two More Pension Agents.

The army appropriation bill was then taken up. Mr. Hale moved an amendment to the bill providing that no liquors, beer or wine be sold or supplied to enlisted men at military posts. Mr. Frye said that the state of Maine had a very deep feeling on the question. The people of that state tried to enforce the prohibitory liquor law and did enforce it very well, but if the sale of liquors was authorized at the one military post there it would have a very bad effect. The recent decision of the supreme court had declared that state very greatly, and had a tendency to destroy the prohibitory law, if it did not actually destroy it. The United States supreme court had said that decision to such violation of the prohibitory law, and then in addition to that authorized liquors to be sold on its own premises, the state of Maine might just as well give up the prohibitory law.

The Supreme Court's Decision.

Mr. Allison remarked that he understood that the supreme court of Ohio had given orders that in prohibitory states no liquors should be sold at military posts. Mr. Gorman said that while he believed in temperance principles, the state of Maine might find it was not possible to enforce it on everybody else, and it was not wise if it were possible. Such extreme legislation had resulted in the recent decision of the supreme court, which was regarded by lawyers and laymen as most extraordinary. Mr. Cockrell read telegrams in answer to the inquiries of Mr. Hale as against the post tradership system, and argued that the whole subject might be safely left to the secretary of war.

Intoxicating Liquors at Posts.

Mr. Paddock said that liquors would be sold to the canteens from the commissary departments, that the soldiers would thus have the decision as to the question, that citizens could get them, and that, therefore, larger quantities would be consumed. As to officers making rules and regulations for the control of the soldiers, that many officers of the army were not able to make rules for their own sobriety, and that nobody knew with intemperance so conspicuous as the military service in the frontier.

Mr. Blair said that usually officers of the army were more in need of prohibitory restraint than the soldiers themselves. Mr. Cockerell moved an amendment to Mr. Hale's amendment striking out beer and wine, but, for lack of a quorum, no vote was reached on either, and the senate at 3 p. m. adjourned.

A Pension for Mrs. Parnell.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The house spent most of its session in tariff discussion. The bill pensioning Mrs. Delia S. Parnell, mother of Charles Stewart Parnell, at $20 a month, was passed. The house then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill, Mr. Payson in the chair.

Mr. Fitch Criticises Maj. McKinley.

Mr. Fitch (N. Y.) was the first speaker. In criticism of Mr. McKinley, Mr. Fitch said that having failed to do what he had promised in his speech of six years ago on the Mills bill about tobacco, and done what he had not promised to do about sugar, Major McKinley went a step further and repudiated all his arguments contained in that speech. The bill was a make shift to meet a political situation.

Tariffs and Free Traders.

Mr. Geer (Ala.) quoted the old proverb, "Scratch a Russian and you will find a Tartar," applied it, "Scratch a democrat and you will find a free trader." He claimed that the bill was in pursuance of the demand made by the people in the last campaign. He defended the bill, especially its provisions in regard to sugar, and maintained that its passage would destroy, root and branch, the sugar trust, "the great American devil fish."

Protection Versus Invention.

Mr. Crisp (Ga.) argued against the protection theory. He declared that the reduction in the prices of shoes and other articles which were due not to the tariff, as asserted by the Republicans, but to invention. Mr. Payn (N. Y.) argued in support of the bill, especially of those features which he contended would benefit the farmer. Mr. Wheeler (Ala.) criticised the general features of the bill, and denounced its special powers and benefits conferred by it.

A Prominent Vermonter Dead.

BENNINGTON, Vt., May 10.—Hon. Charles E. Houghton died May 9, aged 72 years. He was presidential elector during the Hayes campaign, had been treasurer of the Bennington and Rutland railroad, member of both houses of the legislature and was prominent in state and county affairs.

His Troubles Ended.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Letter Carrier James Smith, who murdered his two children on Nov. 22, died at the Poughkeepsie insane asylum May 9.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—
New York.....3 0 4 0 2 0 0 4 0—13
Boston.....1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—3
Base hits: New York, 18; Boston, 6. Errors: New York, 3; Boston, 3. Batteries: Rusie and Buckley, Fricker and Hardie. Attendance, 651.

At Philadelphia—
Brooklyn.....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Philadelphia.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 x—3
Base hits: Brooklyn, 5; Philadelphia, 7. Batteries: Caruthers and Daly, Gleason and Clements. Attendance, 1,681.

At Cincinnati—
Cincinnati.....1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0—4
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Cincinnati, 10; Pittsburg, 13. Errors: Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Duryea Foreman, Daniels and Berger. Attendance, 1,385.

Players' League.

At New York—
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2—3
Boston.....0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 x—3
Base hits: New York, 6; Boston, 10. Errors: New York, 3; Boston, 3. Batteries: Crane and Brown, Gumbert and Swett. Attendance, 1,400.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....0 3 0 1 0 0 0 2 0—6
Brooklyn.....3 0 1 0 4 0 0 0 x—8
Base hits: Philadelphia, 12; Brooklyn, 8. Errors: Philadelphia, 5; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries: Buffalton and Cross, Van Haltren and Cook. Attendance, 1,800.

Other baseball and Players' league games postponed by rain.

American Association.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....1 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0—4
Rochester.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 x—3
Base hits: Syracuse, 9; Rochester, 7. Errors: Syracuse, 3; Rochester, 2. Batteries: Casey and Briggs, Barr and McGuire.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—2
Athletic.....0 0 0 1 2 1 0 0 x—4
Base hits: Brooklyn, 6; Athletic, 9. Errors: Brooklyn, 7; Athletic, 3. Batteries: Toole and Pitz, Green and Robinson.

Other games postponed on account of rain.

Atlantic Association.

At New Haven—New Haven, 4; Worcester, 5; Base hits: New Haven, 6; Worcester, 10. Errors: New Haven, 6; Worcester, 2. Batteries: Gilmore and Hefford, Burns and Wilson.

At Washington—Washington, 8; Hartford, 4; Base hits: Washington, 9; Hartford, 5. Errors: Washington, 1; Newark, 7. Batteries: Maloney and Reilly, Sullivan and Duffy.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 12: Wilmington, 5; Base hits: Baltimore, 13; Wilmington, 7. Errors: Baltimore, 3; Wilmington, 3. Batteries: Stahl and Townsend, Gallican and Black.

At Jersey City—Jersey City, 7; Hartford, 3. Base hits: Jersey City, 9; Hartford, 8. Errors: Jersey City, 5; Hartford, 3. Batteries: Fitzgerald and Dowd, O'Connell and Moore.

The General Term Against Refiner Rice.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The general term of the supreme court reversed the judgment of the special term in equity, that George Rice was entitled to the rights of a shareholder in the Standard Oil Trust because of his having become possessed by purchase of certain stock therein. The general term says: "The mere acquirement by assignment of the interest of some previous beneficiary does not confer the doors by that decision to such violation of the prohibitory law, and then in addition to that authorized liquors to be sold on its own premises, the state of Maine might just as well give up the prohibitory law.

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A Gladstonian Mob.

LONDON, May 10.—The parliamentary election which took place at Bristol resulted in the return of Mr. Weston, Gladstonian, by a vote of 4,775 to 1,900 for Baskip, Conservative

DR. BEECHER IN BRONZE

The Great Statue Successfully Cast at New York.

HIS COUNTERFEIT PRESENTMENT.

A Figure of Heroic Size for Prospect Park, Brooklyn—It Is from Sculptor J. Q. A. Ward's Design and When Completed Will Cost $35,000.

NEW YORK, May 10.—At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Henry Bonnard bronze foundry in West Fifteenth street, in the presence of over a hundred invited guests, ladies and gentlemen, the body of Mr. Ward's statue of Henry Ward Beecher for Prospect park, Brooklyn, was successfully cast in one piece. The head had been cast a few days previous.

A Startling Sight.

The sight, unusual to the great majority of those present, was a most interesting one, and startling when the great streams of glowing, golden, molten bronze was poured from the huge metal ladle, held by a crane and guided by workmen, into the huge metal clamped mold placed at an incline. There was of course an excess of metal, and there seemed to be more of it than was necessary for the fluid bronze, when the mold was full, spurted about, almost burning the feet of one of the workmen. One of the men was overcome by the heat and excitement and had to go home.

A Figure of Heroic Size.

The metal was then taken from the furnaces in nine plumbago crucibles and poured into the ladle. In all they had some 4,300 pounds of metal. The figure of Mr. Beecher is of heroic size, nine feet in height, and will stand on a granite pedestal of about the same height. He stands wearing his familiar cape overcoat, the straight cut undercoat being also seen, with his soft hat in his left hand and his right hand extended, as if addressing a public meeting.

It Will Cost $35,000.

Mr. Ward says that he model the three figures which are to stand at either side of the pedestal, and the monument will not be completed until next spring. Its cost will be $35,000.

The figure at the left of the base will be that of a negro girl—a liberated slave who looks up in admiration. Those on the right will be of a young boy, rather poorly clad, who looks up also, and of a young girl, who reaches to lay some flowers on the plinth.

Among those present at the casting were the Rev. Lyman Abbott, Mr. W. C. Beecher, a son of the subject; Mr. Ward, the sculptor; Messrs. Charles H. Hendricks, W. C. Woodward, Greene and Moffat, of the sub-committee on the memorial, and the Rev. Mr. Dickson, a colored clergyman of Brooklyn, who is a member of the general committee.

Is He a Longue Poisie Lunatic?

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., May 10.—A man who gave his name as Stokes has been arrested at Moores, twelve miles from here, and brought to this city by Officer Hall. From all the information the officials could get they are satisfied he is one of the escaped inmates of the destroyed Longue Pointe asylum. He is constantly talking of the fire and claims that a stone fell on the doors every night since the asylum was burned. The case has been brought to the attention of County Superintendent of the Poor Wicks, who has notified the Canadian authorities.

To Protect the Stars and Stripes.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Mr. Caldwell has introduced in the house a bill introduced by S. S. Cox, in the Forty-fifth congress, to protect the flag and coat of the United States flag. The bill provides that any person who shall disfigure the national flag either by printing on it or attaching to it any advertisement of paper publication, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be fined not over $50 or imprisoned for not less than thirty days, or both.

No Nude Models in Mixed Classes.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The board of control of the Art Students' league refused by a tie vote last night to revoke its former action prohibiting the posing of nude models before classes of the Art Students' league containing pupils of both sexes. There has been a good deal of discussion over this question since the sculptor St. Gaudens introduced nude models in his mixed class, and it is not believed that last night's action will end the matter.

A Dissolute Husband's Double Crime.

CURAY, Colo., May 10.—John M. Winstead, a dissolute fellow, whose wife had supported the family by keeping a restaurant, shot his wife dead because she had no money to give him for drink. He then committed suicide. The tragedy was witnessed by a 12-year-old son who is left destitute. Mrs. Winstead formerly lived in Marshalltown, Ia., and Hutchinson, Kan. Winstead was from Tennessee.

Capsized During a Gale.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Dispatches received here today state that the schooner Mary Ellen, Capt. Webb, from Mobile for Boucea, capsized during a gale at 3 a. m. on May 3, in latitude 27 degs., longitude 85 degs. Two of the sailors were swept away. After clinging to the wreck for fourteen hours, the rest of the crew were rescued in an exhausted condition by a passing vessel and landed at Key Sombrero.

Will Caprivi Resign?

BERLIN, May 10.—The belief that Chancellor Caprivi's resignation will be tendered to the emperor very shortly is very general among diplomats here. It is known that he has found the details of the foreign department irksome and uncongenial and he is by no means in sympathy or accord with either the home policy or the officials subordinate to him in the chancellery.

The Preston Asylum Fire.

NORWICH, N. Y., May 10.—Thirteen bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the asylum fire at Preston, and it is now feared that several others perished.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 97 NORTH AVENUE,

Op osite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

AN ORDINANCE

For the Assessment of Property and the Collection of Taxes within the City of Plainfield for the year 1890.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That pursuant to the statutes and ordinances in such cases made and provided there shall be assessed and raised by law for the year eighteen hundred and ninety, for the general purposes of said city, exclusive of school, library, poor, fire and state and county taxes the sum of Two hundred thousand dollars, for the support of the City poor the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars.

For the maintenance of the public library and reading room, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the maintenance of a fire department to be under the management of the mayor and said city the sum of ten thousand dollars.

Adopted by the Common Council May 5, 1890. Approved by the MAYOR May 7, 1890.

JOB MALE, Mayor.

Attest:
JOS&PH B. COWARD,
City Clerk.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time, and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

An Ordinance

To repeal certain ordinances.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The following named ordinances be and the same are hereby repealed:

An Ordinance to provide for the licensing and regulation of hawkers and peddlers, approved June 9, 1885.

An Ordinance to establish a Board of Health," approved April 28, 1874, and amended June 10, 1874.

"An Ordinance for the correction of Nuisances and for the preservation of Health in the City of Plainfield," approved September 1, 1875, as amended December 19, 1881.

SECTION 2. All ordinances and parts of ordinances which were repealed or abrogated by any or more hereby repealed, shall remain and to be so repealed and shall be deemed abrogated.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

AN ORDINANCE

An Ordinance to change and establish the grade of a portion of Belvidere avenue.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That the grade of Belvidere avenue, from the centre of Second street to a point distant five hundred and two and five-tenths (502.5) feet southerly therefrom, be and the same is from the present grade so as to conform to the grade shown on the plan of Belvidere avenue, on file with the street Commissioner, marked "Grade map of part of Belvidere avenue," dated April 28, 1890, at the grade of said portion of Belvidere avenue is hereby established, as indicated on said map and profile, to wit:

Beginning at a point where the centre line of said Belvidere avenue intersects the southerly side line of Broadway at an elevation of 96.25 feet above the base of observation, and thence the line of said Belvidere avenue a distance of three hundred and fifty-two and five-tenths (352.5) feet, to a point in the centre of Second street, at the grade of said portion of Belvidere avenue is hereby established, as indicated on said map and profile, to wit: 90.73 above the City base; thence along the centre line of said Belvidere avenue a distance of one hundred and fifty (150) feet to a point having an elevation of 89.48, at the City base of observation.

SEC. 2. That the roadbed over said portion of Belvidere avenue be repaired and permanently improved in accordance with the grade hereby established by the ordinance, for a width of forty feet to eight feet on each side of the centre line thereof, and for a depth varying from two to three feet, as shall be necessary to conform under the direction of the street Commissioner.

SEC. 3. That the cost of grading between having subscribers two hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents, being one-half of the total estimated cost of said grading, shall be assessed to be paid for out of the moneys raised by taxes in the city for improvement of streets, and provided by the Act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to authorize cities to make certain public improvements in the roadbeds of the streets at the general expense," Approved March 13, 1884.

AN ORDINANCE

An Ordinance to amend An Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance concerning the construction, repair and regulation of sidewalks."

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That Section 2 of the Ordinance bearing the title above recited become the same hereby is amended by adding thereto the following words, to wit: "Provided, however, that the City of Plainfield described in this section as it exists in blocks of walks erected or to be erected with stone, cement, brick or other material, shall be and the same hereby is authorized at the expense of the abutting owners, and unless otherwise permitted by resolution of the Common Council, shall be laid with blue stone not less than four inches thick in the centre of the walk, and two inches in depth, smooth and even on the surface and laid in one course under the direction of the street Commissioner.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

AN OrdINANCE.

An Ordinance for the laying out and opening of Orchard street from its present southerly terminus to the Westerly side of New street, in the Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That a street be laid out and known as Orchard place to, and the same is hereby, said out and opened in said city, as herein after described, and the same is hereby declared to be the public good requires the same to be done.

The said street shall commence at a point at the centre line of said street, now known as Orchard street, where the same intersects the westerly terminus thereof, said point being also the westerly line of the land of Jane Leonard, owned by James Leonard; thence running in a course north forty-eight degrees and twenty-three minutes east, over lands of John P. and Peter Emmons, a distance of one-hundred and twenty-five and five-tenths feet (125.5) feet to a point in the westerly line of land of Samuel Sutton; thence along the line of south forty-one degrees and seven minutes east, a distance of one hundred and forty and six one-hundredths (1.40) feet from the intersection of the westerly side of New street with the said line of Orchard street; thence south, and said street shall be forty feet in width, twenty feet on each side of centre line.

The lands and real estate with the appurtenances necessary to be taken for said purpose aforesaid, being land of John P. Emmons and Peter Emmons, shall be taken and appropriated pursuant to the charter and the general statutes of the state in such cases made and provided.

Corporation Notice

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the common council, read the second time, and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

AN ORDINANCE.

Relating to the City Physician.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There shall be nominated and appointed by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by the Common Council, on the first Monday in February in each year, a competent and resident physician of this city to be called the City Physician.

SECTION 2. He shall, when requested by the overseer of Poor, or Chairman of the Alms Committee, professionally attend any of the City poor and furnish them needful advice and medicine.

SECTION 3. In case of any person dying within the City, immediately or soon after death, he may required by the Mayor, Chairman of the Alms Committee, or Board of Health, or any of the body and furnish a certificate of death, made out in the forms provided by the State board of Health.

SECTION 4. He shall report to the Common Council a written report on the first Mondays of May, August, November and February, giving the names of all the poor assisted by him during the preceding quarter, and stating the character of the disease of said poor persons.

SECTION 5. The salary of the City Physician shall not exceed four hundred dollars per annum, payable in the manner as other salaries of the city, which sum shall be full compensation for all professional services rendered to persons themselves by him under the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 6. The ordinance entitled "an ordinance to establish the office of City Physician and to prescribe his duties," approved July 15, 1878, is hereby repealed, but the action shall not be construed to revive any ordinance which was repealed by the ordinance hereby repealed.

SECTION 7. All ordinances and parts of ordinance, resolutions and parts of resolutions inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

PROPOSALS FOR GRADING, IMPROVING AND MACADAMIZING COUNTY ROADS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the next regular meeting of the Board of Chosen Freeholders at the Court House in the City of Elizabeth, County of Union and State of New Jersey, until the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon on Monday, the 11th day of May, 1890, as follows:

For the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twelve (12) feet in the center thereof of Morris and Springfield avenue, the whole of the portion from the boundary line of the township of Springfield to the boundary line of the township of New Providence in said county of Union, State of New Jersey.

For the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twelve (12) feet in the center thereof of Central avenue, the whole of the portion from the boundary line of the township of New Providence to the boundary line of the township of Clark in said county of Union, State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on said Morris and Springfield avenue: Two thousand six hundred and fifty-one (2651) cubic yards of excavation and fifteen thousand two hundred and sixty-one (15261) square or superficial yards of macadamizing or Telford pavement.

Also for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twelve (12) feet in the center thereof of Central avenue, the whole of the portion from the boundary line of the township of Clark to the boundary line of the township of New Providence in said county of Union, State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on said Central avenue: Two thousand and fifty-one (2051) cubic yards of excavation and three thousand six hundred and sixty-one (3661) square or superficial yards of macadamizing or Telford pavement.

Also for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twelve (12) feet in the center thereof of Westfield avenue, the whole of the portion from the boundary line of the township of Clark, from the boundary line of the township of Railway, in said county of Union, State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on said Westfield road or avenue: Two thousand and thirty-one (2031) cubic yards of excavation and three thousand and four hundred and sixty-eight (3468) square or superficial yards of macadamizing or Telford pavement.

Also for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twenty (20) feet in the center thereof of Westfield avenue, in the city of Railway, in the boundary line of the township of Clark to the center of Broad avenue in said City of Railway, in the County of Union and State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on said Westfield road or avenue: Six hundred and eighty-two (682) square or superficial yards of macadamizing and forty ($640) square or superficial yards of macadamizing or Telford pavement.

Plans and specification and also the conditions upon which said proposals or bids shall be received, may be examined at the office of F. A. Dunham, Engineer of the County Board, No. 11 Park place, Plainfield, N. J.

Printed copies of the specifications and contract and forms of proposals under which said proposals or bids shall be received can be had at the office of the Board, situated in the Court House, Elizabeth, N. J.

The right to reject any or all bids for said work is reserved by said Board as may be deemed for the best interest of the county. And notice is hereby given that the bids will be opened at the Court House, by the Board of Chosen Freeholders to be held on said ten th day of May at 2 o'cl ck in the afternoon at the Court House, Elizabeth, N. J.

By order of the Board.
F. A. DUNHAM,
Engineer County Roads.
ATTEST:—CHARLES H. REED, Clerk.
Dated April 11th, 1890.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of Street Commissioner Fitch, No. 7 East Front street, until 12 o'clock noon of the twenty-sixth day of April 1890 for all the curbing required to be set in the City of Plainfield for the remainder of the year 1890.

The bids will state the price for furnishing the following sizes, viz: "Duré" No. 1 or 1 1-2 inch and No. 2 or 2 1-2 inch, in such quantities as may be required, no bids for said curbs to be for less than one car load.

The stone must be of the best quality of trap rock, free from dirt, clay or other foreign material; it must be weighed on such scales as the Street Commissioner may direct and a voucher or weight ticket be delivered with every load to the said Street Commissioner or his authorized representative.

The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved. ROBERT A. MEEKER,
Street Commissioner.

Plainfield, April 19, 1890. 9-5

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class and are sold at the low price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

FACTS

WE FOLLOW NONE AND LEAD ALL.

IMPOSSIBLE IN AN ADVERTISEMENT TO GIVE PRICES OF GOODS WE HANDLE. CALL TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, AND CONVINCE YOURSELF BY PRICES DISPLAYED IN OUR WINDOWS.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

20 W. FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON

13 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS. McGINTY'S.

Prime Cattle — Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs. — Colorado Goats.
Native Veal. — Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork. — Chicago Hams.
Fresh Drawed Turkeys. — Kansas Prosus.
Sugar Cured Hams. — Shoulders Ham; Trimmed.
FAIR PRICES. N. B. Small lov's, Dear at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Cheesequake quarry, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVEN"

P. O. Box 709.

A FINE

50 Cent Suspender

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 8 PARK AVENUE.

Wm J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

38 NORTH AVENUE

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE,

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and North avenue.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsey's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsey, 92 West Front street

Kline's Extracts.

THE STATE TAKES HOLD.

The American Life Insurance Company in Trouble.

99 PROTECT POLICY HOLDERS.

The Attorney General of Pennsylvania Compels the Company to Show Cause Why Its Business Should Not Be Closed.

The Case Warmable Proceedings.

PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—Senator McFarlane's American Life Insurance company, with liabilities of $2,250,000, which recently put up the most magnificent financial wrestling in this city, is likely to Afford the public big financial sensation. Attorney General Kirkpatrick recently issued a writ of quo warranto, citing the company to appear in court and show cause why its business should not be closed. This action was taken at the instance of Insurance Commissioner Foster. His report will not be ready for several days. The writ is made returnable on the 19th inst., and the company must answer on that day why its affairs should not be wound up. Commissioner Foster bases his action on the ground that the company is insolvent.

To Protect Policy Holders.

When asked in Harrisburg why he had taken this step Mr. Foster replied: "I have received information from Tompkins that leads me to take this step. Things look badly for the company. The stock is sunk and I am trying to protect the policy holders while what is left. It is to their interest to have the company dissolved."

Securities Replaced by Worthless Paper.

The securities greatly differ from what the company reported. It had in its possession when its condition was reported to the editor general in February. Since then the condition of the assets has been changed entirely and many of the safe securities have been replaced by worthless paper.

The company now holds considerable stock of the defunct Keystone Watch company, taken after the watch company had gone into the hands of a receiver. It is charged that the principal officers of the company are responsible for this shifting of the stock. Mr. Foster says he will ask for the appointment of a receiver and will do all in his power to protect the policy holders.

They Will Not Talk.

President McFarlane and Secretary Wilson declined to speak of the action of the insurance commissioner, saying that they had not been served with any papers and, therefore, had no official knowledge of what had occurred at Harrisburg.

"Mr. Foster charges that your company has been conducted in a fraudulent manner."

I cannot answer for what other people think," said Secretary Wilson. "We do not think so. The total liabilities of the company at the beginning of the current year reached $2,500,000."

It will be recalled that Mr. McFarlane made a near getting control of the big Peabody Mutual company, of Hartford, Conn., a few months ago, but was stopped by the legislature of that state.

A Costly Promenade.

PUEBLO, Colo., May 10.—Detective Smith, of the Rock Island road, arrested Scott Hall (colored), charged with complicity in the robbing of Mrs. W. S. Johnson of $2,000 worth of diamonds on the Rock Island road, about two weeks ago. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson were on their wedding trip, and as the train reached McFarland, Kan., it was found necessary to stop for some time. Mrs. Johnson placed her jewels in a satchel, which she left on the seat, while she and her husband took a promenade on the platform. When Mrs. Johnson returned to the car later the diamonds were missing. The porter, Thomas Babcock, who was sent to enter the car, contrary to the rules of the company, was arrested on suspicion after he had completed his run. None of the jewels were found, and it was thought Babcock either threw them out of the window or secreted them. He protested his innocence and was indignant at his arrest.

Pennsylvania's Sanitary Convention.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 10.—The fourth annual sanitary convention of Pennsylvania has opened a two days' session here. Secretary of Internal Affairs Thomas J. Stewart presided. Hon. Samuel T. Davis reviewed the work of the state board of health and predicted that with the co-operation of local boards and a strict adherence to sanitary laws old age would be the only cause of death in a few years. Dr. C. D. Chancellor, of the state board of health of Maryland, read a paper on the purification of drinking water. Gen. Daniel H. Rastings spoke on the sanitary lessons of the Johnstown flood.

Extradition Will Reach Her.

WINDSOR, Ont., May 10.—Lizzie Cook, of Chicago, has been arrested here on the charge of abducting a young girl named Maggie Jordan in that city. The woman kept a disreputable house on Clark street and enticed the Jordan girl to live with her. She was arrested on complaint of the girl's father and admitted to bail in $4,000. She skipped to Canada, arriving here ten days ago. The case comes under the new extradition treaty.

Writs for $230,000.

CAMDEN, N. J., May 10.—Sheriff Baird, of Camden county, holds writs for the foreclosure of mortgages on the Asphalt Block company's works in this city aggregating $230,000. They are held as follows: Manufacturers' Land and Improvement company, Camden, $30,000; Union Trust company, Philadelphia, $50,000; Montgomery Trust and Trust company, Norristown, $150,000.

Lime Will Take a Drop.

ROCKLAND, Me., May 10.—For three years the Maine lime producers of the Thomaston, Rockport and Rockland districts have had a combination to maintain prices. The output of lime is now limited by the discontinuance of the combine has been determined upon. It is now probable that the price of lime will drop from 95 cents a barrel to 50 cents.

Money Paid to Southern Churches.

ST. LOUIS, May 10.—At the session of the general conference of the Methodist church, south, the report of the board of church extension was submitted and showed that during the four years ending March 31, of the present year, $62 churches had been aided with donations aggregating $56,807.

For Killing Her Father-in-Law.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., May 10.—Fietta Weaver, who was found guilty of manslaughter last week for killing her father-in-law, was fined one dollar and sentenced to two years and three months in the Western penitentiary. She is still in a very precarious condition and asserts her innocence.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.—Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1060.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, Taught by Monsieur Louis Vivoux and Creditor of the Berlitz School of Languages, 23 Union Square, New York. Special instruction in the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residence. Correspondence by mail. Special terms. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 16th street.

MR. P. L. CONDE, Teacher of violin, 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 260. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG, a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the recipient of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best graduate, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen in French and German Languages and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

MISS KETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1262.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's school for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. E. S. SIMPSON, 30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 5-8-1y

E. A. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 39 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. A. SEE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 1 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 267 Broadway, New York city, rooms 8 and 23, Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A 1 SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

37 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper Hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood worst, Liver-worst, Boiled Ham, Spiced Ham and Fish Sardines, all kinds of Pickles Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Munster, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. A. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabe.

CLAIRVOYANT. By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant of all at once at the City Hotel, room 4, on a flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with her caul (a piece of second sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies, 25 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 7-1w

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT. Notice is hereby given that Joseph Odam, of the city of Plainfield, county of Union, and State of New Jersey, hath this day made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the equal benefit of his creditors and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims, under oath or affirmation, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 34 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Dated this 22d, day of April A. D., Eighteen hundred and ninety.

22-3tu-w WM. A. CODDINGTON, Assignee.

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and seedsman, 75 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes cedar tean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Plums	25c	2.50
California Apricots	25c	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice..	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes, Etc.

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

IF YOU ARE INVITED TO HAVE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT THE "TEMPLE OF PHARMACY," PASS AVENUE AND FOURTH STREET. WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS AND THE MOST RELIABLE CHEMICALS.

THE BOY PHARMACIST.

"Drug Boy's Motto. None better."

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, shoes or Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods now by many houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for this Fall and Winter trade, having a very large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING

NO. 10 AND 12 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process" will cease in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes cedar tean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. SMK. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near 10-1dw

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Lace etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dyeing and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Braiding and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lumps etc., in great variety.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box 1826. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

Frank Linke,

Established 1865.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Rose Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 25c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 15c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

* * *

Ask to see the I aisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

* * *

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

* * *

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles, All Qualities, All Prices

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

25 EAST FRONT STREET.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

Office 30 Door Street, North Plainfield.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.04, 5.48, 6.04, 6.30, 7.46, 7.30, 7.54, 8.31, 8.37, 9.30, 10.05, 11.24, 11.30 a. m., 1.07, 1.46, 2.15, 2.25, 3.31, 3.51, 5.17, 5.54, 6.07, 6.34, 6.55, 8.24, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 5.37, 8.00, 8.37, 11.00 a. m.; 12.05, 1.13, 3.30, 5.06, 7.01, 8.37, 9.00 p.m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.45, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.; 12.15 night. Sunday, 5.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 4.15, 6.00, 8.00, 10.00 p. m.; 12.00 m., 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.09, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.36, 10.05, 11.04, 11.39 a. m.; 1.07, 2.15, 2.25, 3.31, 3.51, 5.17, 6.07, 6.34, 7.30, 8.24, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 8.37, 11.00 a. m.; 12.05, 1.13, 3.30, 5.06, 7.01, 8.48, 9.34, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 5.35, 6.05, 6.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.15, 10.35, 11.25, a. m.; 1.10, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.15, 7.15, 8.00, 9.00, 11.03 p. m. Sunday, 8.15, 9.30, 11.25 a. m., 2.40, 4.35, 7.05, 10.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.18, 8.09, 9.37, 11.20 a. m., 2.04, 4.20, 5.45, 8.36, 5.00, 7.50, 9.18, 10.28, 11.52 p. m. Sunday at 8.18, 9.37, 11.20 a. m., 2.04, 4.20, 5.45, 8.36, 9.18, 10.28, 11.52 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.18, 8.37, 9.37, 11.20 a. m., 2.04, 4.20, 5.45, 8.36, 5.00, 7.50, 9.18, 10.28, 11.52 p. m. Sunday at 8.18, 9.37, 11.20 a. m., 2.04, 4.20, 5.45, 8.36, 9.18, 10.28, 11.52 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m.; 5.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.18 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.07 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

11.20 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc. 4.36 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 6.00 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Scranton, etc. 8.36 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 6.00 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Scranton, etc. 9.18 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, etc. 10.28 p. m. For High Bridge Branch, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville. 11.52 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 10.05 a. m., 12.35, 3.25, 5.04 p. m. For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, etc., at 8.00, 3.30 p.m. For Perth Amboy, 3.37, 8.00, 10.05 11.20, 12.35, 3.25, 5.04, 6.30, 8.36 p. m. Sunday 8.37, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.37, 11.20, a. m.,

For Barnegat 3.37, 8.00, 10.05 11.20, a. m., 3.25 5.04 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 5.18, 8.36, 9.18, 11.20 a. m., 2.04, 4.20, 5.45, 8.36, 5.00, 7.50, 9.18, 10.28, 11.52 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 5.18, 10.33 a. m., 7.30, 4.08, 5.54, 6.55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 5.18, 11.20 a. m., 2.04, 4.20, 5.54 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 5.18 a. m., 4.08, 5.54 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Kent Corn Killer on Earth; removes them or first Corns or Bunions in three applications; or second Corns in two applications; never fails; it didn't make walking a pleasure.

Scatter-Corns for Corns. 25 cents.

W. H. HISCOX & CO., Newark, N. J.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS, 50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

I. S. CRANE'S, Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Aven

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 315

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover, Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

3 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Ca 6.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 4 and 5 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

THE BEE HIVE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF INFANTS' DRESSES, COATS AND LACE CAPS.

Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c. Children's short dresses Hamburg Insertion 40c; 1 etter goods at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 12, 18, 25 and 50c. Children's reefers at 81, 1.49, 1.69 and 1.85. Ladies' Taffeta gloves, regulars, 40c, good at 25c. Balbriggan hose regular made, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' fast black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests at 15c, 25c and 29c. Ladies gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 4:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—9:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct service to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail Phila., Pa., close 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5:10 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.;

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays close at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 9:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

Miscellaneous Cards.

CALL ON H. N. SPENCER, SOMERSET, ST, FOR SEEDS.

BARGAINS in wagons, carts, furnissers, prows, harness, &c. All and see the improvements on the Parvin Iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase.

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth.

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Schuhle Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. K. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc. 27 1-2 West Front street.

Builders' Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 962.

James H. Pope

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 980 North Plainfield.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 36 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner West. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)

NO. 704 WEST FRONT STREET

and 28 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 329.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covers' trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

TUNIS J. CAREY

51 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and despatch.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Hypnotism Not to Be Trifled With—Use-ful and Pleasant Results Caused by It.

At Nuremberg a case of some public interest was tried in the police court. A commercial traveler while in a restaurant took the waitress by the wrist, steadily at the white of her eyes, and hypnotized her. On a second occasion he repeated the experiment. The third time he tried it he was found that a medical man had to be called, who had the utmost difficulty in rousing the girl. The commercial traveler was accordingly fined 50 marks, in spite of his magistrates, and the severe sentence of eight days' imprisonment was passed on him, which will probably be efficient in checking all similar performances in that region. In France the practice of hypnotizing people for amusement seems to be very common, and unpleasant consequences are frequently reported.

At a supper party in Paris one of the company hypnotized a girl, and was unable to rouse her. She was subsequently taken to the house of a medical man, and after a time she recovered consciousness. The whole party were taken into custody by the police, and it was not released until next day. Even when hypnotism has been practiced by competent medical men for remedial purposes, unpleasant accidents and subsequent nervousness have again and again occurred; so much so that an order has been issued by the French government prohibiting surgeons in the army and navy from practicing it. The London Lancet, which notes the foregoing instances, says that it ought to be distinctly understood, both by the profession and the public, that hypnotism is not devoid of danger at the time, and not infrequently has permanently impaired the moral and emotional control of the patient. A medical man is bound, before recommending hypnotism for a patient, to weigh the question accurately as to the advisability of the advisability of administering an anaesthetic.

Scarlet Fever Transmission.

To The Boston Post is accredited the story of a remarkable case of transmission of scarlet fever. In 1846 a boy 8 years old was taken down with scarlet fever and died. One of the principal amusements of his illness had been looking over a large picture book. After his death, this, with several other of his playthings, was packed away in a trunk. Twenty-six years later, in 1872, the trunk was taken to England. The trunk was opened the second day after its arrival, and the picture book was taken out and presented to a boy 2 years old. During the next fortnight the little fellow was attacked with scarlet fever. It was a wonder to the doctors who were called in *consultation how the disease had been contracted*, as there had been no scarlet fever in the town for years. At last it was suggested that the picture book might have transmitted the disease; and the medical man in charge, on being told the facts connected with it, agreed that it had retained the poison for twenty-six years, and then communicated it to the child.

A Novel Preventive of Sore Throat.

People who are subject to inconvenient throat trouble, caused by a proneness to catch cold on slight exposure, are advised by a recent writer to place a few threads of Berlin wool around the neck and wear them continuously. From ten to twenty threads are enough for the purpose. They should only be removed for making ablutions, and should be left off gradually by dissecting them out one thread at a time. The remedy probably acts by keeping up a belt of skin action, thus acting mildly and continuously as a slight counter-irritant.

A Heart Tonic.

M. Germain See recently expressed the opinion, before the Academy of Medicine, that in iodide of potassium is found the real cardiac drug; that so far from being a depressant it is really a cardiac tonic, of almost equal value to digitalis or strophanthus in certain cases, in which it enables the heart to recover its power, and affords also better facilities for the coronary circulation, thus improving the nutrition of the heart muscle.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

The Silver Wedding Anniversary and Ways in Which It Is Celebrated.

The fact of the Prince and Princess of Wales and other notable personages having celebrated their silver weddings has brought this interesting custom into greater notice. To celebrate the twenty-five years of married life, and to call it a "silver wedding," is essentially a German custom, and is followed in the Germanic empire, both in castle and cottage, from royalty downwards. Few reach fifty years of married life in comparison with those who arrive at twenty-five years, and even when they do, are hardly equal to celebrating the event in a joyous manner as befits a golden wedding. Still, when they come to a silver wedding; the bride and bridegroom have presumably but reached the meridian of life, and are capable of taking part in any festivities. Of course, on the occasions but whether silver weddings will ever become popular in general society is very problematical, for many reasons.

Royal personages and prominent people can afford to celebrate publicly this interesting epoch of their lives; again, married people of the well to do classes, and who lead quiet domestic lives in their own small circles, are pleased thus to remind their friends of their having lived twenty-five years of married life, that they have reached a certain age, and that their sons and daughters are marriageable, or even married; but in addition to the facts that men and women in general and in fashionable society are not too anxious to impress upon them their ages.

When a silver wedding is to be celebrated invitations may be issued in the united names of host and hostess on at home cards printed in silver, whether the invitations be to a dinner, dance or an at home. Each guest may send a present in silver, differing or costly, according to inclination, but silver it must be. Of course, so many pretty, useful and ornamental things are made in silver that there is little difficulty in choosing something suitable.

A favorite manner of celebrating a silver wedding is to give a dinner, followed by a reception or a dance, the immediate relatives and most intimate friends being invited to the dinner, and acquaintances to the reception or dance. The dinner table or supper table is decorated with white flowers and silver leaves, the center piece being a large wedding cake decorated with silver and cut at dessert. The bride and bridegroom of twenty-five years standing receive their guests and their congratulations side by side. They open the dance or ball by dancing the first dance together, and together lead the way into the supper room.

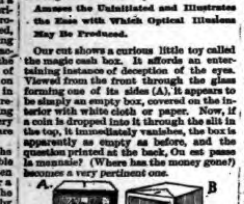
When an afternoon reception is given from 4 to 7 it should either of the foregoing entertainments, the same etiquette be observed, and husband and wife lead the way into the room, followed by their guests, and the wedding cake is cut by the wife and handed to the company by the servants in attendance.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

POPULAR SCIENTIFIC RECREATION AND VALUABLE KNOWLEDGE.

An Ingenious Little Toy That Puzzles and Amuses the Uninitiated and Illustrates the Rule with Which Optical Illusions May Be Produced.

Our cut shows a curious little toy called the magic cash box. It affords an entertaining instance of deception of the eyes. Viewed from the front through the glass forming one of its sides (A), it appears to be simply an empty box, covered on the interior with white cloth or paper. Now, if a coin is dropped into it through the slit in the top, it immediately vanishes, the box is apparently as empty as before, and the question printed at the back, Ou est passe la monnaie? (Where has the money gone?) becomes a very pertinent one.



THE MAGIC CASH BOX.

The mystery is solved by removing the back of the box (B) and examining the interior. We then find that the box is not really empty, but contains two mirrors, placed together at an angle of 45 degs., with the apex of the angle facing the front of the box. These mirrors reflect the sides of the box, and produce the illusion that one is looking directly into the back, when in reality, it is the reflection of the sides that we see, and the money dropped into the box is concealed in the space behind the mirrors.

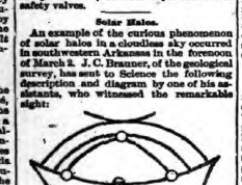
Popular Science News, from which is taken the foregoing description of this ingenious toy, originally illustrated in La Nature, says that it can easily be made by anyone with two pieces of looking glass cut to the proper size. Care must be taken to have the cloth or paper covering the inside of the box perfectly white and clean, with no marks or figures to be reflected. The mirrors can be placed at an angle of exactly 45 degs., and the edge where they come together is concealed by a narrow strip of card bearing the legend noted above.

Boilers for High Pressure.

Power-Steam tells that an English engineer proposes to make boilers capable of withstanding greatly increased pressures by constructing them of two shells and maintaining a pressure in the space between them. A boiler, to work safely under a pressure of 250 pounds, would consist of an inner shell capable of withstanding a pressure of 150, surrounded by a shell whose safe working pressure was 100. Reducing valves allow sufficient steam to pass from the inner boiler to the space between the shells to maintain the required pressure, and the inner shell is thus subjected to an unbalanced pressure of only 150 pounds, although containing steam at 250. Each compartment is of course provided with safety valves.

Solar Halos.

An example of the curious phenomenon of solar halos, which recently occurred in southwestern Arkansas in the forenoon of March 2. J. C. Branner, of the geological survey, has sent to Science the following description and diagram by one of his assistants, who witnessed the remarkable sight:



SECONDARY SUNS AND RAINBOWS.

"At 8:30 there was not a cloud in sight, but the eastern sky had a hazy appearance. The sun was shining with full brilliancy, and on the right and left of it, and above it at equal distances, three other suns appeared, shining almost as brightly as the sun itself. The farthest color for a fourth secondary sun, but it was too near the horizon for this to be seen. Radiating from these suns were brilliant rainbows forming regular spherical triangles. The brightness of the suns and bows lasted but a few minutes, and then began gradually to fade. Within fifteen minutes, however, the sun had risen high enough to bring the fourth secondary sun to view, but by this time the rainbow lines with it were very indistinct. By 10 o'clock the whole spectacle had faded away."

A Test for Oleo in Butter.

The following method of discovering oleo in butter is proposed by Dr. Taylor, of the department of agriculture: Dissolve in 20 cubic centimeters of petroleum benzine 140 grains of a mixture of oleo and butter. Heat slightly to secure a perfect solution of the fats. Cheese and animal tissues may be readily removed by passing the liquid while warm through fine muslin. Fill a test tube with the solution and place in ice water. In about twenty minutes the oleo fat will separate from the butter fat and fall to the bottom of the tube, being insoluble in cold benzine, while the butter fat will remain in solution in the benzine. Separate the oleo fat from the liquid butter fat by filtration. The fat recovered may be solidified by mechanical pressure, placing it between several layers of bibulous paper to absorb the remaining benzine, after which the sheet of solid oleo may be removed from the paper with a palette knife. The butter may be recovered by evaporating the benzine by means of a sand bath.

Musical Flames.

The well known experiment of making sounds by holding a tube over a jet of burning gas (usually hydrogen) is often omitted in chemistry classes because no suitable tubing is at hand. A fact noted by Mr. T. B. Smith in Popular Science News is that a bottle will serve in place of a tube. A "philosopher's candle," properly burning, will yield a fine sound if capped by a wide mouthed bottle, as a quinine bottle or large test tube.

The Creeping of Salts on Batteries.

A French scientist announces an easy way of preventing the annoying creeping of salts on batteries. It is to apply a thin coating of vaseline to the surfaces to be preserved. The vaseline is unchangeable by air, is not attacked by most chemicals, is easily applied, keeps in place, and does not cover up from sight the parts to be protected.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

The New Bread and Butter Plates Adopted as Regular Table Furnishings.

Bread and butter dishes have come to stay, says Decorator and Furnisher. It was predicted when they first appeared that they would never become popular. These dishes are the latest product of the modern idea of making eating as little trouble as possible, even at the expense of increasing the already large number of table utensils. The little crescent shaped dishes, for the reception of bones and other unsightly scraps appeared in obedience to the same idea. Their fate was problematical for a while, but they can now be said to have entered upon a career as regular table furnishings.

The bread and butter plates have been accepted by housekeepers also. What to do with bread when your plate is full, and especially how to dispose of hot buttered tea biscuit, corn bread or muffins, are questions which have bothered us all a great deal longer than new bread and butter plate answers the question. These dishes are modeled after tea plates in every respect, only much smaller. They are made from four to six inches in diameter, and are plenty big enough to hold your pat of butter and your bread or biscuit besides. They are made, of course, in all sorts of designs and all sorts of ware. Some are made to match handsome tea or breakfast sets. Other sets are made of which no two pieces are alike. These seem to be the favorite with purchasers.

Food for an Irritable Stomach.

In severe cases of bowel and stomach trouble the difficult to find food that can be retained in the stomach long enough to nourish the patient, on-that does not act as an irritant. Now Miss Parloa tells in The Housewife that there is something called nutted custard which is both healing and nourishing. It has been used in critical cases with the most gratifying results. The materials of which it is made are one quart of milk, two ounces of mutton suet, a stick of cinnamon about five inches long and one tablespoonful of flour. The suet must be from the kidneys; sweet and free from all tough membrane. Shred it very fine and put it in the double boiler, with the cinnamon and milk, reserving, however, a gill of the cold milk. Cook for one hour, and then strain. Return to the double boiler and place on the fire. Now mix the cold milk with the flour and stir into the hot mixture. Cook for ten minutes. Give the patient as much of this as he will willingly take, say half a pint every four or five hours. Keep the patient warm and quiet.

How to Clean Books.

American Analyst give the following directions for cleaning books: Grease spots, if old, may be removed from books by applying a solution of varying strength of caustic potash upon the back of the leaf. The printing, which looks somewhat faded after the removal of the spot, may be freshened up by the application of a mixture of one part of muriatic acid and twenty-five parts of water. In a case of fresh grease spots, carbonate of potash (one part to thirty parts of water), chloroform, ether or benzine renders good service. Wax disappears if, after saturating with benzine or turpentine, it is covered with folded blotting paper and a hot flat iron put upon it. Paraffine is removed by boiling water or hot spirits. Iron spots or rust spots of vegetable acid, in combination with hot water, chloride of gold or silver spots to a weak solution of corrosive sublimate or cyanide of potassium.

Tennessee Hoe Cake.

Miss Viola Roseboro, a lady of literary reputation, declares that the best bread she ever ate is hoe cake as they make it down in Tennessee. She says: All that is necessary for it is good cornmeal, water, salt and a hot griddle. Mix your water and meal into a compound too thin to be called a dough and too thick to be called a batter, grease your griddle and spread your hoe cake upon it, spreading it thicker than a batter cake, but not much. Let it brown on one side and then turn it over. Eat it hot, with butter, and break off your pieces; don't cut it off.

Jelly Cake.

Beat one egg very thoroughly, add four ounces of sifted sugar, half an ounce of butter, five ounces of flour, and a little milk; to this put quarter of an ounce of carbonate of soda dissolved in milk, and half of an ounce of powdered cream of tartar, also dissolved in a little milk. Pour the mixture into shallow round tins, well buttered, and bake in a quick oven. When cold, pile the cakes one on top of the other, with any sort of preserve or chocolate icing between each. If icing is used, the top of the cake should be iced as well.

A Dining Room Convenience.

A most convenient article in a small dining room is a dumbwaiter table which may be folded and set aside when not required for service. It must, of course, have some pretty covers. These may be worked with washing silks in an all over design, as suggested by the cut, in which red and blue are the colors employed.

COVER FOR A DUMBWAITER TABLE.

The hemstitching and drawn work now in high favor will also make a handsome and durable finish, and in various patterns give a desirable variety for the number of covers that will be required.

Household Hints.

An old glove of undressed kid makes a good silver polisher.

Hard finished walls may be washed with soap and the wall wiped dry. A bit of pumice stone will remove stains from them.

Wash white paint with whiting and water, which is not so trying to the hands as the ammonia.

Discolored rattan chairs are made pretty by a coating of black or golden brown paint and finished with a handsome cushion.

A saturated solution made by dissolving gum in boiling water will keep ants out of closets if used frequently.

Mark the children's wash cloths with red cotton and see that they are put in the wash every week, just as the nursery towels are.

A good window cleaner may be made of scraps of chamois skin rinsing on stout wrapping paper well dried. A circular pad is formed, which readily absorbs water and proves very useful.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Collection of Fugitive Facts and Out-of-the Ordinary Information.

The association known as United Confederate Veterans was organized at New Orleans, June 10, 1889. Its avowed purpose is strictly social, literary, historical and benevolent. Its constitution says that it "will endeavor to unite in a general federation all associations of Confederate veterans, soldiers and sailors, now in existence or hereafter to be formed; to gather authentic data for an impartial history of the war between the states; to preserve relics or mementoes of the same; to cherish the ties of friendship that should exist among men who have shared common dangers, common sufferings and privations; to care for the disabled and extend a helping hand to the needy; to protect the widows and the orphans, and to make and preserve a record of the resources of every member, and, as far as possible, of those of our comrades who have preceded us in eternity." State organizations are authorized and are to be called divisions. The presiding officer is entitled general, and the first general commanding was Governor John B. Gordon, of Georgia.

A Literary Treasure.

One of the treasures of the library of Mr. George W. Childs is a large folio containing the portrait of every president of the United States, from George Washington to Gen. Chester A. Arthur. Upon the leaf following each portrait is an autograph letter from the president represented. The letters begin with the last letter Gen. Washington ever wrote, which is dated "Mount Vernon, 8th December, 1799," six days before his death. A curious fact comes to light, resulting from the collection of these documents, is that of the entire list the most difficult letter to be procured was that of President Andrew Johnson. Johnson's letters are written by an amanuensis and signed by himself are easy to obtain; but so rare is a letter written throughout by him that it is said as high as $50 have been offered for one.

Women Who Have Ascended Mont Blanc.

A great many women have made the ascent of Mont Blanc. An English girl, Miss Stratton, conceived the daring idea a few years ago of attempting the ascent in the middle of winter. She tried it, and succeeded. Moreover, she froze two of her fingers on the way up. She fell in love with her guide on the summit, and she married him when she got to the bottom again. The first woman who ascended Mont Blanc was Mlle. Maria Paradis, aged 22, in 1809. The fair sex then took a rest for about thirty years, when a Mlle. d'Angeville made the ascent, in 1838. Mark Twain claims, in his "A Tramp Abroad," that in Chamounix he found an old lithograph which pictured her in the act. This represented her as being clothed in a pair of men's trousers, over which appeared a petticoat.

Birthplaces of Some Prominent Actors.

Joseph Jefferson was born in Philadelphia in 1830. Herbert Kelcey was born in England in 1855. James Lewis was born in Troy, N. Y., in 1839. Robert Mantell was born in Aymshire, Scotland, in 1854. Frank Mayo is a native of Massachusetts and was born in 1839. James O'Neill is Irish, and was born in 1849. McKee Rankin, a Canadian, was born in 1844. Stuart Robson was born in Annapolis, Md., 1836. Salvini was born in Milan in 1830. Lawrence Barrett was born in Paterson, N. J., in 1838. Joseph Emmett was born in St. Louis in 1841. Henry Irving was born in England in 1838. Edwin Booth was born in Belair, Md., in 1833.

"The Conquering Hero Comes."

Nathaniel Lee, who was born in the year 1630, and died in 1692, is credited with the well known couplet:

See, the conquering hero comes;
Sound the trumpet, beat the drums.

It was he who wrote:

'Tis beauty calls and glory leads the way.

Also:

When Greeks joined Greeks, then was the tug of war.

The above quotations all appear in Lee's "Alexander the Great."

Halos Surrounding the Moon.

Halos are frequently observed surrounding the moon, and then we are apt to prognosticate rain.

The nearer the wane
The farther the rain

is an old couplet referring to the appearance of the moon, and is supposed to foreshadow the weather by the size of a fourth halo, which is caused, as we know, by the existence of vesicular vapor in the atmosphere.

Monumental Inscriptions.

Capital letters and Latin inscriptions are of the first twelve centuries.

Lombardic capitals and French inscriptions are of the Thirteenth century.

German text are of the Fourteenth century.

English and Roman print subsequent to the Fourteenth century.

Tablets against the wall came in with *the Reformation.*

Below and Beneath.

Beneath is a stronger term than below. If a thing is simply lower than the position we occupy we say "It is below us;" when very far below we say "It is beneath us." When we wish figuratively to express comparative inferiority we say low, beneath and not below should be used; as "He is beneath our regard," "Such conduct is beneath the character of an officer," etc.

Significance of the Name "Ruth."

The name of the gentle, faithful Ruth has never been satisfactorily explained. Some make it mean trembling others derive it from a word meaning to join together; and others again believe it comes from Reuth (beauty), which is probably the best account of it. In spite of the striking sweetness of Ruth's story her name has never gained a great popularity.

Begging the Question.

This is a common logical fallacy, petitio principii; and the first explanation of the phrase to be found in Aristotle's Topics VIII., 13, where he lays down a law of begging the question are set forth. The earliest English work in which the expression is found is "Wilson's Logike, Plainlie Set Forth in Our English Tongue, etc., 1584."

The King of Drummakers.

M. Worth, the king of dressmakers, is not a Frenchman, as is generally supposed, but an Englishman. Exorbitant as are his prices, he is literally overwhelmed with orders, American and Russian being his best customers, though Paris furnishes a great number.

Color of Lightning.

The color of lightning varies very much. We have the white, the blue, the violet and red. The color depends upon the distance and intensity of the lightning, and the more of it the whiter the light.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS.

Specialties in CARPETS & MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Flax Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of cotton window shades at 35c in all colors. A five-inch 50c corset at 39c. Lots of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled cow flag reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $1.75 to $20. Dress trimmings and laces, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

READY FOR BUSINESS

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

NO. 32 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET,

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

WE WILL HOLD

The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.

ROGERS BROS.,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

19 WEST FRONT STREET.

JOHN ASBURY,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty of inside work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Todd J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made)

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Furniture Trucks, all experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos,

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 687. Telephone call 20.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:00 a. m. 50 most 7:30 a. m. train. Reach Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 9:30, at the corner, place to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.30 a. m. train.
3d do	10.00	do	10.30 do
4th do	12.00	do	12.30 p. m.
5th do	1.45	do	2.00 do
6th do	3.30	do	12.00 p.m. do
7th do	5.45 p. m.		5.15 p. m.
8th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.	
9th do	9.30 do	to meet 9.30 p. m. train.	
10th do	8.00 do	do 8.30 do	
11th do	8.45 do	do 9.00 do	
12th do	6.00 do	do 6.30 do	

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenues, North Plainfield, corresponding with the above table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 2.00, 3.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for letting by the day, week or month. Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies. Horses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Spruce street, between 2d and 3d. Telephone Call, 14.

MUSIC HALL FURNITURE STORE

1890. POWLISON & JONES. 34 West Front St.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER,

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,

where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Office hours for Plainfield, 12 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TIN WORK

FOR TABLE and STOVE GET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors, Box 1255.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Office Avenue. W. S. SLIVER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, MAY 12 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—The Wiltons, of New York are booked to play a game of ball with the Crescents next Saturday afternoon.

—Day Catcher Babbett is waging war on the unmuzzled dogs which are running loose in the streets of the city.

—A slight accident at the Electric light works Saturday night left the city in darkness for about fifteen minutes.

—The unearthly sound produced by the wheels of the new hot cars on the Central R. R. can be heard a long distance.

—Trinity Commandery No. 17, Knights Templar will work the order of the Red Cross on one candidate to-night.

—The Misses Chickner of Manasquan are visiting at the residence of Mr. Henry Van Middlesworth on Elmwood place.

—The Talcot-Patent Mount distribution of tickets it to close within a few days as per advertisement in another column.

—A number of men and boys assemble on the lot near the corner of Third and Richmond streets every Sunday and play ball.

—The contracts for a new public school house for Westfield have been signed. The building is to cost, when complete, $25,000.

—The North Plainfield Township Committee held a meeting in Spencer's Hall Friday evening, but transacted business of a routine nature only.

—The Council will meet in special session this evening to take action on the license applications of Messrs. Frank E. Miller and Frank Linke.

—Ivanhoe Council No. 1074, A. L. of H., will celebrate its seventh anniversary at Knox Hall to-morrow evening. Admission is by invitation.

—There is no doubt that may tie worth a brief by corn sufferers: A teaspoonful of tar, sugar and saltpetre applied on this kid is a sure remedy for corns.

—The annual May walk of the Plainfield Gospel and Tuning Society, which was to have taken place yesterday, was postponed, on account of the storm, until next Sunday.

—A well-beaten egg and the juice of a lemon added to a glass of water and drank before breakfast during the entire Spring months, will be found a better corrective than any "bitters".

—The employes of the foundry and machine shop at The Fond Machine Tool Company's works played an interesting game of ball Saturday afternoon in which the former team was defeated by a score of 18 to 13.

—The Presbyterian and Baptist Churches, of Westfield, in conjunction with the Presbyterian and Episcopal schools, of Cranford, and the Baptist Churches, of Scotch Plains, go on their annual excursion to Ocean Grove to-morrow.

—In the list of towns competing for the cash offered by a New York paper Plainfield was "Queen City" ran but 377 voted, while Westfield has 2,245. It simply shows that Plainfielders know their city has all it wants and don't bother themselves about trifles.

—The music at the First Presbyterian church last night elicited very favorable comments. The soprano, a lady from Albany, N. Y., is especially highly praised for her fine voice as is also the alto. After a solo by her last evening, several in the audience could not resist the impulse to applaud.

—Marshal Becker yesterday arrested two more for disorderly conduct Monday this morning fined William Rountree, one of the victims, five dollars and costs and the other man who gave his name as Pangborn $2 and costs. The latter said his fine but Rountree has not as yet been able to raise the necessary cash.

—The rumor that Bishop O'Farrell, of this diocese, is about to be transferred to Brooklyn is again heard in Catholic circles; and it is said that the matter will be settled during Archbishop Corrigan's visit to Rome. One of the reasons assigned for the transfer is the increasing years of the present Bishop of Brooklyn.

—The Australian Polly Troupe closed their week's engagement at Amphion Hall Saturday night. The largest audiences that had yet attended the entertainment was present that evening. The performers were frequently applauded and appeared to give general satisfaction. Mr. John H. Carney's appearance was hailed enthusiastically.

—The Philadelphia and Reading's comparative statement for March, 1889 and 1890, is as follows: Gross earnings, 1889, $1,309,377; 1890, $1,358,747, an increase of $100,220 in 1890. Operating expenses, exclusive of rent and interest, 1889, $827,470; 1890, $923,359, an increase of $145,889 in 1890. The total profit in operating was $53,861.

—The ideal no fence feature is seen where not only the front fence is absent, but the side fence, at least as far back as the house front, are removed. This gives a sweep of lawn, and contributes the park-like quality that is given Montclair, Llewllyn, the Oranges, Palmer Square and other portions of Plainfield, such wide and enviable territory. It is conducive to better acquaintance when fences between properties are absent.

—One of the prettiest houses in Plainfield to-day is that now situated at the corner of Park avenue and Seventh street, owned by Mrs. Penfield. The house has been handsomely repainted by the popular Plainfield firm, Messrs. Marsh & Ayers. The woodwork has been painted in a variety of colors and the brick work handsomely pencilled and presents quite a contrast with its former appearance. The work is certainly a credit to its contractors and Mrs. Penfield is very much pleased with the beautiful appearance of her house, and so informed a reporter.

Runaway on Second Street.

At about five o'clock Sunday afternoon a horse attached to a park phaeton, left standing on West Second street, near Madison avenue became frightened and ran away. The ladies were seated in the carriage. The frightened animal was caught near Liberty street, before it succeeded in wrecking the carriage. The ladies, although badly frightened, remained in the wagon and escaped injury.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

ITS FIRST ANNIVERSARY A GREAT SUCCESS

The M. E. Church Filled With Friends and Members.—The Exercises.

Last evening was the anniversary night of the Epworth League, a society formed by a consolidation of all Young Peoples Societies into a body under the one name. In Plainfield it was formerly the Oxford League, of which Bishop J. H. Vincent was the promoter. Last Spring at a council of the ministers and church officers it was decided that to save from dissolution the young people who in various churches were forming conflicting societies they be united into one league. After some discussion the name Epworth was chosen from the Epworth Rectory, the former home of John Wesley. The league has now some 3,000 chapters. Each chapter represents a church. Of these the Plainfield league is Chapter No. 1.

It was decided a short time ago to celebrate the first anniversary last evening. The friends and members of the League turned out and filled every seat in the Methodist Episcopal church, where the exercises were held.

The services for the evening were entirely in charge of the League members. The pulpit was occupied by Miss Edith Kathine and Miss T. Eleanor Morrison, Messrs Walter McGee, Geo. Rittenhouse, J. F. Martin and Gifford Johnson. The evenings programme which is annexed was closely followed.

PROGRAMME.

1. A call to Praise—Responsive.
2. Singing—Tune, Varina, Hymnal, page 397
3. Invocation.....Rev. Luther Gifford Johnson
4. Anthem; Selected Music.
5. Responsive reading.....The Bible and Youth
6. Singing—Tune, Vox Dei, Hymnal, page 193
7. Address of Welcome; and brief, historical sketch of the Epworth League.....J. Frank Martin
8. Essay—Old Epworth.
9. Singing—Tune, Duke Street, the Epworth League
10. Reading.....Miss Eleanor Morrison
11. Singing—Tune, Siloam, Hymnal, page 220
12. Address—The Aims and Methods of the Epworth League.....Miss Edith Kathine
13. Singing—"Something for Jesus," Epworth League Hymn Book, Hymn, page 8, No. 26
14. Offering for the general expenses of the League, to be forwarded to the Treasurer Rev. James M. Freeman, D. D. 150 Fifth Avenue, New York...Rev. C. H. Mitchell
15. Epworth League Across the Sea.
16. Singing—Tune, Epworth Hymn, page 8.
17. Sketch of the Local Chapter; or, Brief reports of the Departments.....

18. Singing—"All for Thee."
19. Benediction.....Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell

The League will hold its semi-monthly reception in Vincent chapel next Friday evening.

R. R. A. Election.

Branch No. 8, Emerald Beneficial Association held a meeting yesterday afternoon and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—John Sheehan.
Vice-President—Dominick McNamee.
Secretary—Daniel Gulbert.
Financial Secretary—Charles Collins.
Treasurer—James Ennis.
Marshal—Andrew E. Kenny.
Assistant Marshal—James Ennis.
Stewards—John Roth, Patrick Melvin and James Strapp.
Manager—M. Agney.

A Fast "Run."

Judson Janson, a former resident of East Third street, makes the 11 a. m. "run" between Bound Brook and Jersey City with engine No. 36. Yesterday the new time table went into effect and "Jud" took the train from Plainfield to Bound Brook a distance 19 3-10 miles in 19 1-2 minutes. From Plainfield to Plainfield 12 miles in 13 minutes and 45 seconds. Plainfield to Bound Brook 7 2-10 miles in 6 minutes 45 seconds. 31 2-10 miles from Jersey City to Bound Brook in 38 minutes. "Jud," is a very clear headed engineer and one of the most reliable men on the road.

The Boys Help.

The Rev. Chas. C. Mitchell will lecture at Reform Hall to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. The lecture will be illustrated with sixty selected pictures illustrating the Paris Exposition, and a good turnout will accrue from the fact that Mr. Mitchell has himself been everything represented by these views. The Young Men's Auxiliary have taken this means of aiding the Building Fund, and it is hoped that the citizens of Plainfield will aid them in their efforts to increase the same. For particulars see advertisement.

City Court Notes.

Michael Sweeney, Sr., was yesterday arrested on complaint of Patrick Lyons, charged with using foul and abusive language. Sweeney was arraigned before City Judge Codington this morning. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and his trial was set down for to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Thomas Packer was arrested yesterday for catching on coal trains on April 24th. He was arraigned before City Judge Codington this morning. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and his trial was set down for to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Thomas Packer was arrested yesterday for catching on coal trains on April 24th. He was arraigned before City Judge Codington this morning. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and his trial was set down for to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Packer is a cripple, having lost one of his legs while jumping on cars. He now walks with a wooden leg. Some time ago he was at Raritan and to win a wager, it is alleged, he deliberately thrust his wooden leg under the wheels of a passing coal train and allowed the cars to pass over it. The leg was ruined but Packer jumped up and hopped away on his good leg. One of the train hands had seen, what he supposed to be an accident, and signalled the engineer to stop, but when the train reached the train went back to look for Parker he was no where to be found.

—Mr. Langhorne started for Canada today to be gone a week on a fishing trip.

—Marshal Becker last night chased a number of boys who have been in the habit of disturbing the service in the Warren Mission chapel. If they repeat the offence they will be arrested.

THE CRESCENTS AGAIN VICTORIOUS.

They Defeat the Rutger's Team by a Score of 7 to 2.

One of the largest crowds that has gathered on the grounds of the Plainfield Cresents League this season to witness a game of ball, assembled there Saturday afternoon to watch the game between the Crescents and the Rutger college teams.

Last season the Rutgers' team came to Plainfield and defeated the Crescents by a score of 19 to 6. They came here for the same purpose Saturday but they had counted without their host as will be seen by the score below.

The game was a very interesting one throughout and many brilliant plays were loudly applauded by the spectators.

The game was called at 3:45 o'clock and it was one of the most interesting that has ever been witnessed on the grounds in this city.

In the first inning the Crescents made two runs and one in the second. The "goose egg" was then added to the list in the fifth innings when the Crescents rallied and made another run. In the sixth they made two and in the seventh and eighth ons. The Rutgers made two runs in the sixth inning and were "closed out" thereafter.

The feature of the game was Martin's double play. A ground ball was knocked to short stop. Martin quickly threw it to second base and cut off a runner. Lafferty, the second baseman, then threw it to first base and put out the batter. The play was loudly applauded. The batting list of Livingston's in the sixth inning brought in two runs. Jones, the Crescents catcher, is one of the most popular players on the team. He has a trick which he plays on every team that visits the city. When the pitcher pitches the ball Jones runs up to meet it, generally getting his base before the ball can be picked up. Sometimes he miscalculates and knocks a foul tip. The players then see into his trick and come up closer to the bat. That is just what Jones wants He then knocks a ball way out in the field, to the great surprise of all.

The Rutger's "boys" also did some good playing and the verdict of the spectators was that the game was a very good one.

The Crescents team was made up as follows: Jones, c; Livingston, p; Weigand, 1st, b; Lafferty, 2d b; Martin, s.s; Walker, l. f.; Gillis, c f; McMurray, r. f.

Score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Crescents.	2	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	—7
Rutgers	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

PERSONAL.

Mr. William Lyons of this city has removed has family to Westfield.

Mr. E. H. Holmes of East Front street is sojourning in Richmond, Va.

Mr. Robert Connolly of West Second street left to-day for Patchogue, L. I.

Engineer F. A. Dunham has recovered from his recent severe attack of neuralgia.

George Frame of Peace street has entirely recovered from a severe attack of scarlet fever.

Mr. Theodore Hardy and bride have returned from their wedding trip to Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor of Netherwood on Saturday sailed for Europe per steamer "Umbria".

Mr. William Lane of West Front street left Plainfield to-day to accept a position at Long Branch.

Mr. Frederick Knowland of West Seventh street left Saturday to join his family at Lognes Ferry, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. William Cadmus formerly of this city, but now of Brooklyn, spent yesterday with friends here.

Mr. Baxter of Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield, will in about two weeks move to West 3rd street, near Grant avenue.

Mr. Noah W. Pike of East Front street occupied the pulpit of the Gospel church on Third street, Sunday, New York, yesterday.

Frank Morrell who has for some time past been a clerk at the City Hotel left last night for White Plains, N. Y., where he will open a road house.

Mrs. Margaret Jenner died at the home of Mr. William M. Sanford on West Seventh street Saturday night. The funeral will take place from her late home to-day.

Ex-Councilman C. M. Goddard left Plainfield this morning for Boston, where he has accepted a lucrative position which will necessitate his making that city his permanent residence. He has been appointed electrical inspector for the New England Insurance Exchange, and has been given New England for his special field of operations. He has the best wishes of THE NEWS.

A Week's Business.

Last week Postmaster General Wanamaker sent out orders to postmaster instructing him to keep a careful account of all the mail matter sent out from the post office for the week ending may 12th. Postmaster Pope acted under his instructions with the following results:

No. of letters sent out	15,039
" " postals "	2,544
" " papers and packages	3,196
Total	21,709

Weight of the above matter 955 pounds and five ounces.

Postage collected, $881.05.
Money orders issued and paid 207.
Registered letters 128.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The annual report of the President of the Y. M. C. A. as published Friday, omitted to mention the fine class of Mr. C. J. Robertson in drawing at the Scott Works, who has taught the advanced classes in Mechanical drawing since last October.

As these classes have been conducted this season without a cent of expense to the association except for lighting the class room it is only fair that Mr. Robertson's valuable services should have this recognition.

The class for Inductive Bible study conducted by Mr. W. D. Murray meets at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Mrs. John Shimp of Alloway Creek, Salem county, N. J., cut a pumpkin to make a pumpkin pie on Saturday. When she opened it she found several of the seeds had sprouted and there was a vine several inches long and as large around as a lead pencil. There were numerous blossoms on it and a young pumpkin nearly as large as an orange. It is supposed that the warm weather during the Winter had something to do with starting the sprouts.

Mr. Sheehan of the plumbing firm of Sheehan & Groark, Newark received in payment for a claim recently what was evidently intended as a keepsake by the person who parted with it. It was a trade dollar which had been made into a locket. By pushing on the coin that part of it which had been cut out for the case of the locket sprang open and revealed a lock of brown hair nestling in the interior of the dollar.

THE WHEAT LOUSE.

The Pest That is Ruining Crops. — An Exterminator Found at Last.

The following notice received from the New Jersey Agricultural College Experiment Station explains itself. It is headed "Note on the Wheat Louse," and is by John B. Smith, an omologist. It will be welcome to all agriculturalists:

"Reports received from Monmouth and Gloucester counties, and personal observations made on the college farm and elsewhere make it probable that there will be a damaging increase of this insect during the season. The young wheat is already infested, and in some localities the leaves are turning yellow. The lice suck the sap and reduce the vitality of the plant. In good soil, and with a healthy stand, the plants may resist for some time; but, unless the parasites and natural enemies of the wheat louse check his depredations, even the best wheat will be injured, while some may be killed.

It would be advisable, where the wheat is badly infested and not too far advanced, to give at least one thorough spraying with one of the following mixtures: Kerosene, two gallons; water, one gallon; soap, one-half pound. Make the suds of the soap in water, and pour boiling hot into the kerosene. Churn with a force pump for ten minutes or until it forms a thick cream. Dilute this emulsion when cold with 15 quarts of water and spray thoroughly.

The other mixture is a fish-oil soap made as follows:

Hirsch's crystal potash lye, one pound; fish oil three pints; soft water, three gallons. Dissolve the lye in the water, and when brought to a boil, add the oil. It should boil violently for some time, and, when done can be filled up to make up the loss by evaporation. When cold it can be cut into cakes. It is said to be effective at the rate of one pound of the soap to eight gallons of water and spreads well over the plants. I should recommend a trial of this mixture, which has the endorsement of Mr. Alwood, the Vice-Director of the Virginia Station. It has been tested very extensively by him and found very satisfactory.

It is cheap—the suds costing about twelve cents per one hundred gallons.

Farmers trouble with this louse and using either of the above mixtures would confer a favor upon the Entomologist if they would report results to him.

The fish-oil soap will probably prove effective against the cabbage louse as well."

MERRILL EDWARD GATES,
Prof. State Agricultural College, Ass't. Dir.
New Brunswick, N. J. May 31, 1890.

LICENSE COURT.

Applicants for Tavern Licenses Heard From the Townships.

Saturday morning the court of common pleas met at Elizabeth at 10 o'clock, Judge McCormick presiding, with associates Dyer and Wiley. The session was held for the purpose of hearing the applications for men wanting license to keep taverns in the townships.

Philip Wagner, of Linden, made application. There was no remonstrance, and the license was granted.

There were two applications from Summit, David Morrisey and John White. In both cases remonstrance had been sent to the court, and the applications were laid over until next week Saturday when testimony will be taken.

The Red Men to Entertain.

Miantonomo Tribe, No. 118, Independent Order of Red Men, are to give an entertainment in Reform Hall on the evening of May 16th. Admission is by invitation. The following novel invitation has been issued. "Hunting Grounds, of Plainfield. You are requested to be present with your Squaws, at the first treaty of peace of Miantonomo Tribe, No. 118, I. O. R. M., at the tepee of Reform Hall, corner of Second street and Central avenue, 16th sleep, flower moon, 5th run, setting of the sun, G. S. D., 399, (May 16th at eight o'clock.) Bucks on Planning Edward R. Wolverton, George H. McGuinness, Frank Lane, Frank Storr, Donald Livingston, Daniel Randall, Andrew J. Sadtler, Fly M. Oman." The tribe promises its friends a good time.

Pleased With the Umpire.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS: — The gentleman who acted as umpire of the game on Saturday, May 10th, between the Rutgers College and Crescent teams, was a fair and impartial umpire; and I think deserves recognition as such. I have been informed that he has been connected with clubs in Brooklyn N. Y.

Would it not be well for "The Crescent League" to have him umpire other games during the season [illegible]. ANONYMOUS.

NEW JUSTICES.

The Commissions Awaiting Union County Men Must be Called for on or Before July 1.

The commission for the men in Union county who were elected justices of the peace have been received, and are at the county clerk's office, where they will remain until July 1. If not called for on or before the date named the commissions are annulled.

The commissions are for the for the following:

Elizabeth — First Ward, James Dabb; Second Ward, A. Gleason; Third Ward, A. F. Anson, J. H. Geiger, A. Muller, J. Parewell, C. W. Galaway; Fourth Ward, I. O. Reeve, J. W. Bahr, J. B. W. Bennett; Fifth Ward, J. U. Bauchelle, H. A. Rath, G. C. Ford, T. Berges. J. N. Terrell; Sixth Ward, T. B. Mann, D. R. Post, G. Farker; Seventh Ward, C. Trautmann, W. G. Feats, F. T. Winans.

Plainfield—T. J. Gillies, L. Hatfield.

Rahway—Arthur Keefe, Wm. Ross, J. L. Brown, J. Weldon, A. White, Wm. Jeffries.

Clark Township—Chas. Thompson.

Fanwood Township—A. Baker.

New Providence—I. O. Maxwell.

Summit—J. P. Shea.

Westfield—A. W. Burdick.

—Don't miss the Sherwood concert at the seminary to-morrow night.

—The four o'clock meeting at Reform Hall yesterday was not only interesting but profitable to those present. A brief talk by the leader was followed by lively testimony and spirited singing. The 9:15 a. m. as well as the four o'clock meeting is under the auspices of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society. These meetings are free to all.

Died.

JENNER—In this city May 10th Mrs. Margaret W. Jenner aged 58 years.

Funeral services from the residence of William M. Sadford No. 72 West Seventh street Tuesday May 13th at 12 o'clock noon. It*

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A LIGHT Business paying a large per cent of profit. Desirably located, for sale at a low price. Address C. A. E. Plainfield office.

BOARDERS wanted. Inquire 13 Arlington avenue. Good accommodations.

FOR SALE—Fine black horse, 16 hands, stoutly built, six years old, sound and kind. Adapted for family use or any other kind of work. C. W. Updyke, 154 Broadway. 5 12it

FIRST-CLASS board and accommodations, also table boarding. References. Crescent avenue, corner First place.

FOR RENT—A bandsome, single flat, seven rooms. Every convenience. Apply to 108 Park avenue. 5-9-3 eotf

FOR SALE—A handsome mastiff. Very gentle with children. Owner no place for him. Address "Mastiff," care of EVENING NEWS. 9-3

FOR SALE—A 55-inch Victor bicycle, A1 condition. Cost $140 new. Will sell for $100 cash. Address "Bicycle," care of EVENING NEWS. 5-9tf

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Mountain avenue and Somerset street, North Plainfield. All modern improvements. For particulars call or address Mrs. Obits, No. 243 Somerset street. 5 8it

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, mare per cent, sound, safe; buckboard with pole and shafts and russet colored harness all in splendid condition. Inquire of Casselman at stable, 39 W. Seventh st. 5-3tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barnyard. C. D. D. John F. Wilcox. 2-4f

FOR SALE—Fine side bar surrey. Also top buggy. Geo. P. Dupee, 30 Rockview avenue.

FOR SALE—Central avenue and Randolph road. Choicest location in Plainfield. Colonial House just completed spacious and commodious. Built in hard wood, Cabinet trim, electric light throughout. Lot 115x285 Edith B. Day.

FOR SALE—Five carriages and five sets of harness. Can be seen at my stable Eighth street and Central avenue, from 7:30 until 8:30 a. m. and from 5 until 6:30 p. m. Geo. A. Chapman. 4-28-6tM,wsa

LOST—A music roll containing one sheet of music. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at Stelle's drug store.

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-5-f

ONE store to let. Also six room flat. Chas. Hand, 8 West Second street. MAW

RESIDENCE to let, one block from Park and Front, 10 Craig place, all improvements; bath. Inquire Dunham, 7 East Front street. 10-3*

STRAYED—From 112 Rockview avenue, a white tail terrier dog. Black spot on forehead. Reward paid if returned at once to 112 Rockview avenue. 12-3*

SELLING off cheap. Horses, carriages, buggies and harness of all kinds. Livery for sale or to let. Apply at McDonald's Sixth street.

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahma's, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 112 Rockview avenue.

TO LET—Furnished house; good order; pleasant grounds, with stable. Address "House," care of EVENING NEWS. M7&8

TWO LOADS of good manure for sale cheap, at No. 11 Mountain avenue. 6it

TO LET—A large loft at No. 81 Somerset street. Also a barn in the rear. Inquire of L. Heyniger. 5-1tf

WANTED—First-class carriage washer and boy in store must be well recommended. Ryerson 33 Somerset street.

WANTED—Situation by a good man of-all-work and cook or second man. Understands horses cows, gardening. References given. W. C. Rollins Raymond avenue or P. O. Box 208. 12-3

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a successful N. Y. Company incorporated to supply dry goods, clothing, shoes, jewelry, etc., to consumers at cost. Also a lady of tact, salary $40, to enroll members ($5,000 bond required and paid in). References exchanged. Empire Co-operative Association (credit well rated). Look box 610, N. Y. 6 2t ly

$1 40c $1.40

The "Flannel Shirt" and the "girl of the period" are very important adjuncts to our great republic at the present era. In fact the world would scarcely move at all if public attention should be withdrawn from them. 75c

Realizing this great fact we have supplied an immense stock of these goods, not the girls, but shirts, blouses, and waists for ladies, gents, boys and girls in great variety and are offering them at our usual popular LOW PRICES. New parasols, new dress goods, new gloves, etc. All the latest styles in our line can be had at 2.50 $2.75

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

$1.50 $1.75 $2 25

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, hard wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE, 196.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Wednesday, May 14,

Engagement of the

PRETTY, PIQUANT,

POPULAR, BONNIE KATE CASTLETON,

Supported by her own excellent company of comedians presenting the latest laughable success

A PAPER DOLL

A funny play made funnier by a funny company.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and

Kindergarten

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

An Open Secret

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY,

TIME AND LABOR

By purchasing your

GROCERIES

at the

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

29 W. FRONT STREET.

Dorsey W. Hyde,

Announces that he has engaged

Wm. H. Sherwood,

The distinguished pianist and director of pianoforte music at the Auditorium Chicago, to give one of his highly interesting and entertaining MUSICAL LECTURE RECITALS at SEMINARY HALL on

TUESDAY EVE., MAY 13th,

at 8 o'clock. Tickets at $1, can be procured at Moy's, Miller's, Reynolds, Randolph's and Shaw's drug stores.

Paris Exposition

at REFORM HALL

Tuesday, May 13th,

A eight o'clock. A lecture by the

Rev. CHARLES B. MITCHELL,

under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A.

SIXTY STEREOPTICON VIEWS OF THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

Proceeds for the benefit of the Building Fund. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents. Tickets on sale at the drug stores. 9it

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A L SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

SIXTY STEREOPTICON VIEWS OF THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

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Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which is style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

Doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN TO DESERVING

Special Notices.

MUSIC HALL NOTICE.

The annual election of directors of the Music Hall Association of Plainfield will be held in Music Hall parlors on Monday, May 12, 1890. Polls open from 5 to 6 p. m. and 7.45 p. m. to 8.45 p. m. The annual meeting of said stockholders will be held on the same date at the same place at 8 o'clock p. m.

CHAS A. MARSH, Sec.

Plainfield, N. J. April 29, 1890.

ICE.

The Wholesale Ice Dealers, at a meeting held in New York City, Feb. 27th, decided that because the country was four millions short of the usual supply, and of the increased costs of transportation, etc., prices must be advanced from April 1st to $15 per ton to large consumers and $1 per 100 lbs, to families to protect the dealers from positive loss in New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City.

CLAIRVOYANT

By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see the great clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 7-1w

H. N. SPENCER.

Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Red potatoes cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and sage plants, etc.

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Japanese Fans from Yantiene. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,

32 WEST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, ONE CENT A COPY. AT THE OFFICE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX I. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Some New York Journalism.

Nothing pleases a New York editor better than to point out the defects of the country journalist. Always the impression is conveyed that the rustic newspaper man would have no shadow of a chance in New York, on account of his crude and violent manner of expressing himself, his ignorance of a refined, and elegant style in writing and his lack of esthetic ideas in general.

It is true that of the editors in chief of leading New York dailies, scarcely one has been a native of that city. Where they were not foreigners, most of them were gawky farm lads, who graduated from the plow to the country newspaper office, and from that, thanks to the good, strong, decent country bringing up, to New York, where they straightway became leaders of metropolitan journalism, ready to meet with the best of them at the country journalist. But all that goes for nothing.

The altercations of country newspapers are a source of great amusement to the metropolitan journalist. Oh, yes; the epithets that the hustling rustic call each other, Arizona Kicker fashion, are carefully quoted in the refined dailies of New York, in a pitying fashion, as perfect specimens of how not to write. These crude country fellows!

Let us see how the low refined New York journalists fly into each other's hair. Take The Sun and The World. For some years they have cherished for each other that degree of love which Satan is popularly believed to have for holy water. Whatever one takes up the other cries down, and vice versa.

For a considerable time The Sun has been sticking pins into Mr. Cleveland because he is so fat. Thereupon The World, ally Joey Bagstock fashion, sends a reporter to interview the ex-president on the topic of The New York Sun. The World introduces the subject as follows:

> A morning newspaper yesterday published a sensational article from correspondents apparently reporters, to the effect that ex-President Cleveland was undergoing a special treatment intended to reduce his unwieldy proportions by purging flesh. It was asserted that Mr. Cleveland was gaining in weight at the rate of twenty-five pounds a month and that the fears of his friends were seriously alarmed at his condition.
>
> A reporter called at Mr. Cleveland's office yesterday afternoon. The ex-President's appearance certainly did not bear out the statement, that he is rapidly increasing in weight. If anything, he is less stout than when he left the White House, and his face has a very healthy color.

Mr. Cleveland spoke his mind freely to The World reporter. He never read The Sun, he said, but cranks sent him letters telling him how it attacked him.

> Whenever I receive these cranks' letters, said Mr. Cleveland, I know that the senile old liar and thief, Dana, has been at it again. That is the only way I ever get to know what he says on the subject, I suppose, is to annoy me and my friends.
>
> The man who invades the privacy of family and fireside with his vile slanders, and his venomous hate is no better than a highwayman. He places himself on the level of the blackguard, and his vulgarities can have no weight with decent people.

The interview occupied nearly a column, which The World prints gleefully upon its front page and calls attention to editorially. Next morning The Sun comes back at the ex-president as follows: "The stuffed prophet of William street, in a sage of wounded vanity, is thus reported." etc. Then comes this paragraph:

> Passing over the blackguard epithets in which the half drunken hanger-on of Tammany Hall and finds his only possible retort, we come to this more serious matter.

Mr. Cleveland had charged The Sun with attacking his wife. On this point he had been misinformed. But The Sun sails in in grand style, pronouncing the charge a "cowardly lie," and saying that the ex-president knew the charge was false when he made it. Then, like a daub of paint at a blank wall, The Sun flings these gems from its choice vocabulary at Mr. Cleveland: "Selfish poltroon," "unworthy husband," "coarse and swollen face peeping from behind the edge of his wife's garments."

But the cream of this little journalistic story is to come. Three days after printing the interview with the ex-president The World said editorially:

> After a thorough investigation we are satisfied that all the articles in the recent publication of a personal character was contained in the first fourteen lines of the matter attributed to him, and that he did not use the words or make the despicable personal expressions accredited to him in a subsequent portion of the interview.

Country editors! Here be models of journalistic ethics, esthetics and literary style. Strive to make them your own. At the end of perhaps fifty years' hard and persistent practice you may be qualified to edit a newspaper in New York and come up to the gentle amenities of metropolitan journalism.

A Record of Old People.

In the Connecticut valley it is said that people never die, but that they dry up and blow away. Apparently there are more centenarians in Connecticut than in any other state, or at least we hear more about them. In one town lately two couples celebrated their golden wedding and a third their seventieth wedding day. In Granby are five women who have passed the 100th birthday. The citizens of Connecticut who are between 90 and 100 are too numerous to mention.

Now, Connecticut ought not to have a monopoly of aged persons. No doubt there are many in other states that have never been heard of who are just as old as the venerable inhabitants of that state. The Philadelphia Press not long since performed good service by making a record of the very aged persons surviving in Pennsylvania. The same thing should be done in every state in the Union. Pioneer associations and local historical societies should take the matter in hand and ascertain, each in its own neighborhood, the number of citizens past 90 years old. This should know whether or not each state. It will help to answer the question whether human life is lengthening.

Walt Whitman, who is considered abroad our greatest living literary genius, but who has passed his life in poverty at home, has at length entered the lecture field. His lecture on Abraham Lincoln is one that the young people of this generation would like to hear, and one that it would do them good to hear. The old poet's health is feeble, still he could do considerable speaking, and lecture engagements would give him a lift that would be great help to him on the rest of his way along the road to the land of shadows.

There is a strong movement in England in favor of abolishing capital punishment. At the head of it in Liverpool is the foreman of the jury that not long since found Richard Davies and his brother George guilty of murdering their father.

You can't run off to Canada now with boodle any more. The treaty of extradition has gone into effect. Confidential cashiers and trusted partners must cross the ocean or get into Mexico somehow.

It is claimed that Commander McCalla, of the war vessel Enterprise, was a brave man anyhow. But would a brave man stick his sword into his enemy's back? Or resent it?

It would afford the public mind a degree of relief to know whether Dr. Peters, the African explorer, is really dead or alive. Now we hear particulars of his last moments, and now we hear that he is in rugged health and on his way to the coast.

Nelson Beats Cornell.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 12.—A fight came off at daybreak Sunday morning in Douglass, Mass., just over the state line. The principals were Jack Nelson, of New London, and Christopher Cornell, of Pascoag, and the stake was $500, $300 of which went to the winner. The 400 spectators congregated at the pugilistic combats never fought hereabouts in this class, and the fight was very close. Cornell forced the fighting from the start, and appeared to be a sure winner up to the last round. Nelson had been holding back, however, and occasionally dropping to escape punishment. Nelson finally warmed up, and finished his man with a half dozen blows delivered with the utmost rapidity, knocking Cornell out in the sixteenth round.

A Baseball War to the Death.

CHICAGO, May 12.—President Spalding, of the National League, declares that the League schedule will be touched. "The League will fight it out on the line it has chosen," he said. "On that point we are determined. We have come to the conclusion that two first class leagues cannot live, and we recognize that one or the other must go. If we lose, we are ready to pack up our traps and leave the Players' league in possession, but if we are going to stay, then the Players' league must go. It will be a fight to the death, I tell you, and I think we are pretty well healed. Chicago cannot support two clubs, I am convinced."

A Mayor's Son in Trouble.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Raymond Carroll, son of the mayor of Rochester, was held in the police court, Sunday, for trial in $300 bail on the charge of assaulting Judith Torey, with whom he had been living for some time. Miss Torey says that Carroll squandered $15,000 of her money in gambling, and got drunk and blackened her face. She inherited $20,000 from her father, a New Orleans lawyer.

The Police Charged the Crowd.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 12.—A wrestling match for $500 a side between Bibby and Cattanach, at the Pawtucket rink, Saturday night, broke up amid great excitement, the police charging into the slugging match crowd with their clubs. Each man had won one fall. The referee left without announcing a decision.

Sarah Bernhardt Ill.

PARIS, May 12.—Sarah Bernhardt is ill. During the previous night, after a recent performance of Jeanne d'Arc a splinter entered her knee. The wound, at first considered trivial, has grown more serious, inflammation having set in.

Postponed Indefinitely.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The meeting of the executive committee of the national Republican committee, called to meet in Washington today, has, owing to the absence of Gen. Clarkson, been postponed indefinitely.

A Popular Verdict.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., May 12.—The jury in the case of Alfred Bowen, charged with the murder of James A. Kibler near Mount Meridian, Sept. 10, 1889, returned a verdict of not guilty. The result was received with cheers.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be warmer and generally fair.

> When you build your house remember that two things are now essential: Perfect sanitary arrangements and architectural beauty.

GLOBE TROTTER TRAIN.

He Is Bound to Beat Nellie Bly's Record.

THE ECCENTRIC CITIZEN'S TOUR.

On the Homestretch to Make Two Famous and Smash This Country—He Says He Will Complete His Girdle Round the Earth in Sixty-two Days.

LONDON, May 12.—George Francis Train is on the homestretch of his tour around the world, and it seems not any more eccentric than was Phineas Fogg's record, but the record of Miss Nellie Bly as well. He has reached London fifty-two days from Tacoma, Wash., and expects to finish his tour in ten days more. To a correspondent of The Herald who met him with extended hand, he said:

They Shook Chinese Fashion.

"Hah! No, I haven't touched the hand of man or woman for fourteen years. We still shake hands Chinese fashion." This was Mr. Train's greeting. We shook hands Chinese fashion, which means shaking hands with yourself and looking at the other fellow. Mr. Train is packed with explanation points. In his ordinary conversation a jump of 5,000 miles is nothing at all. To jump from the Pacific coast is dovelike, the rest he is like unto a combination of a tiger, a dangerous lunatic and a steam hammer. He is modest in his own way, for Mr. Train's greatest fad is blowing his horn. Let him tell his own story.

Citizen Train's Adventure.

"Fifty-two days on the way, and will finish on board. Around the world in ten days more. Remember the fuss some people made when a young woman went around the world in seventy-two days and a half? Bosh! Around the world in 80 days? Nothing. Anybody could do it. Remember Jules Verne's 'Around the World in Eighty Days?' He stole my thunder. I'm playing Jules Verne. I'm beating Phineas Fogg out of sight. What put the notion into my head? Well, I'm possessed of great psychic force. I'm a volunteer of Tacoma.

"Three weeks' notice

DEATH RODE THE WIND.

Cyclones in Pennsylvania, Kansas and Missouri.

HOUSES WRECKED BY THE STORM

Five Persons Killed Near Franklin, Pa.

Akron, O., Feels the Fury of the Hurricane—Graphic Story of an Eye Witness—They Fled to the Cellar.

FRANKLIN, Pa., May 12.—A terrible tornado passed over the southern part of this county Saturday evening about 5 o'clock. Five people, Noah Jackson and wife, were killed outright, and a large number of persons dangerously injured. The storm was felt throughout the county, but the really tornado, only about 300 feet wide, extended about twenty-five miles. Everything in its path was demolished, trees uprooted, and houses and barns completely wrecked. In one instance a house containing a child was struck, and the bed containing the sick man lifted up bodily and carried out into the yard, where it struck against a tree. The sick man was badly injured.

A large number of cattle were killed. The path of the storm extended from near the county line to the Allegheny river. No trains have arrived on the Allegheny Valley railroad since Saturday evening on account of slides and a bad wreck about five miles south of this city, where the tornado struck the river.

Eighteen Persons Injured.

AKRON, O., May 12.—I went over the path of Saturday night's storm and counted nineteen dwelling houses that were either wiped into kindling wood or so badly wrecked that they cannot be occupied, and seventeen empty barns are today out of plumb and bona and are being sheltered by friends. Of the eighteen persons who were injured all will probably recover.

Seventy-five Buildings Damaged.

Seventy-five buildings, including residences, barns and outhouses, were damaged by the wind, and not one escaped that was in the direct line of the tornado. Uprooted trees are counted by scores. Many that were thrown down or cut off are from one to two feet in diameter. Buildings that resisted the wind's first attack, and outhouses were in some cases transported from fifty to a hundred feet and set down in neighboring yards.

William Poole and his daughter, who had just driven into their barn, were caught up with the building and rolled with it to the bottom of the hill on which it stood.

They Ran for the Cellar.

George Jewell, who had a narrow escape, said: "I was looking out of the window at the storm. Suddenly the rain increased in violence and it grew dark. I saw a cloud of shingles, bricks and timbers rushing through the air with a swift rotary motion. Mother and I rushed for the cellar, and had barely got there when the wind lifted the house from over our heads. The wind was accompanied by a dreadful noise, like the rushing of a great flood, but the most terrible thing was the sight of the whirling fabric that blackened the air."

Havoc and Death in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, May 12.—Several violent storms in the form of tornadoes have occurred in different parts of north Missouri within the last two days, and a large amount of property has been destroyed and several persons killed. In Harrison county a number of houses and barns were demolished and a large amount of farm property destroyed. William Wilson and his two small children were blown away with his house and killed out, several persons were injured. In Gentry county more than twenty buildings were destroyed and Mrs. Nathan Green was killed. Five or six dwellings and several outbuildings were blown away south of Memphis, Mo., and one carried away and orchards swept down.

Near Blythesdale Mrs. Jane Moore and Mrs. Henry Young were fatally injured and a number of other persons more or less seriously hurt. More than a dozen houses were wrecked.

Three Persons Killed.

FREDONIA, Kan., May 12.—Only meager reports of the cyclone reach this city. The storm originated in the western part of Wilson county, and in Pleasant Valley township the funnel shaped cloud dipped downward and whirled into fragments houses, barns and other objects.

Four or five miles northeast of Altoona he farm residence and barn of Joseph Wirts were blown down, and Mrs. Wirts, aged 16 years, who was in the barn, was instantly killed. The house of Frank Hidden, one mile east of Wirts', was torn to pieces, and Mr. Hidden and an infant child were killed by flying timbers. Mrs. Hidden and a hired woman were seriously injured, the former dangerously. Other deaths in the same vicinity of which were hurt were Mrs. Sloat, Mrs. Peterson, Philip Barr and a Mr. Wood.

Congressman Moffitt's Sister Suicides.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., May 12.—The body found at Willsboro bay on Friday night has been identified as that of Miss Catherine Moffitt, sister of Congressman Moffitt, who disappeared from her home near Beckmantown on the night of Dec. 22 last. It is supposed that she committed suicide by throwing herself while temporarily insane. The place where the body was found is twenty-five miles from where she is supposed to have entered the lake, and it is thought the outgoing ice carried the body with it. The body was remarkably well preserved and identification is positive.

Other Chicago Strikers Win.

CHICAGO, May 12.—The 625 employes of L. H. Andrews & Co.'s furniture factory went back to work today. By the terms of settlement the strikers got a marked increase in pay and a half holiday Saturday during June, July and August. This practically settles the strike they asked for. It is expected that work will be resumed at the Palliable Iron works today. The molders who had pay day made every two weeks, and the laborers are to receive extra pay for overtime.

Crushed to Death at Montclair.

NEWARK, N. J., May 12.—Martin Huff, a employe of the Crump Label works at Montclair, was crushed to death by an express train on the Greenwood Lake railroad at Bloomfield last evening. Huff was dislocated and sat down directly in front of the train.

Five Bodies Recovered.

PARIS, May 12.—Portions of the works connected with extensive rebuilding operations at the Chalons fort, near Nanteuil, are collapsed, burying twenty persons in the debris. Five dead bodies and twelve injured persons have been extricated from the ruins.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Lessons in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 2090.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
Taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Condamin, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield high school, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 26th street.
9-26-1y

MR. F. L. CONDE,
Teacher of violin, 13 years in conservatories; special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solo and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 260.
4-9-1y

MISS C. L. BELLWIG,
A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the pupil of a gold medal pianiste, will receive pupils at Mayflower to the best scholars, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. L. Bellwig, No. 24 East Fifth street.
7-16-1y*

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Teacher of piano. Would kindly solicit a share of the patronage of a good music pupil. Terms to please. Best of references. P. O. Box 1988.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Gerbner and Miss Newton's school for girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m.
6-5-1y

E. S. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, has left Smith avenue, Scotch Plains, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 4a. Residence 108 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 709 East Front street, Plainfield.
13*

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties seen to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR B. TEALE,
Architect, 257 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' supplies, Brushes, et

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62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,
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Gilt Edged Butter
Call and see them.
Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)
Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN
Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood sausage, Pickled Pigs Feet, Ham, Spiced Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Mixter, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Sand and Limburger Cheese.
W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given that the account of the subscriber, Executor and Trustee under the will Frederick P. Chase deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the Ninth day of July next.
CRAIG A. MARSH
Dated May 1st 1890.

CARPETS!
A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
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Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
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NO. 87 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot. the headquarters for fine groceries.

A Great Bargain
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Canned Fruit
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	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
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Franklin Bread Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Burlington Beans extra choice	15	1.60

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My $2.50 Shoe
Not since the War have Boots, Shoes or Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by stores, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.
We have made great preparations for large Fall and Winter trade, having a full stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.
Call and examine our goods.
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LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS
Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process" will close in a few days.
Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

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non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.
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1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 13c.
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We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.
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Ask to see the 1 stay Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.
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Our selections of Spring Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.
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An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.
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All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.14, 5.56, 6.29, 6.59, 7.56, 8.56, 9.30, 10.56, 11.56 a. m., 12.56, 1.56, 2.56, 3.56, 4.56, 5.56, 6.56, 7.56, 8.56, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 5.14, 5.56, 6.29, 6.59, 7.56, 8.56, 9.30, 10.56, 11.56 a. m., 12.56, 1.56, 2.56, 3.56, 4.56, 5.56, 6.56, 7.56, 8.56, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 p. m. Leave New York from Liberty street at 4.30, 5.45, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 7.00, 10.00 p. m.; 12.15 night. Sunday, 4.30, 5.45, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 7.00, 10.00 p. m.; 12.15 night.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.29, 6.59, 7.30, 8.00, 8.27, 8.56, 10.05, 11.03, 11.30 a. m., 1.00, 1.27, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.05, 5.30, 6.00, 6.54, 7.03, 8.56, 9.30, 10.56, 11.56 p. m. Sunday, 10.05, 11.03 a. m., 12.30, 1.27, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.05, 6.00, 6.54, 7.03, 8.56, 9.30, 10.56, 11.56 p. m. Leave Newark at 7.00, 7.30, 8.55, 9.00, 10.02 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.35, 3.30, 4.00, 5.01, 5.30, 7.35, 8.05, 9.15, 9.55, 11.00, 12.02 p. m. Sunday at 8.40, 9.01 a. m., 12.00, 12.40, 2.35, 3.40, 5.05, 6.00, 7.35, 8.05, 9.15, 9.55, 11.00, 12.02 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 7.50, 8.50, 9.40, 11.00, 11.58 a. m., 1.50, 2.50, 3.45, 4.34, 5.10, 5.36, 6.08, 6.58, 7.05, 7.50, 9.14, 9.50, 11.13 p. m. At 12.45 night. Sunday at 7.45, 8.54, 9.40, 11.00, 11.58 a. m., 1.50, 2.50, 3.45, 4.34, 5.10, 5.36, 6.08, 6.58, 7.05, 7.50, 9.14, 9.50, 11.13 p. m. Sunday at 7.45, 8.54, 9.40, 11.00, 11.58 a. m., 1.50, 2.50, 3.45, 4.34, 5.10, 5.36, 6.08, 6.58, 7.05, 7.50, 9.14, 9.50, 11.13 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 7.00, 9.07, 9.45, a. m., 1.05, 3.40, 5.30 5.50 p. m. Sunday at 7.45, 9.14, 9.45, 5.50 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 9.40, 11.00, 11.50 p. m. Sunday, 11.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
7.45 a. m. For Farmington, Easton, Bangor, Manch. Chunk, 1.05 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Wilkesbarre, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nesquehoning, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton etc. 9.07 a. m. For Farmington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc. 9.45, p. m. For Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Philadelphia, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 3.40 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 5.30, p. m. For Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Reading, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. 5.50, p.m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sundays 7.45 a.m. for Scranton; 5.10, a. m. for Easton 8.15 a. m. for Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua, Philadelphia and Reading, for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville 8.45 for Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.,
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m. 1.00 5.51, 5.56 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.56 a. m., 4.00 p. m. Sunday (Ocean Grove) 7.37, 8.56, 10.00, 11.00, 2.35, 5.51 p. m. Sunday 8.56, a. m., 4.00 p. m.
For Atlantic City 3.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Cape May 3.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 1.00, 5.51 5.56, 7 01 p. m.
BOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.37, 7.45, 8.50, 9.45, 11.38 a. m., 1.20, 2.40, 4.46, 5.56, 6.55, 8.10 p. m. Sundays at 7.37, 9.36, 9.48 a. m., 7.47, 8.08, 9.14, 6.55 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 3.45, 11.38 a. m., 2.45, 4.06, 5.56 p. m. Sundays at 7.37, 9.48 a. m., 4.06, 5.56 p. m.
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Louis Callman,
40 FRONT WEST STREET.

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MASONS' MATERIALS,
BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.
Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.
Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.
Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 197.

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Boys in wagons, carts, fortuners, prows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parwin Lever. John P. Wells, Race street North Plainfield
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Jos. T. Vail,
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DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

THE LATE SENATOR BECK.

Born a Scotchman, He Was a Thorough American in Faith and Practice.

Senator James Burnie Beck seems to be added to the long list of Americans who have died before their time as a result of excessive devotion to professional labor and the

JAMES BURNIE BECK.

intense life of the politician. True, he was 68 years old, and had been "in a decline," as the phrase is, for two years; but that decline began in a break down occasioned by almost incessant labor for several days and nights together on an important measure called the undersigned on a

bill," which passed the senate in March, 1888. He had by nature an iron constitution, had never been sick and never sparred himself in work; the result was that his strength went all at once, and for two years he was a dying man.

James B. Beck was born Feb. 13, 1822, in Dumfriesshire, Scotland, and came to America in 1839. He was a rugged Scotch youth, and grew to be a stalwart American. While making his way at the bar he labored most diligently, and after having acquired a fortune entered political life, and carried the same fiery energy into its strictest. For a time his residence in the west he located in Lexington, Ky., in 1842, and in 1846 he received the lawyer's degree at Transylvania university. In 1851 he married Miss Ann Bullock Bowman, of Lou doun county, Va., a descendent of the Washington family. She survives him, with their two children, son and daughter.

In 1857 he was elected to congress from the Ashland district at a special election, and was re-elected in 1859, '71 and '73. In 1876 he was elected to the United States senate, and has been twice re-elected. His term would have expired March 3, 1895. On first locating in Kentucky he supported Henry Clay, but soon became a Democrat and remained in that faith to the end of *his life, being one of his party's most valued* workers both in the senate and before the people.

Restrictions on Newspaper Makers.

Different countries have different ways of dealing with newspaper writers. In England and America wrongs real or fancied are settled by suits at law. When Prince Bismarck was displeased with the Berlin representative of a London daily he scored his temporary incarceration in a fortress ordered, and when a man wrote and asked for news thereafter the chancellor made answer that it could on no account be furnished to one so unworthy. And now the Italians, finding that they had cherished in their bosom vipers who, in their capacity of special correspondents, made slight of the pique of Italy among the nations, have caused those special correspondents to be escorted to the frontier by the police. It is in Russia, however, that the limitations of the liberty of the press are. Every line put in type at a newspaper office has to be submitted to an official censor, who erases, corrects and interdicts. Says Mr. Keenan in a recent article: "When the revised proofs have been again examined, and the censor has gone home, the work of the editions and reporters is ended for the day. Moscow may be burned to the ground, or the czar may be assassinated, but after the censor has retired to his couch not a line of information can be put into the columns of the paper."

A Queen of Hearts and Song.

Elizabeth, queen of Roumania, is known to the reading public of America and Europe under her nom de plume of Carmen Sylva as a graceful writer and a charming story teller. Although of German birth, she has secured a strong hold on the hearts of her husband's subjects. Before the Roumanian academy of literature the other day she made a short and womanly speech. An extract from it may convey some idea of the reason for her popularity:

The honorable members of this academy some days ago requested me to speak a few words amid this assembly of learned men. I answered in the best of German: "Ich kann nicht sprechen, ich will schweigen in dieselbunch." I have not changed my opinion today. I shall always maintain that the active life of a queen ought not to go beyond the sacred interior of her home. The voice of woman sounds nowhere so powerfully as on the hearthstone, in the bosom of her family. You God has enlarged and extended the limits of my domestic hearth. By dear country, in its person of Roumanian people—is not that for me a hearth, large and precious? If I have consented to speak among you today, I do so because I am really at home in the very midst of my children.

Starving Survivors of the Light Brigade.

A recent inquiry set on foot at London shows that of the "gallant six hundred" that charged at Balaclava twenty-two are suffering from direst poverty. The most fortunate of the number being those who have gained admittance to workhouses. These were the soldiers to whom Lord *Cardigan said the morning after the fa*mous charge: "Men, you have done a glorious deed! England will be proud of you and grateful to you. If you live to get home, be sure you will all be provided for. Not one of you fine fellows will ever have to seek refuge in a workhouse!"

Title and Family New Extinct.

The death of Edmund Hammond, the first Baron Hammond, removes a potent figure from the ranks of British statesmen. From 1854 until the day of his demise he held the position of under secretary of state *for foreign affairs, and, while not so promi*nent, was really a greater power than the various politicians who had charge of the foreign office, and of whom he was the permanent subordinate. His father, George Hammond, was the first minister from Great Britain to the United States. As the title is not hereditary or immediately in relatives, the title now becomes extinct.

Feeling with the Marriage Ceremony.

People who accept "dares" generally get into trouble of one kind or another. The silliest of all are those who "get married for fun" and find out after the performance of the ceremony that nothing but a court decree can make them single again. A case in point is that of two Brooklyn young folks, who, five years ago, decided to a dance by inducing a clergyman to unite them. They never lived together, but now that one of the parties to the contract wishes to wed in earnest, the old tie must be legally severed to prevent future liability for bigamy.

Double Wedding at a Death Bed.

At Rockford, Ills., recently a double wedding was solemnized under peculiarly painful circumstances. Mary L. and Allie D. Williams were married beside their mother's death bed to C. B. Smith, of Chicago, and Walter D. Williams, of Rockford. The mother of the young women had been seriously ill for some weeks. When she realized that the end was near she asked that her daughters should be married. The young men were sent for, and upon their arrival the ceremony was performed. The mother soon after lost consciousness.

DUTIES OF A COMPANION

ONE OF THEM GIVES SOME OF HER SHORT EXPERIENCE.

Called a Sister, Yet She Was Expected to Do the Menial Work of a Servant—The Profession Does Not Require Educated and Refined Women.

"Poverty makes strange room mates," observed one of the transient boarders at a fashionable Women's home. "At present I *share my fourth floor hall room with a* young lady who doubles her negatives and eats with her knife. A mill girl? No; her profession, to let her tell it, is the same as mine—she is a 'companion.' You say 'nonsense' because you are a novel reader and are under the delusion that a 'companion' means one in a woman of education and refinement. Six months ago I thought just as you do, and so I gave up my music pupils, thinking I could get an easier berth as a professional companion. As I play and sing rather well and am a good reader and a patient listener, I was sure that I was just the one for the place. When I saw the advertisement in the paper that brought a lady to see me the very next day.

"She never such a handsome soulskin sacque that I was rather taken aback by the salary she offered, but when I asked what my duties would be she replied that there would be no duties at all, as she merely wished me to keep her company as a younger sister might do. As she couldn't have been far from 60 I thought she might have said a daughter, but it may be that *after my music teaching experience I look* older than my years. I had served myself for washing the poodle and caring for the canary bird, but when I mentioned this she relieved me by saying that she kept no pets of any kind. She told me that although she did not pay herself she was passionately fond of music and it was only her weak eyes that prevented her reading all day long. 'We'll suit one another to a T,' thought I, and therefore I agreed to go to her, and for $125 a year I became her younger sister.

THE DUTIES OF A SISTER.

"I found her in a splendid boarding house, and she greeted me good naturedly enough, but her next words came like a cold shower bath. 'You will sleep on that lounge,' said she, pointing to one in the corner of her room; 'and that immense trunk you have brought will have to go into the cellar, as you can use for yourself there is no place for it in here.'

"'I supposed I should have a separate sleeping apartment,' said I.

"'Oh, dear, no,' she replied. 'I am such a poor sleeper that I may want you a dozen times during the night.'

"Well, that was the beginning. Before the first day was over I found that this elder sister of mine expected me to do all her mending, to alter her dresses; to wash her handkerchiefs and any articles small enough to be washed in the hand basin; to blacken her boots, to crimp her hair and to run on errands. You would hardly believe me if I were to mention the number of times she sent me down into the kitchen that first day. One time it was to make her some wine jelly, another time it was to borrow a pattern, another time it was to ask the cook not to put so much salt in the soup as she had done the day before.

"Of course I didn't dare to give any such hint, because the cook, second to me, was enough as it was, but still I had to go through the motion of taking it. I was afraid the landlady would complain of my wearing out her stairway carpet, but she seemed to sympathize with me; at least I overheard her remark to her daughter that 'that poor girl has a hard time.' We had our meals in Mrs. Y——'s room, which was a great cross to the waiter who had to bring them up, as he never received any fees for this extra service. Mrs. Y—— suggested that I might relieve him of it, but fortunately the landlady refused to listen to such a proposal, saying that taking sick people's meals to their rooms was part of the work he had been hired to do. I liked that landlady, if she did call a spade a spade and a maid a maid.

SHE REMAINED SIX MONTHS.

"No, my 'missis' was not an invalid; she was only too stout and indolent to be willing to dress before dining with us every day. She was excessively fond of dress, though, and the only books I ever saw in her room were fashion quarterlies. She was very much disgusted with me as a dress alterer, having supposed that I had myself made the dress I was wearing when she first met me, and all these affairs are my a rich cousin. As a hairdresser I suited her better, and I think that was the reason she kept me as long as she did, but when she informed me one day that I did not pull her hair as her last girl (she did not say her last younger sister) had done, I felt offended her by replying that I used to do my grandma's hair and I supposed it was then I had learned to be gentle. She didn't say anything, but she gave her head a jerk, and I knew that I was dismissed. That was the *room with a polka step, as much as to say,* 'Don't talk to me about your grandmas or any other old ladies.'

"I was foolish enough to hint one morning that I might read the newspaper for her if she had one. 'Yes, sure enough, I should like to hear the news,' said she. 'Suppose you go down and ask Mr. T—— (the landlady's husband) to lend me his paper.'

"'Wouldn't it be better to go out and buy one?' I suggested.

"'No, I cannot afford to buy newspapers,' she said. 'Go down and borrow Mr. T——'s,' and so I had to go and take poor Mr. T——'s newspaper right from under his nose, for of course his wife made him give it up, and as newspaper reading was his only way of killing time, I felt like a thief, and took care after that to have the newsboy furnish me with a paper of my own.

"Well, that kind of life lasted six months and then I concluded I'd come here and take a rest. I parted on friendly terms with my 'missis,' who now has a poor relation making her a visit, but if she wishes to engage another professional companion, I think I'll recommend my room mate, who has had a much better training for the position than I have."—New York Tribune.

Buy Good Kitchen Towels.

By keeping two sets of kitchen towels in use in a family the housekeeper can see at a glance whether they are kept in order. It does not cost over $1.50 a year to keep the kitchen of a small family supplied with hemmed towels and dishcloths. The petty amount saved by using cast-off flannels and other old pieces for this purpose is more than counterbalanced by time mak*ing up these articles, which hardly give a* week's serviceable wear. The very best material for a dishcloth is linen stair crash, and good dishcloths of linen stair crash will cost but six cents each, and will last a year if they are not used to scour knives and to wash the bottoms of iron pots.—New York Tribune.

A yellow cigarette, with a plume of beige and blackbird and a bow of black ribbon is a stunning trimming for a black crinoline hat.

LOOKS LIKE A LOVE MATCH.

The Wedding of Count Pappenheim and Miss Wheeler.

At least one union of a titled foreigner with an American beauty has taken place under auspices that presage a happy

THE COUNT AND COUNTESS PAPPENHEIM.

future. The world loves lovers, and it seems to have been love alone that recently brought Maximilian Albrecht, Count Pappenheim, of Bavaria, and Miss Mary Wister Wheeler, of Philadelphia, to the altar. Both are blessed with health, wealth, youth and good looks. Across the water the count possibly may be thought to have descended from him, but on this side, where every American woman is born a princess, he is simply to be regarded as an extremely lucky young man. He has won *a beautiful and* intelligent girl who, by education and breeding, was fitted to grace as exalted a station as fortune and her own merits might bestow for her. That the wedding was no brutal commercial barter, by the terms of which dollars purchased rank, is a matter for general congratulation. It augurs well for the lifelong happiness of the Count and Countess of Pappenheim.

Because of world requirements two ceremonies were necessary to make the handsome Bavarian and his winsome *fiancee husband and wife. Mayor Edwin* H. Fitler, of Philadelphia, performed the civil service in the presence of a few witnesses. The count gave the name of Maximilian Albrecht, aged 30, and when asked his occupation, said:

"I am a member and officer of the Bavarian army, a member of the Bavarian parliament and the head of the house of Pappenheim."

Each of the parties then repeated the service as it was read by the mayor, and were pronounced man and wife. The re*ligious ceremony took place the next day* at St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal church, and was viewed by all the members of the fashionable world who could force their way into the edifice.

The home of the young couple will be the family schloss at Ettal, near the entrance to the valley of the Ammer, and only two miles distant from Ober-Ammergau, famous as the place where the "Passion Play" is performed once every ten years. The count is a devoted yachtsman and hunter. He derives the larger portion of his income *from a big brewery. His wife* has a fortune of over $1,000,000 in her own right.

A Magazine Editor's Untimely Death.

A bright and promising life came to a sad ending the other day. E. D. Walker, editor of *The Cosmopolitan Magazine, of New* York city, recently left home to enjoy a well earned vacation. He disappeared, and for a time his fate was a mystery. But one morning two colored men, rowing on Rondout creek near the railroad bridge at Weldon, Va., found floating down the stream *the body of a man,* which proved to be that of Mr. Walker. In one hand was a broken fishing pole and in the pockets were watch, money and keys. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

E. D. WALKER.

Magazine readers the country over have been much indebted to Mr. Walker for monthly feasts of literary good things in the past. He was born in New Haven, Conn., June 16, 1839. He graduated from Williams college in 1876 and in 1877 entered the service of Harper Brothers, finally attaining the position of associate editor of the magazine. Three years ago he left Harper's to take charge of The Cosmopolitan.

The Favorite Drink of Old England.

In his annual financial statement to the house of commons recently Mr. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer of Great Britain, stated that the revenues of the kingdom had exceeded the estimates by more than £1,000,000. Here is an extract *from his remarks:*

The consumption of alcohol in the past year, as compared with the previous year, accounted for an increase in the revenue of no less than £1,800,000. This placed on the government and on parliament an increasing obligation to deal with the question of the consumption of alcoholic drinks (Cheers.) Of all the beverages in the world, that which showed the greatest increase of consumption during the year was rum. Of this liquor, which was principally consumed in seaports and fishing districts, and furnishes grog drams, it was calculated that 340,000 00 of drams were consumed in 1888, and that that amount has increased by 1,000,000 drams in the past year. And as there was also an increase in the consumption of wine, and an increase of 4 per cent. in the consumption of beer, it was evident that an increase of prosperity still meant an increase in the consumption of alcohol.

A Reunited Couple.

Steve Brodie, the noted bridge jumper, is once more happy. Some time since his wife left him because he "played" Steve. Brodie was repentant and disconsolate. A friend started to remark, "There's as good fish in the sea"—when he stopped him with the reply: "That's all right, but what I want is the fish I caught first." Now Mrs. Brodie has agreed to forget and forgive, and Steve has promised, "so help him," never to lay a hand on her again save in the way of kindness.

Salvationists in Trouble.

The authorities of Des Moines, Ia., are apparently as little in sympathy with the salvation army as they are with the liquor traffic. The followers of Gen. Booth recently paraded the streets with horns and drums in defiance of a municipal order. When arrested they made the court room resound with shouts and songs and prayers. But the police judge punished them all the same.

John B. Carr, of *New York city, has to* pay alimony of $8 weekly to his wife Kate. To fulfill the obligation he recently left 200 cents with a county clerk. Mrs. Carr took the pennies with the philosophic remark: "I don't care. Three dollars is three dollars."

A Girl's Way of Getting Even.

A fashionable doctor having a house on Fifth avenue prides himself upon the favor with which he is regarded by women. In this respect he is decidedly unadmirable, but his skill as a physician enables him to rank high in his profession despite his conceit. The other day he received a summons to call on a young woman famed for her beauty. She was a new patient for him, and, as he arranged his cravat with extra precision before entering his carriage, he fancied himself on the brink of an unusual conquest. Reaching the house, he was shown into the reception room, where, a moment later, he was joined by the beau*tiful girl whom he had been called to at*tend.

"Ah!" exclaimed he, rising to greet her, "you are not, then, ill enough to be in bed."

"Oh, I am not ill at all," cried the girl.

"Some other member of the family?" asked the doctor, rather disappointed.

"Well," said the young lady, "we call him one of the family. You see it is my little dog Dandy. He has been with him throat and I thought you might be able to remove it."

With freezing dignity the doctor got out of the house as quickly as he could.

"He had expressed a desire to meet me," said the beauty, speaking of the matter afterward to a friend, "and he did so in a very insulting way. I was told of it, and I decided to give him an opportunity to form my acquaintance."—Clara Belle's New York Letter.

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Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of cotton window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 3-ply carpet at 39c. Lot of ladies' straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Ladies' new-style reduced to 6c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $2.75 up ward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

READY FOR BUSINESS

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.

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CLOTHING HOUSE,

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First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7:30 a. m. to meet 7:56 a. m. from Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.36 a. m. train.
3d "	9.15	do	9.37 "
4th do	10.00	do	10.27 "
5th do	11.30	do	11.56 "
6th do	1.00 p. m.	do	12.26 p.m. "
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 p. m.
8th do	3.45 do	To the Pond Office.	
9th do	5.30 do	meet 5.51 p. m. train.	
10th do	6.30 do	do 6.56 "	
11th do	8.45 do	9.07 do	
12th do	10.30 do	7.59 do	

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer streets, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes. Depot, Plainfield avenue and 7th street, 8.07, 8.38, 9.37, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.04, 3.35, 4.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Also fine Horses in quantity, for pleasure and trade.

Horses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 2d and 3d. Telephone Call, 14.

MUSIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE

1890.

POWLISON & JONES.

34 West Front St.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,

where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS,

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation free. Office and Residence, 65 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

M and M doors, Box 322.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

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Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLIVER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, MAY 13 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

OUR LEGISLATURE.

WHAT OUR LAW MAKERS ARE DOING.

A Few of the Important Bills Passed, and Under Discussion.

TRENTON, N. J., May 13, 1890.

BILLS PASSED.

S. 271, allows the A. M. E. Church to convey property; H. 121, fixes salaries of county clerk and Surrogate at $2,500 per day for days on duty; H. 474, repeals the Bridge and Turnpike act of March 13, 1878; H. 461, allows bicycle or athletic clubs to incorporate; H. 210, appropriates $30,000 for furniture and fixtures now in the rooms of the Clerks in Chancery and others in the State capitol; H. 320, amends the practice in attachment proceedings; H. 466, provides that the law increasing the pay of policemen shall not apply to second class cities; H. 429, amends the reports act; H. 469, authorizes the formation of sewer companies. This applies to Plainfield.

TELEPHONE POLES.

Where S. 380, providing that when owners of unbuilt streets or highways refuse to give their consent to the erection of telegraph or telephone poles, a petition may be made to the Circuit Court to condemn the land used for same so on second petition. Mr. Kerr offered several amendments intending to defeat the object of the measure, but after two roll calls it was finally ordered to a third reading. The tug-of-war then came over its passage, it being opposed by Messrs. Kerr, Williams, Erwin and Voorhees. By a vote of 28 to 13 it was lost.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 548, Mr. Usher. Provides that contracts for sale of lands by married women shall be enforced.

No. 549, Mr. Woolman. Increases salaries of excise commissioners from $300 to $1,000 in second class cities. (Passage. Morris.)

No. 550, Mr. Kelly. Fixes taxes of one per cent. on all municipal bonds and other evidences of indebtedness.

HIGH SCHOOL LAW.

Mr. Kelly offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to favor the passage of a law requiring all postal clerks and other department employees to work but eight hours per day.

WINTER HORSE RACING AGAIN.

Mr. Campbell moved that Senate amendments to Mr. Kalisch's race course bill, providing for fifty-five days of book-making, be made a special order for next Monday night, and the Home agreed to the motion.

BILLS PASSED.

S. 39, enabling Jersey City to acquire land on which to build a new park; S. 229, providing that trustees of public libraries shall be nominated by the mayor and approved by Common Council.

Adjourned.

A RARE TREAT TO-NIGHT.

The Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell's Illustrated Lecture.

An opportunity to visit the Paris Exposition without any of the inconvenience of such a trip will be afforded our citizens at Reform Hall this evening, at eight o'clock. The Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell will conduct the party and will, with the aid of sixty colored stereopticon views, both entertain and instruct his audience. The lecture is under the auspices of the Boys' Auxiliary, and the proceeds are for the Building Fund.

Mr. Mitchell has himself seen everything represented by the pictures to be exhibited to-night. For particulars see advertisement.

The Royal Arcanum.

The Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum in the State of New Jersey assembled in Camden to-day at ten o'clock. The council consists of twenty-four officers, sixteen councilors, seven past grand regents, the State Medical examiner, and fifty-nine representatives from fifty-six councils, making a total membership of 105.

The business session took up most of the day and concluded with the election of officers. This evening a grand banquet will be tendered at the visiting brethren by the Camden councils.

The work done during the past year in New Jersey exceeds that of any other State in the Union, proportionately, over one thousand members having been added to the membership. Delegates from the council in this city were present at the session.

A Society Event.

The closing entertainment of a series of subscription parlor concerts that have been given this season under the management of Miss Ella Haines and others, will take place on Memorial day, and it will be given under circumstances that will be a fitting finale to what have been not only eminently artistic, but also noted social events. This last musicale will be a "May morning" entertainment, and Miss Johnson will on the occasion, if the day is fair the magnificent grounds of John Taylor Johnson on East Front street, where the affair will be held, will present the most brilliant spectacle that has probably ever been witnessed in an open air festival in this city.

Said to be a New Kind of Worm.

A worm first eats and kills new clover has appeared in Papakating, N. J. It is a "quarter of an inch long and looks like the common grub worm. George Armstrong has a ten-acre plot of clover in the township, and he discovered the worms last Sunday. They had eaten away all of the young and tender shoots, and there were three or four at work on each of the larger ones. He got a shovel full of the worms and took them home. All the old residents of the township came to see them, and some of them had never seen anything like them before. On Thursday Armstrong sent a box of the worms to the State entomologist.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

Two More Liquor Licenses Granted Last Night.

The City Common Council met in special session at eight o'clock last evening for the purpose of taking action on the liquor license petitions of Messrs. Frank E. Miller and Frank Linke.

Present—President Moffett and Councilmen Gallup, Hetfield, Johnston, Roberts, Smith and Spangenberg.

Absent—Councilmen Dunham, Jenkins, Newhall and Rushmore.

On motion of Mr. Hetfield the reading of the minutes of the last meeting was dispensed with.

The Committee on Licenses reported that the applications of Frank Linke and Frank E Miller complied with the law.

Mr. Hetfield moved that Mr. Frank E. Miller's application be taken from the table and granted. It was so ordered.

The application of Mr. Frank Linke for a license to sell liquor in quantities from one quart to five gallons was next taken up.

Mr. Smith moved that it lay on the table until the next meeting.

In support of his motion Mr. Smith said that five or six liquor dealers were opposed to the granting of a wholesale license to Mr. Linke.

The motion to lay the application on the table was not seconded and did not prevail.

Mr. Hetfield moved that the application be granted and it was so ordered, all voting for it but Mr. Smith.

The meet then adjourned.

INCULCATING TEMPERANCE.

Bishop O'Farrell Enacts a Pledge Before Confirmation.

Bishop O'Farrell, of the Diocese of Trenton, has taken a strong stand on the temperance question and will urge that all Catholics under his charge pay more attention to the matter of temperate living. He has announced that hereafter he will ask all classes that come before him for confirmation to pledge themselves, girls as well as boys, not to touch intoxicating liquor until they have reached the age of 21. Bishop O'Farrell confirmed two classes at New Brunswick Sunday, one of 178 members at St. Peter's church and another of 106 at the Church of the Sacred Heart, and from both of these classes he exacted, after confirmation, this pledge of abstinence.

The Bishop said that intemperance was one of the growing evils of the day, and asked all Catholic children to set their steps towards combating it, to pledge themselves not to drink intoxicating liquors Saturday night or Sunday. "It is then," he said, "that the greatest evil of intemperance is felt, especially among working people." Bishop O'Farrell said he gave this warning everywhere he went, Plainfield is in Bishop O'Farrell's diocese.

—Don't miss the Sherwood concert at the Seminary to-night.

—The regular May devotions will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow evening.

—The jail at Elizabeth, N. J., is crowded with prisoners. The inmates number fifty-nine males and eleven females.

—Trinity Commandery No. 17, Knights Templar, held a meeting last evening and worked the order of the Red Cross on one candidate.

—The stockholders of the Music Hall Association held their annual meeting last night and elected the same Board of Directors as served last year.

—"Where is Paisley, New Jersey?" asks a correspondent. We don't know. We cannot find it on any map of the State, and never heard of it until a few days ago, when we saw it mentioned in the New York World as "the most popular town in New Jersey!"—N. J. Advance. That's just what some Plainfielders are amused at.

—From an exchange we get a most useful hint in the art of hitching horses. Instead of the usual head or neck halter carry in the wagon a short piece of half-inch cord, looped. When you wish to leave the horse this cord is used to tie the fore feet together just below the knees, and when so tied you are always sure to find your horse just where you left him. The horse doesn't dare to move, the cord is easily adjusted, and the case often occurs that you wish to hitch a horse where no post is found, as in a baying field or city street. Besides, it soon teaches the horse to stand without being hitched at all.

In the Borough Court.

Marshal Becker last night arrested Edward Wilson on the charge of drunkenness. This morning he was arraigned before Justice Hardy and was given his liberty upon paying the costs of the case.

William Rountree, the man who was arrested in North Plainfield Sunday night by Marshal Becker for drunkenness and disorderly conduct and was fined $5, as reported in THE NEWS of yesterday, later in the day paid his fine and was liberated.

Marshal Becker this morning arrested Joseph Sgiwa for indecent exposure. His trial is set down for this afternoon. He is from Berkley Heights and was visiting in Plainfield.

A Painful Accident.

Benjamine Gavin, a young man who is employed by his father, a kindling wood dealer, while engaged sawing wood with a circular saw at Mount half-past one o'clock this afternoon met with a painful accident. He picked up a piece of wood with a knot in it and when the saw struck the knot it turned and drew Mr. Gavin's left hand under the sharp teeth and served several fingers. Drs. Dixon and Field were immediately summoned and dressed the wounds, which are very painful.

Fined Five Dollars.

Thomas Packer the one-legged man who was arrested for jumping on coal trains was yesterday afternoon given a trial before City Judge Codington. After hearing the testimony in the case Packer was adjudged guilty and fined $5.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

There is an epidemic of hydrophobia among the dogs in Central and Southern New Jersey. At Flemington the authorities have hired a man to patrol the streets with a loaded shotgun.

—The Singer Company has presented Hibernia Engine Company with a magnificent team of horses for the steamer as a reward for the Company's splendid work at the late fire.

There are 6,000 kangaroo skins received in Newark, N. J., every week. They are all tanned in one large establishment on Sussex avenue and are made into fine shoes. Australia and New Zealand furnish kangaroos hides for the world. The kangaroos are killed in Australia about 300 miles back from the coast, and are shipped from Melbourne, Sydney, and Newcastle, in Australia, and from Masterton, in New Zealand.

James G. Tuthill, the Montclair burglar, was taken to Trenton by Constable Slayback this morning. Tuthill goes to serve out his sentence of thirteen years in State Prison. He has been rather cheerful since his sentence, but was gloomy and depressed to-day. "Think of thirteen long years away from everybody and everything," he said. "It will be a long tomb to me, and when I get out people will have forgotten me but not my crime. It is a awful prospect."

George F. Pollock, a Paterson bicyclist, has begun suit against James Sampson of New York for $200 damages. Last Wednesday morning Sampson, with his wagon, ran down Pollock, who was riding a bicycle on Broadway. The plaintiff says the collision was not an accident, but intentional on Sampson's part, who, it is charged, drove his horses from one side of the street to the other to run into Pollock. Bicycle riders take great interest in the case. The suit will probably be tried Thursday.

PERSONAL.

Miss Pettros of Brooklyn is visiting friends on West Front street.

Mr. Clarence Haviland of East Second street is at home after an extended trip throughout the South.

Miss Boice of Bound Brook spent Sunday at the residence of Dr. Charles R. Theirs of West Front street.

Mary, the eight-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stedtler, died at the home of her parents on West Sixth street last night after a short illness with pneumonia.

Mr. John VanDyke of West Second street and employed as book-keeper by Mr. Newton Smally of Somerset street, starts in a short time for Colorado and will make that State his permanent residence. Mr. VanDyke has been suffering from ill health for some time past and by making the change hopes to be entirely restored to good health.

Mr. Walter Vail, the young man who was bitten by a Gila Monster in Los Angeles, Cal., a few days ago, is reported by his father to be much improved and the doctors have strong hopes of his recovery. It appears that young Vail had shot the animal and thinking it was dead put the carcass on the back of his horse to take it home. When he dismounted, he placed his hand on the animals head. The monster had still enough life to seize his hand between its teeth, and give him the bite from which he is suffering.

Going as Missionaries to the Soudan.

An affecting scene was witnessed in the Young Men's Christian Association rooms at the regular meeting held Sunday afternoon at 4:15 o'clock. F. M. Gates and two Western friends at that time bid good-by to Plainfielders in the truest sense of the word. They start on Wednesday for the Soudan, the scene of Stanley's late thrilling and fierce conflict with the rebellious savages. They go as missionaries to this foreign country, from which no man of God has ever returned alive to his native land. In fact Mr. Gates expects never more to look upon the faces of his family and friends in Plainfield. He is a warm friend of J. Harry Manning, the general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in this city. A large number of Plainfielders gathered and wished him God-speed in his dangerous but Christian-like undertaking.

Mr. Gates is a nephew of Mr. W. L. Gavett of this city.

Shackleton Works Attached.

An attachment was placed on the Shackleton Car Heating Works at Bound Brook by Sheriff Coddington, of Somerville, and Deputy Sheriff Sebring, of New Brunswick, last evening. The Lehigh Valley Railroad made an attachment for some freight bills due them. The employes, who have not received their pay, placed the case in the hands of Lawyer John H. Frech, of Somerville, and H. C. Snydam, of Bound Brook, who levied on the Shackleton works in behalf of the employes. When the officers called at the works admittance was refused by the watchman, but after showing their papers they were admitted. Shackleton was not seen and the watchman said he was not at home. It is rumored that he sent word to all employes that he would pay them off in full to-morrow.

Warn Your Children!

Now is the time of year when the skipping-rope is in common use. Like everything else, if used in moderation it is harmless, otherwise it is exceedingly dangerous. The New York papers recently published an account of a little girl in New York who was told by a schoolmate that she could not jump the rope 200 times without stopping. She succeeded in doing so. Soon after she went home and was there taken with violent pains in the body. Before a doctor could be summoned she died. The reason of her death was told by the physician to be acute spinal meningitis, caused by over exertion. The habit of "stunting" as it is called, or endeavoring to outdo one another, is the great danger in the common sport of "skipping rope." A word of warning to the children is very necessary.

MRS. LISSIGNOLO'S SUIT.

She Sued For $4,000. The Jury Say $50, and She Must Pay Costs of Court.

Yesterday saw the end of the now famous suit of Augusta C. Lissignolo vs. George W. Watson, which has been before the Supreme Court for nearly two years. The trial before Judge Vanfleet and a jury was begun on Wednesday last, and occupied the whole time of the court until 5 p. m. yesterday, when the jury brought in the verdict.

The suit was brought for $4,000 damages claimed by Mrs. Lissignolo for alleged damages to the "Siena Royal Villa," Mrs. Lissignolo's residence, its furniture, grounds and the owner's horses, carriages, and certain live stock.

Mr. Watson by advice of counsel admitted damage to the extent of fifty dollars and paid that sum into court. Mrs. Lissignolo testified to a great number of items of damage which added together made $1,996.00. Mr. Watson admitted that one oil painting was damaged, for which he confessed his responsibility, and the damage was done by his little boy in play. He also admitted that another painting had been injured, but as to this he said that the cord provided by Mrs Lissignolo was moth-eaten and the picture fell without any negligence on his part. He also conceded that certain robes had been destroyed by a female, but shocked that these robes along with more expensive robes of his own were packed in the box pointed out by Mrs. Lissignolo, and both sets of robes were destroyed.

Upon the other claims for damages there was the abscent possible conflict of testimony. Considerably over one hundred additional separate items were named by Mrs. Lissignolo and the exact amount of damage claimed for each was testified to by her. Besides the alleged defacing and destruction of furniture, pictures, clocks, crockery, photographs, etc., she testified to injuries to six carriages, two horses, sets of harness, her gardens, grounds and appurtenances, and the loss of rabbits, chickens and a pet monkey. Mr. Lissignolo corroborated a part of his wife's evidence and four or five other witnesses testified to the condition of the property when Watson gave it up.

All of these claims, with the exception one amounting to $50, were successfully resisted by Mr. Watson and his family, who claimed that the acts were instigated by Mrs. Jacobs, because of an altercation between Mrs. Lissignolo and Mrs. Watson and because Mrs. Watson would not lease the property for another term.

Item by item was taken up and over twenty witnesses were called in corroboration of the defense.

The case was conducted throughout with marked ability on both sides. Messrs. Coudert Bros., of New York, were the original counsel of Mrs. Lissignolo and entrusted the conducting of the trial to their New Jersey correspondents, Messrs. Babbitt & Lawrence, of Jersey City. Mr. Watson's only counsel has been Craig A. Marsh, of this city. The Judge's charge was so impartial that neither side took a single exception.

Then came the moments of anxiety. The court room which had been crowded throughout the trial presented an exciting scene after the court and jury retired and spectators were allowed to discuss the probabilities.

The first ballot of the jury stood six to six for no damages at all. Some of the jurymen declared that Watson should pay for the damage done to the painting by his little boy, and for the robes destroyed by the freshet, and finally the jury agreed on $50.

When the jury announced their decision Mr. Marsh arose, and in behalf of his client thanked the jury for their verdict.

It is said that Miss Lissignolo's lawyers will try to get a new trial.

Jersey Genius.

The following patents have been granted to inventors in the State of New Jersey during the past week: W. F. Andrews, Atlantic Highlands, oil-stove; J. H. Bilsco, Llewellyn Park, automatic determining device for photographs; M. M. Garver, Newark, electrical measuring instrument; J. E. Hand, Atco, binnacle for ship compasses; J. W. Hyatt, Newark, beer filter; R. W. Johnson, Elizabeth, manufacture of surgical bandages; H. M. Knight, Camden, vending apparatus; F. C. Lang, Hoboken, umbrella fastener; G. Leverich, South Orange, friction clutch; L. R. Negraval, Jersey City, pencil attachment; R. F. Nenninger, Newark, condenser for furnace fumes; F. T. Offsanghaney, Camden, toy puzzle; J. H. Patterson, Shrewsbury, composition for making billiard balls; B. Sauer, Paterson, Heddle machine; S. S. Sargeant, Newark, buckle guard; W. Scott, Plainfield, machine for cutting and folding sheets into pamphlets; J. Spencer, Jersey City, fire alarm telegraph system; R. Weston, Newark, electrical measuring instrument; F. M. Wheeler, Montclair, condenser.

T. A. B. Officers.

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society held its regular monthly meeting last evening and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—John Walsh.
Vice-President—Dominick McNamee.
Financial Secretary—John Carney.
Recording Secretary—John O'Rourke.
Treasurer—Andrew E. Kenney.

This Date in History—May 13.

1787—Carl Linnaeus, born Sweden, died 1778; professor of botany and medicine; author of many works.

1780—Charleston, S. C., surrendered to the British under Sir Henry Clinton.

1809—Napoleon defeats Austrians and captures Vienna.

1864—Death of George, Baron Cuvier; remarkable naturalist, born 1769. His chief works are "Animal Kingdom" and "Animal Kingdom."

1861—Cornelius Vicoria Vanderbilt gives $1,000,000 to be neutral in the coming American war.

1861—Battle of Drury's Bluff, Va., eight miles from Richmond, on the James river. Federals repulsed. Union loss, 1,013; Confederate loss, 2,000.

1861—Jefferson Davis released on bail.

1861—Death of Auber, musical composer; born 1784.

1888—Terrible famine in India; nearly 40,000,000 people distressed, 10,000,000 supposed to be without resources.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

REFORMS FOR JERSEY.

A New Method of Choosing Her Legislative Lawgivers Proposed.

TRENTON, May 13.—Assemblyman Kerr offered an important concurrent resolution in the house last night providing for amendments to the constitution. The amendments proposed provide that legislative sessions shall be held biennially in place of annually. Members of the house are to be elected every other year, and members of the senate are to be elected biennially for terms of four years instead of three.

After 1891 the senate is to be divided into two classes, so that there will be an equal number of senators elected each year. The salaries of the members of the legislature are to be $300 a year, instead of $500 for the session as at present. The president of the senate and the speaker of the house are to receive $500 additional. The assemblymen are to be elected according to the last United States census, and there can be no alteration or reapportionment until the next census is taken. It is provided that no more than seventy-five members shall constitute the house. The provisions of the amendments, if adopted, are to go in force on July 4, 1892. The house has passed a bill allowing Jersey City to appropriate $900,000 for a new city hall.

A Grand Scare at Elizabeth.

ELIZABETH, N. J., May 13.—A big crowd of prominent citizens of Elizabeth was summoned before the grand jury to testify as to what they knew about the race tracks and pool selling. Doctors, merchants, lawyers and leading builders were in the gathering. The jury, it is said, will not finish its labors in a month, and under an old statute, passed thirty-three years ago, can indict any person who bets on a race as well as the bookmakers. It is said that some of the jurymen are favorable to the latter course, and will insist that no discrimination be shown in the matter of the indictments, but that the statute be enforced to the letter. Should this be done fully 3,000 persons in this city can be indicted.

Throwing Slag Through a Car Window.

As a train on the Central Railroad was pulling out from Perry street station, Newark, on Saturday night a piece of furnace slag came flying through the window of a passenger coach and struck John Chamberlain, of this city, on the neck. The train was stopped and Officer Wrigging caught James Kemp, of Brooklyn, who acknowledged having thrown the missile in revenge for being put off a train and struck by a conductor. Kemp was held.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A HANDSOME Black walnut patent rocker for sale cheap. Inquire at Mr. Gillies, No. 9 Madison avenue. 12-3

A LIGHT Business paying a large per cent of profit. Desireably located, for sale at a low price. Address C. A. E. Plainfield Post Office. 12-3

FOR SALE—Fine black horse, 16 hands, stoutly built, six years old, sound and kind. Adapted for family use or other kind of work. C. W. Updyke, 184 Broadway. 5 12tf

FOR RENT—House containing 12 rooms and basement; rent $25 per month from date; rent $20. Address "H." Box 420. 12-3

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Mountain avenue and Somerset street, Plainfield. All modern improvements. For price apply or address Mrs. Obits, No. 345 Somerset street. 5 9tf

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, double shifting seated buckboard; with pole and shafts and runner colored harness all in splendid condition. Inquire of coachman at stable, 59 W. Seventh st. 5-6tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson. 3 tf

LOST—A black setter dog (pup about six months old.) $5 reward will be paid any one returning same to 101 Grove street. 5-13

LOST—A white cock-a-too. $5 reward. F. F. Huntington, Raymond avenue, near East Front street.

MUSICAL Students desires rooms vicinity of North Avenue and Front street. Address, M. P., care of EVENING NEWS.

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-6-tf

RESIDENCE to let, one block from Park and Front. 10 Craig place, all improvements; bath. Inquire Dunham, 7 East Front street. 10-3*

STRAYED—From 112 Rockview avenue, a white tail terrier dog. Black spot on forehead. Reward paid if returned at once to 112 Rockview avenue. 12-2*

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahma's, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 113 Rockview avenue. 3-6tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 13-4*

WANTED—A situation by a young man, as coachman and gardener. Black spot on forehead. Reward paid if returned at once to 112 Rockview avenue. 12-2*

WANTED—Situation by a good man of all-work or second mat. Understands horses and cows. Can do gardening. Address W. C. Rollins Raymond avenue or P. O. Box 333. 12-2

$80.—Bicycle for sale. Victor Light Roadster. 58-inch. Good as new. Cost $142.50. Address G. W. Morrison, Plainfield, N. J. 5-10-1w

Safety Bicycles.

EVERY GRADE AND PRICE.

UNION SAFETY, $125.00.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Wednesday, May 14,

Engagement of the

PRETTY, PIQUANT,

POPULAR, BONNIE KATE CASTLETON,

Supported by her own excellent company of comedians presenting the latest laughable success

A PAPER DOLL

A funny play made funnier by a funny company.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and

Kindergarten

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

An Open Secret

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY,

TIME AND LABOR

By purchasing your

GROCERIES

at the

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

99 W. FRONT STREET.

Dorsey W. Hyde,

Announces that he has engaged

Wm. H. Sherwood,

The distinguished pianist and director of pianoforte music at the Auditorium Chicago, to give one of his highly interesting and entertaining MUSICAL LECTURE RECITALS at SEMINARY HALL on

TUESDAY EVE., MAY 13th

at 8 o'clock. Tickets at $1. can be procured at Hoy's, Miller's, Reynolds, Randolph's and Shaw's druggestores.

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

Paris Exposition

at REFORM HALL

Tuesday, May 13th,

A eight o'clock. A lecture by the

Rev. CHARLES B. MITCHELL,

under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A.

SIXTY STEREOPTICON VIEWS OF THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

Proceeds for the benefit of the Building Fund. Admission 35 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents. Tickets on sale at the drug stores.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A FULL LINE OF SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHERS.

$1 40c $1.40

The "Flannel Shirt" and the "girl of the period" are very important adjuncts to our great republic at the present era. In fact the world would scarcely move at all if public attention should be withdrawn from them. 50c 75c

Realizing this great fact we have supplied an immense stock of these goods, not the girls, but shirts, blouses, and waists for ladies, gents, boys and girls in great variety and are offering them at our usual popular LOW PRICES. New parasols, new dress goods, new gloves, etc. All the latest styles in our line can be had at 2.50 $2.75

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

$1.50 $1.75 $2 25

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6;
3 holes, $8

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, yard wood, $11.50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 136.

Special Notices.

ICE.

The Wholesale Ice Dealers, at a meeting held in New York City, Feb. 27th, decided that because the country was four millions short of the usual supply, and of the increased cost of transportation, etc., prices must be advanced from April 1st to $15 per ton to large consumers and $1 per 100 lbs. to families to protect the dealers from positive loss in New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City.

CLAIRVOYANT.

By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. 1 rides 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 7-1w

H. N. SPENCER.

Florist and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes under bean pole. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 318

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Yantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,

23 WEST FRONT STREET.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild.

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

Doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX I. TELEPHONE CALL 63.

The striking shirtmakers of New York presented an undivided front to their employers, and so won the day. If there was any split among them, it was kept at the back.

In Kansas the Knights of Labor, Farmers' alliance and several smaller organizations of agriculturists have united in one body for political action. They expect by standing together as one to hold the balance of power in Kansas and make things go their way.

At last justice has been done to brave old Gen. John C. Fremont, and he is now a retired major general, with the pay belonging to that rank. The general and his accomplished wife have been very poor for many years. An impressive scene occurred while the bill restoring him was before the house. This was when Gen. N. P. Banks, snowy haired and venerable, made a speech warmly championing the bill. Gen. Banks was speaker of the house in 1856, when the Republican party was born, and Fremont was its first presidential candidate. Then the war came. Both Fremont and Banks became Union generals. After the war was ended Banks was returned to the house as a representative. Last year, after a vacation of several terms, he was elected again, and now, 73 years old, it is his privilege to help put Fremont on the retired list as major general.

Public Defenders.

Mr. W. F. Aldrich is a gentleman who has large mining and other interests at Aldrich, Ala. He and his wife, formerly Mrs. Josephine Cables, of Rochester, N. Y., use much of their wealth in philanthropic enterprises.

Among other things they believe the administration of justice is very one sided in civilized countries. They are inclined to think, in brief, that free government in the country means a government of the rich, by the rich men, for rich men, the poor, the women, the children, Indians and other unfortunates not being people at all in the popular sense of the word.

Mr. and Mrs. Aldrich declare that especially in a law trial a poor person without friends is almost certain to be convicted, whether guilty or not, under the present administration of justice, or injustice, as they incline to think it often is. Judge, jury and state's attorney are paid by the state, and are all on the side of wealth and power.

For this reason the philanthropic pair propose to be two out of twenty who shall give $5,000 each as a fund to secure the appointment of public defenders, lawyers of brilliant powers and well established reputation, to conduct the defense of accused persons who are too poor to secure the services of able lawyers for themselves. Ultimately, when laws can be passed to that effect, these public defenders, as the promoters of the plan hope, will be employed by the state and paid by the state, as the prosecuting attorney now is.

Retaliation from China.

China is a slow country, but the people there have heard of the enumeration act which passed the United States house of representatives in connection with their brethren in this country. By the provisions of this bill, after the coming census is taken, every Chinaman entitled to residence in the Union must carry with him a certificate in which his person is accurately described. The certificate is to be given him by the census enumerator, and this alone shall be evidence that he is entitled to remain here.

There never was any likelihood that the bill would pass the senate. Protests from citizens have been sent to congress in which it is characterized as "absurd, barbarous, unchristian and cowardly." Moreover, one of the senators, who is equal any day to a speech a week long without half trying, signified his intention of making "a few remarks" on the bill. Therefore it would have been talked to death in any case.

But the effect of even such a proposed law has been disastrous to American trade in China. It apparently has not occurred to us that China might retaliate. She has done so to some extent already. The young emperor has issued a decree that all Americans who have gained their residence in his realm shall be permitted to remain, but no more shall come in. The American trade with China is no small item in the increase of our wealth. China silks are at present the most fashionable fabric. The destruction of all trade would be one of the first effects of Chinese retaliation.

The idea of what China could do in case of war would of course amuse an American to smile. Well, the Chinese army is being equipped rapidly with all the appliances of modern fighting. There are 300,000,000 Chinese. There are at most 65,000,000 inhabitants of the United States. The Lilliputians succeeded in binding Gulliver hand and foot with their slender threads so that he could not move until they released him.

Gentle Sleep.

The Chicago Tribune prints nearly a page of suggestions from correspondents on how to get to sleep. Sara Bernhardt fixes her mind on a carved Cupid on the foot bedpost, rolls her eyeballs down, says the alphabet and winks off. Sara has been accused of fixing her attention on Cupid to a considerable extent when she was not asleep, though how she can concentrate her mind on the Cupid and say the alphabet at the same time is something not easy to be comprehended by anybody but a genius like Sara.

Hon Peck writes that he lets his wife talk him to sleep. Two sarcastic husbands resort to this remedy, and it works like magic. Caroline Corbin lies down and thinks of the good times she has had. She must have had a lot of fun in her time for the effect to be as soothing as that.

Four drug clerks unanimously recommend those suffering from insomnia to hire out in a drug store and work twelve to eighteen hours a day, Sundays included. There will be no trouble thereafter to intervene between them and sleep in that case. Dr. John Harper writes, short and sweet: "When you find a cure for sleeplessness I hope you will give it to me."

George Frederick lies down upon the right side of his body, and fixes his mind on the bright side of whatever duty lies before him to-morrow.

One man eats lettuce. Rev. David Swing used to get wet and go out to a fire when he was wakeful, and it always put him into a delightfully somnolent state. But there could not always be a fire when Mr. Swing was restless. So he procured a set of dumbbells, and now puts himself to sleep by taking violent exercise in his room. He used to think that eight hours' sleep was necessary for everybody. He has found, however, that it depends on the person. There are those who with no more than six or seven hours' sleep keep in perfect health Mr. Swing says he is one of these.

Numerous letters inform the public that the cause of insomnia is worry, and advise people not to worry. Perhaps some of these can tell them how not to worry.

A close canvass of the presbyteries of the United States shows that there will be probably a two-thirds majority in favor of revision of the catechism. Such a revision is enough to make John Calvin and the original Westminster dignitaries turn over in their graves. And yet, if it is accomplished, the Presbyterian church will go on and prosper as though it had not been touched, by rich men, for rich men, the poor, the women, the children, Indians and other unfortunates not being people at all in the popular sense of the word.

Mr. and Mrs. Aldrich declare that especially in a law trial a poor person without friends is almost certain to be convicted, whether guilty or not, under the present administration of justice, or injustice, as they incline to think it often is. Judge, jury and state's attorney are paid by the state, and are all on the side of wealth and power.

In the prisons of all England there are confined only twenty-three convicts of Hebrew extraction. This may mean one of two things: either the Jewish people commit less crime than others, or they are shrewder in escaping the consequences. In either case it is a compliment.

For the first two months of 1890 American exports are $12,000,000 ahead of the same time last year. This ought to encourage the farmers, as our exports are chiefly agricultural. The more there is shipped abroad the better will be the prices at home.

TO SUCCEED RANDALL.

Ex-Mayor Richard Vaux Nominated by the Democracy.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—Hon. Richard Vaux has been nominated for congress by the Third district Democratic convention to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Samuel J. Randall. Resolutions were unanimously adopted to the effect that the varied industries of Philadelphia and the maintenance of compensating wages for labor "absolutely demand that tariff reform that will give our industries free raw materials, greatly reduce the cost of the chief necessaries of life and overthrow all trusts and combines which certainly oppress the masses." Both parties have solemnly promised the people tariff revision and revenue reduction, and we demand that the pledge shall be kept by congress by free raw materials for industries, the removal of all needless taxes on the necessaries of life and the reduction of all tariff taxes which have built and fostered monopoly combines." A resolution was also read regretting the death of the late Samuel J. Randall.

Mr. Vaux was born in Philadelphia on Dec. 19, 1816. He was admitted to the bar at the age of 20. Shortly afterward he went to England and was appointed by Minister Stevens temporary secretary of the legation. He remained as secretary until his successor, Benjamin Rush, was sent from the United States the next year. At a court ball Queen Victoria was particularly pleased with the manly grace of the handsome young Philadelphian, and expressed her desire to dance with him. Mr. Vaux gladly obeyed the royal wish and became famous.

Returning to this city in 1839, he was nominated for the legislature in the old Ninth ward, but was defeated. In 1842 he was appointed an inspector of the Eastern penitentiary, and took up the work of prison reform, which had been begun by his father. Mr. Vaux has served as an inspector ever since and has written a large number of volumes on phrenology, in which His theory of hereditary crime is set forth. He was appointed recorder of the city in 1845. After seven years' service without pay of any kind he retired, and published a volume entitled "Recorded Decisions," which is still regarded as a valuable text book. He was defeated for mayor in 1842 by John M. Scott, in 1845 by John Swift, and in 1856 by Robert T. Conrad. In 1859 he was elected mayor, and in 1868 was defeated for re-election by Alexander Henry. Mr. Vaux is a member of the Masonic order and an ex-grand master of this state. He is regarded as a leading authority on Masonic jurisprudence, and two lodges in this city bear his name.

Weather Indications.

Generally cooler and from cloudy to partly cloudy, preceded by rain and followed by clearing.

SENATOR JONES SPEAKS.

The Nevada Statesman Supports His Silver Bill.

HE WANTS FREE SILVER COINAGE

The Present Decline in Prices Is Caused, He Says, by a Shrinkage in the Volume of Money in Circulation—The World's Money System Wrong.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The feature of the senate proceedings was a long speech by Mr. Jones, of Nevada, in support of his silver bill. Senator Jones spoke for three hours and claimed the closest attention of senators on both sides of the chamber. He made a strong argument in favor of the free coinage of silver and bi-metallism. Mr. Hoar, from the judiciary committee, reported back the house amendment to the senate anti-trust bill with an amendment. Messrs. Vest and Coxe stated that as members of the committee they did not concur in the report, and Mr. Hoar explained the effect of the action recommended. The matter went over. Senate bill appropriating $200,000 for a public building at Ogden, Utah, was reported and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Jones Takes the Floor.

Mr. Jones (*Nev.*) then took the floor, and spoke in support of the bill reported from the finance committee authorizing the issue of treasury notes on deposits of silver. At the outset he spoke of the general unrest prevailing throughout the country. The cause of this condition he said, had fallen, and continued to fall. Such a phenomenon never failed to excite attention. When a fall in prices was found operating on the products of all industries, when it was found not to be confined to any one clime, country or race, but to be diffused over the civilized world—found not to be a characteristic of any one year, but to go on for a series of years, it became manifest that it could not arise from local, temporary or subordinate causes, but that it must be general, and must originate in some principle of universal application.

The Legal Outlawry of Silver.

What was it, he asked, that produced a general decline of prices in any country? It was a shrinkage in the volume of money relatively to the population and business. The world had never had a proper system of money. Prosperity and speculation had been stimulated at times by great yields from mines, and when those mines were worked out there came revulsion and adversity. He wanted to speak of the natural ratio between gold and silver existing for 2,300 or 3,000 years—a ratio of 15½ to 1—and said that it was only since the legislative prescription of silver in Germany and the United States and its banishment from the mints of Europe that any material change in that ratio took place, and that the present divergence in the relative value of the two metals was directly due to the legislative outlawry of silver, and was to any natural causes. It had always been the object of the creditor class to enhance the value of money by reducing its volume, so that when the gold mines of California and Australia were producing the largest yield it was proposed to demonetize gold. The motive of demonetization in the case of gold as well as silver was to aggrandize the creditor class of the world and to confiscate, so far as practicable, the rewards of the hardy toilers.

Demonetization in the Past.

The demonetization of silver by Germany after her war with France, he said, inflicted greater evils on her people than her armies had inflicted on France; and when this evil began to have its effect a veritable begira of the German population began to take place. The demonetization of silver by the United States in 1873 he regarded as one of those historical blunders that were worse than crimes. It was the child of legislative ignorance. Europe, he said, had prolific parent of enforced idleness, poverty and misery. No better remedy could be applied than the absolute reversal of that legislation, and putting back the monetary system of the country to what it was before 1875.

Silver Versus Gold.

If the monometallists would compare gold and silver with commodities in general they would see how the metals had maintained their relations, not to each other, both to all other things; they would find that instead of a fall having taken place in the value of silver the change that had really taken place was a rise in the value of both gold and silver, the rise being relatively slight in silver and being ruinously great in gold. Discussing the bill pending before the senate Mr. Jones declared himself at all times and in all places a firm and unwavering advocate of the free and unlimited coinage of silver. In view, however, of the great diversity of opinion on the subject and the possibility that by reason of such diversity the session of congress might terminate without affording the country any relief from the baleful and benumbing effects of the demonetization of silver, he had joined with other members of the committee in reporting the bill.

Support Prices with Silver Dollars.

Returning to his argument Mr. Jones said that in order that prices might be kept from falling the number of dollars out should not be reduced in number, for the purchasing power of each dollar depended on the whole number out. The larger the number out the greater the value of each. To avoid too violent changes in the purchasing power of money, caused by too great abundance or scarcity of it, society for 3,000 years had used the two metals, gold and silver, so that the mutual fluctuations of yield from the mines might serve to correct one another. The demand of those he discarded and deprived of the power of legal tender, all the money work of society would be thrown on the other, whose value would therefore be greatly increased.

He Defends the Silver Miners.

Mr. Jones dwelt with emphasis on the fact that the territory in the care which metal was demonetized, provided money was made scarce and dear.

Germany and Austria demonetized gold in 1857 but failed to secure the co-operation England. Germany, in 1870, elated with her victory over France, and expecting to further cripple, by means of her money, and joined England in discarding silver and adopted the gold standard. Mr. Jones warmly defended the silver miners from the charge of selfishness in demanding the remonetization of silver. The silver miners, he said, were as enduring, as eager, as vigorous, as adventurous as the Argonauts of old. They had never asked any favors of the government and they asked none now.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—In the house the McKinley bill was again discussed and several proposed amendments offered by Democrats were rejected.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At New York—										
New York	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Boston	0	5	1	1	4	0	0	1	x	—12

Base hits: New York, 7; Boston, 13. Errors: New York, 5; Boston, 3. Batteries: O'Day and Ewing and Vaughn, Quinbert and Swett. Attendance, 1,700.

At Philadelphia—										
Philadelphia	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	8	—7
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—11

Base hits: Philadelphia, 12; Brooklyn, 12. Errors: Philadelphia, 10; Brooklyn, 6. Batteries: Sanders and Cross; Van Haltren. Attendance, 2,362.

At Cleveland—										
Cleveland	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—5
Pittsburg	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—5

Base hits: Cleveland, 7; Pittsburg, 15. Errors: Cleveland, 5; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Baldwin and Snyder, Staley and Carroll. Attendance, 1,300.

National League.

At New York—										
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits: New York, 4; Boston, 3. Errors: New York, 2; Boston, 1. Batteries: Rusie and Buckley, Nichols and Hardie. Attendance, 450.

At Philadelphia—										
Philadelphia	0	0	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	—7
Brooklyn	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	—17

Base hits: Philadelphia, 12; Brooklyn, 14. Errors: Philadelphia, 7; Brooklyn, 1. Batteries: Baldwin and Daly, Gleason and Clements. Attendance, 2,287.

At Cincinnati—										
Cincinnati	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	3	—8
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	—6

Base hits: Cincinnati, 6; Pittsburg, 6. Errors: Cincinnati, 9; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries: Sowders and Wilson, Foreman and Baldwin. Attendance, 1,510.

American Association.

At Philadelphia—										
Athletic	4	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	—8
Brooklyn	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	—4

Base hits: Athletic, 10; Brooklyn, 7. Errors: Athletic, 4; Brooklyn, 5. Batteries: McMahon and Robinson, McCullough and Pitz.

At Rochester—										
Rochester	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—3
Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits: Rochester, 5; Syracuse, 4. Errors: Rochester, 1; Syracuse, 6. Batteries: Barry and McGuire, Casey and Deasley.

At Toledo—										
Toledo	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	—4
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Base hits: Toledo, 9; St. Louis, 7. Errors: Toledo, 3; St. Louis, 4. Batteries: Healy and Rogers, Foutz and Munyon.

At Columbus—										
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Louisville	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Base hits: Columbus, 4; Louisville, 4. Errors: Columbus, 8; Louisville, 1. Batteries: Easton and O'Connor, Tarr and Ryan.

Atlantic Association.

At Washington (first game)—Washington, 6; Wilmington, 0. Base hits: Washington, 8; Wilmington, 6. Errors: Washington, 3; Wilmington, 1. Batteries: McCoy and Riddle, Stein and Corcoran.

Second game—Washington, 8; Baltimore, 3. Base hits: Washington, 7; Baltimore, 9. Errors: Washington, 5; Baltimore, 8. Batteries: Phillips and Riddle, German and Townsend.

At Worcester—Worcester, 10; New Haven, 2. Base hits: Worcester, 14; New Haven, 3. Errors: Worcester, 4; New Haven, 6. Batteries: Burns and Gormansco, Doran and Hofford.

All other games postponed.

Embezzler Fessenden Pleaded Guilty.

BOSTON, May 13.—In the superior criminal court Charles P. Fessenden pleaded guilty to two counts of an indictment charging embezzlement of about $64,000 from O. H. & W. A. Buckley, insurance agents, for whom he was clerk. He will be sentenced later.

Pittsfield Workmen Strike.

BOSTON, May 13.—The workmen in Lancaster & Co.'s shoe factory in Pittsfield have struck because the firm refused to discharge a non-union cutter. The trouble may cause the firm to close its Pittsfield shops.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1068.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
Taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Godfinet of the Berlin school of **Languages**, Brussels. Private lessons or class, special instruction at the Plainfield high school, and at private schools. Lessons to adults given at residence or at the language agencies. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 23d street.
9-28-1y

MR. P. L. CONDE,
Teacher of **Violin**, 13 years student, special instructions for beginners for time or tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. box 1596.
4-29-1y

MR. C. B. HALLWIG,
Is a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal (1st class) in the Russian language. Also gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German **languages**, and Art painting. Number permanent address Box C. B. Hallwig, Box 34 East Front street.
7-16-1y

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of **piano**. Will receive lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Literature to class. Best of references. P. O. box 1068.

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Miss Gardiner and Miss Newton's **School for Girls**, 17 Latirance avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
No. 19 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m.
6-5-1y

R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Late of Bellevue hospital, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 12 to 2 and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 63. Residence 7 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE,
Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 19 East Front street, Plainfield.
1y

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also Consulting Engineer. No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindley's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindley, 92 West Front street.

THE FREE TRADE IDEA.

Mr. Gladstone Says It Is Losing Ground.

PROTECTION IN THIS COUNTRY.

The Grand Old Man States His Ideas on Various Topics of Interest in the United States—Militarism Is Free Trade's Enemy in Europe.

LONDON, May 13.—Mr. Gladstone spoke at the Cobden club Monday. He said that free traders must recognize with great disappointment how much ground had been lost by their doctrine within the last twenty-five years. Militarism, which lay like a vampire over Europe, was responsible for much of the misfortune of the time. For all, because free trade had receded in countries where militarism did not prevail—in the United States and in the British colonies. Protection was applied now in America not only to goods but to persons, as was instanced by the treatment of the Chinese.

Gladstone and the Chinese.

Owing to the ambiguity of the legislation on the Chinese question, he said, he was not altogether clear whether the American government taxed Chinese who entered, or barred them all out. Anyway, he thought that the Chinese were to be dreaded more for their virtues than their vices, which he did not believe to be nearly so extensive or flagrant as the grounds taken for their exclusion alleged.

The Free Trade Outlook in America.

The great republic had never accepted the doctrines of free trade. At one time there had been a kind of qualified progress in favor of free trade, but this checked—opinion became actually retrogressive. Still the growing strength, activity and clearness of conviction of the free trade American party gave a promise of ultimate triumph at the polls. On looking over the world the prospects of free trade were certainly not encouraging. This state of things emboldened the ardent champions of protection, long lurking in their holes, to venture out and renew the struggle under the name of fair trade.

Bimetallism and Protection.

Regarding bimetallism, Mr. Gladstone said he believed its advocates smelt therein a speedy rise of prices. It was a movement in the direction of protection. Since the adoption of free trade the wages of laboring men had improved 30 per cent. England was working out a great social and economic problem for the benefit of the world. He was confident that free trade, though temporarily discredited, was destined to become the universal charter of trade and to obtain the general acceptance of civilized nations.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 28c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, the price 58c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Surprise styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the fine bargains we have.

* * *

Ask to see the Fly Fly Killer—kills them by the million.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

* * *

As in no one line of Children's Caps to select from.

* * *

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Hosiery, Underwear and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

BUGS! BUGS!

and insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover, Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Ca 6

PEERLESS DYES

HE SAW AN EXPLOSION.

The Tale of a Mississippi Disaster as Told by an Able Liar.

We were talking about steamboat racing and steamboat accidents in the olden days, when the man with the cataract in his left eye interrupted one of the speakers with:

"Gentlemen, I have been intimately connected with about a dozen steamboat explosions in my life, though I never saw but one, yet you want the particulars?"

We said we did, and he got his breath and continued:

"It was four miles above Natchez, and twenty-five years ago. I stood on the bank just at noon, and just as the Octoroon came booming down the river. She was a grand, big boat, loaded down with people, and when exactly opposite me, and not a quarter of a mile away, she exploded both boilers and went to destruction cross lots. There was a boom, a crash, an awful roar, and she was gone. She just faded right out in three seconds."

"But what of the people?" anxiously inquired one.

"The people! Well, about a hundred killed, and something like another hundred hurt or scalded. It was a grand sight. My father-in-law was one of the lost. No artist could do such a scene justice on canvas. My wife was also one of the victims. It seemed as if the boat rose twenty feet into the air and then shattered into a million pieces. One of my name and two of my children went to their death. She was fairly in front of me, and I had my gaze on her, and so I saw every detail. My grandfather was coming down on a visit, and he went to his doom. The first warning of the tragedy was"—

"Any more relatives of yours aboard?" interrupted one of the group.

"A few."

"Then I move we adjourn. I want some of them to live through it."

And we walked off, and left the old liar looking sad and disconsolate.—New York Sun.

Why She Looked Dolorful.

He (meditatively)—What makes that tall lady in blue look so unhappy?

She (carelessly)—Oh, she was disappointed in love.

He (interestedly)—Fellow went back on her?

She (sharply)—No—married her.—West Shore.

He Tried to Fill Her Place.

"My wife is a great and noble woman, of wonderful domestic endowments."

"Why this sudden advance in your estimate of her?"

"She left me to take care of the children a couple of hours yesterday."—Chicago Times.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham.
FAIR PRICES.	TYRANNY.

N. B. Smaller's, Dear at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's.

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should adorn a lady's toilet at first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 5 East Front street next to P. O.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are role agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

"Drink Moxy's Soda. None better."

IF YOU ARE INVITED TO HAVE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT THE "TEMPLE OF PHARMACY," PARE AND THE MOST RELIABLE CHEMICALS. THE MOST PHARMACY. WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

No. 1 East Front street.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Rice, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fruits, Preserves, Pickles, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Rye-glasses.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.35
California Plums	25	2.80
California Apricots	25	2.85
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroideries, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes.

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE.

P. O. Box 782.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Wm J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

8 NORTH AVENUE

PAINTERS,

Woolston & Buckle,

97 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 30 Somerset Street.

Kline's Extracts.

WHO FIRED THE PISTOL?

Ex-Judge Masterson's Charges Against Alice Hopkinson.

HE IS HER COUSIN AND LOVER.

And He Says She Attempted to Assassinate Him in Her Flat—She States That He Broke Down the Door and Fired Upon Her—A Strange Affair.

NEW YORK, May 12.—An elderly man with a revolver in his hand accosted Policeman William F. Day, of the Nineteenth precinct, at Broadway and Thirty-third street last night and excitedly exclaimed: "A woman has attempted to kill me." At the same time he handed the revolver to the officer. "See how I had to fight for my life," he continued, showing his hand, which was bruised and bleeding. "I got these wounds in attempting to take the revolver away from her, after she had tried to murder me. Come with me and arrest her." Day took the man to the police station, where Sergt. Sheldon detailed Policemen Collins and Warner to investigate the charge. The party went to an elegant apartment in the Grand Central flat at No. 27 West Thirty-sixth street, where they found a young woman in hysterics. She was pointed out as the alleged murderess, and was taken, with the man, to the station house.

An Ex-Judge and Worth Millions.

Here the man gave his name as Murah Masterson, ex-judge of Prescott, Ariz., 39 years old, and claimed to be worth $5,000,000. His fortune consists of ready money, gold mines at Chihuahua, Mexico, and many mines in Arizona. He is a member of the Union States Bar association, has an office at No. 6 Wall street and lives at No. 39 West Thirty-second street when in this city. He declared that the young woman had not only tried to kill him, but had swindled him out of $100,000 in bonds of a gold mining company, and now was trying to blackmail him. He alleged that he had been engaged to her.

The Young Woman's Story.

The young woman, who is 27 years old, slimly built, and with the appearance of an invalid, said her name was Alice Hopkinson. She denied that she had shot at the ex-judge, and claimed that he had shot at her. He had broken open the door of her private apartments, she declared, and then endeavored to murder her. As to the charge of swindling him, the young woman said it was untrue. She was his partner in the mining business, and had simply furnished her share of the profits. Masterson, she claimed, was jealous of her. A week ago he beat her until she was black and blue, and tried to kill her by breaking some sharp instrument into her ear. He had also stolen $300 and a gold watch from her. He was intensely jealous of a man named Warren, who is said to be a prominent business man in this city.

She Fainted Away.

After hearing both stories Sergt. Sheldon took custody of the revolver, the knife and $300, and announced that he would lock up both parties. When Miss Hopkinson heard this she fell to the floor in a faint. She was carried into a bedroom, and lay simply breathing for a short time. Masterson, she claimed, was jealous of her. A week ago he beat her until she was black and blue, and tried to kill her by breaking some sharp instrument into her ear. He had also stolen $300 and a gold watch from her. He was intensely jealous of a man named Warren, who is said to be a prominent business man in this city.

Riddled with Buckshot.

GLEN'S FALLS, N. Y., May 12.—Leander Pasco, a prominent citizen of the town of Thurman, Warren county, was waylaid and murdered Saturday evening. The news of the murder reached here Monday evening, and District Attorney Patterson and Coroner F. B. Streeter drove to the scene of the tragedy. Several witnesses were examined during the evening at the inquest. The dead man's back was riddled with buckshot. Two heavily loaded barrels were fired at him. The murderer took up a position at one side of the road and as Pasco passed shot him down. Footprints show where the murderer concealed himself. Pasco was a man about 60 years old and was known to have many enemies. As the body was not touched after the murder the motive for the crime is supposed to be revenge.

Minister Palmer Intends to Resign.

NEW YORK, May 13.—T. W. Palmer, United States minister to Spain, has arrived home on the French steamer La Gascogne. He was accompanied by his wife and his son, Dwight Lathrop Castellar. In an interview with a United Press reporter Mr. Palmer said that he intended fully to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor of Michigan, but his niece's death changed his plans and he has no ambition now to run for any office. He further said it was his intention to resign the ministership unless the president and Mr. Blaine convince him that it is best not to resign.

The Speed of Electricity.

MONTREAL, May 13.—McGill college observatory and Greenwich were placed in telegraph communication with each other over the lines of the Commercial Cable and Canadian Pacific railways, and observations here showed that the time occupied in transmitting signals over the 3,500 miles was three-quarters of one second. Further tests are to be made between Montreal, Greenwich and Vancouver, B. C., with a view of correcting time and fixing the longitude between Pacific coast points.

Leonard Defeats Schumacher.

BUFFALO, May 13.—Hugh Leonard, of Buffalo, and Peter Schumacher, of San Francisco, wrestled last night for a purse of $500. The style was Graeco-Roman, best two in three falls. Leonard won the first fall in 29 minutes 9 seconds. Schumacher took the second in 9 minutes 13 seconds. Leonard won the third fall and the match in 39 minutes 39 seconds. There was a large audience and a great deal of money changed hands on the result.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE.

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

TEE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Frank Coburn, charged with being one of a gang of burglars who killed a shoe dealer named Bechtel at Schnectady Dec. 10, 1889, has been arrested at Buffalo.

President Harrison expects to go to Cleveland, O., on the 30th inst. to attend the Garfield monument ceremonies there on that date.

Governor Nicholls, of Louisiana, has sent to the legislature a message emphatically protesting against an extension of the Louisiana Lottery company's charter.

Ex-District Attorney Ives, of Essex county, Mass., was sentenced to three years in the state prison for forgery and embezzlement.

Rev. Dr. J. Henry Smythe, LL. D., of Philadelphia, has given $2,000 to Grant university, of Tennessee, to increase the chancellor's salary.

The tannery buildings at North Creek, near Glens Falls, N. Y., owned by W. W. Durant, have been burned. Loss, $30,000.

The Boston Herald says it is understood that the grand jury has indicted the Old Colony Railroad company for not complying with the law requiring weekly payment of wages.

Judge George M. Sabin, United States district judge of Nevada, is dead.

Five men were killed and several others injured in a terrific collision on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad near Chattanooga.

C. L. N. Kenneth, of the Pennsylvania Gas company's office at Warren, Pa., has disappeared. Ten thousand dollars of the company's money has disappeared also.

Twelve hundred New York cigarmakers are on strike for increases in pay ranging from fifty cents to $1 per thousand. No non-union men have been found to take their places, and they expect to speedily win.

The Red Man Ordered Home.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Several members of the Ponca tribe of Indians in the Indian territory came here without asking permission of the department to urge Secretary Noble not to insist upon enforcing the recent order directing cattlemen to remove their herds from the territory on or before the 1st of October next. The Indians based their plea upon the fact of revenue which they would suffer when their lands were no longer leased for grazing purposes. The secretary bitterly denounced the occupation of the lands by outsiders as without the sanction of law and unjust to the farmers of the country who were obliged to compete with untaxed cattle grazed on untaxed lands. He ordered the Indians to return at once to their homes and told them that the policy of the government in regard to the occupation by cattlemen of Indian land would be rigidly carried out.

Riddled with Buckshot.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., May 12.—Leander Pasco, a prominent citizen of the town of Thurman, Warren county, was waylaid and murdered Saturday evening. The news of the murder reached here Monday evening, and District Attorney Patterson and Coroner F. B. Streeter drove to the scene of the tragedy. Several witnesses were examined during the evening at the inquest. The dead man's back was riddled with buckshot. Two heavily loaded barrels were fired at him. The murderer took up a position at one side of the road and as Pasco passed shot him down. Footprints show where the murderer concealed himself. Pasco was a man about 60 years old and was known to have many enemies. As the body was not touched after the murder the motive for the crime is supposed to be revenge.

Kilrain Will Meet M'Auliffe.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The Puritan Athletic club's offer of a $5,000 trophy for a glove contest between Joe McAuliffe and Jake Kilrain has been accepted by both men. Kilrain wrote his letter of acceptance to Frank Stevenson from Richburg, Miss. Jake wrote that he was well and would be glad to have a "go" with some one as soon as he was free. His term of imprisonment he terms "hard luck," and he intends to come north at once and go into training for the match.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Arlington street, near [illegible]

My $2.50 Shoe

No since the War have Boots, Shoes or Rubbers been so cheap. It's poor economy to buy them cheap, though. Don't buy a cheap shoe when you can buy the very best good leather goods so low. We deal on first class goods and warrants.

We have made great preparations for this Fall and Winter trade, having a big stock. All shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Footwear.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE

MARSH & AYERS.

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

FIFTY-ONE LIVES LOST.

Wreck Of the New Hebrides—Four Whites and Forty-seven Blacks Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—News was received here last night by the steamer Zealandia that in a great storm on March 4 the schooner Eliza Mary was driven on the reefs at Mailleolo, in the New Hebrides. It was impossible to render anything beyond the blinding rain till just before the ship struck. There were on board at the time a crew of eighteen, two passengers, forty-seven recruits and fifteen returning laborers, making a total of seventy-nine. The first boat which was lowered was manned by four white men and several of the black crew.

The boat was dashed to pieces while going on shore and the four white men drowned. Those who remained on board the ship were saved. Several of the recruits swam for the shore and were either drowned or killed after landing. One boy had to fight his way from shore to the mission station, distant ten miles. He, with twenty of his companions, went with some natives to a village near the coast. They were given food, but while eating the savages set upon them and began tomahawking the castaways. The boy ran and escaped. In all four white men and forty-seven blacks were lost.

He Shot His Infant Cousin.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., May 12.—A 12-year-old boy named McDonald shot and killed his 4-year-old cousin at Luzerne. The circumstances leading to the tragedy are peculiar. William McDonald died in an insane asylum some time ago, leaving a wife and two children. His brother then left his own wife and resided with the widow, taking his 12-year-old son with him. The house was so arranged that another family who lived in it had to pass through the McDonald apartments in order to reach their own sleeping room in the second story. Recently the two families quarreled, and McDonald compelled his neighbors to use a ladder in reaching their rooms. McDonald went away from home, telling his son to shoot the neighbors if they tried to get into his part of the house. In handling the revolver during the day the boy shot his little cousin fatally. The father has been placed under arrest.

Richard Croker's True Condition.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Hon. William Steinway has received from Wiesbaden a certificate by Dr. Wilhelm, the government medical director for that district, solemnly describing the condition of Hon. Richard Croker, who is under his care. Dr. Wilhelm says that when Mr. Croker arrived he was suffering from pleuritic exudation and a high degree of cerebral neurasthenia, the latter resulting from mental overwork. The pleuritic exudation has disappeared under treatment, but the neurasthenia absolutely demands that the patient for a long time abstain from every mental occupation and excitement, otherwise complete cure is impossible. The certificate is dated April 28.

ITS LIABILITIES $1,250,000.

The Iron Car Company Is to Be Reorganized—The Creditors' Meeting.

NEW YORK, May 13.—At a meeting of creditors of the Iron Car company, claims amounting to $600,000 being represented, steps were taken to reorganize the company and a committee composed of the following honors was appointed to conclude the negotiations: Harrisburg Car company, Consolidated Tube company, Brady Metal company, Troy Malleable Iron company and J. Four Seventh and fifteen others. Lewis I. Woodford, of Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford, attorneys, said that the general liabilities of the company would amount to about $1,250,000. From others present it was learned that this amount included the claim of Alfred Sully for $300,000. There were $6,000,000 in assets, including cars against which $3,300,000 car trust bonds had been sold.

The car trust bonds had been taken by bankers, but on Jan. 1 the bankers declined to longer recognize the security, and $2,000,000 of car trust certificates accumulated on the company's hands. Presidents Dilbridge said the whole trouble was on account of capitalists becoming dissatisfied with Mr. Sully, and that the collapse was hastened by a scheme of Mr. Sully to get up a new company to take the place of and to absorb control of the Iron car company. Mr. Fiske, of Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford, stated that there was no truth in the report that the Iron Car company had some time ago assumed the liabilities of the Minnesota Car company.

THE ALBANY DEFALCATION.

The Goulds Said to Be Mixed Up in It. Whitney Arrested Again.

ALBANY, May 13.—The bank defalcation is developing most extraordinary facts. The denial of William Gould that he had anything to do with the matter is disproved by the fact that the firm to which he belonged has just confessed judgment in favor of the bank for almost $90,000. This is divided, it is said, about evenly among the firm's members. The bank holds the paper of Anthony Gould, formerly recorder of Albany, for $18,000. Gould has lived high. He is a brother-in-law of Whitney. William Gould has paper to make good amounting to $60,000, and the other $8,000 is divided between two other brothers. Whitney has again been arrested, it being found that two of his bondsmen had overdrawn their accounts—George L. Thomas in the sum of $2,500 and Edward Taylor $2,000.

United States District Attorney John R. Smith has arrived in the city and will determine whether or not to prosecute. The sum stolen will reach over $100,000, but about $40,000 has already been made good. It is stated that ex-Recorder Gould has left the city

THE BEE HIVE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF INFANTS' DRESSES, COATS AND LACE CAPS.

Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c. Children's short dresses 2 rows Hamburg insertion 49c.; extra goods at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 12, 18, 25 and 50c. Children's reefers at $1.49, 1.69 and $2.25. Ladies' ruffles given, regular 50c. goods at 25c. Harrigan hose regular made, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' fast black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests at 19c, 25c and 29c. Ladies gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Dover Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer, Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Base Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R TEA

A Plea for Woman Suffrage.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The Woman Suffrage party's state committee published today a statement by Mr. Hamilton Willcox, author of several works on the law of suffrage, saying that the United States supreme court in the Minor test case has indorsed his doctrine that legislatures can extend suffrage wherever state constitutions do not expressly forbid, and urging that the legislatures of nearly all the states extend suffrage to women at their next sessions.

Larkins Will Fight Murphy.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Australian Billy Murphy will probably be the first man before his returns home. Jimmy Larkins says he is willing to meet the feather-weight champion of the world in a fight to a finish for $500 a side. Larkin has posted a forfeit to show that he means business. In order to make the contest interesting the Puritan Athletic club management has decided to put up a purse of $1,000.

A Fatal Blow from a Plat.

LACROSSE, Wis., May 13.—William Rewey, engineer at Davidson's mill, and ex-Postmaster Oliver Olsen, of Midway, had some difficulty in a saloon in this city, and Rewey struck Olsen with a brick, killing him instantly. The murderer made his escape but was captured at Onalaska.

The Pope Partial to England.

LONDON, May 13.—The blue book just issued by the government shows that the negotiations of Gen. Simmons with the Vatican authorities relative to the Roman Catholic church in Malta were successful in every particular, the pope evincing anxiety to please England.

A Yale Freshman Missing.

NEW HAVEN, May 13.—Austin R. Menenhall, of Duluth, Minn., a member of the Yale freshman class, has been missing since Thursday. He was in his usual spirits and was well supplied with money, and no cause for his departure is known.

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

A so Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

23 EAST FRONT STREET.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE,

Office 30 Door Street, North Plainfield.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.33, 5.45, 8.08, 8.40, 9.50, 7.06, 7.50, 8.30, 8.55, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.00, 3.41, 4.07, 4.30, 5.00, 5.25, 5.55, 6.27, 6.50, 8.05, 8.51, 9.56, 11.07 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 5.24, 8.01, 8.59, 11.00 a. m., 12.31, 1.13, 3.10, 5.15, 7.01, 7.10, 8.10, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave New York, 5.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.45, 11.45, 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.15, 10.00, 10.30 p. m., 12.15, 12.30 night. Sunday 4.30, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.00, 9.30, 8.30, 8.37, 9.00, 10.05, 11.02, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.02, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 Sunday, 8.01, 9.58, 11.08 a. m., 12.31, 1.13, 3.10, 5.15, 7.01, 8.10, 9.01, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave Newark, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30

FAIR CANADIAN FACES.

BEAUTIFUL WOMEN WHO ADORN OTTAWA'S SOCIAL CIRCLES.

They Are Winsome, Witty and Wealthy, and Their Presence Adds Much Charm to the Receptions at Rideau Hall. Glimpses of Official Life.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

THE HON. MRS. COLVILLE.

Society in Ottawa much resembles society in Washington; everything is official, and official rank takes precedence. Everyone is connected with the government. Cabinet ministers and their families take precedence of senators and their families, and senators of members of parliament; and so on down to the very rank and file. Interest naturally centers round the governor general, his family and suite, and when the suite contains in addition, as it does at present, a charming and lovely society woman, the interest deepens. The Hon. Mrs. Colville is the wife of Capt. Charles Robert William Colville, secretary to Lord Stanley, governor general of Canada. Mrs. Colville before her marriage was Miss Ruby Strestfield, sixth child of Col. Henry Dorrien Strestfield, of Chiddingstone, Kent, England. Capt. Colville's master of Colville and eldest son of Lord Colville, of Culross, so his wife will some day be Lady Colville.

MISS GERTRUDE MACKINTOSH.

Mrs. Colville is of medium height and slender figure. Her hair is light chestnut brown, her eyes a lovely, liquid China blue, with dark eyebrows and lashes. Her mouth is small and crimson lipped, and her complexion is singularly pure and delicate. Her expression is charming, and in its innocence and frankness resembles more that of a child than a woman's. She dresses in exquisite taste, and has the gift of knowing exactly what suits her style.

The cost and furs which she wears in this portrait are those she has been wearing at the "Saturday afternoons." Those "afternoons" are the private receptions given by the governor general and Lady Stanley every Saturday during the months of January, February and March from 4 to 6. Capt. and Mrs. Colville, who were married about five years ago, occupy the pretty dwelling in the government house grounds called Rideau cottage.

MISS R. MACKRAY.

No photograph could do justice to Miss Gertrude Mackintosh's ever changeful face, and much of her beauty lies in brilliancy of expression. She is a tall, slender brunette, with dark hair and expressive eyes, long lashes and beautifully penciled eyebrows. She dresses with artistic taste, and her gowns bear the impress of individuality. She is a bright conversationalist, and as she becomes interested her eyes deepen and glow with enthusiasm. She is a living proof that beauty and brains are not always incompatible. Her movements and gestures are full of grace and freedom. Its expression she much resembles her father, Mr. C. H. Mackintosh, editor of The Ottawa Daily Citizen, and who, a few years ago, was known as one of the most brilliant members of the Canadian house of commons. Miss Mackintosh is musical and sings with rare pathos and depth of feeling, while her mobile face adds meaning to every word. Miss Mackintosh's home is a fine gray stone dwelling on Daly avenue, the most fashionable part of the city.

One of the prettiest and daintiest of our belles is Mrs. R. Mackray, who comes of a family celebrated for their beauty. She is a lovely, petite blonde with curly golden hair, dark blue eyes and a dream of china complexion. It is said she inherits her peculiarly dainty loveliness from an ancestress, a princess of the house of Orange. Her family is one of the oldest and best known in Canada; her father, the late Sa'ter Van Koughnet, Q. C., was a prominent lawyer in Toronto, and her uncle, the Hon. Philip Van Koughnet, was a Canadian statesman of note. For some time after her marriage, which took place about five years ago, Mrs. Mackray lived in Winnipeg, but she has recently become a resident of Ottawa, where her husband, Mr. Robert Mackray, is known in the stock broking circles as one of its most successful members. Mrs. Mackray is fond of society and dancing and dresses well. Her manner is pleasant and vivacious and she has the rare gift of listening, of appearing interested in what is said to her. Though small of stature, her figure is remarkably pretty and dainty.

Miss Annie Moylan is a bright and vivacious brunette. Her features are regular, and she has a brilliant complexion, dark hair, and eyes sparkling with life and animation. Her lashes are long, and her arched eyebrows give her face a piquant look. She is slender and not very tall. Her expression is brilliant, and she possesses considerable dramatic ability, which she sometimes displays for the entertainment of her numerous and appreciative friends. She excels in pathos, though selections of a light and humorous nature she recites with archness and grace. She is of Irish descent, and is a grand niece, on her mother's side, of "The O'Gorman," who was the sept or head of the clan of that name.

Entirely different in style is Miss Eva O'Meara, a tall, slender blonde, with a mass of pale gold hair drawn in a loose knot to the top of her head; a delicate,

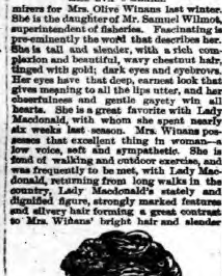
MISS ANNIE MOYLAN.

waxy complexion, with a faint pink blush; blue eyes, dark eyebrows and lashes. Her manner is gentle and quiet, and one's first thought is of a tall white lily. She dances gracefully and well, and is fond of society. Miss O'Meara is the daughter of Mr. Cornwall H. O'Meara, of the militia department, Ottawa. Her mother, who was Miss Austen, first married Col. Bury, son of the Earl of Charleville, by whom she had two daughters. Had the eldest Miss Bury been a boy she would have been Earl of Charleville. She is now married to Maj. Selby Smith, of the Royal Irish rifles, son of Gen. Sir Edward Selby Smith. The other sister married Col. R. O. Montmorency, late of the Royal Irish rifles. Miss O'Meara does not resemble her sisters except in the fact that they are all tall.

A most engaging manner, added to unusual personal charms, made a host of ad-

MISS EVA O'MEARA.

mirers for Mrs. Olive Winans last winter. She is the daughter of Mr. Samuel Wilmot, superintendent of fisheries. Fascinating is pre-eminently the word that describes her. She is tall and slender, with a rich complexion and beautiful, wavy chestnut hair, tinged with gold; dark eyes and eyebrows. Her eyes have that deep, earnest look that gives meaning to all the lips utter, and her observations and gentle gayety win all hearts. She is a great favorite with Lady Macdonald, with whom she spent nearly six weeks last season. Mrs. Winans possesses that excellent thing in woman—a low voice, soft and sympathetic. She is fond of walking and outdoor exercise, and was frequently to be met, with Lady Macdonald, returning from long walks in the country, Lady Macdonald's tall, stately and dignified figure, strongly marked features and silvery hair forming a great contrast to Mrs. Winans' bright hair and slender



MRS. OLIVE WINANS.

figure; however, evening dress is more becoming to Mrs. Winans, as indeed to most women, and one of her favorite colors was a lovely rosy mauve, which is most becoming to her.

HELEN E. GREGORY, M. B. and B. A.

This Date in History—May 9.

1846—Rivalry between Edwin Forrest, American tragedian, and Macready, an English actor, emphasized in the Astor Place riot, New York. One hundred and fifty persons wounded and several killed.

1850—Introduction by Henry Clay in the U. S. senate of the "omnibus bill," providing for the formation of the territories of Utah and New Mexico, prohibition of slave trade in the District of Columbia; the return of fugitive slaves to claimants, the payment of $10,000,000 to Texas for claims due by Mexico. These measures subsequently adopted separately.

1850—Death of Theodore Parker, eminent Unitarian divine of Boston.

1862—Pensacola occupied by the Federal forces.

1862—Confederate iron clad Virginia burned, it being impossible to move her into the James river.

1865—Jefferson Davis captured near Irwinville, Ga.

1865—Surrender of Gen. Sam Jones at Tallahassee, Fla.

1869—Completion of the Pacific railroad and ceremonious laying of the last rail at Promontory Point, Utah. The point of junction is 1,086 miles west of the Missouri river and 690 miles east of Sacramento City.

This Date in History—May 10.

1190—Death of Cardinal de Bourbon; born 1520.

1756—Great Britain declares war against France.

1778—Death of Count Zinzendorf, founder of the sect of Moravian Brethern.

1775—Ticonderoga surprised by Ethan Allen and Benedict Arnold.

1805—Death of Frederick Schiller, German poet; born 1759.

1846—Battle of Resaca de la Palma, Mexico. Americans victorious. Gen. La Vega captured by Capt. May.

1860—John Bell, of Tennessee, nominated for president by the "Constitutional Union" party.

1861—Gen. Wool occupies Norfolk, Va.

1863—Gen. Hunter, commanding in South Carolina, issued an order emancipating the negroes.

1864—Battle of Lloyd's Mountain and New River Bridge, Va. Union loss, 748; Confederate loss, 950.

1864—Two days' fight at Swift creek, Va. Union loss, 400; Confederate, 800.

1871—Treaty of peace signed at Frankfort between France and Germany.

1876—Tidal wave at Calino destroys shipping and cities.

1876—International exhibition opened in Philadelphia.

1879—Death of Admiral E. G. Parrott, U. S. A., aged 79; inventor of Parrott gun.

This Date in History—May 11.

ARTHUR ORROW GOODELL.

1810—Jacques de Molay, grand master of the Templars, born in Paris.

1847—Arrival of Peter Stuyvesant, director general of New Amsterdam, now New York; the most popular of colonial governors.

1748—French defeat English at Fontenoy.

1778—Death of William Pitt, earl of Chatham, father of the (Pitt)borough, eminent in the annals of England; born [illegible].

1846—President Polk sends a message to congress, and war with Mexico is declared formally. Hostilities began in April.

1857—Mutiny of the Sepoys at Meerut and Delhi, India.

1858—Minnesota admitted into the Union.

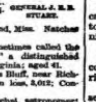
1864—Passage of the Red river forts by Porter's fleet.

1865—Gen. Jeff Thompson surrenders in Arkansas.

1865—Italian seat of government transferred to Florence.

1871—Trial of the Tichborne case in England. The court decides against the claimant and he is sent to Newgate.

This Date in History—May 12.



GENERAL J. E. B. STUART.

1641—Execution of Thomas, earl of Strafford, Irish statesman; born 1593.

1702—Execution of William Kidd, the most famous pirate that ever infested the seas. He was governor of a New York sea captain.

1775—Crown Point taken from the British by Col. Seth Warner.

1780—Siege of Charleston, S. C., by the British; the Americans capitulated.

1865—Union victory at Raymond, Miss. Natchez occupied.

1864—Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, sometimes called the Confederate "Sir Rupert," a distinguished cavalry leader, killed in Virginia; aged 41.

1864—Federal attack on Drury's Bluff, near Richmond, Va., repulsed: Union loss, 3,012; Confederate, 2,500.

1871—Death of Sir John Herschel, astronomer; born 1792.

1873—Gen. Ignacio Agramonte, Cuban insurrectionist, killed, aged 32.

1875—Death at Elmira, N. Y., of Catherine Beecher, authoress, aged 71; sister of Henry Ward Beecher.

1882—Death of the mother of President U. S. Grant, aged 84.

AN EXPERIMENT WITH A BRIDE.

His Game Didn't Work, but There Is a True Ending.

A bridal couple took our train from Buffalo for Philadelphia, and it was generally remarked that they conducted themselves as well as could be expected under the circumstances. After about four hours' ride the groom got off at a station where a short stop was made, saying to the bride that he wanted to speak to a man, but saying to one of the boys on the quiet:

"When the train starts I'll get into the car behind, and she'll think I was left. Then look out to see her go into fits. I'll appear on the scene in time to prevent consequences."

The programme was carried out. As the train started a drummer rushed into the car and plumped himself down beside the bride without a question, and in five minutes he was talking about the weather, Buffalo, Philadelphia and a dozen other things. She got interested at once, and did not even appear to think of her newly made husband. The latter sat about a quarter of an hour, and then sneaked into the car. He expected to find her half dead with anxiety, but she wasn't. She was talking in a very animated way, and when he came forward she looked up and said:

"That you, James? I thought you were left. Sit down back there somewhere."

And for the next hour, while that drummer held the fort, and everybody was tickled to death. Later on one of the boys said to him:

"Your experiment didn't work as you thought it would, did it?"

"Not exactly," was the reply, "but you wait. You ought to be around to-night when I lick her with a wet towel!"—New York Sun.

Quite Different.

Justice (to student)—You are accused by Mr. Meyer, who lives across the street from your room, of insulting him.

Student (surprised)—In what way have I insulted him?

Justice—He alleges that you continually call your dog Meyer.

Student—May I be permitted to ask Mr. Meyer a question?

Mr. Meyer—Vat is it you vant to know?

Student—Mr. Meyer, how do you spell your name?

Mr. Meyer—I spells my name M-e-y-e-r.

Student—I thought so. Your honor will perceive at once how groundless Mr. Meyer's charges are when I inform your honor that my dog spells his name M-e-y-e-r.—Texas Siftings.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

ENTERTAINING AND USEFUL READING FOR BRIGHT BOYS AND GIRLS.

The Old Indian Chief Sapomazikow, Who Rules a Numerous and Once Fierce Tribe and Still Maintains a Stately Dignity and Splendid Costume.

The most interesting Indian among many thousands whom I saw in a trip through Canada last year was Sapomazikow, chief of the Blackfeet tribe, says a writer in St. Nicholas, from which the pictures of the old Indian chief is reproduced. He is a king, and when I met him he looked like one and was treated like one.

OLD CHIEF CROWFOOT.

He rode in an immigrants' sleeping car, to be sure, but the seats had been arranged as for a bed, and on them he sat with his feet under him, tailor fashion, while two of his "head men" sat in front of him and others stood close by in the passage. "Crowfoot" is the English word for his long Indian name, and he is widely famous by his English name as the chief of a numerous and once fierce tribe. He was well worth seeing. He wore a cloak of buckskin literally covered with really beautiful embroidery in beads of bright hues. His short trousers were hidden, but below them were deerskin leggings fringed with colored wisps of the hair of some wild animal. His leather moccasins were worked all over with quaint designs in beads, and above his queer hat—"stovepipe" hat with the top torn out—was a proud plume of eagle feathers.

Crowfoot is 80 years old. He has the complexion of old mahogany, and his face is as wrinkled as a nutmeg; but if you are a good judge of faces you will see by his portrait that he has a finely formed, almost purely Roman, countenance—a face that reminds us of some of the Cæsars who ruled Rome in its glory. The portrait shows the countenance of the old savage in repose, and one sees a hint of cruelty in the features; but on that day when we saw him in the cars he was full of fun, and good nature, you know, is a great helper toward good looks.

But the writer who describes old Crowfoot adds that the boys would be disappointed if they could see the Indians in Canada, where the savages are more nearly like what they were a hundred years ago than are our Indians in the United States. Except in the case of old Crowfoot he saw no dignity, no grandeur, no splendid costume, no pride. They are in fact a lot of lazy, idle vagabonds rapidly dying of starvation and bad habits.

Don't Mention the Briers.

It is not only a wise but a happy thing to make the best of life, and always look on the bright side for one's own sake, but it is a blessing to others. A little sermon on this subject was unconsciously preached by a child one day, which Examiner tells us follows:

A man met a little fellow on the road carrying a basket of blackberries, and said to him, "Sammy, where did you get such nice berries?"

"Over there, sir, in the briers!"

"Won't your mother be glad to see you come home with a basketful of such nice, ripe fruit?"

"Yes, sir," said Sammy; "she always seems glad when I hold up the berries, and I don't tell her anything about the briers in my feet."

The man rode on. Sammy's remarks had given him a lesson, and he resolved that henceforth he would try to hold up the berries and say nothing about the briers.

The French National Flower.

The lily of France is the purple Iris. This flower is found in our gardens, and is called the "flower de luce." The flower de luce got its name from King Louis VII. When he set out on his crusade to the Holy Land he chose this flower for his badge. So it was called the fleur de Louis, which means "flower of Louis." In time the Louis became changed into luce, then into "lys," explains Little Men and Women, and that is its name today—fleur-de-lys.

THE LILY OF FRANCE.

It was Louis VII who first put this "celestial flower," as it is called, on the arms of France. At first the French flag had many fleurs-de-lys. But Henry IV, one of the greatest of the French kings, changed it. He put his own family shield, three golden fleurs-de-lys on a blue ground, in place of the many fleurs-de-lys. It was a very beautiful flag. This, of course, was the old French flag. The modern flag is tricolor, red, white and blue, in equal stripes running across it.

The fleur-de-lys is carved upon palaces and other state buildings in France, as the rose is in England and the thistle in Scotland.

A Life Lesson.

There! little girl; don't cry!
They have broken your doll, I know;
And your tea set blue,
And your little toy house, too,
Ago things of the long ago;
But childish troubles will soon pass by.
There! little girl; don't cry!

There! little girl; don't cry!
They have broken your slate, I know;
And the glad, old ways
Of your playright days
Are things of the long ago;
But life and love still are yours to-day.
There! little girl; don't cry!

There! little girl; don't cry!
They have broken your heart, I know;
And the rainbow gleams
Of your youthful dreams
Are things of the long ago;
But heaven holds all for which you sigh.
There! little girl; don't cry!

—James Whitcomb Riley.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

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No. 17 East Front Street

The Popular Store of Plainfield

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 36-inch cotton at 3½c. Lots of inch and three-quarter linen crash from 7½c. Twilled cotton flannel at 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $1.75 up ward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

READY FOR BUSINESS.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

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WE WILL HOLD

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Successors to D. P. Randolph.

12 WEST FRONT STREET.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Fifth and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

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Successor to Tunis J. Carey, (3 doors nearer the centre of the town)
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Large Jumbo Trucks, all experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of this city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

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Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7:30 a. m. to meet 7:50 a. m. train. Second, Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway, cor. 2d st.: to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.32 a. m. train.
3d do	9.15	do	9.32 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.27 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.32 do
6th do	12.00 m.	do	12.30 p. m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.30 p. m. do
8th do	3.45	do	4.02 p. m. do
9th do	5.30	do meet	5.51 p. m. train.
10th do	6.45	do do	7.02 do do
11th do	8.45	do do	9.07 do do
12th do	10.45	do do	11.02 do do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer streets, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.30, 9.37, 10.10, 11.30 a. m. 2.04, 4.35, 5.07, 6.35, 8.22, 9.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Horses a specialty. Carriages for hire at all hours.

Buses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. BIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 2d and 3d. Telephone Call. 18. 1-87

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1890.

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34 West Front St.

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FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Crapes, Satines, Lenos etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Feathers Dyed Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

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Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Office hours: Free, Female attendant for Ladies. 66 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

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No. 2 Park Avenue

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INSURANCE,

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Agent.

Money to Loan on approved security. Office Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

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Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, MAY 14 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—The Hotel Netherwood will open for the season to-morrow.

—The Hotel Netherwood will open for the season to-morrow.

—A band of gypsies are encamped on Park avenue near the Campbell Chapel House.

—The Union county Board of Freeholders will meet to-morrow afternoon and organize.

—Welcombe Lodge, 3401 K. of H will hold their regular meeting in Hand building to-morrow evening.

—A number of young people from this city attended an evening sociable at Wendell's Hall, Dunellen, last evening.

—The thunder storm of last evening drenched a number of persons who were out without water-proofs or umbrellas.

—The Young People's Society of the First Baptist church held there last regular sociable in the parlor of the church last evening.

—Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., held a regular encampment last evening, but transacted business of routine nature only.

—The Plainfield Choral Society with an orchestra rehearsed for their final entertainment in Chickering Hall, N. Y., this morning at nine o'clock.

—Carriage from St. Mary's T. A. B. Society and the Emerald Beneficial Association are arranging for an excursion during the coming Summer.

—The Exempt Firemen of the State are holding their fourth annual convention in New Brunswick to-day. Delegates from this city are in attendance.

—To-morrow will be Ascension Day. It will be appropriately in St. Mary's church. Service to be held at half-past five and eight o'clock a. m.

—At the meeting of Mispah Lodge United Order of Independent Odd Ladies, held Monday evening, four candidates for membership were initiated.

—The "Lees" of Brooklyn have been matched to play the "Wilmots" to play in a game of back ball with the Crescents next Saturday afternoon.

—To-morrow evening the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will celebrate their second anniversary in an appropriate manner.

—Mr. Harry Brokaw has sold out his real estate and insurance business to Mr. J. T. Vell and will enter into a co-partnership with Mr. H. B. Smalley in the butcher business.

—The large brick building situated on West Front street next to Werner's clothing store and owned by the Berry estate, will be sold at public auction at four o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

—The employees of the Shackleton Car Heating Works in Bound Brook marched in vain for Shackleton all day. The officers took an inventory of the stock and everything is now under attachment.

—At about half-past eight o'clock last evening a horse attached to a light wagon ran down Front street at a break-neck speed. The frightened animal was caught near Music Hall before it succeeded in doing any damage.

—The May walk of the Plainfield Gesang and Turning society which was postponed last Sunday on account of the storm will occur next Sunday, weather permitting. The start will be made from Blatz's Hotel at five a. m. Krauss's farm, which is located on top of the mountains will be the objective point.

—Warden Dodd of Plainfield presented his report to the Board of Freeholders yesterday. By this it appears that the cost of maintaining the prisoners is fifteen cents and six-tenths of a cent per day for each. They are at least as well fed as formerly, when under a Democratic Warden it cost thirty cents per prisoner, or nearly one-hundred per cent. more.

—There was no applauding at the First Presbyterian church last Sunday, as had been stated, through a communication from a correspondent who became enthusiastic on hearing the choir, and intended to have said that he felt as if he would like to have applauded, but gave the impression to others that he and others like him had done so.

—The monthly meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Congregational church will be held in the church parlor on Thursday, May 15th, at 3:30 p. m. All members are requested to be present to vote on amendments to constitution laid over at last meeting. The subject discussed will be "The Work in Japan." All interested are invited to be present.

—Councilman Smith says that he was misquoted in the report of the council proceedings yesterday. He says that it was not five property owners who objected to the granting of Mr. Frank Lieske's license, but that he understood that four or five bottlers were doing business in this city illegally; and that he wanted to look into the matter before voting for the license application under consideration.

—When you wish to know what the weather is to be up on and select the smallest cloud you can see; keep your eye on it, and if it decreases and disappears, it shows a state of the air that is almost sure to be followed by fair weather; but if it increases in size, falling weather will not be far off. The reason is this: When the air is becoming charged with electricity you will see every cloud attracting all the lesser ones towards it, till it gathers into a shower; and on the contrary, when the fluid is passing off or diffusing itself, even a large cloud will be seen breaking to pieces and dissolving.

—The work on one-half the bridge across Somerset street is now almost finished. When it is completed and dried, the temporary bridge will be moved and the place it now occupies filled likewise. The bridge when fully completed will be a model of its kind and almost impregnable. It will rest on first the heavy and strong iron girders, the space between which are arched with triple rows of brick well laid, then crushed stone and mortar is laid, leveling these. Upon the cement like substance thus made is put a coating of mortar. Topping all is a covering of tar-cement, rolled until it is as smooth as a table.

THE SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY.

The American Legion of Honor Celebrated It Last Evening.

The body of Music Hall was filled last evening with persons who went at the invitation of Ivanhoe Council, No. 1074, American Legion of Honor, to assist them in celebrating their seventh anniversary.

The entertainment was opened with a violin and piano duet by Messrs. Peter Conde and George Rogers. The selection was well received by the audience. Grand Officer Judge J. Frank Fort of Newark followed and briefly explained the advantages of being a member of the Legion of Honor.

A cornet solo by Prof. Louis Boose was the next number on the programme; then Mr. J. Leslie Gosnin entertained the audience with a recitation entitled "The Janitor and the Boy." Mr. Gosnin was called upon to respond to an encore; the singing by a quartet, comprising Messrs. Elmer E. Runyon, M. C. Van Arsdale, A. L. Titsworth and Robert Gorton was a feature of the evening's entertainment. Supreme Treasurer John M. Ronnell of Newark followed and in a brief address spoke upon the necessity of providing for their families in case of accident or death and showed by quotations that the American Legion of Honor was better and safer way than by taking out a policy in an insurance company: Messrs. Peter Conde and George Rogers then rendered a violin and piano solo which drew forth round after round of applause. Mr. J. Leslie Gosnin, then in a humorous recitation told of the time that he was in love and in response to an encore he recited another humorous selection. The evening was brought to a close by rendering the "Star Spangled Banner" by the audience.

Ivanhoe Council was called upon to respond to roll call by the singing by a quartet, comprising Messrs. Elmer E. Runyon, M. C. Van Arsdale, A. L. Titsworth and Robert Gorton was a feature of the evening's entertainment. Supreme Treasurer John M. Ronnell of Newark followed and in a brief address spoke upon the necessity of providing for their families in case of accident or death and showed by quotations that the American Legion of Honor was better and safer way than by taking out a policy in an insurance company: Messrs. Peter Conde and George Rogers then rendered a violin and piano solo which drew forth round after round of applause. Mr. J. Leslie Gosnin, then in a humorous recitation told of the time that he was in love and in response to an encore he recited another humorous selection. The evening was brought to a close by rendering the "Star Spangled Banner" by the audience.

—Warden Dodd of Plainfield presented his report to the Board of Freeholders yesterday. By this it appears that the cost of maintaining the prisoners is fifteen cents and six-tenths of a cent per day for each. They are at least as well fed as formerly, when under a Democratic Warden it cost thirty cents per prisoner, or nearly one-hundred per cent. more.

—There was no applauding at the First Presbyterian church last Sunday, as had been stated, through a communication from a correspondent who became enthusiastic on hearing the choir, and intended to have said that he felt as if he would like to have applauded, but gave the impression to others that he and others like him had done so.

—The monthly meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Congregational church will be held in the church parlor on Thursday, May 15th, at 3:30 p. m. All members are requested to be present to vote on amendments to constitution laid over at last meeting. The subject discussed will be "The Work in Japan." All interested are invited to be present.

—Councilman Smith says that he was misquoted in the report of the council proceedings yesterday. He says that it was not five property owners who objected to the granting of Mr. Frank Lieske's license, but that he understood that four or five bottlers were doing business in this city illegally; and that he wanted to look into the matter before voting for the license application under consideration.

—When you wish to know what the weather is to be up on and select the smallest cloud you can see; keep your eye on it, and if it decreases and disappears, it shows a state of the air that is almost sure to be followed by fair weather; but if it increases in size, falling weather will not be far off. The reason is this: When the air is becoming charged with electricity you will see every cloud attracting all the lesser ones towards it, till it gathers into a shower; and on the contrary, when the fluid is passing off or diffusing itself, even a large cloud will be seen breaking to pieces and dissolving.

—The work on one-half the bridge across Somerset street is now almost finished. When it is completed and dried, the temporary bridge will be moved and the place it now occupies filled likewise. The bridge when fully completed will be a model of its kind and almost impregnable. It will rest on first the heavy and strong iron girders, the space between which are arched with triple rows of brick well laid, then crushed stone and mortar is laid, leveling these. Upon the cement like substance thus made is put a coating of mortar. Topping all is a covering of tar-cement, rolled until it is as smooth as a table.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Collector L. E. Clark is slowly recovering from his recent stroke of paralysis.

Mrs. Naomi La Clair, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. B. O. Bowers, on Franklin place last evening in the seventy-second year of her age. The funeral will take place at her residence to-morrow evening at seven o'clock. Interment will be made in Albany.

The New York Herald of to-day, in an excellent criticism of the concert given in Chickering Hall last evening, by the New York College of Music, says of Miss Edna Barry of Plainfield, who is one of the pupils, that her singing of "Silent Sea" aria from "Sampson and Delilah," was charming. She has studied vocal music at the college only three months, but had an excellent voice to begin with. She was also highly complimented after the concert by the great musical director, Mr. Damrosch. Miss Park is the daughter of Mr. Thompson Park of East Front street, and promises to become as talented a vocalist as she is a pianiste.

A Treat to Music Lovers.

Mr. William H. Sherwood, director of the piano department of the Chicago Conservatory of Music, and a pianist of world-wide reputation, highly entertained a select audience at Seminary Hall, on Seventh street, last evening with a piano lecture-recital. He spoke of the characteristics, moods, inspirations and styles of the composers mentioned in the programme below, and told several romantic and light stories connected with their composition, before he played them. His execution and expression were superior and the audience listened entranced, actually feeling the various moods so eloquently expressed by the music. The following is the programme:

PROGRAMME.

Beethoven.....Sonata, No 31, No. 5, in E fl t
Beethoven.....Menuet, B flat, Op. 31
Saint-Saens, Mazourka, G Minor, Op. 24, No. 2
Chopin.....Nocturne, G Major, Op. 37, No. 2
Chopin.....Waltz, A flat, Op. 42
Bach, Bourree, A minor, (from 21 Eng. suite)
Chopin.....Nocturne, F Minor, Op. 55, No. 1
Raff.....La Fileuse," (Spinning Maiden)
Kullak.....Gerne Study, Bo k 12, No. 7
Greig.....Norwegian Bridal March"
Rubinstein.....Serenade in D Minor, Op. 93
Schubert-Tausig.....Military March
Liszt.....Etude in D flat
Paganini-Liszt.....La Campanella"

The success of the affair was largely due to the efforts of Mr. Dorsey W. Hyde.

Important Information for Many.

The proper and picturesque route for business and pleasure travel from this city to the Catskill mountains, Saratoga and other New York State resorts, is by the West Shore Railroad. By taking the Penn. R. R., passengers will make direct connection with the West Shore in the Union depot at Jersey City, and connecting about June 15th drawing-room cars are run through without change.

For tourists books, time-tables and information regarding the West Shore Railroad call on or address H. B. Jagee, General Eastern Passenger Agent, 363 Brordway, or C. E. Lambert, General Passge Agent, 5 Vanderbilt avenue, New York City.

Those who are troubled with dyspepsia should get the graphically illustrated book giving description of the Hudson river and New York State resorts will be mailed on receipt of five cents postage.

Committed to the Asylum.

Noah Drake, a well-know character of North Plainfield, was committed to the State Insane Asylum at Trenton to-day. Judge Bergen of the Somerset County Court made out the commitment papers and placed them in the hands of Special Marshal Codding ton, who arrested Drake yesterday afternoon. Drake's actions for some time past were strange, and timid people were afraid to go any where near him. A few months ago he rushed into a house in North Plainfield with an axe and threatened to kill the inmates. For that offense he was arrested and Justice Hardy sent him to the county jail in order to have an examination made as to his sanity. He was confined there for some time, but a few weeks ago was released, apparently cured. His actions since his return show without doubt that his mind is unbalanced.

No More Testimony Wanted.

The Union County Grand Jury is pushing ahead vigorously and it is said, expects to get through with the race track and pool-selling matter to day. Few, if any, more witnesses are to be examined on this subject. This will be welcome news to many staid citizens who have been on the ragged edge of suspense lest they should be called upon to confess that they patronized the tracks and were tempted to gamble by the allurements held out by wicked bookmakers.

Mr. Gavin's Fingers Amputated

When Drs. Boone and Field examined Mr. Benjamin Gavin's right hand yesterday afternoon, they found that the injuries inflicted were so severe that it would be impossible to save the fingers and they accordingly amputated them. It will be remembered that while Mr. Gavin was engaged sawing wood with a circular saw yesterday afternoon his fingers came in contact with the teeth of the saw and they were terribly mangled.

To Attend Ascension Day Services.

To-morrow evening the members of Trinity Commandery, Knights Templar, will attend divine services in Grace church this city. Invitation have been extended to Coeur de Leon Commandery, No. 8, K. of T. of New Brunswick and St. John's Commandery, No. 9, of Elizabeth. The Knights will appear in full dress uniform and will be addressed by the Rev. A. B. Jennings of Sing Sing, N. Y.

E. C. Knight of Philadelphia has donated to Camden, N. J., for use as a public park, a tract of land at Collinswood, 100 acres of lawn and woodland. It was made over to the city for $1.

—The Middlesex County Bowling Green Club will reorganize to-day for the season and will this afternoon practice on C. Schapdin's lawn.

IT WILL BE PAVED.

Westfield Avenue to be Improved by the County.

The Union county Board of Freeholders met at Elizabeth Monday afternoon for the purpose of opening sealed proposals for the improvements of the county road from Rahway, through Clark, Westfield and Summit townships to New Providence.

There were present in the lobby a number of contractors and their agents anxiously waiting the result. Hon. Fred C. Marsh and Frank Bergen, the counsel for Elizabeth, were in attendance and talked with the members in reference to the Westfield avenue improvement. At the last meeting the board refused to order the improvement made for the reason that they were advised there was no law for raising the money by taxes. The legislature has since passed a law removing that objection.

Mr. Marsh and Mr. Bergen wanted to get an opportunity to publicly address the board, but the executive session to consider the proposals extended to so late an hour that they were obliged to leave the city before the board reopened, Mr. Marsh going to Trenton.

The members of the board, however, fully understood the situation, and a resolution by Mr. West was adopted which directs the county engineer to prepare the plans for the improvement of Westfield avenue, from Elmora to North Broad street. The action is based on the fact that the legal objection has been removed by the legislature, and that it will be an improvement of undoubted value to the city and county at large.

At the beginning of the meeting the board opened the bids for which purpose the session was held.

The board figured and examined these proposals as a committee of the whole, and on reassembling awarded the contracts as follows:

The Central avenue and Westfield road section in Westfield township to Hoffman & Hatfield.

Westfield road and Brant's lane, in Clark, to B. M. & J. F. Shandley.

Morris and Springfield avenues in Summit, to Thomas A. Nevius.

Westfield avenues in Rahway, to B. M. and J. F. Shandley.

Springfield avenue, New Providence, to Thomas A. Nevius.

The board adjourned until yesterday afternoon when the final meeting of the year was held, and the adjournment sine die was declared.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

As Described be Rev. Chas S. Mitchell at Reform Hall.

Last evening, in spite of the numerous attractions going on elsewhere, and the threatening weather, quite a number of people gathered in Reform Hall to hear Rev. Chas. S. Mitchell describe the Paris Exposition. Mr. Mitchell had illustrated by sixty stereopticon views, by Mr. Taft. The entire affair was in charge of the Boys' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. The admittance charge was twenty-five cents, and as the body of the building was filled the amount added to the Building Fund, to aid what the lecture was given, it is thought will be considerable.

Mr. Mitchell took his hearers in imagination through all the exposition and showed them different countries of the world civilized and uncivilized. He spoke of the wonder of the mechanical and architectural world, the far-famed Eiffel Tower, to the top of which is 1,000 feet, the charge for ascending to the same being in ofer money one dollar. His description of this gigantic frame-work was clear and interesting. He described the old color, from which is had the new color named in honor of it "The Eiffel Tint."

He gave interesting and impressive statistical figures showing the expansiveness of various portions of the exposition. After a brief tour and a half's talk, he conducted the audience back from the day fun-loving Paris and its wonderful exposition to the prosaic features of Reform Hall and then bid them "Good Night."

Messrs. Vincent Rockwell, Charles Rockwell, Linn Edsall, William Boyd and William Crawford comprised the committee to whom credit is due for the successful issue of the lecture.

Union County Courts Now Cost $30,000 Yearly.

Freeholder West, one of the most worthy Republicans in Union county, yesterday called the attention of the Union County Board of Freeholders to the enormous increase in the court expenses. The Democratic legislators utterly regardless of the poor taxpayers, have been rolling up expenses at a frightful rate by bills which seem to have been passed solely in the interests of the politicians. One of these bills provided for a number of court officials utterly beyond all reason. The force of court constables was by the bill about doubled. In the Union County Court this brought the number up to sixteen. Each one was also provided at a salary of about $600 a year. The result has been to greatly increase the Court expenses generally. Freeholder West called attention to this yesterday when further appropriations were asked for. The court expenses he said had increased nearly fifty per cent. last year over the expenses of the previous year, and now some $1,700 more was asked for. The order of the court was mandatory and had to be obeyed, but he felt that it was his duty in the interest of taxpayers to protest against the increased expenses. He would say, however, that Judge VanSickle had promised a committee from the Board that the interpreter and six of the sixteen constables would be discharged, and at least so much of the increase stopped. But when taxpayers are so carless about whom they elect to legislate for them they must expect to be mulcted. Probably never in the history of the State are they being so severely bled as at present, since the Democrats by fraud and corruption, secured full control.

—Mr. Ed. Tomlinson will be at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-night to receive returns from tickets.

A Well Deserved Compliment.

Yesterday afternoon the Union County Board of Freeholders for 1888-89 held its final meeting, and in concluding its business a resolution was introduced and passed unanimously recognizing the valuable services of the Director, Mr. J. F. Hubbard of Plainfield, who has been for twenty-two years a member of the Board, and several times, including the past two years, its Director. Mr. Van Saums, a retiring Democratic member, on behalf of the Board, and with most appropriate remarks presented the Director with an ivory gavel, as a slight token of their esteem for Mr. Hubbard, and furthermore in testimony of their appreciation of his services to the people, and especially to the taxpayers in his capacity as Freeholder and Director.

Mr. Hubbard was completely surprised but very feelingly thanked his brother members for their gift, which he greatly admired alike for its beauty, and as coming from those with whom he had been so long and pleasantly associated. He would cherish it among the most valued of his canes.

Mr. Hubbard is sixty-three years old and including his services as a Union soldier during the great Rebellion, has spent two-thirds of his life, since attaining his majority, in the public service.

For the last two years, more than any period within his recollection had called for the best efforts of the freeholders to protect the interests of the taxpayers of the county. He was sure these efforts had resulted in the saving of many thousands of dollars, though these were difficult to be done. The members had put partisanship aside and had worked together in utmost harmony for the common good, and good naturally resulted. He could only thank the members most earnestly for their kindness as well as for their very beautiful gift and the kind expressions which accompanied it.

Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the post office at Plainfield for the week ending May 14, 1890:

Boyd, R W — Kealy, Miss Delia
Brown, Mrs Mary J — Davis, Wm
Borst, Mrs John W — Lee, Mrs S K
Berger, Miss Carrie E — McCarthy, Mrs T
Burke, Mrs Edward — Martin, Miss
Brener, John — Martin, Mrs E J
Davenport, C A — Peterson, Chas
Emerson, Miss Mary E — Pound, M L
Gill, John — Rudyon, Mrs
Gaston, C P — Rice, C P
Howe, Wm J — Schmid, Martin
Hall, Wm — Stinson, Wm
Hayes, John — Simpson, Mrs Rosie
Hale, Mrs H A — Toney, Miss M
Howard, James — Underhill, Mrs W K
How, Miss Ella — Wingate, C B
Jackson, Mrs A — Wadsworth, Warren
Johnson, Miss Kate (2) — Wingate, C B

Persons calling for any of the above letters please say advertised. E. R. FORE, P. M.

Died.

LA CLAIR—In this city, May 13th, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. B. O. Bowers, Mrs. Naomi La Clair, aged 72 years.

Funeral services from the residence of Mrs. B. O. Bowers, Franklin place, Wednesday, May 14th, at 7 p. m. Interment in Albany Thursday. R*

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A HANDSOME Black walnut patent rocker cradle. Inquire at Mr. Gillies, No. 9 Madison avenue. 13-3

BOARD wanted, Permanent board, gentleman and lady desired. Best years. Private family preferred. Address "Home," care of EVENING NEWS. *

FOR SALE—Fine black horse, 16 hands, 7 years old, built, city sound and kind. Adapted for family use or any other kind of work. C. W. Opdyke, 184 Broadway.

FOR RENT—House containing 12 rooms and basement; two blocks from depot; rent $25. Address "H." Box 439. 13-3

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Mountain avenue and Somerset street, North Plainfield. All modern improvements. For particulars call or address Mrs. C. Obits, No. 345 Somerset street. 5 tf

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, double shifting seated buckboard with pole and shafts and robes. Colored harness all in splendid condition. Inquire of coachman at stable, 59 W. Seventh st. 5-6tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson. 2-tf

LOST—A black setter dog (pup about six months old.) $5 reward will be paid any one returning same to 150 Grove street. 1-3tf

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-6-tf

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahma's, black Minorca fowls. $1.50 per setting. 113 Rockview avenue. 3-6tf

WANTED—By a young girl lately landed, position as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse. Is well recommended. Call on Mrs. L. E. Howard, 33 East Ninth street. 14-3

WANTED—A competent girl for general house work. References required. Apply at 148 West Front street. *

WANTED Coachman and gardener. W. R. Brock, 13 Mountain avenue. 14tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. References required. 33 East Sixth street.

WANTED—A good reliable girl as nurse and general housework. Protestant preferred. Must come well recommended. Call Thursday from two until five. 31 Rockview avenue, North Plainfield.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 13-tf

$80.—Bicycle for sale. Victor Light Roadster. 56-inch. Good as new. Cost $142.50. Address G. W. Morrison, Plainfield, N. J. 2-7tf

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Monday, May 19th,

PRIMROSE & WEST'S

MINSTRELS

PRIMROSE & WEST. BARNEY FAGAN, BARBER, THE BICYCLE WONDER. THE ORIGINAL BIG FOUR, SMITH & CHASE, Musical Comedians, and the Public's Favorite Comedians, LEW DOCKSTADER.

A New and Sparkling Programme, A Brilliant Crystal First Part. The Sparkling Character Act. The Latest Hits with Ballads and Humorous Songs. Grand street parade about noon. Seats on sale Thursday. Prices 25c, 75c and $1.

$1 — 40c — $1.40

The "Flannel Shirt" and the "girl of the period" are very important adjuncts to our great republic at the present era. In fact the world would scarcely move at all if public attention should be withdrawn from them. 75c

50c

Realizing this great fact we have supplied an immense stock of these goods, not the girls, but shirts, blouses, and waists for ladies, gents, boys and girls in great variety and are offering them at our usual popular LOW PRICES. New parasols, new dress goods, new gloves, etc. All the latest styles in our line can be had at $2.75

2.50

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

$1.50 — $1.75 — $2 25

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Chenilles at 50 per cent. off. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 6c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $4.75 up ward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

TO-NIGHT

Engagement of the

PRETTY, PIQUANT,

POPULAR, BONNIE KATE CASTLETON.

Supported by her own excellent company of comedians presenting the latest laughable success

A PAPER DOLL

A funny play made funnier by a funny company.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Saturday.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and

Kindergarten

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

An Open Secret

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY,

TIME AND LABOR

By purchasing your

GROCERIES

at the

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

29 W. FRONT STREET.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 223

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14-6m

Safety Bicycles.

EVERY GRADE AND PRICE.

UNION SAFETY, $125.00.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT

By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1.-Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 14 1w

H. N. SPENCER.

Grocer and seedsman, 75 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and sage plants, etc.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE,

The store property now occupied by Mr. S. C Pack, 28 West Front street, including rear lot and stables,

Thursday, May 15,

at 4 p. m., on the premises.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer. 14-9*

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Yantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,

23 WEST FRONT STREET.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Rest

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

J. P. Laire & Co

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A L SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

Plainfield Evening News,

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

F. W. SORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

The Brazilian Press.

President Manuel Deodoro Da Fonseca and his minister, Manuel Farras De Campos Salles, of the provisional government of Brazil, in their new decree to the newspapers of that republic, bring under the ruling of the decree of December, 1889, all who circulate lying and slanderous reports to the detriment of the republic. This of itself is not half a bad idea. It would not be a bad idea to suspend for awhile newspapers everywhere that circulate false and lying reports, whether about governments or private citizens. If this law were enforced in the republic of the United States, some newspapers would take a good rest every few months.

President Da Fonseca is apparently quite liberal in the freedom he does allow the Brazilian press. He says that all criticism of the government will be permitted, however severe. The decree reads fairly enough to a casual perueer. There seems nothing on the surface that indicates the provisional government is prepared to exercise over the press a sway as despotic as that of the czar of Russia. Seven whereases precede the authoritative "therefore" which closes the document, and which says that the decree of December shall apply to certain specified offenders, as follows:

Article 1.—To the provisions of decree of Dec. 86, 1889, are subject all persons who originate or aid in the originating by means of the press, telegraph or in any other way, in itself or in foreign countries, false reports and alarming rumors, such as refer, for instance, to the discontent of the troops, to the stability of the institutions of the country and to public order.

From this it is seen that anybody who shall circulate at home or abroad "alarming rumors" may be tried and punished by military court, that being among the provisions of the December decree. It makes no difference whether the alarming rumor be true or false, the person who gives it publicity shall be court martialed if caught. The government can construe any utterance their own way. This of course applies to foreign correspondents as well as newspaper men at home. It is possible, by means of this decree, for the provisional government of Brazil to suppress all accurate information of its condition. Another crime that will bring the offender under the hand of this military despotism is the following:

Circulating in the army and navy false and subversive ideas in such a manner as to excite unfriendly feelings toward the existing order.

Perhaps this is the Brazilian idea of a republican government, but it is enough to make the people sigh for the days of good old Dom Pedro. Then they had liberty in fact, if not in name. A military despotism under the name of a republic is quite possible.

Co-operation Among Women.

In the numerous women's meetings that have been held lately not enough attention has been given to economic and pecuniary questions. Women workers do not get much wages. A gentleman who studies the social problems of the day with peculiarly intuitive vision says that women must secure pecuniary independence first of all. There is no other way. Since women and girls do not get much wages the first thing before them is to make the little they do get go as far as possible. He believes the co-operative home would solve the problem of cheap living. If, say, fifty working girls would club together, rent a building, furnish it and go to keeping house in a simple, economical way, he thinks they could live on the fat of the land at a very moderate price. Five dollars is not much. But suppose fifty girls paid $5. It would go a long way. The co-operative club at Decatur, Ills., has the best of food and table service for $2.75 apiece per week. How they do it they are willing to explain. It consists in careful buying in large quantities, first class cookery and no waster. In a co-operative home there are so many things the girls could do with their own hands that few chambermaids and laundresses would be required. The sloppy, saucy boarding house chambermaid might be dispensed with altogether. A woman can take care of her own room and yet be "a perfect lady," and the room will be dainty and sweet, like herself.

Certainly a large proportion of the successful plays of the future will be written by American authors. It has not been ten years since there were scarcely an American play of any reputation on the boards. Now Bronson Howard's fine dramas will compare favorably with those of any of his contemporary playwrights. Mr. De Mille and David Belasco write comedies full of thrilling situations, while Sydney Rosenfeld is known as the author of several highly successful ones. The United States will furnish the musicians, the actors and the plays of the future. In the field of painting and sculpture the Yankee genius is not so promising.

"The most obtuse sea in Christendom can write his own biography; the difficulty is to get anybody to read it," says Shakely Hall, referring to the sketches of senators and representatives in the congressional directory.

The Typical American.

Andrew Lang and Max O'Rell present in The North American Review respectively the English and French view of the typical American. Mr. Lang has the candor to confess at the outset that that monstrosity, the British stage Yankee, does not exist. He says of the American as he knows him:

He is not very like an Englishman; he is rather more like a Frenchman, but still more like an American. You cannot say where he differs in appearance from a Briton; it may be in his nose, his hook, or his eye, which is black where his hair. He seldom looks as if he lived much in the open air or was fond of field sports. He is much more reluctant than an Englishman, more official and in manner, more fertile in ideas, more modern in every way. He is accustomed to a less stringent social restraint for some natives of a slow, foggy climate. He is evidently detached from our interest in politics and social conditions.

These are all pretty indifferent to the native of a country which has elbow room, a militia which shoots and practices at a target, and in which it is usually rather fond of the Irish and their cause, but he never goes to Ireland. His very seldom talks with an English accent, and he has no more than his millions betray him. He takes a Platonic interest in poker, but is no gambler. He is much too fertile in ideas to be a bore. He is very keenly curious about it, and he never dreams of going to see the lions. He is kind, hospitable, obliging, a good fellow, and welcome because he is infinitely more alive than most of us. To bring him into touch full of sympathetic life pouring fresh water among the fish in a pail.

Paul Blouet (Max O'Rell) reminds us that all mankind are divided into two classes, those who are gentlemen and those who are not. Gentlemen are the same the world over, therefore Max attempts to describe the American who is not a gentleman:

I have said that inquisitiveness was the chief American trait, and that it arose from the childish character of a man who belongs to a great nation which is only a century old. He has not other traits, more or less typical of American manners, arising from the same cause? I believe they are to be found in impudence, forgiveness and—excuse the word—cheek are among them. Seven whereases precede the authoritative "therefore" which closes the document, and which says that the decree of December shall apply to certain specified offenders, as follows:

He will resent an insult, but very quickly forgets it; and there is no man in the world that can stand good humored chaffing as well as he does. He is modest, simply because he has done such marvelous things in such a short time that he simply believes nothing is impossible to him. His modesty is also demonstrated by the utter disregard form of the activity of mind. He lives in a continual state of fever that he can hardly see a foot in front of him. He has the word "big" carved on the premises, and is it a wonder that sometimes the word is so deeply carved that it makes a hole or a crack in it?

The Illustrated American prints a picture of a striking group of women fencers, taken by the instantaneous photographic process, and remarks concerning the present athletic fad among women that the successful experience of the girl of the period with short skirts, baggy knickerbockers and loose blouses, gained in exercise hours, will probably encourage her to gradually adopt hygienic dress altogether.

In Superintendent Healy's Defense.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., May 14.—Col. Nicholas Van Slyck made his argument in Superintendent Healy's defense in the state house and school investigation. Mrs. E. B. Chase, the Valley Falls philanthropist, read a statement arraigning the management of the institution. Superintendent Ripley gave for the board of education, and R. S. Comstock made the argument for the prosecution. The committee will present its findings to the May session of the general assembly at Newport.

A Great Hibernian Demonstration.

HARTFORD, May 14.—The greatest Hibernian demonstration in Connecticut and the most successful opening of the national convention of the A. O. H. in this country occurred in this city yesterday. The report of National Secretary McNelis gives the total number of members in the United States and Canada as 168,053; increase last year, 35,038; expenditures, $820,707.34; cash held by order, $1,165,067.22; other property held, $450,192.42. Nearly 5,000 men were in the parade in the afternoon. Before the parade the regiment of Hibernian rifles was presented with a handsome stand of colors by the officers of the Order of Hibernians of Connecticut. Last night there were two grand balls. At Allyn hall a reception tendered the delegates was attended by state and city officials. The grand march was led by Governor Bulkeley and staff.

Who Will Succeed Senator Beck?

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 14.—The Democratic joint legislative caucus assembled last night and immediately went into the nomination of candidates for United States senator. Representative Carlisle, ex-Governor Knott, Hon. L. T. Moore and Judge Lindsay were placed in nomination. Just as the chairman of the caucus was ordering a ballot Senator Beck arrived and the anti-Carlisle faction to adjourn. The motion was carried by a vote of 66 to 46. Several Carlisle men, however, voted for adjournment.

That Petition to the Czar.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The Siberian Exile Petition association, organized in Philadelphia, is pursuing its work with great vigor and success. Bretano Brothers, No. 5 Union square, have secured a desk for the convenience of New York signers and will also take charge of subscriptions for the cause. The association expects to obtain a million signatures before forwarding the petition to the czar. Signatures are now being received at the rate of 1,500 a day.

Cannot Be Held for Embezzlement.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Judge Stewart delivered an opinion in the case of Stevenson Archer, ex-state treasurer, in which it is held that Archer cannot be tried for embezzlement. The argument was on a demurrer to the indictment charging him embezzling $132,000 from the state. The state will now have to rely upon the malfeasance case at Annapolis.

Keystone State Fair Commissioners.

HARRISBURG, May 14.—Governor Beaver has appointed the following commission to represent Pennsylvania at the World's fair in Chicago: John W. Woodside, Philadelphia; William McCalmon, Pittsburg; John W. Halloek, Erie, and R. B. Ruckets, Wilkesbarre, alternate. Alonzo Shotwell, Philadelphia, is commissioner at large.

New York's New Music Hall.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Mrs. Andrew Carnegie yesterday performed the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the new music hall which is to be built at Seventh avenue and Fifty-seventh street. The structure will cost $1,500,000, of which $500,000 is given by Mr. Carnegie. Several speeches were made.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

The Silver Debate Continued in the Senate.

TWO JONESES TAKE THE FLOOR.

Gold Versus Silver—Will the Former Be Driven from the Country if Free Silver Coinage Is Adopted?—Mr. McPherson and the "Short Legged Silver Dollar."

WASHINGTON, May 14.—In the senate Mr. Davis from the pension committee reported in favor of a disagreement to the house amendment to the dependent pension bill. A conference was ordered, and Messrs. Davis, Sawyer and Blodgett were appointed conferees on the part of the senate. The senate then resumed consideration of the silver bill and Mr. Jones (Nev.) continued his speech. Fears had been expressed, he said, lest gold should leave the country by reason of restoring to silver its full money power. Such would not be the case. For every gold dollar that left there would be a silver dollar in circulation. If, however, gold could be kept only on condition that equality and justice should be destroyed, who doubted that it should go.

Against Redeeming Treasury Notes.

He opposed the idea of redeeming treasury notes on bullion on the ground that money must be contracted, that the volume of circulation would be contracted, and the putting of bullion on the market would not make up to the country for the loss of money from it was drained. He expressed entire confidence in the honesty of purpose and conscientiousness of motive of the present secretary of the treasury. That he said, could never become the common money medium of the world. A gold coin that would represent an average day's labor would be too inconvenient for general handling. Silver was the money metal best suited to the mass of the people and to the variety and character of transactions constituting the international commerce of nations.

An Eloquent Peroration.

In conclusion he said: "I predict that the restoration of silver to its birthright will mark an epoch in the history of this republic. It will place in circulation a vast amount of money commensurate with our increasing population. It will give assurance to our business men that the volume of our circulating medium is not to continue shrinking and that the tendency of prices shall no longer be downward. It will increase the wages of labor and the prices of the products of labor; it will reduce the price of bonds and other forms of money futures; it will lighten, but not inequitably, the burden of mortgages: it will increase largely, though not unjustly, the debt paying and tax paying power of the people. It will loosen the grasp of the creditor from the neck of the debtor. The act of congress which shall happily solve this great question will constitute a cause of admiration as well as fable as any that ever freed serf from thraldom, but more universal in its application. It will proclaim the freedom of the white race the world over. It will lift the bowed head of labor; it will hush the threnody of toil. It will inaugurate the true renaissance—a renaissance of prosperity, of industry, learning, science, literature, art are but apples of Sodom."

Would Gold be Driven Away?

Mr. McPherson asked Mr. Jones whether he asserted that, with a free coinage of silver, gold would not be driven out of the country to a greater extent than a dollar of gold for a dollar of silver coined. Mr. Jones said that was his statement. Mr. McPherson asked whether, if silver dollars worth seventy-two cents were coined at the present limitation (the establishing a silver basis), the holders of gold ($300,000,000 being held in the country) would not immediately withdraw it from circulation. Mr. Jones said that he hardly knew what the senator meant by a silver basis or by a seventy-two cent dollar. He said he was not aware of such a proposition.

The "Short Legged Silver Dollar."

Mr. Pherson—Then the senator's argument is that, after we are on a silver basis we can safely coin what we like, there would be no inequality in the value of the money because the money would be all silver?

Mr. Jones—And no inequality between it and gold.

Mr. Pherson—Certainly, because there would be no gold in circulation. You could use your short legged silver bill in the payment of debts, but when you came to make new obligations you would have to do so at prices equal to the difference between the value of gold and silver.

Mr. Jones said that he had never heard of a short legged dollar. All that talk about the withdrawal of gold from circulation was a bogy to frighten people. With the exception of the people on the Pacific coast there was absolutely no gold in circulation in the United States. It would be no exaggeration to say that there are millions of people in the United States who had never seen a gold coin.

Jones (Ark.) Criticises the Bill.

Mr. Jones (Ark.) addressed the senate in criticism of the pending bill. The demonetization of silver had been an integral part of a great economic system, conceived, executed and maintained by the Republican party in utter disregard of the general interests of the country. The purchase of 54,500,000 worth of silver per month would not increase the world's supply of silver. If so, bullion would rise rapidly in value after the passage of the act, and might soon reach the point at which the government would (under the operation of the law) be required to suspend its purchases. While it remained up the government could buy no silver and there would not be one dollar coined. The result would be a great increase in the value of silver bullion as a commodity simply; but its demonetization would be complete and absolute. The bill should be amended by making it provide, at least, for the limited coinage of silver whenever the price reached the point at which the government ceased to be a purchaser.

Mr. Teller said that the senator from Arkansas seemed to be laboring under the impression that the pending bill was the result of a Republican caucus. The senator was very much mistaken. There was no caucus bill before the senate. Mr. Jones replied that if newspaper reports and the common understanding around the capitol were true every Republican senator, except the senator from Colorado, had agreed either in conference or caucus, to vote for it. Senators Ingalls, Allison and others would test the truth of the statement. Mr. Allison said the bill was the result of the deliberations of the finance committee, all the members of both political parties participating in its preparation.

An Ex-Minister's Suicide.

KINGSTON, Ont., May 14.—The body of Henry Byers was found in Cataraqui bay yesterday. It is believed to be a case of suicide. Byers was formerly a Methodist minister.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York:

New York	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	5—11
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—2

Base hits: New York, 12; Boston, 4. Errors: New York, 1; Boston, 3. Batteries: Welch and Murphy. Lawson and Sheilhasse. Attendance, 687.

At Philadelphia—

Brooklyn	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—3
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1—3

Base hits: Brooklyn, 10; Philadelphia, 15. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Philadelphia, 3. Batteries: Hughes and Clark. Gleason and Schriver. Attendance, 1,767.

At Cincinnati—

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Pittsburg	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	x—7

Base hits: Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburg, 12. Errors: Cincinnati, 3; Pittsburg, 3. Batteries: Duryea and Keenan, Schmidt and Berger. Attendance, 600.

At Chicago—

Chicago	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3—8
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Chicago, 11; Cleveland, 12. Errors: Chicago, 2; Cleveland, 6. Batteries: Bastin and Kittridge. Attendance, 158.

Players' League.

At New York—

New York	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	0—5
Boston	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0—5

Base hits: New York, 9; Boston, 8. Errors: New York, 1; Boston, 5. Batteries: Crane and Ewing, Daley and Murphy. Attendance, 1,141.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0—5
Brooklyn	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0—4

Base hits: Philadelphia, 10; Brooklyn, 8. Errors: Philadelphia, 6; Brooklyn, 5. Batteries: Knell and Milligan, Sowders and Cook. Attendance, 1,476.

At Chicago—

Chicago	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0—3
Buffalo	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Chicago, 17; Buffalo, 5. Errors: Chicago, 5; Buffalo, 5. (Game called to allow teams to get to Cleveland.) Batteries: Baldwin and Farrell, Keefe and Mack. Attendance, 700.

Atlantic Association.

At Washington—Washington, 11; Wilmington, 1. Base hits: Washington, 9; Wilmington, 7. Errors: Washington, 1; Wilmington, 4. Batteries: Mahoney and Rizzle, Galligan and Corcoran.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 7; Newark, 8. Base hits: Baltimore, 2; Newark, 7. Errors: Baltimore, 1; Newark, 3. Batteries: Baker and Townsend. Mace and Duffy.

At Worcester—Worcester, 6; New Haven, 2. Base hits: Worcester, 11; New Haven, 7. Errors: Worcester, 1; New Haven, 4. Batteries: Stafford and Gurnasseo, Gilliland and Holford.

At Hartford (first game)—Hartford, 1; Jersey City, 7. Base hits: Hartford, 3; Jersey City, 8. Errors: Hartford, 2; Jersey City, 2. Batteries: O'Connor and Moore, Fitzgerald and Lowe.

Second game—Hartford, 6; Jersey City, 4. Base hits: Hartford, 10; Jersey City, 12. Errors: Hartford, 1; Jersey City, 3.

All other games postponed.

MUST GET A LICENSE.

An Important Change in New Jersey's Marriage Laws.

TRENTON, May 14.—The marriage license bill has passed the house and will probably pass the senate. Assemblyman Woolman, who is the author of the bill, says: "The complaints have been so numerous against the present loose system of solemnizing marriages in Camden, both by my own constituents and by indignation meetings and guardians from other states, that I felt it my duty to make our loose statutes in regard to marriage conform to the laws in vogue elsewhere. Heretofore no license was required, and the amount of perjury committed by the candidates for matrimony in Camden was simply astounding."

Among other things the bill provides, that from and after the 4th day of July, A. D., 1890, no person in New Jersey shall be united in marriage until a license shall have been obtained from the clerk of the orphans' court in the county where the marriage shall be performed. If any preacher or magistrate marry any couple, black or white, without a license first having been obtained from the county clerk, such officer forfeits $100, to be recovered by action of debt.

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4-9-1y

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7-16-1y*

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DR. S. C. CAMPION, 30 West Front street, opposite Court of Liberty). Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.

DR. [illegible], No. 5 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 4, and 6 to 8 p. m. Telephone call at residence 101 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. A. BEE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 2 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, 2nd. 309 East Front street.

[illegible] & COLLINGTON, Counselors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

[illegible] & BEEE, Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N.J.

CRAIG & BAUSH, Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, Box 7, Plainfield, N. J. Civil engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties went to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR R. TEALE, Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsey's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsey, 92 West Front street.

GOULD ALSO ARRESTED.

Charged with Complicity in Albany's Bank Steal.

WHITNEY IS AGAIN IN THE TOILS

Gould & Co., the Well Known Law Book Publishers, Are Said to Have Been in Collusion with Bookkeeper Whitney Their Store Seized by the Sheriff.

ALBANY, May 14.—Last evening United States Marshal Lucien Tuffs arrested William Gould, Jr., the senior member of the firm of Gould & Co., law book publishers, upon a charge of fraudulent conspiracy to rob the Albany City National bank in collusion with George F. Whitney, the defaulting bookkeeper. The Gould firm is one of the oldest in the city, and it is only about three years ago that the senior Gould died, leaving a paying business and about $30,000 to each of his four sons. All of these men are now charged with having assisted in the bank defalcation.

His Bail Fixed at $15,000.

Gould was taken before the United States commissioner, and was there told that his bail bond would be fixed at $15,000 in two sureties, and that his sureties would have to qualify for double the amount of the bond. Up to a late hour he had not secured bail and a deputy marshal went home with him.

Whitney Again Arrested.

Whitney was also rearrested at the instance of the United States authorities upon a charge of having embezzled from the bank $3,600 in December, 1887. He was represented by counsel and was told that he would be held upon the charge in the sum of $5,000, that nominal amount being fixed because the bail in the other courts was sufficient. His case was set down for Friday, May 23, and he is now at home in the custody of a marshal. The other case will be heard on May 20.

The Store Seized.

The Goulds' store was seized by the sheriff to aid in satisfying the confession of judgment in favor of the bank. The stock will not bring the amount due.

A VERY LIVELY MAYOR.

Shooting at and Insulting People and Driving Families Away.

CEDAR KEYS, Fla., May 14.—Most of the able bodied men here have been going armed all day and there are few people on the streets. Mayor Cottrell and his marshal have caused the lawlessness and terror. The lighthouse keeper was shot at on the street by Cottrell last Saturday, but was not hit. Cottrell held up the agent of the F., C. and P. railway with a double barreled shotgun, but the agent disarmed him.

He next visited the United States collector of customs and, with his marshal by his side, both with drawn pistols, insulted him and threatened to put him in jail the moment he dared to leave his office. He threatened also to horsewhip the Episcopal minister and his wife, most estimable people. The clergyman went to Tallahassee to complain to Governor Fleming, and on his return several of his parishioners met him and escorted him to his home. Cottrell has committed a long list of lawless acts. He killed his brother-in-law over a drink of whisky shortly after the war.

He had eight indictments to answer at the last term of the county court, but as matters were so arranged that the jury drawn was an illegal one he got off. He was formerly an inspector under the Democratic collector, but the new collector discharged him. Collector Pinkerton has gone to Jacksonville and has private telegram from him says that he will return in the morning with four deputy United States marshals to capture Cottrell and his allies. A large number of prominent citizens have left town with their families.

The Mill of Justice in Connecticut.

DANBURY, Conn., May 14.—Two years ago James McNiff pounded Francis Burns to death on Turner street. McNiff was arrested on a charge of murder, and in the city court was found guilty of manslaughter and bound over to the superior court. McNiff pleaded guilty yesterday to a simple assault and was fined $25 and costs by Judge Hull. Burns, in January, 1890, Frank W. Foote, while recklessly driving, ran over Carrie Platt on Main street, fatally injuring her. He was arrested on the charge of manslaughter, and in the city court was fined $200 and costs and sentenced to three months in jail. He appealed and to the superior court, was found guilty of assault and costs and sentenced to one day in jail.

President Anderson's Will.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 14.—The will of the late President Anderson, of the University of Rochester, has been admitted to probate. After providing for an annuity of $600 a year to Joseph G. Gilbert, and another of $600 to Euretta D. Gilbert, of Newton, Ills., the will bequeaths the remainder of the estate, $40,000 to the University of Rochester corporation, "for the sole use and benefit of said university forever." The instrument is dated Feb. 28, 1890, only a few days before the testator's death.

A Great Bargain

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Pears	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.25
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
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Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Hams; Trimmed.
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REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

HE CHANGED HIS TUNE.

Judge Masterson Refused to Prosecute Alice Hopkinson,

AND ALICE HAD NOTHING TO SAY.

The Shooting Mystery Still a Mystery, for Such Parties Expected When They Stood the Court—The Arizona Millionaire Has a Wife in Texas.

NEW YORK, May 14.—When Murat Masterson, judge, capitalist and mine owner, strolled into the West Thirtieth street station house Monday night with the revolver in his hand with which, he averred, Mrs. Alice H. Hopkinson had attempted to kill him, one of his noteworthy utterances was that his life had been threatened by a "well known blackmailer." But at the Jefferson Market Police court yesterday Judge Masterson had quite changed his tune.

No Charge to Make.

"I have no charge to make against her," he said, in answer to Justice Hogan's question. "I don't remember what occurred."

Then Justice Hogan turned to Mrs. Hopkinson and asked her why she had shot at Masterson the night before with the pistol he showed her.

"Why," responded the lady innocently, "I never saw that pistol before in all my life." George Bradley, Mrs. Hopkinson's colored servant, was also discharged.

Mrs. Hopkinson's residence on Monday evening with some letters. He heard high words on his return between Mrs. Hopkinson and Judge Masterson, who had arrived while he was absent. He heard the judge call the woman a blackmailer and say: "All I want from you is my hundred thousand dollars."

A Very Extraordinary Case.

Mrs. Hopkinson answered that she had worked hard for it and didn't propose to let it go, and immediately after that a pistol shot was heard. Bradley saw Masterson come down the stairs and go into the street with the pistol in his hand. Justice Hogan forced to dismiss the case in which he did with the following suggestive language: "This is a very extraordinary case, and I think the colored man is the person who has told the truth."

No sooner had Justice Hogan pronounced the dismissal of the case than each of the principals hurried off in opposite directions, Masterson with his 13-year-old boy, Edward, and several friends returned to his quarters at No. 32 West Thirty-second street, and Mrs. Hopkinson went back to her flat at No. 65 West Thirty-sixth street.

Alice Talks Freely.

Mrs. Hopkinson talked with apparent freedom about the affair. "The charge," she said, "of blackmail against Judge Masterson is utter nonsense. I got $100,000 worth of mining stocks from him as the fair share of my efforts in a business transaction. I am a business woman and would never would have made such a fool of him-self?" Mrs. Hopkinson added that Judge Masterson was really her cousin, and that there had never been any improper relations between them. She said that Judge Masterson had assaulted her on a previous occasion.

Mrs. Hopkinson declared that her husband, who was dead, had been a large dry goods merchant at No. 905 Broadway, and that from his death she had invested the money he left with Judge Masterson, who had made a fortune from mines in New Mexico. Mrs. Hopkinson said that Judge Masterson was willing to marry her, and intended to marry again. One of the first things Judge Masterson did on arriving home was to write a letter to Mrs. Hopkinson's husband warning him of the course his wife was pursuing. This hardly accords with Mrs. Hopkinson's claim that she is a widow.

His Version of the Shooting.

Judge Masterson's version of the shooting is that when he went to Mrs. Hopkinson's room on Monday evening she began to upbraid him with writing letters from other women. A quarrel ensued and the first thing he knew a bullet went whizzing past his ear. Masterson said he wouldn't swear that Mrs. Hopkinson fired the shot. He could not tell where it came from. He had quarreled with Mrs. Hopkinson before because he had caught her and Leonard in her flat drinking champagne with a young man named George Carroll.

"I met her in Chicago a year ago," he said, "and having been told by my mother that she was a relative of mine I helped her along by taking her into a mining investment with me, through which she made a good deal of money. I love her, but she has fooled me, and I am done with her."

A Wife in Texas.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Judge Masterson's family is in this city. His wife passed her time between her home and Chicago. Judge Masterson owns gold and onyx mines, and is worth several millions of dollars.

Hon. Bradford L. Wales Dead.

RANDOLPH, Mass., May 14.—Hon. Bradford L. Wales died of old age May 13. He was born in May, 1804, and graduated from Middlebury college in 1824. He was elected to the Massachusetts senate in 1838-39 and was a member of the Massachusetts house of representatives during 1884 and 1885. He was deputy collector of customs at Boston under President Pierce. He was a member of the committee appointed to revise the state constitution. As a member of the Masonic Grand lodge of Massachusetts he attended each quarterly session of the lodge for sixty-one years.

Eduard Strauss Arrived.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Eduard Strauss with his Vienna orchestra, arrived at the North German Lloyd steamship pier, in Hoboken, at about 7 o'clock yesterday morning. There was no hindrance to their landing and the company departed for Boston in the afternoon, where their initial American performance will be given in the Music hall this evening.

Nine Soldiers Committed Suicide.

PARIS, May 14.—Advices from Kotonou state that during the exchange of prisoners between the forces of the king of Dahomey commitited suicide by drowning themselves in the harbor rather than return to service The king continues his hostile attitude.

Another Ship for Behring Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Orders have been received from Washington directing the United States steamship Corwin to take stores for a five months' cruise in Behring sea and assist cutter Bear as patrol vessel

To Rescue Maj. Panitza.

VIENNA, May 14.—Armed bands are form ing in Macedonia for the purpose of making an attempt to rescue Maj. Panitza, now imprisoned and shortly to be tried in Sofia for conspiring to kill Prince Ferdinand.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Governor Hill has signed the $995,128 capitol appropriation bill. He says the amount appropriated is wholly inadequate and urges the speedy completion and repair of the capitol.

The Italian government has just published in detail the amounts and the grades of tobacco needed for the coming year's supplies the coming year. The list shows that the American leaf stands at the top on the list in the matter of the quantity needed. Bids will be received up to May 31, when the awards will be made.

William H. Bigelow, New England superintendent of the railway mail service, died May 13 from the effects of paralysis.

C. P. Fessenden, who embezzled $6,000 from O. H. & W. A. Buckley, Boston insurance agents, was sentenced to five years in state prison.

The County Democracy county committee have expelled Police Justice Murray at New York, on account of his failure to push vigorously charges against Maurice J. Power, the leader of the ballot box stuffers.

The national section, Cadets of Temperance of North America, elected the following officers: W. Patron—Charles C. Hutchinson, of Pennsylvania. W. V. P.—C. F. Parker, of Massachusetts. M. W. S.—F. J. King, of Pennsylvania. W. A. S.—R. Godfrey, of Connecticut. M. W. T.—H. H. Courtney, of New York. M. W. Chaplain—L. V. Dukehart, of Maryland. M. W. Guard—J. Dingwalls, of New York. M. W. Watchman—L. M. Libbey, of Massachusetts.

Three men were killed at Shamokin, Pa., by the explosion of the boiler of a locomotive on the Reading railroad.

Robert L. Wallace, nephew and prospective heir of John H. Wallace, editor and proprietor of Wallace's Monthly and other publications on trotting matters, has disappeared after robbing his uncle, Mr. Wallace of $32,000. Associate Editor Leslie E. Macleod is under arrest, suspected of complicity in the robbery.

General Master Workman Powderly issued a manifesto to the Knights of Labor that will cause a flutter among the politicians of Pennsylvania. The subject is ballot reform, and Mr. Powderly favors a constitutional convention for the purpose of eliminating the provision in the organic law of the state which requires all ballots to be numbered.

MR. BUTTERWORTH'S BOMB.

He Criticises the McKinley Bill and Announces His Retirement.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The feature of the house was the speech of Representative Butterworth, of Ohio. It was known that he was much chagrined at the treatment his favorite hobby, reciprocity with Canada," has received at the hands of the Republican members of the ways and means committee, but no one looked for the caustic criticism that the McKinley bill received at his hands.

He cited the heavy duty on copper, which he claimed was needless, as the United States could produce copper cheaper than for any other country. Under the existing system the owner of one set of mines, with an invested capital of $1,250,000, had drawn out $30,000,000 in dividends.

He also denounced the policy of attempting to establish domestic industries which had no natural resources in their favor. There was such a thing as paying too much for an industry, and he predicted that the effect of the increased duties on tin plate would take $60,000,000 out of the people's pocket before that artificially nursed industry would yield any results.

He disclaimed any hostility to the policy of protection, but said he did not want to see the grand old party take a false step. He did not think it was wise or prudent to make such a sweeping reduction in sugar as he supposed the bill contemplated. In conclusion he said that the gentlemen were very much mistaken if they thought the greatest desire of the people was not to pass a bill reflecting in the highest degree a protective system. He did not expect to participate much in the deliberations of the house here after. He was quite as ready to go out as his Democratic friends were anxious to get rid of him when they gerrymandered him out. He was already out before they took the action.

W. H. M. Sistare Arrested.

NEW YORK, May 14.—W. H. M. Sistare, head of the bankrupt brokerage firm of George K. Sistare's Sons, was arrested at the New York club by Deputy Sheriff Per kins. The warrant was issued on application of Alexander & Green, counsel for Richard Heckscher, of Philadelphia, who alleges that the firm has unlawfully converted to its own use $112,000 worth of stocks and bonds which the complainant deposited with the firm. Sistare was brought before Judge Andrews, who placed the amount of bail at $75,000 and remanded him in the custody of his counsel to enable him to find bondsmen. The latter were not forthcoming, and Sistare was taken to Ludlow Street jail.

Fourteen Persons Killed.

ROME, May 14.—A quantity of balastile, the new explosive, exploded at the factory for the manufacture of arms at Auiglisana fourteen miles from Turin. Fourteen persons were killed and many others injured some of them fatally.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

B. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 97 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

TO RELEASE THE ANARCHISTS.

Gen. Butler Says Fielden, Schwab and Neebe Are Illegally Imprisoned.

CHICAGO, May 14.—An application will be made in a short time to Judge Gresham for a writ of habeas corpus for the release from the penitentiary of the convicted Anarchists, Fielden, Schwab and Neebe, on the ground that the prisoners are detained without due process of law. Gen. Butler, who is regularly retained as associate counsel in the case, says that the Anarchists are illegally held on the ground that after the sentence of death was passed upon the convicted Anarchists, and Neebe was doomed to spend fifteen years in the penitentiary, the case was appealed to the supreme court, where the finding of the lower court with the exception of Gen. Parker, commander of the Third brigade, N. G. S. N. Y.

Proceedings of the Hotel Men.

BOSTON, May 14.—A large number of hotel men are present in this city have appointed a committee of fifteen to consider the matter of forming a National Hotel Men's association for the purpose of protecting their business interests. The committee is to report its conclusions at a meeting to be called not later than July. James H. Breslin, of the Gilsey house, New York, presided, and Mr. Wyer, of Cleveland, proposed association, saying it would protect hotel proprietors against those vagabonds who, not content to work themselves, go about and try to influence good servants to betray their employers.

Russia and Germany to Join Hands.

LONDON, May 14.—A dispatch to The Times from Vienna says that the removal of Prince Bismarck decided the czar to reverse his policy of an alliance with France and to revert to the policy of forming an alliance with Germany. The czar, it is asserted, always distrusted the stability of the French republic, but it was impossible for him to agree with Germany while Bismarck was in office. It is thought probable that the meeting of the czar and the kaiser at Krasnoe-Sels will result in a compact which will altogether change the grouping of the European powers.

To Disbar Meeks and Wright.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Decisive steps were taken yesterday when the supreme court, general term, reviewed the conduct of Joseph Meeks, the notorious Flack divorce referee, and Benjamin Wright, whom Meeks induced to loan his name to the proceeding as attorney for Mrs. Flack. A motion was made by Assistant District Attorney Gaff for an order disbarring both of the attorneys.

Weather Indications.

Fair, with slightly lower, followed by higher temperature.

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE,

Office 30 Duer Street, North Plainfield.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.38, 6.30, 6.50, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 5.01, 5.38, 10 08 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 3.30, 5.00, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Extra trains leave Plainfield at 2.45 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.40, 6.01 a. m., 12.05, 1.30, 4.30, 5.40, 10.30 p. m. Connections for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 10.0, 8.05, 9.45, 11.00, 11.58 a. m., 1.30, 2.45, 4.10, 5.25, 6.35, 8.05, 9.45, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 9.45, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.45, a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 5.25, 6.35, 8.05, 9.45, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15, 8.30, 9.45, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.45, 11.58, 3.30 p.m. Sunday 8.15

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.00, a. m. for Easton.

8.07 a. m. For Bethlehem, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.45 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 1.30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc. 3.45 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 5.25 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sundays at 5.45 a.m. for Scranton; 8.15, a. m. for Easton 9.15 a. m. for Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 6.35 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Phillipsburg and Allentown. 8.05 p. m. for Flemington, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m. 1.00 3.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays (except Long Branch) 8.15, 8.30, 3.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 3.37, 5.58, 8.00, 10.09 11.00 a.m., 1.00, 3.45, 5.31 p. m. Sunday 8.30, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m. For Cape May 3.37, 11.00, a. m., 1.00, 3.37 5.31, 7 03 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 3.45, 8.30, 9.15, 11.58 a. m.; 1.30, 2.15, 4.08, 5.34, 8.30 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 9.34, 9 48 a. m., 7.07, 4.08, 5 14, 8.25 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 3.45, 11.58 a. m., 4.08, 5.34 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 4.08 a.m., 4.08, 5 14 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J.M. OLDATTORD, Gen. Supt.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Mrs. Stephenson,

58 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

THE BEE HIVE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF INFANTS' DRESSES, COATS AND LACE CAPS.

Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c. Children's short dresses 2 rows Hamburg Insertion 40c; Letter goods at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 12, 18, 25 and 50c. Children's gowns at 41, 61, 69 and 82.25. Ladies' Taffeta gloves, regular, 40c, good at 25c. Balbriggan hose regular made, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies vest black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies Swiss ribbed vests at 15c, 25c and 29c. Ladies gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Under Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

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46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hote',

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Beer Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans P. O. Box 2228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. ACME QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Park. 10-15tf

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is good economy to buy these cheap, ready goods sold by reliable houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods at low prices. We Guarantee first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for the Spring Trade, and have a large and well assorted stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very latest makes of Spring Goods. Ladies', Misses and Children's shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of the tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process" will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole right for Plainfield and vicinity.

Judge Parker Dead.

ALBANY, May 14.—Judge Amasa J. Parker died May 13 after a brief illness. He was one of the best known jurists of the state and was 80 years of age. Less than a week ago he argued a case in the court of appeals. He was born in Sharon, Conn., and was a graduate of Union college. He was admitted to the bar in 1828 and was made supreme court judge in 1844. He was a member of assembly in 1834 and congressman from Delaware and Broome in the Twenty-fifth congress. He was a Democrat in politics. He was a member of the court of appeals in 1853. In 1856 he was a candidate for governor but was defeated. At the time of his death he was a trustee of Cornell college and president of the trustees of the Albany Medical college. He was the father of Mrs. Erastus Corning and Gen. Parker, commander of the Third brigade, N. G. S. N. Y.

The Lottery's 21st Offer.

NEW ORLEANS, May 14.—John A. Morris, for the Louisiana State Lottery company, has offered the state legislature now in session at Baton Rouge $1,000,000 per annum for the extension of the charter of the company for twenty-five years, or $35,000,000 for the entire term. The question monopolizes political attention, and will occupy the time of the legislature until disposed of. The fight promises to be bitter and with the chances in favor of the friends of the lottery company. All the city papers urge the acceptance of the bid, but a new journal, The Delta, has made its appearance and supports the governor in his opposition to the lottery.

San Francisco's Anti-Chinese War.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—The first arrest was made under the new ordinance requiring the removal of all the Chinese to a district on the outskirts of the city. The person arrested was Chae Yuen, a member of the firm of Tchy, Lung & Co. Shortly after the arrest the consul on behalf of the prisoner applied to the United States circuit court for a writ of habeas corpus, setting forth that the prisoner was a subject of the emperor of China. The writ was granted and the prisoner was released on bail. Argument will be heard in the United States circuit court July 14.

Jersey Election Officers Must Give Bail.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., May 14.—The forty four Jersey City election officers against whom warrants were issued on Monday failed to appear to give bail yesterday. It is said that if they do not present themselves for arraignment today they will be arrested and the prisoner was released on bail. Argument will be heard in the United States circuit court July 14.

Senator Wolcott Marries.

BUFFALO, May 14.—Senator Edward Oliver Wolcott, of Colorado, and Mrs. Frances Metcalfe Hass, of this city, were married in St. Paul's cathedral today. A wedding breakfast was served immediately after the ceremony at the residence of the bride's mother. The bridal couple will leave on a special car for New York at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Senator and Mrs. Wolcott will make their home at 1,321 Connecticut avenue, Washington, D. C.

Pennsylvania Farmers Alarmed.

LANCASTER, Pa., May 14.—Myriads of worms resembling the army worm are making their appearance in the southern and eastern parts of the county and are ravaging the grass fields. Farmers are much concerned over the appearance of this new pest.

The National Temperance Society Meets.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Gen. Clinton B. Fisk presided over the meeting of the National Temperance society yesterday afternoon. Addresses were delivered by Gen. Fisk, Rev Dr. Cuyler and others.

Corbett Can't Box Slavin.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Jim Corbett said in reply to Slavin's challenge to him to box before the Pelican club in London that he could not meet Slavin for a year owing to the contract with the Olympic club, which has that length of time to run.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF J. NEWTON JENKINS, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARY JENKINS, Executrix.

April 5th, 1890. 4-12 9t aw

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. B. CRANE'S.

Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Aven

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS,

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Planing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

Hoping for the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 329.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:30, 8:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 9:10 a. m. Office open from 9:30 to 10 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:30 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m, to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS

in boarding, carts, tarriages, pungs, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farvin iron wagon. John F. Waite, Race street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase.

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

37 1-2 West Front street.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

James H. Pope.

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 969 North Plainfield.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to, saying it would print

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New Every thing pertaining to funerals will always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits; payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY President

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President

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ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)

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and 33 Park avenue,

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EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covers' teams for hire by the day or part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all undercover. Telephone No. 93.

TUNIS J. CAREY

51 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattress and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture, repaired with neatness and despatch.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

WALT WHITMAN'S HOME.

A VISIT TO THE HUMBLE DWELLING OF THE "GOOD GRAY POET."

The Aged Glorifier of American Sends Greeting to "the Boys"—The Surroundings of the Man Who Has Worked and Suffered Much.

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"Give my regards to all the boys in New York city, and don't forget it."

This remark, uttered in full rich tones, was accompanied by a hearty hand clasp. Who was the person to voice this cheery farewell?

It was not a prosperous merchant, self sufficient in the pride of success, or a gay young fellow about town at peace with all the world because of inherited millions, but a poverty and old man chained by disease to his chair in a dingy room, surrounded with no luxuries and few comforts—an ancient sage with kingly countenance, benignant eye and a heart still full of hope and love of humanity, despite the buffets, the disappointments and the sorrows of threescore years.

It was Walt Whitman.

Poole's "Index of Periodical Literature" contains references to over twenty articles published in the leading magazines of Europe and America relative to this man and his work. He is accorded the same recognition as a poet that is given to Wagner as a musician, yet, less fortunate than the author of "Parsifal," he has had no "mad monarch" to recognize his genius and force for him a hearing. Instead, he has trod alone, but undaunted, the thorny path of individuality, and now, with serene indifference to environment, goes fearlessly out toward the shoreless sea on which he must soon embark.

WALT WHITMAN.

It is not given to many men to possess through unvarying seasons of popular misapprehension the optimistic temperament and faith in his kind that characterize Walt Whitman. Unduly abused by the many, extravagantly praised by the few, he has neither drawn tighter his cloak to protect him from the storm, nor cast it aside because of the noonday sun's fierce heat, but has walked forward undismayed along his appointed course, praising humanity, glorifying America, confident in the future of his race. As a result he has two constant friends. They are:

A woman and a dog.

I hope never again to experience such a shock as I did the other afternoon on reaching 328 Mickle street, Camden, N. J. I had read of Walk Whitman's "comfortable but modest home" and was unprepared for the reality. Only on the testimony of two witnesses—a passer by and the door plate—could I be compelled to believe that this was the house of the "good gray poet." It needs paint on its weather beaten boards; its needle cannot vie at the dingy window, but more than all it needs condemnation and destruction at the hands of the city authorities. The door was opened in response to my ring by a gentle faced, wistful eyed, elderly woman.

"Please step into the parlor," she said, "while I take your card to Mr. Whitman. His health is very precarious now."

A spotted coach dog sniffed suspiciously about me.

"Don't mind Homer," she added; "he's harmless, and Mr. Whitman's favorite companion. Why? Because he doesn't bother him with silly questions, I think."

Homer and I entered the parlor, and the woman went to the poet's room. What a scrupulously neat but utterly cheerless place that parlor is! A mantel crowded with photographs and testimonials; a floor nearly bare; a bust of heroic size in the corner, and not a bit of furniture worth a place in a cheap auction room. A picture of a noted English actor bore the inscription, "I place my hand in thine—Wilson Barrett," while the bare boards under foot seemed to say: "Here lives one whose latter days resemble those of Brinsley Sheridan. Now the world rushes by unheeding. To-morrow, when he is dead, it will bury him with all the honors."

"Mr. Whitman will see you for a few minutes."

THE POET'S HOME IN CAMDEN.

In response to the announcement I climbed a narrow stairway to an upper room. For an instant the Presence within dominated everything. I beheld nothing save the man with the massive head, seated in a great easy chair and tendering me a cordial welcome. I went directly to one side of my mission and told him that as admirer was anxious to furnish him easy employment of a congenial nature. The first gamekin flushed, the eloquent gray-blue eyes lost a little of their luster.

"Tell Mr.——," he said, "that Walt Whitman thanks him. These are all bad days now, but when they are only half bad I like to scribble yet. This offer means"—a pause—"it means that I shall be glad to do the work if I can."

Was there not another meaning, also, to that broken sentence? I thought so as I looked at the great table piled high with books and papers, at the hard bed and uninviting lounge, at the windows through which no waving tree or nodding flower smiled welcome to the ailing life long friend, at the man himself, royal and self respecting, a diamond set in dross, but shining with greater brilliance because of the mean surroundings.

We talked of "Leaves of Grass," the book which secured Whitman's discharge from the position held for eight years by Secretary Harlan and gained him the friendship of Tennyson, and of the days when its author nursed the soldier boys. "I never married," he said, "for in place of wife nature gave me sufferers to care for and scenes to clothe with poetry. Here," he continued, changing the subject, "is my message to the young authors: Simplify not evil for its own sake. Make it a foil for purity."

I told him of passages in his writings which I admired and referred particularly to "My Captain," that eloquent lament that marks the martyrdom of Lincoln like a monument. I quoted:

Exult, oh shores, and ring, oh bells;
But I with mournful tread,
Walk the deck; my captain lies
Fallen, cold and dead.

"I'm glad you fancy that," he said quietly. "I thank you for your appreciation."

Not a word of self praise; not a syllable of self deprecation; a simple proud humility in the acknowledgment of pleasure that his printed thoughts were remembered by a stranger.

I had outstayed the moments to which I was pledged to limit my visit. I rose to go, and our hands met in friendly farewell.

"Stay," he exclaimed. "Do you care for this?" and he wrote with firm stroke the following:

Then he added his message of regard to "the boys in New York," and we parted.

As I left the door I stood the two faithful watchers. The dog bounded up the steps; with the woman I stopped to chat a moment. "You did right," she smiled sadly, "not to bother him with questions. He is over 70 now, and the years bring their weight."

Outside the sun shone, the birds sang and the boys played. Within the doors sat the uncomplaining patriarch who has chanted the might and glory of America, and yet—strange to say—has enjoyed greater applause and more practical sympathy beyond the seas than from the land he celebrated. Four years ago on this side the ocean his humorous papers were publishing Whitmanesque poetry and laughing over "barbaric yawp." Simultaneously with their doing so the artists and literary men of England were getting a generous response throughout the length and breadth of the British isles to the appeal contained in this circular:

"Walt Whitman starving.

"A man's ransom wanted. The victim is in the hands of a relentless enemy, who, if the ransom be not speedily paid, will immediately make an end of him. Will his fellow men put forth a hand to keep one of the world's immortals a little longer here, or will they allow death to take him ere his time?"

April 14, 1887, Mr. Whitman lectured at the Madison Square theatre, New York, on Abraham Lincoln. The affair was managed by a number of prominent literary men, and the house was crowded. Yet, in order that the poet might go home with $200 in his pocket, Rev. Robert Collyer added a handsome sum to the net proceeds of the affair.

Walt Whitman was born March 31, 1819, on Long Island. Despite the reverses of life he can look down today from the serene heights of philosophic solitude and send the world a message like this:

Thanks in old age—thanks ere I go,
For health, the stalwart sun, the impalpable air—
For life, more life,

* * * * * * *

For beings, groups, love, deeds, words, books—
for colors, forms,
For all the brave, strong men—devoted, hardy men—who've forward sprang in freedom's help, all years, all lands,
For braver, stronger, more devoted men—(a special burst ere I go to life's war's chosen ones,
The cannoneers of song and thought—the great artillerists, leaders, captains of the host;)
As soldier from an ended war returns'd—as travel-worn ex-sailor's hands, to the long past retrospective,
Thanks—joyful thanks!—a soldier's, traveler's thanks.

FRED C. DAYTON.

La Grippe a Cure for Insanity.

That la grippe's mysterious influence extends beyond the limits of the immediate attack is amply proven by the disbursements subsequent to the epidemic of last winter. On the continent of Europe the successor to influenza is la nona, a disease of which the prominent symptom is an almost irresistible desire to sleep. Unless this inclination to somnolency is overcome within three days the patient has small chance to live. On this side of the Atlantic the pranks played by la grippe are of a still more singular nature. Dr. Paine, of the Massachusetts State Hospital for the Insane, reports that seven lunatics afflicted with influenza on recovering their physical health also regained their reason. "Five of the seven," he continues, "would never have been sane if the epidemic had passed off without entering the hospital." In contrast to this remarkable record of recruitments have been admitted of late whose madness is due to la grippe.

A Sign of Prosperity.

A recent English publication cites as proof of the excellence of the crops in America for the last two harvests that during the first quarter of 1890 Great Britain imported from the United States 11,665 live cattle and 71,401 quarters of beef in excess of the amounts received for the corresponding period of 1889. Says the article referred to: "A good crop means, of course, abundance of feeding stuff for beasts, and as a result a large number of cattle are offered by us which otherwise would be kept at home."

How He Lost a Bride.

The sartorial difficulties of a young man in Warsaw are worthy of note. The gallant Pole went to marry, but the tailor did not send home the wedding suit in time. The lover would not present himself in old clothes, and while he waited a rival stole in and secured the prize. Now the unhappy bachelor is seeking solace in a suit for damages against the tailor whose negligence lost him a blooming bride.

A Snow Storm in London.

London is having phenomenal weather. One day, at nearly the middle of April, snow began falling at 11 a. m. It was succeeded at noon by rain and hail, then sunshine and a cold and biting wind. So it would seem that lunatic freaks of the atmosphere are not confined to the American side of the big pond.

A RAID BY TELEGRAPH.

REMARKABLE WORK OF JOHN MORGAN'S OPERATOR.

How Ellsworth Tapped Union Wires, Sent Bogus Dispatches, Misled Generals and Commanded the Union Forces—It Was Not Repeated During the War.

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HEY are having a stampede in Kentucky. Please look to it.
A. LINCOLN.

This alarming notice was telegraphed by the president to Gen. Halleck, commanding the Union forces in the west, July 18, 1862. On the same day Gen. J. T. Boyle, commanding the Union forces in the state of Kentucky, wired from Louisville to the war department at Washington this startling news:

"The rebels undoubtedly have control of telegraph all around us. There is great danger in Kentucky."

At that time the Confederate lines in the west lay along northern Mississippi and Alabama, with forces in observation at Chattanooga and Knoxville, Tenn. The main Union army was around Corinth, Miss., where Halleck was, and a portion of Halleck's force, under Gen. Buell, was moving out along the Tennessee river towards Chattanooga.

But the Confederate cavalryman, Morgan, was out on his first great ride and his errand was to bring about the state of alarm indicated in the dispatches of President Lincoln and Gen. Boyle.

The Confederate troops in East Tennessee were ordered to check by a Union force at at Cumberland Gap, the mountain pass to Kentucky, and the southern commander could spare only a small force for a demonstration in the rear of Buell. One column, consisting of two regiments and two small detachments, was placed under Morgan to operate in Kentucky, and his success with this small force was due to the manipulation of the telegraph, which he found in working order on his arrival in the state. Neither he nor his conquers were permitted to repeat the exploit by the same unique methods the case stands alone in annals of famous raids.

Morgan took with him as telegraph operator George A. Ellsworth, of his command, and after he struck the first blow, which was at Tompkinsville, Ky., July 4, four days after he set out from Knoxville, Ellsworth tapped the wire between Louisville and Nashville and learned from passing dispatches that the Union authorities were alarmed and were putting the railway and depot guards under orders. For the purpose of confusing the enemy a bogus dispatch, signed by the provost marshal at Nashville, was sent over the wires to the provost marshal at Louisville announcing that a Confederate colonnan under Forrest had advanced against Nashville and that Morgan was in that vicinity co-operating. This was July 10, and Forrest was at the time operating against Murfreesboro; but he had not taken it, and Morgan was then over a hundred miles from that point.

On the 12th Morgan captured Lebanon, Ky., before daylight, and Ellsworth went with the advance guard and seized the telegraph office. Here he found a dispatch sent the day previously from the Union commander at Lebanon to Gen. Boyle at Louisville, stating that Lebanon was threatened and calling for re-enforcements immediately. He settled himself in the operator's chair and very soon he heard the instrument call B, which the hooks told him was the signal for Lebanon. The following conversation then took place between Ellsworth, Confederate, and a Union operator at a station between Lebanon and Louisville:

To B (Lebanon): "What news? Any more skirmishing?—Z."

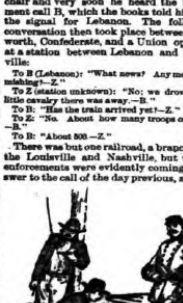
To Z (station unknown): "No; we drove what little cavalry there was off.—B."

To B: "Has the train arrived yet?—Z."

To Z: "No. About how many troops on train?—B."

To B: "About 300.—Z."

There was but one railroad, a branch from the Louisville and Nashville, but the re-enforcements were evidently coming in answer to the call of the day previous, and the



TAPPING UNION WIRES.

important thing to Morgan, next to their strength, was their position at the moment. To ascertain the station signaled as Z, Ellsworth adopted the following clever ruse, telegraphing to B:

"A gentleman here bets the cigars you cannot spell the name of your station correctly.—B."

To B: "Says the bet is off; he has spelled it wrong. How did he think I would spell it?—Z."

To Z: "He thought you would put two b's in the middle.—B."

Lebanon Junction was the point of intersection of the thirty miles of branch road from the Louisville line to Lebanon. Morgan immediately took steps to secure it, burn the bridge and destroy the track. After some time Ellsworth heard the call of Lebanon again and received word from the Union commander at Lebanon that the train of soldiers had returned to the junction. Then, with a little urging, "Z" sent forward for the information of the Union commander, whom he still supposed to be in control at Lebanon, the copy of a long dispatch sent by the commander of the re-enforcement to Gen. Boyle. This gave Morgan just the news he wanted, for he learned the size of his own detachment was and that the re-enforcement was indefinitely checked.

He now proceeded to raise all the Union supplies in Lebanon, and after attending to his own needs, a large amount was burned. Subsequently Ellsworth received dispatches by way of "Z" at the junction, showing that Gen. Boyle did not know of Morgan's capture of Lebanon. They showed also that Union troops from Louisville were on the road south in anticipation of his coming, and so instead of going to Louisville the raiders moved northwest, striking the Louisville and Lexington railroad between Frankfort and Lexington at a station called Midway.

TRICKED AGAIN.

The command reached Midway in the forenoon of the 13th, the day of the great alarm in Washington and at Gen. Boyle's headquarters. Morgan was in the heart of Kentucky. Ellsworth entered the telegraph office at Midway, surprised the operator and made him surrender, and after a few words of professional condolence carelessly asked him to call the Lexington office and get the exact time of day. This was a ruse to get the operator's cycle, and when he responded Ellsworth found that he was a register operator, using paper to receive answers. A little search brought to light a signal book giving all of the calls on the line, and it appeared from dispatches which passed over the wires that the towns all about were alert for Morgan. On testing the line the raider found that he could safely cut off the Frankfort office and receive all its business at Midway. In a short time Lexington asked Midway if it would be safe to run a train between those stations. The answer was:

"All right! Come on. No rebels here!"

Following this came a military order from the Union commander at Lexington, Gen. W——, to his subordinate at Frankfort, Gen. F——, to move all his forces out on the railroad and await orders at Midway. It was now necessary to deceive the authorities and give Morgan a chance to be off in one direction while his enemies were massing troops in another direction. Ellsworth then telegraphed to Union headquarters at Lexington that the raiders had passed by Midway toward Frankfort.

It was necessary to confirm this letter by a bogus dispatch from Frankfort, but Ellsworth did not know the rules of charges and could not risk a formal message for fear of making a fatal mistake. He waited sometime until the wires were occupied by through messages, and then broke in in great excitement, calling frantically for Lexington. He got the circuit, of course, and dispatched word to the Union commander at Lexington that Morgan was before Frankfort and had driven in the Union pickets. Having the Frankfort signal he signed it and ran the wire into the ground, so that Lexington could not call Frankfort again and detect the fraud.

The command then moved on toward Lexington, reaching Georgetown at night. Ellsworth seized the telegraph office, found the instruments removed, put in his own, and called Lexington. Morgan had decided to scare Lexington and ride around it, north, so as to cross the line at Paris and get out of the state. He was within sixty miles of Cincinnati. Ellsworth said to Lexington: "Keep mum, I am in the office reading by the sound of my magnet in the dark. Morgan's men are here. I crawled in when no one saw me."

To this he signed the Georgetown signal obtained at Midway, and received the answer, "Keep cool. Don't be discovered. How many rebels are there?"

A SWAP.

Softly and mysteriously sped the answer back, so cleverly worded that it reads like the breathless whisper of a man in terror:

"Don't know. I did not notice. As Morgan's operator was asking me about my instruments, I told him I sent them to Lexington."

Ellsworth answered:

"Yes, Morgan's men are here," repeating his story of working in the dark.

The raiders remained two days in Georgetown waiting for the scheme to mature and during all the excitement the Union commanders toward Lexington. When the command was ready to move off the regular operator, who was under guard, proposed to Ellsworth that his telegraph instruments, which had all the time been skillfully hidden near at hand, should be taken by the Confederate as his ransom.

"I agree to that," said the raider. "Telegraph instruments are of more value to the Southern Confederacy than Yankee operators."

The exchange was made.

Morgan now rode north, avoiding Lexington altogether. Every effort was made by the authorities at a distance to have him attacked at or near Lexington. A new general was sent out by Gen. Boyle to take command, and passing through Frankfort he remained for a day. Morgan's men passed north of it towards Cynthiana, between Lexington and Cincinnati. Ellsworth found all the wires on the line dismantled and the wires out of order.

After taking Cynthiana and Paris (a town half way between Cynthiana and Lexington), the raiders made a detour and passed around Lexington to the south, reaching a place called Crab Orchard on the 21st. The telegraph ran along the road toward Somerset, where Morgan, as his enemies knew, would naturally turn to reënces Cumberland river. Ellsworth tapped the wires and soon learned from messages from Gen. Boyle to his subordinate at Danville, saying, "Pursue Morgan. He is at Crab Orchard, going to Somerset."

It was 11 o'clock a. m. Danville is about forty miles north of Somerset, and Crab Orchard about twenty-eight miles northeast. The raiders, therefore, had twelve miles start by the time they were mounted, dashed off, reaching Somerset at sundown. The Somerset office was in fine working order, but the operator in charge had just come up from the London office, and the raider had no trouble in personating a "green hand." The first message was from Somerset, near Danville, and was an inquiry about Morgan. It was answered that there were no signs of him at Somerset, and learned from Danville and Louisville via Stanford that Morgan had ordered out from Danville at 11 o'clock in the day had reported back to Gen. Boyle that Morgan was striking to the northwest.

Resting secure on this information Morgan telegraphed to the offices at Lexington, Louisville, Danville and other points, countermanding, in the name of Gen. Boyle, all the orders for the pursuit. The whole command then took a night's rest, and in the morning, July 21, started, still riding hard, for Mount Vernon. Before abandoning Somerset and the soil of Kentucky—the old home—Morgan directed Ellsworth to celebrate his clever act by wiring north the following facetious greeting:

George D. Prentice, Louisville:

Good morning, George D. I am quietly watching the complete destruction of all of Uncle Sam's property in this little burg. I expect in a short time to pay you a visit, and wish to know if you will be at home. All well in Dixie.—JOHN H. MORGAN.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

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3d trip	9.15 a. m.	to meet	8.55 a. m. train.
4th do	9.15	do	9.27 do
5th do	10.30	do	10.27 do
6th do	11.30	do	11.34 do
7th do	11.45	do	12.06 p.m. do
8th do	1.45 p. m.	do	1.19 & 1.49 p. m.
9th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.	
10th do	4.30 do	to meet 4.11 p. m. train.	
11th do	4.30 do	do	5.39 do
12th do	6.45 do	do	7.03 do
13th do	8.45 do	do	7.03 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Stockriver and Mercer streets, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will pass every hour on the above route, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.01, 9.01, 9.31, 10.01 a. m. 12.01, 1.01, 2.01, 3.01, 4.01, 5.01, 6.01 p. m.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, MAY 15 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—There are fourteen hours of daylight now.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-night.

—Primrose & West's minstrels is the next entertainment booked for Music Hall.

—A kindergarten will be connected with Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's school next fall.

—The children of St. Mary's parochial school were given a holiday to-day, it being Ascension Day.

—The Union county Board of Freeholders are in session this afternoon at the Court House in Elizabeth.

—A prosperous season is looked for at Hotel Netherwood. A number of the rooms have already been engaged.

—The Knights Templar of this city, Elizabeth and New Brunswick will attend services at Grace church in a body to-night.

—Ascension Day services were held in St. Mary's church this morning at half-past five and eight o'clock respectively. Both services were well attended.

—The firm of Marsh & Ayers, painters, has been awarded the contract to paint Mr. John E. Crowell's new residence on West Eighth street, when completed.

—The "Paper Doll," with Kate Castleton in the leading role, was witnessed by a small audience at Music Hall last night. The play gave general satisfaction.

—The New Jersey State Medical Society will hold its annual meeting in the Heath House in Schooley's mountain on June 10th. The session will last two days.

—At the First Baptist church next Sunday evening there will be a temperance service. The speakers will be the Rev. Dr. D. J. Tatlow, the Rev. Asa Reed Dills and the Rev. M. Fewsmith.

—Acting Officer Henry C. Drake of this city will make his annual inspection of Washington Post, G. A. R., of Somerville to-night. Delegations from this city and Bound Brook will be present.

—Gus Frech of Newark and Charley Smith of Plainfield will shoot at 50 live birds each, for $100 a side, in a few days. It is not decided whether the "shoot" will be on the Middlesex Gun Club's grounds or at Jersey City.

—A game of whist by telephone has been arranged by General Superintendent Hibbard of the American Telegraph and Telephone Company to be played over the line between Hackensack, N. J., and Easton, Pa. The outcome will be awaited with interest by many Plainfield whist enthusiasts.

—Residents of the Fourth Ward are complaining of the tramp nuisance. They say the vagrants go there in droves and that they are refused assistance. It is thought that at the next meeting of Common Council a policeman will be appointed to patrol the streets in that neighborhood.

—About three years ago, an anti-swearing society was formed at Somerville, N. J., with about nine members. It has increased its membership until it now numbers nearly all the respectable men of the place. Somerville must be very dangerous, Plainfield young men need no such institution.

—The clergymen of Plainfield have set the example of a new departure for their clerical brethern. A majority of them have joined a bowling club and take active part in the game. Even the clergymen's wives are quite proficient. All denominations are represented in the club.—Somerville Messenger.

—Two Catholic priests of New Brunswick the other day startled their congregations by announcing that those children who attended the public schools would not be confirmed. The cause for this action was that the parents were acting in opposition to the direct mandates of the church, and that authority must be upheld.

—It is hoped that Mr. Charles F. Fowlkes formerly of this city and now Secretary of the North West Branch of the Philadelphia Y. M. C. A. will attend the young men's meeting at the association hall, Sunday at 4.15 p. m. Messrs. A. G. Carpenter and Witney Frame will aid the singing with violin and cornet accompaniment. All young men welcome.

—At the Episcopal Convention held at Burlington last week, the term Archdeacon, adopted two years ago by the convention as the title of the head of convocation, was changed to Rural Dean. The question of empowering women to vote for members of church vestries and other officers brought out a spirited debate, and was finally lost. Grace church, Plainfield, was selected as the next place of meeting.

—In the Westfield Standard a short time ago we noticed an article making inquiries as to what had become of the cannon that the Plainfield "boys" had stolen from Westfield. For the information of our Westfield contemporary we would state that it is still in the possession of Engine Company No. 2, and that the "boys" are having it remounted on a new truck prior to using it on July 4. After that day the cannon will be voted to the most popular G. A. R. post in the city.

—Tuesday evening the Executive Committee of the Second New Jersey Brigade Association represented by Vice President, General Budling; Secretary, W. B. Titus of Trenton, N. J., Major Andrew of Philadelphia, General Price of Jersey City, and Chaplain Rev. E. H. Stewart of Portland, Pa., met with the local committee of the Eighth Regiment Veteran Association in their beautifully furnished room at 139 market street, Newark, N. J., and made the arrangements for the next annual Reunion to be held in that city on the eighteenth of June next.

Differing Dafts.

[Contributed.

The Plainfielders wanted a railway
Then, oh how the conscience haf'ti
For they all knew well that the engineer
Was most unmistakably Daft.

Two years passed away and no railway
This time 'twas the engineer haf'n,
For he said 'tis not I but the Council
Who prove to be thoroughly daft.

J. A

ORGANIZED FOR THE YEAR.

Union County Freeholders Meet and Fill the Offices.

The Union County Board of Freeholders for 1890-91 organized yesterday at Elizabeth and elected C. Frank Hubbard, of this city, director for two years; Charles E. Bell, of Rahway, was re-elected clerk, at a salary of $300; E. M. Wood was re-elected county collector, at a salary of $1,000, and his bond fixed at $20,000, he was also paid $500 for extra services in connection with the county roads. Dr. Frank W. Wescott, of Fanwood, was elected county physician for three years, and his salary fixed at $500 in addition to his actual disbursements or expenses.

F. A. Dunham, of this city, was re-elected county engineer at the same compensation as last year, with the privilege of appointing inspectors at $250 per day.

The new Board is composed of the following gentlemen: Messrs. Hubbard, Vander beek, West, Thompson, Pearson, Howard, Wright, Littell, Kyte, Doty, Bryant, Jones, Sullivan, Tesbon, Russell, Bender, and Roll.

The following is clipped from our local contemporary and with it is a reply, credited:

The Grand Jury of Union county is composed of twenty Republicans and three Democrats.—Plainfield Press.

As nearly as we can make out there are ten Democrats on the present Grand Jury. Let the Plainfield Press count again and count squarely.—Elizabeth Journal.

Exempt Firemen in Session.

The annual convention of the New Jersey State Exempt Firemen's Association was held in New Brunswick yesterday, President R. M. Stites of Morristown, in the chair. About 100 delegates were present, representing Elizabeth, Hackensack, Jersey City, Morristown, Plainfield, Trenton, Washington, Newark, New Brunswick, Orange, Passaic Grove, Paterson, Perth Amboy, Rahway and Rutherford. An address of welcome was made by Mayor James H. VanCleef. It was decided to hold the next convention at Paterson the second Wednesday in May, 1891. An assessment of $7 was made on each organization for the expenses of the ensuing year, and it was resolved that no local organization be recognized unless it files with the State officers a copy of its certificate of incorporation and pays its dues.

The following officers were elected: President, R. M. Stites, Morristown; Vice Presidents, John McKiernan, Paterson, and J. N. Terrill, New Brunswick; Secretary, Charles H. Green, Morristown; Treasurer, Thomas Walther, Jersey City; Statistician, R. M. Stites.

The delegates from this city were J. H. Carney, Valentine Uzzingar, D. W. Littell and Augusta Saltzman.

The Editorial Excursion.

The New Jersey Editorial Association with this Summer take an outing in Canada and the White Mountains. The party will start on Thursday, June 19, leaving New York in the afternoon, by boat to Albany. They will arrive at Montreal Friday evening and remain until Saturday, when they take the St. Lawrence river to Quebec, arriving Sunday morning. Here they will remain until Tuesday morning, when they proceed by rail to Boston, and after a half day there will leave for Fall River, arriving in time to take the Fall River boat for New York, which place will be reached on Saturday morning, thus giving all the party ample time to reach home that day. The party will be limited to 200, and the expenses of the whole trip will be but $40 each, or but little over the usual cost of traveling expenses.

City Court Notes.

John Casey, alias John Smith, and employe of the Scott Printing Press Work, indulged too fully in intoxicants yesterday and last night he was arrested. This morning City Judge Codington fined the man with two names $5.

Samuel Haddock was seen riding on a freight train yesterday and was arrested. When he was arraigned before the City Judge this morning Haddock said that the brakeman had given him permission to ride. The Judge remanded him to jail to have the matter investigated.

Patrick Cahill again became intoxicated and disorderly and he owned the city and could "run" it to suit himself. He found out differently, however, for he was promptly arrested. This morning Judge Codington fined Patrick $15.

Middlesex County Freeholders.

The new Board of Freeholders for Middlesex county met yesterday afternoon at New Brunswick and organized by the election of Hezekiah Warner of Madison as clerk; Richard Servies as collector, Dr. Lawrence Donahue of Perth Amboy was re-elected county physician. The new Board decided to pay $60,000 of the county bonds. The total expenses account for the year is $123,675, of which $30,000 is for court salaries, fees and expenses; $61,851.77 for the school tax; making a total of $194,954.77 to be raised by taxation.

A Caterpillar Guard.

A lot of cotton wrapped about the stems of Mr. John Stales's fruit and shade trees, as No. 21 New street, has excited considerable questioning and interest. The cotton is used in that way to keep the caterpillars out of the foliage, and it is said to be thoroughly effective. A simply so cheap and simple is certainly worth trying.—New Brunswick Home News.

Bicycle Notes.

The attention of the Elizabeth Wheelmen is called to a number of important notices that are posted on the bulletin board regarding the meet at Plainfield next week after next, and other matters.—Elizabeth Journal.

On Saturday of next week the entries for the races of the Plainfield meet will close. The nine district championships and an open-to-all race are to be run.

PERSONAL.

Howard Murgatroyd, of Plainfield, is visiting in this city.—New Brunswick Home New.

Mr. Frederick Knowland has returned to his home in this city from a brief stay at Logans Ferry, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley S. Miller are "at home" to their friends at their residence, No. 70 East Fifth street, to-day.

Mr. Bullock, the invalid brother of the principal of the Franklyn school died in Denver, Colorado, recently.

Mr. William Crawford of Whitesville Mass., is visiting at the residence of Mrs. James Moore of South Second street.

Miss H. A. Maloney and Miss Rose Coyne of West Second street have returned from a visit to friends in Hunterdon county.

Miss Humpstone, the principal of the Washington school has formed a Band of Mercy among the children under her charge.

Mr. Brock of Mountain avenue, North Plainfield, was recently granted a patent on a new "Mechanical Movement" of which he is the inventor.

Mr. John Force, who for several years past has been assistant postmaster in the post office in this city, severed his connection with that office to-day.

Col. John Dietrich of Arlington avenue submitted to a successful surgical operation in New York on Saturday for a trouble in the eye known as pterygium.

Mrs. D. W. Pond last evening read a paper on "Russian Village Life and Socialism" before the Unitarian Society. The paper was very interesting and was attentively listened to.

Mr. A. R. Keeney's resignation as manager for the United States Express Company in this city took effect to-day. Mr. Keeney has accepted a position as assistant freight agent at the depot in this city.

Mrs. Charles Hyde will entertain her numerous friends Saturday afternoon at her beautiful home on East Front street. It will be one of the social events of the season, as Mrs. Hyde is a noted entertainer.

Mr. A. R. Faber and Benj M. Day, of Rockview avenue, have set a praiseworthy example to their neighbors, by removing the fences about their property. The effect is very beautiful and, of course, a decided improvement. *These are two of the handsome* properties in this section of the country of which believe in the no-fence style, as published in the News a few days ago.

At the closing socialde of the season at the First Baptist church, an account of which was published yesterday to the following young ladies a great part of the success of the socialde is due Misses Annie Hall, Florence Serrell, Edith Smalley, Josie Needham, Caroline Randolph, May Taylor, Minnie Ammerman, Edith Taylor, Clara Thompson, Bertha Needham, Ida Lewis, B. Thompson.

The old board of directors of Music Hall were re-elected at the annual meeting of the association which was held on Monday night are W. R. Potts, W. J. Roome, L. V. F. Randolph, O. T. Waring, Mason W. Tyler, J. W. Murray, Alex Gilbert, R. A. Hegeman, W. E. Lowe, John B. Dumont and C. A. Marsh. The financial report of the manager showed a slight balance in favor of the association.

Memorial Day Arrangements.

The joint detail of Winfield Scott and Major Anderson Posts, G. A. R., are fast completing the arrangements for the proper observance of Memorial Day in this city. As already stated the services will take place at Music Hall in the morning instead of the afternoon as has heretofore been the custom. The detail has invited company C of Elizabeth to participate in the exercises. Of course in order to celebrate the day properly the Posts must have money and any persons who feel inclined to contribute to the fund may send their subscriptions to Mr. E. T. Dunn, the secretary of the detail. All contributions will be properly acknowledged.

A Four-Legged Chicken.

Mr. Andrew McCardell, the foreman of the foundry of the Ford Machine Tool works last evening brought to THE NEWS office a curiosity in the shape of a four-legged chicken, which was hatched out by a hen belonging to Mr. Christian Hendrickson. The chicken has four distinct legs and lived about an hour and a half after it was hatched out. The rooster is a Plymouth Rock and the hen a White Cochin. It is indeed a curiosity and is still on exhibition at THE NEWS office.

Do You Know Anything About It?

The following was clipped from the Newark Journal: "Plainfield is to have a Casino on the plan of that at Newport. Several of the city's wealthiest men have already subscribed and a building site has been purchased. The subscribers will incorporate themselves into a select club in a few days. The Casino will contain all sorts of club accommodations and a private theatre. It will cost $50,000."

Somerset Freeholders Organize.

The new Somerset county Board of Chosen Freeholders met at Somerville yesterday afternoon and organized. Mr. J. P. Staats, of Franklin was elected Director; A. P. Sutphen of Somerville, clerk; and J. R. Frech of Somerville, Counsel. The fight for the collectorship has not yet been decided.

The Annual Election.

The Firemen's Relief Association held its annual meeting last evening and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—T. O. Doane.
Vice President—H. M. Sherwin.
Secretary—E. M. Mosher.
Treasurer—J. A. Hubbard.

Fifty Dollars for the Firemen.

Ex-Congressman John Kean, Jr., has sent a check for $50 to the Elizabeth Fire Department as a recognition of their valuable services in saving the old Kean Homestead, "Uralno," the Liberty Hall of the Revolution.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

In Trenton the large consumers have formed an opposition to the ice combine, which charges $15 a ton, and for families at the rate of $20 a ton. They propose to have the ice shipped there from New York in refrigerator cars and distributed to large consumers at fifty cents a hundred and to small consumers at seventy-five cents a hundred.

The body of Miss Sallie Wilkins, a maiden lady sixty years of age, of Mount Holly, N. J., who has been missing for a week, has been found in the Rancocas Creek. She had never fully recovered from a severe attack of the grip in the Winter, and the general belief is that she committed suicide.

Miss Minnie Curtis died at her home in Bordentown, N. J., Tuesday afternoon. She weighed 400 hundreds pounds.

The Singer Company will start this morning to tear down the front of the main building, which was damaged by the recent fire. A big derrick was placed in position last evening.

WERE BOOKMAKERS INDICTED?

It Was Expected They Would be in Court To-Day to Plead.

The Union County Grand Jury appeared in court yesterday with a batch of indictments. It is alleged they were against the bookmakers doing business at the Linden track, and who were arrested at the Dwyer track.

The Grand Jury and prosecutor were as mum as oysters about the matter, but at four o'clock Sheriff Glasby, with a wagon full of constables, drove off rapidly to the Linden track. They returned two hours later, but did not have any prisoners. It is supposed they simply served notice on the indicted bookmakers to appear in court to-day to plead.

The mysterious action of the Sheriff and his followers caused much talk around the Court House, and the news quickly spread that the bookmakers were to get arrested.

The Sheriff's detachment that went from Elizabeth to Linden Park to catch the indicted bookmakers had their labor for their pains. They failed to secure any lawbreakers.

The bookmakers somehow headed off Sheriff Glasby and hid them and kept away the name off the sign-boards in the betting ring. The Sheriff was unable to pick out those for whom the warrants were issued. Therefore, returned to Elizabeth empty handed.

The bookmakers arrested at the Dwyer track recently and put under $100 bail are doubtless the men indicted.

Directors Elected.

The Delaware and Bound Brook Railroad Company's stockholders held their annual meeting for the election of directors last week with the following result: Edward C. Knight, Philadelphia, President; J. H. Stevens, Secretary; John H. Michener, Philadelphia; Wm. Massey, Philadelphia; Chas. S. Bullen, New York; George Richards, Dover; Lewis H. Taylor High Bridge; Wm. Morrison, Railway; Samuel K. Wilson, A. G. Richey, Isaac F. Richey, Trenton; Fred H. Beach, Dover; E. C. Knight, Jr., Philadelphia, and Henry Lewis, Plainfield.

The Moore Will Sustained.

In the Union County Court in Elizabeth yesterday morning Judge Dennis Lorrick rendered his decision in the William Moore will case, by sustaining the will. The will, it will be remembered, left one half of the deceased's estate to his wife and the other half to his son John. The day that Mr. Moore was buried his wife died. The son then contested the will with the result above stated. Mr. Moore will probably bring an ejectment suit and then appeal from Judge McCormick's decision. The estate is estimated to be worth, over all incumbrances $80,000.

An Athletic Grounds for Westfield.

A number of Westfielders who enjoy athletic sports have started a subscription paper for the purpose of laying out and building athletic grounds where such sports can be indulged in. Several hundred dollars have already been subscribed and the work on the grounds which are located on Broad street, near the lake, has already commenced. The projects think that the grounds will be completed on Memorial Day.

Y. P. S. C. E. to Celebrate their Second Anniversary.

The second anniversary services of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of Warren Mission will take place in the chapel to-night commencing at eight o'clock. The programme will consist of music and the addresses will be delivered by Mr. James Adams of New York, and Mr. Frederick Moon formerly of Plainfield. All the friends of the Society are invited to attend.

—Primrose and West's Minstrels, georgeous in silken raiment and knee breeches, had a large audience at the Grand Opera House last evening, and succeeded in keeping it in a state of hilarity during the whole entertainment. Low Dookstader, the star of the company, was suffering from a bad cold, which spoiled the rendition of his first song, but recovered his voice later in the evening and proved so well that the audience took to let him leave the stage. One of his topical songs was a hit at Director Wagner and the Broad street paving. It was applauded in a way that showed a warm state of populare feeling on the subject. The sentimental songs of Samuel Penn, J. H. Davis, Raymond Moore and Jos. Natus were all finely done; but, of course, the audience was best pleased with the comicalities of Dockstader, George Primrose and Thomas L. Black, all of whom kept it convulsed with laughter during their performances. The programme contained a number of specialties, one of the most striking being Barber's performance on a bicycle, which included some really remarkable feats of skill.—Newark News. This minstrel troupe is to appear at Music Hall Monday, May 19th. 2t2

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

ANOTHER FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Bound Brook Young Man Mangled on the Rail.

BOUND BROOK, N. J., May 15th, (Special)—Last night Cranmer Carey, a Bound Brook young man who was employed as a brakeman on a freight train was struck by an overhead bridge near Bethlehem, Pa., and knocked from the freight car upon which he was standing. The train passed over his body and severed his arms and head. He is the son of James Carey, the man who attends the canal lock in this place.

Deceased was about twenty-two years old at the time of his death and was a general favorite with the railroad officers and had a host of friends in Bound Brook, where os spent his early days. His remains will be brought home to-day.

MAN MISSING

From South River.—Supposed to be Here.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., (Special)—Archibald Yates of South Plainfield, said to be weak minded, is missing from his home since Tuesday. He was last seen on the road from New Brunswick to Plainfield. It is thought he is in Plainfield. His mother Mrs. Anna M. Yates of South River, will give a reward for any information of his whereabouts.

Had a Mania for Shooting People.

NEW YORK, May 15th, (Special)—Clinton G. Reynolds was shot in his office here to-day, by a man named Alphonso Suvano, of Philadelphia. The man attempted to shoot others in the office but was prevented from so doing and was later arrested. Mr. Reynolds was 58 years old and was a resident of Orange, N. J.

Brigadier-General Davis Dead.

NEW YORK, May 15, (Special.)—Brigadier-General Nelson Davis died suddenly at Governor's Island while on a visit there this afternoon. Appoplexy is assigned as the cause of death.

This Date in History—May 15.

1607—Mary Queen of Scots marries the Earl of Bothwell.
1796—Corsica surrendered by Genoa to France.
Napoleon Bonaparte born here, August, 1769.
1796—Milan occupied by Napoleon; Potsdam by the Austrians in 1760; plundered by Prussia in 1806; made the capital of Italy. Napoleon crowned with the iron crown, 1805.
1856—Death of Edmund Kean, tragedian; born 1787.
1857—Death of Daniel O'Connell, Irish agitator; born 1775.
1855—Universal exposition opened in Paris.
1860—Garibaldi defeats the Neapolitans in name of the king of Sardinia; eventually they evacuate Sicily.
1861—Battle of Newmarket, Va.; Union loss, 102; Confederate, 67. The Federal forces were commanded by Gen. Franz Sigel and the Confederates by Gen. John C. Breckinridge.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A WAITRESS wants a place. Can be seen at Mr. J. L. Anthony's, Netherwood.

A SILK umbrella wanted. Taken by mistake from First Baptist church Tuesday evening. Lewis Cornick.

FOR SALE—Fine black horse, 16 hands, 7 stouthy built, six years old, sound and kind. Adapted for family use or any other kind of work. C. W. Opdyke, 196 Broadway. 5 13tf

FOR RENT—House containing 12 rooms and basement; two blocks from depot; rent $25. Address "H." Box 626. 12-3

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Mountain avenue and Somerset street, North Plainfield. All modern improvements. For particulars call or address Mrs. Obits, No. 243 Somerset street. 5 8tf

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, buggy and harness. Horse is a buckboard with pole and shafts and russet colored harness all in splendid condition. Inquire of conductor at stable, 70 W. Seventh st. 5-9tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson.

FOR SALE—A black setter dog (pup about six months old.) $5 reward will be paid any one returning same to 161 Grove street 5-13tf

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-6-tf

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahma's, black Minorcas, $1.50 per setting. 113 Rockview avenue. 3-6tf

TO LET—Small house at No. 83 Park place, North Plainfield. 15-3

WANTED—Women as cook and laundress. References required. Apply to 16 West Eighth street. 15-9

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply at 57 East Fifth street.

WANTED—By gentleman, wife and child of three years, board for month of June. Not exceeding $20 per week. Address "P. S. M." 84 Hillside avenue. 15-3

WANTED—By a young girl lately landed, position as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse. Well recommended. Call on Mrs. L. R. Howard, 33 East Ninth street. 14-8

WANTED Coachman and gardener. W. H. Brook, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 13-tf

$80.—Bicycle for sale. Victor Light Roadster. 56-inch. Good as new. Cost $142.50. Address G. W. Morrison, Plainfield, N. J. 5-13-1w

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Monday, May 19th,

PRIMROSE & WEST'S

MINSTRELS

PRIMROSE & WEST, BARNEY FAGAN, BARRIS, THE BICYCLE WONDER, THE ORIGINAL BIG FOUR, SMITH & CHASE, Musical Oddities, and the Public's Favorite Comedian,

LEW DOCKSTADER.

A New and Sparkling Programme, A Brilliant Crystal First Part. The perplexing Organization Act. Latest Hits and Ballads and Hilarious Songs. Grand street parade about noon. Seats on sale Thursday. Prices 50c, 75c and $1.

The Popular Store of Plainfield

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A five-cross 50c corset at 39c. Lots of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded trays, Jersey jackets and capes, from $3.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

BOYS SAVE YOUR

Pennies and Nickels,

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $25.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 30 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

An Open Secret

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY,

TIME and LABOR

By purchasing your

GROCERIES

at the

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

29 W. FRONT STREET.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14-4m

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH and AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

J. P. Laire & Co

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A FULL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND GENERAL HARDWARE.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and prices, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT.

By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. Remember. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a will. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 14 1w

H. N. SPENCER.

Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Read potatoes cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE,

The store property now occupied by Mr. S. C. Peck, 28 West Front street, including rear lot and stables,

Thursday, May 15,

at 4 p. m., on the premises.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer.

14-3t

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Vantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,

23 WEST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX I. TELEPHONE CALL 45.

A Colored Man's Work.

In 1881 B. T. Washington, a young colored graduate of the manual training school at Hampton, Va., founded a similar school for his own race at Tuskegee, Ga. He began on a very humble scale, for his means were small. He had thirty students, an old church building, and the total appropriation of $1,000 a year.

Washington's experiment was successful from the start. In eighteen months the state increased its appropriation to $3,000 annually, and a farm of 100 acres had been gained and a small building erected. Washington's efforts have been crowned with such success as to prove conclusively that for blacks, if not for whites, the education most needed is the practical teaching of the new gospel of manual training.

The school at Tuskegee now owns a farm of 680 acres, free of debt. On this land are fourteen buildings, for shops, etc. Besides the home farm another, a few miles away, has been leased and is put under tillage. Fruit, grain and vegetables are cultivated in the best manner. Among the products of the farm this year will be 20,000 cabbage heads. The school has now 400 students.

In shops of various kinds the mechanical trades are taught. All the brick used in the school buildings was made by the pupils, and a quantity has been sold besides. Carriages and wagons of excellent construction are made and sold in the vicinity. The students make their own furniture. A saw mill is in constant operation. So are a steam printing establishment, a shoe shop, blacksmith shop, etc.

The school costs $30,000 a year. Of this Alabama grants $3,000, the pupils earn $5,000, and the rest is contributed in the form of donations by friends in the north and west. The instructors and managers of this splendid center of missionary work are all colored, every one. The property of the institution is worth $100,000. Two sisters in Boston give annually $5,000 to $7,000 to the establishment. And never was money more worthily bestowed.

Watterson on the Race Problem.

In The Cosmopolitan Magazine Mr. Henry Watterson tries his hand at answering the race question. He denies that there is any essential difference between northerners and southerners.

We are not a nation of sections or factions. We are a single homogeneous people. There is no one national interest dear to the heart of New England which the Pacific coast would not equally dear to the heart of the Gulf states. The notion that politics is war, with an occasional truce for the burial of the dead, is held only by those whose digestive juices have been soured by an excess of misinformation, or those whose whole political stock in trade consists of wind and words.

He pronounces reconstruction a failure, and says after all these years we are now, as to the race problem, just where we were at the beginning. The solution of the race problem he will give in a future paper. But the present situation at the south is the following:

If the blacks of the south in any wise resembled the blacks that are known to the north, it might be otherwise. If they had the least gleam of intelligence in their composition; if they knew anything whatever of the obligations and duties of their habits; if there were among them any public opinion, any sense, a rational understanding of affairs, it might be otherwise. But it is not so. There is no little kindergarten for grown people in the hand of Mississippi and the colored domestic of Massachusetts as there is between the Boston dude and the New York hoodlum. The blacks of the Gulf states form a dense mass of ignorance and squalor; at rest, kindly, indolent and passive, under intelligence, duress, bind and control. Under present conditions, they can only be politically arrayed for work, and until the whites are divided will they divide, and the whites cannot afford to divide so long as their lives and properties are in hourly jeopardy from a race war pushed upon them by outside pressure.

That is all there is to the existing status. It is not a political question at all. It is not a sectional question at all. It is a question of self preservation. It is a question of the existence of responsible government and civilized society on the one hand; ruin, anarchy and chaos on the other. There is no help for it except through the good offices of time and repose. All theories and all schemes must and will come to this at last. Senator Butler may "deport" the negroes by thousands in his mind's eye, and Senator Chandler may surround each one of them with a special act of congress and five companies of troops after another, or a dozen episodes of blood and terror, we shall come back to where we are, and shall have to do the work over again by the resignation of the whole matter to the states and people immediately concerned.

The emperor of Germany has resolved to be his own prime minister. He may not be so great a man in his own eyes after he has tried it awhile, but he will know more.

Franklin said a hundred years ago that five hours' work a day was enough to supply each member of a civilized nation with the comforts possessed by the few only, if everybody took his share of the work of production.

Minister Dublan, of the Mexican cabinet, is in favor of the present generation in Mexico running into debt for internal improvements and then letting generations to come, who will enjoy their benefits, help pay for them.

William O'Brien, the Irish leader, telegraphs that he is not going to marry the rich Miss Raffalovitch, of Paris. Thus the world has missed the pleasure of reading on a wedding card the mingled monogram Raffalovitch-O'Brien.

The Chicago Tribune calls for the establishment in that city of great central plants which shall furnish steam to manufacturing establishments through pipes under the streets and thus abolish "the awful smoke nuisance." But the steam pipes burst once in a while.

Queer things happen under the alien contract labor law. Suppose a man in Ireland is told that if he comes to the United States to a certain place he will find work there. He comes, and discovers the information to be true. Is that a violation of the law? Some Canadians were sent home from Newport, Vt., for coming there in violation of the alien contract labor law. They returned to Canada, but shortly after reappeared and began to work for the same persons who had employed them before, and this time they were permitted to remain, because there could be found no evidence that they had come to Newport the second time under contract.

The Illinois Steel company, of Joliet, have contributed their ideas to the solution of the labor problem. On the last Saturday night of April they called their employes, numbering 3,000 men, together, and informed them that hereafter the company would adopt the system of profit sharing with the workmen on the following basis: Each man who stays with the firm one year will receive at the end of that time 1 per cent. of his wages as profit, increasing the amount 1 per cent. each year up to five years, when 5 per cent. of his wages will be added to the pay of each five year man. By that time the company will be paying in profits to employes $90,000 a year. The proposition was received by the workmen with cheers. It is the Illinois Steel company that built for its workmen that magnificent club house that has been so frequently described.

William II's Change of Heart.

Perhaps not enough significance was given at the time to the fact that when the young emperor of Germany visited England, shortly after his father's death, he kissed his grandmother heartily on both cheeks, and the old lady seemed quite pleased to see him, without any state pretense about it. For a considerable time now the relations between the reigning families of Germany and England have apparently been growing more cordial. Emperor William has even gone to the length of treating his uncle, the Prince of Wales, respectfully.

Those who profess to know declare that the overthrow of Bismarck was due to ex-Empress Frederick. It is a long lane that has no turn. Ever since Bismarck was first at the head of affairs in Germany he has persecuted the Princess Victoria, her family and English blood. The very suggestion of English influence at the German court put him into a fury. Empress Frederick felt his dislike till life was a burden to her. She seems to have got her innings at last. Bismarck is in retirement. Her imperial son, whom Bismarck brought up to hate everything English, turns to her once more, and the old mistrust between the mother and son is said to have quite died out. Perhaps something of the humane and liberal policy of Frederick will yet find expression under William II's rule. With a cordial understanding between England and Germany, the consequences for Europe and civilization will be of the last importance.

But what a pill for Bismarck!

Ex-Mayor Vaux Accepts.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—Richard Vaux, the nominee of the Democratic convention of the Third district for congress, has been officially notified of his nomination. In replying to the speech of the chairman of the notification committee, Mr. Vaux accepted as follows: "The announcement you have made of my unanimous nomination for congress by the Democratic convention of the Third congressional district surprises and gratifies me. Respecting the favor and unanimity of the judgment, I cheerfully accept the position, with the platform adopted by the nominating convention."

Kovacic and Barteck Are Guilty.

MOUNTSROWN, N. J., May 13.—The jury in the case of Paul Kovacic and Kabola Barteck, on trial for the murder of a fellow countryman named Pavel Matashuski at the Hilsdale colony in Burlington last, have returned a verdict finding Pavel Kovacic guilty of murder in the second degree and Kabola Barteck guilty of manslaughter. The jury went out an hour and a half. Sentence was deferred until Monday. The murder was a very brutal one and it was thought that the prisoners would certainly be convicted of murder in the first degree.

He Calls It Blackmail.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Thomas P. Musgrave, of No. 535 Fifth avenue, president of the Fifth Avenue Automatic Railway company, was arrested yesterday at the Union League club on a charge of sending indecent matter through the mails. The complainant is Augustus D. Isaign, of Rhinebeck, who charges in his affidavit that Musgrave sent to him on April 29 a pamphlet which incidentally libels a member of W. W. Astor's family. Musgrave says the prosecution is a blackmailing scheme.

Eighteen Indians were Graduated.

CARLISLE, Pa., May 13.—At the annual commencement exercises of the government Indian training school here, addresses were made by Gen. C. E. Bussey, assistant secretary of the interior; Gen Perkins, of Kansas; Chairman Peele, of the Indian committee; Professor Mason, of the Smithsonian institute and several members of the senate and house. Gen. Bussey presented the diplomas. The graduating class numbered eighteen.

A Boiler Explosion in a Restaurant.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 13.—A boiler weighing 2,000 pounds exploded at Hemphill's restaurant, blowing through the first and second stories and through the roof, 200 feet into the air, falling across the street in a vacant lot. The building was badly wrecked. Henry Douglass, fireman, was fatally injured, dying three hours afterward. Alex Work, cook, was seriously injured.

IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

The Latter Body Indulges in a Spirited Debate.

MANUFACTURER VS. LABORER.

Mr. Mills, of Texas, Waxes Sarcastic—A Pittsburg Glassmaker Bitterly Attacked and Warmly Defended—Denounced as a Perjurer by Representative Bynum.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The house insisted on the amendment to the senate deposit pension bill and a conference was ordered. The consideration of the tariff bill having been resumed, Mr. Bynum (Ind.) moved to reduce the duty on common earthenware from 25 to 15 per cent. ad valorem. Mr. Burrows (Mich.) contended that the effect of the tariff was to reduce the price of articles to the consumers. This contention was denied by Mr. Mills (Tex.), who ridiculed the idea that if the tariff reduced the prices the manufacturers would come to congress and ask that the tariff be advanced for their benefit. Mr. Walker (Mass.) said that no manufacturer had ever come before the ways and means committee and asked that duties be put up or down on his own account. The workingmen got every cent possible out of the price or value of the tariff. As a manufacturer he hurled back the insult which denominated manufacturers as robber barons.

Manufacturer Versus Laboring Man.

Mr. Mills said the members of the house were told that the glass manufacturer, the manufacturer, did not desire to promote the interest of his class. He rose above party and interest. He became a philanthropist and represented not himself but the interest of labor. His heart was swollen with devotion to the workingmen. He said that the tariff was intended to enable manufacturers to pay a high wage to the laborer. The manufacturers paid $1.25 to labor for producing a ton of pig iron. The government gave him $6.72 in order that he might be enable him to pay that $1.25. The manufacturer paid labor $3 for producing a ton of steel rails. The government gave him $17 to enable him to do it. He did not the manufacturer give the $17 to the workingmen instead of turning them out of work and going on tally-ho rides through the mountains of Scotland? Mr. Bynum's motion was defeated—66 to 80.

A Pittsburg Man Attacked.

Various other amendments looking to a reduction of the duty on earthen and glassware were made on the Democratic side, but met with no success. In the course of the discussion of one of these amendments Mr. McMillin alluded to a Mr. Campbell, of Pittsburg, a glass manufacturer, asking for protection from foreign labor, while he was charged with importing foreign labor in violation of the contract labor law. Mr. Bergen (N. J.) ventured to say that Mr. Campbell was a Democrat. Mr. Bynum (Ind.) said that on the contrary Mr. Campbell was an ardent supporter of Mr. Harrison. Mr. Bynum denounced Campbell as a perjurer. Campbell had come before the ways and means committee and had held a consultation with the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. Wilson) and himself, and then had gone away and made an affidavit which was false, and had Campbell ever come into his (Mr. Bynum's) district he would be in the cell of a prison today.

Bayne Defends Campbell.

Mr. Bayne (Pa.) said that he would take Mr. Campbell's word as soon as he would that of any of the gentlemen from Indiana, and he knew them both. Campbell was the chosen representative of a large organization of reputable workingmen and any insult or indignity offered to him was offered to them. Mr. Wilson (W. Va.) confirmed what the gentleman from Indiana had said. Mr. Campbell was a man of the highest character and his word was as good as every stump he had felt it his duty to denounce Campbell as a perjurer. In the course of some further remarks Mr. Bynum said that the committee on ways and means in the formation of its bill had closed the doors of the capitol against the labor of the country, but admitted the manufacturers. The majority of the committee raised the curtain and peeped out to see who was there. Mr. Flower (N. Y.) bore testimony to the fact that the committee had heard all industries that had requested a hearing.

Mr. McKinley said the imputation of Mr. Bynum was false. He did not permit any man to impute to the committee any bad motives or any lack of courtesy to the minority.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—In the senate: Senate bill authorizing the registry of census mail matter; house bill appropriating $80,000 for a public building at York, Pa., and senate bill appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Rock Island, Ills; senate bill in relation to the pay of Rear Admiral Jouett, retired following him the highest pay and compensation of his grade as rear admiral; senate bill to pay $8,375 to the heir or heirs of John Howard Payne, due on his salary as consul to Tunis, were passed.

Senator Teller on Silver.

The silver bill was then taken up and Mr. Teller addressed the senate. The people of Colorado had comparatively little interest in the advancement of the price of silver, because, although they produced one-sixth of all the silver in the world, they did not depend upon the silver product, and very shortly the other interests of the state would far outweigh the interest of mere silver production. The silver production of the United States was insignificant in comparison with the great interests of the country that were involved in the rehabilitation of silver as a money metal. It was demanded in the interest of humanity, in the interest of civilization, in the interest of progress, in the interest of the whole human race. There was in the country a general feeling that silver ought to be used as money on equal terms as far as practicable with gold. He did not know a senator, except one, who did not hold that the demand for silver coinage was one that ought to be met.

He Talks of the Windom Bill.

Coming down to a discussion of the Windom bill, Mr. Teller said that nothing would suit the secretary of the treasury but a treasury note payable in a commodity. It was the first time that the "store system," which prevailed in mining and manufacturing regions, was proposed to be applied to the treasury department of the United States. Nobody knew better than the men who stood behind that scheme that it would not put silver to par, and nobody was more determined than those men that silver should not go to par. Speaking of the bill as reported by the finance committee, he said that that committee was composed of silver men (except one) and that it had presented another scheme that was said to be an improvement on the Windom bill. It did not have in it the objectionable feature of payment of treasury notes in goods. It provided for the purchase of $4,500,000 worth of silver every month.

To be coined into money? Oh, no; not to be coined into money, but to be deposited in the treasury of the United States as the credit on which the treasury notes were to be issued. And yet the senate was told that the bill was in the interest of the use of silver as money, and that it ought to be satisfactory to the silver men, as it would raise the price of silver to some extent. But if it was desired to put the price of silver back to what it was in 1873 its money function would have to be recognized. It would have to be treated as a money metal. The government might buy silver and drop it in the sea and silver would not be put back to par unless it was recognized as money. Did the pending bill propose to use it as money? On the contrary, its fundamental idea was (as in the other bill) that silver was metal and nothing else.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Brooklyn—

New York	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: New York, 12; Brooklyn, 6. Errors: New York, 5; Brooklyn, 1. Batteries: Rusie and Buckley; Terry and Daily. Attendance, 1,315.

At Boston—

Boston	0	3	0	0	7	0	0	1	1—12
Philadelphia	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0—7

Base hits: Boston, 21; Philadelphia, 10. Errors: Boston, 3; Philadelphia, 13. Batteries: Gruber and Bennett, Vickery and Schriver. Attendance, 1,467.

Players' League.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 6; Philadelphia, 9. Errors: Brooklyn, 3; Philadelphia, 4. Batteries: Weyhing and Shrow, Cunningham and Hallman. Attendance, 456.

At Boston—

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
New York	1	0	1	5	0	0	0	3	x—11

Base hits: Boston, 8; New York, 11. Errors: Boston, 5; New York, 6. Batteries: Nichols and Swett; Keefe and Vaughn. Attendance, 2,650.

At Buffalo—

Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1
Chicago	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	x—4

Base hits: Buffalo, 4; Chicago, 7. Errors: Buffalo, 1; Chicago, 5. Batteries: Parsons and Mack, Barston and Farrell. Attendance, 200.

Atlantic Association.

At Washington—Washington, 5; Wilmington, 6. Base hits: Washington, 8; Wilmington, 7. Errors: Washington, 3; Wilmington, 6. Batteries: McCoy and Eddie, Gilligan and Corcoran.

At Hartford—Hartford, 0; Jersey City, 3. Base hits: Hartford, 5; Jersey City, 5. Errors: Hartford, 6; Jersey City, 4. Batteries: Wiskinson and Moore, Fitzgerald and Collins.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 5; Newark, 6. Base hits: Baltimore, 10; Newark, 6. Errors: Baltimore, 2; Newark, 3. Batteries: Gerous and Townsend, Obrien and Hoffman.

Worcester Defeats Harvard.

At Cambridge—

Harvard	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1
Worcester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	x—1

Base hits: Harvard, 2; Worcester, 9. Errors: Harvard, 4; Worcester, 2. Batteries: Bates, Downer and Upton, Lyston and Quinnan.

For a National University.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Mr. Edmunds has introduced in the senate a bill which provides that there shall be established in the city of Washington a corporation to be known as "The University of the United States." It is to consist of and be governed by a board of regents composed of the president of the United States, his cabinet, the chief justice of the United States and twelve citizens, no two of them residents of the same state, to be appointed by concurrent resolution of the two houses of congress. A sum not exceeding $5,000 is to be appropriated to procure necessary grounds and buildings. The sum of $5,000,000 is set aside as the principal of a perpetual fund, the income of which is to be used for the maintenance of the university. No person otherwise eligible shall be excluded from the benefits of this act on account of race, color, citizenship or religious belief.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Bowden, Home for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Abbott, P. O. Box 3055.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, Taught by Messrs. Louis Uroux and Ludwig Jonett, graduates of the Lycee **Rangen**, Mannon Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield Academy, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. First class references. Circulars known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 25th street. 9-28-1y

MISS P. L. CONDE, Teacher of **violin**, 13 Jarvis street. A special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 256. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. BELLAIRS, A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal for natural gymnastics, has removed to Plainfield. As a teacher, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German **Calisthenics** and **Art Dancing**. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Bellairs, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of **piano**. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to choose. Best of references. P. O. Box 1583.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2, 6 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 45.

DR. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM M. REE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Journal Building, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counselors at Law, and Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, etc. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. CUNNINGHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 9 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 23 and 25. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PAEONIES and Spring Plants at John Lindsey's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsey, 93 West Front street.

NOT CRIPPLED.

The Officers of the Albany City Bank Make a Statement.

ALBANY, May 13.—Owing to work at the books of the Albany City bank makes certain the fact that the Goulds' overdraft amounts to at least $60,000, instead of $30,000 as claimed. The death of Amasa J. Parker, who was legal adviser of the bank, was undoubtedly hastened by the robbery. Gould and Whitney are still hunting for Nicola Lino in 25 saloons. The examination of the books will not be concluded until the end of the week at least.

The officials of the Albany City National bank issued the following statement, which is corroborated by Bank Examiner Groesbeck: "The examination into the recent defalcation in the Albany City National bank has developed so far that we can state that only seven persons and firms, including George P. Whitney, have made so called overdrafts.

"That all of them, except Mr. Whitney, the Goulds and Mrs. Engel, have made restitution; that no agreement has been made with any one, and no implicated in the matter are the merest gossip and utterly without foundation. We repeat what has already been stated by the president and cashier, that the bank is entirely solvent and ready to meet all demands made upon it. ERASTUS CORNING, President.

"GEORGE W. TRACHER, Vice President.

"JOHN H. ING, Cashier."

Much speculation has been indulged in as to the reason for the bank not making a charge against the Goulds. It now seems that the man back of it all is William Gould, Jr., & Co., have the power any moment to render the judgment they confessed to the City bank entirely valueless to that institution. The bank examiner last night explained how Whitney did his stealing. A deposit made by one of the depositors is given day book. Cashier Whitney tells the Goulds if their account needed it in order to meet the drafts upon it. Every account thus manipulated had on it a mark known only to Whitney, so that he carried upon the books a false balance, but upon his private memoranda a statement showing what how the accounts should stand.

A Medal for a Hero.

BOSTON, May 13.—M. S. Longmen, of New York, has been awarded a gold medal by the Humane society of Massachusetts for rescuing, "at great personal peril," Commander Charles H. Rockwell, commander of the United States steamship Yantic, from in front of a fast train at Port Tampa, Fla., on April 28, 1889.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE,

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 29c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 35c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they say, price 9c., value 15c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, some in and see the finest line in town.

* * *

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the million.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

* * *

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

* * *

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonious to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

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has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

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GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover, Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

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HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

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PEERLESS DYES Are the Best. Sold by druggists.

The Great Presbyterian Assembly Opens.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 13.—Commissioners to the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States, which convened here today, are present in large numbers. About 600 commissioners responded to the roll call at 11 a. m., and the total number of visiting clergymen and laymen exceeds 3,000. They represent every presbytery of the church, north, in the United States. Rev. William C. Roberts, D. D., LL. D., of Chicago, the present moderator, opened the proceedings with a sermon. The most important of the session will by will center upon the great subject of revision of the Confession of Faith. While the revisionists will be more numerous in the assembly, the anti-revisionists will be represented by some of the ablest debaters and parliamentarians in the church. The assembly will be in session probably two weeks.

Ex-Mayor Hewitt's Son in Trouble.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Pluto Cooper Hewitt, son of ex-Mayor A. S. Hewitt, became involved in a dispute with a hackman and was dragged through the streets to the station house by Officer Rourke, who seemed to enjoy the opportunity of making things uncomfortable for the son of the man who refused to allow the green flag to float from the City hall. It was thought by many who witnessed the affair that the policeman used more force than was necessary. The hackman intends to make a complaint against young Hewitt, and the latter, it is understood, will make a complaint against the officer to the police commissioners.

The Corpse in the Cask Reaches Home.

COPENHAGEN, May 13.—The corpse of Meyers, the man who was murdered by his employer some time ago and his body sent to New York in a barrel, has arrived here from the steamer Thingvalla. The relatives of the murdered man identified the body by the ring upon the hand and a piece of a walking stick which was in the barrel. Philpsen, the murderer, has made a full confession of the murder, but maintains an air of stolid indifference.

Carlisle Still Leads.

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 13.—The first ballot in the senatorship contest resulted as follows: Carlisle, 94; Lindsay, 36; Knott, 27; McCreary, 10; Moore, 12; Settle, 5. The fourth ballot was as follows: Carlisle, 30; Lindsay, 29; Knott, 16; McCreary, 13; Moore, 12; Settle, 7. The convention then adjourned.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Plums	20	2.00
California Apricots	20	2.00
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Strictly fine extra choice..	15	1.50

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U. S. Hair Tonic,

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MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

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NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

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FOUNDED AT THE "TEMPLE OF PHARMACY," PARK AVENUE AND FOURTH STREET. WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS AND THE MOST RELIABLE CHEMICALS.

YOU are invited to have your prescriptions compounded at the "TEMPLE OF PHARMACY," PARK AVENUE AND FOURTH STREET. WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS AND THE MOST RELIABLE CHEMICALS.

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"Order Moy's Soda. None better."

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63 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

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Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserved Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood-worst, Liver-worst, Boiled Ham, Dried Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Limburger Cheese, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elsmere

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

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Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

DICKINSON

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WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

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OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST against the WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasser.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Inland Turkeys.	Kansas Prairie.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Hams Trimmed.

PAIR PRICES.

N. B. Smallow's, Dear as any Price, 24 Somerset street. At McGinty's!

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of size as wanted, at the Most Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE.

P. O. Box 798.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 3 PARK AVENUE,

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

8 NORTH AVENUE

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

37 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, &c.

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONFECTIONER,

No. 20 Somerset Street.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

A YOUTHFUL INGRATE.

Further Particulars of Young Robert Wallace's Theft.

HE STOLE FROM HIS BENEFACTOR

Robert Wallace, His Father by Adoption, Robbed of Over $50,000—A Young Jekyll and Hyde—His Evil Genius—A Weeping Sweetheart Left Behind.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Leslie E. Meleod was arraigned at the Tombs yesterday charged with complicity with Robert L. Wallace in the abstraction of bonds from the Bankers' Safe Deposit vaults at 4 Wall street. The latter belonged to John H. Woolley, proprietor and editor of Wallace's monthly. Robert L. Wallace is Editor Wallace's adopted son. Mr. Meleod, who was associate editor of the Monthly, was retained, by the consent of his counsel, Mr. Hummel, to permit Inspector Byrnes to present. Mr. Meleod protested of his innocence.

The "Viper" Turned Upon Him.

Robert L. Wallace, the alleged thief, discovered on Wednesday last. He was the father of John H. Wallace, the publisher of the Monthly. He was adopted, educated and finally taken into business by his benefactor and made treasurer of the publication business, with full access to his uncle's papers and safes. When the uncle became ill he took his boxes in the deposit vaults he found that securities valued at $50,000 had been taken, and his bank book also showed a withdrawal of about $15,000.

A Hypocrite and a Thief.

It has been learned that young Wallace not only gambled away large sums of money, but that he had been in partnership with a bucket shop known as the Sixth Avenue, New York, on the night of April 23, has been arrested in Muskegon, Mich., by Chief of Police Murphy of that place on a dispatch from Inspector Byrnes.

A report will be made soon from the house committee on elections in favor of declaring vacant the seat now occupied by Clifton R. Breckinridge, of the second district of Arkansas. The report will be based upon the recent investigation made by the sub-committee which visited Arkansas.

The remarks de Leruille authorizes the statement that he and Mrs. Frank Leslie are "engaged" and that the marriage will take place next month. The statement is neither denied nor corroborated by Mrs. Leslie.

The general convention of the Order of Railroad Conductors at Rochester decided, by a very decisive vote, to eliminate from its constitution the clause prohibiting strikes.

John E. Brodsky has been elected leader of the Eighth Assembly District Republican association, of New York, in place of John J. O'Brien, deceased.

The president has sent to the senate the following nominations; To be United States consul—Samuel L. Gracey, of Massachusetts, at Cardiff; William Gow, Jr., of Pennsylvania, to be assistant appraiser of merchandise in the district of Philadelphia.

The senate committee on commerce at Washington have ordered a favorable report on the house bill for the bridging of the Hudson river at the city of New York. The bill was not amended. There will be a minority report against the bill.

At the great Kentucky Derby Riley defeated Robespierre by six lengths. Time, 2:45.

Doran & Wright, "outside" Wall street brokers, announce their suspension. Liabilities, $400,000.

A bill has been introduced to validate state laws against liquor selling rendered null by the supreme court decision in the "original package" case.

The Universal Association Bank and Trust company will begin its operations in New York before the summer ends. Officers have been elected, capital subscribed and applications for the indorsement of not less than $400,000,000 in bonds have already come up for consideration. The scheme is Col. George W. C Leybourn's, and has a capital of $100,000,000.

In the house of commons the Irish agricultural laborers' bill was ordered to a second reading amid prolonged Irish cheers.

In the New Jersey house of assembly the Woolman marriage license tax bill was passed. It fixes a fine of $100 for performing the ceremony when the license from the county surrogate is not procured.

Mary Donaghue will soon be discharged from the Pennsylvania hospital, Philadelphia, cured of a broken neck.

Mme. Dis Debar Arrested.

ROME, May 15.—Mme. Dis Debar, who became notorious in New York through her alleged Spiritualistic operations and was subsequently imprisoned a year or two ago, has been arrested here for swindling a hotel keeper and trying to obtain money from many prominent persons by false representations.

Pennsylvania Veterans Meet.

LANCASTER, Pa., May 15.—The Fifth Pennsylvania Reserves are holding their fourth annual reunion at Columbia, Pa. There was a street parade yesterday, and a camp fire was held last night. Many prominent soldiers are present.

Yost May Defend Himself.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The board of managers of the Amateur Athletic union have decided to hold the western championship meeting at Detroit in June. The all round championship meeting will be held on the Staten Island grounds June 10 and the eastern championship meeting on the same grounds June 28. The annual championship meeting will be held in Washington Sept. 13. The Fleetwood Athletic club, of Brooklyn, was expelled. A resolution was adopted reciting that as Malcolm W. Ford had failed to avail himself of his opportunities to defend himself against charges of professionalism, a committee be appointed to investigate said charges and to give Mr. Ford notice of their readiness to hear his side of the case. Messrs. Perry, of Washington; Kurtz, of Wilmington; Decker, Better and Morrison were appointed as the committee.

New Empire State Laws.

ALBANY, May 15.—The following are the new New York laws: Chapter 322, to make the Plattsburg charter cover certain contingencies; chapter 323, to make the Steuben county's office salaried; chapter 324, to provide for sewers in Horneellville; chapter 325, making an appropriation for printing the ballot reform and registration bills; chapter 326, for the relief of Charlotte Price's heirs; chapter 327, to make the office of the county clerk of Ontario a salaried one; chapter 328, designing terms for supervisors in Albany, Livingston, Rensselaer and Monroe counties; chapter 329, fixing the duration of the term of office of county surrogate of New York at fourteen years.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From the Wires Carefully Trimmed.

The Massachusetts senate has passed the amendment to the constitution abolishing the poll tax as a prerequisite to voting.

The suit for damages of Fireman Walker against Commander H. H. McCalla has been removed by an order from the supreme court to the United States. McCalla's bail bond of $1,000. He says the acts complained of were in the line of his duty.

William Thurston, aged 38 years, president of the Bethlehem Iron company and of the Juricaga Iron company of Cuba, died in London May 14. He will be buried in London.

The legislative committee appointed to investigate the municipal government of New York city (the Fassett committee) will meet again on Monday next.

A memorial to Governor Hill requesting him to call an extra session of the legislature for the purpose of considering the rapid transit bill has been adopted at a joint meeting of the real estate and building exchange. It is expected that fifty petitions will go to Albany to present the memorial.

The people of Chenango county, N. Y., are indignant over the Preston asylum fire, and it is said steps will be taken to punish those responsible for the great loss of life.

It is thought that the recent decision in the United States supreme court concerning the liquor law of Iowa unfavorably wipes out that Brooks law in Pennsylvania, and that liquor may be sold in the original packages without state licenses.

Miss Alice D. McGee, of Warren, Pa., who is 21 years of age, was admitted to the bar.

The body of Miss Sallie Wilkins, the aged maiden lady of Mt. Holly, N. J., who disappeared about a week ago, was found floating in the creek.

Charles J. Buchanan, alias Jackson, who murdered his companion, Mamie Murphy, in Chris Johnson's saloon, 28 Sixth Avenue, New York, on the night of April 23, has been arrested in Muskegon, Mich., by Chief of Police Murphy of that place on a dispatch from Inspector Byrnes.

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CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 97 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

MURDERED AND ROBBED

Husband, Wife and Son Were All Slain.

BRUTALLY CLUBBED TO DEATH.

The Awful Fate of Mr. and Mrs. John Crouch and Andrew Crouch at Beatleyville, Pa.—Slaughtered by Burglars.

At Least $8,000 in Cash Taken.

WASHINGTON, Pa., May 15.—John Crouch, his wife and son, William, were found murdered in their country home, near Beatleyville, Washington county, Wednesday. Crouch was a man of 70. With his wife and bachelor son he lived a secluded life on one of the largest and finest farms in the state. The Crouches had the reputation of being miserly and wealthy and of keeping large sums of money in the house, which is isolated, the nearest neighbor being half a mile distant, and a murder could occur there in sunlight without attracting attention.

Clubbed to Death.

A farmer's boy, sent on an errand to the Crouch house, discovered the crime. The murder was evidently committed early in the evening by a party or party who made robbery. The three murdered persons had been clubbed to death, and a bloody bludgeon was found lying near the bodies of mother and son in the parlor.

An unexchanged pistol that the latter had evidently attempted to use was found lying near him. Old man Crouch was found in the hall. The men had fought desperately, as the broken furniture and blood stained walls showed. A secretary was broken open and $8,000 had been taken from it. No arrests have yet been made.

An unexchanged pistol that the latter

The news of the discovery spread like lightning, and within a remarkably short space of time the wildest excitement prevailed in the neighborhood. Searching parties were organized and the adjacent district was scoured in an effort to discover the perpetrators, but up to this hour no clew to them has been found. Copies of their whereabouts has been obtained.

THREE ARE DEAD.

Another Caisson Disaster Occurs at Louisville, Ky.

LOUISVILLE, May 15.—About 6 o'clock last evening while workmen were engaged in the construction of the upper part of a caisson used in the excavation work for pier foundations of the Louisville and Jeffersonville bridge, the caisson while being shifted in the strong midriver current broke from its mooring; the air chamber, fourteen feet below the surface, was filled with compressed air and when the hawsers parted the buoyancy of the submerged compartment of the 28-foot caisson caused it to suddenly turn over, carrying with it the scaffold and eighteen workmen.

The following were killed: C. P. Mitchell, of Kansas, city, second assistant superintendent of construction, impaled by an iron rod projecting from the side of the lower portion of the caisson; Charles Sanders, a carpenter, crushed between the caisson and a scaffolding support and Joseph Waldron colored laborer, drowned. The other fifteen workmen some of them were slightly injured, were rescued by boats.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Rvans. P. O. Box 1238. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MMF. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near ... 10-15tf

My $2.50 Shoe

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes or Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy high priced, cheap goods now by any means, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal on first principles and solicit your trade.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a full stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Frocess will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form." The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

IN LABOR'S WORLD.

The Malleable Iron Company's Men Return to Work—Other Strikes.

HAVERHILL, Mass., May 15.—The entire force of workmen at the mills of the Haverhill Paper company at Bradford, with the exception of four machine men, have struck for an increase of pay. The night men have been working twelve hours for $8.40 per week and the day men for $8.35, and $6 is asked for.

CHICAGO, May 15.—The strike at the Malleable iron company's works is practically over. Several hundred men have returned to work.

NEWARK, N. J., May 15.—Twenty-six hat sizers in the hat factory of Carl F. Beith have gone on strike for an increase of six cents a dozen.

PERAGUE, May 15.—The strike in this city continues to spread. The strikers are indulging in riotous proceedings, making necessary the constant patrol of the streets by troops in order that peace may be preserved.

They Captured a Whale.

FREEPORT, L. I., May 15.—Carman and Melvin Smith, of this place, while blue-fishing yesterday, ran across a large whale. It was lying on top of the water perfectly still, and when the Smiths drew nearer they found it was apparently suffering from a collision with a vessel. One of its sides was badly bruised and it made little resistance when they fastened a line to his mouth and began towing him to shore. After much difficulty they succeeded in landing him. Half the population turned out on the beach to view the whale. It was purchased at once by Mr. A. R. Rhodes, who killed it. It measured 38 feet 6 inches and weighed nearly five tons.

A Murder at Oklahoma City.

OKLAHOMA CITY, I. T., May 15.—Frank Ely shot and killed Henry Laborn five miles north of here. Ely and A. R. Laborn, Henry's brother, had had some difficulty as to who owned a stone quarry. The brothers had possession at the time. Ely and a brother-in-law had passed the house and W. R. Laborn came out and ordered them off the claim. A quarrel followed, and Henry came out of the house to quiet the disturbance, when Ely fired three shots, the second bullet entering Henry's heart, causing his death. Ely fled, but was captured.

Drowned in Sight of Friends.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., May 15.—The bodies of Russell Carpenter and Edward Rabbitean, who were drowned while driving logs at the headwaters of the Hudson, have been recovered. The two men attempted to cross the river in separate boats. Carpenter's boat capsized and Rabbitean, in trying to rescue him, capsized his own boat. Both men were drowned in sight of their friends.

THE BEE HIVE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF IMPANTY DRESSES, COATS AND LACE CAPS.

Children's short dresses, embroidered yoke, 25c. Children's short dresses, 2 rows Hamburg Insertion 40c; 7 other goods at 50, 75 and 1.00. Lace caps at 12, 18, 25 and 38c. Children's caps reduced to 69,1.00 and 1.25. Ladies' Taffeta gloves, regulars, 40c, good at 25c. Balbrigan hose regular made, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies' fast black hose seamless, 2 pairs for 25c. Ladies Swiss ribbed vests at 15c, 25c and 29c. Ladies gauze vests 25c.

Louis Callman,

49 FRONT WEST STREET.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR

WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel,

Frank Linke,

Established 1886.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Base Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

The Reformed Church Synod Meets.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—The tenth annual council of the New York and Philadelphia synod of the Reformed Episcopal church convened at the Church of the Redeemer, Bishop William R. Nicholson, presiding. The following officers were elected: Bishop, William R. Nicholson, D. D., bishop of synod and ex-officio president; vice president, W. W. Lathrop, Scranton; secretary, George W. Douglas, Newark, N. J.; treasurer, Thomas Meyer, Philadelphia. Standing committee—Rev. J. Howard Smith, D. D.; Rev. J. Eastburn Brown, Rev. G. Albert Radles, Horace F. Evans, Harry Godley, Philadelphia; William A. Hammer, New York. Finance committee—Bishop W. R. Nicholson, D. D.; Joseph K. Wheeler, Rev. H. S. Hoffmann, D. D.; William C. Sowers, Philadelphia; Frank S. Jones, Brooklyn. The report of the committee on state of synod showed: Sunday school scholars, 3,643; teachers and officers, 321; baptisms, 305; confirmations, 199; communicants, 3,947; expenses, $59,381; Sunday school offerings, $6,801; foreign missions, $831; total contributions, $80,033. The report of Charles M. Norton on the special synod trust showed the cash receipts, $5,025.71; expenses, $4,469.89.

Inventor Boyden's Estate.

NEWARK, N. J., May 15.—Wednesday was generally observed as a holiday in this city. The steamer South Boyden, the inventor, who was largely identified with the early prosperity of Newark, was unveiled in the afternoon in Washington park before a great concourse of people. After the usual presentation addresses ex-Chancellor Runyon delivered an oration on the life and services of Mr. Boyden. Prayers in the unveiling ceremonies there was a great parade, in which trades unions and labor organizations and many citizens took part.

"Fiddler" Smith Found Guilty.

NEWARK, N. J., May 15.—The jury in the case of James, alias "Fiddler" Smith, who has been on trial for a week charged with the murder of George Hastings, have returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. The punishment penalty is imprisonment for twenty years.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be generally fair and warmer.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

18 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect, May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.58, 8.00, 9.07, 10.07, 11.07 a. m., 12.07, 1.07, 2.07, 3.07, 4.07, 5.07, 6.07, 7.07, 8.07, 9.07, 10.07, 11.07 p. m. Express, 5.37, 5.54, 10.07 a. m., 12.07, 4.07, 6.07, 8.07 p. m. Sunday, 5.37, 8.00, 9.07, 10.07, 11.07 a. m., 12.07, 1.07, 2.07, 3.07, 4.07, 5.07, 6.07, 7.07, 8.07, 9.07, 10.07, 11.07 p. m. Express, 5.37, 10.07 a. m., 4.07 p. m.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Express, 8.30, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 8.00, 10.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Express, 8.30, 11.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.46, a. m., 12.20, 4.46, 5.46, 8.00, 10.30 p. m. Sundays at 5.45, 8.15 a. m., 5.00, 8.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.20, 6.50, 7.20, 8.00, 8.35, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 a. m., 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p. m. Sunday, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.46, a. m., 12.20, 4.46, 5.46, 8.00, 10.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15 a. m., 5.00, 8.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.46, a. m., 12.20, 4.46, 5.46, 8.00, 10.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15 a. m., 5.00, 8.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.46, 11.05, 12.20 p. m. Sunday 7.00 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.00, a. m. for Easton.

8.07, a. m. for Washington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 9.46 a. m., For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 12.20 p. m., For Flemington, Junction, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc., 4.46, 5.46, 8.00 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Dutton, Williamsport, Scranton, etc., 5.46 p. m. For Bangor, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 10.30 p. m. For Flemington, Junction, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. 7.00 a. m. for Easton, Bangor, Allentown and Intermediate stations at 5.45 p. m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; 8.07 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 4.05 p. m. for Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 5.46 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.20 a. m., 12.05, 4.35, 7.05 p. m. Sundays, 7.05 a. m., 4.35 p. m. Express, 7.20 a. m. For Freehold 9.37, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 3.31 5.37, 7.05 p. m. Sundays, 9.37 a. m., 5.37 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.07, 5.45, 8.30, 9.41, 10.58 a. m., 1.20, 2.45, 4.46, 5.56, 7.40 p. m. Sundays at 1.07 a. m., 4.46, 5.56 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.07, 3.45, 10.58 a. m., 2.45, 4.46, 5.56 p. m. Sundays at 1.07, 5.56 p. m., 8.47, 4.46, 5.56 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

A Vast Difference.

Spiggle—How did you come out in that enclosement case against you?

Spangle—Oh, I was discharged.

Spiggle—By the jury?

Spangle—*No; by my employer.*—Lawrence American.

The Difficulty.

Mamma—Oh, children! why can't you be good and stop quarreling all the time?

Jimmie—Well, ma, I want to be a blacksmith and Jennie an anvil, but every time I hit her she bollers.—New York Morning Journal.

Looking for Number Two.

Shoe Dealer (to young widow, who is hauling over a pile of ladies' slippers)—Are you looking for number two, ma'm?

Young Widow (disdainfully)—Yes, sir. Are you an unmarried man?—Burlington Free Press.

An Exchange.

One day in an excess of folly,
The date I have reason to note,
To take for a valentine dear Molly
I "spouted" my spring overcoat.

The sleigh bells they merrily jingled,
The air was as sparkling as wine,
My Molly's cheek blushingly tingled,
Her appetite too was divine.

A nice little tete-a-tete dinner,
The cost I neglected to note
Till after, and, as I'm a sinner,
We ate up that spring overcoat.

I wear a fur coat now—annoying?—
I feel like an alien gent,
A self furnished bath I've enjoying,
For want of my spring overcoat.

I'll take this fur garment and "pop" it.
(The words of mine uncle I quote,)
"I fond of you coldings in Europe, he said,
Mit you for dos Sterling overcoat."
—Winnipeg Sittings.

She Wants the Silver Men Pressed.

LONDON, May 15.—Mr. Henry Chaplin, *president of the board of agriculture, in a* speech at the dinner of the Bankers' association, said that he earnestly desired the passage of the American silver bill. Unless ultimately the action of America be followed by those coinciding in Europe, he said, a further fall in prices would ensue, with its accompanying evils.

A Fatal Quarrel.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., May 15.—Near Star lake, in the Adirondacks, Henry Farney shot and instantly killed William Montcleff. They were neighbors and had an angry dispute, which led to the murder.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Most Corn Killer on Earth; removes them entirely. Use only as directed. Three applications, to prove, sufficient for ordinary feet. Sold by druggists, 15c. Sent by mail, 20c. Stamps taken. Sold on Lucky Scatter-Corn. At druggists, or by mail. W. T. SHEPPARD & CO., Cleveland, O.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

E. S. CRANE'S,

Hatter and ... outfitter, 12 Park Aven

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HEILWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East *Fifth* street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand, Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 139.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:30, 9:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 4:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:50 a. m., and 5:30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., close 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8:30 a. m. Close open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of box rooms.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will procure same for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

Miscellaneous Cards.

BARGAINS in wagons, carts, turnumers, pouws, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Revis Iron wagon. John F. Wolff, Race street North Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase.

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc,

27 1-2 West Front street.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Simmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front street place. P. O. Box 942.

James H. Pope

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. B Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Long covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 81 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 86 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 18 Third street, corner New Sweryining constantly on hand. Telephone always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET

and 23 Park avenue.

P. O. Box 329.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 23.

TUNIS J. CAREY

61 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture, repaired with neatness and dispatch.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

…ssome, and on the Father's

…d, the weary is at rest.

…e behind, behind the sweet

…d dinned on many a hard

…bace, the garden of delight,
…he diadem, the glory ever

…d him, "mid heaven's hal-

…e lifting up the triumphs

One, the infinite I Am,
…the fallen! Salvation to the

…m's race, through Jesus'

…e, hath reached the goal,
…in the fight.
…e welcomes thee! Join in

…our song, salvation to the

…e glory, the living cloud of

…ssome beaming on his sight;
…r hosts, the hosts of living

…ntles and pilgrimage below,

…weakness, in suffering and

…freshness of heaven's im-

…turing bliss, to wander hand

…rs of the safe and sinless

…pture of those to whom 'tis

…ds on earth amid the bliss

…e holy tame, who for our

…ts bitter pains such pleas-

—Advance.

WHO WHINE.

…Make Life an Intoler-
…e to Husbands.

…thing I am profoundly
…ful I have not to my poor
…e whines. If I had, I
…d some time be num-
…who have mysteriously
…ve never been heard of
…small amount of good
…t of being able to adapt
…he circumstances of his
…hining woman. I know
…s, and her husband has
…patsby—poor fellow! If
…ristine because he sun
…the sun shines, she
…doesn't rain. If she is
…because she isn't well;
…she whines because she
…. She has one of those
…ose peculiarly exasper-
…ne-a voice that would
…deeds of desperation.
…ouse one day—whining.
…t season's all over with
…man half I wanted to.
…t out about it. I'm so
…I never get to do half I
…I. Just sit down and
…a dreadful cold; seems to
…e something or other.
…ubles children are, any-
…d I've all through those
…s! And I've hardly be-
…e as I'll ever get it fin-
…e!' What a handsome
…d. I'd like to see like it,
…ow we can get anything
…ary's business is so poor.
…h all this time. There's
…and worry in this world,
…dear me!'
…men of how she goes on
…e. That's what her hus-
…to at night. That is what
…d day out at his table.
…ring in the poor fellow's
…depressing and dishear-
…taking from him all the
…of life.
…ank president who pos-
…have men in positions of
…k whose home life was
…ppy. He regarded such
…e temptation, and
…thinking that he was cer-
…ate of the dangers sur-
…nan.
…not tell me that the wo-
…rite cannot help whining,
…tional failing or a ten-
…ch she has no power to
…lieve it. She is a perfectly
…s woman, and she simply
…-to come to a realizing
…owes to herself, her hus-
…n and society in general.
Good Housekeeping.

Are Cuter Kissers.

…as a general thing, have
…e far as kissing a man is
…se they have to reach up.
…sentlemen putting a hand
…, and the human repre-
…Newfoundland dog is
…ool because he thinks the
…s him so much. The wo-
…reach up to a man can al-
…. Her size acquits her of
…e certain to regard her as
…, and never see her Machi-
…for ruling him. Look at
…s little. Hetor of Troy
…the shoulders of the man
…d in later days Catherine
Mary Stuart were both
r small.—Cor. New York

Ill Surpass Boys.

…or, of Vassar College, is
men who are chivalrous
…oman her just dose. If
…an simple opportunity to
…and capability of girl ser-
…ns of a woman's college
…e result of that study
…conviction that "if boys
…ened together in the same
…ly the same chances and
…e girls would not only
…t would surpass the boys
…of equal brain ability, but
…perior application on the
…ris will, as a rule, devote
…udy while boys are frol-

Therapeutic Agent.

…erapeutic agent is highly
…dical men. It cures al-
…on toothache to gout and
…is described in this man-
…oil, one pint; nitric acid.
…Allow it to stand for a
…f the supernatant oil. R
…n the heat like coal oil.—
…mercial Advertiser.

…uld be hemmed by hand.
…look more dainty, but
…streak of dirt under the
…laundered as with machine

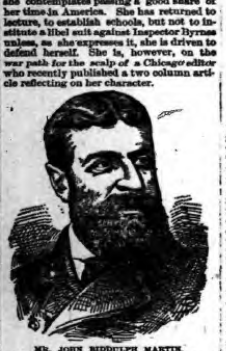
Now They Have Wealthy Husbands and One Wears a Title—Their Present Mission to Amer'a—Mrs. Martin's Well Informed Daughter.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

"I was the first person to advocate turning prisons and penitentiaries into great reformatory workshops, and I was the first person to advocate the night work system for workingmen, but these facts have been lost sight of for many years."

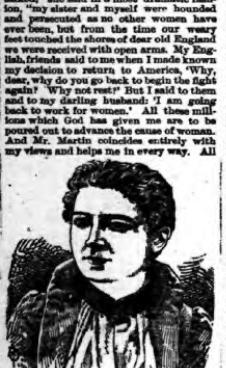
VICTORIA C. WOODHULL.
(Mrs. John Biddulph Martin.)

The speaker was Mrs. John Biddulph Martin, of London, formerly Mrs. Victoria Claflin Woodhull, of Wall street fame. We were sitting in the drawing room of her house on West Seventieth street, New York city, for Mr. Martin has purchased and furnished this house for his wife, as he contemplates passing a good share of her time in America. She has returned to lecture, to establish schools, but not to institute a libel suit against Inspector Byrnes unless, as she expresses it, she is driven to defend herself. She is, however, on the *war path for the scalp of a Chicago editor* who recently published a two column article reflecting on her character.



MR. JOHN BIDDULPH MARTIN.

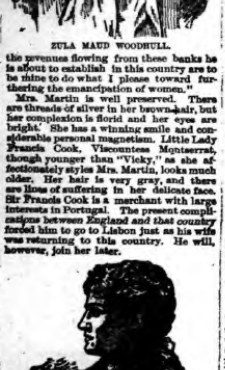
"For doing what other women have talked," she said in a most dramatic fashion, "my mother and myself were hounded and persecuted as no other women have ever been, but from the time our weary feet touched the shores of dear old England we were received with open arms. My English friends said to me when I made known my decision to return to America, 'Why, dear, why do you go back to begin the fight again? Why not rest?' But I said to them and to my darling husband: 'I am going back to work for women.' All these millions which God has given me to be poured out to advance the cause of woman. And Mr. Martin coincides entirely with my views and helps me in every way. All



ZULA MAUD WOODHULL.

the revenues flowing from these banks he is about to establish in this country are to be mine to do what I please toward furthering the emancipation of women."

Mrs. Martin is well preserved. There are threads of silver in her brown hair, but her complexion is florid and her eyes are bright. She has a winning smile and considerable personal magnetism. Little Lady Francis Cook, Viscountess Montserrat, though younger than "Vicky," as she affectionately styles Mrs. Martin, looks much older. Her hair is very gray, and there are lines of suffering in her delicate face. Sir Francis Cook is a merchant with large interests in Portugal. The present complications between England and that country forced him to go to Lisbon just as his wife was returning to this country. He will, however, join her later.



TENNESSEE C. CLAFLIN.
(Lady Cook, Viscountess Montserrat.)

Mr. Martin is a tall, rather good looking Englishman, the head of Martin's bank, of London. He is also a well known philanthropist.

Miss Zula Maud Woodhull is a very young woman. Instead of saying "See par," or "Dearest, I am thine," this remarkable heroine proceeds to put that young man through a catechism calculated to make his hair turn gray and in which he is decidedly worsted. Here is a quotation: "True love is the only power which has no self-interest. * * * It is the divinest factor in our nature. Love should never be desecrated. It cannot be bought, it can only be won. The human soul is always hungry for love. It is based upon it and cannot live without it. * * * Where love dwells the abode is heaven; where it is not there is all any human being will ever know of hell."

Mrs. Martin has preserved all the scathing press attacks and caricatures of herself and sister. Indeed, one of the most considerable objects in her pleasant drawing room is the cartoon published in a prominent New York paper, a fac-simile of which is herewith given. This cartoon is handsomely framed, stands on an ebony easel and is draped with a white silk mull scarf.

"I shall lecture on a unique subject," said Mrs. Martin, "and the title will be 'O Marriage! How Many Sins Are Committed in Thy Name,' in which I shall speak plainly upon many vital questions touching love and matrimony. The false modesty with regard to the discussion of

SIR FRANCIS COOK.

love and its consequences is deplorable. Society has decided that interchange of thought on this question is indelicate. Then there is the absurd belief that ignorance is purity and that girls should know nothing of marriage. In society there are artifices of every sort to hide physical and moral defects. *In the home life the true* nature unfolds itself, but how little is discovered till after marriage. Ah! then comes the awakening. Too often does a woman choose a man from a handsome exterior, or, sadder still, she marries for a home."

"Or worse yet," broke in her ladyship, "she sells herself for a title. I was invited to a grand ball the night after I sang since in London, where a beautiful, graceful American girl deliberately sold herself to a nasty, low, dirty ruffian for his title, and I wouldn't go. I wouldn't stand by and witness it."

"Tennie," said Victoria, lifting a reproving finger, and the viscountess subsided, while her sister went on:

"Alas! What has not society to answer for? The voiceless misery, breaking hearts. And custom has so twisted and misrepresented every great thought that mankind scarcely knows what is truth and what is error. The weakness and cowardice of a fair spread desolation throughout the land. We see people cursed today with hereditary diseases, brutish passions and criminal instincts. What need to talk to man of his soul, when body and mind are torn by inherited disease until reason totters? The belief of the future will be founded on the great truth that the human body is a temple, and will awaken mankind to the awful responsibility of parentage. This temple has been so brutalized that one can scarcely call it human. Is it the masterpiece of God that is dragged in opium dens? That fills hotbeds of infamy? That crowds the prisoners' docks? The ignorance which surrounds the great problems involved must be dispelled."

Mrs. Martin is an interesting talker, but the fun begins when her ladyship takes a hand. She flies from one subject to another; she interrupts her dignified sister in the midst of her earliest sentences, and her Wall street reminiscences are very entertaining and ludicrous.

"You may use this incident," she rattled; "when we first went in Broad street, there came one day a little woman to ask us to negotiate the sale of some bonds. Well, I put on my bonnet and walked up the street with her to the bank. When I got back you should have heard the hue and cry that was raised by our broker friends. 'Tennie Claflin, you're ruined! Do you know who that was with you?' 'No,' I coolly answered. 'Why, she's ——, a notorious woman.' Well, I calmly said, 'if you all know so much about her, you must be as bad as she is. I shall take care how I am seen with you in the future.'"

EDITH SESSIONS TUPPER.

It was stated recently in certain New York papers, on the authority of Mrs. Martin, that Inspector Byrnes had retracted the damaging allegations made over his signature in a newspaper article some months ago regarding Lady Cook and Mrs. Martin, and that he had supplemented his retraction with an apology. This Inspector Byrnes emphatically denies, and says he is ready for any suit that may be brought. Mrs. Martin is now reported to be much annoyed, but is said to have stated that she will not bring any suit, preferring to leave her reputation in the hands of the newspapers.

A Muscle Dressing Drug.

Kola is the name of a new drug said to possess great powers as a muscle bracer. It is in general use by the amateur climbers who flock to Switzerland each summer. They find that when sufficiently dosed with kola they can "do" a mountain without experiencing fatigue.

An Indefatigable Reader.

A London bookseller says that William E. Gladstone is the most indefatigable reader in England. Everything that comes to his net is fish. He is not a rich man, yet he spends large sums of money for books.

THE WALL STREET HIPPODROME

HOW TO REMAIN A SILENT PARTNER IN WALL STREET.
(A caricature published in 1870.)

LITERARY LIGHTS.

Rudyard Kipling, the new literary light in the London sky, is a young man of 25. His poem, "They're Hanging Danny Deever in the Morning," which has name such a sensation, is a British army lyric.

The late Armand Augustin de Pontmartin was for years the oldest contributor to The Gazette de France, the oldest newspaper in Paris. *He had been associated with Sainte-*Beuve, Blanche, Balzac, George Sand and Zola.

Marion Crawford has been awarded a prize of 1,000 francs by the French academy as an acknowledgment of the merit of his novels, and especially of two of them, "Zoroaster" and "Marzio's Crucifix," which were written in French as well as in English.

In his new story Count Tolstoi has depicted the conditions of some of the most somber and disquieting problems of married life, and has done so with that vivid, that terribly earnest realism which Matthew Arnold described as like life rather than literature.

Emile Zola figures on the ledger of the Paris publisher Charpentier for 1,061,000 volumes sold up to the end of last year. Zola receives 20,000 francs for each serial reproduction of one of his novels, and this brings him in very large sums in a year. The regret that he spends more than he earns is absurd. He has carefully saved money for years.

Mr. Flower, editor of The Arena, is a tallish man of strong build and erect and nervous carriage. A well proportioned head crowned with a shock of bushy dark hair, a full face illuminated by a pair of brilliant and magnetic brown eyes, a briefly moustached, square chin, and an air indicative of intellectual power are the distinguishing points of his physiognomy.

In a large, roomy, old fashioned house of two stories and a half, with a broad gallery in front, on a beautiful plantation in the suburbs of Tuskaloosa, lives Samuel Minturn Peck, the young poet of Alabama. He is very fond of furniture and gives much attention to it. Mr. Peck is unmarried and lives alone on this estate, save for the presence of some old family servants.

Benjamin L. Farjeon, the novelist, is a dark faced, piercing eyed, intensely intelligent looking man of genial manner and Jewish extraction. He began life as a journalist in *New Zealand, where he became proprietor of* a newspaper; but having received a friendly letter of encouragement from Charles Dickens, cast the cares of editorship to the winds, and returned to England, since when he has turned out some twenty novels.

FOWL DISEASE REMEDIES.

Catarrh readily yields to a few applications of chlorinated soda, injected into the nostrils.

Apoplexy generally cures itself by killing the bird before the poulterer knows of the attack.

Lice on chickens may be destroyed by greasing chicks and hens on the heads and under their wings with lard or sweet oil.

Gapes are readily relieved by spirits of turpentine put in the trachea, on the tip of a feather. One or two drops will destroy the worms.

Chicken cholera may be very often prevented by thorough cleanliness, variety of diet, free range and fresh water strongly impregnated with alum.

Dysentery should be treated with liberal doses of salts. Feed on dry food, giving but small quantities of drinking water, liberally impregnated with alum.

The following is a remedy for roup: One heaping teaspoonful of black pepper, one great spoonful of molasses, half a cup of sweet milk, well shaken in a bottle, and given in two teaspoonful doses.—American Poultry Yard.

A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. *PIANOS REPAIRED IN* THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street.

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.
Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.
GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8
Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, and wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. *Best step ladders, 85 cents each.*

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

READY FOR BUSINESS
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.
THEY LOOK FINE.
And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S
NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

$1 **40c** **$1.40**
The "Flannel Shirt" and the "girl of the period" are very important adjuncts to our great republic at the present era. In fact the world would scarcely move at all if public attention should be withdrawn from them. **50c** **75c**
Realizing this great fact we have supplied an immense stock of these goods, not the girls, but shirts, blouses, and waists for ladies, gents, boys and girls in great variety and are offering them at our usual popular LOW PRICES. *New parasols, new dress goods, new* gloves, etc. All the latest styles in our line can be had at **2.50** **$2.75**
Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.
$1.50 **$1.75** **$2 25**

ALL THE LATEST
STYLES OF
SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT
WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.
Ready for Inspection Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

WE WILL HOLD
The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.
ROGERS BROS.,
Successors to D. F. Randolph,
12 WEST FRONT STREET.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made
Furniture Express
31 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 666. Telephone call 30.

1890. FURNITURE STORE POWLISON & JONES. 34 West Front St.

MUSIC HALL
Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Feather Bleaching and Framing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTROTIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wounds, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Consumption, Neuralgia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for ladies. 32 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR
TINWORK
FOR ENAMELED and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue.
24 and 26 Stores. Est. 1870.

Wm. A. Woodruff.
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. 64 Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph
Park avenue, W. S. SLITER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, MAY 16 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

"THE MESSIAH."

AS RENDERED BY THE PLAINFIELD CHORAL SOCIETY

As Music Hall Last Evening.—A Large Audience Present, and All Praise the Concert as the Grandest of the Season.

By far the most fashionable and almost the largest audience that has ever graced Music Hall gathered there last evening to hear the rendition of the magnificent "Oratorio of the Messiah," by the Plainfield Choral Society.

Everything seemed propitious. The day had been stormy but toward night cleared up, and the carriages after carriages deposited its fashionable burden at the entrance to the Hall it was evident that a splendid audience was to enjoy the grand musical treat announced. The audience gathered was composed entirely of people of culture and refinement, and it must be a severe and true music that would win their applause.

The foreign talent that assisted were Mrs. Gerrit Smith, soprano; Miss Marion S. Weed, contralto; Mr. C. H. Clark, tenor, and Mr. J. G. Dempsey, bass. Miss Woolf's abilities are well known to Plainfielders, and she fully sustained her reputation last evening. The others were strangers, but their delivery of their various parts was in keeping with the event of the evening. They were by far the best of the numerous amiable talent that the Choral Society has brought before its audience. Mr. E. J. Fitzhugh was the musical conductor. The orchestra was from the New York Philharmonic Society and were all well trained musicians.

A novel and truly striking feature of the evening was the printed request on the programmes that the audience arise and remain standing standing during the singing of the last chorus of the second act. This is the chorus:

"Hallelujah: for the Lord God Omnipotent reigneth.
The Kingdom of this world is become the kingdom of our Lord, and of
His Christ; and He shall reign for ever and ever.
King of Kings, and Lord of Lords. Hallelujah!"

The entire audience arose and remained standing as requested. At the conclusion of the chorus, which was sung by all the vocalists, the applause that burst forth was most enthusiastic.

The Society's last concert of the season was also their best, and fittingly brought the series to a close.

The Board of Managers is composed of the following gentlemen:

President, Wm. Wallace Howland; Vice-President, Charles W. McCutchen; Secretary, Rufus Runyon; Treasurer, H. Otis Newman; Librarian, L. H. Bigelow, Jr.; Assistant Librarian, Nelson Y. Hull.

On the Music Committee are Messrs. Henry A. Allen, Daniel B. Davis and Charles W. McCutchen.

The subscribing members are E. R. Ackerman, C. F. Abbot, J. W. Anthony, J. M. Bateman, Mrs. A. C. Baldwin, W. T. Broadway, Chas. W. Beebe, A. R. Beers, A. Bartram, Mrs. C. T. B. Brooks, T. S. Bond, F. Bushnell, J. Bushnell, Mrs. E. S. Brown, C. G. Crawford, C. W. Case, G. A. Chapman, F. A. Church, S. A. Glima, A. J. Garrot, C. P. Hazen, W. W. Howland, C. E. Hazen, R. A. Hegeman, C. W. Hillman, Mrs. Wm. P. Hubbard, H. D. Hodges, Miss Annie Hasbrouck, H. D. Janes, J. W. Jackson, C. L. Jenkins, M. D., J. Kirkner, C. T. Kimme, S. F. Kimball, W. T. Kaufman, Mrs. F. Knowland, A. S. Patterson, Chas. Potter, Jr., Mrs. W. W. Howland, C. E. Pierce, G. D. Patten, W. S. Post, G. Q. Packer, J. W. Perry, R. C. Pease, J. E. Raymond, Wm. Rockwell, C. P. Ross, T. Rushmore, J. D. Runyon, E. St. John, A. D. Shepard, Hermann Simmonds, L. W. Sherwood, W. L. Sherman, A. T. Stanley, H. K. Carroll, J. T. Closson, James Clark, A. D. Cook, Rowland Cox, A. G. Conant, A. M. Duxbury, J. B. Dumont, Geo. P. Dupee, R. M. Day, H. E. Dubois, R. N. Erickson, P. W. Field, H. D. French, Mrs. Fanny G. Foster, W. Foke, W. A. Prevaal, A. M. Foote, Mrs. P. M. French, A. M. Griffen, Rev. Robert Lowry, L. N. Lovell, O. B. Leonard, H. H. Ladd, Jr., J. Lanagan, H. B. Munger, R. S. Miller, Chas. Matthews, J. K. Myers, Jas. McGee, H. A. McGee, W. M. McGee, L. L. Miller, D. M. Mead, C. W. Murray, E. L. Milliken, S. St. John, McCutchen, H. R. Newbull, D. W. Pond, B. J. Phreve, Mrs. J. C. Sutphen, Geo. B. Schoonmaker, P. M. Smith, D. E. Titsworth, Morgan B. Taylor, J. M. Titsworth, S. Townley, Wm. Thompson, C. W. Torbell, A. L. Titsworth, H. A. Thorne, A. Vanderbeek, Fred. K. Valentine, E. J. Waring, J. M. Whitco, Jno. Weir, S. Williams, J. W. Yates.

The active members are: Soprano—Mrs. R. J. Waring, Mrs. Alex Collier, Mrs. D. E. Davis, Mrs. G. E. Sullivan, Mrs. W. L. Saunders, Mrs. C. H. Dunham, Mrs. J. S. Cutler, Mrs. H. A. McGee, Mrs. S. A. Mumford, Mrs. Nelson Runyon, Mrs. S. I. Mitchell, Mrs. R. C. Pease, Mrs. Mgr. H. Richards, Mrs. H. K. King, Misses Augusta Robinson, Minnie Sharp, C. B. Morgan, Alice Smith, Anna O. Marsh, Carrie Fisher, Kate E. Bigbow, R. M. Waters, Addie Runyon, Laura E. Runyon, Kate Stiles, Elma H. Runyon, Gertrude Sharp, A. Green, Lillian Bowman, Hattie F. Barnett, Laura F. Baker, Bessie Morgan, Addie McGee, Josephine Potris, Susie Jackson, Emma Thompson, Florence O. Stevens, Alice Holmes.

Alto—Mrs. E. H. Bird, Mrs. Nelson Y. Hull, Mrs. Robert Lowry, Mrs. Charles Steiner, Mrs. F. A. Dunham, Mrs. L. H. Bigelow, Jr., Mrs. L. M. French, Mrs. Powell, Mrs. E. L. Bird, Misses Augusta Runyon, Emma P. McGee, Jessie Dunstreet, S. R. Gano, Mary Ackerman, Mary M. Berg, Annie Ulm, Minnie Sutphen, Annie Lamb, Annie Hasbrouck, Beth M. Thompson, Julia J. Ketchum, Carrie C. Dowey, Eleanor Demarest, Clara O. Dunn, M. Lillian Newman, M. C. Smith, Susie Gilbert, C. F. Davis, Nettie O. Mattison, Mrs. C. H. Clark.

Tenors—Messrs. W. R. Cash, S. I. Mitchell, S. St. J. McCutchen, D. J. Randall, J. L. Duckworth, Harry C. Runyon, Nelson Runyon, Geo. T. Rogers, D. E. Davis, C. W. McCutchen, J. O. Stevens, John P. Thompson, C. E. Horne, J. F. Berg, Geo. O. Stevens, T. F. Hazel, Elmer E. Runyon, Edw. B. Ryder.

Bass—Messrs. Henry A. McGee, B. T. Barnes, R. J. Shaw, F. S. Runyon, Alfred Holmes, L. B. Goodrich, D. A. Bowman, Fletcher D. Hallock, H. O. Newman, W. W. Howland, Walter McGee, Fred. B. Newman, Robert Gerton, Frank S. Smith, Nelson Y. Hull, John S. Petrie, W. R. Richards, J. B. Bonnell, Arthur L. Titsworth, Arthur Freeman, L. H. Bigbow, Jr.

JOTTINGS.

—The Somerset Unionist Gazette says that a new railroad station for Somerville is now an assured fact.

—The Rev. Giles F. Stebbins will preach at the Unitarian church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday next.

—To-morrow afternoon the "Less" of Brooklyn will cross bats with the Crescents of this city in a game of base ball.

—The Epworth League will hold its regular bi-monthly reception in Wissler chapel this evening. An interesting programme has been arranged.

—A carrier pigeon belonging to Mr. Richard Stevens of this city flew into the window of the New Brunswick National Bank Thursday. The bird was caught.

—The beautiful ivory gavel presented to Director Sharpenstein as reported in THE NEWS several days ago, is now on exhibition in the show window at Reynolds's pharmacy.

—Inspecting Officer Henry C. Drake of Windle d Scott Post No 73, G. A. R., of this city, went to Somerville last night and inspected Wadsworth Post G. A. R., of that place.

—Hunterdonne Lodge No. 118, Independent Order of Red Men will celebrate its first anniversary in Reform Hall this evening at eight o'clock. Admission to which will be by invitation.

—The Grovers' Association have a new assignment to-day, and to-morrow will have the new sweet potatoes, new potatoes, squash, peas, asparagus, rhubarb and radishes advertised on sale.

—Harry Scully of West Sixth street, while working at the Pond Machine Tool Works Wednesday, caught the third finger of his left hand in the machinery and badly crushed it. A physician dressed the wound.

—Eagles Company No. 2, took their apparatus out for a "wash" last evening. The steamer was located on the well at the corner of Fifth and Richmond streets and after a thorough test it was found to be in good working order.

A $650 FIRE.

A Report That the Hospital was Afire.

A report that the Muhlenberg Hospital was afire at about ten o'clock this morning caused considerable excitement on the streets of the city. The violent ringing of the fire bell did much toward confirming the report. The fire department responded promptly but owing to the heavy roads leading to the fire well at the corner of South Second street and Muhlenberg place, the engines did not make very fast time. When the firemen did arrive at the place, it was ascertained that it was not the hospital that was afire, but a small barn and a half story frame barn directly opposite. The firemen lost no time in getting to work, however, but the barn was a mere shell and it was a enveloped in flames in a very few minutes. Then, too, the work of extinguishing the flames was retarded by bursting hose. The members of the department did good work in saving adjoining property.

The building belonged to Dennis Kilb ride, a hackman, and was used as a stable for his horses and also a wagon shed. It contained one park phaeton, several sets of harness and some grain at the time it caught fire. All of these articles were consumed. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Mr. Kilbride estimates his loss at about $650. The building was insured for $250. There is no insurance on the contents.

Arrested for Drunkenness.

Charles Williams, a well-known character of this city, was last evening arrested by Policeman Lynch for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Williams started in early yesterday morning and began to fill up with Jersey lightning and before night he was hilariously drunk. He had himself in Fruden's alley, where he was vociferously abusing the inmates of one of the houses, when the officer appeared upon the scene. Warden Dodd will not be at all surprised to see Williams' features when they appear at the jail door, as that individual has been sent to the County jail about twenty-five times for terms ranging from ten to ninety days.

Williams was arraigned before City Judge Conlogue this morning and sent to the County jail for sixty days. He will not be out in time to assist in the Fourth of July celebration.

Somerset County Freeholders.

The following members compose Somerset county's Board of Chosen Freeholders:

Bedminster—G. W. Ballantine.
Bernards—Aaron Dilley.
Branchburg—John N. Yawger.
Bridgewater—H. Rockfellow.
Franklin—John C. Staats.
Hillsborough—John S. Everitt.
Montgomery—M. Vreeland.
North Plainfield Borough—W. B. Jones.
North Plainfield Township—Geo. Bullman.
Warren—Israel Adams.

The Train Jumper Discharged.

Michael Haddock, the man who was arrested Wednesday afternoon by Special Policeman Hope for stealing a ride on a freight train was arraigned before City Judge Codlington for the second time this morning. On the previous occasion he told the Judge that the business had given him a disposition to ride and he was reminded to the jail until the police could investigate the matter. When he was arraigned this morning Judge Codlington concluded that he had been sufficiently punished and discharged him.

THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY.

Celebrated by the Y.P.S.C.E. of Warren Mission Last Night.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel celebrated its second anniversary last evening. At eight o'clock, the hour set for the exercises to commence, the chapel was crowded by the members and friends of the society, and those who attended were not disappointed. The exercises were of a high order.

Councilman M. Marvin Dunham, the president of the society, acted as chairman for the evening, and the exercises began by the singing of the hymn entitled "Onward Christian Soldiers;" this was followed by a hymn entitled "Gather Them In." Scripture reading and prayer was followed by the hymn, "Behold, the Fields are White."

Mr. D. W. Pease, the superintendent of the Sunday-school, then read the report of the secretary and treasurer, which showed the society to be in a flourishing condition. This bit-monthly reception in Wissler chapel this evening. An interesting programme has been arranged.

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ASCENSION DAY SERVICES.

The Knights Templar at Grace Church in This City

Trinity Commandery, No. 17, Knights Templar of this city, together with Coeur De Lion Commandery, No. 8, Knights Templar of New Brunswick, and St. John's Commandery, No. 9, K. of T., of Elizabeth attended Ascension Day services at Grace Church in a body last evening. Previous to going to the church the local Commandery paraded from their rooms on West Front street to the depot, where they were joined by the visitors. The Sir Knights in full dress uniform then proceeded to the church in a body. A large congregation had already gathered at the church, and when the Knights entered the edifice the admiration could be heard on all sides. They were a fine looking body of men. The order of services was as follows:

1. Hymn—"In Hoc Signo Vinces" all standing
2. Scripture Lesson.
3. The Lord's Prayer, in which all joined.
4. 10th Selection of Psalm. "Cantate Domino" "Gloria Patri" and "Laudate Dominum."
5. "Gloria in Excelsis."
6. The First Lesson, during which all were seated. "Cantate Domino."
7. The Second Session. (all seated.) "Benedic Anima Mea."
8. "The Apostle's Creed."
9. Collect and Prayers, hymn 434, "All Hail the Power of Jesus Name."
10. Address by the Rev. A. B. Jenning, Rector of St. Paul's church, Sing Sing, N. Y.
11. Offertory Anthem.
12. Offertory Anthem.
13. Prayers and Benediction.
14. Hymn, Immanuel.

The services were very impressive throughout and held the close attention of the congregation.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the Knights again formed in line and marched to the City Hotel where they sat down to a banquet which had been prepared by Boniface Beerbower.

BICYCLE AND WAGON COLLIDE.

An Observer Gives His Views on the Subject.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Wednesday evening about 6:30 o'clock, while crossing Washington avenue at Front street, I heard the noise of a collision just behind me. Looking around I saw a young man and a bicycle almost under the wheels of a wagon belonging to H. Haurand of No. 27 Plainfield avenue, from the position of the wagon it was evident the driver was crowding the left hand side of the street, not giving the wheelman room to pass. Whether it was intentionalor not on his part, to run the cyclist down, I cannot say, but the young man whose name is Robert Loughlin was thrown, striking his head against the dashboard of the wagon, in a way that might have fractured his skull besides severely bruising him about the body. My first thought when I saw the young man on the ground was that the wheel had passed over the upper part of his body and that he was fatally hurt.

I think I can sympathize with an injured cyclist or any one that has ever ridden a wheel, and while these feats of rowdyism are not as frequent to-day as they were a few years ago they still occur, and people who cannot appreciate that the wheelman has as much right to the road as they have, but will criminally do injury, should be punished to the full extent of the law, and I for one will stand by the wheelman and see that justice is done.

Yours truly,
L. W. BENNELL.

—Wetumpka Lodge 3401 held a meeting last evening and initiated six new members. Nine holding over and ten proposed. Present membership 103.

What a Gila Monster Is.

Walter Lenox Vail, a well-known Jerseyman, whose father lives in Plainfield, was riding over one of his ranches in Prince county recently when he found a Gila Monster, a reptile of the lizard family, peculiar to Arizona. He shot it and supposing it dead threw it from the saddle at his back. The reptile soon seized one of his fingers and help was required to loose its hold. Mr. Vail bound up the injured finger above the wound, cut it open with his knife and poured in carbolic acid. After a wild ride of twenty miles the railroad station was reached. His physician accompanied him by rail to Tucson. For hours Mr. Vail suffered agonies and his condition was critical, but his prompt action in attacking the poison, and his physician's skill saved his life.

An account of the above accident to Mr. Vail was published in THE NEWS several days ago. At the time very few, if any, Plainfielders know just what a "Gila Monster" was. The following description of a "Gila Monster" written by Mr. John A. Spring, will be of interest in this connection.

"The Gila Monster (Heloderma horridum) which lives in the valleys and sandy plains of Arizona and Sonora is called by the Mexicans "escorpion" i. e. "Spitter" from the verb "escupir,"—to spit. It has been the subject of numerous probable and improbable stories. The lizard—for such it evidently is—varies in length from fifteen to thirty inches and has a heavy rounded body which touches the ground when the animal creeps along, unless enraged, when it assumes a more erect position and moves more quickly. In coloring it is like that of a rattlesnake, black figuring on yellow, the entire body being apparently scaley, thought in reality the whole skin is composed of small round pebbles closely joined together like an embroidery work of beads. It is the only one of the lizard family that is extremely venomous. Mr. Spring then relates at length his personal experience with the Gila Monster, of its wonderful vitality, tenacity of life, and adds some of the tales related of it. He further says "the two first teeth of the upper jaw are slightly bent or arched and it is with these they take such a fearful hold on their victims."

Dunham Harm.

The New York Tribune's Elizabeth correspondent seems to have a grudge against Mr. F. A. Dunham, the county engineer in charge of the improvement of the Union county roads. It appears that there is an Elizabeth engineer who was an unsuccessful candidate for the position occupied by Mr. Dunham, and who does not seem to have ever built a public road except in theory. This engineer is supposed to be at the bottom of these attacks and to have instigated the correspondent into making the grossest of misrepresentations, calculated not only to injure Mr. Dunham's professional reputation, but also the reputation of the Union county roads, now in process of construction. Mr. Dunham's reputation is too firmly established in this vicinity whape it is best known to be effected by such attacks even where the animus for them is not known, and the county roads built by him will be praised by those who will have occasion to use them long after his traducers have passed away, and do not make even a ripple on the ocean of memory. Mr. Dunham has been served yed because the attacks were so utterly unjust and devoid of foundation. But that ought not to worry him. The time to worry is when the reports have some foundation. And if they had one-tenth as good foundation as his excellent roads he might have reason to even quake and grow pale.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Jacob Gulick of Plainfield, spent Sunday with friends in town.—Clinton Democrat.

Mrs. John Stiles and son of Clinton, Ill., are visiting the Misses Pangborn of West Fifth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Coe of New York are visiting at the residence of Mr. John Taylor Johnson on East Front street.

The family of Mr. John Taylor Johnston have returned to their beautiful residence on East Front street after spending the Winter in New York.

Winfield Philper, one of the engineers at the electric light works in this city slightly burned one of his fingers on the switch board at that place last night.

John W. Foster, of Summit, N. J., and formerly a resident of this city, was struck and instantly killed by a train near Dover early Wednesday morning.

Mr. Howard Teal, for a long time past the assistant agent at the depot in this city, yesterday severed his connection with the railroad company in order to accept a more lucrative position in Denver, Colorado.

At the home of the bride's uncle in Trenton yesterday afternoon occurred the marriage of Mr. Charles Dunham formerly of this city and Miss Etta Hutchinson of Trenton. The Rev. Mr. White performed the ceremony. Among the guests present was Mr. David Dunavan of this city.

The gold watch which was won by Mr Thomas Gallaher, the popular Pennsylvania Railroad conductor, in the recent New York World contest, was formerally presented to him in the Opera House at New Brunswick. *Senator Abrain presided at the meeting* and speeches were made by Mayor Van Cleef, Hon. Frank Stedbury, and others. Mr. John J. Kenny, the leading jewelry dealer, of this city, had the honor to be present on a special invitation from Mr. Gallagher. He reports having had a very pleasant time.

Somerset County Teachers.

The Somerset County Teachers' Association will meet in the public school building at Bound Brook to-morrow. The programme is as follows:

Importance of Biography in the Study of History, Illustrated by a Decade of our own History.....George A. West
How to use the Dictionary in School...Miss Otis
President's Address.
Collisions.....Miss Bartolette
Geography of Colors in School.....
.....Miss Lizzie VanKirk
Queries Answered.
Election of Officers.
Roll-call will be responded to by quotations about Birds.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

BOUND BROOK TERRORIZED.

Five Ruffianly Tramps Held up Pedestrians and Frighten Housekeepers.

BOUND BROOK, N. J., May 16th, (Special.) Yesterday five burly tramps visited this place and terrorized a number of the women who were at home alone. They would visit a house and after making sure that no men were around would demand money. By threats and entreaties they accumulated enough to purchase six boxes of beer from a bottler whose place of business is situated along the canal. After they had drank all of the "beverage" they attempted more desperate doings than before, and went around stopping people on the streets and by threats extorting money from them. When the men whose houses the tramps had visited returned from work and heard of the vagrants beastly conduct, a vigilance committee of citizens to the number of three hundred succeeded in capturing the tramps and Justice of the Peace Robert Brampton sent them to the county jail at Somerville for 10 days each. It was with difficulty that they were saved from violence when arrested.

—Work on the second half of the Union and Somerset counties bridge across Green brook on Somerset street was commenced this morning and is progressing rapidly. One-half of two arches has been laid and well rolled on the finished half.

This Date in History—May 16.

1770—Marriage of Marie Antoinette and Louis, the French Dauphin.
1811—United States frigate President fires on English frigate Little Belt for intercepting American merchant vessels.
1820—Death of Jean Baptiste Fourier, French naturalist and traveler.
1859—Fire ravages Key West, Fla.; loss nearly $2,000,000.
1860—Republican convention at Chicago nominates Abraham Lincoln for president.
1863—Vicksburg campaign; battle of Champion Hills, Miss. Union loss, 2,457; Confederate loss, 2,400.
1864—Operations around Bermuda Hundred, Va.; fighting on and along battles, 1,800; Confederate, 4,000.
1865—Five cent nickels authorized by congress.
1868—United States senate vote to reject Articles II of impeachment of Andrew Johnson.
1882—Celebration of the Centennial of Yorktown by the Commune.
1875—Earthquake destroys 14,000 persons at Chicoma, on boundary of Columbia, South America.
1882—Hon. Roscoe Conkling resigns from the United States senate.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A SINGLE HORSE, dump cart and harness for sale cheap. Apply to H. B. Smalley, 94 Somerset street. 19-3*

FIVE rooms to let, corner Somerset and Emily street. J. J. Humble. 16-3

FOR SALE—A four-seated side-bar surrey, two back seat turn around and reel into down so that you can ride back wards. Also a dog cart. Both in good order. Can be seen at private sale, 121 Central avenue. 5 12d*

FOR RENT—A bandsome, single flat, seven rooms, 3 very convenient. Apply to 108 Park avenue. 15-2 sodtf

FOR SALE—Fine black horse, 16 hands, sound, 8 years old, stx years old, sound and kind. Also a fine set of harness and other kind of work. C. W. Opdyke, 184 Broad way. 5 12d*

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Mountain avenue and Somerset street, North Plainfield. All modern improvements. For particulars call or address Mrs. Otis, No. 363 Somerset street. 5 8tf

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, double shifting seated buckboard with pole and shafts and russet colored harness all in splendid condition. Inquire of coachman at stable, 59 W. Seventh st. 5-6tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. White. 5 4tf

LOST—Between Seminary Hall and my residence on Tuesday evening (18th inst), a string of silver beads. A suitable reward will be paid for their return to Chas D. Wadsworth, 55 Central avenue. 16-3

LOST—A black setter dog (pup about six months old.) $5 reward will be paid any one returning same to 161 Grove street. 5-19tf

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-4-tf

SITTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred S. C. White Leghorns, Brahma's, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 119 Rockview avenue. 5-6tf

TO LET—Furnished house; good order; pleasant grounds, with stable. Address "House," care of EVENING NEWS. MT&S

TO LET—Small house at No. 33 Park place, North Plainfield.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be good cook. Apply at Mrs. Hydes, Netherwood.

WANTED—an experienced saleslady in dry and fancy goods, at Edsall's.

WANTED—A lady desires board in a private family, in Plainfield or vicinity. Best of reference given. Address R. M., care of EVENING NEWS. 16-2

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Must be good cook. Apply at once. Good reference required. Three in family. 16-3

WANTED—Woman as cook and laundress. References required. Apply to 16 West Eighth street. 15-3

WANTED—By gentleman, wife and daughter, good ten years, board for month of July, from $20 per week. Address "P. S. M." 24 Hillside avenue. 15-3

WANTED—By a young girl lately landed, position as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse. Well recommended. Call on Mrs. L. E. Howard, 33 East Ninth street.

WANTED Coachman and gardener, W. B. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 13-tf

YOUNG LADY wants use of type writer one hour daily. Address, stating terms, "Writer," Post Office, Plainfield.

$80.—Bicycle for sale. Victor Light Roadster. 58-inch. Good as new. Cost $142.50. Address G. W. Morrison, Plainfield, N. J. 5-12-1w

The Popular Store of Plainfield

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c to $1 all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $1.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

BOYS SAVE YOUR

Pennies and Nickels,

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $35.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 20 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

William C, Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14-4m

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH and AMERICAN ICE CREAMS,

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

TRUTH.

OUR GOODS ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY THAT CAN BE PURCHASED FOR CASH. YOU CAN BUY NO BETTER THOUGH YOU PAY THREE TIMES OUR PRICES. A FULL LINE OF CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS AND FRESH JERSEY VEGETABLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND

COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

29 W. FRONT STREET.

J. P. Laire & Co

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A LARGE SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

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Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 12c
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12 " " " " " very fine, 25
12 " " " " " silk finish, 29, 35
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Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 39c
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Parasols.

"Gloria" silk parasols, 20 in., $1. 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.50, 28 in., $1.75, 30 in., $2.
"Gloria" silk, silver handle, 29 in., $1.45, 24 in., $1.65, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.
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Plain canvas belts 25 buckle, all colors, 10c

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Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT

By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 14 1w

H. N. SPENCER,

Grocer and gardeman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Best potatoes cedar bush poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc,

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A New and Sparkling Programme. A Brilliant Crystal First Part. The Parodering Conundrum Jubilee. The Latest Hits and Funniest Gags. Grand street parade about noon. Seats on sale Thursday. Prices 50c, 75c and $1.

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Yantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

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33 WEST FRONT STREET.

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Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

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And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

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Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 63.

Enthusiastic silver men prophesy that when the silver bill passes it will bring up the price of wheat and cotton abroad and force European countries to return to silver coinage.

Mrs. Juneau Miller is an enthusiastic advocate of the divided skirt, but she draws the line on that. She does not go in for women's clubs, because they tend to divide men and women.

"The venomous, slimy, cotton mouthed viper that runs the affairs of that committee," is the way in which one polished member of the legislature of the great and cultured state of New York refers to another.

President Harrison was in office a year and nearly two months without sending to congress a veto message. His first veto was in the interest of economy, it being stamped upon a bill congress had passed authorizing Ogden, Utah, to run into debt additionally.

It is said that an English syndicate has bought a thousand acres of phosphate lands in Marion county, Florida. There is always a place to draw the line, and here it is.' When it comes to actual ownership of land in this republic by subjects of monarchical governments it ought not to be permitted to any extent. A United States law to this effect, strictly enforced, would only be such a protective measure as other nations have already adopted.

Prosperity for the Farmer.

C. Wood Davis presents in The Forum a cheerful process of reasoning to show that in a few years more prosperity will smile on the American farmer than was almost unprecedented in our history. The American farmer thinks it is about time, no doubt, and wonders what will become of him meanwhile.

Mr. Davis says the figures show that it requires 6.13 acres to supply the wants of each individual American. A great number of acres have been brought under cultivation in the past fourteen years, a greater number proportionally than the increase of population warranted. There are now, however, not many tillable lands to be brought into use. The 1890 population will have caught up with the increase in farm products, and after that an additional 6,000,000 acres yearly will be required to keep up with the people.

Whence are these additional acres to come? Grain production is diminishing, and that of tobacco, cotton and animal products increasing. As farmers turn their attention to the last named products the balancing shade of equalization will swing back again, and we shall need more wheat and corn after 1892 than we can raise. Hence good prices and prosperity for the farmer.

Work of the Pan-Americans.

Nov. 17, 1889, the Three Americas' conference began its sessions in Washington and held them almost continuously for twenty weeks. A great deal of useful work was done by the delegates in that time, work which will be fruitful of results in the interests of civilization and peace.

The most important action of the conference was a recommendation for the adoption of arbitration in all cases of international dispute. The governments of each country participating in the conference must ratify the action of the conference before it becomes authoritative; but in case the nations all agree to the arbitration resolution, as they probably will, there will be an end of the bloody and devastating wars that have kept back the Spanish republics from a century of growth. If the treaty of arbitration is adopted the conference recommends that it stand in force twenty years.

Another important measure was the resolution in favor of reciprocity treaties for trade and commerce. Absolute reciprocity of course means free trade, and this the nations are not yet prepared for, but the delegates thought there might be a gradual approach to it in the commercial treaties which each republic might conclude with the rest. The conference therefore put itself on record as favoring partial reciprocity treaties, Chili, Paraguay and the Argentine Republic dissenting from this conclusion.

The conference recommends the construction of a great international railroad down the whole Pacific coast of the United States and Central and South America. The building of such a magnificent road is only a question of time. Steamship subsidies were approved for the Atlantic, the Gulf and the Caribbean sea. They passed resolutions in favor of a great international bureau for commercial information, headquarters at Washington, the information to be published in English, Spanish and Portuguese respectively. Finally, they ask that a commission be appointed to consider the expediency of an international silver coin, which shall be legal tender in all the countries.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

Mr. Windom's Proposed Amendment to the Jones Bill.

MORE SILVER TALK IN THE SENATE

Senator Teller Continues His Speech and Answers Numerous Queries—In the House the Minority Object to the Shutting Off of the Tariff Bill Debate.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Mr. Sherman introduced in the senate a proposed amendment to the Jones silver bill sent to him by the secretary of the treasury. The amendment is as follows: "That upon the passage of this act the balances standing with the treasurer of the United States to the respective credits of national banks for deposits made for the redemption of the circulating notes of such banks, and all deposits thereafter received for like purpose, shall be covered into the treasury as a miscellaneous receipt, and the treasurer of the United States shall redeem from the general fund in the treasury the circulating notes of said banks which may come into his possession subject to redemption, and upon the certificate of the comptroller of the currency that such notes have been received by him and that they have been destroyed and that no notes will be issued in their place, reimbursement of their amount shall be made to the treasurer under such regulations as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe from an appropriation hereby created, to be known as 'national bank notes, redemption account,' but the provisions of this act shall not apply to the deposits received under section 3 of the act of June 20, 1874, requiring money and bank notes to be lawful money with the treasurer of the United States a sum equal to 5 per cent. of its circulation, to be held and used for the redemption of its circulating notes, and the balance remaining of the deposits so covered shall at the close of each month be reported on the monthly public debt statement as debt of the United States bearing no interest."

Two Needed Amendments.

The senate resumed consideration of the silver bill, and Mr. Teller continued his argument. He said there were two features of the bill which should be amended if the bill was to perform the two things which its friends proposed to accomplish by it—that was to raise the price of silver and to give to the country an increased circulation. It was absolutely necessary that the treasury notes provided for in the bill should have the highest possible money function. If one of the principal duties of money (the discharge of indebtedness) was denied it, its depreciation as a basis for purchases of silver purchases under the bill would be invited. He did not deny that the passage of the law would raise the price of silver up. Its very introduction had that effect.

The Enemies of Silver.

There was a party, not in the United States alone, but all over the world that held the credit of gold. That party took full from all quarters, that levied tribute on all enterprises and that was arrayed against silver as money. For seventeen years that party had held the whole civilized world. It had added one-third to the national debt of the United States by legislation, and had added an equal amount to the state, municipal and individual debts. And did anybody believe that these people were now ready to surrender their vantage and to adopt a system that would relieve the ridden debtors of this country and the world, and put them back on the plane where they were in 1873?

Question for Senator Teller.

Mr. Hoar inquired whether, even without the demonetization of silver in 1873, its price would not have fallen. Mr. Teller replied that if the United States had remained on the double standard, if the demonetization of silver in Germany had brought down the price of silver, and if the Latin union had closed the silver mint on account of the effect of German silver on the market the mints of the United States would have been open immediately to the coinage of silver, and every silver owner could have taken his silver to the mint and have had it converted into legal tender money, against which there was then, at least, no prejudice anywhere.

The Cause of Rome's Decline.

He quoted Allison, Hume and other historians for the assertion that the decline of Rome was to be attributed to the lack of money, and that "the Dark Ages" had resulted from the same cause. Mr. Blair asked Mr. Teller to explain in connection with the fall of prices in agricultural products that there had been no relative increase in quantity. Mr. Teller did make that statement, and added that the trouble was not one of over production but of under production.

Mr. Allison asked him to state, in that same connection, that the price which the farmer obtained for his produce now would pay for as much as the things he bought, as the higher prices which he obtained formerly. Mr. Teller admitted that as to some things which the farmer bought that was true, but he added that there were some things which had not fallen and which the farmer had to pay. His taxes had not fallen; the interest on his mortgages had not fallen. Colonel Voorhees addressed the senate in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

New Rules in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—In the house the committee on rules reported a rule which will bring the tariff debate in the house to a conclusion in a few days. It provides that the remainder of the bill shall be read by the clerks without interruption, and that when the reading is completed amendments may be offered to any section. At noon on Wednesday next the committee of the whole is to rise and report the bill to the house, and voting upon the measure and amendments made in committee of the whole is to begin at once.

Mr. Blount (Ga.) criticized the majority of the committee upon rules for reporting the resolution. The majority of the house had adopted a code of rules which recognized the right of debate in the committee of the whole. It had given the committee power to limit debate. It had provided that 100 should constitute a quorum, and yet after all those restraints thrown over the consideration of a bill in committee it was proposed to set aside the rule governing the committee. He protested against the resolution as unparliamentary, unwise and violent in parliamentary procedure. (Applause.)

Mr. McKinley denied that the resolution had any purpose to stifle debate. It was intended to concentrate debate on the paragraphs and provisions of the bill. The resolution was not to deny to the minority freedom of debate, but to deny to it the right to delay public business by obstructive tactics.

Did the gentleman from Georgia remember that in the Forty-fourth congress but one day had been given to the consideration of the tariff bill? In the Forty-fifth congress the tariff bill had been considered six days. In the Forty-eighth congress it had been considered nine days. When the speaker was in the minority he was clamoring for debate. (Laughter.)

Mr. Springer said that in the Forty-eighth congress the Democrats on the Democratic side were twelve or fifteen members who voted with the Republicans to strike out the enacting clause.

"Yes," said Mr. McKinley, "and among those twelve or fifteen or twenty members was the noblest Democrat that ever stood on that side—Samuel J. Randall. (Applause.)

Mr. Breckinridge (Ky.) moved to lay the resolution on the table. Lost—yeas, 110; nays, 148.

The previous question was ordered—yeas, 183; nays, 103—and the resolution was adopted—yeas, 129; nays, 93.

Messrs. Morrill, Sawyer and Yoder were appointed conferees on the senate dependent pension bill.

At its night session the house passed 120 private pension bills and adjourned.

A bill was introduced by Mr. O'Neill (Mass.) to amend the contract labor law so that violations of its provisions shall be punishable by a fine of not less than $500 and by imprisonment for not less than six months, and also by the forfeiture and pay for every offense of $1,000, which may be sued for by the United States.

THE BROOKLYN HANDICAP.

It Was Won by Castaway II. with Badge Six Lengths Behind.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The race track of the Brooklyn Jockey club at Gravesend, L. I., was simply jammed with a solid mass of humanity yesterday. The cause of the crush was the great annual stake race of this club, the Brooklyn handicap. The conditions and starters in the race were as follows: The Brooklyn Jockey club handicap for 3-year-olds and upwards, the second of which is guaranteed to be $10,000, the second horse to receive $2,000 and the third $1,000; one mile and a quarter. The starters were: Castaway, 100, Blunts, 15 to 1; Badge, 114, Hayward, 5 to 1; Eric, 110, Warwick, 30 to 1; Los Angeles, 116, Barnes, 2 to 1; Cynosure, 107, J. Reagan, 15 to 1; Come-to-Taw, 106, Day, 10 to 1; Oriflamme, 108, Anderson, 40 to 1; Vengeur, 100, Martin, 20 to 1; Sir Dixon, 119, Garrison, 4 to 1.

When the bell rang there was about 90,000 people present. The flag fell to a very good start, with Castaway II in front and Vengeur second, and the others in a close bunch. Passing the stand the rear division closed somewhat on Castaway II, who was only a length in front of Vengeur. Then came Eric, Sir Dixon and Los Angeles. Going around the turn the first four positions were preserved, save that Castaway increased his lead and the tailenders moved up slightly. On the backstretch Castaway II increased his lead to three lengths and was romping along as though he liked it. Eric was second, a half length in front of Vengeur, who was a neck in front of Cynosure, with the rest a close bunch. On the far turn Castaway II was six lengths in front, with Badge three lengths before Sir Dixon, whom Garrison had moved up, and who took full command back to fourth place; the others were strung out. Turning into the stretch it was plain that a race between Castaway II and Eric moved up rapidly and went into second place, while Badge improved his from fourth to third. Come-to-Taw took fourth place, and the others began to tire.

They finished in this order: Castaway II romped in a winner by six lengths; Badge second, three lengths before Eric; Come-to-Taw third, Los Angeles fifth, Vengeur sixth, Oriflamme seventh, Sir Dixon eighth and Cynosure ninth. The time was 2:10. Other events were run in the following time: Quarter, :25; half, :51; three-quarters, 1:17; mile, 1:43, and the mile and a quarter, 2:10. The mutuals paid on Castaway II $212.50.

The Races at Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, May 16.—The first race (half a mile)—Ora, 1; Katunah, 2; Jennette, 3. Time, :52.

Second race (half a mile)—Rose Howard, 1; Maj. Thornton, 2; Woodford 3. Time, :52.

Third race (one mile and seventy yards)—Mount Lebanon, 1; Cecil, 2; Bettina, 3. Time, 1:53.

Fourth race (five-eighths of a mile)—Lady Washington, 1; Ethel, 2; Ann Elizabeth, 3. Time, 1:04¾.

Fifth race (one mile)—Louise, 1; Eugenie, 2; Linnie, 3. Time, 1:48¾.

WIFE AND DAUGHTER SUFFOCATED.

Sad Bereavement of President G. Stanley Hall, of Clark University.

WORCESTER, Mass., May 16.—The wife and daughter of President G. Stanley Hall, of Clark university, were found dead in bed, accidentally suffocated by illuminating gas which had escaped during the night. President Hall is out of town. When there was no response to the repeated ringing of the breakfast bell the servants became alarmed. The chamber door was locked and no movement could be heard within.

Professor Nichols, of Clark university, who lives near, was summoned, and by the aid of a ladder got through a window. The atmosphere of the room was sickening with the odor of the gas, and Mrs. Hall and her daughter were found to be insensible. Physicians were summoned, but their services were of no avail.

There was probably some disarrangement of the gas jet, but just how the accident happened is not known. Mrs. Hall was a Miss Fisher, of Cincinnati. The daughter, Julia, was about 8 years old.

Business of the Riparians.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 16.—At the convention of the Ancient Order of Riparians the first standing committee to report was that on the standing of the order. They advised state branches to elect officers whose jurisdiction and ability would lead them to give good work to the order. More accuracy and detail was asked for in the state reports. The committee on insurance reported that the Riparian life insurance, national order, but advised that each state branch take charge of the insurance of members in that branch. Connecticut and Massachusetts branches now have insurance features, as have several of the others. The report was accepted. Several changes and additions to the ritual were advised by the committee on ritual. These were adopted as recommended by the committee.

Mayor Cleveland Must Defend His Title.

JERSEY CITY, May 16.—Mayor Cleveland was served with formal notice yesterday that the state of New Jersey had granted the petition of George F. Perkins, the Republican candidate in the late mayoralty contest, for a recount of the vote. The notice was accompanied by affidavits and testimony covering 100 pages of testimony. In his affidavit Mr. Perkins says that Mr. Cleveland did not receive the majority of the votes, but more than 3,000 fraudulent votes were cast and counted for Mayor Cleveland

M'CALLA FOUND GUILTY.

Suspended for Three Years on Half Pay.

SECRETARY TRACY'S COMMENTS.

The Enterprise's Commander Convicted on Five Charges by the Court and on Another by the Secretary—No Grounds for Clemency in Mr. Tracy's Opinion.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Secretary Tracy has issued a general order promulgating and approving the findings and sentence of the court martial in the McCalla case. The court martial found Commander McCalla guilty of the five charges preferred against him, which included the striking and cutting of Walker with his sword, putting other seaman on board the Enterprise in irons in violation of naval regulations, maltreatment of subordinates and "conduct unbecoming an officer of the navy" in threatening to kill Seaman Meyer for smiling at him.

Suspended for Three Years.

The sentence of the court is that Commander McCalla "be suspended from rank and duty for a period of three years, and to retain his present number on the list of commanders while so suspended." The peculiar effect of the court martial and the secretary's order is to place Commander McCalla on furlough on half pay for three years, reducing the pay from $5,500 to about $1,400 a year.

Secretary Tracy's Comments.

Secretary Tracy, in commenting upon the findings of the court respecting some specifications which it found "not proven," says: "The proceedings and findings of the general court martial in the foregoing case of Commander McCalla, United States navy, are approved, except that part of the finding upon the third specification of the second charge, in which, after finding that 'Commander McCalla did order the men specified in that specification to be kept standing upon their feet toeing a seam on the quarter deck of the vessel from about 9 p. m. to 11 p. m.,' the court adds certain words the court further found that he did not thereby cause such men to be punished in violation of the twenty-fourth article of the rules for the government of the navy, which part of the finding is disapproved.

An Unauthorized Punishment.

"The twenty-fourth article provides that no commander of a vessel shall inflict or cause to be inflicted upon any petty officer, or person of inferior rating, or marine, for a single offense, or at any one time, any other than one of the six punishments enumerated therein. The punishments thus authorized are clearly defined and limited by the article, and as required men to toe a seam is a punishment, and is not included in any one of the six punishments authorized by the article, such punishment by the commander of a vessel of the navy is wholly unauthorized, and is in violation of the twenty-fourth article, which expressly prohibits the inflicting on board a vessel of the navy, except by sentence of a court martial, of any other than one of the six punishments specifically set forth in said article.

Not Punishment.

"The conclusion reached by the court in its finding upon the first, sixth and seventh specifications of the second charge, that in causing the men named in those specifications to be ironed together in the manner specified, Commander McCalla did not thereby cause them to be punished in violation of the twenty-fourth article of the articles for the government of the navy, ap-

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten will reopen September 17th. Washington street, corner of Second avenue.

MADAME LOUTON, Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1096.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Creditner of the Berlin School of Languages, Monroe Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield high school, and at private schools. Lessons to adults and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free translations. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 24th street.

MR. P. L. CONDE, Violin. 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solo playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 290. 4-9-1y

MADAME BELLOWS, a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the first graduating class, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Art Painting, for further particulars address Miss Bellows, No. 54 East Fifth street.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano forte. Will receive lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1093.

DR. R. S. SIMPSON, 20 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 6 to 8 p. m.

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 26 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. ROE, Solicitor, Notary Public, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & RAND, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG & MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 5 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 24 and 25. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsey's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsey, 92 West Front street.

pears to be based upon the testimony and that of the executive officer of the vessel, that these men were not ironed together as a punishment, but for safe keeping and to prevent their escape from the ship's log at the time, and by the fact that in each instance the men were released from irons on the sailing of the vessel. The department is reluctant to assent to this conclusion by approving the findings upon the specifications referred to, and approves them only in favor of the fact that the court appears to have been of opinion, after a full consideration of the evidence, that the ironing of men together on the occasions specified was, under the circumstances, necessary and warranted as a means of restraint. But it is deemed proper to state in this connection that men should never be ironed together except when it is absolutely necessary to employ such unusual measures and after all the methods of confinement authorized by the twenty-fourth article shall have proved ineffectual."

No Reason for Clemency.

The secretary then says the sentence of the court is approved, and adds: "Accompanying the record in the case is a recommendation to clemency, subscribed by ten of the twelve members of the court, in which they make the following statement, viz.: 'In consideration of the previous character and reputation of the accused and of the mitigating circumstances which have appeared during the trial of the previous charges, respectfully recommend him to the clemency of the revising authority.' After a careful examination and consideration of the proceedings in this case there does not appear to be any grounds which would in the judgment of the department justify a mitigation of the punishment imposed by the court. The undisputed facts in this case stances is not too severe and will be duly executed, to take effect from this date."

Oliver Bell Bunce Dead.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Oliver Bell Bunce, the well known author and editor of Appleton's publications, died at his residence on West Twenty-fourth street. His wife and children were present at his death, which was the result of a slow consumption, from which he had long suffered, although he had not been confined to his house by it during the last three weeks. Mr. Bunce's connection with the Appletons extended over a period of twenty-five years, during which time he had been identified with many notable publications—among them "Picturesque America," the idea of which he originated. He was perhaps best known as the author of "Bachelor Bluff." Mr. Bunce at the time of his death was 63 years old.

Did He Murder the Crouch Family?

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 16.—William West (colored) has been arrested at Beaver Falls. He was accompanied by a white woman, with whom he has been living for several years. From circumstantial evidence and a partial confession made by the woman it is believed that she is an accomplice in the murder of the Crouch family near Washington, Pa., on Tuesday night. West will be taken to Washington, Pa., at once. West was well acquainted with the Crouch family, and admits being near the scene of the murder on the night in question, but disclaims a knowledge of the murder.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 28c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same may on shades, our price 33c. for a good one.

* * *

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, none in and see the finest line in town.

* * *

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the million.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

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An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

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We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

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and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

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GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,
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FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

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A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Co. 6.

UNDER AN EMBANKMENT.

Three Boys Crushed to Death and One Injured.

BROOKLYN, May 16.—The play of four little fellows under an embankment at the southeast corner of Seventh avenue and Fifteenth street was tragically ended yesterday afternoon by the fall of clay which had been softened by the rain, falling in upon them beneath it. Three were taken out dead; the other was in an unconscious state, but soon resuscitated and thought to be out of danger last night. He received a scalp wound and had his ankle sprained. The following are the names of killed and injured:

Pierce, Peter, aged 8, of No. 816 Fifteenth street; dead.

Taylor, Arthur J., aged 8, of No. 807 Fifteenth street; dead.

Taylor, John A., aged 4, of No. 807 Fifteenth street; dead.

Bronner, Otto, aged 9, of No. 288 Sixteenth street; injured.

The embankment, part of which buried the boys, was made by the grading of the adjoining lot. Contractor Thomas O'Hara, of Eleventh avenue and Braxton street, graded the lot. He cut down perpendicularly, leaving a wall of earth twenty feet high at right angles from the graded lot. The work was finished about a month ago, and since that time the boys of the neighborhood have been ambitious to dig "cubby houses" in the embankment. These they renewed the work of excavation in the soft clay yesterday. The earth had been loosened by the heavy rains and needed but little undermining to descend like an avalanche and entomb the boys.

Sullivan to Fight Joe McAuliffe.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Billy Madden, the manager of Joe McAuliffe, the big champion of the Pacific slope, went over to Proctor's theater last night and had a talk with John L. Sullivan. The world's champion agreed to fight McAuliffe with small gloves to a finish at Virginia City, in Montana, in two months from now, for as least $5,000 a side, or for a less purse, which, it is understood, an athletic club at that place is willing to hang up for a battle between the two big fighters. Sullivan will know in a few days how things stand down in Mississippi, and he will then meet Madden and McAuliffe's manager and sign articles.

Weather Indications.

Generally fair, with lower, followed by higher temperature.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit
and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	35	$4.50
California Plums	35	3.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Peaches	15	1.75
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

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MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer
GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

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7 EAST FRONT ST.

THE DAIRY,

63 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese (Fresh every day).

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Roast Beef, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Limburger, Brick, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Head and Limburger Cheese.

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but PURE VEGETABLE O IL from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 25 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

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PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Tame Beef.
Fernes Cattle.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Hazy; Trimmed.
FAIR PRICES.	

N. B. SmallFlow'rs, Dear at any Price.

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The undersigned having leased the Crushed Stone Quarry, situated on Spruce street, has Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE.

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THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 30 Somerset Street.

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INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

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"Uncle Moy's Books. None better."

THE MOY PHARMACY.

Kline's Extracts.

ENTOMBED IN THE MINE.

Twenty-eight Men Buried Alive at Ashley.

A BIG CAVE-IN BARS THEIR EXIT.

Loyal Comrades Working Like Beavers to Save Their Lives—Three of the Entombed Men Rescued—The Thrilling Story of a Miner Who Narrowly Escaped.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 16.—Twenty-eight miners are entombed by the Baltimore mine, No. 4, at Ashley, and there is little hope of their rescue. The mine is an old one, and the workings are in a more or less dilapidated condition. This fact makes the work of rescue very difficult. The imprisonment of the unfortunate men is due to a big cave-in of the surface over the mine which occurred yesterday. The cave-in covers an area of one square mile, and is one of the most disastrous that ever occurred in the coal regions.

It Came Without Warning.

"The coal came without any warning whatever. This is something unusual, too, as generally there is a quaking and quivering of the earth before it settles. The first intimation of danger was when two houses were seen to sink out of sight. They went down a few feet and were badly wrecked. The dwellings were occupied by Polanders. Two women and a little girl were quite seriously injured. The noise made by the house toppling over attracted a large crowd.

Thirty Not Right in the Mine.

A number of men ran to the slope and attempted to enter the mine, but they could not. The main passage was blocked and there was no way of reaching the men. The latter formed a solid body of eight men were working in that portion which had caved in, and that they had in all probability made their escape by way of the gangway. The fire boss reported that there were thirty men in the mine, and not eight, as reported by the foreman. The foreman president of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company was telegraphed for and he arrived promptly. A conference of expert miners was then held and it was first determined to make an attempt to enter the slope. Twelve men were secured for the hazardous task, but they were unable to proceed any distance through the mine. The cave-in had wrecked all the inside workings, and in some places the roof was down for hundreds of feet. To clear this debris away would take weeks, which would preclude all hope of getting the men out alive.

Three Men Rescued.

It was then resolved to sink or bore holes in the surface directly over some abandoned workings, enter these workings, and then hew to the line where the men were at work. This whole distance is about 300 yards. At 8 o'clock last evening the rescuers broke their way through the surface and reached the abandoned workings. Five men entered and traveled along some distance. They heard groans. Stooping down they found three men lying prostrate on the ground. They picked them up and carried them to the surface. When the rescuing party with the three men came in sight a mighty cheer went up. The men rescued were John Allen, Robert Roberts and Anthony Frail. They were badly burned. Robert is the least injured.

He says when the cave-in came the men all threw down their tools and made for the main gangways. They found that it was blocked with debris. Some of the men became fatigued and sunk to the ground. Others got down on their knees and prayed for deliverance. Roberts, Frail and Allen clung together. They rummaged around the abandoned workings all the afternoon. When the cave-in occurred there was a slight explosion in one of the breasts which burned the three men. Roberts says there are at least nineteen other men in the mine and that they are scattered everywhere. The six fire and mine boss and other men are reached within the next ten hours they must perish. The rescuers are now scouring the workings.

The Names of the Imprisoned Men.

The names of the men imprisoned are: John Hanson, Michael Scally, John Scally, Michael Henry, Charles James, Frank Gallagher, Harry Jones, Ellis Williams, John Williams, Daniel Sullivan, Thomas Williams, John Penning, Anthony Frail, Harry Parry, Owen Parry, Thomas Obrien, John Jones, Robert L. Wall, Jacob Hall, Luke Gilgallon; James Davis and four Hungarians, the name of two of whom is Gusa.

Scenes of Horrible Interest.

The scenes about the mine had a peculiarly horrible interest. Round the gang of boiling men who were sinking the shaft flush that there were gathered a dense crowd of many hundred men, women and children. In their eagerness they would have pushed right on among the workers, and to keep them back a rope was stretched around the spot and a corps of men placed to hold back the crowd.

Among the suffering were women whose husbands and sons were entombed in the dark mine, children whose parents had probably met their deaths and young maidens whose sweethearts were entombed. Hope was strong in the hearts of all, for the men who had come out of the mine said that there was little chance of the men in the upper split having been caught under the fall. They were there alive and well behind those heaps of rock and debris, if they could only be reached in time. One great danger threatened them—the fire-damp—but the mine was not a gassy one, and in the Baltimore vein especially there was little gas.

A Survivor's Story.

Standing round the place where the men were at work digging in the hillside were dozens of miners ready to respond to any call for volunteers to relieve the men at work. Among them was Frank Henry, a young man, of about 19 years, son of Michael Henry, who is among the entombed. From several scratches and cuts on his face and head blood had trickled, and some had fallen on his clothes. He was in the mine when the cave-in occurred, and he tells a thrilling story of his escape.

"I knew nothing about any trouble," he said, "till all of a sudden there was a great rush of air and my lights was blown out. Right after that I heard some one calling out further on the gangway that the lower split was caving. I then hitched the mules and tried to get along, but they would not move in the dark. Then I started off myself up the gangway. Pretty soon there was another crash somewhere back in the working and another big rush of air came on. In a minute or two I reached the main gangway. Then I heard the roof falling and cracking. There were some men running along the gangway, but all the lights were out and I could see nothing. The gangway was full of dust and in a minute chips of coal and rock began falling from the roof.

The Rush for Life.

"Another crash came, and the rush of air nearly threw me off my feet. Heavy chunks were falling all around and I expected every minute the whole roof would come down. I heard several men calling out as if in pain, and all at once I stumbled over one man and fell. I asked who it was, but he was groaning.

"I didn't wait, but ran on. I got to the foot of the slope with a big crowd of men. There were some lights there and we remembered that some men had gone up. Just as we reached the mouth a big blast of air came up, throwing most of us down and blinding us with dust and dirt. I got out to the surface half dead. My father was working with a gang of men as a track layer on the top lift."

Are They Still Alive?

The supposition is that the men are still alive. They were working in the upper lift of the Baltime vein. This vein was not disturbed. When the crash came the men, no doubt, made an attempt to get out of the main gangway, only to find the passageway blocked. They then retraced their steps for the purpose of taking the manway. Here, too, they met with disaster, and nothing to do then but to sit down and await a rescuing party. It is believed that there is sufficient air to keep the men alive, and if they can get a hold of a mule they can exist for a week or more. Fifteen years ago a similar accident happened in the Sugar Notch mine, and six men lived on mule meat for ten days.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Brig. Gen. Nelson H. Davis died suddenly May 15 while on a visit to Governor's Island. Apoplexy was the cause of death.

Henry Mason, president of the Mason & Hamlin Organ company, died May 15, aged 69 years.

Leslie MacLeod, the associate editor of Wallace's Monthly, who was arrested for supposed complicity in Robert L. Wallace in the stealing of a large sum of money and some bonds from John S. Wallace, the proprietor of The Monthly, was discharged from custody, the evidence against him being insufficient to warrant his being held any longer.

The Louisiana Lottery company has modified its offer to the legislature for new charter privileges by pledging to advance the money needed for levee improvements immediately if the legislators will submit the question to the people, a vote on the question not being in order, however, till 1892.

The New England Stock Exchange, No. 15 State street, Boston, has failed; liabilities, $60,000. The failure is due to the upward tendency of the market. The exchange succeeded Marshall, Reep & Co., three or four days ago, having bought out the business of that firm.

On June 10 the University of Cambridge will confer upon Mr. Henry M. Stanley the degree of doctor of laws.

The large boiler shop of C. J. Fisher, of Philadelphia, has suspended. Liabilities about $20,000; no assets.

It is stated that Gilbert de Sullivan have quarrelled and will compose no more operas together.

Alphonse Stephani, a dissolute young Italian, shot down Lawyer Clinton G. Reynolds in his office in Wall street, New York. The assailant was arrested and the victim is dying. The cause of the trouble was the fact that in his capacity as legal adviser of Mrs. Josephine Stephani, the mother of young Alphonse, the lawyer had incurred the young man's displeasure by preventing him from squandering his mother's money.

In a quarrel over cards at the Hotel Gladstone, New York, Turn Murn, aged 18 years, was shot dead by George Lytle, two years younger.

The election of ex-Mayor Vanz to succeed Mr. Randall will not be contested, as the Republican party considered it inexpedient to place a candidate in nomination.

Governor Bulkeley, of Connecticut, has revoked the order issued last January dismissing Capt. Edward Schulze, company A, First regiment, C. N. G., and restored him to command without loss of rank, but has taken no action in the cases of the three field officers dishonorably discharged and one other captain dismissed in the same order.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Brooklyn—									
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	3—7
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—6

Base hits: Brooklyn, 10; Chicago, 8. Errors: Brooklyn, 1; Chicago, 1. Batteries: Van Haltren and Cook, Rhines and Farrell.

American Association.

At Rochester—									
Rochester	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1—4
Columbus	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—2

Base hits: Rochester, 6; Columbus, 11. Errors: Rochester, 4; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Darr and McGuire, Gastright and O'Connor.

At Syracuse—									
Syracuse	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	1—6
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Syracuse, 12; St. Louis, 5. Errors: Syracuse, 2; St. Louis, 6. Batteries: Keefe and Briggs, Ramsey and Earle.

Atlantic Association.

At Washington—Washington, 4; Newark, 17. Base hits: Washington, 14; Newark, 20. Errors: Washington, 9; Newark, 8. Batteries: Maloney and Doyle, Rice and Powell.

All other games postponed on account of rain.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE.

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

TO REVISE OR NOT TO REVISE!

That Is the Question Before the Presbyterian Assembly—Other Church News.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 16.—The Presbyterian assembly convened at 8 p. m. and was opened with prayer by Dr. McClelland, of Austin, Tex. Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, nominated Dr. William I. Moore, of Columbus, O., permanent clerk of the assembly, for the office of moderator. He held that the qualifications for this office were all to be found in Dr. Moore. Dr. Benjamin L. Agnew, of Philadelphia, seconded the nomination in an earnest speech. There were no further nominations and Dr. Moore was elected by acclamation, the motion being made by Dr. Crosby. The retiring moderator, Dr. Roberts, gracefully welcomed Dr. Moore to his office, congratulating him and formally presenting him with the robes of office. Dr. Moore took the guidance. Dr. Moore responded as follows:

"Fathers and brethren, there is nothing I can say in this most unprecedented, and certainly in under the circumstances in which the church has been placed the past year, unexpected event. This surprising unanimity in which, no doubt, many personal preferences are waived, may certainly be taken as an omen of the unity of spirit and peace which are to prevail in our deliberations. I can only ask your patient indulgence, and promise, God helping me, impartiality in all that I shall do as the moderator of this assembly. God bless you, brethren, and lead you to uphold my hands with your prayers."

The following were elected temporary clerks: Dr. R. I. Agnew, Philadelphia; Dr. M. D. Knowlton, Titusville, Pa.; Rev. A. J. Ketr, San Francisco, and Mr. Elisha H. Perkins, Baltimore. Dr. Roberts read the report of the committee on effective changes in the confession and constitution of the church. The report was received under a motion to adopt the time for its consideration, which was fixed at 2:30 p. m. today.

Dr. Howard Crosby read a report on "The Church at Home and Abroad," showing that the committee had complied with the instructions of the last assembly to reduce the price, etc. The report was adopted. The Rev. Dr. Joseph T. Smith, chairman of the committee on the revision of the creed, read report of the committee, the substance of which has been already widely published. After Dr. Smith had read about an hour the assembly became quite impatient, and a motion was made to stop reading the resolutions and print the whole report.

Dr. Smith made some remarks on the subject, but was interrupted by the arrival of the hour of adjournment. The report was put upon the docket, as Dr. Johnson emphatically objected to giving a special day of comparative unimportance so much time at the beginning of the session, when matters of fundamental importance were demanding immediate attention. The assembly was closed with prayer by the new moderator, Dr. William R. Moore.

The Southern Methodists.

ST. LOUIS, May 16.—At the Methodist conference committee on temperance concurred in the memorial changing the degree of offense committed by a member who encourages the liquor traffic in renting property for saloons or in signing petitions from "imprudence" to "immorality." The Bible cause committee reported the following statistics of the American Bible society work: Receipts during the past quadrennium, $2,129,388.80; disbursements, $2,146,189. During the past four years the society has printed 1,098,492 copies of the Bible. Five hundred and sixty-two thousand Bibles have been distributed in the heathen lands.

Doings of the Reformed Church Council.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—At the session of the annual council of the New York and Philadelphia synod of the Reformed Episcopal church the action of the council in refusing to contribute to the church extension fund was reconsidered and expunged from the record. Last year's resolution demanding the destruction of the liquor traffic was readopted. Adjourned sine die.

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Carpenter and Builder,

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Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield, which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best mates provided for jobbing.

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LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process" will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The design will show more than description at sight. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

He Didn't Do It.

They are still telling a political story of the last campaign, and of the experience of a Chicago orator who went out into the country to help a friend, and who spoke in a town where his friend wasn't popular. The orator failed to charm the playful audience, and was rotten egged off the platform. Upon his return, the friend, after hearing of the egg adventure asked him commiseratingly:

"Did you succumb, Bill?"

"Snuck 'em! Bet your sweet life I didn't suck 'em! I clum out of the back window!"—Merchant Traveler.

A Rebuke.

Boston Girl (who has never seen a turkey before)—You naughty chicken, put down your clothes!—Life.

Conkin's Agree.

Tom Dabbs and Mort Spillers, two colored gentlemen, formed a copartnership to do a general plastering business. One morning, the second day after articles of agreement had been drawn up, Dabbs seized an axe handle and knocked Spillers down and beat him unmercifully. Spillers got up, rubbed his head, and turning to a white man that stood near, said:

"Dis proves one thing, sho'. If it keeps on dis way me an' de man hain't agree."—Arkansaw Traveler.

Warned.

Mammy Jule — Looky heah, Linkum, doan't yo nebbah sag'in lem me see yo' shinin' up one ob dem telegram poles—mind dat!

Linkum (aged 10)—Why, mammy, what's de ba'm?

Mammy Jule—Ba'm, boy! Yo' climb up dar an' fools me ob de watchin' time, hits fall ob 'lectricitem an' yo'll come walkin' home daid—dars what de ba'm is, my son.—Detroit Free Press.

The Engaged Case.

Sue—When we are married, sparrow mine, do you intend to make a wedding trip to Europe?

He (a widower, of course)—No, my caramel, I shall take a trip by that railroad which has the most rapid transit.

She puffsued with blushes)—Oh! sparrow mine!—Yenowine's News.

He Knew.

"Mamma, I know the gentleman's name that called to see Aunt Ellie last night and nobody told me, either."

"Well, then, what is it, Bobbie?"

"Why, George Don't. I heard her say George don't in the parlor four or five times hand running. That's what his name is."—Philadelphia Times.

Didn't Try To.

He—And you was in the car as it sped down that steep decline?

She—Yes, indeed!

He—I don't see how you could have caught your breath.

She—I didn't under the circumstances; you see I was so frightened I just held it.—West Shore.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

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Hatter and trunkmer, 12 Park Aven

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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

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NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

She Was a Woman.

"Wait a minute, dear," she called coaxingly, as she was leisurely putting on her gloves. "Time and tide wait for no man," he responded bitterly, as he stood at the foot of the stairs.

"And I am no man," she said with a mocking little laugh that he felt like throwing a hundred dollar vase at.—Washington Star.

Good Training.

Landlady (to actor)—And you are going to leave me?

"Yes, I only meant to stay until I perfected myself in the part I am going to play this evening."

"What part is that, pray?"

"The 'lean and hungry Cassius.'"—Life.

Taking His Measure.

Amy—I would like to buy young Mr. Goslin a cane for a birthday present if I could only get his measure.

Mabel—Why, how can a man be measured for a cane?

Amy—By taking the circumference of his mouth when open.—Judge.

The Case Restated.

"As a life long day laborer, have you no grievances?"

"Yes, sir."

"What are they?"

"Morning comes too quick and the afternoons are too long."—Chicago Times.

What Our Artist Has to Put Up With—and How He Retaliates.

She—Oh, he may be a genius. But I confess I don't care for the society of geniuses!

He—How reversed of you! Let's do it! I were to confess I didn't care for the society of handsome women!—Punch.

He Knew the Race.

Self Important Stranger (to hotel clerk)—Do you, aw, know who I am? I am Lord Fitzbub, aw.

Clerk—Indeed! Well, I'll warn the guests, and don't you try to steal anything.—Lawrence American.

Just Turn a New Leaf.

Johnny—Papa, I'll have to have a new reader at once.

Papa—Isn't the old one good enough?

Johnny—Yes, but the teacher says I'll have to turn over a new leaf to-morrow or leave school."—Epoch.

He Needn't, but—

Son—Mr. Jones said you needn't pay him that bill you owe him, but—

Father—Mr. Jones is very kind.

Son—But that if you didn't he'd come and black both your eyes.—Yankee Blade.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

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MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-tf

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 6:58, 8:02, 9:09, 10:05, 7:36, 8:42, 9:31, 10:20, 11:05, 11:50 a. m.; 12:40, 1:35, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:07, 5:30, 6:01, 6:30, 7:31, 8:07, 9:30, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday, 5:37, 8:42, 9:09, 10:05, 11:05, 11:50 a. m.; 12:40, 1:35, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:07, 5:30, 6:01, 6:30, 7:31, 8:07, 9:30, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Leave New York foot Liberty street at 4:30, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 a. m.; 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 p. m.; 12:15 night. Sunday, 4:30, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 p. m.; 12:15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:46, 8:00, 8:30, 9:30, 8:00, 8:37, 9:30, 10:05, 11:03, 11:30 a. m.; 1:00, 2:07, 3:30, 3:30, 4:37, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.; 12:15 night. Sunday, 7:30, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 9:30 a. m.; 12:00 m.; 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 p. m.; 12:15 night. Leave Newark at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 p. m.; 12:15 night. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 p. m.; 12:15 night. Passengers for Newark change cars at Dunellen.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:45, 11:00, 1:30, 3:30, 4:45, 6:30, 8:00, 9:30, 11:15 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 8:15, 9:45, 11:00 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 4:45, 6:30, 8:00, 9:30, 11:15 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6:45, 8:00, 9:30, 10:45, 12:15, 2:45, 4:00, 5:15, 7:45, 9:00, 10:30, 12:15 night. Sunday at 6:45, 9:30, 10:45, 12:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND FOUR MILE.

Leave Plainfield at 8:45, 11:30 a. m.; 2:30, 5:30, 7:30 p. m. Sunday at 8:45, 11:30 a. m.; 2:30, 5:30, 7:30 p. m. Leave Four Mile at 9:30, 12:15 p. m.; 3:15, 6:15, 8:15 p. m. Sunday at 9:30, 12:15 p. m.; 3:15, 6:15, 8:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:45, 11:30, 5:30 p.m. Sunday 7:00 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5:45 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8:00 a. m. for Easton.

8:37 a. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9:45 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 10:20 a. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc. 4:34 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Drifton, Williamsport, Scranton, etc. 5:20 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 8:00 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. 8:00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sundays at 5:45 a. m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; 8:37 a. m. for Phillipsburg, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 9:05 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shamokin. 10:20 a. m. For Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 8:00, 10:30 a. m.; 2:45, 5:20 p. m. Sundays at 5:45, 8:00, 10:30 a. m.; 2:45, 5:20 p. m. Express Ocean Grove 8:30 a. m.; 1:30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 5:45, 8:00 a. m. 2:45, 5:20 p. m. Sundays 5:45, 8:00 a. m. 5:20 p. m. For Matawan 5:45, 8:00 a. m. 2:45 p. m.

For Atlantic City 5:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m. For Freehold 5:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m., 1:00, 3:37 5:37, 7:02 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1:37, 7:15, 8:37, 9:45, 11:28 a. m.; 1:35, 3:45, 4:06, 5:34, 6:36, 7:30, 9:55, 11:20 p. m. Sundays at 1:37, 5:30, 10:35 a. m., 7:45, 9:55, 11:20 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1:37, 7:15, 8:37, 9:45, 11:28 a. m.; 1:35, 3:45, 4:06, 5:34, 7:30, 9:55, 11:20 p. m. Sundays at 1:37, 5:30, 10:35 a. m., 7:45, 9:55, 11:20 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Pass. Agt.

She Was Willing.

"Will you marry me, Miss Jones?" he asked, as he sat down beside her.

"Yes, Mr. Smith," she answered, with a blush.

"Then I'll go and get the license," he said, as he started to rise.

"Oh, no, Mr. Smith," she said, as she pulled him back, "I'm willing to marry you, but I'm not willing to elope with you."—Boston Transcript.

Not Up to Date.

"Why, Mr. Jones, I thought you were a married man?"

"So I am, Miss Brown."

"Then why do you call on me?"

"Because I am not married to

CHINESE BURIAL RITES.

After the funeral the elaborate dishes that have been borne to the grave are carried back, and the mourner's feast upon them.

All the mourners are dressed entirely in white, and they assemble about the coffin and in turn prostrate themselves before it, a band of music playing meanwhile.

Immediately upon the decease of a person in China a priest is called, whose prayers are supposed to free the departed spirit from the necessity of going to hell and to secure his admittance to paradise.

Immediately after the coffin, in a separate sedan, is borne the ancestral tablet of the deceased with the offering of food. Different figures, banners and tablets are also carried, according to the means and rank of the family.

The coffin is a very solid, substantial case. The corpse, when put into it, is laid in a bed of lime or cotton, or is covered with quicklime, and the edges of the lid are closed with mortar in the groove, so that no odor can escape.

The body is arrayed in the most costly garments that the family can afford. In one hand is placed a fan and in the others a paper written on a piece of paper, which is a letter of recommendation to open the gates of heaven.

In the funeral procession the coffin takes the lead, borne on an unwieldy bier carried by a large number of men. A man goes before the procession and scatters paper money to buy the good will of any stray, tricky spirits that might try to annoy.

When the day of burial arrives, which is if a satisfactory place for the tomb has been found—the rarest lucky day to the third succeeding day after death, the friends assemble at the house, and an offering of cooked provisions is laid out near the coffin.

The nature of the site for burial is regarded as having an important influence on the prosperity of the living, the people fearing ill luck, disease and accident if the dead are not satisfied with the site of their graves. The selection of an propitious site is made by geomancers, a class of quacks who pretend to supernatural wisdom.

Bodies are in some instances kept in or about the house for many years, and houses is burned down from time to time and swept away. They are kept on trestles in the entrance hall, or sometimes in a chamber set apart. This course saves the family the heavy funeral expenses—which are considerable—or when a lucky place of burial cannot be found.

When the grave is reached the coffin is let down, and lime is abundantly mixed with the earth thrown in upon it. Crackers are then fired, libations are poured out, prayers are recited and finally paper molds of houses, clothes, horses, money and everything that the dead man can possibly want in the land of shadows are burned.—New York Star.

DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

Miss Joan Ingelow receives so many requests for her autograph that she is physically unable to respond to them all.

Miss Josephine Simon, the young singer adopted by Mr. and Mr. Claus Spreckels as protege, is an Oakland (Cal.) girl, who took her first honors in the musical circles of the Pacific coast.

Mrs. Philip H. Welch, the widow of the late humorist, whose death a year ago called forth so deep an expression of sympathy, has taken charge of a children's department in the Saturday issue of the Brooklyn Standard-Union.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Bloomer, of Council Bluffs, Ia., recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage. Mrs. Bloomer has been for a generation a prominent woman's rights and was the originator of the famous "Bloomer costume."

Miss Susie M. Best, the latest addition to the ranks of popular female authors, is a young Cincinnati school teacher. She was born near Dublin, Ireland, in the year 1859, and through her mother traces her blood to the same family heredity as James Montgomery, the poet.

Mrs. Sutherland Edwards has finished a novel entitled "The Secret of the Princess," in which she has endeavored to supply a truthful and not unfavorable picture of society and country life in Russia in the period immediately preceding the emancipation of the serfs.

Miss Louise Meyer, of New Orleans, the *new southern writer and magazinist*, is only 18 years old. She is of medium height, with dark hair, regular features, dark, lustrous eyes, full of light and expression, and a pretty olive skin. Her face is that of the ideal Rachel in sweetness of contour and pureness of outline, in which is no sensuous, sensuous melancholy shade of dreaminess.

Bridget Doody, probably the oldest woman in the United States, recently celebrated her 118th birthday at her home in Mineral Point, Wis. She was born in county Wexford, Ireland, according to an authenticated copy of her baptismal record, April 2, 1772, and has been a resident of Mineral Point, Wisconsin for a period of sixty years. She is in apparent good health and in the possession of all her faculties to a wonderful degree.

Mr. Pisli quotes a characteristic anecdote related by Mrs. Isaac Henderson, wife of the novelist; "On our voyage to Europe, some years ago, we met, among other fellow passengers, a very wealthy gentleman from Boston. One day he asked me: 'Well, madam, and what does your husband do for a living?' With some pride I answered: 'My husband is an author.' 'An author,' said the Croesus. 'One of those men who write books, eh? Well, I suppose they have their uses.'"

SCIENTIFIC SQUIBS.

The nutritive value of salads is held by eminent French authority to be due to the presence of salts of potash, which in ordinary vegetables are also in the most active form.

A rotary arc lamp having revolving carbon disks instead of the ordinary pencil carbons will, it is claimed, run continuously for forty hours, without the renewing of the carbons.

In cases where there has been excessive vibration noticed with engines bolted to beams or girders of the upper stories of buildings, causing heavy weights from the bottom of the engines has overcome the vibration almost entirely.

In the new high explosive invented by Maxim, of machine gun fame, gun cotton is the chief ingredient. Castor oil is also used, and it is found to increase the toughness of the product and diminish its liability to deterioration.

In using emery wheels it has been found that at a high speed one ounce of wheel material would only grind off six ounces of metal, while at a lower speed it would grind off eleven ounces. At this lower speed the wheel was making 2,150 revolutions.

In fishes which swim free and far from shore, such as herrings and lake whitefish, the scales are attached merely by a small area of their rims, and, being only slightly covered with epidermis, are easily rubbed off. Scales thus removed are in many fishes easily renewed.

AN INFANT IN CUSTODY.

Why Pretty Little Nellie Rudd Is a Prisoner.

Nellie Rudd is 3 years old, and a pretty, innocent little child, yet she is an inmate of the Will county jail, at Joliet, Ills., and must remain in custody of the sheriff for some time to come. A trial is pending for her possession between her mother, Kate Nelson, and her foster parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Rudd, residents of the poor houses. Three months after that event Miss Nelson signed the baby over to Mr. Van

NELLIE RUDD.

Arsdale, superintendent of a Chicago foundlings' home. He in turn transferred his charge to the Rudds, who have refused to thus far and have grown much attached to the winsome little thing. Nellie's father recently died and left $1,500 to the mother for the benefit of the child. Miss Nelson's first move was to abduct Nellie.

The foster parents with officers followed the woman to Chicago, thence to Mokena and Utica and back to the poor house, where the child was recovered. The claimants then sought the courts. Nellie lay asleep in Mrs. Rudd's arms when the court ordered her into the possession of the sheriff pending the trial. When a deputy sheriff took the child in his arms to carry it to the jail readiness both women burst into tears. The foster parents failed to get an order of court when they adopted the child, relying on the papers signed by both the real mother and Superintendent Van Arsdale.

Babies "Hoodooed" by Reporters.

"Hoodoo" is a word that is generally thought to have its origin in the African term "voudoo." At any rate, no matter what its genesis, the expression implies the possession of malefic powers. A hoodoo is the one endowed with the evil eye—or has ever attracts his attention meets disaster.

The latest phase of the hoodoo business has to do with the newspaper reporters, more particularly those paragraphers living in Cincinnati. The superintendent of the zoological garden at that place, Mr. Shepherd by name, was overheard in an ambiguous language that the reporters killed babies. He recovered his listeners from their shock of surprise and horror by the supplemental statement that all the babies were not human, and that the journalistic method was one of indirection. Then he continued:

As soon as any of our young animals get written up they die. Look at our giraffe. And when the pretty little deer was born we said a word about them in public. One we left with his mother and the other I took and began to raise on a bottle.

One day one of the newspaper men came out and saw the grimly baby getting its bottle. He wrote it up at length and how little thing couldn't stand it. It died at once. And so when we have more babies out here we will keep them under cover until they are old enough to stand the hoodoo of newspaper publicity.

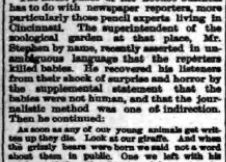
A Physician's Estimate of Quinine.

Dr. William B. Clarke, of Indianapolis, Ind., well known as an alienist and authority on all questions of insanity, has recently prepared a paper which he entitled "A Study of Suicide." One paragraph in the article cannot fail to be of general interest. It is this:

I feel confident that a frequent cause of suicide has been generally, if not entirely, overlooked, and no doubt many have been the victims of vague regarding it, viz., the reckless use of quinine, especially by one unacquainted by a physician, they are who have the characteristic effects of quinine, or rather its ability to cause symptoms or perhaps all of the well or nearly well person, especially brain and nervous system, rendering that it possesses the power to produce a condition somewhat similar to, if indeed, it is practically falls at all short of insanity. In fact does it is a depressant, instead of a stimulant, contrary to the general belief, and it is the most popular and universal every day amateur remedy. Everybody seems to take it, and for any and every ailment, from a headache to a corn, and that many insanities, suicides and murders can be traced directly to the ill advised and inordinate use of quinine.

Chicago's New Sub-Treasurer.

Uncle Sam is to have a new sub-treasurer at Chicago to look after the piles of money stored in the big *government building*. His name is Daniel Dustin. He was born at Topsham, Orange county, Vt., nearly seventy years ago, and was the seventh in a family of thirteen children. He graduated from Dartmouth college in 1846, practiced medicine *four years*, and



GEN. DANIEL DUSTIN.

then went to California, where he divided his time between doctoring, mining and politics until 1856, when he became a resident of Sycamore, Ills. He entered the civil war as a captain of volunteers, and when the conflict ended he held the rank of brigadier general. He has been an office-holder in DeKalb county, Ills., continuously since 1868.

Military Training of Dogs.

The French have found a new use for their dogs. They are being trained to act as sentinels. Two soldiers lead a dog to a place a mile from the starting point. Then one of the men turns back, and the canine is taught to track him. In months they are also expected to prove useful, for they search the fields and thickets indefatigably for poachers in their uniforms being hidden as decoys during the hunting season. Hating an enemy at once sun to their keepers, showing every sign of agitation. When the dogs are on drill they are objects of wonder and interest to all the vagrant curs of the neighborhood.

A Change in Floral Fashion.

Old fashioned flowers are coming into favor again with the residents of the big cities. Dahlias and hollyhocks now have rivals in the daisy, "bachelors' buttons," "bon and chickens," the columbine, larkspur and hollyhock. It seems quite appropriate for society leaders to welcome back the flowers of their childhood and give them the place they so well deserve.

"Morally imbecile" is now said to be the correct phrase for describing men and women who are criminal or vicious.

AN ABSENT MINDED MAN.

My sweetheart is a poet; he is graceful, slim and tall;
He has a dark and curly, and it's long;
His face is like a saint, he can play and dance and paint,
And he'd charm you with the way he sings a song.
But he's always in a dream, and to strangers he seems
Like a man with a purpose or a plan;
Yet he's not so very tame, for he gets there all the same
Though they reckon him an absent minded man.

The editors all state that some day he will be great,
That his simple manners will not always be the rule;
Though to see him in his walk, and to listen to his talk
You'd surely think the man was half asleep.
But he never loses temper and he never seems to fret,
And money in his pocket freely flows;
Though he don't know where it comes from 'twould be very safe to bet,
And safer, that he don't know where it goes.

I get so very nervous when he takes me out to dine,
I often feel as though I'd like to scream;
For I frequently prevent him adding catsup to his wine,
And stop him putting salt in his ice cream.
Yet he says I am an angel and the star that guides his life,
And then, you know, he loves me all he can;
Though I really don't suppose that he ever will be my wife,
He is such a very absent minded man.

—George E. Dwyer in Puck.

It Fell Flat.

One day, as a Sixth avenue barber shop had but one empty chair, a man wearing a very big face and walking with a great deal of swagger, entered, hung his hat on a peg, and then drawing a revolver he turned to the idle man and said:

"I want a shave, just a common shave. I want no talk. Don't ask me if I want a hair cut or a shampoo. Don't speak of the weather or politics. If you speak to me I'll shoot."

He took the chair, held the revolver across his legs, and was shaved with promptness and dispatch. When he got up he reached the shaver to his hip pocket, put on his hat, and after a broad chuckle he said to the cashier:

"That's the way to keep a barber quiet. He didn't utter a word."

"No, sir—he couldn't."

"Couldn't?"

"No, sir; he's deaf and dumb."—New York Sun.

A Trick of the Trade.

Owner of Premises (to tenant)—Now, John, you may show me those rooms that you think need repairing.

Tenant (with alacrity)—All right. We'll begin with—

Owner (enthusiastically)—One moment! Is this your baby, Mrs. Jones? What a remarkably pretty little fellow! Ostey, coosey, pootsy! Won't you come and sit on my knee, baby? Bless its little bright eyes! He'll be along in a minute, Mr. Jones.

Mrs. Jones (to baby)—Go and sit on the gentleman's knee, desire. (To Mr. Jones) —John, I don't see that there's anything about the house that needs fixing up this spring so very badly.—Chicago Tribune.

All for Naught.

The capitalist entered his gilded home with a heavy step and sunk nervelessly into a chair.

"What is the trouble, Oscar?" said his anxious wife.

"The trouble, Caroline," he groaned. "I am a ruined man! I have spent half a million cornering the chloroform market, and it's all going to be a dead loss."

"Why so, Oscar?"

"When they cut a man's leg off now, Caroline, he won't breathe a word, they hypnotize him, and hypnotism can't be cornered!"—Chicago Tribune.

Standing on Her Dignity.

Husband (alarmed)—Emily, there seems to be smoke coming up through the floor. Run and tell the lady on the flat below. Something's afire in her suite. Quick! Quick!

Wife (cold and stately)—Cyrus, I'll never do it in the world. We've lived three months in this flat and she has never called on me.—From the French in Chatter.

A Man of Power.

"So your daughter Jennie is married?"

"Yes."

"Married well?"

"Well married a man of power and influence."

"Indeed! Statesman, banker, politician, general or government official?"

"Neither. She married the janitor of a flat."—Boston Courier.

Meat for Strong Men.

Dartmouth Street—Where are you going this summer?

Franklin Parke—I don't know yet. I want to find a place where I can put in some vigorous exercise and reduce my weight.

"Come and take your dinners at my boarding house."—Boston Times.

Lost the Joke.

Managing Editor—What's the matter, Funnyman?

Funnyman—I was reading over this article for errors.

Managing Editor—Well?

Funnyman (gloomily)—Well, I found the errors, but I can't find the joke now.—Texas Siftings.

A Safe Trip Assured.

Passenger—I feel kind of shaky riding along on the cars at this rattling rate.

Old Patron—No fear; we're perfectly safe. What makes you feel so certain of it?

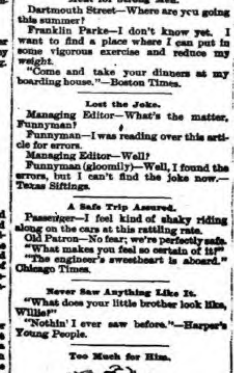
"The engineer's sweetheart is aboard."—Chicago Times.

Never Say Anything Like It.

"What does your little brother look like, Willie?"

"Nothin' I ever saw before."—Harper's Young People.

Too Much for Him.



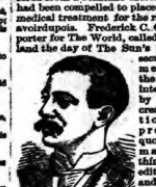
Tourist—What station is this?
Resident—Canajoharie.
Tourist—How do you spell it?
Resident—Now you've got me—an' I've lived here going on forty year, too.—*Frank Leslie's.*

THE CLEVELAND-DANA FEUD.

How a Reporter Got Mixed Up in the Quarrel.

For the benefit of those who have not followed the details of the latest differences between Grover Cleveland and Charles A. Dana the following summary of the matter is presented:

Not long ago The New York Sun published a Washington telegram in which it was stated that ex-President Cleveland suffered from a constant increase of flesh and had been compelled to place himself under medical treatment for the reduction of his avoirdupois. Frederick C. Crawford, a reporter for The World, called on Mr. Cleveland the day of The Sun's publication to



F. C. CRAWFORD.

secure his statement regarding the matter. The interview printed by Mr. Crawford created a sensation. The ex-president was quoted as saying many severe things about the editor of The Sun, and the latter promptly opened fire with a literary gatling gun. Then The World announced that its reporter's version of his talk with Mr. Cleveland was inaccurate, and published an explanatory statement from its manager's point of view. Mr. Crawford immediately resigned, and gave to the public through the columns of Frank Leslie's his story of the whole affair. In this he asserts that the ex-president said much more than was printed as coming from him, and used epithets of the most vigorous sort in denouncing Mr. Dana. The language attributed to Mr. Cleveland includes such phrases as "senile old liar and thief," and the intimation that the editor of The Sun suffers from paresis.

Memory Failed Him on the Rostrum.

Judge William H. West has for years been known as the "eloquent blind man of Ohio," and his public utterances long ago established his claim to the title. Although sightless, he gained a rank and reputation of which any one might be proud. Now, in his old age, however, he is called on to endure a great sorrow—the loss of memory. The other night at Pittsburg, Pa., he appeared before a crowded house to address the Western Theological seminary students and was given an enthusiastic welcome. After an acknowledgment of this compliment he attempted to begin his prepared address, but found that he could not remember a word. His son was unable to give him the cue, for the manuscript was mislaid. Observing the predicament of the famous old orator, the audience struck up a hymn while the judge tried to recall his address. But the words would not come. Then the organist entertained the people and once more the blind man took the stand, only to fail. He could not even make an off hand talk, as was suggested by the sympathetic audience. Finally his son found the manuscript and read it, while Judge West sat by, the picture of despair. He afterward came forward and explained that such a thing had never before occurred to him.

A Decision of Large Importance.

A decision recently delivered by Chief Justice Fuller, of the supreme court of the United States, has to do with the liquor question and would seem to settle at least one point of that important issue. Beer was sent from Illinois to Iowa and sold as it came. Officers seized the beer. The owner sued and got judgment, but the decision in his favor was reversed by the supreme court of Iowa. When taken to the Federal tribunal the beer seller scored an affirmative victory. The decision means that liquor can be taken to any state in "original packages," no matter how small, and sold to consumers. It is based on the ground that congress has the power to regulate commerce between the states, and that a state has no right to pass a law that shall interfere with this commerce.

Known as a "Desirable Lunatic."

In the insane asylum at Kankakee, Ills., they have what is the attendants call a "desirable lunatic." A visitor took dinner recently at one of the tables set apart for "mild cases." During the progress of the meal a patient at another table arose, carefully deposited his napkin at the side of his plate, and, walking over to the next table, caught another patient with a powerful upper cut under the ear. "There!" he cried, "that'll teach you better than to eat with your knife." In a moment more the aggressor was seized by alert attendants and hurried away to his own room. It was explained that this was his one hallucination. He became wild whenever he saw a man eating with his knife.

Some Old Time Statesmen.

The men who were the political giants of the United States in the days before the war are nearly all dead, and those who live are now beyond the period of activity. Six only survive who held cabinet positions before Lincoln's time. They are: George Bancroft, secretary of the navy under Polk; A. H. H. Stuart, secretary of the interior under Taylor; James Campbell, Pierce's postmaster general; Joseph Holt, Horatio King (each of whom was a postmaster general), and P. Thomas, secretary of the treasury in Buchanan's day.

Well Meant, but Fruitless.

Paris sees many peculiar things, but it never before beheld anything projected along the same lines as the recent convention of "Christian hearted landlords." The object of the meeting was to discuss what measures should be taken to relieve the difficulties of poor rent payers. As the "Christian hearted landlords" arrived at no decision, tenants will have to "pay or get out" in the future as in the past.

Snow Fighting Prairie Fires.

That must have been a novel sight indeed the first Sunday of May in the great state of Minnesota. Only think of it! An unseasonable snowstorm raging over hundreds of miles of territory and a thousand preachers and their congregations praying for the cessation of it. It did cease, and it did its work, for it put out prairie fires that threatened to do immense damage.

A Quinsycle for Street Use.

Parisian promenaders were very much astonished the other morning by the appearance along the boulevards of a new machine, a sort of quinsycle. It is a motor, driven by steam and has five wheels, was watched with great curiosity as it threaded its way swiftly and silently amid the numerous vehicles.

Popocatepetl, the famous Mexican volcano, will some day be only a memory. A recent survey of the peak proves that it has decreased 4,000 feet in height since the last measurement.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO-TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

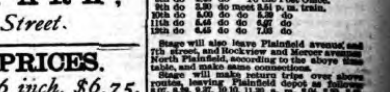
DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8

Hand Plows, $2.



Refrigerators, ice wood, $11.50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4-foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

READY FOR BUSINESS.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS ALL HERE.

THEY LOOK FINE.

And a better assortment cannot be found (or as good) in any town of the same population. The steady increase, in our business enables us to keep showing up something new continually.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

$1 — **40c** — **$1.40**

The "Flannel Shirt" and the "girl of the period" are very important adjuncts to our great republic at the present era. In fact the world would scarcely move at all if public attention should be withdrawn from them. **75c**

Realising this great fact we have supplied an immense stock of these goods, not the girls, but shirts, blouses, and waists for ladies, gents, boys and girls in great variety and are offering them at our usual popular LOW PRICES. New parasols, new dress goods, new gloves, etc. All the latest styles in our line can be had at **50c** **$2.75** **2.50**

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

$1.50 **$1.75** **$2 25**

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH CLOTHING HOUSE,

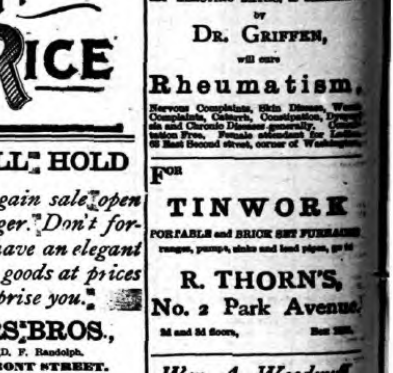
NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY



WE WILL HOLD

The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.

ROGERS BROS.,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

13 WEST FRONT STREET.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialties—Pivot-sliding work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carse, to whom refer ence is made
Furniture Express
31 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos,

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Leave, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 866. Telephone call 35.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—Tuesday a. m. to meet 7.50 a. m. train. Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 9th st. to Crescent ave. to Park ave. to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.25 a. m. train.
3d	10.10	do	12.25 do
4th	10.00	do	12.37 do
5th	11.00	do	1.25 do
6th	11.40	do	12.00 p. m. do
7th	12.40 p. m.	do	1.25 p. m. do
8th	2.45	do	To the Post Office.
9th	2.30	do	to meet 3.34 p. m. train.
10th	4.00	do	do 4.25 do
11th	4.46	do	6.37 do
12th	7.45	do	9.00 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mower avenues, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.30, 9.37, 10.10, 11.30 a. m. 1.34, 1.39, 3.37, 4.34, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Also Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Horses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Station on Sycamore street, between 2d and 3d. Telephone Call, 12.

MUSIC HALL.

1890.

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES.

34 West Front St.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

Latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats.

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Lace and Ribbons. Ostrich Feathers Dyed, Curled and Repaired. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

Dr. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female Attendant for Ladies. 66 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue.

Bet 2d and 3d floors, Bet 2d and 3d

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security. Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue. W. S. SLYTER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, MAY, 17 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE RED MEN HOWL.

Their First Venture a Pronounced Success.

Reform Hall was filled to its utmost capacity last night. Hundreds of people were turned away. The occasion was the first entertainment of Minnisconono Tribe, Independent Order of Red Men, and it was a pronounced success throughout. The entertainment began with an overture by the orchestra. This was followed by a speech from Mr. Walter C. Campbell as a Sachem. Mr. Campbell explained the workings of the Order, its objects, aims etc. In his remarks he said: "The Improved order of Red Men is a Fraternal and Benevolent organization, founded upon the usages, traditions and history of the aborigines of this continent. It's origin is, as the name already indicates, purely American, being it's history to the early days of the Revolution. It is secret, but only in the ritual and ceremony is proper in these matters which concern the private interests of a common family. The "Red Men" administer no oaths binding a person to a religious or political creed; they bind neither your hands nor your feet; as you enter the wigwam, so you depart—a free man. Minnisconono Tribe has been in existence only 7 months. Its membership now numbers 113. The organization pays a benefit of $100 in case of death, and $5 per week in case of sickness." Mr. Peter Cuddy followed Mr. Campbell with a violin solo. He responded suitably to an encore.

"Down on the Farm" was the next number on the programme. It was rendered by the indian quartette, a local organization composed of Messrs. Robert Schlereth, Elias Scollard, H. C. Searing, H. C. Farley and J. G. Martin. In response to an encore they gave a medley on the "Old Camptown ladies sing de song." The applause that greeted this rendition was tremendous and it was several minutes before the quartette could finish the song. Their singing was of the highest order and was deservingly of the applause they received. A selection by the orchestra was followed by Mr. Edward Coleman of New York. He was also encored. Mr. John H. Carney, Plainfield's favorite "Dutchman" then followed. It was some time before he could speak at all, but when he did, the applause was followed by laughter, and "Dutch" was called upon to respond to an encore. The remainder of the programme was as follows, each number of which received its share of applause:

Violin Solo, "Carnival of Venice" Prof. Condo.
Banjo Selection.....by Mr. G. H. Rogers.
Banjo Selections.....Mr. J. C. Band
Selections.....Orchestra
Clarionet Solo.....Dr. Stryker
Mr. C. H. Farles and Eclipse Quartette.
Selections.....Orchestra

At the conclusion of the entertainment the Red Men and their guests repaired to Cooper's Hotel where they sat down to a beautiful repast which had been prepared for them.

Epworth League Reception.

Quite a number of young people gathered in Vincent chapel last evening, the occasion being the regular bi-monthly reception of the Epworth League.

The programme for the evening was composed of recitations, reading and singing.

The first feature of the programme, after the usual routine business of the League, was a song by the following quartette, Mrs. Nellie V. Hall, Miss Amelia Mary and Sheriff Sharp. It was well rendered. Following this, Miss Morrison read a humorous selection entitled "How Girls Study". Miss Toppins, a young lady from Troy, N. Y., then sang several songs. She received hearty applause. Master Harvey Vincent then amused the audience with several humorous dialect recitations.

Mr. George Cornwell, Rev. Dr. Hurlbut and Rev. Charles B. Mitchell made short addresses. Refreshments were then passed around, after which those present spent the time before departing in pleasant social intercourse.

Runaway on Third Street.

At about ten o'clock Thursday morning a horse belonging to Mr. John Flynn, a South Plainfield milkman, left standing on East Third street, became frightened and ran away. Mr. Flynn left the animal start and in his endeavors to stop it, was caught between the front and back wheel and his right leg was badly bruised.

—The Somerset County teachers examination will be held in the public school building at Somerville on June 6th and 7th.

—A time from the Pond Machine Tool Works will visit Westfield on Decoration Day and play a game of ball with a nine at that place.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Congregational church took place in the church parlors yesterday afternoon. Business of importance only to the Society was transacted.

—In New York the Board of Directors of the Central Railroad of New Jersey held a meeting recently and re-elected the old Board of officers as follows: President, J. Rogers Maxwell; Treasurer, John W. Watson, and Secretary, Samuel Knox.

—The request which has been present that Robert Haddon succeed Hon. Sheriff Codington of Somerset county, while being conveyed to the State prison last week, is untrue. The prisoner was delivered safely to the prison and the Sheriff holds the State's receipt for him.

—We would caution our readers against certain bogus tree selling agents on the road. They do business after a novel method. The agent agrees to take fruit in payment for the tree, and also to pay as high as $3 a bushel, and in addition to send men to pick the fruit. Upon this basis they sell a good many trees to farmers who give their notes as the security for the fruit with the assurance that the time be extended until it is ready for picking. The farmer, however, discover when to late that they have been taken in, since the sharpers place the notes in banks and have them discounted, and the money thus once secured is also lost to remedy the swindle.

City Court Notes.

The police last night arrested three old offenders. This morning City Judge Codington disposed of them in short order.

The first one to show up was Hugh Laing. He was charged with drunkenness, and disorderly conduct and using profane language. He had nothing to say for himself and the Judge sent him to the County jail for sixty days.

Edward Hoover, alias "Smokestack" was the next prisoner to appear at the bar of Justice and Judge Codington sent him to Elizabeth to board at the county's expense for forty days.

The last, but not least, was "Mr." Edward Vandevile, "Ed" came to Plainfield from Rahway yesterday and met the "cops." He was so overjoyed at meeting his old friends that after much "persuasion" he was "induced" to take a drink. He did not stop at one however and that accounts for his appearance at the bar of Justice this morning. He will recuperate at Elizabeth for thirty days to come.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Mr. A. C. La Boyteaux will speak at Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

An important meeting of the Young Mens Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A., Monday at 8 p. m.

Mr. Charles F. Powlson who is well and favorably known to the young men of the city will conduct the young mens Gospel and praise service at the Y. M. C. A. rooms tomorrow at 4:15 p. m. There will be good singing, with organ, violin and cornet accompaniment. Be sure to be present.

A Runaway on North Avenue.

A team of horses belonging to Mr. Mahlon Vail of Park avenue became frightened on North avenue at about two o'clock this afternoon and ran away. Mr. Vail was thrown out of the wagon and dragged some distance but escaped injury. The horses ran up on the side walk and over the large plate glass window in Swalm's paint store. The team also wrecked a post in front of Rockfellow's store. The wagon was only slightly damaged.

JOTTINGS.

—Decoration Day is less than two weeks off.

—New stylish dress goods at special low prices, at Edsall's. See adv.

—Pleasant shirts and straw hats are now the favorite wearing apparel.

—Miss Stella Van Wickle Haworth of Hanwood place is visiting friends at Manasquan, N. J.

—The approach of the excursion season recalls visions of boiled ham, pickles and sponge cake.

—Doane & Van Arsdale are showing a great variety of all the latest styles shoes for Summer wear.

—See what R. O. Howell the progressive grocer has to say in his advertisement in another column.

—Mr. Harry Brokaw informs us that he has sold out his real estate business but is still engaged in the insurance branch.

—Governor Abbett has filed Senate bill No. 35, which permits Bound Brook, Somerville, Raritan and other towns similarly governed to build sewers.

—The services are out for the opening of the new school house at Scotch Plains. It will occur on Saturday evening May 24th. The trustees are Messrs. David P. Hall, T. J. Nicoll and W. F. Wescott.

—"The Suburban," a weekly society paper that began its publication last fall, and attempted to cover the field, not only in the Oranges, but Newark, Elizabeth, Paterson, Plainfield and other places as well, has suspended publication.

—There will be a special meeting for special business of the W. C. T. U. at which it is earnestly requested that every individual member of the Union may be present, on Wednesday, May 21st, at 2.30 p. m., at their rooms 73 West Front street.

—The Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society will ascend to the mountains tomorrow to watch the rising of the sun. It will be their annual May walk. After the rising of the sun games, etc., will be indulged in. If the day should prove stormy the walk will be postponed until the following Sunday.

—There were 151 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 153 in the preceding week and 199, 190, 142 and 152 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 4,421, against 4,799 in 1889.

—Inspecting Officer G. W. Moore, accompanied by Commander C. B. Stephens, Senior Vice Commander W. C. Smith, Junior Vice Commander W. R. Moore and others, of Winfield Scott Post, No. 78, G. A. R., went to Rahway last night and inspected Perry Post, No. 37, G. A. R. Department Commander A. M. Matchews and Department Junior Vice Commander J. M. Atwood were present and returned to Plainfield with the delegation, and were the guests of Senior Vice Commander W. C. Smith, of Grandview avenue.

—The trainmen in sweeping out the cars on the Belvidere division of the Pennsylvania Railroad Thursday found thirty empty pocketbooks under the seats. They had evidently been thrown away by pickpockets who operated at Bound Brook on the Centennial excursion. Hundreds of pockets were picked on that occasion. In some instances where the thieves got valuable papers they returned them to the owners by mail. Some Philadelphia ers were present, but so far we have not heard of any of them having had their pockets picked.

—Judge Scott rendered a decision in the District Court at Paterson Thursday in favor of George F. Pollock, the bicyclist, against James Sampson, No. 279 Grand street, Jersey City, for damages. A cart driven by Sampson ran into Pollock's wheel last Wednesday and smashed it, hurting Pollock's foot also. Sampson claimed that his horse were frightened by the bicycle and he lost control of the animal. The Court gave Pollock satisfaction in wheelmen, who are frequently annoyed by reckless drivers.—Mr. This will be of interest to Plainfield wheelmen.

ALMOST A FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Runaway Horse Thrown the Driver Out and Renders Him Unconscious.

At about eleven o'clock this morning a disastrous runaway occurred on Richmond street near the railroad bridge. Jas. Closson a young man, residing at Rahway was driving a spirited horse on that thoroughfare, when nearing the Richmond street bridge a coal train frightened the animal and it ran away. Closson completely held the reins and turned it in East Front street. The horse was running at a high rate of speed and kept swerving from side to side. After it had passed Barckman street one of the reins broke. Mr. Closson then tried without success, to run the horse into a fence. The animal suddenly turned into a side street and Mr. Closson was thrown from the wagon. He fell to the ground with such force that he was rendered unconscious. Some people who had witnessed his fall carried him into the residence of Mr. Mulford. The horse was caught further down the roadway. Mr. Closson under kindly ministration soon recovered consciousness.

The only visible effects of his fall are a few scratches about the face.

Somerset County Finances.

At the last meeting of the Somerset County Freeholders the Financial Committee reported the expenditure for the year as follows:

Court expenses	$10,894 87
Pump	200 00
Jail	1,907 59
Public buildings	3,393 52
Lunacy	9,156 58
Coroners	136 91
Stationery	747 94
Printing and printing	1,236 02
Elections	804 15
Incidentals	1,765 99
Bridges—	
Bedminster	$1,805 44
Bernards	1,993 78
Branchburg	6,537 76
Bridgewater	7,642 95
Franklin	732 30
Hillsborough	4,623 01
Montgomery	1,811 37
North Plainfield	632 12
" " Box	5,382 77
Warren	2,929 06
Live bridges	12,690 13
	$46 595 61
Per diem and salaries	5,707 22
Interest	7,500 52
Total	$89,838 29

Fag-Oddities.

Mrs. Stillman, who has just moved from the farm of Mr. J. B. Richards, just on the outskirts of Dover, broke a duck's egg in her frying pan a few days ago, when, to her surprise, a smaller egg rolled out of it. The larger egg was of ordinary size and contained a perfect yolk. The inner egg, it was is about an inch and a half in length, with a perfect shell and is well formed. Those familiar with poultry say that they do not think such a thing was ever known before.

J. D. Scarbrough, of Milford, was eating his breakfast a few days ago when he noticed that an egg which formed part of his repast was composed entirely of albumen. The egg was hard boiled, and when cut in half-length, ways showed no trace of a yolk, being of a white color throughout. The egg was quite small, and is believed to have been laid by a diminutive bantam hen whose companion was killed by a chicken hawk a few days before.

Wagons Collide.

Between eight and nine o'clock last evening, as Mr. Joseph Gavin was returning to his home on Greenbrook road in a wagon, some person with, it is said, was intoxicated and driving at a high rate of speed collided with Mr. Gavin's wagon, overturning it. Mr. Gavin was thrown out and his left leg was severly injured. He hastily righted his wagon however, and gave chase to the person who, after colliding with his vehicle had whipped up his horse and tried to escape. He succeeded in overtaking the individual, who was profuse in his apologies, and after severely censuring him, he let him go.

Ordered the Will to Probate.

Judge McCormick gave a decision in the Orphans' Court of Union county yesterday in the contested will case of William Moore, the Plainfield contractor. The will was contested by Moore's son on the ground that his father was not in possession of his right faculties when he dictated it. Judge McCormick decided that according to the evidence submitted Contractor Moore was sound in mind and had all his senses at the time of making the will. The Judge ordered that it be admitted to probate. The property is valued at $80,000.

A Big Snake—Story.

One of the largest of the black-snake tribe has just been killed upon the farm of John C. Todd, near Dunellen. A couple of Mr. Todd's hound dogs were trotting across a rye field when the snake reared itself in front of them. The struggle which followed is described by Mr. Todd as something never to be forgotten. The reptile continued the fight until its repulsive head was almost severed from the body by the dogs. Its diameter was three and one-half inches and its length eleven feet and four inches.

How About This, Crescents?

The Crescents of Plainfield offered the West End Athletic Club of Somerville $100 per game to play a game of ball with them. Hundreds of pockets were picked on that occasion. In some instances where the thieves got valuable papers they returned them to the owners by mail. Some Philadelphia ers were present, but so far we have not heard of any of them having had their pockets picked.

—Judge Scott rendered a decision in the District Court at Paterson Thursday in favor of George F. Pollock, the bicyclist, against James Sampson, No. 279 Grand street, Jersey City, for damages. A cart driven by Sampson ran into Pollock's wheel last Wednesday and smashed it, hurting Pollock's foot also. Sampson claimed that his horse were frightened by the bicycle and he lost control of the animal. The Court gave Pollock satisfaction in wheelmen, who are frequently annoyed by reckless drivers.—Mr. This will be of interest to Plainfield wheelmen.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. W. H. Van Winkle, of this city is spending a few days with Mrs. A. M. Thompson, of Woodbridge, N. J.

Miss Florence Howe Hall of Scotch Plains was recently elected president of the Monday Afternoon Club of this city.

The youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Hill of Carleton avenue, died yesterday morning of membranaceous croup.

Miss Toppins, of Troy, but at present residing in Troy, New York, spent Friday with the family of the Rev. Dr. Jesse L. Hurlbut, of East Fifth street.

Judge James D. Cleaver of Newark has presented the Scotch Plains public library with a complete set (80 volumes) of Harper's Monthly. Mr. Cleaver formerly resided at Scotch Plains.

Peter Rickert, a well-known truckman of this city, died at his home on Jackson avenue, North Plainfield, this afternoon at half-past twelve o'clock. The cause of death was apoplexy, with which he was stricken on Front street this morning. Mr. Charles Smith noticed his condition and prepared a hack and sent him home. Mr. Rickert was about sixty-two years old.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet tomorrow at 10 a. m.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock led by the Rev. Mr. Roots.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Rev. Dr. Reed Dilts will preach at the Washingtonville chapel to-morrow evening. Sunday school at 2:30.

Usual Sunday services at 73 West Front street, at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m., will be held to-morrow, to which all are invited.

Rev. Francis Tiffany of Cambridge, Mass., will preach in the Unitarian church, on Second place, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

The Rev. Wm. Maxwell Reilly will occupy the pulpit of All Saints church at Scotch Plains to morrow morning. No evening service.

The church of the Holy Cross. Service at 11 a. m. with Holy Communion. Sunday-School at 9:45 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m.

Services to-morrow as usual in the First Presbyterian church. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. K. P. Ketcham, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Stinson, pastor, at 10.30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by Rev. Asa Scott Dilts. Subject: "Prayer." Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

Service will be held to-morrow in the German Reformed church on Craig place, North Plainfield, at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2:30. All are welcome.

There will be preaching of the gospel in the meeting-room, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Bank at 7:45 p. m. to-morrow evening. All are heartily welcome.

First Church of Christ in Plainfield—Mr. Cleaver will speak morning and evening. Morning theme—Review of Ingersoll's philosophy, part VI. "Mistakes of Moses No. 2." Bible school at 3:30 p. m. Evening service at 7:30.

The meetings of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held the coming week as usual, at 73 West Front street. Sunday service at 9:15 and 4; Tuesday afternoon at 3, and to-night at 7:30. An invitation is extended to all.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. The subject in the evening will be: "Joining Christ and Joining Church." A cordial welcome is extended.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. R. Mitchell, will preach at the morning service. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:45. At the evening service Mr. James McGee will preach. Young men especially invited.

First Baptist church. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at 3.30 p. m. Special temperance service at 7.30 p. m., at which the pastor and the Rev. Mr. Ferguld, editor of the "Better Day," will speak. Music by church choir. Everybody invited. Seats free.

Interesting meetings are held in Reform Hall, every Sunday at 9.15 a. m. and at 4 o'clock. These meetings are held under the auspices of the Woman's Temperance Association, are free to all, and a cordial invitation is extended those who have no church relation elsewhere.

The doors of Reform Hall will be open to-morrow for the welcome admission of all comers at usual hours of 9:15 a. m. (basement) and 7:45 p. m. (auditorium.) Rev. E. M. Stadtman, an able and interesting speaker, will deliver the evening address, and all who can should hear him.

Warren Mission Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Service of Song at 7:30 led by Mr. M. M. Dunham, and at 8 o'clock usual Sunday evening service led by Rev. C. L. Goodrich Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock the meeting of young people. All welcome and cordial invitation is extended to all to attend any of the above services.

—The new bridge on Somerset street is a source of never ending interest to a great number of men who may be seen daily, look ing on and, seemingly absorbed watching the workmen, whom they usually outnumber two to one.

Fighting the Bookmaking Law

A petition signed by a number of ministers of Elizabeth is to be presented to the New Jersey Assembly Monday night. It asks that body to reject the bill legalizing bookmaking at race tracks in the State. If the clergymen can defeat this bill the crusade to drive the Linden and Dwyer race tracks out of Union county will be pushed with re-doubled vigor.

Teachers' Certificates to be Examined at Westfield.

The next regular county examination for teachers' certificates has been postponed, by order of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, from May 30th and 31st to June 6th and 7th. It will be held at Westfield.

—Every carriage in town was in use this afternoon to convey the guests to the Lawn Fete at Hyde on East Front street. It was a most delightful event in society. A full account of it will appear in Monday's News.

This Date in History—May 17.

1652—William of Orange declares war on France.
1787—Death of Catherine of Russia, widow of Peter the Great; born 1682.
1840—Discovery of vaccination, Dr. Edward Jenner, born; died 1823.
1865—Great Britain declares war against France; American colonies involved, and Canada eventually becomes a part of the British possessions.
1803—Bonaparte crosses the Alps.
1804—Penal statute passed in France by Napoleon.
1842—Fire in St. Louis destroys 18 blocks of houses and 23 steamboats; loss $6,000,000.
1862—Dr. Kane, Arctic Franklin search expedition, abandoned ship and traveled over the ice 1,920 miles, arriving in New York on Aug. 31.
1863—Vicksburg campaign; battle of Big Black river, Miss; Confederates defeated and Pemberton retires to the fortifications of Vicksburg.
1864—Atlanta campaign; battle at Adairsville; Confederates fall back; Rome Ga., captured by Gen. Carl C. Davis of the Union army.
1868—Rebels in Japan defeat the troops of the mikado.
1869—Township Schiller wrecked off Sicily; 331 lives lost.
1875—Death of John G. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, aged 54.

This Date in History—May 18.

1774—Gen. Gage reaches Boston and shortly after Preside General assumes governor of the province.
1803—England declares war against Bonaparte: war ends 1815.
1804—Napoleon proclaimed emperor of France.
1805—Navarino taken by Ibrahim Pasha.
1862—Disruption of the Church of Scotland, and Free Church formed.
1862—Gen. Taylor occupies Matamoras with the American forces, and Vera Cruz blockaded by the American fleet.
1863—Investment of Vicksburg begins this day and continues until the surrender on July 4; total Union loss, 4,835; Confederate killed, wounded and surrendered, 31,527.
1870—Race between English yacht Cambria and American yacht Sappho; the latter victorious.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A SINGLE HORSE, dump cart and harness for sale cheap. Apply to H. E. Smalley, 94 Somerset street. 19-2*

CLEMATIS vines, rhodo'ardrons, evergreens and greenhouse plants, at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 17-6

FLAT To let. Four rooms all improvements. $16, apply Wall's real estate office.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A 48-inch Standard Columbia bicycle. Inquire R. Proal, Third and Washington streets.

FOR SALE or to let—House, seven rooms, pleasant location. Inquire 87 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

FOR SALE—New state roof cottage, five rooms, one mile from railroad station, Dunellen. Price $1,400. Terms easy. Apply to Wm. F. Adams, 10 Park avenue, Plainfield, or to W. S. Stevens, Dunellen. 5-10 S,T&T

FOR SALE—My handsome property of nearly four acres. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-2-eotf

FIVE rooms to let, corner Somerset and Emily street. J. J. Humble. 16-3

FOR SALE—A four-seated side-bar surrey. The back seat turns around and end lets down so that you can drive from behind, as a dog cart. Both in good order. Can be seen at private stable, 121 Central avenue. 16-3

FOR RENT—A handsome, single flat, 7 rooms, bath, cellar, cemented, etc. Apply to 108 Park avenue. 5-9-3 eodtf

FOR SALE—Fine black horse, 16 hands, 7 sound, safe, six years old, sound and kind. Also, a large set of single harness, kind of work. C. W. Updyke, 184 Broadway. 5 12tf

FOR SALE or to rent—House, corner of Somerset and Seventh avenue, North Plainfield. All modern improvements. For particulars call or address Mrs. Obits, No. 363 Somerset street. 4-26-tf

FOR SALE—Complete turnout. Horse, double shifting seated buckboard with pole and shafts and roomy colonial basket. Also, a set of single harness, all of coachman at stable, 39 W. Seventh st. 5-6tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $13 per ton at the barrack. C. G. D. John F. Wilcox.

LOST—Between Seminary Hall and my residence on Broadway evening (Sept.), a string of silver beads. A suitable reward will be paid for their return to Charles D. Wadsworth, 33 Central avenue. 16-3

LOST—A black setter dog (pup about six months old). Finder please return to Dr. Stryker's office and receive reward.

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-8-tf

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Plain ducks. Hall Buchanan's Glen, Scotch Plains. $1.50 per setting. 128 Rockview avenue. 5-9tf

TO LET—Furnished house, good order; 10 rooms, bath, stable. Address "House," care of Evening News. MT&S

TO LET—Small house at No. 32 Park place, North Plainfield. 16-3

WANTED—A lady desires board in a private family. Terms moderate. Best of references given. Address R. M., care of Evening News. 16-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 73 Washington avenue. Good reference required. Three in family. 16-3

WANTED Coachman and gardener. W. Brock, 13 Madison avenue. 16-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 13-tf

$80.—Bicycle for sale. Victor Light Roadster. 30-inch. Good as new. Cost $140.50. Address G. W. Morrison, Plainfield, N. J. 5-12-1w

FOR ONE WEEK!

WITH A 25c. DRESS! We will give free, 1 best skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 skirt reeds 1 card hooks and eyes.
WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes.
WITH A 65c. DRESS! We will give free 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 card hooks and eyes, 2 skirt reeds.
WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid 1 1-2 d'ez. tailor buttons, 1 card hook and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining.

ALL NEW AND STYLISH GOODS.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

The weather demands it. The people demand it. We supply the demand.

IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES.

Absolutely the largest and best assortment ever shown in Plainfield.

WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV.

Doane & Van Arsdale.

22 W. FRONT. St.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Monday, May 19th,

PRIMROSE & WEST'S

MINSTRELS

PRIMROSE & WEST, BARNEY FAGAN, BARBER, THE BICYCLE WONDER, THE ORIGINAL BIG FOUR, SMITH & CHAPMAN, Musical Oddities, and the Public's Favorite Comedian, LEW DOCKSTADER.

A New and Sparkling Programme, A Brilliant Crystal First Part. The Performing Cremation Act. The Latest Hits and Ballads and Humorous Songs. Grand street parade about noon. Seats on sale Thursday. Prices 50c, 75c and $1.

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL 6. 13 E. FRONT ST

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 20 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 61 East Front street, (nine rooms with closets), built and formerly occupied by Henry G. Latimer, is offered for sale. Apply to W. C. Bunnell, No 1 East Front street. m&s-11-tf

TRUTH.

OUR GOODS ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY THAT CAN BE PURCHASED FOR CASH. YOU CAN BUY NO BETTER THOUGH YOU PAY THREE TIMES OUR PRICES. A FULL LINE OF CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS AND FRESH JERSEY VEGETABLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers, 20 W. FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19 " " " " " 25c
13 " " " " " " " " 39c
Children's silk mitts in black and tan shades, 15 and 25c

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladies' 5 wire ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's 5 wire ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

Parasols.

"Gloria" silk parasols, 23 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.50. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 23 in., $1.20, 24 in., $1.45, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 23, 30, 34 and 36c.

Boys striped hats 25 buckle, 50
Child's canvas hats 25 buckle, all colors, 10c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

Special Notices.

WARNING TO CARPENTERS.
The following have been sent to the Plainfield Carpenters Union and explains itself: "Headquarters United Carpenters' Council of Chicago and vicinity, 162 Washington street, Room 14, Chicago, May 10th, 1890. To the Secretary of the local union to which this is addressed: Brothers—The Carpenters and Builders' Association of Chicago are now engaged in a struggle with their employers all over the country asking carpenters to come to Chicago, when they will be one against the organized workers. We therefore appeal to you to aid us in preventing men coming here by inserting an advertisement in your local newspaper stating that the strike is still on, reports to the contrary notwithstanding. Do this quickly if you wish to aid us, for remember that delay is dangerous in this matter. If your organization will not bear the whole burden, send your bill to us and we will remit the amount. Don't fail to attend to this without waiting for the notice of your next meeting. Fraternally, Carpenters' Council, per Burns Committee. [L.S.]

NOTICE.
The annual meeting for the election of officers for the Plainfield Choral Society, for the ensuing year, will be held on Monday evening, 19th inst., at eight o'clock, in the chapel of the Crescent avenue church.
WILLIAM HUNTOON, Sec'y.

A REGULAR MEETING of the Home Building and Loan Association will be held Monday evening, May 19, 1890, at 73 West Front street. New subscribers can enter fifth series. Shares $100, payable in five and two months' dues, $2.25. They may be had of the undersigned or any of the members. Loans will be sold that night.
S. R. SMOTHERS, Secretary.

CLAIRVOYANT
By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, owing to the rain. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of second sight and with a will, don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 14 1w

BOYS SAVE YOUR

Pennies & Nickels,

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $25.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Happy Combination.

PURE DRUGS AND SAFETY BICYCLES.

OUR SPECIALTIES: Pure drugs; the careful compounding of physician's prescriptions; proprietary medicines; toilet soaps and all articles pertaining to a Temple of Pharmacy.

A RIDE TEST: Put in any apparent defect in the PREMIER SAFETY BICYCLE, for both sexes and all ages. The PREMIER SAFETY is the best RIDER IN THE WORLD; not because We all tell them; but we sell them and ride them because they ARE THE BEST. Call and see them. Send for catalogue.

Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. P. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY. Sec-Treas'r.

Drink Moy's Soda. None Better.

I do not Import Goods, but I do buy and sell the best of everything in groceries vegetables and fruits.
R. O. HOWELL.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, FIFTY CENTS A MONTH.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. BOX 1008.

TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Roadsteichwaarenverkauf.

That is its name in Berlin, and if you see that mysterious word in letters six inches long in a German meat shop window, it indicates that there horse beef is sold. In Berlin many people get meat only once a week, for Sunday dinner, and that meat is a nice horse roast or steak. In 1888, 6,845 horses and asses were slaughtered for food in Berlin. The meat is eaten by those who are too poor to buy beef, pork and mutton. These include artisans and clerks, government and otherwise. When this country becomes a great military empire, the United States government will feed its clerks in the departments at Washington on horse beef.

All the horse beef at Berlin is slaughtered and sold under strict government surveillance. The empire will shortly take this industry wholly into its own hands; then there will be a bloated government horse meat monopoly.—In connection with this subject it is interesting to remember how Bismarck forbade American pork to enter Germany at all, and high duties were imposed on all American meats. Perhaps Bismarck wanted all the old horses eaten by the Germans in the interests of sound political economy and home industry. It is said that an old horse rapidly fattened is not tough.

In Paris, in 1888, 13,377 horses, 304 asses and 27 mules were slaughtered for food. From the average horse 550 pounds of meat are obtained. A donkey cuts up 187 pounds and a mule 440. The first horse butcher opened his shop in Paris in 1866. It is said that during the siege and famine of 1870-71 no less than 68,000 horses, asses and mules were eaten in Paris. The Parisian called this "siege venison." In Vienna, in 1887, 9,271 horses were killed for food. In the three countries, France, Germany and Austria, the industry is carried on under government regulations, and no diseased animals are allowed to be butchered. Wherever there are zoological gardens the horse beef is fed to the carnivora, and this consumes a considerable portion.

The horse beef industry has also crept into England surreptitiously. Last winter parliament passed a law regulating it.

The Cotton Tyrant.

T. Thomas Fortune, the colored lawyer, gives in The New York Sun an explanation of the negro exodus which has occurred at various times from the cotton states of the south. He says the reason is that cotton is cultivated in those states to the exclusion of everything else. Mr. Fortune writes as follows of Alabama:

Selma, Tuscogee, Montgomery, Opelika and Eufaula may be called the principal aristocratic centers of cotton culture. Here, if anywhere, prosperous farms, opulent farmers, thriving merchants and contented, well paid laborers should be found. Mr observations along these centers justify me in concluding that the reverse is sadly the case. I find the farm stock of the most hopelessly inferior kind; I never saw worse. I find the farms wofully run down and impoverished, the soil fearfully worked to death, the one leading purpose being to wring from its reluctant poverty as many pounds of cotton as possible to the expense of every other form of produce. There is little diversity of the crops.

King cotton rules and tyrannizes the industrial roost, and everything and everybody must pay him court and homage. The farmers are ground to powder by the factors, who have a mortgage on his crop for supplies, and the merchant is in turn paralyzed by the enormous money tribute which he must borrow to buy his stock, and carry it for twelve months before he can realize on the farmer's cotton. The black laborer, as a matter of course, being the force upon which all the others rest, is mangled to death when accounts are squared at the end of the year. He always comes out in debt to somebody, the merchant or the planter. It is my wonder, therefore, that he should be nothing but discontented, ever ready to follow any man who holds out to him fair promises of a better condition, a more advantageous opportunity somewhere else, even if it be but too miles from the place where he labored.

There is before the United States senate a bill for a constitutional amendment providing for the election of senators directly by the people. This proposition is favored by many. They say that, as it is, the senate, owing to the fact that its members are elected by legislatures and serve six years, frequently are of one political party long after the administration and the house of representatives have changed to the opposite party by the will of the people, as expressed in a popular election. The senate in such case acts as a mere obstructionist, clogging the wheels of legislation. During the administration of President Cleveland it was said that no measure of importance could be passed on the tariff or anything else, because with a Democratic administration and Democratic house there was the Republican senate refusing to agree to Democratic measures. The vote of a majority of the people had gone Democratic, it was said, while the senate, being still Republican, had ceased in any sense to represent the people.

It has been customary for the government to donate to each new state an amount of swamp lands for educational purposes. New Mexico petitions that when she comes in the government help her instead to construct irrigation canals. *And she further asks to be permitted to come in soon.*

TWENTY-SIX LIVES LOST

Horrible Fate of the Miners at Ashley.

FIRE BOSS ALONE RESPONSIBLE.

His Naked Lamp Caused the Explosion.

The Daring Deed of Inspector Williams.

Scenes in the Chamber of Death—Blackened and Mangled Bodies Recovered.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 17.—It is now known that twenty-six miners perished in the disaster at Ashley. It was brought this morning by Mine Inspector Williams that the terrible fate of the imprisoned miners was learned. After numerous attempts to enter the mine through the newly made opening, the officials concluded that the fire could not be checked and left with their workmen for this purpose. Being a matter requiring considerable time, Inspector Williams became impatient of delay and with A. Bednigo Reed, of Nanticoke, made an attempt to penetrate the workings. Gas abounded despite the strong air current drawing through the gangway and their safety lamps glared and flickered in a manner telling of fearful danger. They persisted in their attempts, however, and followed the gangway 300 feet. Waiting but a moment for the air to clear they advanced down a steep incline of 60 degrees 300 feet further, when gas became so plentiful that they again paused. Finally, advancing 80 feet through the main gangway, they came to a large chamber which proved a veritable chamber of horrors.

In the Chamber of Death.

By the faint glow of their safety lamps they two men discovered on every side of them corpses, blackened, burned and mangled. The mine inspector, stooping with his lamp, examined and counted the bodies—nineteen in all. Here lay a man with his head missing; there a boy stripped of every shred of clothing and covered with wounds; another lay nearby with one arm and foot blown off. Dead bodies of males lay crushed to a jelly by mine cars, which were scattered about in splinters. Pausing but long enough to ascertain the number of dead, the brave men hastened to the open air and summoned help. Stretchers and sheets were brought, ropes provided and a rude sled built to draw the corpses up the steep incline.

The Removal of the Dead.

Soon the work of removing the dead bodies was under way and terrible scenes were witnessed as they came to the surface. As each ghastly object was held back the women who pressed forward madly to enter the mine. In a short time four men appeared bearing a body on a stretcher. The women knew at once that the man but saw only blackened and charred remains. Other bodies were brought out as fast as possible and at noon all but five of those who were in the mine when the cave-in occurred had been found. The excitement was intense and the streets in the vicinity of the mine were thronged with a mass of people, many of whom came from other towns.

Unequaled Scenes of Pathos.

The scenes of the entire morning in the town have never been equaled in the pitiful spectacles presented since the great Avondale disaster many years ago, when over 100 miners were burned to death. A guard of special policemen is found necessary to keep the pressing crowd away from the mouth of the mine. The more bodies that had been brought out of the mine and the search for the others was still progressing.

Refused to Care for Their Comrade.

The first body found was that of a Hungarian, who was taken directly to his boarding house. His fellow countrymen refused to receive the body, but it was taken in and deposited in the cellar of the building. At 5 o'clock last evening he still lay there uncared for, an unsightly object. As soon as the company learned that the bodies were being removed orders were given that all the dead should be taken to an undertaking establishment and made as presentable as possible. They were then later in the afternoon removed to their homes, and the company will see to their proper burial. All the morning the dead wagons plied back and forth between the mine opening and the undertaker's morgue. No pen can describe the blood curdling scenes at the mine, the morgue and at the undertaker's establishment. The dead are being prepared for burial as fast as they can be handled on such an occasion. Many of the bodies have no heads, others are entirely nude, and most of them are mangled and disfigured.

Those in charge of removing bodies from the mine have found considerable difficulty in identifying many of the victims. Every working is filled with explosive gases and fire damp.

Saved by Allen's Lamp.

The three men who were rescued separated from the others and advised them to follow, but they refused. They then walked along the gangway on their way out of the abandoned opening through which the rescuing party entered. When about 250 feet from the surface Allen's naked lamp set fire to the gas and the explosion occurred. In the meantime the others who refused to follow were waiting a distance of 500 feet still further in the mine for the rescuing party to enter by the slope and rescue them by digging away the debris of the fall.

It is presumed that they were overcome by the after damp of the explosion and gradually became unconscious. They did not know of the opening for which the three men were making and consequently waited in the darkness and suffocated to death slowly. The number of men still in the mine is as yet uncertain, as Thursday was a holiday and most of the miners were idle, no report being kept of those who were at work. The families of the dead miners are in extreme want, some of them being without a day's food in the house for the fear that the head of the house is gone they are without credit. The company will, however, look after their wants.

The Cause of the Cave-in.

The cause of the cave-in is believed to be the excessive amount of coal removed, not sufficient being left to carry the superincumbent rock. The roof was specially dangerous because of its being but 30 to 60 feet in thickness, permitting of local settlements. Fireboss Williams, who was on the fact that this accident, like many others of recent occurrence, is due to carelessness on the part of a subordinate official, in this case a fire boss. Though they are employed because of their prudence and experience they have been the very ones to imperil their own lives and those of others by acts of marked foolhardiness.

Only a week ago two fire bosses were convicted of criminal carelessness and were fined by the court $50 each and another is now awaiting trial, while several others have lost their lives along with their fellow workmen.

Sullivan Saved the Boy.

Among the many thrilling experiences incident to the awful disaster, that of James Sullivan will long be remembered. Sullivan was standing on the gangway beside his little doortender, a Polish boy named Joe Babroski. With them, but a short distance behind, was Michael Henry, one of the miners. When the shock came it almost lifted Sullivan off his feet. With rare presence of mind, however, he grabbed the boy with one hand and Henry with the other and succeeded in escaping with their lives. After he had gone a short distance he heard a crash and looking over his shoulder saw Henry behind him. It is supposed that he was caught by the falling roof and buried alive.

The body of Henry may not be found for several days. *John Allen*, the fearless miner who fired the gas, is suffering intense agony. While Allen's face and hands were but slightly burned, he inhaled the fire damp. Fanny, Anthony Payne and Robert W. Roberts, the other rescued men, are in a critical condition, and it is believed that both will die.

A Corrected List of the Dead.

The names of those reported by the rescuing party to be dead, in and out of the mine, are: Ellis D. Williams, Harry Parry, Owen Parry, Michael Henry, Thomas O. Davis, John Scolley, Michael Scolley, Daniel Sullivan, John Hassen, John Allen, Harry J. Jones, Robert X. Pritchard, Thomas Jones, Thomas Williams, William Edwards, Thomas J. Williams, Thomas Clause, Owen Williams, John Hennigan, Frank Gallagher and two Hungarians, named Butts.

Mine Boss Allen Censured.

General Superintendent Phillips, in an Inquiry into the cause of the disaster, has lost their lives through the negligence of Assistant Mine Boss Allen, who insisted on relighting his lamp in the presence of a large volume of gas. Had he not done so the men now dead could all have been rescued alive, as there was a good current of air passing through the chamber where the men had taken refuge after the cave-in had taken place."

LATER—Fire Boss Allen has died of his injuries.

Ex. Carlisle Nominated.

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 17.—Immediately after the Democratic joint legislative caucus had been called to order last evening Senator Cooper arose and announced the withdrawal of ex-Governor Proctor Knott as a candidate for United States senator. When the balloting began there was great excitement as it became evident that the majority of Knott's supporters were going to Carlisle. Mr. Lindsay's followers, however, stood by

J. G. CARLISLE.

him, and eight of the Knott votes went to Representative McCreary. The ballot resulted: Carlisle, 82; Lindsay, 33; McCreary, 30. Representative Smith then announced the withdrawal of Representative McCreary. Before the roll call for the second ballot was concluded it was evident that Mr. Carlisle would receive the nomination, and amid cheering and much confusion the vote was announced: Carlisle, 116; Lindsay, 43. On the motion of Senator Thomas, on behalf of Judge Lindsay and his friends, Mr. Carlisle's nomination was made unanimous, and a committee of five was appointed by the chairman to notify Mr. Carlisle of his nomination and to conduct him to the chamber.

The Elevated Railroad Censured.

NEW YORK, May 17.—During the trial of a land damage suit against the elevated railroad company in court one day last week a thing of a sensation by warning the lawyers of the company that if further dilatory proceedings were indulged in, it would be the duty of the judge to stop the running of trains on the road. Hours were occupied in examining witnesses when minutes would suffice. The object was evidently to delay the proceedings. To tie up the road would inconvenience the public and the court had always heeded this plea when put in by the company, but the plea could not be used to compel the court to submit to useless delays. It was as serious a matter for the courts to be blocked as for the roads to be blocked.

A Contract Labor Law Suit.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 17.—The case of the United States against A. Chamberlain McGlass manufacturers and James Campbell and William Slicker, of the Glass Workers' union, was taken up in the United States circuit court. The charge against defendants was that forty-five glass workers had been brought here under contracts made in England and given work at the Chamberlain-McKee glass works at Jeannette. After a number of witnesses were examined the prosecution rested. The defense offered no testimony and without argument and only a very brief charge by Judge McKennon to the jury, the jury without leaving their seats rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Stanley to Take a Wife.

LONDON, May 17.—A news agency here learns that a marriage has been arranged between Henry M. Stanley and Miss Dorothy Tennant, who is young, artistic and much admired. Miss Tennant lives in Richmond terrace, Whitehall. She is the daughter of the late Charles Tennant, and has become well known through her clever lectures in the Academy and other galleries. The marriage will probably take place early in June.

In Honor of William H Seward.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The William H. Seward club held a commemorative meeting at the Fifth Avenue hotel last evening, at which Secretary Rusk and Secretary Miller delivered interesting addresses with the famous statesman as their theme. A large number of prominent persons were present. The occasion was the 89th anniversary of Seward's birth.

To Meet Editor Halstead.

NEW YORK, May 17.—A dinner will be given to Hon. Murat Halstead at the Lotos club this evening. Among the prominent names on the roll of invited guests are: Chief Justice Fuller, Cassius M. Clay, Mayor Charles R. Baldwin, of Waterbury, Conn.; Gen. Thomas L. James, Gen. Horace Porter, Walter C. Phillips and John A. Cockerill.

Weir Wants a "Mill" with Murphy.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Ike Weir, the "Belfast Spider," called at The Police Gazette office and issued a challenge to meet Billy Murphy for $2,500 a side and the 120 pound championship of the world. Weir states *that if the California Athletic club will* put up a purse of $2,000 he will go to San Francisco to meet Murphy.

MISS BLAINE MARRIED.

She Is Now Composer Walter Damrosch's Bride.

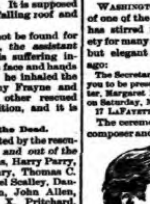
PRINCELY WEDDING PRESENTS.

The Ceremony Performed at Secretary Blaine's Residence at Washington in the Presence of Hundreds of Distinguished Guests—Congratulated by the President.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The avant courier of one of the most notable weddings that she stirred the pulse of Washington society for many a day was the following simple but elegant invitation issued several days ago:

The Secretary of State and Mrs. Blaine invite you to be present at the marriage of their daughter, Margaret Isabella, to Mr. Walter Damrosch, on Saturday, May 17, at 1 o'clock, 17 LAFAYETTE SQUARE, Wa-hington.

The ceremony that made one the young composer and the secretary of state's daughter



WALTER DAMROSCH.

is a Blaine mansion, No. 17 Lafayette square, in the presence of a distinguished company. Rev. Dr. Douglas officiated. On account of the recent deaths in the Blaine family the ceremonies were of the simplest kind possible. The bride was attired in a plain robe of white silk. It is said to be one of the costliest of Worth's creations and was designed to reveal the graceful figure of Miss Blaine.

The bride and groom were made man and wife beneath a gorgeous floral bell hung from the ceiling of the beautiful drawing room. The conventional best man and bridesmaid were conspicuous by their absence. The house was a veritable bower of roses and other flowers.

The Distinguished Guests Present.

After the ceremony was performed Mr. and Mrs. Damrosch were warmly congratulated by the president and Mrs. Harrison, vice president and Mrs. Morton, members of the cabinet and other dignitaries and friends present. A sumptuous and extremely palatable wedding breakfast followed. Among the five hundred guests present, in addition to those already mentioned, were ex-Senator and Mrs. Platt, Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew and Speaker Husted, of New York; ex-Senator and Mrs. Edmunds, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins and Joseph Medill, of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Russell Harrison and Mr. and Mrs. McKee, assistant secretary Wanamaker, Senator and Mrs. Hale, Senator and Mrs. Frye, Si-Julian Pauncefote, the British minister, and Mrs. Pauncefote, Theodore Roustan, the French minister, Count Von Valley, the German minister; Chevalier Schmitz Von Tavern, the Austrian minister; Minister Romero, of Mexico, and Charles de Struve, the Russian minister.

The Young People's Plans.

After the reception Mr. and Mrs Damrosch went to Baltimore, where they will spend the first week of their honeymoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Emmons Blaine. The 23d inst. they anticipate starting for Europe, in company with Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie. On their return they will occupy the beautiful Madison avenue residence in New York presented to them by Secretary Blaine.

The Story of the Courtship.

Miss Blaine and Mr. Damrosch first met at a dinner given by Mr. Carnegie at Kilgarston, in Scotland, where he has rented a magnificent estate for the season. On the coaching trip the next year the young people were seated side by side throughout the trip from Edinburgh to Cluny castle. At the grand old castle the courtship proper began, and in the walks across the heath covered moors and in aimless wanderings through the moonlit gardens, where every bush could tell a tale of love and every stone a tradition of romantic interest, the old story was told again.

Long Headed Mrs. Hale.

Last summer, while Secretary Blaine and his family were at Bar Harbor, before even the first faint rumor of Miss Blaine's engagement had been whispered, she and Mr. Damrosch were among other guests of Senator and Mrs. Hale at their residence in Ellsworth.

With that keen perception which a woman brings to bear upon hearts which Master Cupid has been shooting at, Mrs. Hale made a discovery, and on the occasion of the first dinner arranged that the lovers should be together. On the following day Mr. Damrosch sought his hostess, and, complimenting her upon the success of the previous evening's entertainment, began to dilate upon his own enjoyment of the occasion, which had given him so agreeable a companion as Miss Blaine, whereupon Mrs. Hale laughed heartily, and in response to his inquiry as to how she had guessed his little secret, said that his choice was so very apparent it would have been downright cruelty to arrange the grouping otherwise. It was, therefore, to Senator and Mrs. Hale that their subsequent visit to Ellsworth was paid, and their engagement was first announced.

The Wedding Gifts.

The wedding gifts, which are numerous and elegant, are said to be in magnificence surpassed only by Nellie Grant when she changed her name to Sartoris. The secretary of state's gift to his daughter was a magnificent diamond tiara, and the commodious brown stone house on Madison avenue, New York city. The members of the diplomatic corps are represented by a solid silver tea service containing seven pieces—tea urn, sugar bowl, cream jug, bowl and samovar for heating water. To *supplement it, Congressman and Mrs. R.* H. Hirst, of Pittsburg, have the most intimate friends of the bride in this city, sent all the small pieces of silver that can possibly be used on the modern table. There are twelve dozen pieces in all, and $1,000 would hardly be the market price of this elegant present.

Mr. Jefferson Coolidge, of Boston, sent a pearl pendant to the bride in which the pearl is as large as a woman's thumb nail. It has a crest of diamonds about it. Another rich present is from Mr. and Mrs. John McLean, a solid silver salad bowl. Senator and Mrs. Stanford gave a case containing solid gold carving knives and forks, gold spoons, consisting in all of thirty pieces. The carving knives have hilts as ornamental as sword hilts of smoked ivory with the letters "M. I. B." raised in gold. The blades are of gold. The president and Mrs. Harrison, vice president and Mrs. Morton and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie also sent elegant and expensive gifts.

AN ORDINANCE

For the Assessment of Property and the Collection of Taxes within the City of Plainfield for the year 1890.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. All the property in the statutes and ordinances in such cases made and provided (except what shall be exempted by law) for the year eighteen hundred and ninety, for the general purposes of said city, exclusive of school, library, poor-fire and state and county taxes the sum of Twenty-five thousand dollars; for the school purposes the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars.

For the maintenance of the public library and reading room, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the maintenance of a fire department to be under the control and management of the said city the sum of ten thousand dollars.

Approved by the Mayor, May 5, 1890.

JOB MALE, Mayor.

Attest:
JOSEPH B. COWARD,
City Clerk.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

An Ordinance

To repeal certain ordinances.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That the ordinance entitled "An ordinance to establish a Board of Health," approved April 28, 1874, and amended March 18, 1878.

"An Ordinance for the correction of Nuisances and for the passage of Health laws in the City of Plainfield," approved September 2, 1879, and amended December 16, 1881.

"An Ordinance to establish a Board of Health," approved June 3, 1889.

And all other ordinances and parts of ordinances which were repealed or abrogated by the said hereby repealed, and which ought to be so repealed and shall be deemed abrogated.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

AN ORDINANCE

An Ordinance to change and establish the grade of a portion of Invidere avenue.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That the grade of Invidere avenue, from the south zone of broadway to a point distant five hundred and two and five tenths (502.5) feet southerly therefrom, be established to conform to the present grade so as to conform to the ground and on the survey and map on file with the street Commissioner, marked "Grade and profile of Invidere avenue, May 1st, 1890," and the grade of said portion of Invidere avenue is as hereinafter established, as indicated said map and survey, to wit:

Beginning at a point where the centre line of Invidere avenue intersects the southerly south line of broadway at an elevation of 90.00 above the City base datum, and along the centre line of said Invidere avenue a distance of three hundred and fifty-two and five tenths (352.5) feet to a point having an elevation of 100.00 above the City base datum, and along said centre line a distance of one hundred and fifty (150) feet to a point having an elevation of 104.50 above the City base datum.

SEC. 2. That the rounded over said portion of Invidere avenue shall be graded and macadamized, improved with brown stone, to be laid to grade established by the City Engineer for a width of from six to eight feet each side of the centre line thereof, and for the width of the roadway of all streets, as circumstances may require, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, at the cost and charge of the owners of the lots fronting subscribing two hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents, being one-half of the total estimated expenses, as near as may be, and the remaining one-half of the total expenses to be paid out of the moneys raised by tax for the improvement of streets, and provided by law and ordinance of the City of Plainfield to authorize cities to make permanent improvements in the roadways of the streets at the general expense," approved March 25, 1886.

AN ORDINANCE

An Ordinance to amend An Ordinance entitled "An ordinance to regulate the construction, use, tenance and repair of sidewalks."

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That section 1 of the ordinance hereby the date above recited became the same hereby, namely, "That without that portion of the City of Plainfield described in this section as a cases in which said walks are not already curbed with stone, viz.: commencing at the corner of Park and Somerset streets, a shall be curbed at the expense of the abutting shall be laid to grade established by the City Engineer or Committee of the Common Council, shall be curbed with stone curbing not less than twelve inches thick in the thinnest part and sixteen inches in the widest part, and not less than twelve nor less than one foot in depth, to be set in one course in the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

AN ORDINANCE.

An Ordinance for the laying out and opening of Orchard place, from its present Easterly terminus to the Westerly side of New street.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That Orchard place be known as Orchard place to, and the same is hereby, laid out and opened, as near as may be, in the manner specified. The Common Council judging that the public good requires the same to be done.

The centre line of said street shall begin at a stone in the centre line of the street, now known as Orchard place, at the Westerly terminus thereof, said point being also the point of intersection of the centre line of the easterly side of a front street there to end and said street shall be forty feet in width, twenty feet on each side of said centre line.

The lands and real estate with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, and of the late Jonathan Sutphen, deceased, being and of John F. Runyon and Peter Emmons, shall be taken and appropriated pursuant to the charter of the City and the general statutes of the state in such cases made and provided.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following Ordinance has been introduced before the common Council, read the second time and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., May 5, 1890.

AN ORDINANCE.

Relating to the City Physician.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There shall be nominated and appointed by the Mayor, *subject to confirmation* by the Common Council, on the first Monday in February in the year 1891, and annually thereafter, a physician, of the city to be called the City Physician.

SECTION 2. He shall, when requested by the Overseer of the Poor, or Chairman of the Committee, professionally attend any of the City poor and furnish them needful advice and medicines.

SECTION 3. In case of any person dying within the City, unattended by a physician, he may be required by the Mayor, Chairman of the Almshouse Committee, or Health Officer, to view the body and furnish a certificate of death, made out on the blank forms provided by the State Board of Health.

SECTION 4. He shall present to the Common Council a report, on the first Monday in February, giving the number of persons attended by him during the preceding quarter, and stating the character of the disease of said poor persons.

SECTION 5. The salary of the City Physician shall not exceed four hundred dollars per annum, payable in like manner as other salaried officers of the City, which sum shall be full compensation for all professional services rendered and medicines furnished by him under the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 6. The Common Council "can ordinance to establish the office of City Physician and to prescribe his duties," approved July 18, 1879, and all other ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SECTION 7. All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE O LE from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 25c. Cakes per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

Hotel Netherwood,
NETHERWOOD, N. J.

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Frank P. Miller.
5-14-4m

J. P. Laire & Co

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FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

AND

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

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Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

Eugene M. Laing

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CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
28 NORTH AVENUE.

A. W. RAND,

23 WEST FRONT STREET.

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53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. East Front street.

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28 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Pineapples, Peaches, Quinces, Strawberry, Plums, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head (Brawn), Sausage, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Roasted Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Relishes, Swiss, Edam, Munster, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Roquefort and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elsewhere.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
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45 North avenue.

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12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye glasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasser.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Jersey Turkeys.	Spring Chickens.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Hand Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.

N. B. Smallest, Dear at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's.

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PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONFECTIONER,
No. 20 Somerset Street.

Kline's Extracts.

BILL CHANGES.

ntatives Stirred Up by amp Chimneys.

SSMAN REPRIMANDED.

s and McKinley Again Heard. Amendments to the Bill Of- d Adopted—Senator Sherman s the Silver Bill in the Senate.

ington, May 17.—In the house Mr. amendment to the tariff bill including glass chimneys in relative to thin blown glass at a cents a dozen and 40 per cent. caused a heated debate. In re- question by Mr. Henderson (Ia.) hey stated that the present duty chimneys was 45 per cent., and the duty between 30 and 60 per cent- men bought here at most any lump ey imported. Mr. McKinley d he had no exact data, he knew uty should be increased. Mr. said the committee had been unable for our people to manu- e chimneys under the present y and to continue to pay the e of wages.

ittee had no personal pride in he committee had done its best information at its command. ther of the majority of the com- agreed that the proposed duty chimneys was absolutely neces- serve that industry in the United

erson Amendment Defeated.

ther debate Mr. Henderson (Ia.) e a substitute for the pending e a provision that lamp chim- l continue to pay the present per cent. He did not want to in the domestic industry, but to vote for an increase of the duty. (Ark.) said that it was the in- perantly, to prolong debate to ay many times to get to Wash- Struble (Ia.) said that although ge an agricultural district he was ive the manufacturer reason- ection. Mr. Kennedy (Ohio) ht that the duty of the manufacturer within reas- ould secure him a reasonable ment prosperity for the ers.

y (Mass.) said the result of the y had been to close up the two e factories in Massachusetts. that Pittsburg had superior in the shape of natural gas, e high class mechanical skill of said, there was no reason why ould go to factories should not ased business and they would ased but for undue foreign com- it was for the interest of the ers and there that they wanted ased or lowered, but they forgot ry section of a bill covering 1,000 articles the committee had consideration, not of a single t of all the varied and complex the United States. Gentlemen r side said that the duties in the high. In the glass schedule e bill the percentages ranged 133 per cent. higher. If that ate tariff, why should not the increase that tariff and make in favor of the labor of the

Mr. Mills Retorts.

(Tex.) was glad to hear his Mr. McKinley's review his speech ago, in which he characterized ading bill as a free trade mea- high duties on the glassware that bill did not meet his (Mr. s. He had been forced to accept friend was placed in the same gard to his bill. He (Mr. Mc- put a protest on hides in t yet he had been compelled to rade position and put hides on Mr. McKinley's amendment

ber Changes Adopted.

inley then offered a series of s (many of them unimportant) ll adopted.

ose relative to carpets was y as to provide that carpets e or other vegetable material per square yard, and mats- creens 8 cents. The duty on exceeding 60 inches in width) ed from 1¾ to 1¾ cents per ding rugs for grass mats ce fixed at 2 cents per pound. el's hair was brought under ule at 2 cents. The duty of ad valorem was placed on e third class and on Russian of the third class, the value of be 15 cents or less a pound, ngs. The duty of 50 per cent. on wool of the third class ex- value 18 cents a pound. It is t on wool and worsted yarns t more than 30 cents per pound, ll be 2½ times the duty im- ound of unwashed wool of the ed in addition thereto 35 per rem.

tember Reprimanded.

lian addressed himself to the lishing of amendment offered ay providing that on manu- ool and worsted valued at not 30 cents a pound the duty ll be three times the duty im- ound of unwashed wool of the ed in addition thereto 40 per rem.

The amendment was Mr. Mansur (Mo.) seconded the ressed the indignation of the licans by the statement that en repudiated by their people. as in an uproar for a few min- peaker said the gentleman had advantage of the chair's good will the house and to lower his g in his own estimation.

r.—That may be the opinion of o it will not be indulged in e chamber.

In the Senate.

on, May 17.—In the senate the s taken up, and Mr. Sherman ubstitute for the amendment ffered by him as to covering ilver bullion funds now held for ion of national bank notes. n stated that the substitute ame effect, but in better form, prepared in the treasury de-

for Sherman's Views.

the discussion of the silver r. Sherman said: "I do not like

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Cleveland.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—1

Base hits: New York, 7; Cleveland, 7. Errors: New York, 3; Cleveland, 1. Batteries: Welch and Murphy, Beatin and Zimmer. Attendance, 681.

At Boston—
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Base hits: Boston, 3; Chicago, 6. Errors: Boston, 2; Chicago, 3. Batteries: Nicholson and Bennett, Hutchison and Kittridge. Attendance, 3,151.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 9; Pittsburg, 3. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Pittsburg, 3. Batteries: Caruthers and Clarke, Baker and Miller. Attendance, 875.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Base hits: Philadelphia, 4; Cincinnati, 10. Errors: Philadelphia, 7; Cincinnati, 4. Batteries: Rhines, Harrington and Baldwin; Gleason and Schriver. Attendance, 1,864.

Players' League.

At Boston—
Boston.....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Cleveland.....4 0 0 0 0 4 0 2 x—10

Base hits: Boston, 7; Cleveland, 11. Errors: Boston, 9; Cleveland, 12. Batteries: Kilroy and Kelly, Gruber and Sutcliffe. Attendance, 1,700.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....0 3 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—5
Pittsburg.....0 0 4 0 4 1 1 1 x—11

Base hits: Philadelphia, 17; Pittsburg, 21. Errors, Philadelphia, 3; Pittsburg, 3. Batteries: Buffinton, Sanders and Cross; Galvin and Carroll. Attendance, 651.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Base hits: Brooklyn, 11; Chicago, 9. Errors: Brooklyn, 5; Chicago, 1. Batteries: Hughey and Kinslow, Baldwin and Farrell. Attendance, 940.

American Association.

At Rochester—
Rochester.....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—4
Columbus.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2

Base hits: Rochester, 11; Columbus, 7. Errors: Rochester, 1; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Callahan and McKeough, Widner and O'Connor.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4
St. Louis.....3 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 x—7

Base hits: Syracuse, 8; St. Louis, 7. Errors: Syracuse, 2; St. Louis, 4. Batteries: Morrison and Deasy, Chamberlain and Earle.

At Philadelphia—
Athletic.....1 2 0 0 3 0 1 0 0—7
Louisville.....0 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 0—4

Base hits: Athletic, 14; Louisville, 12. Errors: Athletic, 6; Louisville, 1. Batteries: McMahon and Robinson, Stratton and Ryan.

Atlantic Association.

At Wilmington—Wilmington, 9; Baltimore, 14. Base hits: Wilmington, 11; Baltimore, 18. Batteries: Wilmington, Hemmer and Robertson; Stein and Corcoran, Baker and Townsend.

At Washington—Washington, 8; Newark, 4. Base hits: Washington, 8; Newark, 6. Batteries: Washington, Lee and Sullivan; Hawkes and Newark, 2. Batteries: Phillips and Riddle, Sullivan and Childs.

At New Haven—New Haven, 9; Hartford, 4. Base hits: New Haven, 7; Hartford, 5. Errors: New Haven, 0; Hartford, 0. Batteries: Gilliland and Holford, Winkelman and Murray. Called on account of darkness.

All other games postponed.

PLAINFIELD

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V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and we are still selling them at that figure. Same way on stades, our price 25c. for a good one.

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1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

* * *

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

* * *

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

* * *

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

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An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

* * *

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

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MR. AND MRS. DUDLEY ALLEN, Miss Berthoud and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrange avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

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a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and formerly of the Imperial Institute for the German Empress to the boys school, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German Language and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

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Teacher of piano. Piano lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1503.

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D. M. S. SIMPSON,
30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. VOORHEES, M. D., Homeopathist, No. 39 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m. 11 to 1 and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 84. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. A. BOE,
Plainfield, N. J., Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. No. 1 Park avenue. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REID,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Pears	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.5
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Franklin Brand Tomatoes	10	1.15
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans P. O. Box 1298. Jobbing promptly attended to. Best wages given cheerfully on all kinds of work

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

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Frank Linke,

Established 1868.)

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Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and Louisville Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

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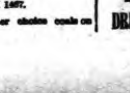
PLAINFIELD, N. J.



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49 North avenue.

WOMAN AND HOME.

MYSTERY OF THE ACCORDION SKIRT CLEARED UP AT LAST.

Sensible Remarks on Dress—Dignity of Housework—Women as Farmers—Train the Girls' Hands—Patents for Babies. How to Wash Laces.

It has been the good fortune of a reporter to find a solution for what has hitherto been popularly regarded as a first class mystery—namely, the process of making that manner of garment so beautiful to the eye and so dear to the fashionable feminine heart, the wonderful accordion skirt.

The method whereby she so called accordion plait is made has been kept religiously a secret ever since the introduction of the novelty. You can procure a skirt so prepared from any dressmaker, dry goods shop or sewing machine place; but the work is not done on the premises.

To begin with, there is a good sized iron box without a cover, with parallel wires stretched across it in two layers, one layer of wires below the other. The stuff to be plaited is first wet and then passed through the wires in and out, over an upper wire, under a lower one, then over the next upper wire, under the next lower one, and so on until as much of the material is taken up as all the wires will accommodate.

These ups and downs of the cloth form the lines of the plaits, and behind the last of the plaits is a square iron bar running parallel to the wires, which, being screwed up with a powerful screw, forces up all the wires compactly together like a book, pressing the plaits into the smallest possible compass. It only remains now to dry the material in that shape, and for that purpose the iron box is taken out of the oven with a perforated top and permitted to bake there, the moisture that evaporates from the stuff going off as the oven. A sufficient time has elapsed to allow for a thorough drying of the cloth, the iron box is taken out of the oven, the screw is undone, and the cloth is withdrawn beautifully plaited accordion fashion and ready to be made up. One Baltimore man produces several hundred yards of accordion plaiting daily, and, inasmuch as the consumer pays fifty cents a yard for the work, there must be a reasonable profit in it. No wonder it is thought worth while to keep the method a secret.

However, it is likely that this monopoly will be wiped out before long by the placing on the market of a simple contrivance recently invented, which any woman can afford to buy and will have skill enough to use. It will cost less than $5 to manufacture, will be sold for $5, and will do to perfection not only the according plaiting but knife plaiting, the machine consisting of a little iron box, with the long sides of brass adjustable to a table and a wooden roller. Each plait, after being folded by the machine, is ironed separately with a hand iron, and when it comes out all ready to be put on to the belt, supposing that it is intended for an accordion skirt. Put, of course, many other of these beloved skirts are made accordion fashion nowadays, such as capes, cloaks, lamp shades, etc. It will be cheering news to the ladies that the fifty cents a yard rate is not likely to be maintained very long. It will not be a great while before every woman who makes her own dresses will perform the accordion plaiting herself, regardless of cost upon the material she buys.—Washington Star.

Some Sensible Remarks on Dress Reform.

You see we are grown modest and fearful of some nameless, imaginary moral evil. We have become ashamed of the shape God made us, and we cover ourselves up, just as if the human figure were a deformity. Who first invented clothes which make men look like stiff, formal, shapeless dummies? The ancients showed the lines of the female figure and gave a piquancy to its pliancy, its graceful flexibility. Today the women put themselves in stays and load themselves with bustles and stick themselves out with all sorts of improvements until they look—still attractive, but falsely, unhumanly attractive. I don't believe the Grecian women, those from whose figures goddesses were modeled, had a bit better forms than the women of today.

The race in California is simply wonderful in its development of anatomical beauty, judging by the display one sees any day on the street. But it would be a great deal more effective if the costumes permitted the supple grace of nature to be shown. Recently the female of the species lecturer comes along to teach new fads about dress and to air new ideas about hygiene. The principle of all health is freedom of action of the body and plenty of exercise, and the principle of health is, curiously enough, the principle of comfort and the principle of beauty of dress. When in the olden times men and women wore clothes that looked odd and quaint in cut to us, if they sacrificed comfort it was to appearance. It sacrifice appearance and get no particular comfort.—San Francisco Chronicle.

The Dignity of Housework.

Clerks in the great banking houses start there as young boys, getting their instruction, of course, for small wages. Something of this kind prevailed in old times, when young girls were taken "to bring up," and were taught by the mistress of the house and her daughters. But it is very considered now or always to have these apprentices, just as the changes in other business have done away with other forms of apprenticeships and indentures.

The orphanage and industrial homes are furnishing a small measure of pupils for such occupations, where ought to be many more. When we can make housework as reputable as shopwork is considered to be, then there will be a change. Many ladies now know better how cooking should be done and can do it better than their hired cooks.

The enthusiasm for cooking lessons is helping to put that branch of housekeeping on a more dignified plane. The more the mistress, now, will know how to do about the house the more elevated will that employment become in the eyes of the woman who wants a service place.

We are really on the edge of change in that respect, but we must take care that it is not a shelving edge and that we don't fall off. A wife and mother of moderate means is better employed in superintending her household and her children than in wearing herself out and into an early grave by running the sewing machine to make their fine clothes, and in having them put up with an ignorant young servant, while she is sewing and sweeping and scrubbing. —Philadelphia Ledger.

Women as Farmers.

Farmers who find the business profitable owe much of their success to the good management of their wives. It is conceded by all that a farmer without a wife who is a good home manager cannot expect to make money. As a general thing farmers' wives are as skillful managers as their husbands, and share almost equally with them the burdens and privations of farm life. A woman who has been reared in the country finds good health in overseeing the dairy, the garden and the poultry yard, as well as looking after her household duties.

When a farmer has such a wife he can devote his entire time to his general farm work, and at the end of the year the profits will be well enough divided.

There are in Indiana a great many women who farm extensively and are as skilled in the business as any of the men. These women have made money out of the business and would not give it up for any other calling. Marion county has quite a number of women who have been getting farming much longer and are acquainted to make the business a success. Many of these ladies are members of the county agricultural board, and their views on crops are given as much weight as those expressed by the male members.

Miss Ida Richardson, who was brought up on a farm near Indianapolis, believes that successful and enjoyable farming depends largely upon the home management by the wife. She would have the husband to attend to the farming in all things; not a slave to work, but a woman who takes an interest in the affairs of the farm and manages the home so as to increase the husband's profits. She thinks the country home is, or should be, the ideal one.—Indianapolis News.

Painting with the Needle.

The nuns of St. Louis, Mo., are famous for their ecclesiastic needlework, which has no rival in the world outside of Mexico. Their favorite stuff is heavy cream white satin, almost rich enough to stand alone, and on this they paint actual pictures with their needles. They use bullion thread only for the outlines that outline the cloth or garment, and these are particularly beautiful in design, being mostly copies of the scrolls that outline the pages of the most costly of the old illuminated missals. Their specialty is the embroidering of faces, which they reproduce with a correctness and delicacy equal to the finest miniature painting.

On some of their pieces they have copied figures from the best of the mediæval stained glass, but mostly they are more modern in type, reproductions of faces and figures painted for the purpose by the best artists among them. One altar cloth, made to fill an order from an English cathedral, was of the same cream white satin with a broad border of gold needlework in a design of oriel windows, and set in the center of each oriel was a winged cherub's head, each one studied after the face of a real child, and each of a different type. These heads were about three inches in diameter, and the brush of the most famous artist could not have more perfectly reproduced their silken curls, their tiny wings, their rosy dimpled beauty, and the childlike faith and adoration in all the limpid, upturned eyes.—Illustrated American.

Train the Girls' Hands.

It is highly important in educating a girl to be an artist, self reliant woman that her hand should be trained to be useful. Of course the details of her education should be arranged with regard to the social position which she will probably eventually occupy. In ordinary cases the hand should be so carefully trained as the brain; for to fulfill the ordinary duties which fall to the lot of average women a useful hand is absolutely necessary.

Girls, who have the advantage of studying at our female colleges and high schools, do not, as a rule, belong to the wealthy and aristocratic circles where every domestic duty is performed by servants. The generality of these girls will not, when they are married, have a staff of servants and a housekeeper to look after them; they will have to be their own housekeepers for the whole year, if not for only one or two of the servants under them. In such a household as this the wife must assist if all is to go well, and her head and hands must be the chief and helm of the domestic ship.

As an assistance in acquiring manual dexterity, such as is often required in housekeeping, the teaching of some musical instrument is not to be overlooked. A trained hand can always perform its task, and, guided by an educated brain of average intelligence, will soon learn to perform any ordinary domestic necessity well.—New York Ledger.

How to Wash Laces.

In selecting soaps and washing fluids some regard must be paid to the texture of the goods to be treated. Care must be exercised in sorting the goods, for in an intelligent treatment of different fabrics a large part of the art of washing consists. Fine laces, for example, must be treated by themselves. Very fine lace may be cleansed and whitened by folding it smoothly and basting it upon a piece of long. It is then immersed for twelve hours in pure olive oil. A little fine soap is shaved into water, and the lace put into this and boiled for fifteen minutes. It must be rinsed, dipped in starch water, and then taken from the bag and stretched and pinned to dry.

Laces are sometimes whitened by putting them in a bowl of soapy water and setting them in the sun. Point lace can be tacked on a suitable cloth, keeping all the points smoothly stretched. Then, a fine brush and a lather of castile soap, it can be rubbed gently. When clean on one side the other must be treated in the same way. Then let it be rinsed in clear water, in which a very little alum has been dissolved to take off the suds. With a little starch water go over it on the wrong side, and then iron it. When dry it may be opened out with a bodkin. If not much soiled lace can be cleaned by rubbing in flour or rice powder.—New York World.

Patents for Babies.

Women have patented many things relating to children, and a California woman invented a baby carriage which netted her over $60,000.

Children's toys form some of the best paying patents that have ever been invented, and the man who made the rubber ball attached to a little rubber string cleared $200,000 with it. The dancing negro baby toys made a fortune for someone of $80,000. Pharaoh's serpents, or those jointed wooden snakes, brought in more than $80,000, and there are tops which have made fortunes. The one which is also called the wheel of life which is said to have brought $200,000 into the inventor's vest pocket, and $50,000 a year is the income which is received from the common needle threader.

Women have patented all kinds of toys. They have made improvements in baby carriages, and the funny parents in that of a Boston girl, which consists of a kind of tricycle for dolls, patented in 1879. The patent holds the doll upright and enables the child to push it around the room on wheels. —Washington Cor. New York World.

Keeps House in a Dozen Homes.

In Philadelphia there is a little woman who was left a widow two years ago, with no source of income and three small children to support, who today makes a very fine living by a profession that is uniquely distinctive. She is a perambulating housekeeper, and has a dozen or more clients on her list, as many, in fact, as she can comfortably serve.

She goes from house to house making weekly visits, and serving two and sometimes more of her customers in one day. Her duties are inspectoral and directoral. She goes over a house from cellar to garret, looks after the linen, furniture, decorations and has authority to give directions to the servants or resident housekeeper at all.

She prepares a daily menu a week ahead, audits the accounts of tradesmen and very often has the entire supervision over dinner parties and receptions. No detail in the management of a household escapes her, and her employers, without exception, pronounce her a perfect treasure, for at a comparatively small salary she takes upon her own fair shoulders the worry and bother of that portion of domestic affairs which are to ladies of fashion most irksome and wearing.—New York Journal.

Dress of English Women.

The English seem strangely indifferent to dress. One can scarcely tell by their apparel here and not excite comment. I have seen things parading the streets here in London that would create a riot in the states, yet here nobody will pay attention to them. The more grotesquely a man is clad the less attention he attracts. At the theatres one sees remarkable sights, male and female. The women wear enormous costumes. At the Criterion one evening I saw a scrofulous red woman clad in a fiery red gown, the corsage of which was actually plastered over with diamonds—not real diamonds, for very few ladies wear the genuine diamonds to the theatres. In fact, it heightens the effect to use the thing to blossom out in paste. I have noticed that scrofulous red females are all too common here in London; the redder the face, the redder the gown they wear, as by philosophy in this. I recollect that Mme. Modjeska once told me: "Red worn below the face deadens the complexion; worn above the face, heightens the complexion." If, therefore, a woman wishes to subdue the color in the cheeks she should wear a red gown or plenty of red ribbons about her throat; on the other hand, if she wishes to give her face a certain touch of color, let her wear a red hat or red flowers in her hair."—Eugene Field's London Letter in Chicago News.

A Monkish Omelet.

It is a remarkable fact that the epicures of the world should be so largely indebted to the French clergy for the luxuries they enjoy. The lion is kept at Mont St. Michel are at daggers drawn to this day respecting the right sort of omelet to be put before a hungry traveler who comes their way. One is bidden, who has set out for the old Gallic omelette aux fines herbes, while Poulard, his rival, contends that the genuine article is an omelet the secret of which has been transmitted down through ages by the antique religious order of the place. Such rivalry is an honor to either party. I have not yet been able to find it difficult to decide between them. Perhaps that of the monks in the more epicurean of the two. It is easily prepared. The whites and the yolks of the eggs are not mixed. The whites are flogged up to a creamy consistency, to obtain which much elbow grease is required; the yolks are only slightly beaten. The whole is poured into the frying pan and a large lump of butter put in at the same time. After cooking for two minutes the result is a miracle in its way.—Paris Cor. Chicago Inter Ocean.

How Agnes Booth Lives.

"There is one thing I am very particular about," counsel Mrs. Booth, "and that is my morning bath. I bathe to my waist in cold water, but the rest of my bath is made in a warmer temperature—tepid water. I go out for a ride every day in the year—in winter at 1 o'clock, but in summer later—and there is one other habit which I never neglect, and to which I think my good health is partly due. I take off all my clothes and regularly go to bed every afternoon for at least one hour."

"But when do you find time to look after new gowns?" I asked, noticing at the same time that, although Mrs. Booth was in a morning dress, it was of a very pleasing design.

"My gowns!" said she, with a glance of absolute contempt for the subject, and then, in tones that were almost confidential, as if she disliked to admit the weakness of the sex in general in this respect, she said: "How women can spend their time in shops as they do is beyond my comprehension. Why, the bad air stifles me, and the consequence is I never shop."—New York Press.

Harmless for the Complexion.

A mixture of honey, lemon juice and eau de cologne is exceedingly useful to whiten the hands when discolored by sun, wind or work, and may be kept ready for the purpose in a small toilet jar. Take a wineglassful of each ingredient and mix well; then pour into the jar and keep tightly corked. This may be applied night or day, and the inside of the fingers rubbed with pumice stone.—Herald of Health.

Miss Mattie Mitchell, daughter of Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, has the reputation in Paris of being the most beautiful American woman who has ever been seen in that beauty loving and beauty drawing city. Another very handsome American girl abroad is Miss Ella Russell, who has many admirers because of which makes her appearance in grand opera at Covent garden during the season.

It is said that Lady Paunefote, wife of the British minister at Washington, was much amused when, in answer to an informal announcement that she would be at home on a certain Saturday afternoon from 4 to 6, 1,400 visitors presented themselves, most of whom insisted on shaking hands, although she had never before heard of their existence.

The postmaster general's attention has been called to the condition of about a hundred women employed in the mail bag repair shop at Washington. They are compelled to work fifty-four daily for $20 per month. The work is hard, the building unhealthful and it is claimed that as a consequence many of the women become sick and die.

Among the popular colors there is the old fashioned shade known as buff, but now called "butter color." Another old acquaintance is puce, but its former crudeness is softened to an agreeable shade of heliotrope. "Ophelia" is a delicate shade of pinkish mauve, which is a good candle light color, as it lights up well.

The principal reader at The Century office is Mrs. Christine Terhune Herrick, Marion Harland's daughter, and herself a writer of romances and stories. One of the readers at Harper's is Lillie Peacock, who is also a newspaper woman and one of New York's handsomest feminine lawbelors.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

NEW AND NOTABLE STYLES IN THE WORLD OF FASHION.

A Riding Habit Designed to Insure Safety for Its Wearer in Case of Accident—A Stylish Shoulder Cape for Slender Figures.

One result of the current discussion as to whether ladies ought not for the sake of safety to adopt the cross seat in riding, especially in the hunting field, has been to stimulate the invention of habits which shall not prove death traps in case a fair wearer is unseated. A safety habit recently introduced is described by its English maker as in reality nothing more or less than a pair of trousers, differing very little, if at all, from those worn by men. The lady on her arrival in the field is quite unobtrusively free from the embarrassment of a skirt as if she had merely borrowed her husband or her brother's garments.

But there is this small but very necessary addition to them; an apron of cloth is attached as far as the knee of the right leg, and is buttoned down on the left hip as far as the saddle; from there to the ankle quite free and, in fact, as an apron would which was worn in the ordinary way.

NEW SAFETY RIDING HABIT.

There is a second apron to be worn behind when the rider is dismounted, and which is suspended by buttons under the front apron for carriage when not in use. When worn this second apron looks on to the lower portion of the front of the habit so as to loop it up for walking in a not ungraceful style.

There are the usual straps for the heel of the stirrup foot and for the toe of the other, which suffice to keep the habit, or rather apron, in its place when the wearer is riding, and there is certainly this advantage about it, that the dangerous gores and pockets are all done away with, and there would seem nothing that could very well catch on the pummel in case of an accident. Meanwhile, with one of the coat bodices now in fashion, there is nothing to show the uninitiated that this really "combined" garment trenches very closely on the attire of the other sex. It, of course, belongs to that class of safety habit which contemplates the rider taking her skirt—if we may stretch a point to call it so—with her, and not leaving it to the horse, in case of an accident.

Mrs. Power O'Donoghue, a horse woman familiar with the steeple chase courses of Ireland, pronounced distinctly against the proposed innovation of ladies riding astride and declares that a woman who knows how to ride, and who adopts a well made saddle, short, properly cut habit, with a firm grip of footstraps, and a plain, light, racing martrup, without any padding to catch the instep or imbed the foot, is quite as safe, and even safer, in her side position, with the pommels to give her "purchase," than a man is with his leg pressure and even seat.

Neck Wear for Men.

Neck wear, we are assured on as high authority as Clothier and Furnisher, has become an item of expense scarcely second to none in the well's wardrobe. The lower cut of the waistcoats and coats at the neck will bring the handsome Ascots and De Jonvilles into still greater favor. When the dark, solid color textures in clothing are the rule for spring and summer, the sale of the delicate light shades in neck wear is greatly increased, and vice versa. The faith in Windsors, as shown by the multiplicity of the designs exhibited, presages an outing season that will afford the summer young man a widely latitudinal scope for the exercise of his vagaries. In Windsors, therefore, the impetus under which the great body of this style will be sold—that is, to be worn with light outing suits—the quieter patterns should enjoy a greater run than what appears to be the more reasonable designs. The American makers of neck wear have generally adopted only the shades and patterns of the imported styles of last season. The slate shades of blue, elephant, hellotrope pearl and sky smoke, all with well accentuated black figurings, are the choice of what may be bought.

A Stylish Shoulder Cape.

The shoulder cape shown in the cut is a pretty and stylish example of one of the popular features of out-of-door toilets at this season. These jaunty little capes are much affected by youthful wearers and are very graceful and becoming to slender figured.

YOUNG LADY'S SHOULDER CAPE.

The cape here illustrated is of dark brown vigogne, with velvet plastron and collar. The last worn with it is of fine straw in fawn color, with soft green ribbon bows.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.
SEVEN YEARS WITH HALLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.
THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.
Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.
GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8
Hand Plows, $2.
Refrigerators, 3rd wood, $11.50. Garden hose, 50 cents per foot. Ice cream freezers, 1 qt., $1.50; 2 qt., $2.00; 3 qt., $2.50; 4 qt., $3.00; 6 qt., $3.50; 8 qt., $4.00; 10 qt., $4.50; 12 qt., $5.00; 14 qt., $5.50; 16 qt., $6.00; 20 qt., $7.00. Lawn sprinklers, 50 cents each. Lawn rakes, 10 cents each. Lawn mowers sharpened and repaired. Screen doors and windows, all sizes, made to order. Screen doors, 3 feet by 7 feet, $1.50. Screen windows, 2 feet by 3 feet, 50 cents. Screen doors and windows repaired. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. Step ladders, 3 feet high, 75 cents each. Step ladders, 4 feet high, 85 cents each.
PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

The Popular Store of Plainfield
HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,
Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.
Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c., reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $3.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.
Bargains in Every Department.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,
50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50
LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
Reliable Goods, Low Prices.
CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

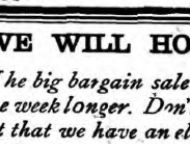
ALL THE LATEST
STYLES OF
SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT
WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET,
Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

WE WILL HOLD
The big bargain sale open one week longer. Don't forget that we have an elegant stock of new goods at prices that will suprise you.
ROGERS BROS.,
Successors to D. F. Randolph.
19 WEST FRONT STREET.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Second and Watchung avenues, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Travis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.
Furniture Express
81 WEST FRONT STREET.
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Further information call on or address Office 22 Front street. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 626. Telephone call 26.

Higgins' Stage Line
TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:
BEGINNING ON TIME:
First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7:30 a. m. to meet 7:59 a. m. train. Leave Hillside 4.30, and Broadway, Bound Brook 5:00 p. m. to meet 5:29 p. m. train. Second trips: to Crescent ave. to Depot.
[table]
1st trip 8.15 a. m. to meet 8.59 a. m. train.
2d do 9.15 do 9.59 do
3d do 10.15 do 10.59 do
4th do 11.30 do 11.54 do
5th do 1.15 do 1.59 do
6th do 2.30 do 3.14 p. m. do
7th do 4.45 p. m. do 5.15 & 7.30 p. m.
8th do 6.15 do To the Post Office.
9th do 2.30 do meet 3.14 p. m.
10th do 3.45 do do 4.29 do
11th do 5.45 do do 6.29 do
12th do 6.45 do do 7.29 do
[/table]
Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Park avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make prompt connections.
Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.45, 4.30, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 p. m.
Horses and Carriages kept constantly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Special attention given to funerals and parties.
Business after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.
M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.
Stables on Sycamore street, between 2d and 3d. Telephone Call, 18.

MUSIC HALL
1890.
FURNITURE STORE
POWLSON & JONES.
34 West Front St.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
Latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Crapes and Bonnets dyed to order. Feathers Dyed, Steaming and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Stomach, Catarrh, Constipation, Piles, and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 92 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue
2d and 3d floors, Box 1205.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. 18 Front Street and Park Avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park Avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, MAY. 19 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ON ACCOUNT OF A CHECK

JUSTICE HARDY IS HELD BY JUSTICE CROSBY FOR THE GRAND JURY.

The Charge Serious. — Numerous Creditors Confessing About Trusting "most Wisely But Too Well."—They Mention Counsel, and are Taking Steps to Retrieve Their Losses.

James James Hardy, of North Plainfield, was brought before Justice Crosby, on Friday morning on a criminal charge, and bound over in a bail of $500 to await the action of the Grand Jury. The complaint was sworn to by Adam Young, a shoemaker, of West Third street, to the effect that he had been swindled by one of Mr. Hardy's worthless checks on the First National Bank, there being no funds there to meet it. The check was for $10, and had been given to one of Mr. Hardy's workmen. The workman in order to give it to Mr. Young to purchase for a pair of boots, receiving 50 change, and Mr. Young had tried to cash it at the bank. Unable to do so he brought the note as stated, through his counsel, Mr. Craig A. Hatch. Mr. Hardy's bondsmen in Borough Council Chas. A. Reed in the sum of $100; and the evening charge is "fraud."

About two years ago Mr. Hardy, now a Justice of the Peace, then foreman for Mr. E. V. Bonnet, carpenter and builder, started in business on his own account, putting up a building on Somerset street, for a workshop. He soon had plenty of orders.

It was his desire to have work done by him, because it was usually done quickly, reasonably and well. Had he had capital no doubt he would have made a great success.

Whether it, however, enough what he could get advanced, has proved a difficult to get at with the numerous contracts he had under way, especially as he had taken them at unusually low prices. He got somewhat mixed up in politics, and whether this had anything to do with conducting his business affairs can only be surmised.

At all events a few months ago he got behind in payments to his workmen, who were put off from time to time with promises until their patience gave out, and they refused to work any longer unless they were either paid in full or given checks for amounts already due. They could get neither and seven of them quit his employ. The matter leaking out, revealed the fact that there were a number of business men about town to whom Mr. Hardy was also largely indebted. Then the affair got into the hands of counsel, and the following account for publication in The News, to the effect that he would have enough money to pay off all claims as soon as he could complete work he had under way, but that stories in circulation would seriously injure, as it brought out his wife and children, and the workmen, if the stories continued. We gave him the benefit of the doubt believing that would be the best in the end for the workmen, and others, and published his explanation of his transactions, without unfavorable comment.

These stories have continued, however, and prominent merchants and others have been inquiring why we did not publish the facts in the public interest. The fact of the matter was that the facts were not obtainable, as everything was done in very small way by Mr. Hardy, and he was afraid of the other, until they made some discoveries which opened their eyes. It appears that on Monday, April 28th, Mr. Hardy quietly made an assignment to the richest of his creditors, Chas. Reis, to secure a claim of $7,000. They undertook to complete the contracts for several buildings which he had, but was unable to complete. The workmen got their pay each day. This assignment left the poor mechanics, who could not afford to lose the money, out in the cold with the other creditors.

The following is a list of some of the claims so far as known:

Cook Brothers (secured) lumber	$7,000
Wilson Bros., mason	1,678
Graff & Co., N. Y.	1,100
Carney Brothers, plumbers	270
Page	800
McClelland, wood turning	626
Simon Brothers, mason	200
A. M. Griffen, hardware	161
Baker & Hubbard, turning	160
W. L. Adams	150
A. J. Negative	150
Total	$12,196

Cook Brothers are secured by chattel mortgages and Mr. Griffen by lien, covering about all Mr. Hardy's property.

The above list of course does not include claims of the workmen. The other unsecured creditors have retained counsel to begin proceedings against Mr. Hardy so that it is probable that he will have other suits to defend before long besides that of Mr. Young, as result of his brief but lively experience.

Mr. Hardy says the charge is quite work, and that he had funds in bank when he gave the check.

Mr. McGee to the Young Men.

At the Methodist Episcopal church Sunday evening Mr. James McGee delivered a sermon for the special benefit of young men. In fact for the text, "God's man is profitable unto things, in this life and the life to come."

A large congregation filled the church. Mr. McGee's address was full of strong illustrations calculated to impress the hearers. The greatest interest was manifested during the entire address. The choir of the church, Rev. Chas. H. Rhodes compiled the pulpit with Mr. McGee.

Gamblers Raided.

Captain Grant and Policeman Laing footed day noted a number of young men who are in the habit of gambling under the Plainfield street bridge every Sunday. The police rounded the party of the gamblers and they will be arraigned before the Recorder before the city fathers as soon as they "show up."

Another Cocking Main.

An exciting cocking main occurred in a barn in North Plainfield last evening. The fight was between Plainfield and North Plainfield. Five battles were fought. The North Plainfield birds won four of the five. It is said that considerable money changed hands.

BASE BALL SATURDAY.

The Crescentas Defeat the Lee at Brooklyn.

The Lee's of Brooklyn came to Plainfield Saturday afternoon, with the reputation that they had not been beaten in a game of ball this season. Their intention was to leave Plainfield with the record unbroken. In this they succeeded without their loss for the Crescent team, was a good condition and the way they knocked the ball around the field showed that they meant business from the start. The first two innings were very exciting, but after that the game lacked interest as it was all one-sided, the home team leading by four runs.

Every man on the Crescent nine played well. At the conclusion of the ninth innings the Crescents had come out victorious by a score of 12 to 4.

The Crescents nine was made up as follows: Jones, c; LeVingston, p; Wiegand, 1st b; Lathbarry, 2d b; Lee, 3d b; Martin, s. s; Walker, l. f.; Gillis, c. f.; and McMurray, r. f.

Annexed, is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—Total
Crescent	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	— 12
Lees	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	— 4

The White Caps Defeat the Stars.

The White Caps of this city and the Stars of Westfield crossed bats on the latter's grounds Saturday afternoon. The game was closely contested, but the White Caps secured such a lead in the first inning that it was impossible for the Stars to overcome it.

The score was 11 to 6.

AGAINST HORSE RACING.

A Petition Circulated For signatures in all the Churches.

Yesterday in all the churches of the city a paper was read asking for the signatures of all persons to be attached to a petition to be placed before the Assembly at Trenton to-day asking that the Assemblymen refuse to pass the bill legalizing hook-making and horse racing in this State. The pamphlet set forth that since the race track was opened at Elizabeth the attendance of young men occupying positions of trust who had succumbed to the gambling fever and to meet losses, etc., had committed thefts, the discovery of which resulted in the wrecking of previously happy homes, was enormous. The papers received many signers. They were all taken to Trenton this morning.

SPECIAL SESSIONS.

The Summit Tavern Licenses Withheld Another Week.—A Prisoner Sentenced.

There was a special session of the Court of Common Pleas, at Elizabeth, on Monday morning. The matter of the application of the Summit tavern-keepers for licenses was brought up, and testimony taken in the case of Morrissey and White.

Several witnesses were examined in favor and against the petitioners and Judge McCormick postponed a decision for another week.

George Reilly, alias James Cromen, who had been indicted for larceny, was arraigned, and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to the county jail for a term of thirty days.

JOTTINGS.

—The members of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society will hold a special meeting to-night.

—The Primrose & West Minstrels are booked to give an exhibition at Music Hall to-night.

—Every person who was fortunate enough to secure a horse and carriage went out for a drive yesterday.

—Dog catcher James Babbett, reports sixteen dogs in the pound. Three of them were killed this morning.

—A number of Plainfielders have been invited to an evening social at Bound Brook on Wednesday evening next.

—A regular business meeting of the "Y" will be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms Tuesday May 20th at four o'clock.

—A Plainfielder, whose name we are unable to ascertain was arrested at Dunellen yesterday afternoon for fighting dogs.

—The meeting of the young men's auxiliary and the class for inductive Bible study will be held at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will hold its regular weekly meeting to-night.

—The West Ends of Somerville defeated the Acmes of New York in a game of base ball on the Somerville grounds Saturday afternoon.

—The Young Ladies' Mission Band of the Crescent avenue church has engaged Mr. W. Hazlett, the author of numerous books on physical culture, to lecture. For particulars see their advertisement.

—A number of the Orange Wanderers visited Plainfield yesterday on their bicycles and were entertained by members of the Plainfield Bi. Club. They reported having found the new county roads in good condition.

—The brick building on West Front street, which belongs to the Leary estate and which was to have been sold last Thursday, was bought in by the heirs, the amount bid on it not being satisfactory.

—Some good-for-nothing boys, whose parents do not keep them off the streets at night, are around stealing chunks and shoving. If there is any regulation to be attended, it is this practice, and the owners of the flowers may have the boys arrested.

—The census enumerator will soon ask you how much money you owe, why you don't pay your debts, if you can read or write, if you are divorced, deformed, a criminal or an idiot, how many relatives you have in the penitentiary, and other pleasant questions, and you are expected to smile like a chorus and give him clear and full answers instead

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Miss Minnie Curtis, the 400-pound girl who died in Bordentown on Tuesday night, was buried on Thursday. The casket was six feet long, two feet deep, and thirty-five inches wide.

John Lyons, a seven-year-old son of Michael Lyons, of Ann street Paterson, has been missing since Tuesday afternoon. His parents think that he has been kidnapped by hucksters from Newark.

Word comes from Woodbury, N. J., that the peach crop throughout Gloucester, Cumberland, Cape May and Atlantic counties is being discussed by the wise men. Chemicals do not avail in stopping the pest. The trees die within ten days after the first visit of the lice. Hundreds of acres of wheat, rye and oats have been destroyed by these insects within the past two weeks.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frank Probasco has resigned his position as night ticket agent at the depot in this city.

Mr. Cornelius Harris returned to his home in this city after a brief stay at Providence, R. I.

The Rev. E. M. Rotmen, the pastor of the Grace church, addressed the Reform club last evening.

There are several important cases to come up for trial before the Union county court this week.

Miss Tillie Terry of 29 Richmond street, this city, is visiting friends on Eighth avenue, Brooklyn.

Thos. H. Cundy and Mrs. Lillie J. Bully were united in marriage April 15th, at the parsonage.

Mr. Charles H. Wilson of Park avenue left to-day for a three weeks' stay at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Miss Minnie English of Whitesville, Mass., is visiting Miss Blanche Moore of South Second street.

Mr. William Farmer left Plainfield to-day for Syracuse, N. Y., where he will accept a lucrative position.

The Misses Tittle and Maggie Day of Cottage place, spent yesterday at the residence of their brother in New York.

Miss Florence Frank, Miss Ray Hollander and Miss Felix Frank, of New York, are visiting at the residence of Mrs. Herman Schwal on Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield.

The Rev. A. G. Young of the New Brunswick Emerson Methodist church has accepted the pulpit of the colored Baptist church in Plainfield yesterday. The Rev. Mr. Mitchell was the former pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson of Wilmington, Delaware, Miss Clara Haywood and Miss Williams of New York were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. P. M. Chase on their handsome residence, "Edgewood" last week.

Miss Anna Lawler and Miss Mary Dempsey of Somerton, Pa., friends of Miss Mary Killian, the assistant operator at the depot, have been spending several days as guests of Mrs. Charles Schermerhorn of North avenue.

School Commissioner Jacob Kirtzer sailed for Europe Saturday on the German steamer "Werra." He goes with his wife and daughter, one of whom, Miss Carrie, is very ill. An effort will be made to bring her home at once.

Mr. Eleazor Mathews, widow of the late Oliver B. Mathews died at her home on First place Saturday. Mrs. Mathews' funeral Funeral services took place from the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church this afternoon at three o'clock.

Mr "Lew" Dockstader, who appears with the Primrose & West Minstrels at Music Hall to-night, is the man whose troupe was to have exhibited at Music Hall on the night of the fire last Summer and refunded the money rather than proceed under the circumstances.

The High School class of 89-90 held a reception at the residence of Mr. L. M. French on Craig place Saturday evening. Miss Minnie French, who is a member of the class of 1890 was host of the enjoyable evening was had by all. When leaving the class gave their class yell, which if not musical is noisy.

Messrs. C. C. Burnet and C. P. Leggett, managers of the Crescent League base-ball club, by a communication to the Railway Advocate, deny the assertion made in that paper that a visiting umpire at a recent game was hooted from the field. They do so in justice to that gentleman (Mr. Fleming) and to the fair name of the Crescent League.

The Vicksburg Daily Herald of May 11 1890, has the following concerning Mr. Charles Scbermerhorn of Plainfield, son of the general manager of the depot. "Mr. Schermerhorn, under the direction of Mr. Haynes the contractor for the sewer survey, will do a great part of the work of mining levels for the sewers, and other preliminary work" connected with the surveys of Vicksburg."

The lawn fete which was given by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hyde on their beautiful lawn on East Front street Saturday afternoon was one of the social successes of the season. Guests were present from this city, New York and Brooklyn. Mrs. Charles Hyde Jr., Mrs. Godfrey and Mrs. Edgerton assisted Mrs. Hyde in receiving. A first-class orchestra from New York furnished the music for the occasion. The affair will long be remembered by those who attended it.

The Annual May Walk.

Yesterday the members of the Plainfield Gaming and Turning Society and a number of their friends went on their annual May walk to the mountain top. They left Blatch's Hotel on Somerset street at five o'clock p. m., and ascended the mountain to Krumm's farm, where they spent the day in an enjoyable manner. Games, etc., were followed by refreshments. The merry party returned home early last evening.

—A party from Milburn drove to Plainfield this morning and are spending the day at Washington Rock.

THE VISITOR'S VISIT.

Interesting Clippings From the Rev. Charles B. Mitchell's Bright Little Paper.

Mrs. Gen. C. Martin has been much better during the past week or two, and has been glad to see some of her most intimate friends.

One of our little Sunday school girls, Edna Harris, by a recent fall dislocated her shoulder. She will be missed in Sunday school and Junior class.

Mr. J. J. Jackson, Mr. McGee, the pastor, or any member of the Board will receive subscriptions for the Evens Mission. Don't wait to be asked. Volunteer!

Some of our people are beginning to understand that, when they receive a personal invitation to any entertainment in our church, it is to their interest to accept it.

The District Meeting of the W. H. M. S. will be held in Cranford, Thursday, May 22. It is hoped a large delegation from our church will attend. Lunch will be served in the church.

Last Sunday, for the first time in the history of the Sunday school, there were more pupils in the Senior than in the Junior department. This fact proves the wisdom of our new grading system.

The Epworth League Friday evening meetings will close for the Summer, June 6. The pastor will give a talk on "Christian Work in Paris." Every member should be present at this closing meeting.

The pastor wishes to announce to all our members that he gives no letters of introduction or lists of names to book agents, or agents of any sort. When an agent mentions your pastor's name set the person down as a fraud.

The following persons were received from probation into full membership May 4th: Mrs. Ivy Negley, Agnes M. Negley, Stanley, Martha Cook, Linnie Stafford, Clarence A. Loomis, Henry L. McGee, Charles Hughes and Marion Rothenhausen.

Children's Day will be observed this year. The service will be held in the church Sunday morning, June 8. The church will be beautifully decorated and all the exercises will be appropriate to the occasion. Parents having children to be baptised will present them at that time, notifying the pastor in advance. We expect to make this occasion one of pleasure and profit to all.

The Junior Class is again in full operation with their old officers, with the exception of Miss Daisy Mitchell, and Mrs. W. H. Griffin. The latter is the artist, and furnishes the beautiful crayon pictures used in the class. The class is already so full that no more members can be taken. This record will close with the last Friday in June. Parents and friends are invited to visit the class any Friday afternoon.

The reception given under the auspices of the Senior Department of the Sunday-school was of the most delightful evenings spent in the church for a long time. Miss Mary Hubbard will close with the last Friday in June. Parents and friends are invited to visit the class any Friday afternoon.

The reception given under the auspices of the Senior Department of the Sunday-school was of the most delightful evenings spent in the church for a long time. Miss Mary Hubbard was the assistant librarian of the Sunday-school at Spartanburg, S. C., and is a most excellent one.

The Women's Foreign and Home Missionary Societies recently united in giving an Orange Tea to the members and their husbands. The chapel was never more beautifully decorated, the supper was superb, and the entertainment furnished was of the highest order. Mr. John Weir, at his own expense, secured the services of an excellent elocutionist, and Mr. and Mrs. DePorest Fairchild sang most acceptably. All present agree that the Orange Tea was a great success.

Two beautiful lots have been bought and paid for on the corner of Monroe and West Fourth streets, and the committee, Brothers McGee and Jackson, are now raising money for the erection of a frame chapel, to cost not less than $5,000. These two brethren have already given largely to this enterprise, and we are desirous that our people should assist them in making this chapel a grand success. We are a happy church in having such open and free hearted givers. Have no fear of money. Have we the willingness? We believe we have. Let every heart beat in sympathy and every hand open for the success of the Evens Mission.

The Committee having in charge the North Plainfield chapel enterprise have decided to build a neat chapel, costing $5,000, on the lots now owned by our church on the corner of Somerset street and Grove avenue. The trustees have authorized the commencement of the building as soon as $3,000 have been subscribed. We now present this enterprise to our people, and most urgently call on them to assist in this good work. Nearly $2,000 have already been subscribed, to raise which about all of our largest givers have contributed. The remaining amount needed must now be raised. It is hoped that every member of the church will take some stock in this enterprise. Do not wait for any collector to call on you, but state to the pastor, or any member of the committee, consisting of Bros. Carroll, Jackson, Jet. McGee, F. H. Smith, Cranmer, Conger, and Cole, or any member of the Official Board, what amount you will subscribe. The books are now open. We will be the first to volunteer a subscription!

This Date in History—May 19.

1535—Queen Anne Boleyn (mother of Queen Elizabeth), beheaded at the tower of London.

1780—England declared a commercial war against Holland.

1780—Boston appointed to appeal to the interposition of heaven on the death of Charles I. and the restoration of Charles II. May 8, 1660.

1790—Rhode Island admitted into the Federal Union.

1796—Birth of Sir Walter Scott, the author of many great, important and popular works.

1797—Birth of Victor Hugo, "The Dark Day," the New England states being wrapped in a dense black atmosphere for fifteen hours.

1798—Irish rebellion; arrest in Dublin of Lord Edward Fitzgerald.

1821—The Legion of Honor instituted in France.

1844—The discovery of 100 buildings in Chatham street, New York.

1864—Death of Nathaniel Hawthorne, American author; born 1804.

1886—Death of Count von Arnim at Nice, diplomatist.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Dies at 100 Years Old.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 19—(Special) Henry Martin, the oldest resident of Raritan township, and perhaps the oldest in Middlesex county, died in his 101st year in Piscataway township yesterday. He was 100 years old May 13th, (last Tuesday). He was well known as a pioneer oysterman on the Raritan river and was very skillful. He leaves four sons, and numerous grand children, and great grand children.

Launching a Steamer.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The United States and Brazil mail steamer Segurana was launched at Chester, Pa., Saturday May, 17th, 1890. Many distinguished persons, among whom were noticed many Plainfielders were present. The ship which is a model of its kind is 276 feet over all; is 45 feet 2 moulded 27 feet 9 to spar deck; its total depth is 36 feet 3. It is constructed throughout of steel with four water tight steel decks, seven watertight bulkheads, sixteen bolt frames distributed on each side of the ship, a total of 32 bolt frames, and has all the most modern appliances for steering, speed and comfort in all departments its estimated speed is 16 to 17 knots.

A special train of six cars over the Central Railroad of New Jersey, left Jersey City at eight o'clock Saturday morning, arrived at Roach's ship yard, Chester, Pa., at 11 o'clock a. m., containing about ship owners, bankers, merchants and marine underwriters. A grand lunch was served in the mooding loft and many good speeches were made in the interest of the merchantile marine of this country.

The launch was a great success. The services of the Central Railroad, and the marked attention of the conductor and the train hands on this occasion, were prompt and courteous, and will be a guarantee of many future special trains for like purposes.

SUBSCRIBER.

—The meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid society yesterday afternoon in Reform Hall was well attended and great interest manifested. The regular business session of the society will be on Thursday 22 inst at three o'clock, in the parlor of Reform Hall.

Died.

RICKERT—In North Plainfield, suddenly, May 17th, Peter Rickert, aged 59 years and 3 months.

Funeral services from his late residence, No. 109 Manning avenue, North Plainfield, Tuesday, May 20th, at two o'clock. 2*

Cent-a-Word-Column.

CLEMATIS vines, rhododendrons, evergreens and green house plants, at Dunlop's Hill Nurseries. 17-3

FOR SALE—Chear. A Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine. Nearly new. Address "Sewing Machine," care of EVENING NEWS.

FIVE rooms to let, corner Somerset and Emily street. J. J. Humble. 16-3

FOR SALE—A four-seated side bar surrey. The body and trimmings are good and the gears as they run are in good order. Can be seen at private stable, 127 Central avenue. 16-3

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $19 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson.

LOST—A pair of spectacles, this morning, on either Park or North avenues. Reward paid for their return for owner to this office.

MApply to Clark & Reed. 5-2-tf

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahma's, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 112 Rockview avenue.

TWO YOUNG girls want situations at general housework. Call at No. 22 Emmet street.

WANTED—A good, reliable Protestant young girl as nurse for child three years old. References required. Address "P. J." care of EVENING NEWS. 19-3

WANTED—A coachman and gardener. W. R. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 15-tf

WANTED—An active man for each county; salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a successful N. Y. Company incorporated to supply dry goods, clothing, boots, shoes, etc., at cost. Also a lady of tact, salary $40, to enroll members $60,000 now enrolled, $100,000 next year. Reference required. Empire Co-operative Association (credit well rated). Look box 610, N. Y. 17

—Bicycle for sale. Victor Light $80. Roadster. 58-inch. Good as new. Cost $142.50. Address G. W. Morrison, Plainfield, N. J. 5-12-1w

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Train half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14-4m

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is enabled to furnish Lumber, and to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand, Broadway and Fourth street. Yard turning and planing will also, done in the best manner.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors he solicits a continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 139.

CUT THIS OUT

And bring it to us, it is worth 25c to you,

FOR EVERY PURCHASE OF $2 WORTH AT ONE TIME,

IF YOU WILL BRING THIS ADV. TO US WE WILL ALLOW YOU A REDUCTION OF 25 CENTS. IF YOU WANT $3 WORTH OF SHOES OR REPAIRING OR BOTH SECURE FIVE OF THESE ADVS AND WE WILL ALLOW YOU $1.25 FOR THEM. THIS WILL HOLD GOOD UNTIL JULY 1ST. REMEMBER WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF THE BEST SHOES THAT CAN BE HAD IN ALL WIDTHS AND STYLES AT LOW PRICES, AND DO FINE REPAIRING.

ROGERS BROTHER'S,

Successors to D. F. Randolph,

19 WEST FRONT STREET.

FOR ONE WEEK!

WITH A 25c. DRESS! We will give free, 1 box best skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 3 skirt reels. 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining. 1 skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels. 1 card hooks and eyes, 2 skirt reels.

WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes. 1 doz. waist steels.

WITH A $1. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hook and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining.

ALL NEW AND STYLISH GOODS.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

The weather demands it. The people demand it. We supply the demand,

IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES.

Absolutely the largest and best assortment ever shown in Plainfield.

WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV.

Doane & Van Arsdale.

29 W. FRONT. St.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

TO-NIGHT.

PRIMROSE & WEST'S

MINSTRELS

PRIMROSE & WEST, BARNEY FAGAN, BARBER, THE BICYCLE WONDER, THE ORIGINAL BIG FOUR, SMITH & CHAPMAN, Musical Comedians, and the Public's Favorite Comedian, LEW DOCKSTADER.

A New and Superior Programme. A Brilliant Crystal First Part. The Overwhelming Ovation Act. The Largest Hits and Handsomest Costumes ever seen. Seats on sale Thursday. Prices 50c, 75c, and $1.

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL 5. 13 E. FRONT ST

TRUTH.

OUR GOODS ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY THAT CAN BE PURCHASED FOR CASH. YOU CAN BUY NO BETTER THOUGH YOU PAY THREE TIMES OUR PRICES. A FULL LINE OF CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS AND FRESH JERSEY VEGETABLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

29 W. FRONT STREET.

A LECTURE

on Physical Culture will be given Tuesday evening May 20 at eight o'clock in the chapel of the Crescent Avenue Church for the benefit of the Young Ladies Mission Band of the two Presbyterian Churches by Mr. William Hazlet. — Admission 50 cts. Tickets may be had at Shaw drug store.

I do not Import Goods, but I do buy and sell the best of everything in groceries vegetables and fruits.

R. O. HOWELL.

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, consequently. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once up the C. and P. road, corner of 2nd flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the 7th Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of second sight and with a veil. Don't delay but call at once. Everybody is going to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Come and call at once. 14-1w

OFFICE OF THE POND MACHINE TOOL CO. 111 & 113 LIBERTY ST. N. Y.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pond Machine Tool Company, for the election of seven Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before said meeting, will be held at the office of the Company in the city of Plainfield, New Jersey, at three o'clock p. m., on Monday, June 2, 1890.

HENRY M. MANNING, Sec'y.

NEW YORK, May 10, 1890.

Happy Combination.

PURE DRUGS AND SAFETY BICYCLES.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL 5. 13 E. FRONT ST

OUR SPECIALTIES: Pure drugs; the careful compounding of physician's prescriptions; prompt attention; boths soap and all articles pertaining to a Temple of Pharmacy.

A SIDE ISSUE: But an important one; is the PREMIER SAFETY BICYCLE, for both sexes and all sizes. The PREMIER SAFETIES are the BEST IN THE WORLD; not because WE sell them; but we sell them and ride them because they ARE THE BEST. Call and see them. Send for catalogue.

Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. P. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY. Sec-Treas.

Drink Moy's Sodn. None Better.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

V. AND W. SPECIAL OFFER.

We offer 1,000 yards fine French dress gingham 10c per yard. These goods have never sold less than 15c, and at the price offered, the yare the best bargains in ginhams we have ever had.

Van Emburgh & White

19 WEST FRONT ST.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

It seems as if, after a tough fight, the power of a minority to defeat a measure by refraining from voting is to be broken in both houses of congress. Senator Sherman has given notice that hereafter, when a legal quorum is present in the senate chamber, he will demand that it be counted as such by the presiding officer, whether the members all vote or not.

The World-Cleveland-Dana three cornered fight, which enlarged into a quadrangular one, became correspondingly amusing to the outside word as it spread. The fourth individual to take a hand was the reporter, who did not propose to be sacrificed. In answer to The World's editorial denial of the truthfulness of his report of Mr. Cleveland's remarks he presented an affidavit that all he said was true, and a good deal more besides. More metropolitan journalism.

The service pension bill which passed the senate, and then, with an amendment, the house, is one which will interest veterans of all parties. Its provisions, as the house amended it, are that every person who served as much as ninety days in the army or navy shall, on reaching the age of 60 years, receive a pension of $8 a month the rest of his life. His widow and minor children will also receive a pension. Besides those of 60 years and over, all persons of any age who are disabled and served in the army or navy as aforesaid, will be placed upon the pension rolls at the same rate. The amount necessary to meet this added expenditure will not be less than $40,000,000 a year.

Kemmler.

March 29, 1889, William Kemmler murdered Tillie Ziegler in Buffalo by chopping her body into twenty-two pieces with a rusty hatchet. He was tried for the crime and was the first murderer to be sentenced under the law providing for the execution of criminals by electricity. On the ground that the law was opposed to the state constitution because it inflicted a "cruel and unusual punishment," the case was battled over in the state courts for months. At last the court of appeals, the highest authority in New York state, decided that the law was constitutional and that Kemmler must die.

It is said that the Westinghouse Electric company were interested in fighting for the life of Kemmler most desperately, because he was to be executed by a shock from one of their dynamos, and they feared it would give their machines a bad name. Kemmler was sentenced to die April 30, 1890. He spent his last days writing his autographs for curiosity hunters who have peculiar tastes and attending to his religious duties, which he had confessedly neglected hitherto. He was to be shocked to death at sunrise. The fateful chair was in its place. He had seen it. His coffin was made. He was baptized and professed his allegiance to the faith that was to take him to heaven.

A train load of reporters went to Auburn April 29, to be ready to describe the scene. With them was a quiet looking New York lawyer, Roger M. Sherman. He said nothing of his business, but, leaving the train, went straight to the prison authorities and sprung on them the following document:

The people of the United States to Charles F. Durston, warden and agent of Auburn prison, greeting: The people of the United States, whom God defend, do require and command you to have the body of William Kemmler, by you imprisoned and detained, as it is said, together with the time and causes of such imprisonment and detention, by whatsoever name the said William Kemmler is better or otherwise known, before the court of the United States for the northern district of New York, to be held at Canandaigua, on the third Monday of October, at the hour of ten in the morning. Witness the Honorable Melville W. Fuller, chief justice of the United States. Fail not at your peril, and have you then there this writ.

Thus the ancient Anglo-Saxon writ of habeas corpus once more proved its tremendous power. It snatched from under the very wings of death a condemned murderer, who had only a few hours to live.

The writ was granted by Judge Wallace, of the United States circuit court. Kemmler's case will, therefore, be tried again, and for the third time. It is now carried into the United States courts, to be tried first before the United States circuit court for the northern district of New York. If it affirms the state court's decision, then this celebrated case will probably be carried to the supreme court of the country.

The ground on which the stay of sentence was granted was that killing by electricity was a violation of the eighth and fourteenth amendments to the United States constitution. The supreme court is years behind its business already, and this case must wait its turn. "When the final decision is reached Kemmler may be gray headed," exclaimed a juror.

A peculiar feature of the case is that until the constitutionality of the law is finally settled there can be no more executions of murderers in New York state. Matters are peculiarly complicated from the fact that Sing Sing prison holds three men under sentence of death now.

STANLEY'S ENGAGEMENT

The Talented Lady Who Will Be His Bride.

CUPID CAPTURES A WOMAN HATER

The Romantic Courtship of the Explorer and His Sweetheart, Miss Dorothy Tennant—Love Letters from Darkest Africa. Engaged Before His Last Expedition.

LONDON, May 19.—Henry M. Stanley will neither confirm or deny the report that he is soon to marry Miss Dorothy Tennant but the lady in question was not so uncommunicative. She is a tall and handsome brunette—the ideal of the Millais picture which is referred to below. She replied without affectation to your correspondent's question, her graceful frankness setting him completely at ease and rendering apology for the intrusion unnecessary. She modestly acknowledged that Mr. Stanley and herself were pledged to each other. The attachment began long ago. The engagement, if so the word of a hero might be called, was made before his last departure for Africa. The marriage ceremony, also, would take place in London early in July—the exact date was yet unfixed. When asked about her views of the future of the explorer, she said their union would not affect his career. If called again to Africa he might go with all his heart. She would not permit their marriage to cut short his labors for the benefit of mankind.

Miss Tennant's Career.

Miss Dorothy Tennant has been for years a well known figure in the literary and artistic circles of London. She is a contributor to the Academy and other art exhibitions. She is by many means a young woman, but is in every way fine looking and has a strikingly intellectual face, filled with what is called English color as a result of her out door indoor exercise. She walks a great deal, rides well, has a fine supple figure, unhampered by the conventional corset or dress improver. As an artist she paints nude studies generally, but this year she has a wonderful picture of realistic London life, entitled "Street Arabs at Play," which she shows at the new gallery.

She Said "Yes," of Course.

Sir John Millais is a dear friend of Mr. Stanley's prospective bride, and to prepetuate her charms he put her into his famous picture "Yes or No," for which he induced her to pose as model. "Yes or No" is one of Sir John's most charming creations. It represents a tall, graceful girl in a simple, dark, closely-clinging costume. The present possessor of the work is well acquainted with Miss Tennant, is aware of her share in its production, and knows of her engagement to Mr. Stanley. He now proposes to change the title from "Yes or No" to "Yes, Yes," and will send the picture to the bride as a wedding present.

He Was a Sham Woman Hater.

Stanley has declaimed, times innumerable, that his mission in life was not to be able to talk to women. From the first day he was presented to his future bride by the baroness, he seemed to find in the quietude of Miss Tennant's society the highest interest which is now rarely his, and three days before he departed on his perilous mission to find Emin Pacha he proposed to Miss Tennant and was duly accepted by her. Baroness Burdett-Coutts and some half a dozen near friends were informed of the engagement, but all were sworn to the strictest secrecy. How well those few privileged friends have kept their trust may be judged from the fact that nearly four years have passed and not one word has escaped their lips.

Love Letters from Darkest Africa.

During the years Stanley has been absent from home in Africa Miss Tennant and her lover have been regular correspondents, as far as the difficulties of postal arrangements would permit. Each mail that has brought letters from the explorer to the Emin Pacha relief committee has also contained a lengthy budget to Stanley's lady love in Richmond terrace. It is openly stated that Miss Tennant has now in her possession more written facts concerning the dangers, privations and discoveries of Henry Stanley in Africa than even the relief committee are aware of or the public can even guess at.

A Sweetheart's Terrible Suspense.

Not once has Miss Tennant given the slightest intimation of the events by her over anxiety during the terrible suspense of the years she waited for her lover's return. Times without number came the news of his death. For many dreary months the air was full of rumors of his fate. Now he had died like a dog in a fetid African jungle, then he had been slain by blacks. Now he was caged in Khartoum. Such was almost the only news which came to this courageous woman, whose sufferings may be left to the imagination.

A Mystery Explained.

It seemed somewhat strange to some people that Stanley should, when first putting his foot on London soil after his return to this country, drive direct to Baroness Burdett-Coutt's house in Stratton street. The mystery is now explained, as some one as precious as his existence to Stanley was waiting for his coming. That some one was Miss Dorothy Tennant. It has for weeks past been a noticeable fact that one of Stanley's most interested listeners at his lectures has been Miss Tennant. It is stated that Stanley will be offered the post of governor of Africa. To-night Miss Tennant was present at the Turners company dinner, at the Connor street hotel, with Stanley, and received many good wishes for her future happiness.

Boston Carpenters Still Fighting.

BOSTON, May 19.—At the Carpenters' districts council the walking delegate of Union 33, of Boston, reported that all the men at work for Norcross Brothers on the new Ames building, corner of Court and Washington streets, had struck, refused to work and would not go to work today. It was voted to continue the struggle for an eight hour day. The delegates from the Worcester union stated that the carpenters of that city would on June 1 demand the nine hour day, eight hours on Saturday, without reduction in pay.

An English Syndicate Biting.

QUINCY, Mass., May 19.—The granite workmen's strike is over, and the cutters, polishers and blacksmiths resumed work today. An English syndicate is negotiating for the purchase of the granite business of this city. It is said that $2,000,000 is involved.

The Prisoners Used Dynamite.

CARLINVILLE, Ill., May 19.—Five of the prisoners confined in the jail at this place have effected their escape by blasting out a stone in the wall with dynamite.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

An Outline of the Business of the Present Week.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In the senate this week the discussing of the silver bill will be continued indefinitely. Several of the western senators are down for long speeches and the end of the debate is not yet in sight. An effort will be made to hold a republican caucus during the week to come to some agreement on the silver question and to determine upon a limit to debate, but the discussion is likely to fill out the week at least. The bill after a caucus, is to be devoted to eulogies on the late Representative Kelley, of Pennsylvania.

The house will conclude the tariff discussion this week. Then the consideration of the river and harbor bill has been postponed by action of the Republican caucus to the middle of the week. Immediately after it would be called up as soon as the tariff bill had been disposed of. The tariff bill will be placed on its final passage on Wednesday, and it is believed that the ways and means committee, which has right of way, to call up the contested election case of McDuffie (Rep.) against Turpin (Dem.), from the Fourth district of Alabama, will demand that the river and harbor bill will not come up before the following week at the earliest unless a caucus should decide to allow it to be brought up at this week. The elections committee has reported in favor of the seating of Mr. McDuffie, the republican, and a long debate is expected, fled by the Democrats favoring Mr. Turpin's retention of his seat. Friday will, as usual, be devoted to the consideration and passage of private bills.

THE DEADLY QUICKSAND.

James H. Parsell Dies Slowly a Well Which Caved in on Him.

WOODSIDE, L. I., May 19.—James H. Parsell, well known in the literary and artistic circles of London. She is a contributor to the Academy and other art exhibitions. She is by many means a young woman, but is in every way fine looking and has a strikingly intellectual face, filled with what is called English color as a result of her out door indoor exercise. She walks a great deal, rides well, has a fine supple figure, unhampered by the conventional corset or dress improver. As an artist she paints nude studies generally, but this year she has a wonderful picture of realistic London life, entitled "Street Arabs at Play," which she shows at the new gallery.

Woodside, L. I., May 19.—James H. Parsell, well known in the literary and New York postoffices, and one of the most prominent and highly respected citizens of this place, went into his well, which was fifteen feet in depth, to repair a pipe he had laid. It is supposed that in his descent he brought the sides of the well about him. When discovered by his family only his shoulders were above the quicksand, which was fast closing in on him.

Neighbors ran to Mr. Parsell's assistance and by that time quite a crowd had gathered a dozen men tried to drag him out. The sand was too firmly packed about him, however, and a number of the neighbors, Archie and John Parsell, the two sons of the unfortunate man, tried to dig the sand from about him. As fast as they threw it out the treacherous sand closed about Mr. Parsell, and finally a hose was placed in his mouth in order that he might breathe should the sand cover his head. Scarcely had the hose been arranged when the sand buried the man's head from sight.

After two hours' rapid work Mr. Parsell's head was uncovered, but he was unconscious. The rescuers worked steadily, and when he was dug out physicians tried to revive the man, but all to no avail. Mr. Parsell leaves a wife and six children in comfortable circumstances.

THE STRUGGLES OF LABOR.

The McKeesport Strikers Stand Firm for a 10 Per Cent. Advance.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 19.—A meeting of the striking employes of the McKeesport National Tube works Sunday afternoon was addressed by General Manager Converse. Over 2,000 men were in attendance. Mr. Converse occupied half hour's speech, at the conclusion of which he offered to introduce the piece-work system in all departments and was duly accepted by the men, and by a unanimous vote it was decided to hold out for the 10 per cent. advance demanded.

Freestone Cutters Ordered Out.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 19.—Over 100 freestone cutters in New Haven are affected by the order of the Freestone Cutters' union in Massachussets, which has notified them that they must cease working for smaller bosses who belong to the master's association or their cards will not be recognized by Massachusetts union men.

Citizen Train Will Break the Record.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Among the passengers arriving Sunday on the steamship Etruria, from Liverpool, was George Francis Train in completing his journey around the world. Mr. Train slid down a rope from the big steamer into a tugboat and was brought to the city from quarantine early in the morning. He was soon holding an informal reception at his old quarters in the Continental hotel, looking as bright and fresh as when he left here. He said he had been sixty days on the voyage and expected to finish it in five days more. He has plenty of time to beat the record without hurrying, so he will stay here until this evening. He will start on a special car attached to the Chicago limited at the New York Central depot, and on reaching Chicago at 9 p. m. Tuesday and Omaha 2:30 p. m. Wednesday. At that point he will take a special train for Tacoma.

Important Labor Meetings.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The Horseshoers' union and the Machinery Constructors' National Trade assembly begin their annual meetings in Cleveland today. These organizations having expressed their willingness to co-operate with and assist the file and rasp makers, the File Makers' National Trade assembly has decided to send a delegate to attend both meetings. Samuel Perkins, of Newark, has been appointed to represent the file makers and will be important ones for organized labor.

A Part of the Gallery Fell.

KINGSTON, N. Y., May 19.—During the performance of Lee's circus here last Saturday night a section of the reserved seat gallery fell carrying down several hundred persons and causing great excitement. Many persons were cut and bruised, but the only severe injury was to a man whose leg was broken. The proprietor settled damages with the injured persons on the spot.

A Boy Whipped to Death.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Thomas Moore, aged 9 years, died yesterday from the effects of a beating administered several months ago by James Warhurst, a confectioner, who claimed that the boy was one of a number who had annoyed him by constantly ringing his bell and calling him out of his shop. The boy has been in bed ever since the assault. Warhurst was locked up.

The Cronin Jury Briber in Jail.

JOLIET, Ill., May 19.—Jerry O'Donnell, the ex-deputy sheriff who conspired with Juror Coughlin and others to bribe Cronin jurors, was received at the penitentiary and entered upon his three years' term. O'Donnell was put to work in the wire mill.

Ontario Breaks the Record.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Mr. Rowland's horse Ontario has been the world's record for high jumping, clearing 7 feet. The best record previously was his own—6 feet 6 inches.

A TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.

Fifty Persons Killed at the Capital of Cuba.

MANY FIREMEN WERE MANGLED

A Quantity of Powder in a Hardware Store Ignites with Frightful Effect. Rescuing Bodies from the Ruins—Havanas in Mourning—Business Suspended.

HAVANA, Cuba, May 19.—A hardware store in which a large quantity of powder was stored was destroyed by fire in the city Sunday night. When the fire was raging and the firemen were endeavoring to subdue the flames an explosion occurred, bringing down the walls with a frightful crash and scattering burning brands for several blocks in all directions.

Over Fifty were Killed.

Over fifty persons were killed and wounded, all of them directly by the falling debris or by the explosion itself, among the number being five chiefs of the fire department, several firemen and policemen, and the resident consul for Venezuela. The list of dead, as known now, is:

Conill, Oscar.
Ordonez, Francesco.
Silva, Francesco, the consul from Venezuela.
Rencovich, Musset.
Five fire chiefs.

All Business Suspended.

The calamity is one of the most disastrous that has occurred to this city for many years and has produced a feeling of general consternation and horror. All business is suspended and every effort is being directed to an examination of the ruins and the discovery of the extent of the loss of life, which cannot now be estimated with certainty. Wording parties were at once organized, and it is hoped that full details as to the number of dead and wounded, as well as the financial loss, will soon be ascertained.

Human Limbs Recovered.

Many human limbs have been taken from the ruins. The relatives of missing persons support in the ruins are gathered on the spot, and as the bodies are brought out the scenes are most distressing. The conduct of the authorities is the subject of universal praise.

The highest officials have incurred personal risk in conducting the search for the dead, and have offered the use of their own carriages to convey the injured to the hospitals.

The Proprietor Arrested.

Yzasi, the proprietor of the hardware store, has been arrested. It is feared that there are many more victims in the ruins. Over the theatres and the chamber of commerce and many other buildings flags are flying at half mast. Everywhere are signs of mourning. Up to the present time the number of people known to be dead is thirty-four.

To Boycott New Haven Beer.

NEW HAVEN, May 19.—At a largely attended meeting of the trades council it was voted to boycott all beer made in New Haven on the ground that it is "scab" beer. The trades council is composed of delegates from the various local organizations.

Miss Fox Gets a $1,000,000 Check.

CASEY, Ills., May 19.—Miss Jennie Fox, aged 18, daughter of Squire Jacob Fox, of Johnson township, has received a check for $1,000,000 left her by the death of an uncle at Garretson, Dakota. She is Clark county's first millionaire.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert F. O. Lo.: 1098.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
Taught by experts. Louis Viroux and Creditor of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instructions at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 34th street.

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Teacher of violin, 13 years a student, special care given to beginners. For time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 226. 4-6-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,
A graduate of the Gymnasse of Moscow, Russia, and the recipient of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons in Zither and guitar music, in the Swiss Mountain Stringers, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1583.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
No. 20 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. after 6 p. m. 6-1-1y

DR. J. COMBERMERE, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. ACKER,
Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & KEELY,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Partner sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 23 and 25. Importers and Trades' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Flowers. John Lucas's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 96 West Front street.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Windsor Beach—
Rochester.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Columbus.....0 4 1 0 1 0 0 1 x—7
Base hits: Rochester, 4; Columbus, 11. Errors: Rochester, 5; Columbus, 1. Batteries: Callahan and McGeough, Gastright and O'Connor.

At Philadelphia—
Athletic.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Louisville.....1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 x—2
Base hits: Athletic, 5; Louisville, 8. Errors: Athletic, 6; Louisville, 4. Batteries: Seward and Robinson, Meakin and Ryan.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....0 0 4 0 0 3 0 0 0—11
St. Louis.....3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—4
Base hits: Syracuse, 16; St. Louis, 10. Errors: Syracuse, 6; St. Louis, 6. Batteries: Casey and Briggs, Sievrieis and Earle.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Toledo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Brooklyn, 8; Toledo, 7. Errors: Brooklyn, 3; Toledo, 5. Batteries: Mattimore and Toy, Healy and Rogers.

Atlantic Association.

At Newark—
Newark.....3 0 0 0 4 0 0 0—7
Washington.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Newark, 8; Washington, 7. Errors, Newark, 3; Washington, 2. Batteries: D. Sullivan and Duffy, Phillips and Riddle.

Other Games.

At Trenton (Game called on account of rain)—
Jersey City.....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1—3
Baltimore.....1 1 0 1 0 2 1 0 x—13
Base hits: Baltimore, 15; Jersey City, 7. Errors: Jersey City, 9; Baltimore, 5. Batteries: Fitzgerald and Dowd, German and Henry.

At College Point—
Leontines.....0 0 1 1 3 0 0 0 1—6
College Points.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Base hits: Leontines, 9; College Points, 2. Batteries: Malone and Mulhaul, Owen Sullivan and John Sullivan.

Standing of the Clubs.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	11	7	.611	Pittsburg	8	9	.471
Boston	11	7	.611	Cleveland	7	9	.437
Brooklyn	13	9	.571	New York	6	11	.401
Philadelp'a	9	10	.474	Buffalo	5	9	.357

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelp'a	12	7	.632	Cleveland	7	9	.467
Chicago	9	6	.600	New York	6	9	.400
Cincinnati	10	9	.526	Pittsburg	6	10	.444
Brooklyn	9	8	.529	Boston	5	12	.294

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	15	7	.682	Toledo	10	12	.455
Athletic	13	7	.650	Syracuse	10	11	.476
Columbus	12	8	.600	Brooklyn	9	13	.409
St. Louis	11	11	.500	Brooklyn	4	16	.200

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Wash'ton	14	4	.778	Worcester	7	7	.500
Athletic	12	5	.706	Jersey City	7	11	.471
N. Haven	11	7	.611	Hartford	7	11	.389
Newark	10	9	.526	Wilmingt'n	2	17	.105

The Leader of Chicago's Rat Dens.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Wirt Dexter, the leader of the Chicago bar, died at his home, 1,721 Prairie avenue, at 9 o'clock Saturday night, after only two hours' illness, of a very acute congestive chill. Mr. Dexter was born in Dexter, a little town in Michigan, in 1833.

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THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 10c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19
12 " " " " " every fine, 25
19 " " " " " silk points, 29, 33
Childrens silk mitts in black and tan shades 15 and 25

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 18c

"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 22 in., $1.50, 24 in., $1.65, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys stripped belts 25 buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 5c buckle, all colors, 10c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT STREET

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

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BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,
50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

"U. B." CRANE'S,
Hatter and urnisher, 19 Park Aven

SHOT HIS DEAREST FRIEND.

Fatal Result of Carelessly Handling a Loaded Gun.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 19.—A fatal accident, by which Charles Riggs, a popular young man of this city and a bookkeeper in the firm of Kennedy, Spaulding & Co., met his death, occurred about 4 o'clock Sunday morning in a boarding house at No. 301 North Clinton street. The man at whose hands Riggs met his death is Robert H. Drake, of the firm of McFarren & Drake, real estate commissioners, and vice president of the Worden Manufacturing company of this city. Drake was Riggs' closest friend, and both were young. Drake says that on Saturday night he and Riggs, with three others, started out for some sport. They returned to their boarding house rather late, but kept up the sport, engaging in mock battles with each other. Drake had a Winchester rifle, with which they drilled and went through military manoeuvres. No one seemed to know that the gun was loaded. Riggs and Drake began chasing each other up and down the hall. Finally Drake jumped into his own room, slamming the door after him. As he banged the door he hit the muzzle of the gun, which discharged its contents through the door, striking Riggs' spinal column. Physicians were called, but he died in a few hours. Drake immediately gave himself up to the police authorities. He will probably be released to-morrow.

Col. Cassady Must Go.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—It is settled finally that Sergeant-at-Arms Cassady, of the senate, is to resign today, his resignation to take effect July 1. His successor is to be chosen at a caucus of Republican senators. It is likely that Mr. Leedy, of Philadelphia, ex-Representative Valentine, of Nebraska, and Col. Swords, of Iowa, will be put in nomination in the caucus, but it looks as though Mr. Valentine would have a close field after the first ballot. The position pays $6,920, and it is considered particularly desirable because it is patronage connected with it. Col. Cassady has held the position of sergeant-at-arms for nine years. He was appointed from North Carolina to succeed "Dick" Bright, at the instance of Senator Sherman, who has used his influence ever since to keep him in office. Determined efforts have been made for more than a year to have Col. Cassady removed, and the fact that North Carolina is a Democratic state has rendered Col. Cassady's tenure of office very insecure for some time.

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Office, 20 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

BOYS SAVE YOUR
Pennies and Nickels,
AND BUY A
LITTLE GIANT
BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE
FOR $35.00.
THE EASIEST RIDING AND STRONGEST.
SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:
Geo. W. Morrison,
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is still making her famous
FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS
and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

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68 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,
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Call and see them.
Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese delivered every day.
Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurt, Head Cheese, Smoked Tongue, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Corned Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Limburger, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

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PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

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WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
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OPTICIAN
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.
EAST against the WEST.

OURS.	THE McGINTYS.
Prime Cattle.	Same Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Prunes.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Hand Trimmed.

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Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

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THAT CAN BE
PROCURED
Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Rest

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,
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FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Vantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargain in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

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REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. East Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

THE BYNUM-BAYNE ROW.

A Coolness Between Indiana and the Keystone State.

CONGRESSMAN BYNUM CENSURED.

James Campbell's Letter Created Great Excitement in the House—Mr. Bynum Admitted Representative Bayne and the Former Was Disciplined by the Majority.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The Bynum-Bayne sensation of Saturday afternoon in the house is on every tongue here. During the discussion of the tariff bill Mr. Bayne (Pa.) read a letter from James Campbell, of Pittsburg, denying the statements made by Mr. Bynum (Ind.) and Mr. Wilson (W. Va.). In his letter he strongly attacks these gentlemen, and uses vigorous language in denunciation of them.

Mr. Bynum at once arose and in a speech of some length explained the circumstances under which he had called Campbell a liar and a perjurer. He contended that the letter was a forgery and by saying this he was charged with forgery. "I have as great confidence in the character of Mr. Campbell as I have in the character of the gentleman who makes this attack upon me." (Excitement and uproar.) Mr. Campbell, he continued, had in his own words spoken down and reported to the house, and Mr. Cutcheon offered resolutions to censure Mr. Bynum and demanding his presence before the bar of the house.

They Would Not Let Him Down.

The rebuff report of the closing proceedings is as follows: Mr. Holmes (the assistant-at-arms of the house)—Mr. Bynum, by a resolution of the house of representatives just adopted you are required to appear before the bar of the house to receive the censure of that body through its speaker.

Mr. Springer—Well, he is here.

The Speaker—The house will be in order, and gentlemen will please resume their seats.

Mr. Springer—No; we will not resume our seats.

The Speaker—The house will be in order. Mr. Springer—Your will be ordered.

The Speaker—Gentlemen will resume their seats.

Mr. Springer and others—We decline to be seated. Mr. Speaker. (Cries of "Order" on the Republican side.)

The Speaker Gives It Up.

The Speaker—The house of representatives perceives that it is impossible for the chair to enforce order in the house on account of the action of certain members. The chair will, therefore, proceed to the discharge of the duty which the house has imposed upon him with the house in its present condition of disorder. The clerk will read the resolutions adopted by the house of representatives. The clerk read as follows:

The Resolutions.

"Resolved, That the member from Indiana, Mr. William D. Bynum, in the language used by him in committee of the whole house, and taken down and reported to the house and read at the clerk's desk, has been guilty of a violation of the rules and privileges of the house, and merits the censure of the house for the same.

"Resolved, That the said William D. Bynum be now brought to the bar of the house by the sergeant-at-arms, and there the censure of the house be administered by the speaker."

Mr. Bynum Censured.

The Speaker—Mr. William D. Bynum, you are arraigned at the bar.——

Mr. Bynum—Mr. Speaker, have I the right to be heard before this?

The Speaker—You have not, sir. Mr. William D. Bynum, you are arraigned at the bar of the house under its formal resolution for having transgressed its rules in your remarks. For this offense the house has directed that you shall be censured at the bar. In the name of the house, therefore, I pronounce upon you its censure. The sergeant-at-arms will discharge Mr. Bynum from custody.

Mr. Bynum—Mr. Speaker, under the circumstances I accept the censure of the house as a decoration of honor. (Cries of "regular order" on the Republican side and long continued applause on the Democratic side).

Speaker Reed Embarrassed.

Many of Mr. Bayne's friends contend that by this final remark Mr. Bynum has transferred to the house the expressions of contempt he addressed to the member from Pennsylvania, and said that this constitutes a new offense for the house to censure. Speaker Reed is inclined to side with him. The speaker is placed in a very embarrassing position by this bitter personal controversy. Bayne was the leader of the forces which secured his election as speaker. Bynum and Reed have long standing grudges against each other, arising out of official elections in the house. Mr. Reed accordingly feels that, in a matter of this character, his action is liable to misinterpretation on one side or the other, and he sincerely wishes himself well out of it.

Mr. Boutelle on Mr. Bayne's Opinion.

Congressman Bayne was in excellent spirits last evening. When asked if there was any likelihood of a duel between himself and Congressman Bynum he laughed and said that so far as he was concerned there would be none.

"I think," said the Pennsylvanian, "that when the house decided to pass a censure upon Mr. Bynum the matter was taken out of my hands. Mr. Bynum had attacked a reputable citizen and one of my constituents, and I think it was but fair to give him an opportunity to answer. Campbell is simply mistaken about Wilson having said that he considered $15 per month sufficient pay for page boys. Mr. Wilson probably said $15 per week, or intended to say that. I do not consider that I acted in an ungentlemanly manner and as for Mr. Bynum he has no doubt strengthened himself with his constituents, as I am told the Indiana Democrats like violent language when it is applied to a Republican."

Mr. Bynum Defends His Course.

Representative Bynum said to a reporter: "When a member goes out of his way to make himself the mouthpiece of an outside assertion and attack on a fellow member he fathers the attack and it becomes in effect his own utterance. Whoever heard of making the official record of the house the dumping ground of abusive letters from private individuals reflecting on members? When the tone of that letter became apparent to the house and objection was made to its being made part of the record that objection was ignored and the gentleman who handed it in fathered it and made it part of his remarks. It was an attack on me and every member of my party, and I could not help but resent it."

A GREAT MINE FIRE.

6 Creek to Be Turned Into the Nellson Shaft at Shamokin, Pa.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., May 19.—The Nellson shaft is on fire, having caught from the burning timbers of the breaker which was destroyed last Friday night. The lower levels are filled with gas. Twenty-five mules at the bottom are dead and nineteen on the top level will probably be suffocated. The fire is known to be in No. 13 vein at a depth of 1,000 feet, but its extent cannot be ascertained, as no one can visit the level and returning. Smoke and foul air were noticed issuing from the slit, course of No. 12 level at 4 p. m.

The breaker fire destroyed the boilers and engine. Temporary steam connections were obtained and a fan started to ventilate the mine, but it failed to drive out the gas in the upper level. The mine is making gas fast, and serious explosions will occur if it reaches the fire. Late last night it was decided to turn the Carbon Run creek into the shaft and drown out the fire. It will take thirty-six hours to turn the creek, and if the fire is in the locality, which the mine foreman thinks it is, it will be three or four days before the water will reach the fire. The gas and the fire are so dangerous that every precaution is being taken to prevent loss of life.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Mrs. Vandergrift, the New Jersey poisoner, has been refused a new trial and will be sentenced June 3.

Thomas Cutcheon, United States consul at Portsmouth, has committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver at Southsea Castle.

Henry Freeman, a farmer residing at Heinrich, Shelby county, Ills., was robbed of $15,000 in the railroad station at Delaware, O.

Miss Cora Walls horsewhipped Mrs. Annie E. Reed on the streets of Camden, N. J., for alienating the affections of her brother from his wife.

Bastino Ipsildo, a young Italian, was killed by grasping an electric light wire at New York.

The senate at Washington passed a bill appropriating $200,000 for a bronze statue of Gen. Grant, to be erected at the capitol.

It Is Now "Senator Carlisle."

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 19.—John G. Carlisle was on Saturday elected United States senator to succeed the late Senator Beck. The joint session of the legislature began at noon and the lobbies were filled with ladies. Mr. Carlisle occupied a seat on the floor. Judge Lindsay marched in with the senators to cast his ballot for the successful competitor. Lieutenant Governor Bryan arose from a sick bed to preside over the assembly. At 12 o'clock the senate was announced in due form. Senator Lindsay then arose and in G. Carlisle for nomination in a brief speech of admirable taste, in which he paid a graceful tribute to the choice of the Democratic caucus. Mr. Langley, for the Republican caucus, nominated Silas Adams. The ballot then proceeded, 107 votes being cast for Carlisle and 15 for Adams. The lieutenant governor then announced the result and the joint assembly dissolved. A large basket of flowers was sent to Senator Carlisle from the lobby as soon as the result was announced by the speaker.

Bismarck's "First Class Funeral."

PARIS, May 19.—La Matin contains a report of the interview of the French journalist Des Soux with Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe. Prince Bismarck referred to his resignation as a "first class funeral," but added that he was still quite alive. He was 600 young to remain idle. Having been so long accustomed to politics, he now felt the lack of such activity. His resignation was absolutely final. Germany would never attack France nor provoke an attack by France. Germany understood that Russia would not intervene in that case, as Germany would intervene in case Russia attacked Austria.

Chicago Hotel Waiters to Strike.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The threatened tieup of the big hotels by the waiters may be realized today, affecting the Palmer, Grand Pacific, Tremont, Briggs, Commercial, Southern, Woodruff, and Columbia. A member of the executive committee of the Culinary Alliance said a general movement on these hotels will be made today. The committeemen, he said, had reached the conclusion that the hotel keepers were putting them off for the purpose of preparing to defeat them. Today the committee would make a final demand, and if refused a general strike would follow at once.

Drowned in the Delaware.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Four young men, John Wild, William Ingham, William B. Gradwell and Richard Reilly, started in a boat for a fishing trip on the Delaware. Some time afterward two policemen were attracted by screams to the Arch street wharf, and found Ingham and Gradwell clinging to the overturned boat. Wild had been drowned, and Reilly had left the boat some time before. The two men were arrested. Reilly was found afterward, and said he left the boat because his companions were quarreling. All the party had been drinking. An investigation will be had.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset sts.

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Festival Mozart and Process" will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

SAD SCENES IN WILKESBARRE.

The Ashley Mine Victims Buried—An Appeal for Aid.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 19.—The funerals of a number of the victims of the Hartford mine took place Sunday afternoon. Every available space was crowded in the cemetery, and the road leading to it was crowded with vehicles of all kinds containing sightseers. Brief services were held at each of the houses and consisted of reading, praying, and in some cases short addresses. The scenes were heartrending in the extreme. Another victim's funeral took place this morning, and at 2 o'clock the bodies will have been lowered upon another terrible mining calamity. The bodies of Michael Healy and another unknown man have been recovered.

The burgess of Ashley has issued an appeal for aid to the charitable public for the families of the miners killed in the disaster at No. 4 slope, of the Hartford mine. He solicits contributions of food, clothing and money, which may be sent to R. Thomas, burgess; Martin Dooley, president of the borough council, or E. Lindermuth, treasurer, at Ashley, Luzerne county, Pa.

"Wizard" Schaefer's Plans.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.—Jake Schaefer, the "Wizard," accompanied by Frank Ives, the young "Napoleon" of billiards, has arrived here. It has been generally believed here that Schaefer was coming to this city for the express purpose of meeting Slosson, but McCleary in a Sunday point game, Schaefer to give a discount. Such is not the case, however; Schaefer and Ives are making a tour of the world and will not play a match immediately after the match which will begin at Metropolitan hall May 30. As he intends to do in all other large cities, Schaefer agreed to play McCleary here and requested his partner, Dick Roche, to arrange this match. Schaefer will leave Australia in time to reach Paris for the great tournament and expects to return to New York before October.

Mr. Blaine's Regrets.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—A local paper prints the following: "Secretary Blaine states emphatically that he will not be a candidate for the nomination in 1892. At the same time he does not hesitate to declare that if his health had been as good two years ago as it is now he would not have written either the cablegram which he sent from Florence or the one which he afterward sent from Scotland while the convention was in session at Chicago. He looks upon Governor Hill as the man on the Democratic side, and he does not hesitate to say that the governor will be a hard man to beat."

The United Order of Honor Wiped Out.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 19.—The United Order of Honor, whose affairs have been in the hands of Receiver Bradley for some months, was completely wiped out Saturday when a report was submitted his report. He showed that there were debts aggregating $93,000, but he was only able to collect $1,418 all told. The court allowed the attorney in the case $500, and the receiver the remainder. After paying the court expenses the creditors get nothing. The order was once in a very flourishing condition.

A Swindler Caught.

WATERBURY, Conn., May 19.—Michael J. Cassidy is in custody here charged with obtaining money by false pretences. He has been representing himself to be an agent for The Ladies' Home Journal for nearly a year, dping which time he has collected sums varying from $60 to $300. Cassidy is the same man who, two years ago, embezzled $200 from Judge E. P. Cole, but whose case was settled to save disgrace to his friends.

Ripley Ropes In Dead.

BROOKLYN, May 19.—Ripley Ropes, president of the Brooklyn Trust company, state charities commissioner and one of the largest South American merchants in New York, died at his residence in this city on May 18 at the age of 70 years. He was one of the most prominent men in political, business and social circles of Brooklyn and leaves a large fortune.

Weather Indications.

Generally from cloudy to partly cloudy, slightly warmer, with rain, followed by clearing.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans, P. O. Box 1223. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Bed Couches ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

HOUSE AND FRESCO PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best rates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Flyaway's Collapse.

LOUISVILLE, May 19.—Flyaway, the 3-year-old filly, has broken down for good. The loss will be severe to her owners, West & Co., who had her entered in $30,000 worth of stakes. She is a daughter of George Kinney, out of Sunbeam by imported Leamington. She won three in six last year and the Nevada stakes at Nashville this year.

The Flour Dust Exploded.

WINONA, Minn., May 19.—Spontaneous combustion and an explosion in the dust room of Lamb & Cole's flouring mill at Rochester tore away the entire roof and set fire to the building, a frame structure, five stories high. The water supply was limited and the mill were entirely destroyed. The loss is $60,000; insurance less than $15,000.

Three were Killed.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 19.—Three men met instant death near Danville by the explosion of the boiler of a locomotive drawing a freight train. The train, which was between Paris and Erin, on the Louisville and Nashville road, was going up the grade between Danville and Gravel Pit when the explosion occurred. The accident was caused by a slag bolt giving out. The engine was thrown from the track. Five cars loaded with merchandise were demolished and Matt Connors, the engineer; George Stull, fireman, and Jack Wheatley, brakeman, were killed.

An Atlantic City Hotel Partly Destroyed.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 19.—The Osborne hotel, this city, caught fire and was partly consumed at 1 o'clock Sunday morning. The hotel was but recently opened for the summer season, and is one of the largest in the town. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed to be incendiary. There were thirty inmates, but all escaped unharmed. The house will be immediately rebuilt.

A Big Furniture Fire.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 19.—Henry Dinwoody's furniture establishment, a fine three story brick, was completely destroyed by fire. The loss on stock and buildings aggregated $135,000; insurance $71,000. The adjoining buildings were saved by hard work on the part of the firemen. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A New Scheme.

Smith—Say, Brown, got five dollars in change?

Brown—Yes, I guess so.

Smith—Well, lend it to me a few minutes. Here comes Green down the street; take to say that the governor will be a hard man to beat."

England's Younger Sons.

English Lord (to a younger son)—It is time, Clarence, that you was thinking about a career.

Youthful Son—I will be guided by you, father. Shall I take orders, study for the bar, enter the army, or marry an American? New York Weekly.

Binks Was Particular.

Binks—Sorry I can't vote for your one legged friend for admission to the club.

Jinks—What's the reason you can't vote for him?

Binks—He's not in good standing.—New York World.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MIND, QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near P. O. 10-1tf

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in German and French under the instructions of MR. F. F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

Frank Linke,

Established 1886.

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer, Bottler of BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Rare Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA!

DISHONESTY PAINED HIM.

His Confidence in Human Nature Shaken by an Ancestress.

"Everything's dead wrong in this world," said a shabby man who was sitting on a park bench the other day to his companion, "and I ain't got no confidence in human nature left. Everybody is skinnin' everybody else, it seems to me, and genovine old fashioned honesty's all gone to the dogs. This country is so wicked that even the ignorant foreigners are catchin' dishonesty with his first whiff of Battery air.

"I was a-walking down there only this morning, when I met the boosting Pole comes up to me and begins to jabber at me in the worst attempt at English you ever heard.

"'What do you want?' says I, taking pity on him, for he looked so confused and lost like.

"'Wants finda inspector man,' says he.

"'What for?' says I.

"'Give heem thies,' says he, pulling a fat envelope half way out of the inside pocket of his waistcoat and ramming it back again in a jiffy.

"'What's his name?' says I.

"'Forgetta,' says the poor devil, with a most pathetic look. 'The boss will sack me,' and he began to cry.

"Well, I learned from his actions and his horrible words, after a good deal of trouble, that he had only been in the country a month and had got his first job that week. That the boss sweater for whom he worked had sent him down to the Battery to deliver a letter to a friend who knows whose name he, the poor Pole, had forgotten.

"'Let me see the package,' says I; 'can't you tell me what it is?'

"'No reada,' he says, dolefully, as he pulled open his waistcoat just far enough for me to see the top of the letter.

"'Well, I can't help you,' says I, 'unless you let me see the address.'

"He was afraid to let it out of his hands for a minute, but finally I got hold of it and could tell at a touch that it had a roll of bills in it. Besides that it was marked in small characters up in one corner '$25; pay messenger fifty cents.'

"'It's a shame to do me,' says I surprised like. 'I've been looking for this all the morning. It's mighty lucky you found me. You must be more careful to remember your name and not lose any letter this till you have learned to read the English. I've a good mind to tell your boss of your carelessness.'

"The poor creature fairly squirmed with fear when I said that and begged me not to report him.

"'Well, I'll not do it this time,' says I savagely, 'but don't do it again. Here's your fifty cents. Now get back as quick as you can and say to your boss that I said it would be all right.'

"As soon as he was gone I opened the envelope, and would you believe it, there was nothing inside but paper.

"How kin a man retain any confidence in human natur' under such discouragement! Mel—Dunce Pete—sinkined by a greasy immigrant just landed! The perfesh wants protection just as bad as any other trade from European pauper competition."—New York Tribune.

Diplomacy.

Wayfarer—Did you make this coffee yourself, madam?

Good Samaritan—No; the servants made it, of course.

Wayfarer—I thought not. If you had I would not be obliged to ask for more sugar.—Munsey's Weekly.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20	$2.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

On our Broadway and Fifth street.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

18 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 26 Third street, corner Novelty. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None!

116 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is the time for economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of home goods at less than the cost of the cheap. I first class goods and warranted.

I have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered wagons. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 23.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

TRAINS LEAVE PLAINFIELD FOR NEW YORK.

Local—7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

Express—7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.15 night.

Sunday—7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6.56, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.15 night.

Express for Newark only at 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.15 night.

Express for Newark only at 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30

A Bedroom Planned by Mrs. Logan.

Mrs. John A. Logan is noted for her interest in young girls, and her love for the dainty things of girlhood is characteristic. There is one little lass here who proudly announces that her dainty bedroom was designed especially for her by Mrs. Logan. She is Edith McElroy, the daughter of Col. John McElroy, of The National Tribune, and the room was furnished for her under Mrs. Logan's supervision when the little girl was 14. It is all in baby blue, and is simple and sweet as a Puritan maiden's. It was Mrs. Logan's idea to have the room suggest spring, and to have the hallowed tints of maidenhood. To carry out the idea the rug, which nearly covers the floor, has a moss green ground, with the pink trailing arbutus and flowers scattered on, on which are hung German favors, dancing cards and invitations as thick as buttons on a child's button string.—Miss Grundy, Jr.'s, Letter.

Notes for Telling the Age of Women.

To tell a woman's age is one of the easiest things imaginable, despite the fact that many brilliant ladies flaunt off a few stories of their years without detection.

Observe well her hair!

Gray hair? Her back hair!

Now, don't say it is false. False or real, you can count her years by the threads time weaves. Every year adds a line or two, and no doubt, if a woman lived long enough she would become a female Esau.

At twenty-five a woman's back hair begins to fall over her collar as a pumpkin vine over a picket fence. *Note* well the direction of the hair. Hair slants, and at thirty it takes an angle of 50, at thirty-five 60, and so on.

Of course you can't get near enough to apply a mathematic tape measure. But your practical eye will be enough.

Next note the quality. Hair at twenty-five is mohre, at thirty it is sateen, at thirty-five it is pense satinette, at forty it is rope fit to hang any man that gets noosed in its meshes.

Anybody can tell false or store hair; no matter who the previous owner was, it has a different-to-them look, and all the pomades in the universe cannot give it a permanent texture of office.

So you may reasonably conclude if a woman has false back hair her age is beyond the interesting point. Never believe her to be under 40, unless Bill Jones or some equally reliable person can prove it. —Boston Globe.

Mme. Romero's Mexican Bedroom.

A boudoir in a different fashion is that of Mme. Romero, the wife of the Mexican minister. The prettiest American rooms would hardly equal it in richness, for the wealthy Mexicans lavishly furnish the private rooms of their wives and daughters. Mme. Romero's room is modeled exactly after the one in her home in the City of Mexico, and most of the furniture was brought from there. It is of rosewood, delicately wrought that it makes the finest of ours seem clumsy. The canopied set of rose lace and silk hangs down from the ceiling. The windows are draped with white Swiss curtains, with festooned drapery like that of the couch, and the same richly lined silk is used to drape bureau and dresser.

Almost as regal in its appointments is the boudoir of Mrs. Hammond, the wife of Dr. William Hammond. It is the envy of all the handsome apartments in Belcourt, their new home on Columbia Heights, and was designed by Mrs. Hammond herself. It is modeled after a section of the Alhambra, showing the slender columns, fluted arches and highly colored dome of the Moorish interior decoration. The color is robin's egg blue with a relief of pale silver. One can only conclude that the Moors had practiced walking on ice, for the floor is as devoid of unevenness as a banana skin.—Washington Letter.

Young Girls in France.

When talking of French women and the important place they hold in the world, it should be remembered that they have one great advantage over their English and American sisters. The French woman, until the day of her marriage, is a mere cipher. Anything in the shape of originality or individuality is discouraged in a young girl; even exceptional beauty is not desired. The mother of a young girl rather under than over dresses her, and would infinitely rather hear you say "She is so modest!" or, "What a graceful young lady your daughter is!" than have her physical attributes alluded to.

Thus all the petty jealousies, untrue gossip and personal remarks which assail an English or American girl having pretensions alone to good looks and vanity are avoided, and the lady only becomes a possible personality when she has obtained a husband's protection and name. The single woman is an unknown phenomenon in French society. A girl who does not wish to be married is supposed to have, as a matter of course, religious vocation, and accordingly becomes a nun without more ado. Every liberty is given as to choice of convent, order, etc., but, with one or two exceptions, every French woman of good family devotes herself to religion or—a husband.—Cor. New York Star.

Look Out for the Children's Eyes.

Whenever a child complains that its eyes ache it should not use them for reading or study. From study at these times originate many of the weaknesses of the eyes so prevalent. When these diseases prevail it may be best to keep the children from day and Sabbath school.—Dr. G. G. Groff.

To Get Rid of Oil in Hair.

By washing your hair with a weak solution of borax, the oil contained in it may be considerably reduced. It must not be used more than once in two weeks; applied oftener, the borax will cause the hair to be crisp, harsh and very liable to break off or fall out.—Herald of Health.

Catherine Cole, of The New Orleans Picayune, says that in education, in philanthropic work and in the matter of earning a living women have a better chance in Mississippi than anywhere else in the Union.

Gen. Phil Sheridan's three little daughters are day pupils at a Catholic convent in Washington. The eldest, Mary, is 14, and looks very much like her father.

THE RHYMES OF RINGS.

WHY WOMEN WEAR THE GOLD CIRCLES ON CERTAIN FINGERS.

The Engagement and Wedding Rings and Their Significance in Bridal Ages—A Pretty Woman Who Wore a Thumb Ring and Wrote About It.

Ring lore is certainly a curious subject, and just as entertaining and interesting as it is curious. Searching for information on so odd a subject leads one into all sorts of historical highways and byways. According to an old writer, it was considered in ancient times highly improper for single women and widows to wear rings, except on their fingers, "unless they were judges, doctors or senators." For all but these dignitaries such an unwarranted display was considered an evidence of "vanity, lasciviousness and pride," and the person who should so far forget himself was thought most presumptuous.

Affianced persons, according to another authority, were allowed this honorable distinction, and it is cited as an evidence of the high regard in which the estate of wedlock was then held that those about to enter it might be so adorned. But while finger rings have figured in all the political, social and ecclesiastical history of all times, it is their record as love tokens and marriage emblems which lends the greatest interest to them; pretty or pernicious (as the case may be) bauble of mankind.

THE "JIMMAL RING."

Herrick writes of the "jimmal ring," which was given as a love token only:

Then seemed to me a true love knot, but I
Returned a ring of jimmals to supply
The love I lost; for sure that knot did give
No more than fits a finger while it live.

By love knots are meant true lovers' knots. In later years this ring became one of espousal, and was intended to typify community of interest, mutual forbearance, and devotion. It is also said to be an attributes of the estate of matrimony in its most ideal perfection. The orthography was changed and written with a "g." Jingimal ring, according to the time of Queen Elizabeth, was found at Horsleydown, in Surrey, and is now preserved in a British collection. It is described as follows:

"The ring is formed of twin or double hoops, which play within one another like links to a chain. Each hoop has one of its sides flat, the other convex, and each is twisted once around and surmounted by a band issuing from an embossed work inlaid or sheeny, these two bands circle and extending in the same direction. The course of the twist in each hoop is made to correspond with that of its counterpart, so that on bringing together the flat surfaces of the hoops they unite in one ring. The whole device represents the triple emblem of love, fidelity and knot, the whole being of fine gold and weighing two pennyweights."

Regarding the language of rings, there is an old rule laid down: "If a ring be given as a pledge that must be worn upon the first finger of the left hand; if he is engaged it occupies the second finger; if married he wears it upon the third; if he is divorced or upon celibacy, then it is that it is put upon the fourth or little finger." This rule is the acknowledged one, but Bonnell has explained that "widows are not subjects to the rules."

There is a woman in Philadelphia who is not governed by any rule, for she wears a wide band of gold on her thumb. Naturally it attracts much attention and occasions comment. One night at a dinner party a gentleman called her attention to it, and immediately she penciled upon the menu:

For pleasure pass and pass to some
I wear mine upon my thumb.
Under this her quarist promptly wrote:
You've another thumb, my lady dear,
And another lover stands here,
Who'd gladly give all the world to some
To place a ring on the other thumb.

According to the ancient ritual in marriage the betrothed began the ring business by placing it upon the bride's thumb and putting it successively on the next two fingers, pronouncing for each one a person of the Trinity; with a final "Amen," the fourth finger was reached and there the ring remained. The Greek church ritual directs that the bridegroom place upon the right hand. Puritan influence sought to abolish the ring as a vain and heathen emblem, but the sweet old fashion of giving and taking the emblem, "for our love's sake," yet remains to us.

BETROTHAL AND WEDDING RINGS.

Betrothal or engagement rings vary in fashion as novelties and whims depend, or should do so, on the purse of the donor. Where there are no limitations of this sort the taste, if it be perfect, will lead him to choose a diamond solitaire, and of the best he can afford, a small and pure blue-white stone being altogether preferable to a large stone. Sometimes a ring set with three stones, generally a sapphire set between two diamonds. Others select a ruby or an emerald, which signifies promise of happiness. The bowed wedding ring for an engagement ring, as pearls are supposed to typify tears. They are also too perishable to become emblems of love, which, in its first glow at least, is always understood to be indestructible. Their beauty is very precarious, being easily dimmed, or "aged," as the lapidary expresses it, by contact with impure air, while acid annihilates them completely, like the famous one which the fair Egyptian, "brilliant among the stars," dissolved and drank to her imperial lover ages ago.

The wedding ring remains about the same. The Romans made theirs of iron to express endurance, and baser metals have been used since. The ideal marriage token cannot be improved upon. It is a ring of pure virgin gold, neither too heavy nor yet too slender. It is softly rounded, so there are no sharp edges if you hang it on a string and strike it softly it will ring out an indescribably soft and sweet sound. No other symbol expresses so well the true bride's devotion. Herrick's lines are very pretty:

And as this round
Is no where found
To flaw, or else to sever,
So let our love
As endless prove,
And pure as gold forever.

Ladies of the present day wear numerous rings regardless of their significance. At the present time, according to the Roman rule, one cannot classify by any such token either the young woman in the nursery rhyme, who her been immortalized "with rings on her ears or bells on her toes," the Egyptian lady whose portrait on her mummy case represents her two hands covered, thumbs and all, with rings, or the lady of "the period" with costly jewels flashing from every one of her white tapering fingers.—Arthur Wirt in Washington Post.

Miss Nellie Arthur, daughter of the late President Arthur, has become a picturesque young lady, with a brilliant complexion, large, dark eyes, a graceful figure, and an original and effective taste in dress.

HALCYON DAYS.

There are our halcyon days, my love;
There are our halcyon days!
Orient and golden, they lie behind
Mingling laughter, whose echoes prove
Each on the front of a farewell grove
There are our halcyon days!

There are our halcyon days, my sweet;
There are our halcyon days!
A world of love was about our feet,
Through all beautiful April skylight heat,
While, wishing hours fit fair and fleet—
There are our halcyon days!

There are our halcyon days, my dear;
There are our halcyon days!
Clasp them close, for in distant space
Prophet shades of a darkened years
When low they lie in the dust of time—
There are our halcyon days!
—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE CONNEMARA GIRL.

Her Dress, Her Food, Her Charms and Her One Dream in Life.

The Connemara girl! She weighs about 180 pounds. She wears two woolen petticoats woven by herself, and over her head and serving the purpose of both a shawl and hood is a white petticoat, held in place with her left hand under her chin. The red petticoats reach only half way down her calves. The stride of this child of the bog is amazonian, yet very graceful. Her days are spent in carrying seaweed for manure, turf for the fire, and pails of water. She carries the turf a distance of two miles on her back in a wicker basket. Her load usually weighs about 100 pounds. Her stockings have no soles and she is too poor to buy shoes. But she wears the legs of heavy woolen stockings to protect her calves when the edge of the heavy petticoat, wet with sea water, chafes against them. Her hands resemble tanned leather, they are so hardened by toil.

The brown cow that browses in the bog is no more luxurious than this maid of the crag and bog land. Such a wealth of color, such satiny skin and such dewdrop eyes are the rich color set to flutes of the estate of matrimony in its most ideal perfection. The orthography was changed and written with a "g." Jingimal ring, according to the time of Queen Elizabeth, was found at Horsleydown, in Surrey, and is now preserved in a British collection. It is described as follows:

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You've another thumb, my lady dear,
And another lover stands here,
Who'd gladly give all the world to some
To place a ring on the other thumb.

According to the ancient ritual in marriage the betrothed began the ring business by placing it upon the bride's thumb and putting it successively on the next two fingers, pronouncing for each one a person of the Trinity; with a final "Amen," the fourth finger was reached and there the ring remained. The Greek church ritual directs that the bridegroom place upon the right hand. Puritan influence sought to abolish the ring as a vain and heathen emblem, but the sweet old fashion of giving and taking the emblem, "for our love's sake," yet remains to us.

BETROTHAL AND WEDDING RINGS.

Betrothal or engagement rings vary in fashion as novelties and whims depend, or should do so, on the purse of the donor. Where there are no limitations of this sort the taste, if it be perfect, will lead him to choose a diamond solitaire, and of the best he can afford, a small and pure blue-white stone being altogether preferable to a large stone. Sometimes a ring set with three stones, generally a sapphire set between two diamonds. Others select a ruby or an emerald, which signifies promise of happiness. The bowed wedding ring for an engagement ring, as pearls are supposed to typify tears. They are also too perishable to become emblems of love, which, in its first glow at least, is always understood to be indestructible. Their beauty is very precarious, being easily dimmed, or "aged," as the lapidary expresses it, by contact with impure air, while acid annihilates them completely, like the famous one which the fair Egyptian, "brilliant among the stars," dissolved and drank to her imperial lover ages ago.

The wedding ring remains about the same. The Romans made theirs of iron to express endurance, and baser metals have been used since. The ideal marriage token cannot be improved upon. It is a ring of pure virgin gold, neither too heavy nor yet too slender. It is softly rounded, so there are no sharp edges if you hang it on a string and strike it softly it will ring out an indescribably soft and sweet sound. No other symbol expresses so well the true bride's devotion. Herrick's lines are very pretty:

And as this round
Is no where found
To flaw, or else to sever,
So let our love
As endless prove,
And pure as gold forever.

Ladies of the present day wear numerous rings regardless of their significance. At the present time, according to the Roman rule, one cannot classify by any such token either the young woman in the nursery rhyme, who her been immortalized "with rings on her ears or bells on her toes," the Egyptian lady whose portrait on her mummy case represents her two hands covered, thumbs and all, with rings, or the lady of "the period" with costly jewels flashing from every one of her white tapering fingers.—Arthur Wirt in Washington Post.

Miss Nellie Arthur, daughter of the late President Arthur, has become a picturesque young lady, with a brilliant complexion, large, dark eyes, a graceful figure, and an original and effective taste in dress.

STRAY BITS.

From November to May the exportation of cut flowers from the Little Cayos, off Cuenta, on the south coast of France, reaches the sum of $712,500.

The number of birds seen in the vicinity of Philadelphia since the first day of January last by the Delaware Valley Ornithological club had recently reached 113 species.

Never touch a vine that has three fingered leaves; that is, leaves divided into three parts. Vines that show five fingered leaves may be handled with safety. Poison ivy has three fingers.

A summer cottage built by a New York millionaire is of hemlock logs from eleven miles south of the building on the fourth side. A veranda is constructed on three sides of the building of hemlock logs in the rough.

The bolo flower, discovered by Dr. Schadenberg growing upon a volcanic mountain in one of the Philippine islands, is perhaps the largest flower in existence, being about three feet in diameter and twenty-two pounds in weight.

A modification of Edison's phonograph is said to have been devised by a dentist in Milan. It costs under $30 and the wax cylinders are reproduced in zinc by the galvanoplastic process at a cost of five cents each, selling price.

An engineer on the Iron Mountain road has perfected an automatic bell ringer on his locomotive, and now, when running in corporation limits, or where the bell is to be rung, he just jerks a spring and the bell is kept going by steam power till he turns off the steam.

An extraordinary feat in telephoning was recently accomplished between St. Petersburg and Bologna, a distance of 2,405 miles. Conversation was kept up, notwithstanding a rather high induction. The Russian engineers progressed so easily by telephone over a distance of 4,005 miles.

A professor in the University of Klausenburg claims to have compounded a solution which completely annihilates hydrophobia introduced into the system by the bite of a mad dog. This solution consists of chlorine water, salt brine, sulphurous acid, permanganate of potassium and bicarbonate of soda.

A curious fact is noticed in connection with the formation of barnacles on ships' bottoms. In the majority of cases there is a 2000th barrier growth of green and barnacles on one side than on the other, and the appearance on one side will be almost free from marine growths while the other is as foul as possible.

During one of the snow storms of the past winter in the Rocky mountains nineteen engines were required for one train, which was made up as follows: First a snow plow, with three engines hooked to it, then a train of nine cars with another five engines, and behind this five engines with a gang of men to dig the train out should it get stuck.

There is a gold leaf now for sale. It is an elastic, curved strip of thin metal, at either end of which is secured an adjustable plate, based on the inner side with soft cloth, to which the gold adheres. The manufacturer claims that one of these will cover the mustache. The latter is carefully arranged at night or during periods of session and the trainer fixed upon it.

There is a book in Philadelphia each seven years beats $1,000 gold dollars into gold leaf, and as each dollar can be beat into a sheet that will carpet two rooms 16½ feet square, the time this may be formed of its bards. It requires 1,400 sheets of gold leaf to equal in thickness a sheet of writing paper, and takes 200,000 of these, piled one upon the other, to equal an inch in thickness.

The largest sailing ship in the world is in the possession of France. She is a vessel with five masts, on four of which squaresail is carried. The length is 344 feet, with a beam of forty-nine feet. The cargo which the France could carry is 21,000 tons. The ship is built of steel, her masts and yards being of the same material as at present trading between France and the Pacific.

THE GLOBE'S NEWSPAPERS.

In the publication of dailies the United States leads with a total of 1,404. Germany comes next with 891.

New York state alone possesses a larger number of newspapers than are found upon all continents south of the equator.

Great Britain possesses but 226 dailies, but their average circulation is almost five times as great as that of the United States.

The Berliner Modenwelt, a semi-monthly paper of fashions, circulates 600,000 copies, 250,000 in German and the balance in other languages.

The first paper to appear in the United States was The Boston News Letter, April 24, 1704. Canada's first paper was The Halifax Gazette, in 1752.

The oldest paper in Europe is The Post Zeitung, published at Frankfort in 1616, while that with the greatest circulation is Le Petit Journal of Paris, whose daily issue is over 1,000,000.

In its number of papers (141) and amount of circulation, Paris runs ahead of all other cities. It publishes twelve more dailies than London, New York, Philadelphia and Boston together.

No less than 4,065 papers daily make their appearance in the world. Some of these appear in two or three languages, one of them generally being English. Fifty-nine different languages are employed.

The publications of India comprise many languages. Those in the native tongues are said to be more thoroughly read and circulated in proportion to the number of copies issued than those of any other country.

The island of Borneo, generally supposed to be inhabited by "wild men and savages," boasts of the smallest regularly published newspaper in the world. It is called The Sarawak Gazette, an English paper, size eight and one-quarter inches wide by thirteen inches long, and was first issued in August, 1870.

The little island of Iceland, 200 miles long and 200 broad, and isolated from the great continent of civilization, is found to have as great a number of newspapers as are printed in the vernacular tongues of the empire of China. The newspapers of Iceland are published at a point farther north than any other journals in existence.

The Palm Gazette of China is the first and oldest newspaper publication in the world. It has a daily issue of 10,000 copies, and still retains its original form and makeup of 1,000 years ago. *Its size is four inches wide by ten inches long.* Each issue has about eighteen leaves of soft thin paper with ragged edges, printed only on one side, in Chinese characters.

Austria claims newspapers printed in a greater variety of languages than any other country. These comprise German, Italian, French, Magyar or Hungarian, Greek, Latin, Polish, Servian, Slavonian, Roumanian, Bathemian, Croatian, Cambish, Slavic and Hebrew. The most remarkable of these, and perhaps of the entire globe, is The Aces Compilation, Librorum Universum, a semi-monthly review of comparative literature.—W. E. Jervis in Chatter.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street.

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.
Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.
GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6;
3 holes, $8
Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, yard wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4-foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 184.

The Popular Store of Plainfield
HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,
Specialties in CARPETS & MILLINERY.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 6c. Great variety of basket crepe, Jersey jackets reduced from $2.75 to $1.98. Drawn ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,
50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50
LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
Reliable Goods, Low Prices.
CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST
STYLES OF
SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT
WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET,
Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 Broad

BUGS! BUGS!
and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using
Peroxide Silicate,
non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.
Peroxide Silicate
has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at
RANDOLPH'S
City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Orders left at Peterson's Plainfield N. J. or address P. O. Box 1541 Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1541

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Travis J. Carey, to whom refer once is made)
Furniture Express
81 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all part of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A call solicited.
Moving Pianos,

Headquarters
For Woolens, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,
U. S. Hair Tonic,
Magic Recovering Fluid, Colognes and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store,
C. E. CLARKE,
No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 668. Telephone call 18.

Higgins' Stage Line
TO AND FROM THE FOLLOWING STATIONS:
BRIDGEWATER:
Plainfield to Bridgewater and Somerville—Leave Plainfield at 8 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m., 5 p. m. Leave Somerville, Hillside Ave. and Bound Brook, 7 a. m., 10 a. m., 1 p. m., 4 p. m. Leave Bridgewater, Somerville Ave. and Bound Brook, 9 a. m., 12 m., 3 p. m., 6 p. m.
Fare—Plainfield to Somerville, 25c; to Bridgewater, 50c; to Bound Brook, 50c; to Somerville and Bridgewater, 75c; to Bound Brook and Bridgewater, 75c; to Somerville and Bound Brook, 75c.
Plainfield to Somerville and Bridgewater, 75c; to Bound Brook, 75c.
Somerville to Bridgewater, 25c; to Bound Brook, 25c.
Bridgewater to Bound Brook, 25c.
Plainfield to Dunellen—Leave Plainfield at 8 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m., 5 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 9 a. m., 1 p. m., 4 p. m., 7 p. m.
Fare—To the Post Office, 10c; to Depot, 15c; to Depot and Post Office, 20c.
Plainfield to Dunellen and Bound Brook—Leave Plainfield at 8 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m., 5 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 9 a. m., 1 p. m., 4 p. m., 7 p. m.
Fare—To Dunellen, 15c; to Bound Brook, 25c.
Stages will also leave Plainfield several times daily for Middlesex, Dunellen, Bound Brook and Somerville. Leave orders at Peterson's Plainfield Hotel, corner of Front and Somerset streets, or at Higgins' residence, corner of Somerset and Grant streets.
Higgins' Transportation Express will receive packages and collect freight. Leave orders at Higgins' residence and calling promptly. Goods delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen free. Horses a share of patronage is solicited. Private parties, at reasonable rates.
Plainfield, N. J. A. C. HIGGINS, Prop'r.
Stables on Sycamore street, between Front and Second. Telephone Call, 18.

MUSIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE
1890.
POWLSON & JONES,
34 West Front St.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
Latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions, Hosiery and Infants' Caps a specialty. Parlors on Second floor of Library Building. Closed and Closed at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wasting Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Office hours—Plainfield, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Dunellen, Friday, 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Residence, 60 East Second street, corner of Watchung avenue.

FOR TINWORK
PORTABLES and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue
24 and 24 doors, Box 1295.

PLAINFIELD
Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. Office Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLEEPER Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, MAY 20 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

LOCAL LABOR TROUBLES

A STRIKE AT A. M. GRIFFEN'S.

The Plumbers Quit Work This Morning to Compel the Payment of $3.50 per Day.—They Have Received $3 per Day.

The employes of the plumber department of Mr. A. M. Griffen's two days ago demanded an increase in their wages from $3 to $3.50 per day, the highest wages paid in New York. Mr. Griffen was given ten days in which to consider the matter, and at the end of that time he refused, to submit to the demand, telling the men that he could not charge his customers the price demanded and expect to have any trade, as it would make the work too expensive.

Therefore the men quit work. Mr. Griffen seems to be embarrassed in filling orders for a few days until he can secure other men to take the place of those who have left his employ. He says he would gladly pay all the wages circumstances would permit, but there would be only loss to him at the present prices charged, and necessity therefore compels him to refuse.

Base Ball Notes.

The Crescents' date with the Brooklyn "L's" for the afternoon of Decoration Day has been cancelled owing to the disbanding of that team. Another nine will be substituted in their stead.

No date has as yet been set for the game of ball between the fat men and thin men of this city. The fat men are very anxious to cross bats with their slim brethren. The game last season caused considerable laughter.

The Vernons of Brooklyn are booked for a game of ball with the Crescents on the grounds in this city next Saturday afternoon. The game will be called at 3:45 o'clock. It is said that the Vernons is one of the best amateur baseball clubs in Brooklyn. If so an interesting game may be looked for.

The New Brunswick police have determined to break up Sunday base-ball, and they had a lively time of it last Sunday. On one ground over one thousand two hundred people had gathered and when they were dispersed they went just outside the city limits and played there. Half a dozen other games, one of them right in view of the Mayor's house, were stopped, besides numerous smaller ones, at which few people except the players themselves were present.

What a Game it Must Have Been!

The New York World *frequently* contains little romances like the annexed, written by souls one who evidently cares more for money than truth. To Plainfielders to whom the supposed players are well-known the idea of their playing ball is highly ridiculous. We give the account:

AT PLAINFIELD, MAY 17.

Runs.										Runs.
Yale	3	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	—8
Princeton	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	—5

Batteries.		Batteries.
Jim Miller	Pitcher	Thatcher
Peck Fraser	Catcher	Bacon
W. Miller	First Base	V. Fraser
D. Carey	Second Base	W. Fraser
Ed. Fraser	Third Base	Oxnard
A. Fraser	Short Stop	Honeyman
Ed. Miller	Left Field	G. Miller
J. Bedell	Centre Field	Hodge
Brooks	Right Field	Vail
Umpire—Squires.	Scorer—Curtis.	

The umpire has been dead for two years, and when alive was deaf and dumb.

Mr. Thatcher Serenaded.

At the conclusion of the minstrel performance in Music Hall last evening the band assisted with the troupe, together with a number of performers, proceeded to the residence of our popular townsman, Mr. George Thatcher, and tendered him a complimentary serenade. Mr. Thatcher was taken by surprise, but he was equal to the occasion, however, and after thanking the "boys" very feelingly he invited them into the house, and in a short time Mr. Thatcher had prepared a bountiful collation. A couple of hours were spent very pleasantly in singing, speech making, etc., and when the "boys" left for quarters, they all voted "that George was a jolly good fellow."

City Court Notes.

Two of the young men who were arrested by Captain Grant and Policeman Lake for gambling near Dunham street Sunday afternoon, were arraigned before Judge Codington yesterday afternoon. The Judge reserved his decision in the matter.

The complaint of Mrs. Miner Mrs. Kennedy was arraigned for using profane and indecent language. The offence it is alleged was committed in Bidgely's alley. The women was arraigned before City Judge Codington at nine o'clock this morning. After hearing the testimony in the case the Judge reserved his decision.

Meeting of the Turnverein.

The quarterly meeting of the New Jersey Turnverein for the Northern District of the State will be held next Sunday in Paterson. Large delegations of turners from Plainfield, Elizabeth, New Brunswick, Newark and other places will attend. The usual programme of athletic exercises will be carried out in the morning in Turn Hall.

—A new waterscuttle to be used in conveying goods to and from Hotel Netherwood arrived in this city this morning.

—Many of Justice Hardy's workmen served notices before his assignment on the owners of the properties with whom Mr. Hardy had contracts, demanding the retaining of the amount due, them, and payment to them. Such notices are provided for under the Mechanics' Lien Law, and therefore, the workmen who served such notices are protected to that extent. It is estimated that there is due to mechanics from $600 to $1,000. Many of the claims are not protected because of neglect of the workmen to take the precautionary steps taken by those who

AN EXCITING RUNAWAY.

A Frightened Horse Causes Consternation on Front Street.

An exciting runaway occurred in this city at about half-past ten o'clock this morning. A horse attached to a village cart belonging to Mr. Dumont of Dunellen, left standing on Broadway, became frightened and ran away. The animal ran up Broadway to North avenue when it collided with Smalley's butcher wagon and a light wagon belonging to Mr. E. C. Mulford. This only served to check its mad flight for a moment and it again started off at a break-neck speed and turned into West Front street, continuing in its course along that thoroughfare and until it reached Music Hall. There the wagon collided with a telephone pole.

Previous to that it had collided with several other vehicles, with which the street was crowded. Pedestrians scattered right and left.

The horse was caught further down the road. The cart, to which the animal was attached, was wrecked.

Later—It is rumored that two young ladies were seated in the cart reading at the time the horse became frightened, and that they were thrown out and badly injured, but the rumor cannot be verified. Several books were found in the bottom of the vehicle after the horse had broken loose from it.

JOTTINGS.

—Somerville has not had a fire for a year past.

Mr. Al zander Gee and wife, formerly of Plainfield, are visiting friends here.

—An entertainment in aid of the Children's Home will be given in Vincent chapel soon.

—It is said that the projects of the street railway are quietly working up that scheme.

—The work of completing the new walls of the Plainfield Water company is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

—Mr. Frank Bergen, the ex-Chief Attorney at Elizabeth, was tendered a complimentary dinner at that place last Saturday evening.

—A meeting for consecration and prayer was held at the residence of Mrs. E. D. Poole on West Third street last evening at 8:15 o'clock.

—The congregation of the First church of Christ is contemplating the advisability of holding its services in Amphion Hall, hereafter.

—Those enterprising young men, Messrs. Rogers Bros., the shoe dealers, make a novel offer to their patrons in their advertisement in another column.

—The Children's Home is at present very much in need of money. Any person, who can afford it, would do well to contribute their mite to this worthy institution.

—Company C., Phil Kearney Guard of Elizabeth, has been invited by Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., of this city to take part in the celebration of Memorial Day here.

—The members of the Plainfield Hatters' Association who spent yesterday camping at Washington Park, returned to their homes in stages at about half-past five o'clock last evening.

—There was a circus in town Friday and Saturday of last week, but few persons were aware of the fact. The proprietors failed to advertise, and consequently *did a poor business.*

—In the list of Justice Hardy's creditors furnished us for publication yesterday appeared the name Emmons Brox. "There is no such firm. It should have read John P. Emmons."

—A meeting of the Directors of the Plainfield Building and Loan Association was held in the office of Jackson & Codington last evening. Business of routine nature only was transacted.

—Mr. John J. Kenney, desires to call the attention of the public to his new line of ladies Oxford ties, in russet leather, also to the fine line of gentlemen's patent leather and russet shoes. See his advertisement.

—The regular business meeting of the Women's Temperance Aid Society will be held in parlor of Reform Hall, on Thursday, May 22, at 3 o'clock promptly. All interested are invited to come and learn what we are doing.

—W. C. T. U. members are desired to take notice of the special meeting called for tomorrow, Wednesday afternoon at 3:30. Business of special importance is to come before the meeting, in which every individual member should be interested, and it is earnestly hoped they will all try to be present, according to the call.

—Elmore D. Moffett, President of the Common Council, denies that he is a candidate for sheriff on the Democratic ticket, according to The New York World. There are Republicans and very decent Democrats too, who would ask nothing better than that he should be nominated for some office—no matter what it is—that they may have a chance to show their opinion of him for his action in the Carey matter.

—Any one interested in the sick-benefit, funeral-aid, and death-beneficiary associations of the United States can help make the statistics of their organizations for the forthcoming census complete and correct and thereby the knowledge of the good work they are doing by sending the names of such societies as they may know of, and the addresses of their principal officers, to Mr. Charles A. Jessup, Special Agent of the Eleventh Census, 26 Fifth Avenue street, New York City.

—Petitions were circulated in the First and Second Presbyterian, St. John's and two other churches of Elizabeth Sunday for the signatures of residents who are opposed to the passage of the bill before the Legislature legalizing winter horse-racing and bookmaking. The petitions will soon be presented to the Legislature. They were numerously signed. Judge VanSyckel and Lay Judge Hyer signed the petition yesterday in the Union County Court. So did a number of lawyers. The petition was about a quarter of a mile long. The petitions were presented last night to the Assembly by a delegation of clergymen from Elizabeth. It is said that similar petitions

THE LEGISLATURE.

PROBABLE ADJOURNMENT NEXT FRIDAY.

Business Transacted Yesterday.—Carter's Reform Bill Killed, But the Racing Bill Passed Despite Protesting Petitions From All the Churches of the State.

TRENTON, N. J., May 20.—The Senate last night repealed the Camden Water Bonding Act, refused by one majority to pass Marsh's State prison and Jail Ticket-of-Leave bill, and unanimously adopted a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to continue Lieut. C. H. McLellan as Assistant Inspector of the Fourth Life-Saving District.

Mr. Kalisch, for the Judiciary Committee, reported to the House a substitute for Senate 227, the Carter Ballot Reform bill. The substitute is the Werts Ballot Reform bill which has already passed the House. This bill was ordered to a second reading by a vote of 33 to 20. Lewis (Dem.), of Monmouth, voting with the Republicans in the negative. This action practically kills the Senate Ballot Reform bill, and the only ballot reform bill now before the Legislature is the one drafted by Senator Werts and known as the Democratic measure.

The special order of the evening, Kalis h's Horse-racing bill as amended by the Senate, was called up by Mr. Campbell. The Senate amendment legalizes pool-selling, permits racing on each race track for fifty-five days in each year, and imposes a tax of five per cent. of the gross receipts, which shall go to the State. These amendments were read and a motion to give the amendments a third reading was adopted, 32 to 5, Mowry, Cole, Hutchinson, Jackson, Perkins and Voorhees voting in the negative. Mr. Kerr moved that the amendments be considered by the viva voce vote. The amendments were then put on third reading. Mr. Cole took the floor arguing opposition, and imploring the House not to disgrace the State by legalizing gambling. Mr. Vorhees said he was surprised that no one had the courage to stand sponsor for the amendments. A powerful lobby pushed the bill through the Senate, although the Senators at first held up their hands in holy horror at the provision which provided for a State tax.

"Pass this bill," he said, "and we bow down to the gambling interests, an element which proudly boasts that it controls the Legislature and the courts of New Jersey."

Mr. Kalisch said the bill, as originally introduced, was a strike at Winter racing. A resolution was offered by Mr. Kerr, referring the bill to the Attorney-General for his opinion as to its constitutionality. The resolution was opposed by Messrs. Potts and Kalisch and was lost. The amendments were put to a vote and concurred in, 23 to 12. Messrs. Cole, Dorcodus, Ewing, Hutchinson, Jackson, Klotz, Marsh, Mowry, Perkins, Potts, Sharp, Voorhees and Williams voting in the negative. The amended bill was then ordered to be re-engrossed with the Senate amendments incorporated therein. It now goes to the Governor.

Mr. Campbell stated that the Committee on Municipal Corporations be relieved from further consideration of Senate bill 221, the Newark Elevated Railroad bill. The motion was opposed by Mr. Trier and was favored by Messrs. Towle, Kerr and Campbell. A motion to give a public hearing to-morrow on the bill was lost, and the original resolution was adopted, 25 to 19, after a lively debate.

The Senate passed unanimously a bill to establish a State Weather Service office at the experiment station in New Brunswick.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frederick Meade of East Front street is very ill with brain fever.

Mrs. Rachel Allen of Park avenue is visiting her sister in Philadelphia.

Ex-Chief Engineer S. A. Davis formerly of this city but now of Elizabeth spent yesterday with his friends here.

Mr. J. T. Vail, who has been confined to his home on Ninth street for a week past by illness, is said to be much improved to-day.

The approaching marriage of Mr. Robert H. Lowry of Madison avenue and Miss Lizzie Darling of Prospect place, North Plainfield, is announced.

Frankie, the thirteen-year-old son of Ex-Chief Engineer Frank W. Vail, who was recently injured by his cars, is rapidly recovering from his injuries.

Mr. H. B. Newhall is the President of the Water Board of the Council and Mr. Rushmore, Secretary. We publish this fact in answer to a query from a correspondent.

Mr. Howard Hummer, who for some time past has been in the employe of Justice James Hardy, the contractor, resigned his position to accept charge as night ticket agent at the station in this city.

Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Miss Adelaide Frances McGee to the *Rev. Herbert Welch.* The ceremony will occur on Tuesday evening, June 3d, at seven o'clock in the Methodist Episcopal church.

Miss Amelia de la Mar Stryker died at the residence of the late William McCutchen on Rockview avenue yesterday. Deceased was in the twenty-first year of her age. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

The funeral service over the remains of the late Peter Rickert, who died suddenly at his home from heart paralysis, took place from his late residence on Jackson avenue this afternoon at two o'clock. Mr. Rickert was well-known in Central New Jersey, having conducted a trucking business here for the past twenty years.

Mr. J. B. Lake, of Gilsford, Ireland, was in our city a few days last week as the guest of Mr. Nichols, East Sixth street. Mr. Lake is Managing director in the large linen thread manufactures of Dunbar, McMaster & Co. "Limited" with mills at Gilsford, near Belfast and also at Greenville N. Y., and agencies in nearly all parts of the world. Mr. Nichols is their New York agent. Mr. Nichols will probably visit Ireland and England this

CHORAL SOCIETY RECEPTION.

Officers Elected.—Plans Discussed and a Pleasant Time Generally.

A large number of the members of the Plainfield Choral Society and many of their friends met in the Crescent avenue chapel last evening in response to invitations.

The occasion was a reception given by the Society.

It was a happy combination of business and pleasure.

President Howland occupied the chair.

After some preliminary business, it was announced that nominations for officers for the ensuing year were in order. President Howland resigned the chair to Treasurer H. Otis Newman.

With the exception of the office of librarian, all the officers were re-elected for the ensuing year.

Mr. Nelson Y. Hull was elected to fill the position of librarian in place of Mr. Bigelow the former incumbent. The Board of Directors was re-elected.

Complimentary speeches were then made by several members. The secretary's report was read, as was the treasurer's. The Society came out about $16 ahead for last year.

After the business of the evening had been disposed of, the following programme was rendered:

Piano Solo	Miss Kate Bigelow
Vocal Solo	Mr. B. T. Barnes
Song	Choral Society
Song by the Prize Quartette, which consisted of the following favorably known vocalists: Messrs. Robert Gorton, Arthur Titsworth, Elmer Runyon and Morris C. VanArsdale.	
Piano Solo	Miss French
Duet. Miss Alice Hoare and Mr. E. Runyon	
Solo	Miss Julia J. Ketchum
Solo	Mrs. Saunders
Song	Choral Society
Solo	Miss Alice Holmes

Accompanist, Miss Jes ie Utter.

After the musical programme had been given President Howland, before moving to adjourn presented a purse to the society's able conductor, Mr. E. J. Fitzhugh, with a few words of commendation. Mr. Fitzhugh responded happily, causing roars of laughter at some appropriate anecdotes. The movement to adjourn was carried, and the company adjourned to the room below where refreshments were served in abundance. The officers for the ensuing year are: President, Mr. Wm. A. Wallace Howland; Vice-President, Mr. Charles W. McCutchen; Secretary, Mr. Nelson Runyon; Treasurer, Mr. H. Otis Newman; Librarian, Mr. Nelson Y. Hull; Board of Directors, Messrs. Henry A. McGee, Daniel E. Davis and Charles W. Titsworth.

The membership was by vote limited to 115.

The People Resent the Wrong.

Last night one of the evil men in the Primrose & West minstrels got off a gag intended to hold ex-Chief Carey up to ridicule. The audience resented it in a way that made the end man quickly realize that he had made a mistake. Saturday evening he tried to make amends, apologetically that he had been told by Hotel Keeper Miller to say what he did, and supposed it was all right. Mr. Law Dockstader, the funny man, sang a topical song, entitled, "They wouldn't Do That in This Town," in which he got off a number of hits which the audience heartily laughed at and applauded. They were at the expense of each of the Councilmen as have brought our city into bad repute by their conduct. Dockstader was called back some three or four times by encore.

Last Friday evening the "Order of Red Men" gave an entertainment which was largely attended and in which a topical song was introduced directed particularly against the action of the Councilmen who removed Chief Carey. The audience recalled the singers over and over and over again, so that the play could not proceed. Evidently the public pulse beats right.

Royal Arcanum.

The Grand Council, Royal Arcanum, of the State of New Jersey met in annual session at Camden, on the 13th inst. There were some ninety officers and members present. There are now some fifty-six councils in the State, a gain of eight during the year, with a total membership of 5,628, a gain of 1078. The Royal Arcanum at large now numbers over 102,000. The officers elected are: Grand Regent, Wm. A. Tompkins, of Rutherford; Grand Vice-Regent, C. E. McDowell, of Bloomfield; Grand Orator, F. R. Peters, Jersey City; Grand Secretary, R. H. Alberts, Hoboken; Grand Treasurer, Wm. West, Trenton; Grand Chaplain, Samuel Drummond, Jersey City; Grand Guide, J. D. Otis, Orange; Grand Warden, W. G. Weaver; Grand Sentry, Thomas Dorley, Grand Trustee, Elijah Baker; alternate, H. B. McDowell. Mr. C. M. Lege, Regent of Jersey Council of this place, represented his council, as alternate for Representative J. P. Albright. Representative Lege of Morristown, was represented by J. W. Clift.

Wonderful Surgical Operation.

An operation was performed at Elizabeth yesterday on Conrad Seibold by Dr. Roberts, an eminent specialist of New York, assisted by local physicians. The patient is in partnership with his brother-in-law, George Weimer, in the trucking business, and was dangerously injured last Wednesday by striking an arched gateway through which he was driving. His head threw him back against the top of the wagon, breaking his spine. The physician cut in to the injured spine and united the fractured part. It was the only chance of saving the man's life. His body is paralyzed from the waist down. His chance of recovery is one in a hundred.

—Mr. Gershom Frazee, who gave generously of his purse and his services a quarter of a century ago, and since his purse grew too light, has been unsparing in his efforts for the Republican party, is now a candidate for appointment in the Custom House. He has the endorsement of such distinguished Republicans as the Hon. William Walter Phelps, Minister to Germany, Ex-Congressman Amos Clark, George A. Halsey, and John Kean, Jr., Mayor Mack, Postmaster Pope, Corporation Counsel Marsh and a host of prominent private citizens, besides all the Republican members of the State Senate and Legislature, and of course THE NEWS would like to see him rewarded as he deserves.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Crazy Man Caught in the Woods.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 20 (Special).—Archibald Yates who is in a demented condition and disappeared a week ago from Washington, N. J., was captured this morning in the woods near Weston mills, on the *suburbs of this city, by a colored man who* saw him and gave chase. Yates is 30 years old, and has been without food or shelter roaming the woods since his disappearance. He was in a terribly haggard condition when found. His mother is wealthy and had ten wagons and twenty men searching the vicinity for him for miles around ever since he was *first missed. He imagined his mother had* men trying to kill him, and was fleeing in constant terror under the delusion.

Entertainment for Children's Home.

A Kinder Symphony will be given in Vincent Chapel, Satu day, May 24, at 4 o'clock p. m. The proceeds of which will be given to *the Children's Home. The following* programme will be given,

PROGRAMME.

Part First.

Tableau—Greek Slaves in the Market Place.	
Solo—	
Tableau—"Somebody's Darling"—"Nobody's Darling."	
Solo—	
Tableau—Old Fashioned Courtship.	
Solo, with Violin—"Annie Laurie."	
Miss A. F. McGee and Clifford McGee.	
Tableau—The Bachelor's Reverie.	
Chorus	Rippling, Purling Little River.
A Few Remarks by Geo. F. Taggart.	
Solo—	

Part Second.

Weimarer Symphonie	Ein Musikalischer Nebert fur das Pianoforte zu vier Handen und Kinder instrumente, als Klopfinstrumente, Fromel, Triangel, Glocke, Nirtstieli, Kuku, Tamburine, Waschbrett, Glasharmonika, Cuckgeretten, Schnarre. Von F. X. Chwatel

Rendered by the Infantorium Orchestra.

During the performance of "The Symphonie" solos will be performed by the following artists:

Franlin Kesbohn	On the Nightingal
Fraulin Kesbog	On the Kukuk
Herr Masbuckle	On saxony Horn
Herr Lowfores	On the Glasharmonika

Tried to "Elope" With a Suit.

About two weeks ago a German who was employed by Mr. Fred Casper went to Werner's Clothing House and purchased an eighteen dollar suit of clothes, taking the trousers and paying Mr. Werner a ten dollar deposit on the suit. Saturday evening he returned to Mr. Werner, telling him that he wished to go on a visit Sunday and would like to have the balance of the suit, Mr. Werner, who is always very obliging, let the fellow have the clothes. Sunday morning the German left Mr. Casper's house, packed up his clothes and his trunk and started for the railroad station. Mr. Henry Windham, the bartender employed at the hotel sent Mr. Casper's son up stairs to the man's room to see if he had left the suit behind; the little fellow returned and informed the bartender that the German had "eloped" with the suit. Mr. Windham gave chase and caught the fellow just as he was about to board the 2:15 train for New York. He demanded the suit and the German gave it up. He then called Captain Grant and Policeman Lynch. Mr. Werner was sent for but declined to have the man arrested.

—The members of the Young Men's Catholic Literary Union are arranging for a grand bazaar to be given early in July.

Died.

THORN—Entered into rest May 19th, 1890 after a lingering illness, Mrs. Mary A. Thorn aged 76 years, 7 months and 16 days. Friends are invited to the funeral at the residence of her son, G. Thorn, 161 East Second street Wednesday 21st inst at one o'clock p. m. Interment at Cornwallsville, N. Y.

STRONG—Entered into rest Monday, May 19, in this city, Caroline St. John Strong, in the 21st year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the residence of the late William M. McCutchen, on Wednesday, 21st inst., at three o'clock p. m. R.I.P.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

FOR SALE—A Wheeler & Wilson Lever sewing machine. Address "Sewing Machine," care of EVENING NEWS. 19-3

FOR SALE—Cheap. A Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, in perfect order. Address "Sewing Machine," care of EVENING NEWS. 19-3

FOR SALE—One first-class Plandrau cart. In excellent order. Can be seen at any time at 36 East Ninth street.

FOR SALE or to let—House, seven rooms, pleasant location. Inquire 87 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson. 2-tf

LOST—A pair of spectacles, this morning, in or either side of North avenue. Liberal paid for their return for owner to this office.

MISS KATE GEARY, fashionable dressmaker, formerly of Plainfield, N. J., has removed to larger quarters at No. 69 East Front street, where she will be pleased to meet her customers. 19-3m

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-tf

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahmas, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 119 Rockview avenue.

WASHING and ironing. Good work done. Call at 48 East Third street, Plainfield. 19-3

WANTED—A good, reliable Protestant girl to cook and care for child three years old. References required. Address "P. J." care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—A coachman and gardener. W. R. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 19-tf

WANTED—A position by a young German girl as nursery girl, also willing to help with sewing. Address No. 20 North avenue, top floor. 2

CUT THIS OUT

AND BRING IT TO US, IT IS WORTH 25c TO YOU.

For every purchase of $3 worth at one time.

If you will bring this ede, to us we will allow you a reduction of 25 cents. If you want $15 worth of shoe or repairing or both secure five of these ads and we will allow you $1.25 for them. This will hold good until July 1st. Remember we carry a full line of the *FINEST shoes that can be had in all widths and styles* at low prices, and do fine repairing.

ROGERS BROS,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

12 WEST FRONT STREET.

FOR ONE WEEK!

WITH A 25c. DRESS! We will give free, 1 box shirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 skirt reels 1 card hooks and eyes.

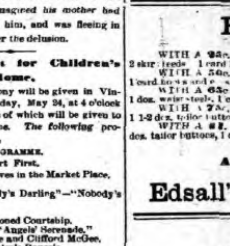
WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. box shirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. box shirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hooks and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining.

WITH A $1. DRESS! *We will give free, 5 yds. box shirt lining, 1 skirt braid* 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hooks and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining.

ALL NEW AND STYLISH GOODS.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.



The weather demands it. The people demand it. We supply the demand, IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES. Absolutely the largest and best assortment ever shown in Plainfield.

WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV. *Doane & Van Arsdale.*

22 W. FRONT, St.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL 6. 13 E. FRONT ST

Happy Combination.

PURE DRUGS AND SAFETY BICYCLES.

OUR SPECIALTIES; Pure drugs; the careful compounding of physician's prescriptions proprietary medicines; toilet soaps and all articles pertaining to a Pharmacy. Of Safeties.

A SIDE ISSUE; But an important one; is the PREMIER SAFETY BICYCLE for both sexes and all ages. The PREMIER SAFETIES are the BEST IN THE WORLD; not because WE SELL them; but we sell them and ride them because they ARE THE BEST Call and see them. Send for catalogue.

Moy Pharmacy, Co.

T. F. BURR, President, G. W. V. MOY. Sec-Treas.

DRINK MOY'S SODA. NONE BETTER.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

V. AND W. SPECIAL OFFER.

We offer 1,000 yards fine French dress gingham 10c per yard. These goods have never sold less than 15c, and at the price offered, the yare the best bargains in ginhams we have ever had.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

A Kinder Symphony IN VINCENT CHAPEL,

Saturday, May 24, at 4 o'clock p. m.

IN AID OF THE CHILDREN'S HOME.

Tickets 50 cents. May be procured at Reynolds', Randolph's, or of any of the lady officers.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT

Will request me Dr. Edwards will remain a short time longer, come early. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call and see at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 14-1w

I do not Import Goods, but I do buy and sell the best of everything in groceries vegetables and fruits. R. O. HOWELL.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

TRUTH.

OUR GOODS ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY THAT CAN BE PURCHASED FOR CASH. YOU CAN BUY NO BETTER THOUGH YOU PAY THREE TIMES OUR FIGURES. A FULL LINE OF CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS AND FRESH JERSEY VEGETABLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION, Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers, 99 W. FRONT STREET.

Russet Apples

are good in winter, and

RUSSET SHOES

Are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear. If you desire a pair you can get suited at my store. I have just received a fine line of *Ladies' Oxford Ties* and *Gentlemen's Patent Leather and Russet Shoes.*

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

A LECTURE.

on Physical Culture will be given Tuesday evening, May 20 at eight o'clock in the chapel of the Crescent Avenue Church for the benefit of the Young Ladies Mission Band of the two Presbyterian Churches by Mr. William Blair. — Admission 50 cts. Tickets may be had at Shaws drug store.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 43.

Getting a Home.

W. A. Linn, in Scribner's Magazine, tells some interesting stories of how persons of small means have gained for themselves homes through shares in building and loan associations. At the same time he warns those who expect to lay up money in this way against those so called "national" building and loan associations that have latterly been organized, and on the good name of the genuine association, are "trying to build up a business whose real object is the acquisition of profits for a set of officers." When the day comes that the poor man's building association must have a set of high salaried brass ornaments for officers and expensive buildings, good-by all its usefulness. It will then be a good thing for the poor man to fight shy of. It is much to be regretted that this is the present tendency of the co-operative banks, as the building association is called in Massachusetts. Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, and the poor workingman must watch like a hawk less the sharper, the speculator, and the man whose sole aim is to get something for nothing should invade his association and destroy it.

Mr. Linn speaks of the two kinds of building and loan societies, the serial or perpetual and the terminal, the first of which continues permanently and the second of which runs a stated number of years, and when its shares mature winds up its affairs. Both these systems are in use about equally, but the tendency is rather in favor of the perpetual plan, in which a person may become a member at any time, and when his particular number of shares are all paid in he withdraws the amount. But he may immediately take other shares in the society, and gradually reinvest his money if he wishes.

It is the home winning feature of the building association that impresses one most pleasantly. It frequently requires eleven years for a person of small means to pay for a home, but that is not a long time, considering that during the same period the person would otherwise be paying rent, which would oftentimes amount to more than the building association does.

The usual method is to first pay for a lot with one's savings, then borrow money from the society and build a house upon it, paying the debt in weekly or monthly amounts back to the society. Six per cent. interest is charged, but with the dividends that accrue to all well managed societies this is usually brought down to not more than 3 per cent.

A Brooklyn lady who was a public school teacher paid $35 a month rent for a flat. She borrowed from a loan society $4,000 and built a three story apartment house. She rents two of the floors for nearly enough to pay her annual dues and lives in the third one herself. Thus she will soon be a capitalist. A number of women teachers in Cincinnati have paid for beautiful homes in the same way. A Pittsburg blacksmith, who never earned more than $3 a day, has become the owner of $75,000 worth of property through fortunate investments by and of one man's bank. His plan was to borrow money from the association, buy improved property, rent it, and "let the rent pay both dues and interest." It apparently never occurred to the numskulls who paid him the rent that they, too, could have bought property the same way. A coachman who did not get but $35 a month saved enough out of it to secure a house of eleven rooms in eleven years. In the same way tailors, shoemakers, teachers, telegraph operators, clerks and others, by the hundred thousand, all over the Union, are securing pretty and happy suburban homes through the blessed agency of that benefactor of the poor, the building and loan association.

The working people of Cincinnati have $2,000,000 invested in these societies. In New York the public school teachers have an association with over a thousand members, and ladies in the board of directors. By no means the least of the good results flowing from the loan and building society is the habit of thrift and system it inculcates. Thousands of men and women can say with thankful hearts, "All I have in the world I owe to the association."

The Johns Hopkins university will be the latest stronghold of conservatism to yield to the pressure of the coming woman for a liberal education, if it does yield. Some women of Baltimore and other cities have decided that Johns Hopkins shall make place for women. The innovation goes no further than the medical department at present. The ladies will raise a fund of $150,000 for the medical school of the university, on the express condition that the school, with all the advantages of the Johns Hopkins hospital, shall be open to women. Mary Garrett heads the list of subscribers with $5,000, and a number of other women give $1,000 each. Mrs. Henry Winter Davis is president of the ladies' association.

ALL ABOARD FOR CHILI.

A Pan-American Project Submitted to Congress.

AN INTERCONTINENTAL RAILWAY

The President and Secretary of State Recommend That Surveys Be Made for a Railroad to Connect the Great Commercial Cities of the American Hemisphere.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The president has sent to the senate and house a copy of a letter of the secretary of state transmitting the proposition adopted by the Pan-American congress for an Intercontinental railway. The letter of the secretary is as follows:

Secretary Blaine's Letter.

"TO THE PRESIDENT—I have the honor to submit herewith a plan for a preliminary survey for a railway line to connect the great commercial cities of the American hemisphere. No more important recommendation has come from the international American conference, and I earnestly commend it to your attention, with full confidence that prompt action will be taken by congress to enable this government to participate in the promotion of the enterprise. The resolutions of the conference are accompanied by special reports concerning the transportation facilities that already exist in the several American republics. These reports comprise all the information that could be gathered upon this important subject, and will be found both interesting and authentic.

Central and South American Lines.

"Under the vigorous and progressive policy of President Diaz, the railways of Mexico have been pushed forward as well as northward, and toward the two oceans. The development of the Argentine system has been equally rapid. Lines of track now reach from Buenos Ayres to the northern cities of that republic, and nearly to the Bolivian boundary. Chili has a possible system of railroads from the *mountains to the Pacific ocean, and the* completion of the tunnel that is now being pierced through the Cordilleras will bring Valparaiso within two days' travel of Buenos Ayres. In the other republics similar enterprise has been shown. Each has its local lines of railway, and to connect them all, and thus give the people of the southern continent the means of convenient and comfortable intercourse with their neighbors north of the Isthmus is an undertaking worthy the encouragement and co-operation of this government. In no other way could the government and the people of the United States contribute so much to the development and prosperity of our sister republics, and at the same time to the expansion of our own commerce.

Important Features of the Report.

"A very important feature of the report, to which I especially direct your attention, will be found in the international declaration that the line of the proposed railway shall be forever neutral territory; that the material necessary for the construction and operation of the road shall be admitted free of customs duties, and that its property and revenue shall be always exempt from all forms of taxation. This guarantee, having the force of a treaty, will stimulate private and public confidence, and then lead to the investment of capital that might otherwise be reluctant and distrustful.

The Small Appropriation Asked.

"It is proposed that a survey to ascertain the best and most economical routes be made under the direction of an international commission, and that the expense be shared by the several nations of the hemisphere in proportion to their respective populations. The share of the United States is estimated to be $65,000, and I would respectfully suggest the propriety of securing from congress an appropriation for that purpose.

"Three commissioners will be required to represent the United States upon the international board, and authority should be vested for the detail of the officers of the army and navy to serve as engineers to conduct the survey. The headquarters of the commission and the seat of the international conference will be located at Washington, and it is proposed to invite the commissioners to meet here on the 1st of October next, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable, for the purpose of organization and initiating the survey. Respectfully submitted,

"JAMES G. BLAINE,
"Secretary of State."

The President's Views.

In his letter of transmittal the president says: "Public attention has been chiefly directed of late to the subject of improved water communication between the ports of the United States and Central and South America. The great steamship lines undoubtedly furnish the readiest means of developing an increased trade with the Latin-American nations.

"It should not be forgotten that it is possible to travel by land from Washington to the southernmost capital of South America, and that the opening of railroad communication with these friendly states will give to them and to us facilities for intercourse and the exchange of trade that are of special value. The work contemplated is vast, but entirely practicable. It will be interesting to all and perhaps surprising to most of us to notice how much has already been done in the way of railroad construction in Mexico and South America that can be utilized as part of an intercontinental line. I do not hesitate to recommend that congress make the very moderate appropriation for surveys suggested by the conference and authorize the appointment of commissioners and the detail of engineer officers to direct and conduct the necessary preliminary surveys."

His Letter Writing Was Disastrous.

NEWARK, N. J., May 20.—John Coleman, convicted of robbing the Mochridge Jewelry company of a diamond ring, was arraigned in court for sentence. He had written a letter to his brother, in which he said that when released from Penn Ayres to the northern cities of that republic, and nearly to the Bolivian boundary. Chili has a possible system of railroads from the *mountains to the Pacific ocean, and the* completion of the tunnel that is now being pierced through the Cordilleras will bring Valparaiso within two days' travel of Buenos Ayres. In the other republics similar enterprise has been shown. Each has its local lines of railway, and to connect them all, and thus give the people of the southern continent the means of convenient and comfortable intercourse with their neighbors north of the Isthmus is an undertaking worthy the encouragement and co-operation of this government. In no other way could the government and the people of the United States contribute so much to the development and prosperity of our sister republics, and at the same time to the expansion of our own commerce.

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Two Railroad Fatalities.

WARSAW, N. Y., May 20.—Lewis Head, a resident of Wethersfield, was killed by an Erie pusher engine at Rock Glen. He was mentally weak and had been missing from his home since Saturday.

SILVER CREEK, N. Y., May 20.—A well dressed man was killed by a train here. Five trains passed over him before he was discovered, and his body was terribly mutilated. There is no clew to his identity.

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS.

The Byrnes-Dupuy Episode Disposed Of. Mr. Carlisle's Great Speech.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—When the house was called to order every member was in his seat, Mr. Wilson's expected arraignment of Mr. Bayne being the cause of the unusual promptness of the members.

Mr. Wilson arose to a question of privilege and began his remarks. His voice was calm, though he showed nervousness. He started by telling of his meeting with a person named James Campbell, and the subsequent arrangements which led up to Saturday's scene. Mr. Wilson then said he would pause before proceeding to let the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Bayne) say whether or not he indorsed the language in the latter part of the letter from Campbell in regard to him (Wilson). Mr. Bayne said that he had long service the two had seen together in congress.

Amid a deep silence Col. Bayne arose. He was extremely nervous, but managed to make a forcible and straightforward reply, in which he said he believed the whole difficulty grew out of a misunderstanding between Campbell, Dynum and Wilson. He regretted that he did not understand the status of the controversy at the time he presented the letter on Saturday. He would say to the gentleman, and Mr. Wilson arose and said, in view of the remarks of the gentleman from Pennsylvania, he would not pursue the matter further. This statement was met with great applause at the trouble ended. A number of Democrats rushed to Mr. Bynum, who sat in his seat with a half smile on his face during the whole proceeding, and congratulated him to induce him to make an apology, as Mr. Bayne had explained, but the Indianian refused.

The house at once took up the tariff bill, in which a number of changes were made. Mr. Carter's amendment placing lead ore on the free list was rejected.

Mr. Carlisle on the floor of the house crowd at the house side of the capitol on Wednesday when the tariff debate is to close, and ex-Speaker Reed will be given the floor for the "greatest speech of his life," as his friends now refer to the forthcoming effort. Mr. Carlisle arranged during the general debate that Mr. Reed will come in the Democratic side just before the final vote is taken. Otherwise he would present his credentials and be sworn in as the successor to Senator Sherman. Mr. Reed will be given a specified time, and his parting shot at the protectionists is expected to contain some advice to his side of the house as to the course to be pursued in the future on the subject of the tariff. It is believed that Senator Carlisle will be given Senator Beck's place on the committee on finance, where he will have an opportunity to continue his tariff reform work, and when the bill comes before the senate he will be looked to by his side of the chamber as a leader in the discussion.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The senate resumed consideration of the silver bill and Mr. Dolph spoke at great length. He said that international bimetallism was desirable, but that free coinage of silver in the United States without international agreement as to the ratio of coinage between the white metal and gold would result in gold being either sent abroad to pay for the silver which would flow here from all the world or being hoarded and withdrawn from circulation. He considered the plan of the secretary of the treasury to be less objectionable than any other proposed. There was no sufficient ground for the United States. It had either to remain with the countries that had a gold standard or join with those that had a silver standard. He argued against the free coinage of silver as something that would stop the coinage of gold; because no man, he said, would take to the mint to be coined metal that was worth 50 cents for a silver dollar if they could do as well with metal that was worth only 83 cents on the dollar.

Mr. Teller asked him where silver bullion would be got at such a low price. Mr. Dolph replied that if legislation was to advance the price of silver permanently, silver would flow from all over the world. What he had said in regard to the free coinage of silver did not, of course, apply to free coinage under an international agreement establishing a ratio between the gold and silver. At the close of Mr. Dolph's speech, Mr. Teller criticised some points of it.

IT WAS A CLOSE CALL.

Seven Men Snatched from Death in Shamokin's Burning Mine.

SHAMOKIN, May 20.—The work of turning the creek into the burning Neilson shaft has been going on for many hours, but the water has not yet reached the mine. Six men went down the shaft yesterday to examine into the condition of the 750 foot level. They had nearly reached their destination when they were overcome by gas, and all were rendered unconscious.

The men were all rescued by a volunteer squad and were soon restored to consciousness. One of the men was badly bruised in being dragged out of the mine.

Many families in the neighborhood have been vacated as it is feared that fire may be communicated to them in case the gas reaches the flames below.

To Stop the Slaughter of Miners.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 20. — Robert Watchorn, secretary and treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, has arrived here and entered eight suits for damages for loss of life in the Nottingham cases against the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company. Counsel has also been instructed to bring criminal action against the general and assistant superintendents and mine bosses at the various mines for mine slaughter. The warrants are to be issued in a few days. The long number of accidents in the anthracite mining fields has attracted the attention of the mine workers' organization and they are determined if possible to put an end to the wholesale slaughter in the mines.

Mr. Powderly Victorious.

GREENSBURG, Pa., May 20. — The Callighan conspiracy case against General Master Workman T. V. Powderly, John R. Byrns and Peter Wise was called up in the criminal court this morning. Callighan testified that the three had conspired against him to defeat him in his renomination to the legislature. Mr. Powderly testified that he had never in any way attempted to injure Callighan. The jury after being out a few minutes rendered a verdict of not guilty, the county to pay the cost.

Electricity Killed This Time.

NEW YORK, May 20.—An autopsy on the body of Frederick Ehrhardt, 21 years old, who was killed by an electric light wire at 167 Broadway on Saturday, showed that death was due to electricity. His hand and foot were burned, the lungs were congested and the blood was in a fluid state.

He Was Over a Century Old.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 20.—Henry Martin, of Piscataway township, died May 18, in his 101st year. He was the pioneer oysterman of the Raritan river.

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The Clerks Run the Bank.

ALBANY, May 20.—United States Bank Examiner Greenbeck has made discoveries in the bank defalcation case here that almost place the former management of the bank in a criminal light. It has proved to his knowledge that many of the pass books of customers were never written up for from five to seven years. The directors never examined the bank's affairs or books, and the clerks ran the affairs of the institution to suit themselves. The former cashier, a Mr. Williams, was a poor financier and his failure cost nearly all of the business. It is asserted by the authorities that if proper management had prevailed the peculations of Whitney would have been discovered years ago and before they had reached over a few thousand dollars. The amount of the defalcation is now put at $130,000, of which the bank has secured about $50,000. The bank is to be immediately reorganized.

Censured but Released.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 20.—An inquest was held over the body of Charles G. Riggs, who was shot early Sunday morning by his intimate friend, Lawyer Robert E. Drake when the jury brought in a verdict of accidental shooting, but censured Drake for the careless use of the firearm. Drake was released. Riggs' body will be taken to his home at Port Layden for burial.

To See Him.

NEWARK, N. J., May 20.—During a fight between William Norman and his wife last night, in their home, 27 Madison street, his daughter, Alice, aged 10, who attempted to take the mother's part, received a brutal blow from her father which knocked her out of the second story window. She was picked up fatally injured.

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"Bob" Wallace Captured.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Inspector Byrnes has received word of the arrest in Havana of young Robert Wallace, who ran away two weeks ago with $46,000 belonging to his relatives, John Wallace, the publisher of "Wallace's Monthly." A requisition will be obtained and detectives sent on for the fugitive.

Rochester Against Sunday Papers.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 20.—The Democrat and Chronicle announces that its Sunday edition will be discontinued on and after July 6, 1890. It says: "The publishers of this papers are confronted with an unmistakable sentiment which earnestly demands more rigorous observances of the Sabbath."

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Dr. Roberts, of Philadelphia, then spoke was lost. The question of recommittal was deferred, and the matter dropped to allow the assembly to listen to the reading by the chairman of the freedman's committee by the chairman, Dr. Morris, of Lane seminary, Cincinnati.

Work Among Colored People.

Dr. H. H. Jones, of Pittsburg, secretary of the board, spoke for half an hour on the good work accomplished by the board among the colored people. During the year 138 missionary ministers and 171 teachers were ordained. Nine churches were organized, making the total number now under the care of the board 243. The total receipts for the year were $176,285, a gain of $41,784 over last year. The report and its recommendations were adopted.

Compelled to Surrender.

Debate on the question of the adoption of Dr. Kempshall's resolutions was then resumed. Dr. Roberts, of Cincinnati, chairman of the committee of methods of changing the constitution and confession, secured the floor. He said said he desired to speak directly to the report, and not to the motion to recommit. He wished to state emphatically that the question of revising did not enter into the preparation of the report in the slightest degree. "As you all know," he concluded, "the chairman of this committee had been a anti-revisionist, standing by his colors until he was compelled to surrender by his brethren. The adopting act has not been read to the assembly, and it has been missed regarding it." Dr. Roberts then proceeded to read and explain the adopting act of 1788.

It Was Not "Revolution."

"Surely," he said, "the synod did not intend to deprive the church in future of the power of alteration and amendment. No person has the right to speak of the proposition to amend or revise the constitution and confession of faith as 'revolution.'" (Applause.) I insist that reason applied to the adopting act as a whole shows it simply to be a provision by which the church may alter its form of doctrine. We want freedom in the details of church administration. See to it, brethren, that you maintain this heritage of liberty as given to you from your fathers. We are told that the report is revolutionary. I deny the fact. Its recommendations are without precedent, but that the committee has done is simply to recommend you not to overthrow the adopting act. I am neither of the old school or the new. I am for the church of the future. All private opinion should be relegated where it belongs—to the catacombs of the past. Let us enact a rule that will stand for the good of this grand old church."

The Resolutions Adopted.

Dr. Kempshall's resolutions were then adopted by an almost unanimous vote and the report of the committee on methods of changing the constitution and confession was recommitted.

At the afternoon session the committee on methods of effecting changes in the constitution was instructed to report on Thursday morning. The moderator announced the following additional members of this committee: Drs. Henry J. Van Dyke, Francis L. Patton, Herrick Johnson, R. M. Patterson and Elders George Jenkin, Judge Taylor and Henry Day.

Two Bishops Elected.

ST. LOUIS, May 20.—At the Methodist Episcopal General conference Rev. Dr. Atticus G. Haygood, of Georgia, and Rev. elected bishop on the first, and Rev. Dr. Oscar P. Fitzgerald, of Nashville, Tenn., was elected bishop on the fourth ballot.

A Minister Deposed.

READING, Pa., May 20.—The Lebanon classis of the Reformed church at its session in Womelsdorf gave an ecclesiastical hearing to Rev. Martin L. Frick, charged with falsehood and theft. The former charge was withdrawn, but Rev. Frick's confession in writing that he had stolen was read and he was deposed from the ministry.

An Old Hotel Man's Suicide.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Samuel H. Crook, the proprietor of Crook's hotel, Nos. 104 and 106 Bleecker street, shot himself. May 19 in his private apartments at the hotel and died shortly thereafter. Mr. Crook has been connected with hotels since 1838. The refusal of the excise commissioners to grant a license for his hotel preyed upon his mind, and it is supposed by his friends to be the only motive for his rash act. Mr. Crook was 74 years old and leaves a widow and married daughter.

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Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19
12 " " " " " very fine, 25
12 " " " " " silk points, 29, 35
Children's silk mitts in black and tan shades 15 and 25c

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses' Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

Parasols.

"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 22 in., $1.30, 24 in., $1.45, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys stripped belts 2c buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 2c buckle, all colors, 10c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL '00

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

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Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

H. B. CRANE'S,

Hatter and furnisher, 13 Park Aven

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Dana's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrange avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 16th.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
Taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Creghton Williams, School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free translation. Call or address for application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 26th street. 9-28-1y

M. P. L. CONDÉ,
Teacher of violin, 13 years a student, special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced players prepared for solo and concert playing. Best of reference, P. O. Box 250. 4-9-1y

MISS L. S. HELLWIG,
A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal granted by the Government of Russia, will receive scholars, give lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages. For terms, etc., apply to Plainfield parties address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS BERTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1583.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. C. SIMPSON,
30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 10 a. m. 6-5-1y

DR. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Of Veterinarian, No. 39 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call at Residence 108 West Front street.

W. Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR BERNARD,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importer and Tradesman. Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office, by Mr. Lindsay, 23 West Front street.

THE DAIRY,

23 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt-Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood-wurst, Liver-wurst, Rolled Ham, Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickled Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Munster, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield and Elizabeth.

Edw. C. Mulford,

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AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

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Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE, form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST against the WEST.

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Jersey Lambs. Colorado Goats.
Native Veal. Chicago Corned.
Jersey Pork. Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys. Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams. Shoulders Ham;
FAIR PRICES. Trimmed.

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94 Somerset street. At McGinty's.

Crushed Stone.

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No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

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and

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FANS. FANS.

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A. W. RAND,

23 WEST FRONT STREET.

JAMES HARDY,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
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Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

MORMONISM'S KNELL.

The Supreme Court Decides Against the Church.

THE EDMUNDS LAW SUSTAINED.

Congress Has Power to Annul the Charter of the Church and to Confiscate Its Property — Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Fields and Lamar Dissent.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The supreme court of the United States has rendered an opinion of vital interest to the Mormon church in the suit of the Church of Latter Day Saints against the United States, which came here on appeal from the decision of the supreme court of Utah in favor of the United States. This court affirms that judgment. The case grows out of the passage of the Edmunds anti-polygamy law by the Forty-ninth congress. This law, among other things, dissolved the Mormon church corporation, annulled its charter, created the appointment of a receiver to wind up its affairs and escheated to the United States all the real estate owned by the church in excess of $50,000 which was not, on the date of the passage of the act, held by persons in the worship or bishopric of the United States, under the terms of this act, began proceedings to confiscate about $750,000 worth of property belonging to the church the Mormons immediately entered suit to have the Edmunds law declared unconstitutional.

Their Legal Contention.

It was argued before the supreme court in their behalf that congress by the dissolution of the church corporation had assumed judicial powers, and that the act of the legislative assembly of Utah incorporating the church constituted a contract which could not be impaired by congress under its authority to repeal territorial enactments. It was also held that the doctrine of escheat was alien to the spirit of the institutions of this country, and could have applied in this country to church or charitable corporation.

The Power of Congress.

On the part of the United States it was contended that congress had authority to repeal all territorial enactments; that the act incorporating the church was invalid as an attempt to establish a religion contrary to the provisions of the constitution, and that, moreover, the charter should be annulled for abuse of the granted rights. As when the church corporation was dissolved, there was no one to whom to turn over the property, it was properly escheated to the United States.

The Mormon Charter Repealed.

Two questions, the court says, are involved in this case. The first is, Has congress the power to repeal the charter of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints? The second is, If it has, is the act a forfeiture in fact? The court answers the first in the affirmative. The power of congress over the territories is generally dependent on the right to acquire the territory. That right is derived from the treaty making power, the power to declare war. The incidents of these powers are those of national sovereignty. Congress has supreme power over the territories it acquired by purchase or otherwise, and generally reserved, as it did in the case of Utah, the right to revoke all acts of the territorial legislature. It follows, therefore, that it has the right to revoke the church charter.

A distinguishing feature of Mormonism is well known to be polygamy and an absolute ecclesiastical control of its church members. Notwithstanding all the efforts made to suppress this barbarous practice of polygamy, the sect perseveres in defiance of law in propagating and promoting this odious doctrine. The existence of such propaganda is a blot on our civilization. The organization of a communityty for the spread of polygamy is a return to barbarism.

Patience Versus Pitiless Atrocities.

The question, therefore, is whether the promotion of such an unlawful system, so repugnant to our laws, is to be allowed to continue and grow in power, and all the while have been accumulated shall be wielded for the propagation of the obnoxious practices for the promotion of an organized rebellion against the laws of the United States. The history of the government's dealings with the Mormons is one of patience on the part of the American government and of resistance to law and pitiless atrocities on the part of the Mormons.

The contention that polygamy is a part of the Mormon's religious belief is a sophistical plea. No doubt the thugs of India imagined that their belief in assassination was a religious belief, but that did not make it so. Society has a perfect right to prohibit offenses against the enlightened sentiment of mankind, since the church practices a claiming the right to use the funds with which it has been endowed for the purpose of promoting these unlawful practices the question arises, has the government the right to seize these funds which the Mormon leaders are raising and devote them to worthy and charitable purposes as nearly akin as possible to which the funds were dedicated. After an elaborate historical review of the common law the court comes to the conclusion that congress had the right to seize the property.

The Dissenting Opinion.

Justice Bradley delivered the opinion. Chief Justice Fuller said that he and Justices Field and Lamar were constrained to dissent from this decision. The power of congress to legislate over the territories was not incident to the treaty making power, and its power is restricted directly to that expressed or implied in the constitution. There is no such power granted as that involved in the act under consideration. Congress unquestionably has power to suppress polygamy, and it is immaterial whether its crime was committed in the name of religion. But congress has not power to seize and confiscate the property of corporations because they may have been guilty of crime. If this be the purpose of the law and are such as have been depicted it is impossible to subject it to a purpose as near as possible to the object denounced. In the judgment of the minority the diversion of the fund contemplated by congress is in contravention of the specific limitations of the constitution.

Carney Challenges the World.

NEW YORK, May 20.—A cablegram from London has been received at the Police Gazette office stating that Jemmy Carney has posted £100 forfeit with Sporting Life to fight any man in England, America or Australia for £1,000 a side and the light weight championship of the world, the battle to be decided on the continent or under the auspices of the Pelican club, four or six months from the signing of the articles. McAuliffe, Myers or Carroll preferred.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Philadelphia—
Cincinnati .....0 0 0 0 3 1 1 2 1—8
Philadelphia .....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Base hits: Philadelphia, 11; Cincinnati, 14. Errors: Philadelphia, 0; Cincinnati, 2. Batteries: Rhines and Harrington, Smith and Clements. Attendance, 3,407.

At Boston—
Boston .....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Chicago .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: Boston, 5; Chicago, 10. Errors: Boston, 7; Chicago, 7. Batteries: Clarkson and Harris, Hutchinson and Ehtridge. Attendance, 1,200.

At New York—
New York .....0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0—2
Washington .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: New York, 10; Cleveland, 7. Errors: New York, 3; Cleveland, 3. Batteries: Welch and Murphy, Boston and Zimmer. Attendance, 251.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn .....4 0 0 1 1 0 0 2—8
Pittsburg .....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Brooklyn, 16; Pittsburg, 7. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Pittsburg, 11. Batteries: Carothers and Daly, Schmidt and Wilson. Attendance, 288.

Players' League.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia .....4 0 0 0 1 2 0 1 0—8
Pittsburg .....1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—3
Base hits: Philadelphia, 18; Pittsburg, 8. Errors: Philadelphia, 1; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries: Cunningham and Milligan, Galvin and Carroll. Attendance, 1,840.

At Boston—
Boston .....0 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1—10
Cleveland .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2
Base hits: Boston, 6; Cleveland, 6. Errors: Boston, 3; Cleveland, 12. Batteries: Daley and Kelly, Gruber and Sutcliffe. Attendance, 1,555.

At New York—
New York .....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 7 1—12
Buffalo .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2
Base hits: New York, 12; Buffalo, 13. Errors: New York, 4; Buffalo, 6. Batteries: O'Day and Ewing, Rudderd and Mack. Attendance, 978.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn .....2 0 1 0 0 3 0 1 0—6
Chicago .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2
Base hits: Brooklyn, 9; Chicago, 5. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Chicago, 4. Batteries: Weyhing and Khoads, Baldwin and Boyle. Attendance, 693.

American Association.

At Rochester—
Rochester .....1 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0—4
St. Louis .....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1
Base hits: Rochester, 7; St. Louis, 7. Batteries: Baer and McGuire, Ramsey and Earle.

At Philadelphia—
Athletic .....1 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 1—6—11
Louisville .....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2—3
Base hits: Athletic, 14; Louisville, 7. Errors: Athletic, 4; Louisville, 5. Batteries: McMahon and Robinson, Goodall and Weckbecker.

Athletic Association.

At New Haven—New Haven, 4; Washington, 5. Base hits: New Haven, 8; Washington, 6. Errors: New Haven, 6; Washington, 1. Batteries: Bauer and Holford, McCluey and Little. (Ten innings.

Other games postponed.

All other American association games were postponed. At Brooklyn the game was postponed on account of wet grounds. Toledo will claim the game on the ground that Capt. Fennelly erred in his interpretation of rule 29, section 1 of the rules when he claimed that the grounds were unfit to play upon. It had not rained and the grounds were in fine condition, but there were only a few persons in attendance, and this probably decided the management to take advantage of the above rule and cause a postponement. The Toledos were on hand and had taken their usual practice.

HE STAYED FIVE ROUNDS.

Smith, of Colorado, Gives Peter Jackson a Lively Fight.

CHICAGO, May 20.—Over 6,000 people crowded Battery D last night to see Ed. Smith, champion of Colorado, and the far renowned Peter Jackson, the colored Australian, do battle. Four ounce gloves were used, and although the decision was against Smith the plucky boy showed to his encounter with the giant Australian made his friends frantic with joy. In the first two rounds Smith was badly hammered. He was sent to the floors twice in as many seconds in the first round, and no one imagined that he would face Jackson for another round of such punishment.

In the second round he gave the Australian some heavy neck and body blows, although he went down three times before Peter's rushes. In the next three rounds it was give and take, the men thumping each other with energy and rushing each other all over the ring. Smith picked up wonderfully, and in the last two rounds made the fast mowing. At the end of the fifth round the referee announced that although Smith had made a wonderfully good fight he must give the battle to Jackson on points.

Billy Muldoon, the wrestler, who is Smith's trainer, has telegraphed to sporting men here that Smith will be willing to match his man against any man living, barring Sullivan, Jackson and McAuliffe, for a finish fight at $5,000 a side.

Musgrave Discharged.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Thomas R. Musgrave, of the Union League club, who was arrested on the charge of sending obscene and libelous matter to Augustus G. Isaiga, has been discharged by Judge Gorman on the ground that there was no evidence against the accused.

Cows and Horses Cremated.

PROVIDENCE, May 20.—John Mitchell's barn at Cobble hill, Lincoln, was burned with forty-six cows and five horses. Loss, $6,000; insurance, $6,000. The fire was probably of incendiary origin.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process" will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

IN LABOR'S FIELD.

A Big Strike at Buffalo—Several Difficulties Amicably Settled.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 20.—Six hundred planing mill hands and soft wood workers went on strike today for nine hours work and ten hours' pay. Meetings of mill owners and mill hands were held last night. The former decided to give nine hours' pay for nine hours' work, but this the employes refused.

BOSTON, Mass., May 20.—The lasters' strike at Edwin Clapp's shoe factory has been amicably settled. All the departments will resume work today.

LYNCH, Mass., May 20.—All departments of the factory of John O. Wilson & Co. have agreed upon prices for one year and have resumed work. The concern has been closed a month. Over 1,000 persons are dependent upon this factory for a livelihood.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 20—Vice President Thomas M. King, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, said that he knew nothing of any complaints about the pay of the employes mentioned in a dispatch from Philadelphia. He thought that if the men in the employ of the road had any grievance to complain of they would naturally state it first to the officers of the Baltimore and Ohio. No such complaint had ever reached him.

NEW YORK, May 20.—The convention of the Pattern Makers' league of America has begun at the Ashland House. Delegates from twenty states were present. The general feeling is in favor of shorter hours.

BERLIN, May 20.—In the reichstag Herr Grellenberger, Socialist member for Nuremburg, speaking on the bill to amend the factory laws, expressed the hope that the house would not reject in advance the proposals of the Socialists, who joyfully welcomed the emperor's labor decrees, but who complained that many provisions thereof were negatived through the influence of the large manufacturers. It was also a matter of regret that Germany, unlike Austria and Switzerland, had made no progress toward the establishment of a normal working day.

VIENNA, May 20.—Eight thousand colliers at Pilsen, Bohemia, have struck.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The new Japanese cabinet has been formed, the minister of agriculture being the late minister to the United States.

The Fassett committee resumed its investigation, and several witnesses, called on behalf of Mayor Grant, contradicted McCann's testimony.

Cornell university was beaten in the great Fiske will contest before the supreme court.

Ex-Senator Charles W. Jones, of Florida, has been committed to an asylum at Detroit.

At Camden, N. J., a locomotive struck a street car killing the driver, John C. Walls, and injuring several other people.

A number of Germans at Newark, N. J., claim to have been swindled by an agent who sold them European bonds on the installment plan.

At Trenton the senate committee on railroads and canals gave a hearing on the bill to destroy the railroad relief fund of the Pennsylvania company. The bill is backed it is said, by the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and other railroad men against nations, who want to prevent the company from forcing the employes to join the fund. Many of the employes spoke against the bill, saying they looked upon the relief fund as a beneficial organization.

Patrick Hynes, of Greenport, N. Y., treasurer of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, has disappeared after confessing to an embezzlement of $2,800 of money he longing to the order.

Several of the Liberal papers condemn Mr. Gladstone's comparison of the atrocities perpetrated by Russian officials upon exiles in Siberia with the Mitchelstown, Ireland, affair. The standard says: "What can be thought of a man who is trying to persuade his countrymen that a confused street riot can be classed with the deliberate flogging of naked women and kindred barbarities." The St. James' Gazette says that in making such a comparison Mr. Gladstone showed himself an unstripped and battered adventurer, sticking at nothing.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which is right in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT given if DESIRE

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH AND AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best mates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

ON LOVE AND MARRIAGE.

A Group of Witty Paragraphs Collected by Chatter.

At the Ladies' College. Miss Joy—Madam, Mr. Foster has come to take me for a drive; may I go?

"You know, Miss Joy, the rules of the college do not allow it unless you are engaged. Are you engaged to Mr. Foster?"

Miss Joy (doubtfully)—N—o, but—if you will let me go I shall be by the time we get back.—English Paper.

Old Richfellow (desperately)—If you refuse me, what is there left for me to do?

Sweet Girl—Well, I read the other day about a rich man who made his will in favor of the woman who refused him and then went out and hung himself.—Petit Journal Pour Rire.

Two friends are conversing. "Take my advice and get married."

"I have a horror of perpetual slavery."

"Ah, my dear boy, if you could only find a wife like mine—so good, so kind, so affectionate, so devoted—"

"Well, then I'll wait till she's a widow."—English Exchange.

A girl who had received a declaration of love in a typewriter letter replied that she was "not to be wooed by machinery." It doesn't put an arm around you and you don't feel anything, you know. You can't tell positively whether anything has happened or not when it takes place by post."—The Amsterdammer.

Mother—Well, Katie, you have had quite a lively chat with the young barrister. Has he declared himself at last?

Katie—Y-e-s; you see, ma, all the time he was smoking his cigar he kept puffing rings into the air, and I am perfectly sure he intended that as a covert allusion to the engagement and wedding rings.—Leipziger Nachrichten.

Only a Mistake.

Little 3-year-old Tom Gibson, of California, ought to make a good lawyer if he keeps on. One day not long ago his father said to him:

"Tom, get my slippers; they are under the bed."

Presently soon Tom came back empty handed.

"Fader," said he, "you told a big lie."

"How is that?" said his father.

"Well," replied Tom, "I looked under the bed and no slippers there. No slippers there, fader."

"That wasn't a lie, my son" replied his father. "That was a mistake."

The slippers were found and the incident forgotten until a few days afterward. Tom came running into the house with his lips betraying visible evidence that he had been eating.

"Tom," said his mother, "what have you been eating?"

"Nothing, mother," replied Tom.

"Why, Tom," said his mother, "there are crumbs all over your mouth. Don't you know it is wicked to tell a story?"

"No," replied Tom, promptly, "that was a mistake."

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 311

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

"Fifth corner, near 7th" 14-1587

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-17

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Wines and Rum Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J. All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA!

The Lawyer's Fee.

"I've stolen a coat," said a man to a lawyer, "and I want you to defend me. Think you can prove me innocent?"

"Oh, yes, we can prove that you were a hundred miles away when the coat was stolen and that the prosecution is malicious."

"How much will you charge?"

"What sort of a coat is it?"

"First rate—never been worn."

"Well, I won't charge you anything; just give me the coat."—London Tid Bits.

The Latest.

Police Magistrate—The case seems clear enough against you. The officers caught you coming out of a chicken house at midnight with a pullet under each arm. How can you explain that if you were not stealing chickens?

Hard Looking Citizen—Don't know anything about it, y'r honor. I was hypnotized.—Chicago Tribune.

A Short Cut.

Tenant—The windows in your house shut so badly that my hair blows all about my head. You must really have something done to them.

Landlord—I don't see the necessity for that. It would be much simpler for you to have your hair cut.—Fliegende Blatter.

A Good Idea.

Mr. J. Tony Dresser (getting measured)—Ha ha! Say, I've a funny firm out west. It's a partnership of two men in the same building; one is a tailor and the other a lawyer.

Mr. Casimer Pance (getting tired)—I s'pose the tailor makes the clothes and the lawyer collects the bills.—Puck.

An Appropriate Name.

"That's your new terrier, is it? She's a beauty!"

"She ought to be at the price. Come here, Di!"

"Di? What do you call her, Dana?"

"No, Diamond; because she's such a dear little thing."—Philadelphia Times.

An Act of Courage.

Romantic Person—He is penniless and without prospects, and yet she loves and will marry him.

Practical Person—Brave, brave girl!

"But why so particularly brave?"

"To trust herself to him."—Chicago Times.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14-4m

ALLEN. The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

22 EAST FRONT STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.41, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 7.50, 8.10, 8.25, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 a. m., 12.10, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 p. m., 12.10 night. Leave Elizabeth 5.45, 6.05, 6.25, 6.45, 7.05, 7.25, 7.45, 8.05, 8.25, 8.45, 9.05, 9.25, 9.45, 10.05, 10.25, 10.45, 11.05, 11.25, 11.45 a. m., 12.05, 12.25, 12.45, 1.05, 1.25, 1.45, 2.05, 2.25, 2.45, 3.05, 3.25, 3.45, 4.05, 4.25, 4.45, 5.05, 5.25, 5.45, 6.05, 6.25, 6.45, 7.05, 7.25, 7.45, 8.05, 8.25, 8.45, 9.05, 9.25, 9.45, 10.05, 10.25, 10.45, 11.05, 11.25, 11.45 p. m., 12.05 night. Sunday 5.45, 6.05, 6.25, 6.45, 7.05, 7.25, 7.45, 8.05, 8.25, 8.45, 9.05, 9.25, 9.45, 10.05, 10.25, 10.45, 11.05, 11.25, 11.45 a. m., 12.05, 12.25, 12.45, 1.05, 1.25, 1.45, 2.05, 2.25, 2.45, 3.05, 3.25, 3.45, 4.05, 4.25, 4.45, 5.05, 5.25, 5.45, 6.05, 6.25, 6.45, 7.05, 7.25, 7.45, 8.05, 8.25, 8.45, 9.05, 9.25, 9.45, 10.05, 10.25, 10.45, 11.05, 11.25, 11.45 p. m., 12.05 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 6.40, 7.10, 7.50, 8.10, 8.25, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 a. m., 12.10, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 p. m., 12.10 night. Sunday 5.37, 6.40, 7.10, 7.50, 8.10, 8.25, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 a. m., 12.10, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 p. m., 12.10 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 6.40, 7.10, 7.50, 8.10, 8.25, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 a. m., 12.10, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 p. m., 12.10 night. Sunday 5.37, 6.40, 7.10, 7.50, 8.10, 8.25, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 a. m., 12.10, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 p. m., 12.10 night.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.42, 11.02 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.25, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 11.02 a. m., 7.30, 9.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.42, 11.02, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.13 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmerdine and Scranton.

7.00, 9.42 a. m. for Easton, Lyon, for Flemington, Delaware Bridge, Easton, Tague, Mauch Chunk, 1.45 p. m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R., High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Lehighton, Wilmerdine & Scranton.

1.50 p.m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg.

2.30 p. m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton.

3.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

4.30 p. m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R., Easton, Phillipsburg, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton.

6.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8.00 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Stroudsburg, Water Gap, Delaware Bridge.

9.45 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk; Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, etc., 8.00 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Pottsville 8.35 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown and Mauch Chunk, Reading.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 2.00 p. m. Sunday (Ocean Grove) 8.00 a. m., 2.51, 5.31 p. m. Sunday (Ocean Grove) 5.00 p. m. For Asbury Park 7.37, 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 2.00, 5.31 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m., 2.51, 5.31, 7.03 p. m. Sunday 5.00 p. m. For Atlantic City 7.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m. For Cape May 11.00 a. m., 1.00 p. m. Sunday 5.31, 7.03 p. m.

SOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Tremont and Philadelphia at 7.37, 9.45 a. m., 4.30, 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.00 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Baltimore and Washington at 7.37, 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 2.45, 4.30, 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 10.45 a. m., 4.30, 5.00 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Not Like Some Cases.

Bobby—Don't be scared yet, Johnnie. Perhaps your father didn't mean it when he said he would lick you.

Little Johnnie—Yes, he did. It wasn't as if he had promised to bring me home a new whistle.—Epoch.

Expecting Too Much.

Customer—These nails I bought here yesterday are in a terrible condition. Half of them are rusty.

Salesman (indignantly)—Well, what if they are! You don't suppose we can manufacture every pound that goes out, do you?—Munsey's Weekly.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be generally fair and cooler.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that the business has been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey peeled tomatoes	10	1.15
Stringless extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

L. M FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

216 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.30 a. m.; 1.45 and 5.30 p. m. ARRIVE—8.30, 9.30, 10.45 a. m., and 3.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m.; and 4.30 p. m. ARRIVE—8.30 a. m., and 5.30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1.45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Philadelphia, closes 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4.30 p. m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will receive supply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

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Miscellaneous Cards

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, tarmmers, pungs, harrows, Cultivators, mowing machines on the Corwin line wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Ridgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase.

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Mulford, North Avenue Bridge. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

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Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guanos. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

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John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

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Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

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All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

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W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 81 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 27 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

FURNITURE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 34 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business kept on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
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ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Louis B. Coddington

Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 33 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 220.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

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LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 61.

TUNIS J. CAREY

81 WEST FRONT STREET,

Kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and dispatch.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

49 North avenue.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Breathing Through the Mouth a Cause of Decay of the Teeth.

Dr. Scanes Spicer, of London, in a recent paper read before the Odontological society, remarked upon the frequency with which he had found carious teeth associated with obstruction of the pharynx and enlarged tonsils; so much so that he had made it a routine practice to examine the teeth in all cases of nasal obstruction, and he believed that there existed a relation between them; and he further is of opinion that there is a direct relation between some cases of vaulted arch, narrow jaws, and irregular teeth and nasal obstruction. Normally we should breathe in through the nose, so as to warm and filter the air respired.

All animals, savage races and young infants do so; but a large number of adults of civilized nations breathe through the mouth, because they have some obstruction of the nasal passages, sweetly tumors, permanent catarrhal affections, polypi, post-nasal adenoid growths, etc. Mouth breathing, he said, as a predisposing cause of caries of the teeth, came into action in various ways. The teeth were exposed to a current of air of a much lower temperature than that of the body, which would tend to cause inflammation of the pulp chamber and pulp of a tooth; the cold, dry air produced congestion of the mucous membrane, with a secretion of stringy acid mucus, and vast rapid evaporation of water which takes place when the mouth is constantly open insinuated this mucus, which so formed a fertile soil for the development of micro-organisms.

Again: When sleeping with the mouth open, the tongue falls back, and the parotid secretion finds its way directly through the pharynx instead of bathing and washing the teeth. With reference to the so called V-shaped maxilla, Dr. Spicer thought that many cases might be traced to mouth breathing, the muscles of the cheek pressing unduly upon the soft alveoli when the mouth is open.

Confectioners' Disease.

A peculiar affection of the fingers has recently been observed in England among persons engaged in manufacturing candied fruits. The sides of the nails become loosened and raised up, the nail turns black, and in the worst stages a painful swelling appears at the base of the nail. The nail becomes scaly and roughened and broken into pieces, or else the nail fall entirely off. When confectioner's work is discontinued the disease soon passes away, but leaves the finger wide and flat at the end and the nail deformed. Dr. Alberth, of Lyons, says that among the large number of candy factories which he has visited he has not found one in which from one to three workmen were not suffering with the disease.

It has been suggested by The Medical Surgical Reporter that the cause of the trouble may be found in the various substances, such as mallic, tartaric and citric acids, employed in the manufacture of candies or other plant, in America at least, delicious and wonderfully persistent. This should make it of great value to users. It loosens freely all through the fall and early winter months, and will stand a fair amount of frost and cold.

A Horological Marvel.

An ingenious prisoner at Karius, Bohemia, recently constructed a watch, three inches in diameter, with no other tools or materials except two needles, a spool of thread, a newspaper and some rye straw. The wheels, staffs and pinions are all made of the rye straw, which, it is well known, is quite coarse and tough. It runs six hours without winding, and keeps good time. It is now in possession of the prefect of Karius, who considers it the greatest marvel of the Nineteenth century.—Horological Review.

A Curious Time Keeper.

A very simple but tolerably accurate sundial is shown herewith, which is a representation of one made in England in the last century, when they were quite commonly used in certain districts in place of the more expensive watches. It depends upon the varying height of the sun above the horizon during the day, and not upon its distance from the meridian, as with an ordinary dial. It consists of three rings, the inner one moving freely between the two outer ones. On the outside rings are engraved the initial letters of the months of the year, and opposite these, on the inside, are the hours of the morning and afternoon. The movable ring is pierced with a small hole.

A SUN DIAL OF THE LAST CENTURY.

It is evident, explains Popular Science News in describing this contrivance, that if the opening in the instrument is turned towards the sun at sunrise, a luminous spot will be thrown upon the inside of the ring, and as the sun mounts higher in the sky, the spot will move downwards till noon, when it will turn and move up again till sunset, and it is only necessary to mark the hours where the light falls for a single day or month, to make a table of hearing the time, at least approximately; but a correction is necessary for the varying height of the sun at different seasons of the year, so that the ring with the opening is made movable, and once a month is moved so the opening comes opposite the initial letter of that month.

The extreme error of this instrument is not more than fifteen minutes and it forms a very cheap and useful substitute for a watch.

Fig. 2 shows a similar dial made out of pasteboard, which any one can copy who takes an interest in the matter. A circular piece, answering to the dial, and a long slit is cut in the rim, corresponding to the space between the initials of the months. A band of heavy paper pierced with a small hole answers for the movable ring.

Scientific Brevities.

It is now asserted by meteorologists that cyclones of great intensity are ascending spiral whirls of wind having a rotary motion in a direction in the northern hemisphere opposite to the movement of the hands of a watch.

The old time theory that lightning never turns back in its track has been apparently disproved by photography. It is said that an examination of lightning photography shows that a flash not only turns back sometimes, but tangles itself into a kind of knot.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

SUBJECTS OF GENERAL INTEREST PRESENTED IN BRIEF FORM.

The Opoponax, a Charming Shrub Which Possesses a Wonderfully Delicate and Delicious Perfume—An Old Fashioned Contrivance for Measuring Time.

One of the most fashionable perfumes of the day is known as Opoponax, but probably few readers are familiar with the plant from which it takes its name. This is the acacia farnesia of the botanists—a shrub fragrant with the odor of its little golden balls. A correspondent of American Garden, from which is reproduced a representation of a sprig of Opoponax, makes the following novel and interesting statements about it:

A SPRIG OF OPOPONAX.

What the origin of this name is and where the plant came from originally are, so far as the writer knows, unanswered questions. Webster describes a plant by this name, but not belonging to the acacia family, and this has misled many people into calling it a Persian shrub. It has been asserted that it will grow only in South Carolina, and in only three places there—Charleston, Beaufort and Walterboro. If this be a fact, it is a most singular one, and certainly deserves investigation.

Should others succeed in making it thrive elsewhere, they will find themselves amply repaid in the possession of so charming a shrub. It has the distinguishing marks of the acacia family; foliage delicate in color and texture; blossoms, crowded masses of fluffy golden stamens. The perfume is like that of no other plant, in America at least, delicious and wonderfully persistent. This should make it of great value to users. It blossoms freely all through the fall and early winter months, and will stand a fair amount of frost and cold.

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SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Pleasant Christening and Birthday Customs Observed by Many People.

Christening ceremonials are becoming more and more beautiful each year and the custom of making a child's christening a pleasant family celebration, as well as a religious ceremony, grows in favor.

According to the social etiquette of New York, the formality most in favor is the giving of a reception; the hours are fixed from 3 or 4 o'clock until 6 p. m. It is equally proper to write the invitations or to order them engraved in script.

The engraved form is scarcely varied from the following:

MR. AND MRS. JAMES ALDRICH
request the honor of your presence at the
christening of their son (or daughter)
at 5 o'clock, Wednesday, May 30.
Reception from 4 to 6.
No. 101 St. James street.

This card receives an early response.

Flowers ornament the house tastefully and perhaps elaborately. The guests all arrive in reception or visiting toilets before 5 o'clock, and meet the host and hostess just as they would at any reception. Sometimes there is a band of music, but often only a pianist and a quartet of singers selected from among the friends or kinspeople of the child. A table is also usually spread and arranged in a prominent position in the room. A small round table or pedestal is chosen, and upon its center is placed a silver bowl or goblet, or cluster of flowers. The edge of the pedestal is hung with vines, and the top of the pedestal is built up to the rim of the bowl with white flowers. At 5 o'clock the child is brought to the place of meeting by the font, and the clergyman goes through the formalities of his own church. Directly after the congratulations are exchanged, to the father and mother, the child is petted and admired or it is removed to its own apartment, according to its desire or diversion for society. Refreshments are offered as at any afternoon entertainment, and they are usually of a richer quality than are provided at an informal reception.

The birthdays of children are celebrated in New York more and more after the customs of Europeans. A little feast is made for the child, but the invitations seldom extend beyond a number that may be seated at table. The feast is dainty and plentiful, and its especial characteristic is a cake in which are imbedded (in little tin tubes near the outer rim of the cake) as many fancy wax candles as are the years of the young person in whose honor the party is given. They are already lighted when the young people are invited into the banqueting apartment. After the food is eaten, the one who is celebrating a birthday cuts the cake, if he or she is old enough, and a piece is given to each guest. Plays or dances follow the supper. Guests are not expected to receive presents. These little celebrations continue annually till the child is old enough to enter society.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Novelties in Fine and Delicate Napery. Drawn and Darned Work.

Among the handsomest of decorated napery are in the shape of blocks or checks of drawn and darned work. The blocks are filled in with a blossom of magnified size of Kensington satin stitch embroidery done with silk or linen floss. Decorator and Furnisher describes a set in illustration for a tea table, which has the drawn and darned work done in gold colored floss with the blocks or squares relieved with great cactus blossom done in white silk. The set consists of the table cloth, one dozen napkins and one dozen doylies. The finish is a hem with bordering of Irish crochet lace of very delicate design, the lace on the table cloth being about six inches wide; that on the napkins four inches wide, and that on the doylies two inches in width.

The plain sateen table, with side ribbon borders, for which now comes in complete sets, is admirable for decorating, and is extremely handsome. In the fancy of the moment for white on white in table linen embroidery delightful effects can be secured by powdering the center with blossoms or floral sprays, or with fruits, and between the bands of the bordering may be a floral garland or a fruit design; or, with the surrounding garland, a mat of flowers may be massed in three of the corners, with the owner's monogram in the fourth corner. Nor need the embroidery be confined to white unless absence of color be practically considered in the use of several different sets of china—gold color, red and blue on white linen are very charming in embroidery, or the coloring may be after nature.

A Pretty Fancy.

It is a favorite fancy at present to have everything to match on a writing table, such as the various sized photo frames, blotting book, case for loose notes or photos, envelope case, and box (without lid) for throwing in unanswered notes, etc. A delicate shade of pistache green broche-telle is popular. All sorts of cardboard, or even wooden and cigar boxes can be covered with plush or brocade by skillful fingers. The top is usually raised by a little judicious padding, then covered with the brocade or plush, and edged all round with an old looking gold fancy braid. The lining is of watered silk or Surah, and this has to be done in separate pieces (i e., top, bottom and the four sides), neatly stretched and glued over thin cardboard, and then carefully glued to the box. In some of the effective brocades now being sold, in white or pale colors, the effect is beautiful.

A Cozy Chair.

Some of the most convenient as well as comfortable easy chairs made are those of wicker or basket work. They are convenient because of their comparative lightness and the consequent ease with which they can be moved about; and comfortable because of their pliability and cushion lined seats and backs. Although wicker chairs are especially desirable for summer use, they are at the same time good all seasons' affairs when properly upholstered.

THE STUDENT'S CHAIR.

In the cut is illustrated an English novelty in basket work, introduced under the name of student's chair. This, as will be observed on referring to the cut, is provided with a deep pocket, wherein one may deposit journals, books and the like. Wide awake readers of this column who are already possessed of ordinary forms of wicker chair may readily add a pocket or basket of cretonne or other material matching the cushions.

French Breakfast Rolls.

Make one and a half pints of milk quite warm, add it to half a pint of brewers' yeast, and then add sufficient flour to make it as thick as batter. Put it into a basin, cover it over, and keep in a warm place. When it has risen as high as it can, add a quarter of a pint of warm water and half an ounce of salt. Mix them well together, and rub into it a little flour and two ounces of butter. Make the dough not quite so stiff as for bread; let it stand for three-quarters of an hour, and then it will be ready to be made into rolls. Let them stand till they have risen, and bake in a quick oven.

Orange Float.

Six sliced oranges, one pint of boiling water, one lemon, juice and grated rind, one small cupful of sugar, two heaping tablespoonfuls of cornstarch and whites of two eggs. Arrange the sliced oranges in the bottom of a dish and pour over them a light custard made by stirring the lemon, sugar and cornstarch into the boiling water until it thickens; add a few drops of rose water while pounding. Stir one-quarter pound of butter and one-quarter pound of sugar to a cream. Beat well the whites of two eggs and add the unbeaten eggs alternately into the butter and sugar. Line a pie dish with puff paste, pour in the mixture, and bake in a moderate oven half an hour. Sprinkle with sugar and serve.

Ruined by Too Quick Cooking.

Too much haste is the cause of much bad cooking, according to a contributor on modern cookery. The majority of cooks bake brown bread and baked beans, for instance, in from one to two hours under a hot fire. The Boston cooks give from ten to twelve hours of baking to their beans and brown bread, and have the satisfaction of hearing that in no other city or country can such "delicious beans" and "lovely bread" be found.

Furniture Reviver.

One of the simplest preparations for restoring dull and scratched furniture is a mixture of three parts linseed oil and one part turpentine. It revives the color of the wood, gives a nice gloss and probably covers scratches as well as anything except a thorough scraping and refinishing will do. It is also very easy to use, being rubbed on with a cloth.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Collection of Fugitive Facts and Out of the Ordinary Information.

Chambers' Journal is credited with the following in regard to working hours in foreign countries:

A Turkish working day lasts from sunrise to sunset, with certain intervals for refreshment and repose. In Montenegro the day laborer begins work between 5 and 6 in the morning, leaves off at 6 for half an hour, works on till noon, rests until 2, and then labors on until sunset. This is in summer. In winter he commences work at 7:30 or 8, rests from 12 to 1, and works uninterruptedly from that time to sunset. In Portugal from sunrise to sunset is the usual length of the working day. With field laborers and workmen in the building trade the summer working day begins at 4:30 or 5 in the morning and ends at 7 in the evening, two or three hours' rest being taken in the middle of the day. In winter the hours are from 7:30 to 5, with a shorter interval of repose. In manufactories the rule is twelve hours in summer and ten in winter, with one hour and a half allowed for meals.

Eleven hours is the average day's labor in Belgium, but brewers' men work from 6 to 17 hours; brickmakers, 16; the cabinet makers of Brussels and Ghent are often at work 17 hours a day; tramway drivers are on duty from 15 to 17 hours, with 1 1-2 hours off at noon; railway guards sometimes know what it is to work 19 1-2 hours at a stretch. The normal workday throughout Saxony is 12 hours, with 2 hours allowance for meal taking. In Baden the medium duration of labor is from 10 to 12 hours; but in some cases it is exceeds this. In Russian industrial establishments the difference in the working hours is something extraordinary, varying from 6 to 20.

Most Perfect Tree in the United States.

Garden and Forest is authority for the statement that one of the most perfect trees in the United States stands behind the old Dean mansion house, on the Ashley river, not very far from Charleston, S. C. It is a live oak. The trunk girths, at five feet from the ground, nearly twenty-five feet, and the main branches, which shoot out at right angles from the trunk at the height of ten feet above the ground, have a spread of one hundred and twenty and one hundred and thirty feet, and form a dense, symmetrical, flat head of indescribable beauty and impressiveness. There are larger live oaks to be seen, but it is rare to find one of the age and size of the Dean tree of such perfect shape and in such good health. There is nothing about the tree to indicate very great age, and as it is a well known fact that the live oak grows in good soil with extreme rapidity, it is not improbable that the two centuries during which the Drayton family have occupied the manor house may cover the span of its existence.

Queer Names.

The London registry of births furnishes some odd things in the way of names. Children of the family of Emily Lamb, Jordan, Dew, Dear and Smith are christened respectively Foot, Pascal, River, Morning, Offspring and Smith Follows. Mr. Cox called his son Arthur Wellesley Wellington Waterloo. Mr. Jewett, a noted huntsman, named his Edward Byng Tally Ho Forward. A mortal that was evidently unwelcome is recorded as "One Too Many." Another of the same sort is "Not Wanted James." Children of six to ten names are frequent, but probably the longest name in the world, longer than that of any potentate, is attached to the child of Arthur Pepper, laundryman. The name of his delighted born in 1893, is Anna Bertha Cecilia Diana Emily Fanny Gertrude Hypatia Inez Jane Kate Louise Maud Nora Ophelia Quince Rebecca Starkey Teresa Ulysis (sic) Venus Winifred Xenophon Yetty Zeus Pepper—one title precisely for every letter in the alphabet.

A Railroad on the Tree Tops.

It is hardly known outside of the immediate neighborhood, but it is a fact, says Golden Days, that in Sonoma county, California, there is a railroad unique in construction. In the upper part of the county named, near the coast, may be seen an actual railroad in the tree tops.

Between the Clipper mills and Stuart Point, where the road crosses a deep ravine, the trees are sawed off on a level with the surrounding hills and the timbers and ties laid on the stumps. In the center of the ravine mentioned two huge redwood trees, standing side by side, form a substantial support. These giants have been lopped off seventy-five feet above the bed of the creek.

This natural tree bridge is considered one of the wonders of the Golden State, and for safety and security far exceeds a bridge framed in the most scientific manner.

Vermont Nearly Joined Canada.

The Pall Mall Gazette has this item of historical interest: "Somebody grubbing among the Canadian state papers in the buildings of the dominion parliament has come upon letters which amount to an important historical discovery. It seems that at that eventful period in our colonial history, when Cornwallis was beleagured at Yorktown by French and American armies and a French fleet, just before the capitulation which struck the death blow of the English cause in the United States, Vermont, the Union state which bordered the Canadian country, was on the very point of joining Canada."

Long Lived Birds.

The swan is the longest lived bird, and it is asserted that it has reached the age of 100 years. Knauer, in his work entitled "Naturhistoriker," states that he has seen a falcon that was 162 years old. The following samples are added as to the longevity of the eagle and vulture: A sea eagle captured in 1715, and already several years of age, died 104 years afterwards, in 1819; a white headed vulture, captured in 1706, died in 1826 in one of the aviaries of Schoenbrunn castle, near Vienna, where it had passed 118 years in captivity.

Stamped Envelopes.

Embossed stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers of several denominations, of various colors are kept on sale at post offices, singly and in quantities, at a small advance on the postage rate. The postoffice department now issues a combined letter sheet and envelope of the denomination of two cents. The prices are as follows: One, three cents; two, five cents; five, twelve cents; ten, twenty-three cents; 100, $2.30; 1,000, $23.

The Highest Telegraph Office in the World.

In the Sikkim expedition a telegraph office was opened which, according to The Sun, enjoys the distinction of being the highest in the world. It is situated at Bhutong, at an altitude of 13,500 feet, nearly 2 3-4 miles above the level of the sea.

An electric flatiron is one of the latest applications of electricity to the affairs of domestic life.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.
Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.
GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8
Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, ash wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 3 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 6-foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
10 & 12 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

The Popular Store of Plainfield
HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,
Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $1.75 upward. Brocaded gents' all wools, 75c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,
50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50
LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
Reliable Goods, Low Prices.
CABINET MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST
STYLES OF
SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT
WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.
Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 Broadway

BUGS! BUGS!
and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using
Peroxide Silicate,
non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.
Peroxide Silicate
has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at
RANDOLPH'S
City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—Fine Store work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

Joseph Krewson,
(successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made)
Furniture Express
51 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos,

Headquarters
For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,
U. S. Hair Tonic,
Magic Renovating Fluid, Colognes and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.
C. E. CLARKE,
No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

J. & Co

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park Avenue. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 666. Telephone call 20.

Higgins' Stage Line
TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE
STRICTLY ON TIME:
First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7:30 a. m. to meet 7:50 a. m. train. Leave Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway and Front, to meet all passenger trains. Leave 2d ave. to Depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.32 a. m. train
2d do	9.15	do	9.32 do
3d do	10.00	do	10.17 do
4th do	11.00	do	11.24 do
5th do	11.46	do	12.03 p. m.
6th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.02 do
7th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.	
8th do	3.45 do	do	4.02 do
9th do	5.00 do	do	5.20 do
10th do	6.00 do	do	6.20 do
11th do	7.00 do	do	7.20 do
12th do	8.45 do	do	9.02 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer streets, Northfield, connecting at Broadway and Front with 2d ave. stage, and make same connections.

Horses will be kept at Depot to run over above routes, leaving Plainfield Depot as follows: 8.07, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.30 a. m., 1.24, 1.52, 2.52, 4.34, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and carriages kept constantly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes.

Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies' driving. Also horses to be owned by or exercised for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. J. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call, 18.

MUSIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE
1890.
POWLISON & JONES.
34 West Front St.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Ribbons, Laces, Silks, Dress Trimmings, Mourning Goods and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Steaming and Pressing done. Agent for Clement and Gerard at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wasting Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Ladies' Parlor, Private Consultation Room and Reception Room for Ladies. 66 East Second street, corner of Watchung.

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue
24 and 26 doors, Rear Door.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. 6 Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. BLIZER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, MAY. 21 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MR. JOHN WARD STIMPSON.

A Well-Known Plainfielder the Recipient of Complimentary Notices.

The New York Times of May 10th has a column and a half concerning Artist Artisans and Mr. John Ward Stimpson of West Eleventh street, this city. We extract the following:

Among the many educational institutions in this city there is one in which New Yorkers should take special pride. It is the Institute for Artist Artisans. It is leading the way in technical education in this country, and which has hitherto been neglected. The attention has been in existence only two years, and its annual exhibition just published, is proof of success in the face of great discouragement from its importers. It bears the ring of social, domestic, and industrial progress.

Mr. John Ward Stimson art is the spirit in the material, and this has been the central idea of his work in the Institute for Artist-Artisans. Recently elected to the Academy of Design, and refused originality to modern labor," to quote from John Ward Stimpson, superintendent of the Institute, "is becoming in America what it has ever been in forward civilizations, a foremost factor of influence. From its importance, bearing on social, domestic, and industrial progress."

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Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT 30. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOBBISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX I.

TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Our squadron of evolution in European waters has been ordered to evolute westward again. Too much fun among the officers is said to be the reason.

Webster on the West.

Among the speeches of the immortal Daniel Webster is one not published in this collection made for ambitious youths to ponder over and take as their models. If Daniel himself was alive and could read this speech, it would make him feel that for once in his dignified life he had been a fool. If his ghost wanders through the cities and farms of the mighty northwest at any time, he must remember that speech and feel ashamed of himself.

Nearly fifty years ago a modest bill was introduced in the United States senate to establish a mail route from western Missouri to the mouth of the Columbia river. Senator Webster was strongly opposed to the measure, on the ground that it was a useless expense. Accordingly he stirred up his fire of eloquence and spoke as follows:

> What do we want with this vast, worthless area? This region, which stretches back one thousand miles of shifting sands and whirlwinds of dust, of cactus and prairie dogs! To what use could we ever hope to put these great deserts or those endless mountain ranges, impenetrable and covered to their base with eternal snow? What can we ever hope to do with the western coast—a coast of 3,000 miles, rock bound, cheerless and unbroken, and most of it uninhabitable? What use can such a country be, Mr. President, I will never vote one cent from the public treasury to place the Pacific coast one inch nearer to Boston than it now is.

Is It Worth While?

One of the organizations that took part in the monster labor procession in London was the Trades council. They belonged to the great body of hard headed British workingmen, who repudiate Socialism and contend only for better wages and shorter hours. There was something pathetic in the appearance of the Trades council procession. They were not clean shaven and natty of dress, as was fitting a May day procession in the largest city in the world. On the contrary, many were ragged and careless of dress. They wore, too, many of them, that unkempt down at the heel appearance which characterizes the man out of employment. It was plain that many of these poor fellows were not prosperous.

On one of the banners they carried—a banner, by the way, with a portrait of Gladstone upon one side, was the inscription: "We kill ourselves to feed others."

In this grim declaration there is a truth that lies behind the labors of this whole Nineteenth century. In the whirl and rush of material development we have forgotten that the object of life is development and improvement. If the average person were asked what is the object of life and work, he would answer that it was to feed, clothe and shelter the body. But if this is all life is for, then is life worth having?

A World's Railway.

America, argues ex-Governor William Gilpin, of Colorado, is a fallow continent, capable of sustaining half a billion people in happiness and plenty. It is the mission of the United States to be distributor of food to the hungry of both Europe and Asia, lying as it does midway between them.

The time is at hand when all the ships of the seas will not be sufficient to carry the articles of commerce around the world to the nations fast enough. Then will come necessity for more rapid transportation. The plan of this transportation has been the dream of Governor Gilpin for forty-seven years. He it was who originated the idea of the Pacific railways connecting New York and San Francisco. He broke the first ground for it, and every stage of the marvelous development of the west has been the fulfillment of a prophecy made by Governor Gilpin.

He has made one more prophecy. It is that the next great project in the world's material development will be the building of what he calls the Cosmopolitan railway. It is a railroad which shall girdle the earth. The first link in the chain is the Transcontinental road of the United States. Starting from the western terminus of that, the Cosmopolitan road shall extend northward through Alaska, skirting the base of the Rocky mountains, where are plateaus that will render the building easy.

Then will come Behring's strait. It is forty-eight miles wide, says this enthusiast, to look at studying the scheme nearly half a century. About midway of the strait is the island of Diomede, a large, long island. This would be the central point of the road, and a track of twenty miles each side of it would finish the work. There are no icebergs in Behring's strait, because of the warm Pacific coast stream which flows northward through it. Once across the strait, which is a shallow water with hard sand bottom, offering no insuperable engineering difficulties, the road would connect with the Russian railway through Siberia, connecting again with western and southern roads through Asia, Europe and Africa, and the work would be done.

KEMMLER'S LAST HOPE.

The Argument for a Writ of Error.

IS ELECTROCUTION LAWFUL?

Attorney General Tabor Claims That the Fourteenth Amendment Does Not Apply, and That the Question Is Purely a State Question.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Roger M. Sherman's application for a writ of error in the Kemmler case was argued before the United States supreme court Tuesday. Mr. Sherman based his argument on the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution, which provides that "no state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law," and on the eighth amendment, which provides that "cruel and unusual punishments shall not be inflicted."

Cruel and Unusual.

He held that death by electricity was cruel and unusual and therefore without due process of law, and that the question should properly be decided by the federal courts. The provisions of the New York statute that the infliction of punishment of the day of death from the prisoner, leaving its determination to the warden, he claimed, would not be sustained by the common law, but were in violation of the fourteenth amendment.

Simply Tortured to Death.

He claims that by the proposed New York method of execution death would not be instantly killed. A man's resistance was greater than 23,100 ohms. It might easily be 100,000 ohms. Kemmler would simply be tortured if the current contemplated was applied. He would ultimately die, but the interim would be torture. He might be cremated on the surface or he might be carbonized. The wet sponges to be used as part of the electrical apparatus that to be kept wet during the passage of the current. How was this to be done? It was intended to have a man play a hose on the sponges during the passage of the current, but this was abandoned because during the burning of some electrical works firemen had received shocks while playing water on the flames, the water forming a conductor. Now it was intended to have water drop in some way on the sponges. He would like to know how it was to be done without danger.

His Closing Appeal.

Mr. Sherman, in conclusion, referred to the fact that Judge Wallace, whom he called a humane, eminent and learned judge, well aware of the unsettled condition of several questions involved in the case, had held by the granting of a writ of habeas corpus to Kemmler under circumstances of exceptional delicacy and humanity that at least a proper case was presented for judicial consideration. He confidently believed that he would not receive the unmerited rebukes of a decision by the court that there was no serious federal question in the argument submitted by him.

Attorney General Tabor's Argument.

Attorney General Tabor, who appeared on behalf of the state of New York, in opening his argument referred to the last statement of Mr. Sherman and said that Judge Wallace had granted the writ of habeas corpus because he was willing to do all that was proper in order to give Kemmler a chance for life.

Mr. Tabor's argument consisted principally of copious references to decisions concerning the fourteenth amendment. He laid much stress on an opinion delivered by Justice Miller, of the United States supreme court, containing the statement that there exists some strange misconception of the scope of the fourteenth amendment. Quoting from the decision, he read: "In fact it would seem from the character of many of the cases before us, and the arguments made in them, that the clause under consideration is looked upon as a means of bringing to the test of the decision of this court the abstract opinions of every unsuccessful litigant in a state court of the justice of the decision against him and of the merits of the legislation on which such a decision may be founded."

The Fourteenth Amendment Did Not Apply.

The fourteenth amendment, he claimed, was not applicable in this case. There were several provisions of the federal constitution that were not applicable to the states.

The laws for the execution of criminals were regulated by the states themselves. For two years the controversy over the execution of Kemmler had been going on. Five men were held for murder in the state, but could not be executed because of the litigation. The state of New York, he said, wanted to know where it stood as to the execution of criminals. As for the fourteenth amendment, cruel and unusual punishment that provision was the same in the constitution of the state of New York as it was in the federal constitution.

Argument Concluded Yesterday.

The testimony in the New York court of appeals was referred to by Mr. Tabor and extracts from the opinions of the judges of the court on the case were also read. In conclusion he stated that in view of what these judges had said it would seem to be an entirely unnecessary if not an improper proceeding upon the part of the supreme court to read and examine a thousand pages of testimony for the simple purpose of discovering whether all of the state courts were not wrong in regard to the admitted question of fact. He thought that the motion for a writ of error should be summarily dismissed.

Mr. Sherman made a brief additional statement after Mr. Tabor had finished. The court reserved its decision and adjourned until Friday.

Mrs. Parnell Victorious.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—The master in the case of Edward L. Steward, administrator of the estate of Miss Charlotte Smith against Delia T. S. Parnell, orders that the bill be dismissed and all costs be paid by the plaintiffs. The suit was brought to recover $6,538, which Miss Smith had given Mrs. Parnell to speculate with. The master finds that Mrs. Parnell lost $2,646 in speculation, and that $1,892 was paid back to Miss Smith, and accordingly dismissed the case.

Citizen Train and the Orphan.

BUFFALO, May 21.—George Francis Train, who is making a trip around the world, passed through here yesterday. He had established himself as protector to little Myrtle Clay, of Albany, an orphan, who was on her way to relatives at Colfax, Ia. "I love children and I am going to see her through," he said. Mr. Train declared he was feeling as well as he ever did in his life.

PRESBYTERIANS AT ODDS.

The Charges of Gross Extravagance Against the Board of Publication.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 21.—The feature of the afternoon session of the Presbyterian assembly was a very lively discussion of the report of the board of publication and that of the special committee, which charges gross extravagance by the board. Elder George S. Graham, of Philadelphia, called the point that the two reports were not joint, as required, and not responsive. The special committee's report not having been before the business committee of the board, therefore not responsive. It contained very serious and grave accusations, which, if true, ought to require the dissolution of the board of publication. The report of the business committee shows that as late as May 9 they had received a telegram that the report they had seen had been withdrawn, so that they were absolutely then no report before the business committee. He wanted this fifty-year-old board of the church to have ample time to consider the grave charges made against it, and moved that the whole business be referred to a committee of seven, to be appointed by the moderator, to hear the report and report to the assembly of 1891. The resolution was laid upon the table until Mr. Simmons might be heard. Mr. Simmons, chairman of the special committee, said he would answer this question: Did the committee obey the directions of the general assembly? They began their investigations in October and did not suppose experts would be expected to do just what the board might want them to do. The committee soon found there was no time remaining. It was to report to the stated clerk about the matter asking for guidance, and the drift of the answer was that the assembly expected it to thoroughly examine into the affairs of the board, and the committee could meet when it pleased and confer at convenience. It was to report to the general assembly of 1891. It was not the business committee could also. The special committee could not be subordinated to the committee of a board and were not to be at the beck and call of the board. The special committee were to make their own manly report. They had sought a conference and three members of the business committee were present. They had met afterwards and he had seen 849 pages of typewriter testimony which he supposed constituted the report. How was this to be done? It was intended to have a man play a hose on the sponges during the passage of the current, but this was abandoned because during the burning of some electrical works firemen had received shocks while playing water on the flames, the water forming a conductor. Now it was intended to have water drop in some way on the sponges. He would like to know how it was to be done without danger.

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IT WAS A CLOSE SHAVE.

The Beacon Light Crashes Into an Iceberg.

FIFTY TONS OF ICE CAME ABOARD.

The Big Tank Steamer's Powerful Search Light Did Not Warn Her, So Dense Was the Fog—For an Instant Death Stared Them in the Face.

NEW YORK, May 21.—In a fog so dense that her big electric search light failed to penetrate it more than one-fourth of a ship's length, the new tank steamer Beacon Light crashed into an immense iceberg on the edge of the Great Banks just after midnight of May 14. The steamer was steering due west, fully 840 miles east of Nova Scotia, at the time of the collision. Had she struck it fairly and at full speed she would never have been heard of again. As it was she had a bow compartment, and it was the coolness of Capt. Elliott and Chief Officer Chase that saved her from instant and utter annihilation. Her pumps were running when she reached Sandy Hook late on Monday night. There were several ugly punctures in her bottom, and a big piece over ten feet square was knocked into her forecastle deck on the starboard side.

The Empty Tanks Saved Her.

Part of the starboard railing had been torn away, and between decks the stout iron supports had been bent in by the force of the ice, two of which had tumbled from the berg into the water to come up under the vessel like the recoil of a gun. The Beacon Light steamed into New Harrison yesterday, anchoring off Robbins reef, and her captains and officers related their thrilling experience. The Beacon Light left Newport News, Va., on her last report on her second voyage on May 3, with 2,500 tons of water ballast, which filled several of her tanks. Other tanks were left empty, a fact for which Capt. Elliott was subsequently supremely thankful.

"Iceberg!" Yelled the Lookout.

On the afternoon of May 13 the Beacon Light was making 12 knots an hour and the engines were reduced to three-quarters and then to half speed, or about six knots an hour. As night closed in the fog grew thicker and a watch of four was posted on the forecastle head, while an immense search light with powerful reflectors was hoisted twenty-five feet above the deck on the pilot house. This made the darkness beyond its reach more dense than before.

At twenty minutes past midnight the lookout suddenly shouted, "Light ahead, sir! dead ahead!" Then, as he caught sight of the gleaming mass of ice towering high above the vessel, not seventy-five feet away, he yelled "Iceberg!" with all the strength of his lungs, and then turned and ran aft.

Like a Huge White Cloud.

At that moment Capt. Elliott and Chief Officer Chase, who were both on the "flying bridge," a structure above the bridge in front of the pilot house, saw the immense berg in its two snowy peaks in the full glare of the electric light. Officer Chase said it looked like a huge white cloud. Its eastern peak rose about ninety feet out of the water above the forecastle deck of the Beacon Light, which was not fifty feet away and rushing head on to certain destruction. The west was a second peak, west of the first, and the whole mass was fully 500 feet long. "Hard a starboard, over with her quick," said the captain. The wheelman obeyed, but a moment to soon, while Officer Chase shouted down the tube to shut off steam.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrange avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

ELOCUTION.

ERNEST AND GERHARD, pupils of Prof. James Vroom and Creditzer of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York, special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 34st street. 9-28-1y

MR. F. L. CONDE,

Teacher of violin, 13 years student, pupil of Prof. Singer, instructs for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solo and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 256. 4-9-1y

MADAME G. SELLIER,

A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and professor of a gold medal received by the Russian Empress to the Imperial school, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German Conversation and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hedwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references, P. O. Box 1885.

DENTISTRY.

DR. S. S. CIMPSON,

50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. TOURRELLES, D. V. S.,

Veterinarian, No. 30 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 6 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM D. S. ICKS,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Rogers' building, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, etc. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,

Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,

Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 21 and 23. Important work. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsey's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsey, 32 West Front street.

Fifty Tons of Ice Came Aboard.

The vessel swung rapidly to port, but did not clear. The bluff of her starboard bow struck the berg just opposite an enormous overhanging ledge, and in a moment fifty tons of ice came crashing down on the forecastle head. Scores of the blocks, the officers said, were fully eight cubic feet in size, and other and larger masses struck the water alongside the steamer and sinking came under her like so many huge torpedoes, knocking several holes in her bottom amidships and aft of that point, and lifting her ten feet above her water line. The force of these blows bent her iron stanchions between decks, while the shock burst the longitudinal bulkheads in the tanks, causing the water to rush from port to starboard, which, with the immense weight in her forecastle, sent the vessel on her beam ends and nearly capsized her.

The engines were going astern, however, and she had backed away from the berg. The ice slid off into the sea and the vessel righted. The hiss of escaping air from one of the empty tanks was heard, and Capt. Elliott ironed instantly shut all the cocks and screwed in the plugs. Then he sounded the other empty tanks and found no water.

None of the crew except twenty-six men were injured. Capt. Elliott said there was no change in the atmosphere to warn him of ice, and the water temperature at midnight was 54 degrees. There was hardly any wind and the sea was calm. The Beacon Light was built at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Eng., registers 3,107 gross tons, is 360 feet long, 42 feet beam and 28 feet deep. She is owned by the Stuart Oil company, of Liverpool.

Parnell to Irish Voters.

LONDON, May 21.—Mr. Parnell made a speech which was mainly devoted to showing that Irishmen in Great Britain have every possible Irishman in Great Britain upon the voting register. He said that a general election might come at any moment. It appeared to him to be a crime for any Irishman entitled to the privilege to neglect securing a vote. He regretted that while Irishmen in Ireland and America on every had acted nobly in providing funds for the cause, Irishmen in Great Britain had failed to recognize their duty in this direction. Resolutions were passed to form an election fund, to be disposable at Mr. Parnell's direction, and to form an organization to secure proper registration.

A Fatal Wreck.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 21.—Reports have just reached here of a disastrous freight wreck which occurred at Elizabeth Furnace, three miles east of here. A freight train crashed into a stock train as the latter was crossing a switch from one track to another, completely demolishing four cars and an engine, also killing many head of stock. Engineer William Boyd, of Homestead, is reported dead in the wreck and his fireman, name unknown, is said to have suffered a like fate. Two brakemen are reported missing.

J. P. Laire & Co

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A 1 SEASONABLE GOODS.

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Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

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THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19
12 " " " " " " 25
13 " " " " " silk pouts, 29, 35
Childrens silk mitts in black and tan shades 15 and 20c

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladie's Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.55, 26 in., $1.45. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 22 in., $1.30, 24 in., $1.45, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 50, 75, 85, 44 and 50c.

Boys strip'd belts 05 buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 05 buckle, all colors, 10c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAILTOR

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

"U. B." CRANE'S.

Hatter and furnisher, 13 Park Avenue

Kisses by Mail.

The young postmaster of an Eastern village was hard at work in his office when a gentle tap was heard upon the door and in stepped a blushing maiden of 16 with a money order which she also desired cashed. She handed it, with a bashful smile, to the official, who, after closely examining it, gave her the money it called for. As the same time he asked her if she had read what was written on the margin of the order.

"No, I have not," she replied; "for I cannot read what it out. Will you please read it for me?"

The young postmaster read as follows: "I send you 25 and a dozen kisses."

Glancing at the bashful girl, he said: "Now I have paid you the money and I suppose you want the kisses."

"Yes," she said, "if he has sent me any kisses I want them, too."

It is hardly necessary to say that the balance of the order was promptly paid and in a scientific manner.

On reaching home, the delighted maiden remarked to her mother:

"Mother, this postoffice system of ours is a great thing, postcards are cheaper and more every year, and each new feature seems to be best. Jimmy sent me a dozen kisses along with the money order, and the postmaster only took twenty. It's like the special delivery system all hollow."—Detroit Free Press.

How to Get Good Tenderloin Steak.

"Jakey," said the proprietor of a Tenth avenue restaurant, calling his head waiter aside, and slipping into his hand a package of raw meat, "here's a bargain."

"Wot is it?"

"Steaks. They was too tough for a butcher on Washington street to handle, so I bought 'em to work off on the trade."

"Wottle we do for tenderloins?" inquired the Irish manipulator, doubtfully.

"Give the steaks to de cook, Jakey," replied the proprietor. "Then have a razor edge ground on them yaller handled knives, and when a customer calls for tenderloin, you make de order 'One cross grain wid de yaller.' This ain't no place for weak teeth."—New York Tribune.

A Prudent Parent.

Indignant Father—Hadn't you done anything but laugh?

Boy—No, sir.

"And the teacher whipped you for that? The scoundrel! I'll teach him"——

"Yes, and he whipped me just as hard! He's a grand man, he is."

(Not quite so indignant)—H'm! You mustn't laugh in school, Johnny. It's against the rules.—Chicago Tribune.

THE DAIRY,

68 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prizes on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood-wurst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Corned Beef and Plain Sausages. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Mixed, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield and Elsewhere.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular prices of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 30 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grass.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham; Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.

N. B. Smaller'n, Door at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's.

BOYS SAVE YOUR

Pennies and Nickels,

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $35.00,

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

H. N. SPENCER,

Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

8 NORTH AVENUE

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Yantiene. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,

28 WEST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware [illegible] etc., in great variety.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

97 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers'

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

A. W. RAND,

28 WEST FRONT STREET.

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 30 Somerset Street.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 1 East Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

Closing Action on the McKinley Tariff Bill.

NUMEROUS ALTERATIONS MADE.

A Republican Division Concerning the Sugar Schedule—Amendments by Mr. McKinley—The Bill Comes Up for Final Passage in the House Today.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The tariff bill will be voted upon today. In the house Tuesday Mr. Sayres (Tex.) offered an amendment providing that iron and steel cotton ties for bailing or other purposes, and not thinner than No. 20, wire gauge, shall be admitted free of duty. Mr. Blanchard (La.) spoke in opposition to the cotton tie duty, stating that the life of a cotton tie was one year, so that the duty was 5 yearly tax, and the life of a steel rail was ten years, and the duty on steel rails was paid once every ten years. He regarded the bill as a direct blow at the cotton growing interests of the south. The burden on the cotton producers would be from $4,000,000 to $5,000,000 dollars. The cotton tie industry was too small to justify the increase of duty on cotton ties from 22 to 104 per cent. The committee rose without action.

A Fight Over Sugar.

Mr. McKenna moved to amend the sugar schedule so as to provide as follows: All sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color shall pay on their polariscope test as follows: All sugars not above No. 9 Dutch standard in color, all tank bottoms, syrups of cane juice or of beet juice, melada, concrete, concrete melada, concrete and concentrated molasses, testing by the polariscope not above 75 degs., shall pay a duty of 2 90-100 per pound; and for every additional degree or fraction of degree shown by the polariscope test they shall pay 3-100 of a pound additional. All sugar above No. 16 in color and not above No. 20 shall be classified by the Dutch standard of color and pay duty as follows: All sugar above No. 13 and not above No. 16 Dutch standard, 1 1-10 per pound; all sugar above No. 16 and not above No. 20 Dutch standard, 1 9-10 per pound. All sugars above 20 degs. by the polariscope shall pay a duty of 2 cents per gallon; molasses testing above 56 degs. shall pay a duty of 4 cents per gallon. He defended the tariff bill in general, saying that the only weak spot was the sugar schedule.

He rejected the Chicago platform which declared that the internal revenue system should be destroyed rather than any part of the protective system should be surrendered, declaring that the bill proposed to surrender the protection of sugar.

Wool a Declining Industry.

He spoke of wool as a declining industry, and said if the committee was right the duty on wool was a charge on the consumer. Future Democratic congresses would quote this congress in justification of putting wool on the free list on protective principles. Sugar now yielded the country immense revenue without sensible burden; yet it was cheaper in the United States than in any other country save England. If the bounty principle was correct, he said, why not apply it to tin plate and other things.

The Republican Party's Position.

Mr. Cannon (Ills.) said the position of Mr. McKenna was specious and dangerous. The position of the Republican party touching the protective system was to relieve from duty those articles of foreign production except luxuries, the like of which could not be produced at home. Last year the production of sugar in the United States was one-eighth of the consumption. Less sugar was produced here now than thirty years ago. The production of wool has been under an insufficient tariff was 200,000,000 pounds, and the import 130,000,000 pounds.

The McKenna amendment was rejected—115 to 134; Messrs. McKenna, Morrow, O'Neill (Pa.), Harmer, De Haven, Bartine, Van Devere, Dorsey, Kerr (Ia.) Colean and Reyburn voting in the affirmative.

Many Amendments Adopted.

On motion of Mr. McKinley amendments were adopted reducing from 14 to 11 cents per cubic foot the duty on unmanufactured or undressed freestone, granite, sandstone or other building or monumental stone, except marble, and otherwise provided for, and from 50 to 40 per cent. on hewn, dressed or polished stone of the same character. Also an amendment changing the duty on steel ingots, etc., valued above 16 cents per pound from 45 per cent. ad valorem to 7 cents a pound. Also fixing ¼ duty of 12 per cent. on all white paper used by photographers. Also placing on the free list *fish, the product of American fisheries* and fresh or frozen fish caught in fresh waters, shell-crustaceans. Also an amendment fixing the duty on shotguns valued at no more than $12 at 35 per cent.; valued at more than $12, 40 per cent.; pistols and revolving pistols, 35 per cent. Also an amendment taking bristles from the free list and fixing the duty upon them at 10 cents per pound. Also an amendment to impose a tax of 5 cents a gallon upon alcohol used in the manufacture of vinegar and putting that manufacture under the supervision of the commissioner of internal revenue.

From 6 o'clock until 9 the house was in intense confusion, it being out of the power of the chair to restore order enough to get a hearing for any member being heard. Mr. Hitt (Ill.) was another Republican who was dissatisfied with some features of the bill. Mr. Taylor (Ill.), Republican, objected vigorously to the increase of duties upon hemp and flax. The house adjourned at a late hour.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The senate took up the bill reported from the judiciary committee, which provides that "no state shall be held to be limited or restrained in its power to prohibit, regulate, control or tax the sale, keeping for sale, or the transportation, as an article of commerce or otherwise, to be delivered within its own limits, of any fermented, distilled or other intoxicating liquor or liquors, by reason of the fact that the same have been imported into such a state from beyond its limits, whether these shall or shall not have been paid thereon any tax, duty, impost or excise to the United States." Mr. Wilson (Ia.), who had introduced the bill, addressed the senate in explanation and advocacy of it, stating that it was made necessary by the recent decision of the supreme court of the United States on that subject.

Remarks in eulogy of the character and public services of the late William D. Kelley were made by Senators Cameron, Morrill, Reagan, Sherman, Hampton, Hawley and Daniel. At the conclusion of the eulogies, as a further mark of respect, the senate adjourned.

TO FIGHT SULLIVAN.

Joe McAuliffe Ready for a "Go" with the Big Fellow—Sporting Notes.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Billy Madden has received word from the Golden Gate Athletic club, of San Francisco, that they would like to arrange a match between Joe McAuliffe and John L. Sullivan, to take place at their club rooms. Mr. Madden replied that Sullivan says he will fight McAuliffe before Jackson. He says for McAuliffe that the latter will fight Sullivan on his own terms and put no obstacles in his way. He requests that the club negotiate with Sullivan.

An Offer from Providence.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 21.—Steve McMaugh, patron of sports, offers $4,000 to John L. Sullivan and Joe McAuliffe, $2,500 to Dempsey and La Blanch, and $1,000 to Billy Myers and Jack McAuliffe to spar before the Gladstone club, of this city, the contestants two nights to engage to a finish and the light weights to contest for fifteen rounds.

Dixon and Wallace Matched.

NEW YORK, May 21.—A special cable to a sporting paper of this city says that arrangements have been completed for an international prize fight between George Dixon, the colored pugilist, of Boston, and Jem Wallace, of Maidstone, to take place at the Pelican club for a £300 purse and the feather weight championship of the world.

To Match Weir and Connors.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 21.—The Erie County Athletic club have decided to match Ike Weir, of New York, and Jimmy Connors, of Australia, to fight for $1,000 a side, or *16 for $1,000 a side.* Their attempt to get a match between Australian Murphy and Connors fell through.

Slavin After Corbett's Scalp.

NEW YORK, May 21.—A special cable received here says that Frank Slavin's backer has posted a £200 forfeit and issued a challenge to fight Jim Corbett in England or America for £1,000 a side.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Philadelphia—
Chicago.....0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—3
Philadelphia.....1 0 1 0 3 1 0 1 x—7
Base hits: Chicago, 5; Philadelphia, 12. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kittridge; Gleason and Clements.

At Brooklyn—
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Brooklyn.....2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 x—4
Base hits: Pittsburg, 6; Brooklyn, 8. Batteries: Morris and Miller; Terry and Daily.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Cleveland, 5; Boston, 7. Batteries: Keefe and Zimmer; Radbourne and Bennett.

At Buffalo—
Buffalo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Buffalo, 6; New York, 7. Batteries: Crane and Trott; Rusie and Buckley.

Players' League.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0—4
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Brooklyn, 12; Buffalo, 11. Errors: Brooklyn, 6; Buffalo, 8. Batteries: Bowden and Crane; Clarkson and Mack.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....2 0 0 0 0 1 [illegible] 0—3
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Philadelphia, 8; Cleveland, 7. Errors, Philadelphia, 5; Cleveland, 1. Batteries: Sanders and Milligan, Shaefly and Sutcliffe.

All other games were postponed on account of rain or wet grounds.

The Bay State's New Bar Law.

BOSTON, May 21.—The liquor dealers in accordance with the provision of the new excise law have screened their bars and liquor is being quite generally served on tables. The new excise law is viewed as a huge practical joke played by the temperance people. There is a difference of opinion as to the effect of the new law, the dealers declaring that it will increase drinking, and the temperance people asserting that it will diminish it. It certainly increases the expenses of the dealer. The law says no drink shall be served without food, but the dealers say that the authorities will allow them to serve drink on tables without food, and the majority of saloon have made no arrangements to serve food. According to Judge Colburn a lunch counter designed and used for furnishing luncheon would not be a public bar, *merely because sales of liquor only* are permitted at such "bars," and under this ruling several lunch bars are doing business yet. In general, the dealers seem to be trying to obey the law as they understand it. Chairman Whiting, of the police commission, says they shall strictly enforce the law but are in doubt as to its application in particular cases and few test cases will be made. Only enough of arrests to determine the application of the law are expected. Reports from leading cities of Massachusetts seem to indicate no general desire to enforce the liquor law on lines laid down in Boston. There are exceptions but a feeling is apparent that the law has come to stay, and is previously administered and that the cause of temperance will receive little aid from the innovation.

Cornell's Big Loss.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 21. — President Adams, of Cornell university, says that while the loss of the Fiske legacy is a great blow to the hopes of the friends of Cornell it will not affect the institution in any other way, as none of the money has been used or taken into account in any way. Over a million dollars of the bequest has been in the treasury and the income of it has always been added to the principal, and it has not been treated as part of the available assets. Now that it is to be withdrawn, the hope of adding new buildings and making other needed improvements, without entrenching upon the principal of the university funds, is vanished. The trustees of the university are entirely absorbed in the current expenses, and unless some friend comes forward to add to the endowment the needed facilities for enlarging the usefulness of the university *cannot be obtained.*

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The Democratic state central committee of Delaware have selected Aug. 12 as the date for holding the Democratic state convention.

The attorney general of Massachusetts has sent to the senate an opinion that any law to allow cities and towns to make gas or electricity for public or private use will be unconstitutional.

Warden Chamberlain, of the Connecticut state prison, is still seriously ill.

Joseph Meeks, late referee in the Fisk divorce case, has resigned his assignment to the general term of New York as an attorney and counsellor-at-law, and the general term has accepted the resignation. The proceedings which had been begun to disbar him will now be dropped.

Col. Wood, who was suspected of the murder of Leander Pasco near Glens Falls, N. Y., has confessed his guilt. He says that he had no accomplice in the crime. He secreted himself beside a path in the woods and when Pasco walked past he shot him in the back. The Wood and Pasco families have long been at feud with one another.

Charles Le Bree, collector for the Western Union Telegraph company at New York, has been arrested for embezzlement, and has confessed that during the past nine years he has embezzled $6,000 of the company's funds. He is 37 years old and has been living a fast life.

Richard Vaux was elected to congress from the Third congressional district of Pennsylvania to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Samuel J. Randall. There was practically no opposition.

Robert T. Teamon, a colored reporter of The Boston Globe, was last evening unanimously elected a member of the Boston Press club. He is probably the first colored man ever elected to an incorporated white man's club in Boston.

Clinton G. Reynolds, the New York lawyer who was shot by Alphonse Stephani, is dead.

Floods have ruined crops and washed out railroads in central New York.

At New York the Fassett committee heard testimony charging Dr. Levings and Dr. Osborne, two board of health milk inspectors, with attempted extortion.

Maine tipplers are to be supplied with liquor in original packages as a result of the recent decision of the United states supreme court.

At Philadelphia Ludwig Marquardt, an artist, attempted to murder his wife, Frederika, by shooting her several times, and died shortly afterward from the effects of poison he had evidently taken before attempting his wife's life. Jealousy caused the shooting. The woman's wounds are not fatal.

Before the casket containing the remains of ex-President Garfield were removed to the memorial chamber at Cleveland, O., it was opened, in order to quiet forever rumors about the body not being in it. The body was found to be in a good state of preservation and could be easily recognized.

Miss Clara Ward, of Detroit, and Prince Joseph Chimay-Caraman, son of the Belgian prime minister, were married May 20 in Paris.

The New Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, May 21.—President Nevins, of the senate, and Acting Speaker Marsh are both anxious for adjournment on Friday or Saturday at the latest. The session is the longest on record in New Jersey. The charges against the condition and management of the Trenton asylum fell to the ground in consequence of a report rendered by the joint committee on lunatic asylums to the effect that they had visited the Trenton asylum, investigated the management, found it satisfactory and everything in a satisfactory condition. They find the buildings to be fireproof, with an abundance of water on hand in case fire should occur, and complete system of exits by stairways. The ventilation is as perfect as can be. The sanitary arrangements are first class. The committee report on the whole that the institution is well managed and in as good condition as any other of its kind in the country. The report has been accepted.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Rvane, P. O. Box 1285. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages!
I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which I will sell cheap and grow. I know I will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.
R. R. Fairchild,
21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.
4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

CARPETS!
A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
H. A. POPE,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS
Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Fatent Mount and Process" will close in a few days.
Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow simple items for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

That Prohibition Amendment Election.
ALBANY, May 21.—Governor Hill and Secretary of State Rice are both receiving many queries concerning the operation of the current resolution ordering a special election on a constitutional prohibition amendment to be held next April. The secretary of state believes that the resolution is inoperative and unconstitutional because there is no law accompanying it to provide for the expenses of a special election. It is estimated that such an election would cost the state $620,000. Governor Hill says that the effect of the original resolution of the senate of 1888, which provided for the amendment, was destroyed when the amendment to submit to the people was tacked on. He further believes that the carrying out of the resolution would disfranchise thousands of country voters who are moving at the time of the year that the election is called for, and who would not have the thirty days' residence requisite to vote.

A Gambling Place Raided.
JERSEY CITY, May 21.—Chief of Police Murphy, accompanied by Capt. Farrier, of the *First precinct*, and the police headquarters detectives, Tuesday morning paid an official visit to the gambling rooms in Cooper hall, on Newark avenue. They seized a complete and costly gambling outfit, including 1,000 Ivory chips, nearly 800 chairs, 18 tables and 9 desks. At the time that Doyle's saloon, just above the City hall, was burned out the upper part of Doyle's place was occupied as a gambling room. These parties leased the upper floor of Cooper hall and had it fitted up in elegant style, but, it is said, did not open up any more than one night. On that night the chief and his aids started out to raid the place, which was in full blast, but before arriving the alarm was given and the place was vacated.

Absorbed by the Atchison.
NEW YORK, May 21.—The principal owners of the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad stated last evening that the control of the company had been absolutely sold to the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad. The legal papers necessary to the transfer, however, had not yet been signed, but would probably be to-day, and *then the full details of the deal would be* made public. This deal adds 1,400 miles of the road to the Atchison system, besides giving it absolute control of the Atlantic and Pacific railroad.

Mr. Wanamaker Censured.
ALBANY, May 21.—At the organization meeting last night of the Republican general committee resolutions were adopted censuring Postmaster General Wanamaker for retaining Postmaster Warner in office and asking for his removal by the authorities at Washington.

A Fatal Drop of Pig Iron.
ST. LOUIS, May 21.—The south side of the couple platform of the Illinois, Harrison & Howard foundry at Twelfth and Papin streets, containing over 100 tons of pig iron, fell, killing Foreman Morley and probably fatally wounding Patrick Clark.

Connecticut Grocers Assign.
ROCKVILLE, Conn., May 21.—Rockwood & Elders, dealers in groceries, have made an assignment to W. W. Andrews. The firm has been in business six months, and came from Suffield. Their liabilities are large.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near Pa. 10-12tf

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in
German and French
under the instructions of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-15-1y

Mechanics, Attention!
THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

Frank Linke,
Established 1886.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Invalids and Families.
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
DRINK THE THREE R. TEA!

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 12 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYERS
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best mates promptly furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Hardships of the Literary Life.
First Young Author—Do you write for pay?
Second Young Author—Yes, I had an article printed in The Family Monthly a year ago, and I've been writing to the publisher for pay ever since—but I haven't got it.—Somerville Journal.

All His Way.

Miss Chesf—Yes, I will eat a philopena with you, but if I should lose?
He—Then you must give me a kiss.
Miss Chesf—And if you should be caught?
He—Then I still give you one.—The Jester.

The Kind of Jokes He Liked.
Contributor—What kind of jokes do you prefer?
Editor—Leap year jokes.
Contributor—Why?
Editor—Because it takes them four years to get around again.—Keystone.

In the Same Boat.
"Look here," said Charley Cashing to *his tailor, "these trousers that you made* for me are getting shorter all the time."
"Well," replied the tailor laconically, "so am I."—Washington Post.

That's So.
He—I believe in calling things by their proper names.
She (who teaches a grammar class)—But things don't have proper names, you know.—Washington Star.

An Unhappy Marriage.
"He doesn't paint very well, but he is wedded to art."
"Then art should get a divorce on the ground of incompatibility."—New York Sun.

Hotel Netherwood,
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank P. Miller.
8-14-4m

ALLEN.
The Stationer,
HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED
Easter Booklets,
WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.
23 EAST FRONT STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 7.58, 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Express trains, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.
Leave New York at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Express trains, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 10.05, 11.10 a. m., 12.48, 3.25, 5.05, 6.25, 7.45, 9.35, 11.10 p. m. Sunday at 8.00 a. m., 4.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.15 a. m., 1.45, 4.30, 6.00, 7.20, 8.40, 10.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00 a. m., 5.00, 8.00, 10.00 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.00 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will be charged 10 cts. for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.
Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National holidays.
Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.
Leave Newark at 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m.
Express trains, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 8.45, 7.05, 8.03, 9.45, a. m., 1.50, 4.20, 6.36, 8.30 p. m. Sunday at 7.45, 8.45, 8.03, 9.45 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 9.40, 11.25, 2.00 p.m. Sunday 8.13 a. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
1.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
8.03 a. m.—For Easton, Bound Brook, For Flemington, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Shamokin.
9.45 a. m.—For Easton, Bound Brook, For Flemington, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Shamokin.
1.50 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shamokin.
For Dunellen, Bound Brook, For Flemington, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.
4.20 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc.
6.36 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
8.30 p. m.—For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Manunka Chunk, Tamaqua and Shamokin.
For Dunellen, Bound Brook, For Flemington, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 1.00 3.51, 5.10 p. m. Sundays at 4.00, 5.00, 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 5.10 p. m.
For Long Branch at 7.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m. For Port Arthur at 7.37, 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 3.51, 5.10 p. m. Sundays at 4.00, 5.00, 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 5.10 p. m.
For Atlantic City at 7.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Cape May at 7.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m. Sundays at 4.00, 5.00 p. m.
For Ocean Grove at 7.37, 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 3.51, 5.10, 7.05 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.37, 7.45, 8.30, 9.45, 11.18 a. m., 1.30, 2.45, 4.06, 5.36, 6.50, 8.38, 10.40 p. m. Sundays at 12.27, 4.06, 5.36, 8.38, 10.40 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 7.37, 7.45, 11.18 a. m., 2.45, 4.06, 5.36 p. m. Sundays at 12.27, 4.06, 5.36 p. m.

H. P. BALLDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Purest and Strongest. Sold by druggists.

This Date in History—May 20.

TALLEYRAND.

1506—Death of Christopher Columbus at Valladolid; born in Genoa about 1445. His remains transferred to Seville, Spain, 1513; to San Domingo in 1536, and to Havana, Cuba, in January, 1796.
1716—John Law, a Scotchman, projected the "Mississippi scheme," whereby he promised to pay the whole national debt of France. The bubble exploded in 1720, spreading ruin among thousands.
1765—News received by the colonists on Manhattan Island of the repeal of the odious stamp act; bells rung and bonfires illuminated.
1775—An act of perpetual union between the states passed.
1836—Murat, of Naples, begins war against Austria; surrenders Naples to Ferdinand IV, and is subsequently captured and shot.
1846—Death of Lindley Murray, at York, 1826.
1868—Prince Talleyrand, famous French minister and diplomatist, born, aged 84.
1862—Seventy-two and fourteen defeat the Austrians at Montebello.
1865—North Carolina convention met; next day the act of secession passed.
1868—Ratification of the treaty between Great Britain and the United States for the suppression of the slave trade.
1864—Gen. Johnston retreats across the Etowah, Georgia, after a battle.
1867—Jefferson Davis arrives in New York and proceeds to Canada.
1875—Centennial of the Mecklenburg declaration of independence celebrated at Charlotte, N. C.

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Best Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions in three applications, or no pay. Ask your druggist for Scatter-Corns. Sold; makes walking a pleasure.
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MASONS' MATERIALS.
BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.
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Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.
Thereby asking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him as his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

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in the following
Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice..	15	1.50

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WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
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ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Agent. Call and see them. 800 feet above sea level.

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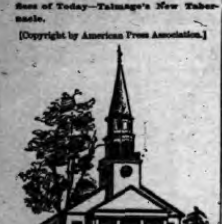
CHURCHES OLD AND NEW

EVOLUTION IN THE BUILDING OF HOUSES OF WORSHIP.

The Places Where Our Grandfathers Attended Service Compared with the Edifices of Today—Talmage's New Tabernacle.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]



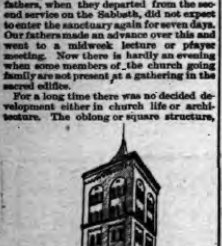
FIRST CHURCH, GUILFORD, CONN.

The modern church edifice is an evolution due to an equally striking evolution in the popular conception of what a church is.

The old time meeting house, of which an admirable type is seen in the First church of Guilford, Conn., was a place where the flock met weekly to secure spiritual strengthening. The modern church edifice is in many instances—the number of which is rapidly increasing—the center for daily, almost hourly, gatherings that have for their object spiritual culture and mental, physical and social betterment.

Our great-grandfathers and our grandfathers, when they departed from the second service on the Sabbath, did not expect to enter the sanctuary again for seven days. Our fathers made an advance over this and went to a midweek lecture or prayer meeting. Now there is hardly an evening when some members of the church going family are not present at a gathering in the sacred edifice.

For a long time there was no decided development either in church life or architecture. The oblong or square structure,

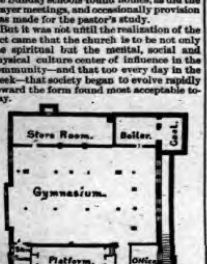


THE BROOME STREET TABERNACLE.

with its one assembly room, served the necessary purposes adequately. Here and there a church added a smaller apartment for the weekly lecture or prayer meeting, but generally speaking the "plant" consisted of one room.

With the advent of the Sunday school sense now needs. Neither utilizing the one room for both services nor the holding of the Sunday school in the basement met the requirements. Then churches began to build chapels, either attached to or detached from the main building. In these the Sunday schools found homes, as did the prayer meetings, and occasionally provision was made for the pastor's study.

But it was not until the realization of the fact came that the church is to be not only the spiritual but the mental, social and physical culture center of influence in the community—and that too every day in the week—that society began to evolve rapidly toward the form found most acceptable today.



BASEMENT PLAN BROOME STREET TABERNACLE.

Dullness men questioned the wisdom of putting enormous sums in a "plant" that was only productive one day in the week. Others said: Why not have church parlors where the church family can meet occasionally? Why make the clergyman travel from a distant parsonage to his work? Why not furnish him a home next door to the church or under its very roof? Why not attract the young people into the church by innocent games and wholesome reading? Why not (this in city churches surrounded by wage earners) teach the multitude that *godliness* is ennobling and "cleanliness next to Godliness?"

In answer to these questions the typical modern church has come. It is built not for show and exclusive use on Sunday, but for every day needs. It has attractive reading rooms, a gymnasium and baths possibly, parlors, a kitchen (with pantries) and all the culinary utensils, linen, crockery and table ware necessary to feed a multitude. Under the same roof—and if not there then in a parish house adjoining—live the pastor and his assistants.

Of course, the great proportion of such churches is to be found in the larger cities and towns, and as yet form a very small fraction of the churches of the country, but enough exist to serve as pioneers and landmarks in the evolution of an edifice fitted for the work of the ideal church.

In many minor points the modern house of worship differs from the old. Then the preacher occupied a lofty box and preached down at his people. Now he walks out on a broad platform, but slightly elevated above his hearers, and talks with them. Then the choir was usually located in a loft in the gallery behind the congregation. Now singers and organ are placed before the audience, where they can lead in fact as well as in song.

Then the pews were private property, to be sold, bartered and bequeathed as a personal or family chattel. Architecturally speaking, they were high and square, and uncomfortable. Now they are low, comfortable and so arranged that the occupant of the back row has as satisfactory a view of the preacher as the one in front, and the pews belong to the church, not to the individual.

Then there was a more or less potent feeling that it was sinful to spend much money in adorning the place of worship. Now the notion prevails that not only is the Lord to be worshiped in "the beauty of holiness," but in the holiness of beauty. Therefore more and more costly become the buildings erected and more and more artistic their external and internal appointments.

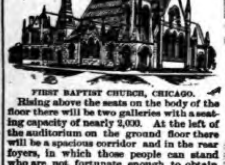
This evolution is not confined to any particular locality. There are as fine and admirably equipped churches in the interior and west today as in the east. Chicago, Minneapolis, Denver, St. Louis, Kansas City have buildings that are not surpassed for external beauty and adaptation for modern church life. The First Baptist

FIRST FLOOR PLAN BROOME STREET TABERNACLE.

Church of Chicago is a fair example of development along this line in the great west.

In the picture and diagram of the lower floors of the Broome Street tabernacle, New York city, are seen the outlines of a building admirably adapted for the work of a modern church among the humbler classes. It was built by the City Mission society a few years ago, at a cost of $140,000. It serves as a home for its pastor; it has a large and comfortable auditorium surrounded by class rooms that can be thrown into the main audience room; it has a gymnasium and baths in its basement which are freely used and greatly appreciated by the toilers; it has a well stocked library and reading rooms, and inspection of its running schedule shows that at some time each day some part of the church is being used for some good purpose.

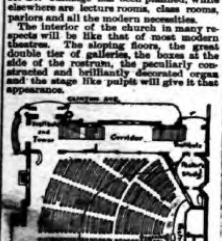
Still another type of the modern church is to be seen in the new Tabernacle which is to be built for the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, of Brooklyn, N. Y., after plans designed by J. B. Snook & Sons, of New York city. Here the demand is for large seating capacity and the utilization of every inch of room. Norman in its style of architecture, to cost $150,000, planned to furnish seats for nearly 5,000 people and standing room for nearly a thousand more, this great church will in many respects be the most remarkable in the country.



FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, CHICAGO.

Rising above the seats on the body of the floor there will be two galleries with a seating capacity of nearly 2,000. At the left of the auditorium on the ground floor there will be a spacious corridor and in the rear foyers, in which those people can stand who are not fortunate enough to obtain seats. On the right there will be a perfectly appointed Sunday school room, separated from the main apartment by folding doors, which can be thrown open, enlarging the capacity of the auditorium 1,000 seats. The pulpit will be 35 feet in width, elliptical in shape and 15 feet deep. At the left of the pulpit a spacious study for Dr. Talmage has been planned, while elsewhere are lecture rooms, class rooms, parlors and all the modern necessities.

The interior of the church in many respects will be like that of most modern theaters. The main floor, the gallery, the double tier of galleries, the boxes at the side of the rostrum, the peculiarly constructed and brilliantly decorated organ and the stage like pulpit will give it that appearance.



PLAN OF DR. TALMAGE'S NEW TABERNACLE.

Simply a great auditorium between Guilford "meeting house" of yesterday and the tabernacle of today.

GEORGE P. MORRIS.

BEAUTY WITH BRAINS.

SOME NEW YORK WOMEN WHO ARE BOTH WISE AND WINSOME.

One Writes Books, a Second Edits a Paper, and the Others Hope to Achieve Success on the Stage in Various Roles. How They Live and Look.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

MARQUISE CLARA LANZA.

In selecting half a dozen New York women of acknowledged fairness of face and intellectual vigor I thought first of the Marquise Clara Lanza, a well known woman of the world, the heroine of a romantic marriage and the author of half a dozen clever novels and innumerable book reviews and letters on current topics. In a sunny, second story room in one of the bijou residences on the street running crosswise to the upper portion of Central park I found her. She is a decided blonde. Indeed, her fluffy hair, lying in short, boyish locks against forehead and neck, could scarcely be a paler yellow, her skin of a more unvarying pallor. She has lovely eyes, of a rare, bluish gray, and regular features, but her charm lies chiefly in the mobility of her expression, her sympathetic, breezy manner and a refreshing lack of affectation. It is a much in these days of artistic poseurs to meet a woman as simple and winning as this young matron.

QUIRA VASCO.

Literature with her is neither a fad nor a makeshift to kill time. There was nothing of caprice in her appearance or surroundings. She was seated at a large writing table, as austerely business like as a lawyer who is blessed with a multiplicity of briefs, and quite alone except for a Chinese dog of most alluring ugliness, which "shivered and shook" on a mat at her feet. In this dainty literary den the marquise writes systematically from 10 until 1. For breakfast an egg and a cup of strong coffee are all she finds necessary for the support of an active imagination and a plump, shapely body, but to use her own expression, she "eats all she can get at luncheon." Her last book, "Basil Morton's Transgression," is a realistic story of the artistic bohemian side of New York life, daringly handled, and abounding in exquisite pen pictures of chance bits of city life and coloring.

For absolutely flawless beauty few women in New York can compare with Quira Vasco, the young society woman who, strictly incog., makes her debut in the fall in the stock company of the Madison Square theatre. Her photograph gives but a meager idea of her tropical, brunette loveliness. Her Greek profile alone will

MME. DE FONTENILLIAT.

send the critics raving ecstatically. As if nature had not been over loving in giving her a face of such bewildering beauty, she is tall, exquisitely rounded, distingue, and graceful as a young palm. Her manner is in keeping with this attractive ensemble, her voice of liquid and penetrating sweetness. What she has undoubted talent for the profession she has chosen. This praise in cold black and white sounds fulsome, whereas it is only the simple truth.

There was a stir in New York society about a year ago when Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt's sister wedded M. de Fontenilliat, during a holiday in Europe. The marriage, like so many others between American belles and impoverished foreigners, was a failure, and now Mme. Julie de Fontenilliat never sees her whilom husband. She is bent on carving a fortune in the way her talents direct, and will soon be seen behind the footlights. Dion Boucicault is her master, and he considers her a most promising pupil. In delicate comedy Mme. de Fontenilliat is strikingly good. Following the example of most society women who step almost from the drawing room to the stage she will appear in a new play, specially written for her. She has a charming face, what artists are fond of calling a "type," and theatrical people a "fine stage face." A profusion of silky, golden hair lies in natural waves all over her shapely head. Her large, gray eyes meet your own clearly and directly. She has strikingly white teeth and good, boldly cut features, which will not become insignificant in the trying glare of the calcium light.

Minna Gale first came into prominence in New York as leading lady of the Booth-Barrett combination, particularly two winters ago, when they played the memorable engagement in the "Venetian Nights," including only "Othello" and "The Merchant of Venice." She is well born, well bred, well educated, dainty and clever to her immaculate finger tips. Like Rosalind, she is "more than common tall," but her proportions are so perfect she does not look her many inches except when she shows a good half head above an actor of medium height. For this reason she wears heelless shoes and flat, wide hats upon the stage.

Theatre goers are familiar with her in a copper colored or blonde wig, but in reality she is a pale skinned brunette with straight black hair and deep brown eyes of remarkable brilliancy. Her features are delicate and piquant, her smile slightly sarcastic, and on the street she is distinctly a tailor made girl, carrying her small head as proudly poised as the Duchess of Leinster. She lives with her mother and sister in an artistic apartment on Gramercy square, not a stone's throw from the new Players' club. As Shakespeare's heroines she has achieved different degrees of success, but critics have agreed in pronouncing her Desdemona ideal and altogether lovely. In the clinging, white crepe gowns and Cenci like turbans, and with an expression of wondering innocence in her large eyes, she

MINNA GALE.

was so girlishly alluring that one sympathized fully with poor Othello's tortured cry when, framing her soft face in his brown hands, he moaned:

Oh, thou weed,
Who art so lovely fair, and smell'st so sweet
That the sense aches at thee—would thou hadst
ne'er been born.

Nobody needs an introduction to Elita Proctor Otis, amateur actress, member of Sorosis, artistic bohemienne, literateur, etc. New York knows her challenging dimples well. Here she is as she recently appeared at the Lyceum theatre as Lady Teazle in "Powder and Patch," smiling her coquettish glance at Sir Peter. Nothing but praise has followed her when for different charities she has appeared as the dashing Lady Gay Spanker, Constance in "The Love Chase," or Kate Hardcastle.

Managers have been hoping for years to see her enter the profession, but instead she has become a journalist and her name, as editor, appears upon the cover of the New York Saturday Review, a paper devoted mostly to the doings of society and

ELITA PROCTOR OTIS.

news of the theatrical world. Her blonde face is decidedly irregular, but she possesses a personal magnetism which many classical beauties lack. Merriment follows in her wake. Diablerie lurks in her smile. She is as suspicious as the fashionable Parisienne, and one of the most popular, much talked of women of New York.

No ingenue on the stage has a face more soulful, more winning than Annie O'Neill. Her beauty is of the ideal, spiritual order. She has fair hair, with eyes of that peculiar brown filled with shifting, golden lights. Her skin is pale and smooth as a white rose petal, her lips a vivid red. While lunching at the Cafe Savarin recently she made an exquisite study in color. A soft, dark velvet hat with a shadowy brim shaded her face, a striking contrast to her pale, shining hair; a smocked, belted waist of red silk suffused her neck and chin with a rosy glow; the yellow sunlight stole in a broad band through the window beside which she sat, and, reflected in a mirror before her, framed her in a circle of light. She is petite and slender, and when in New York

ANNIE O'NEILL.

lives quietly with her mother in a quiet house on a quiet street up town. The accompanying photograph shows her as the pretty Charlotte Corday in "The Girl I Left Behind Me," a part she played with Salvini during his last engagement in New York.

EVELYN MALCOLM.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HALLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.
Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.
GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8
Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, Yard wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 4 foot step-ladders, 85 cents each.
PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 49 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.
HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,
Specialties in CARPETS & MILLINERY.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.
Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 8c. Great variety of cotton window shades at 35c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lots of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled tow-linen reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $1.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.
Bargains in Every Department.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,
50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50
LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
Reliable Goods, Low Prices.
CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST
STYLES OF
SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT
WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.
Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

The weather demands it
The people demand it
We supply the demand,
IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES.
Absolutely the largest and best assortment ever shown in Plainfield.
WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV.
Doane & Van Arsdale.
22 W. FRONT. St.
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'dway

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made)
Furniture Express
21 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Prompt attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 628. Telephone call 39.

Higgins' Stage Line
TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE
STRICTLY ON TIME:
First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7:30 a. m. to meet 7:50 a. m. train from Hillside ave. and Broadway, Bound Brook, at; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to ave.; to Depot.
34 trip 8.15 a. m. to meet 8.35 a. m. train
3rd do 9.15 do do 9.35 do
4th do 10.00 do do 10.20 do
5th do 10.45 do do 11.05 do
6th do 11.45 do do 12.05 p. m.
7th do 1.45 p. m. do 2.05 do
8th do 2.45 do do 3.05 do
9th do 3.30 do meet 3.51 p. m. train
10th do 4.45 do do 5.05 do
11th do 5.45 do do 6.05 do
12th do 6.45 do do 7.05 do
Stages will also leave Plainfield every 7th trip, and Bound Brook and Middlebush every 8th trip, at corresponding intervals to the above schedule, and make same connections.
Stages will make return trips every hour, leaving Depot, Plainfield, at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m.
Horses and Carriages kept exclusively for livery purposes. Special attention to Horses a specialty, for sale or exchange.
Orders left at Hotel Brook in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates, will be promptly attended to.
TEL. A. HIGGINS, Prop'r.
Stables on Sycamore street, between 6th and 7th. Telephone Call, 19.

MUSIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE
1890.
POWLISON & JONES,
34 West Front St.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
Latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Ribbons, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Ostrich and Feather Work a specialty. Feather Bleaching and Framing. Feathers Repaired, Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Constitution, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Ladies' Consultation Free. Female complaints a specialty. Office 60 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR
TINWORK
FOR PARLOR and BRICK GRATE FURNACES, ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue
2d and 3d floors, Box 1

Wm. A. Woodruff
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security, on Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & S. A. Co.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co.
Money Transferred by Tele. and Cable.
Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager.

PLEASURE BOAT AND CANOE

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, MAY. 22 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MRS. CUFF'S SAD PLIGHT.

She Wanders Away From Home While Demented.

Mrs. Sylvester Cuff wandered away from her home in this city on Saturday evening last. She left her home at the corner of Plainfield avenue and Fourth street to take a walk. She did not return and a thorough search was instituted, but this did not reveal her whereabouts.

Yesterday morning Captain Grant received a telephone message that Mrs. Cuff was at Woodbridge and was being cared for by friends. He immediately procured a carriage and went to Woodbridge, returning with the woman last evening.

The woman is demented and was but recently liberated from an insane asylum. She was returned to the institution to-morrow.

The poor woman must have had a bitter experience. She first wandered to Hopewell and then through the country until she reached Woodbridge, where she was recognized and cared for by friends. When found she had on neither shoes nor stockings and was nearly starved.

She boarded in in the employ of Freeholder J. Rush Halstead.

Who Stole the Wheel?

Mr. Edward French of West Front street, Tuesday evening rode down to the Bi-Club House, on Sycamore street, on his bicycle, as it had to take some exercises in the gymnasium. When entering he left the wheel up on the porch. He stayed till about half-past ten and then started for home. In the meantime, some miscreant had felt fatigued, and to ease himself had borrowed the wheel.

When Mr. French found his wheel gone he was somewhat excited. After a vain search he gave it up as lost.

He notified the Captain of Police to look out for his property.

Yesterday Special Policeman Hope discovered some children of Bryant school riding a bicycle, bobbing one another. In response to his questions they replied that they had found it lying near Scott's Press Works.

The wheel was subsequently returned to its owner.

JUMPING ON CARS.

An Offender Fined Five Dollars and Costs.

Patrick Kelley was a prisoner this morning at police headquarters, charged by Special Officer John M. C. Marsh of Westfield with having, in company with several others, been guilty of stealing rides on the Central Railroad Company.

When brought before the desk Kelley denied the charge, saying that on the date in question he was at work, but then this was denied by his mother, who stated that at that time he was out of employment on account of the shops fire, at which factory he was employed. Justice Canfield imposed a fine of $5 and costs, which was paid by the prisoner's mother, when he was permitted to depart.

Jr. O. U. A. M. in Roselle.

A meeting was held in Temperance Hall, Roselle, last week, for the purpose of grousing interest in the purposes and methods of the work of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics. Mr. Wm. S. Clarendon, of Elizabeth, Special Deputy State Councilor of the Order, was present and explained the aims of the organization. About 13 names were received of those who wish to become members. It is probable that within the next week a sufficient number will be received to authorize the institution of a council in Roselle.

Frightened by Colored Persons.

Tuesday afternoon two young children of Mr. Henry Fraser left their home on East Second street to attend the Bryant school. On their way they met some colored people who they claim frightened them. The children in running away became bewildered and lost their way. Special Policeman Hope found them near Scotch Plains last evening and returned them to their homes.

Post 72 to be Inspected.

There will be a special inspection of Winfield Scott Post, No. 72, G. A. R., on Tuesday evening next. The Department Commander, the Senior and Junior Vice Department Commanders and their staff will be present and participate in the exercises. Comrades from Potts No. 57, 75 and 27 will also be entertained by the local Post. A collation will follow the inspection.

Scotch Plains School.

The handsome new school building at Scotch Plains will be opened next Saturday with appropriate ceremonies. Messrs. David F. Todd, T. J. Nichols and F. W. Wescott, the trustees for the school district, have spared no effort to secure as fine a building as could be obtained, and they deserve credit for their success.

A Railway Man Missing.

John J. Coffee, a business man, left Rahway Monday to go to New York to pay some bills and has not been heard of since. Foul play is feared. He had a large sum of money in his possession. Mr. Coffee was very regular in his habits, and his domestic and financial relations are of the best.

Another Runaway.

A horse attached to a wagon belonging to Messrs. R. W. Rice & Co., left standing at the freight house at about half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon, became frightened and ran away. Mr. Frank Randolph noticed the animal start and caught it before it succeeded in doing any damage.

Transfers of Real Estate.

Archibald C. Ackerman to Rufus W. Archer, property in North Plainfield, $1. Ruth W. Ackerman to Elias Dederick, property in North Plainfield, $5,000; Township of North Plainfield to Henry Taylor, property in North Plainfield, $42.60.

A BRIEF SESSION.

The Court Meets for a Few Moments this Morning—One Prisoner Sentenced.

The Union county court of general quarter session convened at Elizabeth at the usual hour yesterday morning. There were no trials appointed for the day, the session being held for arraignment of defendants and motions before the court.

Judge McCormick presided with associates Wiley and Hyer. The only arraignment was John Clements, who was indicted in the January term for assault and battery. He pleaded not guilty and Prosecutor Wilson moved for sentence.

The prisoner made the statement that the complainant was a woman living in the house with his family. She aggravated him and he shoved her, but did not violently beat her.

The sentence imposed was to a term in the county jail for five days, this light punishment being imposed for the fact that the prisoner had already been in jail for some considerable time.

In the orphan's court branch there were several matters. The court was adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock.

The Line of March.

The line of march of the Plainfield Bi-Club at the time of the "meet" in this city will be about six miles in length, over the following route: Starting from the Plainfield Bicycle Club House to Fourth street, to Broadway, to La Grande avenue, to Putnam avenue; counter march at Kensington avenue to Franklin place, to Broadway, to Crescent and Park avenues; counter march at Ninth street to Front street, to Washington avenue, to Rockview avenue; counter march to Washington avenue, to Front street, to Central avenue, to Seventh street, to Plainfield avenue, to Eighth street, through Central avenue; counter march at Ninth street, to Eighth street, to Park avenue and form at Club House for photograph.

JOTTINGS.

—Several cases of diphtheria are reported on Harmony street, North Plainfield.

—Several children are confined to their homes in Westfield with the scarlet fever.

—Devotions for the month of May were held in St. Mary's church last evening at eight o'clock.

—The Elizabeth coal dealers have reduced the price of coal to $3.75 per. ton, the lowest rate in four years.

—The Veteran Zouaves of Elizabeth will go to Bound Brook and participate in the Memorial Day exercises.

—Next Sunday evening the newly-organized choir of the First Presbyterian church will render a service of song.

—There will be a regular meeting of Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M. this evening at eight o'clock.

—Several members of the Middlesex Gun Club indulged in a "shoot" on their grounds in Dunellen yesterday afternoon.

—The Central Railroad Company offer special inducements for persons to take a trip to Lake Hopatcong on Decoration Day.

—The Young Crescents of this city will play a game of base ball with the Cuban Giants on the Sixth street grounds next Saturday.

—Mr. L. A. Kline is engaged soliciting subscriptions from the residents of Craig place for the purpose of macadamizing that thoroughfare.

—Mr. Mark Lee, of Pearl street, wishes us to say that it was Mr. Thomas Lees, of Grove street who was mentioned in the bicycle matter yesterday, and not him.

—Garret V. Stryker of Flemington has been appointed by the Supervisor of the Census to ascertain the amount of the recorded indebtedness in the several counties of the Fourth Congressional district North Plainfield is in that district.

—The Governor has signed the bill giving Common Pleas courts power to transfer licenses for unexpired terms; also the bill allowing governing bodies of fourth-class cities to build sidewalks and make a lien on property when the owner of said property refuses to build walks.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Westfield Baptist church met at the church parsonage last evening and presented the pastor, the Rev. J. K. Folwell with a handsome plush chair. Mr. A. F. Grant made the presentation speech. Mr. Folwell feelingly thanked the donors, after which a very enjoyable evening was spent.

—Yesterday afternoon a West Second street little girl espied a horse and carriage standing in front of Reform Hall. She jumped into the carriage and took a pleasure drive for a couple of hours. When she returned the horse to its former place the poor animal was perspiring freely. The owner lectured her and then let her go.

—Did you ever notice how names go in and out of fashions, as well as cloths, The Boston Transcript's gossiper suggests that the fashion in women's names changes every ten or fifteen years. For instance, he says, the Nancy epoch occurred early in the present century. Then came the Martha Ann, Mary Jane epoch dominating the other two. The Lucy epoch began about 1835, after which came the Helen the Ida and the Ella epochs. After that, Edith, Maud and Mabel prevailed, until they were displaced by the brood of names to which the affix "ie" can be attached, which are now the vogue.

—The Mid Summer Sunday-school Convention at Asbury Park, June 12th and 19th, gives promise of great success. The programme includes as speakers, Rev. Drs. Meredith, Ellsteadge, Worden, Schauffler, McEwen, Warren, McChesney, Mitchell, and others. Tickets, including reduced rates at hotel, reserved seats for the session of the Convention, and tickets for a social and supper, are sold at $1, and may be had of the following persons in this county: A. S. Crane and J. M. Dudley, Elizabeth; M. Marvin Dunham, Plainfield; J. A. Durand, Rahway; Rev. N. W. Caldwell, Westfield.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

A curious case of chicken asphyxiation occurred in Mercer county a few nights ago. It was a cool night and the farmer's wife went to bed, feeling that her 450 little chicks were doing nicely, and old enough to be through with the gapes and healthfully weaned. Next morning, huddled together in one coop, were seventy dead birds. Trying to keep warm they had been smothered.

About three weeks ago Thomas Leonard, of South Jersey, aged twenty-four, entered his mother's hennery to feed the chickens, when a Dominick rooster weighing fourteen pounds flew at him, and sunk one of its sharp spurs in his ankle. The injury was painful at the time but Leonard paid no attention to it until last Thursday week, when the limb began to swell. Blood poisoning set in that night, and his death resulted last Tuesday.

Dunellen Notes.

Mr. Charles Carpenter is laying excellent pavement, improving the sidewalks of all kinds.

We regret very much that the Rev. Mr. Sharpley is going to leave us for a time. He is very much liked and is quite popular. The Rev. Mr. Bishop expects to fill his place.

A very pleasant social party was held at Mandeville, the residence of Mr. T. L. Thomas on the 19th inst., it being the 16th anniversary of their wedding day. They received many handsome presents. There were three divines present and all took part in a semi-ecclesiony in honor of the day. Mr. and Mrs Thomas did the honors of host and hostess admirably.

A very elaborate collation was partaken of. The jollification lasted till the "wee sma' hours." All present departed wishing the happy couple many happy returns of the day.

NANO.

A Painful Accident.

Yesterday morning Mr. Harry Smith, a young man in the employ of Mr. Carl Koerth, was engaged supplying a Front street customer with soda when one of the bottles exploded. The broken glass badly lacerated Mr. Smith's right arm and he will be compelled to carry it in a sling for some time. Dr. Probasco dressed the wounds.

PERSONAL.

James McCormick, age 48, died at his home in South Somerville, Saturday, of diabetes. He was buried in this city.

The Rev. Robert Cark has accepted the pastorate of the Unitarian church in this city. He will enter upon his new duties in June.

The funeral services over the remains of the late John Shay will take place from St. Joseph's church Friday morning at nine o'clock.

Mr. A. M. Ross and family of New York will move into Mr. Leo Daft's beautiful residence on Putnam avenue on or about June 1st.

Mr. A. W. Haviland and family of Rockview avenue will leave this city about June 1st, for St. John's, New Foundland, where they will spend the Summer.

Mr. George Wharton Edwards of this city is one of the instructors in Mr. John Ward Stimson's Institute of Artist-Artisans, to which we referred yesterday.

Richard, a young son of Mr. O. T. Waring of Park avenue and Ninth street, fractured one of his arms by falling from a trapeze at the bicycle gymnasium on Monday last.

Mr. Edward J. Martin who has been in the employ of Mr. J. S. Cutter for some time past has resigned his position and will accept one with his uncle, Assemblyman William H. Martin at Frenchtown, N. J.

Bishop Scarborough will spend next Sunday in Plainfield. He will be at Grace church in the morning, the church of the Redeemer in the afternoon and Holy Cross church in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Kirkner who have for some time past been residing in New York have returned to Plainfield and are residing on Eighth street. Mr. Kirkner is the eldest son of the Hon. Jacob Kirkner who is now on his way to Europe.

Mr. Clark W. Evans, formerly of East Fifth street, is cruising around in Southern waters near Old Point Comfort, Va., in his beautiful schooner yacht "Sandanora"—i. e. —"Sunlight." He contemplates cruising around Long Branch and New Port this Summer.

Miss Celie E. Gardner of No. 5 First place, is an author of some note. Her latest publication is entitled "Seraph-or-Mortal" and is published by the Dillingham Publishing House of New York. It treats of the time of the flood, and is considered the best of her many literary works.

Messrs Frank Cokefair of Crescent avenue and Fred Yates of East Seventh street are at Atlantic City, N. J. They have been enjoying the sea air at Beach Haven and Atlantic City for some time past. They will spend the remaining days in Saturday, when they expect to return home, at Barnegat Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. George McGinnis celebrated their seventeenth wedding anniversary at their home on Linden avenue last evening. There was a large number of guests present and everybody apparently enjoyed themselves hugely. Mr. and Mrs. McGinnis received besides congratulations, a number of very handsome presents.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Cokefair are now residing in their handsome new home No. 9 Crescent avenue. It is one of the handsomest of the many handsome residences on that avenue and is a standing credit to the good taste displayed by its owner. Mr. and Mrs. Cokefair and family will reside there until July 1st when they start for Ontario Lake, On one of the many islands of the lake Mr. Cokefair has a Summer residence, in which they will reside. Mr. Charles Hyde, Jr., of East Front street has an island home some miles above Mr. Cokefair's and he and Mr. Cokefair's son Frank have most enjoyable times there, during the warm Summer months.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Rushing Bill Through.—Session Soon Over.—Shorter Hours for Railroads Men.

BILLS INTRODUCED

Joint Resolution No. 3. Authorizes the Governor to place on the retired list of the National Guard, such officer having the rank of Colonel, as he may designate, with the rank of Brigade General. (Militia.)

No. 279, Mr. Gardner (for the President.) Provides that where an association of men constituting an amount of money equal to that appropriated to a road district, the township committee may appoint said association road overseer, for that district.

BILLS PASSED.

The passed bills were as follows: R. 503, makes corporations liable under supplementary proceedings; S. 121, repeals act of March 23, 1869, to prevent shooting and trapping of English noblemen (hares); H. 510, authorizes boards of freeholders of Middlesex county to erect a stone arched bridge over Albany street, New Brunswick, at a cost not exceeding $150,000.

WITHDRAWN.

House 336, which provides that monies loaned by the school fund to various municipalities at 3 per cent., in stated and limited sums, for the purposes of building school houses, was withdrawn by its introducer, after a protracted discussion between Messrs. Kelley, and Ranghtright.

Mr. Kalisch offered a resolution, which was adopted, that 6,000 copies of the Ballot Reform bill, as passed by the Legislature, be printed in pamphlet form and distributed to the members.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 558, Mr. Woolman. Authorizes the Quartermaster General to issue to each commissioned and non-commissioned officer who does not have the same, a rifle for use in rifle practice. (Militia.)

No. 559, Committee on Incidental Expenses. The incidental bill, amounting to about $5,000. The bill does not include any items for the State or the Senate Election Committee.

No. 560, Mr. Kelley. Gives counties of over 60,000 inhabitants a sergeant-at-arms for Common Pleas Courts, at a salary of $900. (Judiciary).

THREE STRIKES, OUT!

On motion of Mr. Nash, the vote by which it was lost H. 473, which provides for the assessing of building lots by the acre when the lots are located outside of the city limits, was reconsidered. Woolman said the bill was intended to benefit prospective towns located just outside of Camden. Mr. Johnston objected to the bill, because it would deprive the assessors of their powers. Mr. Albright said he was surprised at the persistency displayed by Mr. Nash in calling up a bill which had already been killed twice. Perhaps, though, thinks he is playing ball with the bill, and is waiting for three strikes before being put out. The bill, he thought, was clearly unconstitutional. Mr. Nash warmly defended the bill, which was put to a vote for the third time and was again lost, 16 to 18.

BALLOT REFORM ASSURED.

The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the Werts Ballot Reform bill (House No. 486) by a vote of 44 to 0. The amendments were concurred in without debate.

SHORTER HOURS FOR RAILROAD MEN.

Mr. Kelly's bill, House 380, making ten hours' labor, within twelve consecutive hours, a day's labor for surface and elevated railroad company employes, came up for final disposition and was explained by its introducer. The bill was passed 35 to 0. S. 543, provides for the calling of a new election, by the Court of Common Pleas, when a tie occurs in elections in seaside boroughs. H. 143 (Senate amendments), Nonahan's Baled Hay bill.

Adjourned to three o'clock p. m.

Grand Army Posts Meet at Elizabeth.

Ulric Dahlgren Post, No. 25, G. A. R., of Elizabeth, was visited last evening by Captain Dahlgren of Trenton, who is a brother of Ulric in honor of whom the Post is named.

There was also present a large delegation of members from Winfield Scott Post of Plainfield.

Among the many questions of importance discussed, was the observance of Memorial Day, and the proposed visit to Boston.

Second New Jersey Brigade.

The annual reunion of the Second New Jersey brigade will be held in Association Hall, Newark, on June 18th. The reunion was held last year in Elizabeth, where there are quite a number of survivors of the brigade.

The coming reunion promises to be the most interesting ever held by the brigade. Gens. Sickles, Carr, Sharpe, Rusling and Sewell, and many other distinguished officials have been invited and will attend. The committee decided to reserve the gallery for the ladies who will be invited.

Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the post office at Plainfield for the week ending May 21, 1890:

Allen, Mr A	Hicks, Miss	Rahn
Ashworth, Wm	Hoyt, J W	
Atwell, Miss Maud	Lonade, Miss Annette	
Clark, Rev. Robert	Morrison, Mrs Jennie	
Campbell, H O	McKennerty, Mrs M M	
Collins, Miss Retta	Mattenebon, Miss L	
Dunn, Miss Ella A	Mehlhorrin, Miss K (3)	
Hollywood, C	Walling, Miss Casey	
Hoffman, Miss J G	Watson, Robert	
	Walker, Miss Grace	

Persons calling for any of the above letters please say advertised. R. R. POPE, P. M.

—There will be interesting exercises in Reform Hall to-night.

—Secretary of State Kelsey has notified the Switzerland League (insurance society) that they are violating the State laws.

—On Decoration Day, May 30, the Middlesex Gun Club will hold a shooting tournament on their grounds in Dunellen.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Instantly Killed by a Runaway Horse.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 21st (Special)—This morning William Clapy, aged 20, an employe of the Windsor Hotel in New York was killed by a runaway horse here. The horse knock him off of the sidewalk and into the gutter killing him instantly.

Died.

SHAY—In North Plainfield May 19th, 1890 John Shay aged 85 years.

Funeral Friday morning from his late residence No 25 Linden avenue at 8:30 o'clock from St. Joseph's church at nine o'clock.

MEAD—Died suddenly, at his residence in this city of brain fever, on Wednesday, May 21st, 1890, Frederick G. Mead.

Funeral services from his late residence, No. 153 East Front street, Saturday, May 24th, 1890, at 2:30 p. m. 2121-3*

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A CHAMBERMAID And waitress wants a situation. Good references. Apply at 126 W Front street. 23-2

A GIRL for general housework wanted at 336 Somerset street. Reference. 23-2

FOR SALE—New slate roof cottage, five rooms, one minute from railroad station, Dunellen. Price $1,400. Terms easy. Apply to Wm. F. Adams, 10 Park avenue, Plainfield, or to W. S. Stevens, Dunellen. 5-10 S,T&T

FOR SALE—A good second hand milk wagon. Nearly new. Address P. O. Box 771. 23-2

FOR SALE—A bargain. A 56-inch Victor Bicycle. Owner no use for it. Splendid condition. Address "Wheel," care of Evening News. 21-2

FOR SALE or to let—House, seven rooms, pleasant location. Inquire 87 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield. 5-19tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilcox. 2-4f

LOST—On Sycamore street, a trade dollar. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at 13 East Seventh street.

LOST—Maltese cat. Wore yellow ribbon and small bell. Please return to No. 9 Crescent avenue.

MISS KATE GRARY, fashionable dressmaker, formerly of No. 4 Pence street, has removed to larger quarters at No. 69 East Front street, where she will be pleased to meet her customers. 20-5*

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-4tf

ORGANIZERS wanted for a No. 1 fraternal order. Application in Germania or English to R. G. Thomsen, 57 and 59 East 4th street, N. Y. City.

SELLING Out cheap. Horses, wagons and harness of all kinds. Call at McKnight's livery, Sixth street. 22-3

SITUATION waited by young girl at general housework. Good cook. Good reference. Address "B." care of Evening News.

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, Light Brahma's, Black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 113 Rockview avenue. 3-6tf

TO LET—Furnished house; good order; pleasant grounds, with stable. Address "E," care of Evening News. M7&E3

TO LET—A hall bedroom furnished, in a flat. Centrally located. Address "Y," care of Evening News. 21-2

WE BALDWIN of 262 Somerset street has five fresh cows for sale. Big milkers. 20-3

WANTED—A protestant girl for general housework. Call at 161 Grove street.

WANTED a good responsible dressmaker to take charge of sewing room. 52 East Fifth street. 2*

WANTED—A saddle horse. Must be sound. Address stating particulars, price, etc., "Horse," care of Evening News. 21-2

WASHING and ironing. Good work done. Call at 43 East Third street, Plainfield. 20-3

WANTED Coachman and gardener. W. R. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

18 TINTYPES For 25 cents, at the cottage photograph gallery, Sixth street, between Park avenue and Union Street, for a short time. 23-3

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

GRAND OPPORTUNITY

TO VISIT

Lake Hopatcong,

ON DECORATION DAY,

Friday, May 30th,

On the above date Special Excursion Tickets will be sold from Plainfield for

Adults, $1.25; Children, 90c.

Tickets good to go on all trains May 30th, and to return until May 31st, inclusive.

Trains leave Plainfield for Lake Hopatcong at 7.00, 9.42 a. m. and 5.29 p. m. 22-2*

AUCTION SALE

of Real Estate. T. J. Gillies will sell on

Tuesday, May 27th,

At 3 o'clock p. m. the well-known property of the late Joseph Hall, situate on "Woodside Grove," 4 building lots on Somerset street, and 2 lots on Grove street, each 80 feet front by 200 feet deep; also about 1 acre of wood and pasture land, having a frontage of 188 feet on Somerset street and 207 feet on Grove street, and a depth of 707 feet.

This opportunity should be embraced by any one desiring a good home or a profitable investment.

Terms—One half cash. The balance can remain on mortgage. PETER WOODEN.

23-2tf

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE!

T. J. Gillies, Auct'r, will sell on

Friday, May 23, at 2 P. M.,

At No. 76 West Front street, a quantity of Black Walnut, Mahogany and other Furniture, and numerous other articles. Terms cash.

A NEW HAT

Presented to each purchaser of $12 worth of goods at

WERNER'S

Mammoth One Price Clothing House,

NO. 36 WEST FRONT STREET.

All the Latest Spring and Summer Styles of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Furnishing Goods.

CUT THIS OUT

AND BRING IT TO US, IT IS WORTH 25c TO YOU.

For every purchase of $2 worth at one time. If you will bring this adv. to us we will allow you a reduction of 25 cents. If you want $15 worth of shoes or repairing or both secure five of these adv's and we will allow you $1.25 for them. This will hold goodunti July 1st. Remember we carry a full line of the BEST shoes that can be had in all widths and styles at low prices, and do fine repairing.

ROGERS BROS,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

12 WEST FRONT STREET.

FOR ONE WEEK!

WITH A 25c. DRESS! We will give free, 1 best skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 skirt reels, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 65c. DRESS! We will give free 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 card hooks and eyes, 2 skirt reels.

WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hooks and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels.

WITH A $1. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hook and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining.

ALL NEW AND STYLISH GOODS.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Special Notices.

MANICURE. Dr. R. Barrera, G., will be in town for a few days and is prepared to treat the hands and nails of those who desire, in a thoroughly scientific manner, at moderate rates. Those desiring treatment may communicate with him at 187 Park avenue. 22-1w

CLAIRVOYANT. Will remain until Wednesday morning, June 4. Will leave that day without fail. The last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, and fight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50c. Gents $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 21-1w

TRUTH.

OUR GOODS ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY THAT CAN BE PURCHASED FOR CASH. YOU CAN BUY NO BETTER THOUGH YOU PAY THREE TIMES OUR FIGURES. A FULL LINE OF CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS AND FRESH JERSEY VEGETABLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND

COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

29 W. FRONT STREET.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

Gentlemen's Patent Leather and Kangaroo Boots.

Ladies' Oxford Ties

and

RUSSET SHOES

Russet Apples

are good to wear, and

Russet Apples

are good to eat. If you desire a pair you can get them at any hour. I have just received a fine lot of

Russet Apples

which I will sell at reasonable prices for cash.

Call and see them.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL 6. 13 E. FRONT ST

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

V. AND W. SPECIAL OFFER.

We offer 1,000 yards fine French dress gingham 10c per yard. These goods have never sold less than 15c, and at the price offered, the yare the best bargains in ginhams we have ever had.

Van Emburgh & White

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

12 WEST FRONT ST.

Happy Combination.

PURE DRUGS AND

SAFETY BICYCLES.

OUR SPECIALTIES: Pure drugs; the careful compounding of physician's prescriptions; proprietary medicines; toilet soaps and all articles pertaining to a Temple of Pharmacy.

A SLIDE DRUTH: But an important one; is the PREMIER SAFETY BICYCLE, for both sexes and all sizes. The PREMIER SAFETIES are the BEST IN THE WORLD; not because WE sell them; but we sell them, and ride them because they ARE THE BEST. Call and see them. Send for catalogue.

Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. P. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec-Treas.

DRINK MOY'S SODA. NONE BETTER.

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING and TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL 6. 13 E. FRONT ST

A Kinder Symphony

in

VINCENT CHAPEL,

Saturday, May 24,

at 4 o'clock p. m.

IN AID OF THE CHILDREN'S HOME.

Tickets, 50 cents. May be procured at Reynolds', Randolph's, or of any of the lady officers. 20-4*

I do not Import Goods, but I do buy and sell the best of everything in groceries vegetables and fruits.

R. O. HOWELL.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HORNSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. P. O. BOX 209 I. TELEPHONE CALL 45.

Where Is Anonine?

Mrs. Victoria Woodhull Biddulph Martin and Lady Tennessee Claflin Cook, of London, have come to this country with weapons loaded for bear. The first person they went gunning for was Police Inspector Byrnes, of New York, who had published in some newspaper reminiscences statements about the two sisters that they did not like.

Victoria and her husband and brother-in-law visited Inspector Byrnes with the intention of making him retract these statements. Next day a long account of the interview was published, accompanied by the assertion that the inspector had completely backed down and retracted his offensive remarks, and not only that, but he declared he had never said anything of the kind, that it was all the fault of the naughty newspaper man. According to Brother-in-law O'Halloran, what happened was this:

We were very politely received, and when the inspector shook hands with Victoria he at once said he had never laid eyes on her before and heard he prohibited to her character or that of Lady Cook. Mrs. Martin told him that if he did know anything now was the time to say it, for her husband was present and she wanted him to hear the truth. The inspector repeated his statement, and then explained how the defamatory article came to be published.

A writer for a syndicate had repeatedly asked the like to interview the inspector, and as notables or notorious persons, and he had finally said to the writer that if he would come to his house on the following Saturday night he would have material for an article. The inspector assured us that he gave some facts concerning some French women who had become notorious in France and this country, and then threw himself on a sofa while a subordinate gave some details about other people.

In short, Inspector Byrnes made an abject apology, though in a very manly one. We are entirely satisfied with his explanation.

Mrs. Martin herself said:

Inspector Byrnes assured us in the most solemn manner that he never gave this syndicate man the facts he conveyed with the names of the Woodhull-Claflin sisters. He had never seen the correspondent and did not affix his signature thereto. He added that he was very sorry that the thing had happened, for it was very unfortunate, and said he had no evidence in his possession.

Then reporters visited Inspector Byrnes, and here is what he said:

Mrs. Martin's statement that I shook hands with her and received her with great kindness is false. She began to talk about the article that I had executed, and I stopped her and asked her what her business was with me. She wanted me to read a lot of letters that she had in a valise that I refused. I told her that I was the author of the article in question; that I was responsible for it, and that I would be glad to meet her in court. I said I was a public officer and any statement I had made I was prepared to prove. Mrs. Martin then wanted me to make a compromise and she laid the valise on my desk, but I swept them into the waste basket. Mrs. Martin became agitated because I would not make a compromise, and she left the office in tears. The Martins said they had no intention of bringing a suit against me.

But *what* was Mr. John Biddulph Martin doing while Inspector Byrnes was treating his wife in this way?

A Model Course of Reading

This year the Chautauqua literary course has a hundred thousand readers. For the average citizen, the man and woman who must work daily and yet wants to be an intelligent person, no system of reading could be laid down that is superior.

The full course includes four years of reading and investigation. The close of this school year finishes Roman and Italian history. For 1890-91 the students will read and study English history and literature, the next year American history and literature, which they should have begun with, by the way, and for the last year they will go into Greek history and literature. The only fault with this admirable course is the one mentioned—that it does not put the students to the study of their own country first.

The students of the Chautauqua system, at home, and the same given in reading is that snatched from the work of the housekeeper, the mechanic, the farmer, or the business man and woman. Besides the course mentioned there are others in science, biography, etc. Arrangements are made with book publishers so that readers can obtain the volumes needed for about $6 a year. They also subscribe for The Chautauquan, a monthly magazine full of information. As Dr. Hale remarks in The Cosmopolitan, the only wonder is that 3,000,000 readers do not take the Chautauqua course.

The mind cure, faith cure and Christian science cure advocates may now consider themselves sat upon and flattened out for all time. At its last meeting in Chicago the Theosophical society, in general convention assembled, did resolute that all the above styles of healing were the practice of black magic. We are to conclude from this that the only *simon pure* white magic is dealt out to us by the theosophists.

He furnishes the motive power, she directs it. That is the division of labor between Capt. Allen, of New Bedford, Mass., and his wife Anzonetta, who has just obtained from the government inspectors a steam yacht pilot's license to navigate the waters of New Bedford and vicinity. The two own a steam yacht, *and he runs the engine while she steers* the craft.

Within a few weeks Kentucky has lost two of her most prominent Democrats, Senator Beck and ex-Representative Kaulbes.

THE TARIFF BILL PASSED

The Battle Over It in the House Ended.

THE VOTE WAS: AYES 164, NAYS 142

The Amendments That were Adopted or Rejected—Many Republicans Voted with the Democrats Upon Some of Them. Affirmative and Negative Voters.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Wednesday afternoon the tariff bill came up in the house for final passage. After the committee of the whole had reported the bill Mr. McKinley demanded the previous question and moved the third reading and engrossment of the bill. Division was demanded by Mr. Bland (Mo.), and the speaker, after counting, declared that 138 had voted in the affirmative and 128 in the negative. Then the yeas and nays were demanded by Mr. McKinley. The speaker announced that the yeas were 161, the nays 143. Mr. Coleman (La.) and Mr. Featherstone (Ark.), Republicans, voted with the Democrats against the adoption of the motion. Mr. Butterworth (O.) and Mr. Adams (Ills.) refrained from voting.

Amendments Adopted or Defeated.

The amendment increasing the duty on tin plate was carried—yeas, 139; nays, 149. Eight Republicans voted with the Democrats, among them being Mr. Butterworth (O.). The amendment making yarn made of jute dutiable at 35, instead of 30 per cent., was defeated—143 to 144—the first Democratic victory. Twelve Republicans voted with the Democrats. The next amendment on which the Democrats asked for a vote provided that the duty on hair of cattle, hair be taken from the free list and made dutiable as third class wools. The amendment was adopted—yeas, 144; nays, 138. Messrs. Henderson (Ia.), Struble (Ia.) and Taylor (Ills.), voted with the Democrats.

Many Republicans Refused to Vote.

A yea and nay vote was taken on an amendment to the wool schedule to provide that on woolen or worsted cloths, knit fabrics and manufactures made wholly or part of wool, the hair of animals, etc., valued at not more than 32 cents per pound, the duty per pound shall be three times the duty imposed by the bill on a pound of unwashed wool of the third class, and in addition 40 per cent. ad valorem. The bill, as unamended, provided that *twice* the duty should be imposed. This ballot resulted in another victory for the Democrats, who, with the votes of several Republicans to aid them, polled 146 votes in the negative against 143 in the affirmative. The Republicans voting against the amendment were Messrs. Anderson (Kan.), Comstock, Dolliver, Dunnell, Flick, Henderson (Ia.), Lacey, Lind, Owen (Ind.), Struble, Taylor (Ills.), Waddill, and Wilson (Ky.). A number of Republicans sat in their seats and refused to vote.

An amendment providing that all manufactures of silk of which wool or the hair of the goat is a component part shall be classed as manufactures of wool was agreed to—153 to 135. The Republicans voting against the amendment were Messrs. Featherstone, Henderson, Kerr (Ia.) and Taylor (Ills.).

The vinegar amendment adopted in the committee of the whole was adopted by a vote of 164 to 138.

Mr. Carlisle's Amendment.

This was the last amendment and the engrossment and third reading of the bill having been ordered, Mr. Carlisle offered the following amendment:

Resolved, That the pending bill be recommitted to the committee on ways and means, with instructions to report the same back to the house as amended by substituting for the schedule of duties the revenue of the government by reducing the burdens of taxation on the people, instead of reducing the duties on the protective principle.

The Tariff Bill Passes.

The resolution was defeated—yeas, 140; nays, 164. The bill was then passed—yeas, 164; nays, 143—amid applause on both sides of the house—the Democratic applause being derisive in its character. The following is the

Yeas—Messrs. Adams, Allen (Mich.), Anderson (Kan.), Arnold, Atkinson (Pa.), Atkinson (W. Va.), Baker, Banks, Barrett, Bartine, Barwig, Beckwith, Belden, Belknap, Bergen, Bingham, Bliss, Boothman, Bowden, Bowers, Brewer, Brosius, Brower, Browne (Va.), T. H. Brown, Buchanan (N. J.), Burrows, Burton, Butterworth, Caldwell, Candler (Mass.), Cannon, Carter, Cary, Cheadle, Cheatham, Clarke (Wis.), Cogswell, Comstock, Cooper, Cooper (O.), Craig, Culbertson (Pa.), Catcheon, Daniels, Darlington, Davenport, Dingley, Donovan, Dolliver, Dorsey, Dunnell, Evans, Ewart, Farquhar, Finley, Flick, Flood, Frank, Funston, Gear, Geissenhainer, Gifford, Greenhalge, Grosvenor, Hall, Harmer, Haughen, Hansbrough, Henderson, (Ills.) Henderson (Ia.), Hermann, Hitt, Hires, Holmes, Hook, Ilsley, Kennedy, Kerr (Ia.), Ketchem, Kinsey, Knapp, Lacey, Lafollette, Laidlaw, Lansing, Lawe, Lehlbach, Lewis, Lodge, Lore, Lyman, McCord, McCormick, McKenna, McKinley, Miles, Milliken, Moffatt, Moore (N. H.), Morey, Morrill, Morse, Mudd, Niedringhaus, Nute, O'Donnell, O'Neil (Pa.), Osborne, Owen (Ind.), Payne, Perkins, Phelps, Post, Quigg, Reed, Richardson, Randall, Raines, Ray, Reyburn, Rife, Rockwell, Rowell, Russell, Sanford, Sawyer, Scranton, Scull, Severns, Shonds, Smith (Ills.), Smith (W. Va.), Sawyer, Snyder, Spooner, Stephenson, Stewart (Vt.), Stivers, Stockbridge, struble, Sweney, Taylor (Ills.), Taylor (Tenn.), Ezra Taylor, Joseph Taylor, Thomas, Thompson, Townsend (Col.), Turner (Pa.), Vandever, Vanschaick, Waddill, Wade, Walker (Mass.), Wallace (Mass.), Wallace (N. Y.), Watson, Wheeler (Mich.), Wickham, Williams (O.), Wilson (Ky.), Wilson (Wash.), Wright, Yardley—164.

The Negative Vote.

Nays—Messrs. Abbot, Alderson, Allen (Miss.), Anderson (Miss.), Bankhead, Barnes, Bell, Blanchard, Bland, Blount, Boatner, Breckinridge (Ark.), Breckinridge (Ky.), Brookshire, J. B. Brown, Brumm, Buchanan (Va.), Buckalew, Bunn, Byrum, Campbell, Candler (Ga.), Carleton, Carlisle, Catchings, Chipman, Clancy, Clarke (Ala.), Clements, Chisine, Cobb, Coleman, Cooper (Ind.), Covert, Cowles, Crain, Crisp, Culberson (Tex.), Cummings, Dargan, Davidson, Dibble, Dockery, Dunphy, Edmunds, Elliott, Ellis, Enloe, Feather stone, Fitch, Fithian, Flower, Foreman, Forney Fowler, Geissenheimer, Gibson, Goodnight, Grimes, Hare, Hatch, Hayes, Haynes, Heard, Hemphill, Henderson (N. C.), Herbert, Holman, Kerr (Pa.), Lanham, Lee, Lester (Ga.), Lester (Va.), Lewis, Lockwood, Mahon, Martin (Ind.), Martin (Tex.), McAdoo, McCarthy, McClammy, McClellan, McCreary, McMillan, McRae, Mills, Montgomery, Moore (Tex.), Morgan, Mutchler, Oates, O'Ferral, O'Neil (Mass.), Outhwaite, Owens (O.), Parrett, Paynter, Peel, Pennington, Perkins, Price, Quinn, Reilly, Richardson, Robertson, Rogers, Rowland, Rush, Sayers, Seney, Shively, Skinner, Springer, Stahlnecker, Stewart (Ga.), Stewart (Tex.), Stone (Ky.), Stump, Sweney, Tillman, Tracy, Tucker, Turner (Ga.), Turner (N. Y.), Turpin, Venable, Washington, Whiting, Whitthorne, Wheeler (Ala.), Wise, Wilkinson, Wilcox, Williams (Ills.), Wilson (Mo.), Wilson (W. Va.) and Yoder—146.

The speaker appointed A. B. Taylor (O.), Stewart (Vt.) and Bland as conferees on the anti-trust bill. Adjourned.

The Senate and the Bill.

The tariff bill will probably reach the senate today or Friday. The greater part of it has been through the engrossing clerk's hands in anticipation of its passage. In the senate it will be referred to the finance committee. That committee has not considered formally how it will deal with the *lard question, but it is believed* that extended hearing will not be given. A few of the representatives of more important industries may be heard from time to time, but most of the arguments will be submitted in writing. Senator Allison will have charge of the bill. The general impression is that the bill will be reported to the senate by the middle of June—certainly before the end of July.

IN THE SENATE.

The Silver and Liquor Bills Freely Discussed.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—In the senate the resignation of Mr. Canaday, the sergeant-at-arms, was presented and laid on the table. The conference report on the bill for a public building at Hudson, N. Y. (limiting cost to $75,000), was agreed to. Mr. Stewart addressed the senate on the silver bill. There would be no preference between gold and silver he said if the United States would do as France did and establish the ratio of 15½ to 1. By that the party would be maintained. Neither gold nor silver was money without the government stamp. The silver men wanted to furnish bases enough to preserve to the people their rights of property and liberty. Without them men could not be free and free institutions could not be preserved. He quoted the platform of the Republican party and interpreted it as meaning that that party would make no discrimination between gold and silver.

The bill, he said, was a cunning device to stop the present coinage. The indebtedness, public and private, of the people was equal to the amount of the circulative property of the country. But they were solvent if permitted to pay their debts in the money in which they were contracted. The coinage demanded more and cheaper taxation and cheaper labor, but the people who were in danger of becoming serfs gave notice that they demanded the remonetization of silver or that more paper should be issued to enable them to retain their property.

Mr. Platt quoted statistics to show that there had been no actual contraction of currency. Mr. Blair wanted to know why the senate had not passed his school bill if the platforms of both political parties were binding. Mr. Farwell said that as a member of the committee on resolutions at the Chicago convention his interpretation of the silver plank was that the party was in favor of silver money at the market price of silver. Mr. Wilson (Ia.) gave notice of an amendment providing that treasury notes issued for silver shall be legal tender for private debts.

Mr. Farwell gave notice of an amendment providing that the certificates shall be receivable for customs taxes and public debts and shall be legal tender for public and private debts. The silver bill was then laid aside informally and the liquor bill was taken up.

Mr. Eustis supported the bill. Mr. Hiscock said that under the proposed measure the New York legislature might pass a bill forbidding the importation into the port of New York of the wines and brandies that now paid $6,000,000 customs duties. Mr. Evarts suggested that if this were so the language of the bill might be qualified. Mr. Wilson (Ia.) and Mr. Hale defended the bill. Mr. Hiscock suggested further that the law might be so framed as to protect *distilleries, etc., of one state* against those of another. Mr. Hoar did not think this difficulty at all practical. The bill was laid aside without action.

TO STEAL LOWER CALIFORNIA.

The Alleged Plot of Wealthy Filibusters Against Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—The Chronicle devotes four columns to giving complete details of an alleged conspiracy to capture lower California and to found an independent republic, to be followed by annexation to the United States. A number of prominent capitalists interested in lower California lands and mines and well known citizens of Los Angeles and San Diego are involved, according to the revelations. San Diego appears to have been the headquarters of the filibusters. The general outline of the plan, it is claimed, was for the Mexican Land and Colonization company, composed of wealthy Englishmen owning concessions on the peninsula, to place in the hands of a well known San Diego capitalist $100,000, to be used in advancing the interests of the filibusters.

The large warehouse of an English company at Ensenada was to be filled with arms, ammunition and provisions for the use of the revolutionists. The officers of the English company claim that the policy of the Mexican officials in lower California has been ruinous to the land interests of the company, which has been obliged to expend thousands of dollars in protecting its interests, and the salvation of the company, they assert, finally depends upon annexation.

A lobby has been working at Washington in the interest of the company, but as the prospects of congressional action were unfavorable a filibustering expedition was decided upon. Two propositions were discussed. One was capture Ensenada, the other was to introduce a large number of Americans on the peninsula, ostensibly as railroad laborers, to capture the Mexican man-of-war Democrata and at the same time give a picnic in honor of Mexican officials, and in the midst of the festivities capture the garrison and seize the telegraph and railroad lines.

Simultaneous risings at the Alamo and Tia Juana were to take place. Several meetings of the conspirators took place in March and April, and at one of these the facts became known to a newspaper man. When the peninsula had been seized a provisional government was to be declared on or about Aug. 1, and martial law was to be enforced. The land of the peninsula was to be nationalized, and *a peaceful order of things* would be negotiations for annexation to the United States would follow. The names of the projectors are given.

The Rumor Confirmed.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 22.—United States Marshal Card and Collector of Customs Berry express themselves as being satisfied that a well organized scheme has been maturing, in pursuance of which the Mexican officials of lower California were to have been seized. This action, it was believed, would cause no uprising of the dissatisfied residents of lower California. Among the statements published in connection with the affair is one to the effect that the international company has a railroad project, and $100,000 was to be expended for arms and ammunition by an agent who is in New York for the purpose.

Four Miners Killed.

CALUMET, Mich., May 22.—Four miners were killed yesterday by a rock falling on them in the South Hecla branch of Calumet and Hecla mine. The names of the men are Mike Bachler. Hat Scholar, Joseph Genesrib, Dominick Gingles. A fifth miner was severely injured

HIS TARDY REPENTANCE.

The Fatal Result of Judge Masterson's Escapade.

HIS WIFE DIES BROKEN HEARTED.

She Went to New York to See Him, but He Refused to Go Near Her Until Informed of Her Sudden Death—The Judge's Great Grief.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Mrs. Florence B. Masterson, wife of ex-Judge Murat Masterson, of Prescott, Ariz., the man whose shooting affair in Alice Hopkinson's divorce proceedings brought him notoriety, died Wednesday at the Grand Union hotel, this city. She was 38 years old—much younger than her husband. There had been an estrangement between them for some months, but when Mrs. Masterson heard of the shooting affair she started east in the hope of effecting a reconciliation with her husband and also for the purpose of seeing again her 14-year-old son, who was with his father.

He Would Not Come.

On arrival she wrote Mr. Masterson requesting an interview. There was no response. She wrote again with the same result. Though her health had always been good, the excitement and grief drove her into a condition of nervous prostration. She called upon Dr. Adams, an old friend, yesterday, and talked with him of her troubles.

Her Tragic End.

The doctor accompanied her back to her hotel, and just as she was entering the elevator she placed her hand over her heart and fell to the floor dead.

A telegram was sent to Mr. Masterson and he was soon at the hotel. The body was removed to an undertaker's establishment, after which a reporter called there last evening he found ex-Judge Masterson sitting with bowed head beside the casket containing the body.

She Was Broken Hearted.

He seemed overcome by his emotions, and would utter not a word to any one. Coroner Jenkins will make an autopsy. He says there is no doubt that it is a case of broken heart, if there ever was one.

Dickenson's Second Trial in Progress.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 22.—The second trial of Jacob Scheels, a liquor dealer, for *murder in shooting and killing Constable* Drucker, in New Canaan, was begun. The evidence of witnesses for the prosecution, who testified in the first trial, when Scheels was found guilty of murder and sentenced to be hanged May 30, 1889, was again introduced without material change.

Leased by the Western Union.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 22.—The Western Union Telegraph company has secured control of the Bay State Telegraph company for ninety-nine years at $13,000 per year. The company owns six copper wires between New York and Boston and others between New York and Baltimore.

The Cashier Arrested.

WARREN, Pa., May 22.—C. F. L. Kanzler, cashier of the Pennsylvania Gas company, of this place, was arrested last evening *charged with embezzling the funds of* the company to the amount of $10,000. Bail was fixed at $20,000, which he failed to secure.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Berliner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaFayette avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

ELOCUTION. Lessons in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberti, P. O. Box 1008.

FRENCH AND GERMAN. Taught by Mlle. Louis Viroux and Gerdtner of the Berlitz School of **Languages**, Monson Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 23rd street.

MR. F. L. CONDE, Teacher of **violin**, 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced students prepared for parlor and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 208. 4-9-1y

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HIS LIFE THE FORFEIT.

Witness Taylor Says He Was Threatened by Ballot Box Thieves.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The sub-committee of the house committee on elections that recently returned from Arkansas, where it investigated the Clayton-Brooks-ridge contested election case, met to hear the testimony of Warren Taylor, of the Indian territory, who resided at Morrilton, Ark., on election day in 1888. Representatives Lind, Breckinridge and Hall, ex-Attorney General Garland, were present at the hearing. The witness testified that on election day he heard that the negroes in Plummerville were organizing for a riot and he agreed to ride down there from Morrilton in the evening. Oliver Bentley and Walter Wells had asked George Bentley and himself to go. In all eighteen went down from Morrilton. The party was mounted.

A section of the party, himself among them, had waited on the outside of Plummerville, but no trouble ensued, and after the rest of the party joined the section to which the witness belonged was the whole party rode home again. During the ride back to Morrilton he heard that the ballot box used at Plummersville was in the party. He rode forward and saw the box. Either W. P. Wells or Oliver Bentley had the box. He was not certain which had it.

The witness stated that George Bentley had been killed about two weeks after he was rumored that he (Bentley) was to turn state's evidence concerning the theft of the ballot box. The witness testified that he had been with Dallas on the night Clayton was murdered. They had gone first to the court house, and then to a dance. Bentley left before the murder did. He was dressed in his working clothes.

The witness had a faint recollection of hearing that a ballot box had been burned in a blacksmith shop at Plummerville. The witness stated that he had been arrested for interfering with the supervisors of election at Pine Bluff, where he had not been on election day. He believed that the arrest was to prevent him testifying at Morrilton. He had been warned by friends not to come back to Morrilton. If he went back he might be killed. After the reward of $1,000 had been offered for the apprehension of the ballot box thieves, Wells, Oliver Bentley and others had told him that he would be killed if he gave the thing away. The sub-committee adjourned until Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Accepted.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Ex-President and Mrs. Cleveland were waited upon at their residence last evening by Governor Ross, Col. A. H. Belo, Hon. John Martin, J. S. Armstrong and several other citizens of Texas, *accompanied by their wives, and a* cordial invitation was extended to the ex-president and his wife to visit the Texas state fair, to be held at Dallas in November. Mr. Cleveland replied that he had long desired to visit the southwest, and if nothing unforeseen occurred he would gladly accept the invitation. Mrs. Cleveland also gave a similar answer.

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Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19
13 " " " " " 25
12 " " " " " silk points, 29, 38
Children's silk mitts in black and tan shades 15 and 25

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

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"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45, "Victoria" silk, silver handle, 25 in., $1.20, 26 in., $1.45, 28 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys' striped belts 25 buckle, 5c
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"Let him eat plenty of sugar," said the friend.

"What good will that do?"

"It will put some grit into him."—Philadelphia Press.

Americans Abroad.

Husband—Come, come, my dear, don't waste valuable time thinking; look at the view—look at the view!—Life.

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"What's that?"

"He takes things easy."—Journal of Education.

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Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK AND NORTH AVENUES.

JERSEY BALLOT REFORM.

The Werts Bill Has Passed the Senate

AND IS IN GOV. ABBETT'S HANDS.

A Digest of the Measure as It Left the Legislature—How the Ballots Are Printed, Distributed and Cast—Penalties for Infringement of the Proposed Law.

TRENTON, May 22.—The new system of ballot reform that is to prevail in New Jersey hereafter was practically placed on the statute books Wednesday. The senate, on motion of Senator Werts (Dem.), of Morris, took up the act elaborated by the joint committee on ballot reform and without any opposition passed it. The act had already passed the house, and is now in the hands of the governor for approval, which will not be withheld from it. It is founded in its main features upon the suggestions made in Senator Werts's original draft, and has therefore come to be known in legislative circles as Werts' bill. It has undergone considerable amendment, however, since the first summaries were published, and a general outline of its provisions in their final shape may be of public interest.

Provisions of the Bill.

The act begins by establishing county boards of registration all over the state. These boards are to consist of four persons each, two of each political party, to be nominated to the governor by the chairmen of the state committees of the parties. The officers are to be non-partisan. In all elections for state officers and congressmen they are to be appointed by the county boards in each county, two of each party, in the nomination by the county committees. In municipal elections they are to be chosen by the governing body of the city, also on the non-partisan basis. These precinct election officials are directed to make a list of the voters in their precinct by "actual knowledge or reasonable belief as to habitation," and the registry lists are to be made up from these canvassing books. On election day there are to be two poll clerks instead of one, as now, and two poll lists will be kept.

Filing Lists of Candidates.

The next set of clauses provides for the filing by committees of the lists of their candidates, under the seal of the convention, with the secretary of state or county or city clerk, according as the offices for which nominations are made are state or local. There may be nominations by petition, provided the nominees represent a party that at the election immediately preceding polled 3 per cent. of the entire vote.

The Casting of the Ballot.

The provisions for the casting of the ballot establish a system that prevails in no other state in the Union. The ballots are to be printed at the expense of the state. Each party is to have a ballot with only the names of its own candidates upon it. The ballots of all the parties are to be exactly alike as to size, color and paper, and they are all to have a distinctive water mark in their texture. They may be distributed five days before election to people who apply for them. But when they are voted they are to be inclosed in official envelopes that can be secured at the polls only and only on election day.

Electioneering within 100 feet of the polls is forbidden, and the number of those who can watch the count is limited to two agents of each party, to be designated by the party organization. The envelopes are to be voted unsealed, and if one be destroyed or spoiled by the voter he is to return it before he can receive another. And he cannot receive more than the two. In the count the ballot is to be inclosed again in the envelope, and the envelope is to be strung, with the ballot in it.

The Penalties Prescribed.

The act gives specific directions as to the management of the polling place. There are to be booths supplied with an unlimited number of ballots of all parties, in which the voter is to prepare his ballot. He is then to march directly to the part of the room where the ballot box is and deposit it. The heaviest penalties are provided for malfeasance or misfeasance on the part of any official in the performance of his duties, and the supreme court may, on the application of twenty-five freeholders, make a summary investigation into any election that is alleged to have been carried by fraud.

Section 71, the last of the bill, enacts that any employer, agent, superintendent or overseer of workmen who shall by any sort of duress, command, or improper influence, or by any fraudulent or improper device, contrivance or scheme, prevent or impede the free exercise of the franchise of any voter at any election shall be liable to a fine of $2,000 or five years' imprisonment or both.

SKIPPED WITH THE BILL.

The Alleged Scheme of an Assemblyman to Block Legislation.

TRENTON, May 22.—Assemblyman Trier, chairman of the committee on municipal corporations, went away Monday, and the Newark elevated railway bill, which had been under discussion before his committee, cannot be found. Mr. Trier was opposed to the bill, and it was held back in committee so long that the house adopted a resolution demanding that the bill be reported. Then both Mr. Trier and the bill disappeared. There was an exciting debate over the matter. It was alleged that Trier had left the state, to remain away until after the legislature adjourned.

Finally a resolution was adopted instructing the sergeant-at-arms to produce Trier before the bar of the house. The office started for Newark, but it is believed that Trier must be outside of the state.

To Oust Senator McDonald.

TRENTON, N.J., May 22.—Senator Gardner and his Republican colleague, Mr. Rue, of the senate committee on elections, have, it is said, issued an edict that Senator McDonald, of Hudson, must vacate his seat in favor of William S. Stahr, the contestant. The programme decided on by unseating Mr. McDonald will probably be carried out this afternoon. There will be some very exciting scenes in the senate over the affair.

Six Months for Count Monterrale.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—Count Monterrale, in jail since April 23 on charges of libel in distributing defamatory circulars concerning his wife, Virginia Knox, of Pittsburg, has pleaded guilty and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

The Montgomery Trust Company Resumes.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., May 22.—The Montgomery Trust company, which suspended payment a few months ago, has resumed business. The new administration has public confidence, being entirely clear from connection with the bank.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—

New York	3	1	0	7	1	0	2	0	0—14
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0— 0

Base hits: New York, 17; Pittsburg, 4. Errors: New York, 0; Pittsburg, 5. Batteries: Hutchinson and Zimmers; Baker and Berger. Attendance, 503.

At Boston—

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Boston, 2; Cleveland, 7. Errors: Boston, 5; Cleveland, 3. Batteries: Nichols and Hardie, Wadsworth and Zimmer. Attendance, 1,268.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 5. Errors: Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 4. Batteries: Vickery and Schriver, Hutchison and Ehrinige. Attendance, 2,261.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	2—7
Cincinnati	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0—4

Base hits: Brooklyn, 10; Cincinnati, 10. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Cincinnati, 3. Batteries: Lovett and Daly, Baldwin and Foreman. Attendance, 605.

Players' League.

At New York—

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2—2

Base hits: New York, 10; Chicago, 4. Errors: New York, 2; Chicago, 2. Batteries: Keefe and Ewing, King and Boyle. Attendance, 1,878.

At Boston—

Boston	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	3—11
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Base hits: Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 8. Errors: Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries: Madden and Kelly, Staley and Carroll. Attendance, 1,308.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	1	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0—7
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Philadelphia, 7; Cleveland, 7. Errors, Philadelphia, 0; Cleveland, 2. Batteries: Husted and Milligan, O'Brien and Sutcliffe. Attendance, 1,200.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0—3
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 8; Buffalo, 6. Errors: Brooklyn, 5; Buffalo, 3. Batteries: Van Haltren and Kinslow; Keefe and Richardson. Attendance, 884.

American Association.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Columbus	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—4

Base hits: Syracuse, 5; Columbus, 8. Errors: Syracuse, 5; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Keefe and Healy, Easton and O'Connor.

At Rochester—

Rochester	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
St. Louis	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	2—7

Base hits: Rochester, 5; St. Louis, 16. Errors: Rochester, 3; St. Louis, 4. Batteries: Barr and McGuire, Stivetts and Munyon.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	1	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	1—10
Toledo	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Athletic, 11; Toledo, 8. Errors: Athletic, 4; Toledo, 4. Batteries: Greene and Robinson, Smith and Sage.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Louisville	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Base hits: Brooklyn, 4; Louisville, 4. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Louisville, 2. Batteries: Daily and Bowers, Ehret and Kyan.

Atlantic Association.

At Jersey City—Jersey City, 5; Baltimore, 13. Base hits: Jersey City, 8; Baltimore, 7. Errors: Jersey City, 8; Baltimore, 6. Batteries: Redmond and Dowd, Baker and Townsend.

At Worcester—Worcester, 5; Newark, 6. Base hits: Worcester, 6; Newark, 7. Errors: Worcester, 0; Newark, 5. Batteries: Stafford and Gunnison, Mace and Duffy.

At New Haven—New Haven, 6; Washington, 0. Base hits: New Haven, 10; Washington, 6. Errors: New Haven, 1; Washington, 8. Batteries: Doran and Hefford, Phillips and Hamilton.

At Hartford—Hartford, 5; Wilmington, 8. Base hits: Hartford, 7; Wilmington, 8. Errors: Hartford, 4; Wilmington, 5. Batteries: Pagan and Moore, Swartwood and Corcoran.

LEAPED TO HER DEATH.

A Young Woman Hangs by the Neck from a Moving Train.

HAMILTON, O., May 22.—A young woman whose name could not be learned, purchased a ticket for Cincinnati at the office of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad in Chicago, Wednesday night, and boarded the vestibule train which left at 8:35. Shortly before midnight she produced two bottles of whisky and drank from them several times. Finally she got up and went out on the rear platform, took a rope from under her cloak, fastened one end securely to the railing of the car and tied the other end around her neck and jumped off.

Her absence was noticed and a search was made by the trainmen. Her dead body was found lying in a pool of water and blood near the track, a short distance from Monon, Ind. There was nothing on her person which would lead to her identity, but the passengers say that she was evidently a young lady of refinement, and that she probably drank the whisky to nerve herself to the point of suicide.

Woolen Folks in Session.

LAWRENCE, Mass., May 22.—The semi-annual meeting of the National Association of Woolen and Worsted Overseers opened here and was very largely attended. A business meeting which was of no public interest was held in the forenoon and at the afternoon session addresses were made by the representatives of the various machinery companies.

Slavin Will Fight the Winner.

NEW YORK, May 22.—A cablegram from London has been received at The Police Gazette office stating that Frank Slavin will challenge the winner of the match that has been beaten by Jackson. Slavin will fight the winner of the Sullivan and Jackson match or Jem Corbett for £1,000, but the articles must be signed before he will leave England.

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LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process" will cease in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not received tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

John L. Sullivan has promised the president of the Virginia Athletic club to fight Jackson for a purse of $25,000 or Joe McAuliffe for $10,000, both fights to be to a finish, at the club's grounds in Virginia. The club has a charter from the state under which it is said the men can fight with safety.

Professor Charles F. Smith, of Bowdoin college, has been appointed professor of American history at Yale. Peter E. G. McLaughlin has been promoted to a position as assistant professor in English. The summer vacation will be lengthened one week.

Drs. Levings and Osborne, the two New York milk inspectors who were accused of bribe taking before the Fassett committee, have been suspended and their trial set down for May 23.

Governor Bulkeley, under the provisions of the world's fair bill, has made these nominations of commissioners for Connecticut: Ex-Senator Leverett Brainerd, of Hartford, and ex-Governor Thomas M. Waller, of New London. The alternates are the Hon. Charles F. Brooker, of Torrington, and Hon. Charles R. Baldwin, mayor of Waterbury.

Hostetler Littlefield, of Jessup, Ga., shot and killed County Surveyor McCall and Mrs. Littlefield. McCall was intimate with Mrs. Littlefield.

Chili declines to sign the Pan-American treaty for compulsory arbitration.

The British proposals for a settlement of the seal question have been rejected, and the fleet has been ordered to seize and detain mantle British vessels engaged in sealing in Behring sea.

A cablegram from Buenos Ayres says that there has been another outbreak in Puerto Allegro. In the conflict twenty-six soldiers were killed. Forty soldiers were injured.

J. H. Hollander has sued Jacob Bais, the Guatemalan consul general at New York, to recover $50,000 damages for libel. Hollander, who is editor and proprietor of a Guatemalan newspaper, informed the United States government that its consul, Henry C. Hall, was guilty of improper conduct at Guatemala. Upon Hall's complaint Hollander was imprisoned thirteen days in jail, held for several weeks, and then expelled from the country without a hearing. His property was confiscated.

The war department has formally accepted the cruiser Vesuvius from the contractors, the Pneumatic Dynamite Gun company, of New York.

Ex-Lieutenant Thomas Hill, died at Shokan, N. Y., May 21, aged 81 years.

The grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania held its session at Allegheny.

THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

Dr. Agnew's Spirited Defense of the Board of Publication.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 22.—In the Presbyterian assembly yesterday afternoon unusual interest was taken in the expected lively continued debate over the report of the board of publication and the minority report of the special committee. Dr. Benjamin Agnew, of Philadelphia, opened for the board by saying that the trouble arose because it was misunderstanding by the special committee.

Dr. Agnew took up the report of the special committee, and read it page by page. "The preamble of that report is made up of misrepresentations," he said. "I make that assertion coolly. That preamble will do your board of publication an injury from which it will not recover in this century. The committee does not give the facts as regards the cost of printing matter. We are getting our work done cheaper than other religious bodies because we pay for it promptly. The charges of 'strange' discrepancies concerning the publication of 'The Westminster Lesson Leaf' are false and scandalous. I don't know anything about the law of New York, but I know that under the law of Pennsylvania that charge is a libel, criminal libel."

He then showed how, under an order of the general assembly, the publication board had bought a quantity of cheap books, which it had to rebind at an expense of $10,000. Except when thus overruled, he declared, the publication board dealt only in well bound books much better than those of ordinary publishers, and that was one reason they sometimes cost more.

He declared, too, that the publication board welcomed investigation, and concluded with the rather mixed metaphor, which apparently had reference to the chairman of the special committee: "If the war goes on the longest pole will knock down the most persimmons." The resolutions of District Attorney Graham, of Philadelphia, turning the whole subject over to a committee of seven, with power to sue, were adopted.

The committee on bills and overtures reported, recommending that all overtures on the subject of a revision of the creed be referred to a committee of nine, who shall confer with the United Presbyterian and Reformed churches, to prepare a short creed containing the essential principles of the Westminster confession, the committee to report to the next assembly. The report was docketed. The assembly pledged itself to do all it could to secure the $1,000,000 for foreign missions for the coming year.

The Mayor Owns Brewery Stock.

BUFFALO, May 22.—There was quite a flutter of excitement in police and excise circles over the new law prohibiting the rank and file of those departments from connection with the manufacture or sale of liquors. As yet no steps have been taken to have the officials and subordinates subscribe to the required oath. Mayor Bishop, who is interested in a brewery, is taking legal advice as to whether the law compels him to dispose of his stock. If it does he will sell out.

The Weekly Payment Bill a Law.

ALBANY, May 22.—The governor has signed the bill providing for weekly payments of wages by corporations organized under the state law, steam surface railroads excepted, also the bill providing for addition of hat making and printing in state prisons. He also signed the bill which amends the factory inspection law by adding eight women factory inspectors to the force, and providing for a state inspector to be appointed by the governor immediately.

President A. C. Goodman Sued.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 22.—The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance company has been sued for $100,000 against its former president, A. C. Goodman, this being the amount of dividends that he is alleged to have been in excess of the stipulated 6 per cent. on his stock. The other former directors who were accused of similar irregularities have restored their share of the proceeds.

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RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near R. R. 10-1tsf

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-y

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

Frank Linke,

Established 1865.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Wines and Rum Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J. All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.,

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN TO DESIRED.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

His Ears Were a Little Large.

Burly Party—Are you aware, sir, that your deliberately placed your umbrella in my ear last evening?

Little Bitterton—Very careless of me, I'm sure. I wondered what became of it, and —would it be too much trouble to ask you to return it?—Dry Goods Chronicle.

Right Go to the Head.

Teacher—Have animals a capacity for affection?

Class—Nearly all.

Teacher—Now, what animal possesses the greatest attachment for man?

Little Girl—Woman.—Tidbits.

A Conundrum.

What is the difference between the lover who is afraid to propose and the one who keeps repeating "Good night, sweetest," every time he starts to leave?—Judge.

The one goes without saying and the other says without going.—Boston Courier.

Another Sweetheart Now.

Young Man—I wish to get this engagement ring enlarged.

Jeweler—Enlarged? Why, you told me a while ago it was a perfect fit.

Young Man—Oh yes, that was all right for her.—Yankee Blade.

A Graceful Compliment.

Mrs. Simson (exhibiting her first born)—Isn't he a cunning little monkey, Mrs. Tangle?

Mrs. Tangle—Yes, indeed. And he's so remarkably like his father.—Chatter.

On the Look Out for Danger.

Foreman of Works—Well, sir, what can I do for you?

Tramp—Oh, I was just looking around to see if there was any danger of getting a job.—Binghamton Leader.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF J. NEWTON JENKINS, late of Dunellen, deceased. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred of their claims and demands against the same against the subscriber.

MARY JENKINS, Executrix.

April 5th, 1890. 4-12 10tw

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14-6m

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.39, 5.04, 5.58, 6.36, 7.09, 7.46, 7.56, 8.30, 9.15, 9.51, 10.39, 11.09 a. m., 12.02 noon, 12.40, 1.15, 1.45, 2.20, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.10, 11.26 p. m. Sunday, 3.57, 5.04, 5.58, 6.36, 7.09, 7.46, 8.30, 9.15, 9.51, 10.39, 11.09 a. m., 12.02, 1.15, 2.20, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.10, 11.26 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 4.30, 5.45, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday, 8.45, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.30, 6.00, 7 00, 10.00 p. m., 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.58, 6 36, 8.30, 9.15, 10.39, 11.09, 11.03 a. m., 12.02, 1.15, 2.20, 3.00, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.10, 11.26 p. m. Sunday, 5.58, 8.30, 9.15, 10.39, 11.09 a. m., 12.02, 1.15, 2.20, 3.00, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.10, 11.26 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m., 12.40 night. Sunday, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 8.00, 8.50, 10.40, 11.55 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.10, 6.25, 8.00, 9.50 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.50 a. m., 1.25, 5.10, 6.25, 8.00, 9.50 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.45, 7.25, 9.15, 11.05 a. m., 12.45, 2.45, 4.30, 6.05, 7.25, 9.15, 10.30 p. m. Sunday, 9.15, 10.30 a. m., 4.30, 6.05, 7.25, 9.15, 10.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.40, 9.15, 10.40, a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.10, 6.25, 8.00, 9.50 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 9.50 a. m., 5.10, 6.25, 8.00, 9.50 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.40, 8.00, 3.40 p.m. Sunday 8.13 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

7.40, a. m. for Easton, 8.07a.m For Flemington, D L & W R. R. Station, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Station, Hackettstown, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton etc. 1.25 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc. 4.34 p. m. For D L & W R. R. Station, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton etc. 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc. 6.25 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. 8.00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, etc. Sundays at 5.45 a. m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; 8.13 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 4.03 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre, Scranton etc. 9.50 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.25, 10.05, a. m., 1.09 3.25, 5.40, p. m. Sunday 10.05 a. m., 5.40 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7.25, 10.05 a. m., 1.09, 3.25, 5.40, 8.30, 9.50 p. m. Sundays 8.30, 9.50, a. m., 5.40 p. m.

For Freehold 7.25, 10.05 a. m., 1.09 p. m.

For Freehold City 7.25 a. m., 1.09 p. m.

For Freehold 8.30, 8.00, 11.09, a. m., 5.40, 8.30 p. m.

SOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Tremley and Philadelphia at 7.25, 8.45, 9.45, 11.52 a. m., 1.09, 3.25, 4.08, 5.34, 6.45, 8.30, 9.50 p. m. Sundays at 8.30, 9.50 a. m., 4.08, 5.40, 8.30, 9.50 p. m.

For Plainfield and Washington at 7.25, 8.45, 11.52 a. m., 1.09, 3.25, 4.08, 5.34, 6.45, 8.30, 9.50 p. m. Sundays at 8.30, 9.50 a. m., 4.08, 5.40, 8.30, 9.50 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Observations.

If sound has no color, how will you account for the deep bay voice of the bloodhound?

It is always the tailor that pants for business.

The man who kills his bird is really the only dead game sport.

The bee's sting is one of the few things that "points a moral and adorns a tail."

Strange as it may seem, many persons name the winner before the race is run than after.—Ashland Press.

Too True.

"The seasons are changing," said one tramp to another.

"Yes," was the sad reply; "we get winter now when we were expecting spring."

"Yes; but, after all, that's what we need."

"What! winter in spring?"

"No. Change."

"Yes, indeed (slapping his pocket); what we do need is change."—New York Herald.

A Heavy Loss.

Prompter (rushing in excitedly)—Wingly, the supe you stood off for his salary has eloped this morning with all the Hamlet jewels, the $5,000 set of Cleopatra diamonds and King Richard's best crown.

Manager (sternly)—It was your place to guard the jewel chest, Romeo. I shall have to dock you $4.—Jewelers' Review.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions in three applications; no pain; makes walking as easy as in slippers; 15 cents, druggists or by mail. Sample by mail, 5 cents. Silver for sample by mail. W. H. HINDS & CO., Newark, N. J.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby Ex-Assemblyman Geo. Conover will conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 120.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Pears	20	2.00
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard French mushrooms	15	1.50
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & SEAMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Evolved by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK Jr.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal of all descriptions. Telephone No. 93.

TUNIS J. CAREY

81 WEST FRONT STREET,

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 23 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 329,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

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81 WEST FRONT STREET,

I kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Workingman Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture, repaired with neatness and dispatch.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Shop on Washington avenue and Front near place. P. O. Box 962.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 19 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 960 North Plainfield.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 491.

W. J. Pearson, No. 19 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 94 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

18 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 28 Third street, corner Berckman. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

GASTRONOMY IN NEW YORK.

The Various Guests of an East Side Restaurant and How They Are Treated.

Sliders (waiter at the Morning Glory restaurant, at 11:35 a. m., pushing his head through the kitchen slat till his shoulders ache)—Fired up for 'im, Nate?

The Cook—Yesp.

Sliders—Ketch der cents right off der bat p'raps. Der jays is gittin' it by good.

The Cook (tossing a "one cut")—Paste 'at in, Nibsy.

Sliders (entering the fray)—What's your's, Boss?

Clothing Salesman (who lunches uptown on Sundays)—You may bring me a chicken pate and a glass of milk.

Sliders—Ain't got a stinger left, Boss.

Salesman—Make it fried bacon, then.

Sliders (flag burning)—Hollerzeit rooter, an' drive de cow! What you goin' ter send over, Jeff-ery?

Mr. Peabsey (down from Westchester to pay the laborer on his watch ticket)—I want a dish of tripe an' onions.

Sliders (calloping)—Yard 'f towellin', wid frangipannys! Got it, Nate?

The Cook—Yesp.

Sliders (to Peabsey)—Keep out'r d' gangway, an' yer won't git knocked down. Dare, don't crack yer tear jar. I didn't hurt yer. G'lang over in der corner, an' lick dat 'leven off der tablecloth! Oh, you don't git no 'tention, Mr. Vandybilt? Watcher want?

Lodger (from Nepenthe hotel, next door,)—Corn beef hash, an' cup 'r coffee—quick, too!

Sliders—Shut up! (Again exploding.) Cattle's brain smash up, an' kill a Narnb' Party's goin' ter die, so naz' week 'll do What's yours?

Colored Customer (who has drifted over from the West Side)—Liver 'n' alge, fr'm'

Sliders—Set der guines on a fried pin cushion!

Messenger Boy—What 'll five cents buy?

Sliders—Lot down ter' Corons 't yer hit der right party.

Messenger Boy—No gillin', now. Gimme 'f'ms cake' an' glass of water.

Sliders—Drop der buckshot! Here's yer bath. Hurry up dem quaitz, Daisy (this to the dish washer at the rear). Good morning, sir. (Turning a little pale.) Sleep I didn't give no 'fence after dat dance las' night. (Takes the helmet and club and hangs them up.)

The Other on the Beat—No; only don't holler when I dust th' club with yer, th' next time. It's liable to keep folks awake. I want some beef with Spanish onions, mashed potatoes, green corn, celery, Vienna rolls and a cup of coffee.

Sliders—Knock der steer! Slide der—(correcting himself with a gulp and a start) chef, serve out roast beef with Spanish injuns, mashed pertaties, green goo—corn, celary, Wiener rolls an' coffee. Office Sledberry's comin'. Going to the rear and pushing his head and shoulders through the slot.) Nate, I ain't a Whyo if I did 'n come nigh polishing his bewest plates!—J. S. G. in Puck.

Test of Grit.

President Insurance Company—Want to be appointed a life insurance agent, eh? What experience have you had?

Agent—None. I'll be frank with you, sir. I wish to marry old Moneybags' daughter, and I want to be able to say that I am in business for myself. See?

President—I see. Now I'll be frank with you. Go to old Moneybags, tell him you haven't a cent, and don't expect any, yet you want to marry his daughter. Of course he'll refuse and kick you out. But if you keep at him and stick to it until he finally consents I'll appoint you superintendent. —New York Weekly.

Finished His Story Himself.

"Depew is right," said Senator Watson C. Squire, of Washington, "North Carolina has a corner on atmosphere. Up around Asheville the air is loaded with balmy elements, almost a specific for lung troubles. I went there twenty years ago far gone with consumption. I had been given up by the doctors as a hopeless case. In less than three months I"——

"You were a well man?"

"No. I died and was buried on the spot." —Washington Post.

The Secret.

"I am going to write a poem," said Willis Washington.

"You don't know how."

"Y-a-s-s; I've just found the secret."

"What is it?"

"First, you've got to make folks think that you don't know what you are talking about, and then that maybe you do and they don't."—Washington Post.

Willing to Wait.

"You seem to think that because I am rich there is no need of your working," said a congressman to his son. "You should profit by the motto, 'learn to labor and to wait.'"

"I have tried it, father; and I've concluded that I'd rather do less laboring and more waiting, if it's just the same to you."—Washington Post.

A Hard Name Anyway

Mr. Blobson—Didn't I hear you calling one of your little playmates hard names just now, Johnny?

Johnny Dumpsey (who is twice as erudite as his father)—Perhaps you did, pa. I don't see how I could very well help it. His name is Peter Stone.—Burlington Free Press.

Meteorologist.

"The weather seems to be in the agricultural implement and ordnance casting business."

"Why do you think so?"

"Because I no sooner ceased refining pitchforks than it began to blow great guns."—Boston Courier.

An Extensive Acquaintance.

—Life.

A Long Farewell.

Pauline—Don't go, Reginald.

Reginald—I must, love; it is after 10.

Pauline—Indeed it isn't; it's only half after.

And Reginald, upon consulting his watch, observed that it said just 10:30.—Harper's Bazar

—Detected.

A Good Place for Them.

"Have the judges of the supreme court any lockers, or do they wear their robes through the streets?"

"Oh, no. They keep them folded up in the bureau of justice."—New York Sun.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

INSTRUCTIVE AND AMUSING ENTERTAINMENT FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

A Striking Picture of the African Explorer, Henry M. Stanley—Strong and Vigorous, with Bronzed Visage and Snowy White Hair.

Both boys and girls will doubtless be pleased to see a likeness of Henry M. Stanley, the famous explorer, which shows him as he appears after enduring the almost indescribable hardships and privations of his marvelous journey in the heart of the dark continent. His hair is snowy white, and adds dignity to his appearance. Of course, he is thoroughly bronzed, and is the picture of health and vigor. A gentleman who met Mr. Stanley at Cairo, Egypt, says of him: He is as merry as a boy, full of stories and anecdotes of his adventures. Our after dinner chats are delightful. For example, he has just been telling me how he and his officers sat down in Starvation camp to dine off two bananas, the only scrap of food they had in the whole camp. They were jovial even then; the officers amused themselves by drawing up a menu, each one choosing his dish. It was headed:

Roast beef and plum pudding, and plenty of it. Ham and eggs galore. More roast beef, etc., etc.

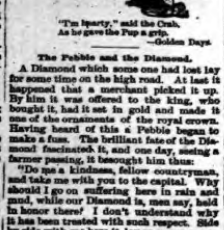
HENRY M. STANLEY.

An English paper tells that Mr. Stanley was born in Wales, near the little town of Denbigh, and his parents were so poor that when he was about 3 years old he was sent to the poor house of St. Asaph to be brought up and educated. When he was 13 years old he was turned loose to take care of himself. Young though he was, he was ambitious and well informed. As a lad he taught school in the village of Mold, Flintshire, North Wales. Getting tired of this, he made his way to Liverpool, England, where he served 15 years of age and there he shipped as cabin boy on board a sailing vessel, bound to New Orleans, in the promised land, which so many British boys and youths ever turn their eyes.

In New Orleans he fell in with a kindly merchant, a Mr. Stanley, who adopted him and gave him his name; for our young hero's real name was John Rowlands, and he was not Stanley until he became an American. Mr. Stanley died before Henry came of age, leaving a will, and the lad was again left to shift for himself. Young Stanley lived in New Orleans until 1861, when he was 21 years old, having been born in 1840. Then the great civil war broke out, and Stanley went into the Confederate army.

The Pup and the Crab.

"How are you, Mr. Crab?" Said Pup, with smiling lip.



"I'm Hearty," said the Crab. As he gave the Pup a grip.

—Golden Days.

The Pebble and the Diamond.

A Diamond which some one had lost lay for some time on the high road. At last it happened that a merchant picked it up. By him it was offered to the king, who bought it, had it set in gold and made it one of the ornaments of the royal crown. Having heard of this, a Pebble began to make a fuss. The brilliant fate of the Diamond fascinated it, and one day, seeing a farmer passing, it besought him thus:

"Do me a kindness, fellow countryman, and take me with you to the capital. Why should I go on suffering here in rain and mud, while our Diamond is, men say, held in honor there? I don't understand why it has been treated with such respect. Side by side with me here it lay so many years. It was my close companion and nobody paid any attention to either of us. Do take me. How can one tell? If I am seen there, too, may be found worthy of being turned to account."

The farmer took the stone into his lumbering cart and carried it to the city. When our stone tumbled into the vehicle it thought it would soon be placed at the side of the Diamond. Quite a different fate befell it. It really was turned to account, but only to mend a hole in the road.

Waking.

"Peep! peep! peep! peep!"
Hark! 'tis the cry of the Frogs.
The Crowsby bade in the meadow mouth;
The Rooster starts in the bogs.
Come, Violet, comfort your purple hood!
Come, with Wake Robin, and light the wood!
Rhine, Star Flower, shine in your emerald wheel!
Come, small white flame of the Salmon's Seal!
Bloom, Wind Flower, bloom, to the South Wind true!
Come, Innocence, color the brook side blue!
Come, yellow bell of the Adder's tongue,
Again o'er thy spotted leaves be hung.
Croak, Toad! Frogs, croak!
Peep, little Frogs, peep,
Till the very hill-sides
Wake out of its sleep.

—Detroit.

"Papa," said a 13-year-old boy much given to reading, "I have often seen the phrase, 'all right thinking people,' in the papers. What kind of people are right thinking people?"

"They are the sort of people," said the father, "who think as we do."

A Bright Idea.

"Chollie was smart."

"How?"

"Why, just before his rich uncle died he called Chollie to him and told him he had decided to leave him nothing but his autograph."

"Yes."

"And Chollie said all right and then he drew up a check for $100,000 and told the old man to put the autograph on it. It pleased the old fellow so he made it $200,000."—Epoch.

Quickly Arranged.

Old Million—What? Want to marry my daughter? Why, the child is hardly out of school dresses yet. She needs a mother's care as much as ever, sir.

Young Poorchap—Oh, that's all right. I'll live here.—Life.

Jake's Diversion.

"Dot boy Shake—dot boy Shake!" he mournfully repeated as a friend asked him if he was no longer in business in St. Louis.

"Jake is your son?"

"Yes, my son; my idiot."

"What did Jake do?"

"Vhell, I goes cop to Chicago to see my sister, who vhas dead. Shake vhas left to run der store. Possess vhas a leetle, and Shake plans dot he vhill make a diversion. I bellef it vhas a diversion, but my head aches so hard I vhas not sure."

"Yes, it was probably a diversion."

"Vhell, he goes down cellar, und starts a leetle fire—not mooch, but shust enough to bring out der engines und a crowd, und smoke up der goods. It vhas for a great fire sale, you know—goods slightly damaged—fourteen dollar suits for five—greatest bonanzas for working peoples eafer known in St. Louis."

"I see."

"But he gets too much fire, und avhay goes der house, der clothing, und der possession."

"But you were insured?"

"Yes, help me gracious, but der policies run out at noon, und Shake makes dot diversion at 5 o'clock in der afternoon! All vhas gone cop—all except a determination to go to work und bellif cop some. I vhas shust starting in a small vhay again. Maybe you like me to sell you a better suit dan you haf on for four dollar—all wool, well made, indigo dye, und computed to stand in any climates!"—New York Sun.

Better Than Divorce.

A missionary refused to baptize a converted Maori chief on the ground that he had two wives. In a few days the chief again posed as a candidate for baptism, remarking that he had disposed of one wife and everything consequently was all right. "What did you do with her?" queried the missionary. "I have eaten her," replied the devout convert to Christianity.—Yenowine's News.

He Drew the Line.

Matilda Jane—Thomas Jefferson, I'se s'prised to heah oh youah impoliteness. Sister Ann say she drapped her handkerchief at de ball an' didn't ebening an' you nebber offered to pick it up.

Thomas Jefferson—Um, Matilda Jane, you wouldn't, nuther, if you'd seed dat handkerchief.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Will Be Called for in the Specifications.

Architect (displaying the plans)—Here is the front elevation, with the outside window and circular gallery; this is the east elevation, showing oriel tower.

Teddy (enormously interested in the new house)—And where are the two mortgages pa said he was going to put on?—Munsey's Weekly.

A Possible Reason.

Harry—Mamma, why don't chickens have teeth?

Mamma—They don't need them, Harry; they have their bills for teeth.

Harry (reflectively)—Aunty has a bill for teeth; I don't see that's the reason she is called an old hen.—Puck.

A Reformer.

Said a Pine street lawyer to his young clerk: "Why weren't you at the office earlier this morning?"

"Beg pardon, sir, but I am a reformer. I believe that the office should seek the man, not the man the office."—Texas Siftings.

No Friend of His.

"Who is that who wants to see me?" asked a very busy merchant of his servant. "I don't know his name, but he says he was an old friend of your father's." "All right; you tell him I am very sorry, but my father is dead."—New York Press.

Here Worship.

"It's all rot. If I had written what Holmes has written I wouldn't be famous," said Sneerwell.

"That may be so; but it works both ways. If Holmes had written the stuff you write he wouldn't be famous."—Puck.

Among Friends.

Crayon—Nice piece of canvas? Well, of course it is. What of it?

Criticus—I was thinking it was too bad to spoil it with one of your landscapes. Why not make a tennis cap out of it?—Epoch.

Foreign Visitors Welcome.

Foreign Visitor (landing at New York, 1890)—I wish to go to the World's fair.

Policeman—Yes, sir. Go five squares north, then turn to the left and go a thousand miles west.—New York Weekly.

Held but Logical.

"Why will you tell such falsehoods, Lucy?" asked a mother of her daughter.

"Cause, mamma, if I told the truth you'd spank me."—Judge.

Getting Back at Mankind.

Man (to parrot)—Hello, Polly!

Polly—Hello; do you want a cracker? Rachet.

UNCLE SETH ON BROWNING.

I've been a readin' Browsin'—our schoolmarm said he writ
The tallest kin' er poetry the worl's thirteen' yet;
Now I like potery better'n pie, or any kin' er sass,
An' 'kordin' fer it's wuther some a-hankerin' fer grass.

I took the hook down to the brook, see I, "I'll her it ketch,
I'll make a mash in potery an' sentiment, an' stich;
The brook'll kinder keep in tune, the bobolink an' birds
Will sing their song, an' so keep time with this great poet's words."

An' so I started in to read; 'twas jest like ridin' cows;
In a big, bumpin', dingin cart, right over new plowed groun';
An' now an' then there 'ud break, an' down you'd go a mile.

Then two or three more wheels 'ud bust, an' then the hoop 'ud stop.

An' then he'd start off on a rush, an' go a-whirlin' round;
Sometimes the cart was sideways, an' sometimes upside down;
An' then he'd come an awful jolt, a kinder crazy crash,
An' fust you'd know, the dingin cart 'ud bust an' go to smash.

I 'spose that's w'en the poem stopped; I didn't read no more;
My bones was mixed permiscu's like, an' all my brain was sore;
The bobolink flew up a tree, an' never rained a trip,
An' I went home, an' thirteen weeks was laid up 'th the grip.

—S. W. Foss in Yankee Blade.

It Would Be Done.

"I've got a kitchen door which wants painting," she said as she entered a paint store.

"Yes'm."

"I've asked my husband about 400 times to have it done."

"Yes'm."

"But he keeps putting it off."

"Exactly."

"I am now going to do it myself."

"I see."

"I want paint, I suppose."

"Yes'm."

"And a brush?"

"Yes."

"And putty and sand paper?"

"Yes."

"Put 'em up."

"And where shall I send 'em, ma'am?"

"Nowhere. I'll carry the bundle home, get into my old Mother Hubbard, tuck up my sleeves, and I'll have that job finished before noon or break my neck by a fall from the step ladder!"—Detroit Free Press.

Badly Damaged.

There is a little boy in New York who is passionately fond of cats, and while in the country last summer made a great pet of one at the farm house where he was staying. Some of the boys in the neighborhood, in a spirit of wanton cruelty, drowned it in a pond not far from the farm. With great difficulty the little fellow managed to get the cat out, but too late to save its life, and carried it all dripping into his mother's room. "Oh, mamma!" he gasped out between his sobs, "isn't it a dreadful shame! It was a perfectly good cat, and now it's all spoiled!"—Chatter.

At the Office, Brown, Lawyer.
(Enter Mr. Sorrel, a client.)

Sorrel—Ha! ha! ha! No wonder he didn't hear me knock; I wouldn't hear, either, under the circumstances. The young dog! I envy him.

(Five minutes later. Enter Brown.)

Brown—Hallo, Sorrel, is that you? Come into the private office; you're wife's been waiting over an hour to see you.—Life.

On His Dignity.

Dick Strapt—I can't see, Mose, why you call this little place a "Tonsorial Emporium." Why, you have only one chair!

Professor Harecott—Yeah, sah; but dosen't dat show dat I do er high toned 'n' exclusive business? All my patrons am shaved by the boss.—Puck.

A Suggestion.

"Give me 2,267," shouted Cumso into the telephone.

He repeated it six times unsuccessfully, and then Fangle suggested:

"Try a smaller number first and gradually work up."—New York Sun.

Magnanimous.

Tenant—Landlord, our house wall on one side has sprung about four feet.

Landlord—Make yourself easy. Although it probably renders the house that much bigger, do not fear; I will not raise the rent on you.—Fliegende Blatter.

Striking a Trail.

She—I hear that Mr. Spotthorn is a great mimic. They say he can take off anything.

He—That explains it. I wondered where my umbrella had gone.—Clothier and Furnisher.

A Literal Version.

Clara's Mother (calling)—Clara, Mr. Smithers is in the parlor and says he wants you.

Clara (entering the parlor and throwing herself into Smithers' arms)—Oh, Charlie, this is so sudden.—Clothier and Furnisher.

A Bit of Extravagance.

Employer—You were not at your work yesterday.

Employe—No, sir; it was a wasted day.

"What were you doing?"

"Getting married, sir."—Chicago Times.

A Regular Walk Over.

Silby—Well, Squiggs, what's become of you have at Willowville?

Squiggs—A regular walk over. Missed my train and had to foot it the whole way.—Burlington Free Press.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

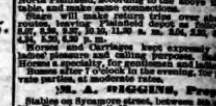
THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $6; 2 holes, $8;
3 holes, $8

Hand Plows, $2.



Refrigerators, 1 and wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 6 foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lots of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled sow-ling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $4.75 upward. Dress ginghams and flannels, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET,
Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

The weather demands it
The people demand it
We supply the demand.

IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES.

Absolutely the largest and best assortment ever shown in Plainfield.

WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV.

Doane & Van Arsdale.

22 W. FRONT. St.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 Broad

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1944

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Travis J. Carey, to whom reference is made.
Furniture Express
31 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Furniture Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. Is specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park Stores. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 602. Telephone call 30.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7:45 a. m. to meet 7:50 a. m. train; from Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway, 9:45 a. m. to second place in Crescent ave.; to Park ave., 10 Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet 8.20 a. m. train.
3d do	8.45	do 8.50 do
4th do	10.00	do 10.07 do
5th do	11.00	do 11.07 do
6th do	11.45	do 11.50 do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do 1.50 p. m.
8th do	2.45	do 2.50 p. m. To the Post Office.
9th do	3.30	do meet 3.35 p. m. train.
10th do	4.45	do 4.50 do
11th do	5.45	do 5.50 do
12th do	6.45	do 6.50 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenues, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stages will make return trips over above routes, leaving Park ave. and 10 Depot, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for Wedding Parties and Calling Parties. Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Stables: Depot 7 Dudley, in the evening, for private parties, etc. Telephone Call, 18.

1ly

WM. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

MUSIC HALL.

1890. FURNITURE STORE POWLISON & JONES. 34 West Front St.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE M...LINER.
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
[FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Buttons, Laces, Ribbons, Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dyeing and Infants' Caps a specialty. Feather Bleaching and Curling. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Worm Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily. Ladies, 66 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue
2d and 3d floors, Box 1205.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE.
Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLIKER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, MAY. 23 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TWO BARNS BURNED.

The Loss Will Probably be About $6,000.

At about half past eleven o'clock last night the large two-story frame barn situated on West Seventh street, between Liberty street and Plainfield avenue, was discovered to be afire. The barn was owned by Col Mason W. Tyler and situated in the rear of his handsome residence.

As soon as the flames were discovered an alarm was quickly sounded and the department responded promptly but when they arrived at the scene the building was all in flames.

The flames communicated with another frame barn belonging to Mrs. Hazne and in a few minutes that building was all ablaze. The origin could undoubtedly have saved the latter building had they not had so much trouble with bursting hose. Owing to this mishap Mrs. Maine's barn was also consumed.

Mr. Tyler's barn contained four horses, one cow, four wagons, harness, robes, one sleigh, grain, etc. The horses and cow were rescued but all the other articles were consumed.

The fire was a very hot one and burned fiercely and in a short time both barns were burned to the ground. The flames blistered the paint on the house and for a time it was thought owing to the untiring efforts of the firemen that both these buildings were not consumed. Several smaller buildings were saved.

Mr. Tyler estimates his loss at upwards of $6,000. It is partly covered by insurance.

Mrs. Maine's would not be ascertained as she lives at Orange and leases her property to a family named Hess.

The origin of the fire cannot be ascertained but Mr. Tyler thinks it was not incendiary.

On one corner of the barn was a large water tank containing 8,000 gallons of water.

UNDER NEW JERSEY'S LAW.

Some Certificates Filed With the Secretary of State.

A large number of certificates of incorporation were filed with the Secretary of State on Tuesday. Among the most important were the following:

The New Jersey Postal Telegraph Company. This corporation, with a capital stock of $500,000, is to extend its line of two or more cables or wires from Jersey City to Point Pleasant, passing through Newark, Orange, Elizabeth, Rahway, Plainfield, New Brunswick, Perth Amboy, South Amboy, Keyport, Matawan, Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Spring Lake and intermediate places. The incorporators are: Everett Fraser, Orange; Joseph A. McClary, Rahway; Francis R. Upton, Newark; Edward Alden, New York; Henry F. Winter, Orange; Philip Lowry, Newark.

The National Barrel Company, with offices in Jersey City, Newark, Elizabeth, New York, Memphis and other places in Michigan and Minnesota, has for its object the manufacture and sale of a number of patented goods, principally articles connecting with the use of barrels. The capital stock is $250,000. The incorporators are: Albert F. Dawson, of Newark; Henry L. Corrigan, of Brooklyn; Mary E. Henry, of New York; and Hugo Matzlinck.

AMATEUR MINSTRELS.

Wheelmen in Burnt Cork to Entertain.

Our friends who know a good thing when they see it should not fail to secure their seats for the amateur minstrel entertainment to be given by the wheelmen at Music Hall on Friday night, May 30th. It will be the feature of the annual meet of the New Jersey Division of the League of American Wheelmen which takes place at that time. The New York World of Sunday last devoted a column to the meet, and, in speaking of the entertainment says, "The Hudson County Minstrel and Vaudeville Combination will give a performance on the evening of the 30th, which will bristle with local hits. All the members of the combination are wheelmen, and have achieved fame through the attractive performances given at the theatre of the Jersey City Athletic Club.

UNION COUNTY COURT.

The Petit Jurors Discharged Until June 9.

Court convened at 10:30 o'clock this morning, Judges Van Syckel, Hyer and Wiley on the bench.

As there was no pressing business to be transacted, the jurors were discharged until Monday morning, June 2d, at 10:30 o'clock. After a slight argument by counsel in the case of Bartholomew vs. the city of Elizabeth, court adjourned.

Base Ball To-Morrow.

The Young Crescents and the Cuban Giants will play a game of base ball on the Sixth street grounds to-morrow morning.

The Crescents will contest with the Verones of Brooklyn in a game of base ball to-morrow at 9:30 o'clock. The teams will be made up as follows: Crescents—Martin, s.s.; Lufbury, 3b.; Wiegand, 1 b.; Jones, c.; Lee, 3 b.; Gillies, c.f.; Livingston, p.; Walker, l.f.; McMurray, r.f. Verones—Winters, 2 b.; Raley, s. Spellman, c.f.; Harrison, 3 b.; Brett, s.s.; Smith, 1 b.; Worth, p.; Heslin, r.f.; Gallagher, l.f.

—The Semi-Annual Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Somerset county, was held in the chapel of the Reformed church at Raritan to-day. Among other things there was a discussion on "What is the vital need of the W. C. T. U. at the present time?" Also reports on parlor meeting by Mrs. M. D. Tomlinson, State Superintendent of Parlor meetings; on Flower Mission, Mrs. E. M. Fuller, State Superintendent of Flower Mission; opening Question Box, Mrs. S. J. C. Downs, Ocean Grove, and a Paper on Health, Mrs. M. H. Bonnell, Round Brook. The meeting began 10 a. m., 2 p. m., and 7:45 p. m.

THE SEVENTH DAY BAPTISTS' NEW CHURCH.

To be a Model Building. — A Description of It.

Workmen are busily at work removing the old church of the Seventh Baptists from the place it has occupied for so many years, corner of Central avenue and Fifth street, to its new resting place, corner of Madison avenue and Fifth street, to make room for the new building which is to be erected at once.

The new church building is to be built on what is called the "Seventh Day Idea"—a very sensible one of having all the rooms on one floor, such as the meeting room, parlor, chapel, pastor's study, sewing room, etc. The church will be built of fine quarried stone, and will have among its novel features, a unique tile roof, made from a newly patented roof covering called "Rhinoceros Tile." It will greatly enhance the beauty of the church by its coloring, odd form and general effect.

The church will be of the Gothic Style in architecture.

There will be two commanding towers on it, one on Central avenue and one on East Fifth street.

There will be two entrances also, one on Central avenue, and the other on East Fifth street, and it will have a handsome gateway.

The dimension of the church give an idea of its size. It will have 96 feet frontage on Central avenue and will be 80 feet deep.

It will contain the best features and most modern improvements known to date.

The building committee include gentlemen whose large experience in building is of great value to the church now.

The committee are Messrs. E. R. Pope, Geo. H. Babcock, J. Frank Hubbard, R. M. Titsworth and J. A. Hubbard.

The new church will cost about $25,000.

During the removal of the old house of worship the services of the Seventh-Day Baptist church will be held in the Congregational chapel, corner of Seventh street and Madison avenue. Prayer meeting this evening at eight o'clock, morning service to-morrow at 10:30, and Sabbath school at 2 p. m. Strangers welcomed at these services.

A Runaway on Somerset Street.

At about half-past five o'clock last evening a team of horses belonging to Mr. Mahlon Vail of Park avenue became frightened and ran away. Before the animals were caught they succeded in partially wrecking the wagon to which they were attached. The same team ran away Saturday afternoon and after throwing Mr. Vail out ran upon the sidewalk on North avenue and smashed two large windows in Swain's store. They also wrecked a tin post under Rockfeller's awning, before they were caught. Mr. Vail escaped injury in both accidents.

JOTTINGS.

—The employes of the Potter Press Works are working over time owing to a rush of orders.

—Don't forget the Children's Home entertainment to-morrow afternoon in Vincent chapel.

—The State Medical Society will hold its 34th annual meeting at Schooley's Mountain June 10 and 11.

—The Central Railroad's special officers are making it very warm for the coal train jumpers along the entire line.

—Capt. Geo. D. Morrison will lead the Young Men's Gospel and song service at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday at 4:15 p. m.

—Mr. John P. Brothers of White House has been appointed one of the managers of the Morris Plains Insane Asylum.

—The Sodality a society connected with St. Mary's church will hold exercises in honor of the Blessed Virgin Mary next week.

—A meteor passed over Plainfield, travelling westward, last night. It was clearly observed by many in North Plainfield.

—The funeral of the late Jacob Shay took place from St. Joseph's church this morning at nine o'clock. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

—On Tuesday next Mr. T. J. Gillies auctioneer will sell some valuable property on Somerset street belonging to Mr. Peter Wooden. See the advertisement.

—Two colored women viewed the accident on Park avenue this morning from the Vanderbeek building. Their attitude and altitude attracted considerable attention.

—Mr. H. Miller of No. 38 Putnam avenue is justly proud of his handsome home, since it received its new Summer suit of paint. Messrs. Marsh & Ayers are the "clothiers," to whom credit is due.

—John Hoott was arraigned before City Judge Coddington yesterday afternoon charged with disturbing meeting at Hope chapel. He pleaded not guilty and his trial was set down for to morrow morning.

—The members of the St. George's Cricket Club held a meeting in Casper's Hotel last night and elected officers for future games. The Club also decided to purchase new suits and agree to order them from Schwed Brothers, the East Front street clothiers.

—A very interesting meeting of the Plainfield Reform club was held in Reform Hall last evening. The piano solo by Miss Florence Randolph was excellent and the cornet solo pealed to respond to an encore. The vocal music rendered by Miss Glen was also praiseworthy.

—The committee on excursion for Wetumpka Lodge 3401, K. of H., met the other evening and decided to have an excursion from Plainfield to Point View Island on Tuesday, July 1, 1890. Point View Island is on Long Island Sound. Further particulars will appear in their advertisement later.

—Two more of the Sunday gamblers were arraigned before Justice Nash yesterday. They waived examination and were held in one hundred dollars bail each for their appearance when wanted. Another appeared in court this morning. He gave bonds to appear if indicted by the Grand Jury.

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS.

A Good Chance for Sixty Young Men.

In accordance with the law of the State passed March 31, 1890, "to increase the efficiency of the public school system of the State by providing for additional free scholarships at the State college," on Saturday, June 7, an examination for admission to the State college will be held in the Court House of each county under the direction of the county and city superintendents of the county. At the request of the State superintendent the college authorities will prepare uniform examination papers for this purpose, and will send them to the several superintendents a few days in advance of the examination. All students who pass these examinations, receiving a mark of 60 per cent. or over on their examination papers will be admitted to the college without further examination and will receive appointments to free State scholarships.

A record of the name of each student who tries the examination and of the value of his examination paper in each subject, estimated on the the scale of one hundred, will be kept by the county superintendent, and transmitted in duplicate copies to the president of the State college and to the State superintendent. While it is possible that there may be another examination held in September, it is better that all students should try the June examination. If they are deficient in certain subjects they will then be able to work up those subjects during the summer.

County Superintendent Holmes will conduct the examination in this county.

AN ACCIDENT AND RUNAWAY.

One Horse Fell Down and Another Ran Away.

A horse belonging to Mr. W. J. Stephenson, the caterer, while being driven on Park avenue suddenly collapsed and fell down. In falling the animal broke one of the shafts of the wagon to which it was attached. The mishap caused a large crowd to congregate and as any willing hands unhitched the poor beast and endeavored to assist it to rise but the animal seemed to have lost all power of it's limbs and as fast as the men would get it on it's feet it would fall to the ground again. After working with it for about half an hour big "Bill" Johnson appeared on the scene and fairly lifted the animal to it's feet and it was then apparently all right.

While the men were engaged endeavoring to assist the horse to get up, a horse attached to a butcher wagon belonging to Smalley Bros., left standing near the scene of the accident, became frightened and ran away. In it's flight the wagon to which it was attached collided with a wagon belonging to Messrs. Lutkins & Hummer and overturned the latter vehicle completely on the sidewalk. This mishap renewed the excitement. The horse was caught before it succeeded in doing any further damage. The entire affair was crowded with vehicles at the time and great excitement prevailed among the driver's.

ARE THE BARBERS INDICTED!

It is Said They are, and that the Saloon Men are Not.

They is much speculation around the Union County Court as to whether the Grand Jury has indicted the violators of the Sunday blue laws. It is currently rumored that true bills have been found against the barbers who were caught shaving their customers Sunday, but it is said the saloon-keepers who likewise broke the law have all escaped indictment.

Prosecutor Wilson says the Grand Jury will probably finish its labors by noon to-day and make a return of the indictments.

Judge Van Syckel dismissed the petit jurors yesterday until June 9, when the trial of criminal cases will begin before Judge McCormick. The term is likely to be prolonged until July 1. The trial of appeal cases dissenting from the award of the Commissioners appointed by the court to appraise the value of land wanted in Linden Township by the Lehigh Valley Company for its Newark and Elizabeth branch railroad, will be resumed. The appellants are Henry H. Isham, Simon Sternberger and another party, and all allege that the award of their holdings is too low. The three cases are to be tried by Judge Van Syckel and struck juries, and will take all of this week and the most of next.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Mayor John H. Van Winkle of North Plainfield is sojourning in Washington, D. C.

Mr. George W. F. Randoph has returned to his home on West Front street from a Southern trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Miller of East Fifth street were "at home" to their many friends last evening.

Mr. J. T. Vail of East Ninth street has so far recovering from his recent illness as to be about once more.

Mr. F. C. Langhorne, the photographer has returned to his home in this city from a ten days' stay in Canada.

The funeral of the late Frederick Mead will take place from his late residence on East Front street to-morrow afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

Mr. Manning, Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. Messrs. C. F. Brown and Richard E. Pease will attend the meeting at Mount Pleasant Sunday evening which will be led by Mr. R. C. Pease, Superintendent of Warren Mission.

Miss Nettie Allison of Somerset street North Plainfield, starts Saturday morning for Europe. She will be accompanied by a grandaunt and uncle from Maryland. They sail on the "La Bretagne." Miss Allison will visit England, Switzerland, Italy and France, and spend a few weeks in Paris before returning. They expect to be back in September or October.

Prof. L. F. Seigello, who has been so successful in teaching Plainfield's young people the terpsichorean art, will sail for the land of his birth on the good ship Friesland of the Red Star Line, on May 28th. The good wishes of hundreds who have learned an easy movement and graceful carriage from the polite Professor will follow him as he journeys to and from the Fatherland.

ABOUT A PLAINFIELDER.

Mr. George H. Babcock, as Described in the New York "Engineer."

Under the heading of "Famous American Engineers", the New York "Engineer" of May 10 publishes a column and a half article, illustrated with an excellent likeness, of Mr. George H. Babcock, of West Eighth street.

Mr. Babcock is a member of the Board of Education, is one of the Job Male Art Gallery Directors, and is a man of whom all Plainfielders are justly proud to claim as a citizen of our beautiful city. We give the article from the "Engineer" entire:

Pursuing the series on this subject we present George H. Babcock, who is as well known as the president of the Babcock & Wilcox Company. Mr. Babcock's life has been an eventful one, and the several occupations he has followed at various periods show the versatility of the man and his faculty of readily adapting himself to circumstances, as well, also, his power of concentration in carrying to a successful termination whatever he has undertaken.

George H. Babcock was born in Central New York in 1832, and comes naturally by his engineering ability. His father was a well known mechanic, and his mother's families were also noted for their mechanical and same direction. At the age of twelve Mr. Babcock's parents removed to Westerly, R. I., where his father engaged in manufacturing, while the son received his practical education in a factory, in a machine shop, and the common school of the period, supplemented by one year in an "Institute," as anything above the district school was then called. On returning from this course, at the age of seventeen, he was supposed to be consumptive, and was allowed six months' lease of life. He, however, gave no encouragement to fill this interregnum, Mr. Babcock settled upon the then new—or comparatively so—process of daguerreotyping, and followed it.

Curiously enough, the chemicals used in the art benefited him, and he rapidly gained health and strength. Perhaps, also, he had no trace of consumption, in which event the merit of the profession he followed, seems to decrease as an antidote to pulmonary troubles. While he was in this pursuit, Mr. Babcock made the first album, which is still preserved among his curiosities; he also constructed a magic lantern for showing pictures by reflected light, which was the first of its kind to his knowledge. Daguerreotyping did not fill the measure of Mr. Babcock's ambition, and he soon fitted up a printing office, 1851, and started a weekly newspaper, the first in that section, which he carried on successfully for some years, and is still extant as The Narragansett Weekly. While conducting this paper, George H. Babcock and his brother invented and patented a new press for printing three colors at one operation. This machine thoroughly accomplished its work, but the trade was not ready for it, and it was not a commercial success, but to it and from it may be traced some of the largest printing press concerns in the country. Mr. Babcock also patented a machine for applying bronze powder to printed characters, and this was used by the Government during the war in printing the metallic ring on the paper currency and bonds in use during that period. At this time Mr. Babcock was designing cotton machinery, and among other things he made a loom which ran at the then unprecendented speed of 240 picks per minute; in these looms iron was largely substituted for wood. In 1860 Mr. Babcock was a teacher of mechanical drawing at the Cooper Institute, New York, and in 1861, in connection with Charles W. Smith, invented and patented a shrapnell shell which was bought by B. B. Hotchkiss; it was largely used during the war, and is still the standard shell of its class. In 1862 and 1863 Mr. Babcock was at the Mystic Iron Works, Mystic Bridge, Con., where many gunboats were built during the war, and later, 1863 to 1866, he was engaged at the Hope Iron Works, Providence, R. I., as chief engineer and draughtsman, on the monitor vessels, the 'Rapidan' and the 'H. S. Hagar'.

In 1867, in connection with Mr. Stephen Wilcox, he patented the boiler which bears his name, and is admitted to be the first commercially and practically successful watertube boiler made. As this series is in no sense a business transaction upon our part, we do not allude to this portion of Mr. Babcock's record in greater detail, concluding our notice by mention of the fact that the work "Steam," compiled by Mr. Babcock in connection with their business, has reached an edition of 100,000 copies, and is used as a text book in many technical schools.

Mr. George H. Babcock has held many honorable positions, in engineering societies. He was the sixth president of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers; non-resident lecturer upon engineering, Sibley College, Ithaca, N. Y.; member of A. S. M. E., American Inst. Mining Engineers, American Meteorological Soc. Am. Geog. Soc., Historical Society of New Jersey, and Metropolitan Museum of Art.

Mr. Babcock, it is pleasant to add, has amassed a handsome fortune from his professional labors and is just in the prime of life.

THE Y. W. C. T. U.

An Interesting Meeting in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms.—Adjourned Till Autumn.

Tuesday the members of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union met in the Young Men's Christian Association rooms with Mrs. Taylor, their president, in the chair. An interesting program had received attention the meeting adjourned, not to meet again till the Fall. The report, as read by the secretary, Miss Mary E. Mosher, showed the society of young ladies to be in a flourishing condition.

—Mr. Benjamin Gavin, the youngsman who was so unfortunate as to have four fingers of his right hand amputated by a circular saw about a week ago, is rapidly recovering from his injuries.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE SESSION OVER.

Both Houses Rush Through Remaining Business and Adjourn for the Year.

TRENTON, N. J. May 23d (Special)—Both Houses met to-day and rushed through all business matters, and adjourned at three o'clock, sine die. Speaker Hoppenheimer was called to occupy the chair, as Speaker Marsh, pro tem was suddenly taken ill and is now under the care of three doctors in the anteroom.

Hoodlums Wreck a House.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. May 23d (Special) A lot of hoodlums last night attacked the residence of Father McDuffy, who preached against some action of the Catholics of New Brunswick, and hurled stones through doors and windows, and did other damage.

Kemmler to Die by Electricity.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23d. (Special.)—Judge Fuller, to-day, in the Supreme Court, denied the writ to stay the execution of Kemmler, the New York murderer, who was sentenced to be killed by electricity.

Taken to the Asylum.

Yesterday afternoon Captain Grant took Mrs. Sylvester Cuff the demented colored woman to the Morris Plains Insane asylum. It will be remembered that Mrs. Cuff is the woman as told in THE NEWS, who wandered away from her home on the corner of Plainfield avenue and Fourth street on Saturday evening last and was found by friends at Woodbridge on Tuesday last.

Died.

MEAD—Died suddenly, at his residence in this city of brain fever, on Wednesday, May 21st, 1890, Frederick G. Mead.

Funeral services from his late residence, No. 123 East Front street, Saturday, May 24th, 1890, at 2:30 p. m. 21-3*

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A HORSE for sale cheap. Young, sound and gentle; suitable for a woman to drive. Color bay, and about fifteen hands high. Call at 126 West Seventh street. 23-3

A CREAM FREEZER And waitress wants a situation. Good references. Apply at 138 West Front street. 23-2

A GIRL For general housework wanted at 336 Somerset street. Reference. 23-3

FOR SALE—A good second hand milk wagon. Nearly new. Address P. O. Box 771. 23-3

FOR SALE or to let—House, seven rooms, pleasant location. Inquire 87 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield. 5-19tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson. 2-4f

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage at five per cent. Wm. M. Shilliam. 54 West Front street. 23-5*

MISS KATE GEARY, fashionable dressmaker, formerly of No. 4 Peace street, has removed to larger quarters at No. 69 East Front street, where she will be pleased to meet her customers. 20-5*

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Read. 5-6-tf

SINGLE Man would like to engage furnished room in home with private family. Address P. O. Box 1. 5 23tf

SELLING Out cheap. Horses, wagons and harness, of all kinds. Call at McDonald's livery, Sixth street. 23-3

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Pekin ducks, light Brahma's, black Minorca fowls. $1.50 per setting. 113 Rockview avenue. 3-6tf

TO LET—Small house at No. 38 Park place, North Plainfield. 23-3

WANTED—A Protestant girl for general housework. Call at 161 Grove street. 23-3

W. BALDWIN of 262 Somerset street has a five fresh cows for sale. Big milkers. 23-3

WANTED a good responsible dressmaker to take charge of sewing room. 32 East Fifth street.

WANTED Coachmen and gardener. W. C. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

18 TINTYPES For 25 cents, at the cottage photograph gallery, Sixth street, between Park avenue and Union Street, for a short time. 23-3

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

Friday, May 30th,

IMMENSE and INTENSE!

Minstrel and Vaudeville Combination of the

Hudson County Wheelmen

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

THE PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB.

Solos, Quartets, Choruses, Caricature, Ventriloquism, Galety skirt dance

ORCHESTRA FROM METROPOLITAN THEATRE.

Nothing like it in Plainfield before—our since.

Reserved seats for sale on and after Monday at Randolph's and at The Mor Pharmacy.

22-5*

A NEW HAT

Presented to each purchaser of $12 worth of goods at

WERNER'S

Mammoth One Price Clothing House,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

All the Latest Spring and Summer Styles of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Furnishing Goods.

CUT THIS OUT

AND BRING IT TO US, IT IS WORTH 25c TO YOU.

For every purchase of $3 worth at one time. If you will bring this ad. to us we will allow you a reduction of 25 cents. If you want $15 worth of shoes or repairing or both secure five of these ads's and we will allow you $1.25 for them. This will hold gooduntil July 1st. Remember we carry a full line of the RUSSET shoes that can be had in all widths and styles at low prices, and do fine repairing.

ROGERS BROS.,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

19 WEST FRONT STREET.

FOR ONE WEEK!

WITH A 23c. DRESS! We will give free, 1 best skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 skirt reeds 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 65c. DRESS! We will give free 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 card hooks and eyes, 2 skirt reeds.

WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 d.z. tailor buttons, 1 card hooks and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels.

WITH A $1. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hook and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining.

ALL NEW AND STYLISH GOODS,

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Special Notices.

MANICURE.
Dr. R. Barrera, G., will be in town for a few days and is prepared to treat the hands and nails of those who desire, in a thoroughly scientific manner, at moderate rates. Those desiring treatment may communicate with him at 187 Park avenue. 22-1w

CLAIRVOYANT
Will remain until Wednesday morning, June 4, at the Park Avenue Hotel. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of second sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 21-1w

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

GRAND OPPORTUNITY

TO VISIT

Lake Hopatcong,

ON DECORATION DAY,

Friday, May 30th,

On the above date Special Excursion Tickets will be sold from Plainfield for

Adults, $1.25; Children, 90c.

Tickets good to go on all trains May 30th, and to return on May 30th or 31st.

Trains leave Plainfield for Lake Hopatcong at 7.00, 9.42 a. m. and 5.39 p. m. 22-2*

MUSIC HALL

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 30th.

Positively the Last Appearance of the Favorite Comedian

JOHN T. KELLY,

Supported by a Strong Company, in the Laughable Comedy,

THE FIXER.

Reserved seats 75 cents. Now on sale at Randolph's.

POWLISON & JONES,

34 West Front St.

TRUTH.

OUR GOODS ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY THAT CAN BE PURCHASED FOR CASH. YOU CAN BUY NO BETTER THOUGH YOU PAY THREE TIMES OUR FIGURES. A FULL LINE OF CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS AND FRESH JERSEY VEGETABLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

20 W. FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

V. AND W. SPECIAL OFFER.

We offer 1,000 yards fine French dress gingham 10c per yard. These goods have never sold less than 15c, and at the price offered, the yare the best bargains in ginhams we have ever had.

Van Emburgh & White

19 WEST FRONT ST.

FURNITURE STORE

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Clothing, Fine Corset and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods for Summer and Russet Shoes.

Ladies' Oxford Ties

are now on sale at the Furniture Store of JOHN J. KENNEY, cor. Front street and Park avenue. I have just received a fine line of these goods and will sell them at a low price. Call and see them.

RUSSET SHOES

are good in winter and

Russet Apples

are good in summer.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IN PARTS OF ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 45.

The house architecture of today is like too many other things of the time—cheap and showy. The dwelling the persuasive house agents seek to palm off on the innocent householder of small means has a tower, bay windows, gingerbread chimneys and curlycue walls, but no cellar. Just the most important part, next to a good kitchen, the plain, convenient, old fashioned cellar, with solid stone walls, keeping the house cool in summer and warm in winter, is left off. It costs too much. So, when you buy a house, be sure that it has a tower, a galvanized, painted sheet iron affair, like a tin pan turned bottom upwards. Oh, yes! Let the cellar go, but do not omit the tower or the cast iron monkeys around the railing.

The American way is best. The real root of the poverty and suffering in Europe is the vast standing armies the Christian nations there think it necessary to maintain in order to enforce the gospel of peace and good will. A quarter to half a million dollars of the ablest bodied male citizens of a country, to be supported by the labors of women, children and feeble old men, make a difference in the industrial resources and lower the comfort and prosperity of the whole people. In the United States, if a war should come upon us suddenly, it would take six months to a year to make good fighting soldiers out of our volunteers, as it did in the last war. But that is better, far better, than a vast standing army. Even if war should come upon us suddenly a million well drilled militiamen could be turned into soldiers with amazing rapidity. But the United States needs an ample and thoroughly drilled militia.

The Torpedo Boat Cushing.

The latest addition to the American navy, the little torpedo boat Cushing, has beaten all records of all kinds as to speed. She was built at the Herrishoff shipyards at Bristol, R. I. On her trial trip she made twenty-two miles an hour, a rate of speed never equaled on a first trip before. This was on the run from Newport to New York. Then the steamer started out again, this time to go from New York around by Fortress Monroe and up the Potomac to the Washington navy yard. Again she developed extraordinary speed. Only one boiler was used, the air was thick with fog and the sea heavy, yet the Cushing made the trip from New York to Washington in twenty-eight and one-half hours, making with the one boiler fifteen knots an hour, under pressure of only thirty pounds of steam, and beating all records again. At a trial at Washington she made nearly twenty-seven miles an hour. A handsome bonus will await the skillful and fortunate builder of the Cushing.

Cremation of Living Lunatics.

The fire fiend laughed when a thin tongue of flame burst upward through the ventilator shaft of the pauper lunatic asylum at Longue Pointe, in Canada, nine miles from Montreal. It was the opportunity he had awaited for years. Here were 1,500 pauper lunatics. The province of Quebec farmed out their keep for $100 a head, and the keep was according to the price.

No attempt was made to enforce any of the new plans for ameliorating the condition of the crazy ones and restoring their reason. The Jean de Dieu asylum was a prison for lunatics, nothing else.

Fires occur in asylums and are frightful calamities. This all the world knows. Yet when the thin flame burst from the top of the air shaft, and the fire fiend laughed and rubbed his hands in glee, there were no appliances for fighting him. Engines were telegraphed for to Montreal. They rushed to the rescue over the nine miles with galloping horses, but when they reached Longue Pointe and began to play on the buildings the water supply of the whole great asylum was exhausted in five minutes. They were helpless. And sixty screeching, gibbering lunatics were burned to death.

Two days later came that other ghastly cremation of helpless ones in Chenango county, N. Y., where ten idiots were roasted alive, locked fast in their cells. "All is to be believed that here again, in the enlightened and progressive United States this time, "there were no proper facilities for fighting fire!" The lunatic asylum, the poorhouse and the idiot ward went up in flames that carried on their wings ten hapless souls away from this world, which to them had been so cruel.

"No facilities for fighting fire!" The buildings were not even of brick. The structures in which 190 unfortunates were bolted and barred were three story wooden barns. Let us have an overhauling of all the asylums in the country. Most of those who were burned perished because they huddled together and could not be got out of the wards. Beyond a doubt the fire drill, which has been so effective in well conducted schools, could be made available with a large number of paupers and lunatics. The drill would be a means of entertaining them, too.

SHELLENBERGER'S FATE

Sentenced by His Old Friend and Associate

TO TWENTY-TWO YEARS IN PRISON

The Bucks County (Pa.) Forger and Embezzler Pleaded Guilty to Seventeen Indictments—The Guilty Man Protested. Carried from the Court by his Friends.

DOYLESTOWN, Pa., May 22.—J. Monroe Shellenberger, the lawyer whose forgeries and other criminal escapades and flight recently caused such a widespread sensation, has been sentenced by Judge Yerkes to undergo an imprisonment of twenty-two years in the Eastern penitentiary. The sentence was almost completely protested by the sentence and had to have assistance in leaving the court room.

He Shrank from Their Gaze.

There were seventeen bills of indictment against the prisoner, covering the crimes of forgery and embezzlement. The ordeal of entering the court room proved too much for the once popular and talented lawyer, who as district attorney of Bucks county had made his brilliant reputation as an orator. His very manner as he entered the dock he shrank from the gaze of his former friends and kept his head bowed.

The Guilty Man's Agony.

Congressman Robert Yardley, who came from Washington to assist in his defense, sat at one of the tables. As the bills of indictment were read loud groans and sobs came from Shellenberger. His counsel entered the plea of guilty, and Shellenberger acted at times like a mad man. He opened his handkerchief and threw it over his head, rubbing his head and face with it, and nervously shook the railings of the dock with his hand and foot. Eventually he leaned his head forward on the rail and buried it in his arms, rocking himself on the seat like a person enduring from acute pain. At one time Shellenberger groaned so loud and sobbed with such anguish that the judge, in a very excited way, told the district attorney to hasten his work and get it over.

Guilty on Every Count.

After all the indictments were read and a plea of guilty was entered to each case, witnesses were called to show the character and extent of Shellenberger's rascalities. Several lawyers were examined as the testimony was brought out bearing upon the most aggravated and unpardonable cases of rascality and deceit Shellenberger rocked himself violently in the dock, tossed his head, moved his hands about like a wild man and cried aloud.

Sentenced by an Old Friend.

Judge Harmon Yerkes, an old time personal acquaintance and a professional and political associate of the prisoner for many years, pronounced the sentence of the court. It was anticipated that he would give Shellenberger a severe sentence, but nothing like what he gave him was looked for.

Judge Yerkes drew himself up and addressed the prisoner in a low, husky voice, in which there seemed to a slight tremor of emotion. Shellenberger never raised his head, but went on groaning and weeping violently.

"Twenty-two Years."

Finally the words dropped from the Judge's lips. "Twenty-two years at solitary imprisonment with hard labor." Shellenberger gave a groan of anguish and nearly sank to the floor. The scene caused quite a commotion. The blow seemed to stun the prisoner. It was necessary to partly carry him from the court room. The sentence was discussed by the farmers and the people in Doylestown on every side. Nothing like it was ever heard in Bucks county. While pity seemed to have been awakened in some quarters by the prisoner's exhibition of anguish in the court room, the most of the people who reflected upon what Shellenberger had been doing for years seemed to think that the sentence was a just one.

KILLED AT PRAYER.

Four Persons Killed and Many Injured in a Church.

BERLIN, May 22.—While the people of the village of St. Mahlen, near Hildersheim, Hanover, were assembled in the church whither they had repaired Thursday to pray for the cessation of the hail storms which have done so much harm in that locality with damaging effect, the building was struck by lightning.

Four persons were instantly killed twenty were seriously injured and four were permanently blinded by the flash. The congregation were in an attitude of prayer at the time the bolt fell.

In the ensuing rush for the doors, the people being wild with fright, two children were crushed to death.

The Bank Officials were Sharp.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Despite the severe examination which the committee of depositors of the Bank of America put George J. Work, cashier of the bank, and Paying Teller Hergersheimer, not an admission was made on which criminal action would be sustained against any of the officials of the suspended bank. It is said that the bank officials kept within the pale of the law in loaning large sums of money to Clerks Ewbanks, Bolleau and Yerkes on the stock of the American Financial association, and that the clerks cannot be held responsible for the actions of officials who accepted the stock of the Financial association as collateral. The action of the clerks in assigning the money to George F. Work, or any one else, to be drawn or checked out by him, is said to have been perfectly legal. "The only ground on which we can expect to base a criminal action," said the depositors' lawyer, "is to be able to prove that in loaning these large sums the bank officials conspired to rob the bank of the amounts loaned to the clerks."

Braintree's Anniversary Celebrated.

BRAINTREE, Mass., May 23.—The 250th anniversary of the incorporation of this town was celebrated here Thursday. The place was handsomely decorated and processions, dinners and literary exercises marked the occasion. Samuel E. Bates delivered an historical address and speeches were made by Governor Brackett, ex-Governor John D. Long, lieutenant Governor Haile, Josiah Quincy, Hon. William E. Russell and others. A display of fireworks and a ball closed the day.

Gould Gets Bail.

ALBANY, May 23.—William Gould, Jr., charged with complicity in the defalcation at the Albany City bank, has been released on bail. The principal bondsman is W. C. Little, the law book publisher and a very wealthy man. Gould has been in jail only about thirty hours, but has been under arrest and attempting to get bail for a week.

A WINDED CYCLONE.

Andy Bowen Whips Billy Myer at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 22.—Billy Myer, the "Streator cyclone," and Andy Bowen, a local light weight, met in a finish fight for $2,500 a side and the athletic club last night. In the first round Bowen lead and hit Myer on the shoulder and rushing him hit again. After sparring Bowen hit Myer on the jaw, knocking him down. So far. He lead and hit Billy in the jaw then they sparred for wind and clinched. Each struck at the other three times. The round ended with honors about even. In the third round Bowen hit Myer a stinger on the neck, but Myer returned it. After sparring for wind both went to rolling blows, Myer forcing Bowen to the ropes.

In the fourth round Myer got in a terrible blow on Bowen's neck, but the latter rewarded him with a stinger on the left cheek about even. In the fifth round both men sparred for wind. After an exchange of blows and terrific infighting Bowen threw Myer and got the best of the round. In the sixth round both men were tired, but Bowen was confident. Both men were cautious and sparred for wind. In the seventh round Myer secured the fresher of the two. After some sparring they closed and indulged in some hard exchanges at short range, in which Myer got the best of it.

In the seven rounds following both men fought cautiously and Myer was evidently saving his wind for the finish. In the seventh round Bowen hit Billy on the neck and on the breast and then landed a hard one under Myer's heart. In the seventeenth round Bowen landed twice in Myer's face and terrible infighting followed. In the eighteenth round Myer received a blow on the neck which staggered him. The nineteenth round was rather in favor of Bowen. In the twentieth round Myer chased Bowen around and asked him to come up and fight. Bowen replied by landing on Billy's head and getting him on the ropes. He then lead and slugged Myer in the chin. After sparring Myer knocked Bowen on the ropes and the round ended in Myer's favor. In the twenty-second round Bowen hit Myer square on the nose.

From the twenty-third round to the twenty-sixth all were fighting was light. In the twenty-sixth round Myer made desperate attempts to get in a knockout blow, but Bowen dodged it and got away. At the end of the round the honors were about even. In the twenty-seventh round both men fought like demons. The round ended in Myer's favor. In the twenty-eighth round the honors were both pretty well extended. Myer got Bowen on the ropes. The police separated them. When time was called for the twenty-ninth round Mr. Chesney came forward and gave the fight up. He claimed that Myer's hand had given out in the tenth round. The referee thereupon decided Bowen the winner.

INVENTOR EDISON ACCUSED.

Walter K. Freeman Says the Wizard Stole His Incandescent Lamp.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Trial was begun of a suit against the United States Electric Lightning company by Walter K. Freeman, who claims that he, and not Edison, invented the incandescent lamp, and who claims that the company made a contract with him in 1882 to push his claim before the patent office, and if successful, to pay him $50,000 for it. He alleges that through the neglect of the company the application failed, and he sues for the $100,000, and for $50,000 damages for being discharged and for loss of salary. One of the allegations made by Freeman is that in 1878, while living in Racine, Wis., he invented the lamp and sent it to Edison.

About two years later Edison announced as his own invention the same lamp, and when Freeman protested, Edison offered him $50,000 if he would keep quiet about it. Freeman was secretary to the company's employ. The company claims that it never contracted to push Freeman's claim, but if he would establish a patent himself the company would buy it's rights. The company also charges that even this contract was obtained by fraudulent representations on Freeman's part, and that he subsequently sold his alleged rights to other parties. The claim for salary due is also denied. Mr. Edison is not made a party to the suit.

New Empire State Laws.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 23.—Governor Hill has affixed his signature to the following new laws: Chapter 399, that the board of managers of the New York Agricultural Society shall have power to hold a fair in Buffalo each year; chapter 401, amending the act relating to life insurance companies; chapter 402, amending the act relating to the formation of town and county co-operative insurance companies; chapter 405, authorizing Middletown to issue bonds for repaving streets and highways; chapter 408, authorizing the New York department of public parks to grant license to the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company to occupy land in the Twenty-second ward for a passenger station; chapter 409, amending the act to regain payment of the premiums by fire insurance companies not organized under the laws of this state; chapter 410, amending the act to provide for sewerage and drainage of White Plains; chapter 467, making appropriation for the erection of the north wing of the Elmira state reformatory; chapter 468, that the board of claims hear the claims of A. H. Chester, A. Russell, Charles B. Brush and S. White.

Mrs. Flack's Real Divorce Suit.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The genuine divorce suit of Mrs. Mary Flack against ex-Sheriff Flack was tried in the supreme court, special term, before Judge Beach. Mrs. Flack was ill, and did not appear in court. The facts of marriage was proved, also the fact of Flack's adultery. The defense produced no testimony, and the court reserved decision. Collusion, the only point in doubt being the proper amount of alimony.

The Bear Ordered to Behring Sea.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Instructions have been sent from the treasury department to the commander of the Bear at Seattle to proceed to Alaskan waters on her usual voyage of protection to the seal fisheries. The instructions this year to the commander of the Bear are similar to those of last year, but are more explicit in some matters of detail about pursuing marauding vessels.

An Expert Telegrapher's Death.

BROOKLYN, May 23.—John D. Roloson, night manager of the Postal Telegraph company's main office in New York, died Thursday afternoon in Seney hospital from injuries he received several days ago in a collision with a hurdler's wagon while riding a bicycle. Roloson was an expert operator, and took several prizes in fast sending tournaments.

Presidential Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations of postmasters: Massachusetts, James Bracken, Webster; New York, Bradford G. Greene, Oxford; New Jersey, L. C. Albertson Atlantic City Pennsylvania, J. R. Roberts, Slatington

M'DONALD STEPS DOWN

The New Jersey Senator's Seat Taken Away.

THE HUDSON COUNTY FIGHT OVER

The Majority Report of the Elections Committee Was Adopted by a Party Vote, and Mr. Stahr Was Seated—What the Minority Report Stated.

TRENTON, May 22.—The majority and minority reports on the McDonald-Stahr contest were presented to the senate last evening. The report of the majority signed by Senators Gardner and Rue, Republicans was an exhaustive document. It took more than an hour to read it. Senator Gardner presented it. The report was accompanied by 2,800 pages of testimony taken in the course of the investigation It recites in detail the developments of the investigation, saying that it was a continuous discovery of fraud, clearly indicating a great conspiracy to subvert the true result of the election. This fraud took on every possible character—false registration, repeating, substitution, tampering with ballot boxes, intimidation, voting dead men's names, etc., and all of it tended toward the election of the Democratic ticket, including Senator McDonald.

The Office Holders Around.

It was impossible to resist the conclusion that the election officers, nearly all office holders under ring rules, were connected with the crime in almost every instance. The committee finally tired of the unearthing of some development of fraud. Their task seemed interminable, and it was decided that it was going too far to seat Mr. McDonald as desired. After consultation with his counsel he had concluded that he had no witnesses to call.

Stahr Entitled to 18,000 Ballots.

The report then went on to criticise the methods employed by the Hudson county Democratic committee, of which Sheriff Robert Davis was the head center, and in which the committee of seven, Tom Flynn's lieut conspiracy. The committee believe there were 10,000 false registrations in the county, and that the voting population of the county does not exceed 35,000, instead of 42,000 as recorded: and, further, tha Mr. Stahr is entitled to 18,000 legal ballots in there, which would give him a majority. As the same election officers still hold over, it would be only an invitation to a repetition of fraud to order a new election. The committee believe that Mr. Stahr was honestly elected, and recommends that he be seated

Senator Adrian's Argument.

Senator Adrian, the Democratic membe of the committee, presented the minority report. He held, in the first place, that th contest had been irregularly begun, and secondly, that once begun, it was not con ducted as a judicial tribunal, but as a voyage of discovery for the benefit of the Republican party. The sole question, he said, before the committee was whether Senator Stahr had received a majority of the votes cast at the last fall election but the committee failed to show this, not withstanding the flagrant violation of every rule of evidence. He insisted that fraud should be proven, and not presumed. Yet only by presumption could fraud be estab lished sufficiently to warrant the unseating of Mr. McDonald. Even allowing al the claims of fraud discovered, and no simply inferred, Mr. McDonald, he said had still 2,678 majority.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti. P. O. Box 1009.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Credner at the public school in Lane avenue, Madison square. New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial classes. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 26th street. 9-28-1y

M. P. L. CONDE, Teacher of Violin, 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for pole or concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 250. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG, A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the pioneer of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons in ladies and gentlemen in French and German Languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1589.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-9-1y

E. K. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Fox Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 46. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. REES, Notary Public and Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N.J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 28 and 29. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PARsnips and Spring Plants at John Gundry's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 39 West Front street

Mr. McDonald Unseated.

The minority report concludes with the declaration that setting aside Mr. McDonald's election would be one thing, but to give the seat to Mr. Stahr would be the greatest monstrosity of human conduct ever known and a fraud far greater than any ever committed in Hudson county. Senator Pfeifer, of Camden, made a speech in support of the minority report and Senator McDonald spoke in his own defense The resolutions to unseat Senator McDonald were then put to a vote and passed All the Republicans (eleven) voted for them. Senator McDonald did not vote The oath was then administered to James Stahr was sworn in today.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

A call has been issued for a meeting in Washington, May 29, of the executive committee of the national Republican committee.

Eli Porter, aged 80, has eloped with Mary Wood, aged 16, of New Bedford, Mass Porter has a wife and child.

The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for the condition of nationa banks on May 17.

Instructions similar to those sent to the captain of the Bear have been sent to the commander of the Rush at San Francisco to patrol Alaskan waters and protect the seal fisheries there.

W. B. Little & Bros., merchants and millers at Alvey's Fort, Pa., have failed. Liabilities, $60,000; assets, nominal.

The Chicago police are on the hunt again for "J. B. Simonds," the man who bought the furniture for the Carlson cottage, in which Dr. Cronin was murdered. "Simonds" has been seen on the street in Chicago twice lately by the salesmen from whom he purchased the goods.

At New York David Ramsey, who a year ago sued George J. Ryerson for $50,000 damages for alienating the affections of his wife, broke into the latter's house early in the morning and tried to kill him.

An Important Point Involved.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Gen. Roger A. Pryor, of New York, and T. J. McMinn, of Texas, attorneys for Richard Duncan have filed a decidedly important application for habeas corpus before the supreme court of the United States. Duncan is under sentence of death for murder at Eagle Pass, Tex. The application for the writ is based on the claim that the pena laws of Texas were never enacted. The matter has gone over to the October term of the court, the sentence of Duncan being suspended in the meantime. The point involved is a most important one, as on it will depend the sentences of a great many more persons under trial or sentence for capital offences.

J. P. Laire & Co

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A 1, SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER

THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19c
12 " " " very fine, 25
12 " " " silk points, 29, 35
Undersea silk mitts in black and tan shades 15 and 20c

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladie ' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

Parasols.

"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 22 in., $1.20, 24 in., $1.45, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys string ped belts 25 buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 25 buckle, all colors, 10c

Louis Callman.

40 FRONT WEST STREET

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. S. CRANE'S. Hatter and Furnisher, 19 Park Avenue

A Window Glass Trust.

PITTSBURG, May 22.—The Western Window Glass association held a meeting yesterday which resulted in several important changes in the window glass business, and a combination was formed which is practically a trust. Besides the large number of members present the following gentlemen, representing the Window Glass association, were in attendance by special invitation: James H. Rice and George F. Kimball, of Chicago; Adolph Dreyfus, St. Louis; William Reid, Detroit, and William Glenney, Cincinnati. The Western association and the Jobbers' association have heretofore been throwing every obstacle in each other's way. As a result of the meeting the two organizations will sell window glass on the same scale of prices, which they will regulate at their own pleasure.

Erastus Wiman Will Speak.

WATERLOO, Ont., May 23.—The queen's birthday has been selected for a grand demonstration in this section to encourage closer relations with the United States. An immense audience it is expected will greet Erastus Wiman, who will speak during the evening on "Continental Consequences of the McKinley Tariff Bill."

One Soldier Shoots Another.

HAMPTON, Va., May 23.—Frank Manning and James Tye, enlisted men at Fortress Monroe, had a difficulty at Mill Creek and on their return to the fort, while Tye was seated in his room preparing for target practice, Manning came to the door, rifle in hand, and shot him through the head, causing instant death.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 20 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AND WEST

OURS. McGINTYR'S.
Prime Cattle Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs. Colorado Goats.
Native Veal. Western Dressed
Jersey Pork. Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys. Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams. Shoulders Hams
FAIR PRICES. Trimmed.

N. B. Smallfer's, Door at any Price.
24 Somerset street. At McGinty's.

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice and at reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
P. O. Box 798.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Vantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,

23 WEST FRONT STREET.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 20 Somerset Street.

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

THE DAIRY,

89 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves and Pickles, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Sauerkraut, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Relish, Herbs, Mixed Mustard, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield and Elmhurst

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE 45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE O LS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

EAST Pennies and Nickels, WEST

BOYS SAVE YOUR

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $35.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

H. N. SPENCER.

Grower and tradesman, 76 and 78 Roosevelt street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar lawn poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

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23 WEST FRONT STREET.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

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INSURANCE.

No. 72 East Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Senator Daniel's Views on the Silver Bill.

THE DEMONETIZATION OF 1873

Is Now the Bill Was Smuggled Through Congress and Signed by the President Secretly—Senator Sherman's Denial Evidence Piled for Better Leverage.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—In the senate the credentials of Calvin S. Brice as senator from the state of Ohio for six years, commencing March 4, 1891, were presented by Mr. Payne, read and placed on file. The silver bill was then taken up and Mr. Daniel addressed the senate in favor of silver currency. The financial system of the country, he said, was in disarray. It provided taxation, currency and debts unequally and collectively they were out of joint. The currency was insufficient to continue to maintain prices, and was true opposite to the laws of trade.

The Suggestion Ridiculed.

Question was executive—a worse than existing one and the public debt had been put to such anomalous relation to the that the government appeared on both sides of the saleconcurrer in the most unsatisfactory position. He ridiculed the suggestion that in the event of free coinage the United States would be flooded with silver.

The secretary of the treasury stated in his report that there was no known accumulation of silver bullion anywhere in the world, and certainly there was no such vast accumulation as would be produced by the demonetization act of 1873 as having been smuggled through congress and signed by the president ignorantly.

Senator Sherman's Denial.

Mr. Sherman denied this last statement and said the act of 1873 had been discussed at length at two years and largely discussed throughout the country. Mr. Daniel still claimed that the demonetization of 1873 was a matter unknown to congress and to the country. Mr. Stewart (then as now a member of the senate) supported the statement by saying: "It was not stated in the bill that there was any intention to leave out the silver dollar."

The silver bill was laid aside without action and the naval appropriation bill was taken up. During the discussion Mr. Sherman criticised the system of using navy yards for political purposes instead of for the work done in private shops and Mr. Hawley replied in defense of the navy department.

The Tariff Bill Delayed.

The engrossing clerks of the house of representatives did not complete the engrossment of the tariff bill as they expected and it will not reach the senate until this afternoon. It will be referred immediately to the finance committee, which will determine upon an order of business in relation to it at the regular meeting Tuesday next.

Bills in the Senate.

The following bills were among those introduced: By Mr. Hiscock—Subjecting oleomargarine to the provisions of the laws of the several states. This bill carries out the theory advanced by Mr. Hiscock in the discussion of the liquor bill, that if the United States gives up its right to regulate commerce in one article under the interstate commerce provision of the constitution it could relinquish the same right in relation to another article.

By Mr. Dolph—Providing that in case of a collision at sea between two vessels it shall be the duty of the person in charge of each to remain near the other so far as can be done without danger to passengers or vessel for the purpose of rendering assistance and informing the name of the vessel, and any person who shall fail to do this shall be held in default of proof to the contrary to be responsible for the collision, and further he shall be liable to a fine of $5,000 or imprisonment not to exceed two years, and the informer against him shall receive one-half of the fine which may be imposed.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—In the house Mr. Dunnell (Minn.), from the committee on census, reported a bill amendatory of the census act. Passed. It prescribes a penalty upon any supervisor or enumerator who shall receive, or any person who shall pay, any fee or other consideration in addition to the compensation of such supervisor or enumerator.

A bill was passed appropriating $90,000 to supply a deficiency in the appropriation for public buildings and grounds, including those then went into committee of the whole on the river and harbor bill. Mr. Henderson (Ill.), chairman of the committee on rivers and harbors, explained the provisions of the bill, stating that it appropriated $20,962,000 based upon estimates aggregating $35,000,000. He believed that there was no money that went out of the treasury that was so much in the interest of the people of the country as the money expended in the improvement of rivers and harbors.

A Plea from Louisiana.

Mr. Blanchard (La.) said the fact that a great and disastrous flood had recently occurred in the lower valley of the Mississippi river was a sufficient excuse (if the excuse was needed) for calling the attention of the house to this great river which periodically overflowed its banks to the destruction of property and often to the destruction of human life.

It was time that congress should be waking up to the idea that something should be done to harness its waters. He found explicit authority in the constitution justifying congress in restraining flood waters. The late flood had demonstrated, not that the levee system was a failure, but that an adequate system of levees would prevent flood.

Mr. McAdoo's Census Resolution.

The protests that have been made in a number of newspapers and in meetings of congress concerning the questions to be asked by census enumerators caused Representative McAdoo (N. J.) to introduce the following resolution in the house:

Whereas complaint is being made by citizens of the alleged inquisitorial character of the questions proposed to be asked by the census enumerators, which questions are declared to be incompatible with the rights of free men, and as unwarranted and unessential exercise of power by the federal government; therefore,

Resolved, That the committee on the census consider the same, and they are hereby directed to make inquiry into the questions proposed to be asked of citizens by the census bureau and its agents, and to report by bill or otherwise such as if found necessary to the proper restriction of the same.

Mr. Quinn (N. Y.) introduced a bill reducing to one cent an ounce the fraction thereof the postage on drop letters in cities of 100,000 inhabitants or over.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—
New York.....3 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 2—8
Pittsburg.....0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—3
Base hits: New York, 11; Pittsburgh, 7. Errors: New York, 2; Pittsburg, 2. Batteries: Ruse and Buckley, Bowders and Miller.

At Boston—
Boston.....0 2 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—4
Cleveland.....0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Boston, 7; Cleveland, 5. Errors: Boston, 11; Cleveland, 16. Batteries: Getzein and Hatfin, Beatin and Zimmer.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—3
Chicago.....0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 x—3
Base hits: Brooklyn, 6; Chicago, 11. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Cincinnati, 5. Batteries: Carruthers and Buffington, Hutchinson and Harrington.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....1 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0—4
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 6. Errors: Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 2. Batteries: Gleason and Schriver, Sullivan, Hutchison and Kittridge.

Players' League.

At Boston—
Boston.....1 2 1 1 2 0 0 0 0—7
Pittsburg.....3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Base hits: Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 6. Errors: Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 17. Batteries: Daley and Kelly, Maul and Quinn.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 3 0 2 0 1—6
Cleveland.....0 0 1 0 1 0 0 2 0—4
Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; Cleveland, 14. Errors, Philadelphia, 4; Cleveland, 4. Batteries: Keefe and Milligan, Gruber and Sutcliffe.

At New York—
New York.....3 0 2 5 0 2 0 0 0—12
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—2
Base hits: New York, 9; Chicago, 14. Errors: New York, 4; Chicago, 7. Batteries: Ewing and Ewing, Baldwin and Boyle.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....4 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—6
Buffalo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Brooklyn, 7; Buffalo, 5. Errors: Brooklyn, 11; Buffalo, 5. Batteries: Sowders and Cook, Haddock and Halligan.

American Association.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Columbus.....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1—3
Base hits: Syracuse, 9; Columbus, 8. Errors: Syracuse, 5; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Casey and Briggs, Gastright and O'Connor.

At Philadelphia—
Athletic.....1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 2—7
Toledo.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 0—1
Base hits: Athletic, 12; Toledo, 8. Errors: Athletic, 11; Toledo, 11. Batteries: McMahon and Robinson, Cushman and Sage.

At Rochester—
Rochester.....0 2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—4
St. Louis.....0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—3
Base hits: Rochester, 5; St. Louis, 8. Errors: Rochester, 3; St. Louis, 5. Batteries: Callahan and McKeough, Whitrock and Munyon.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 1 2 1 4—9
Louisville.....0 2 0 0 2 4 7 0 x—15
Base hits: Brooklyn, 7; Louisville, 19. Errors: Brooklyn, 11; Louisville, 7. Batteries: Matthews and Bowers, Stratton and Ryan.

Atlantic Association.

At Hartford—Hartford, 4; Wilmington, 13. Base hits: Hartford, 7; Wilmington, 8. Errors: Hartford, 9; Wilmington, 7. Batteries: Winkleman and Moore, Reed and Wilson.

At New Haven—New Haven, 14; Washington, 2. Base hits: New Haven, 16; Washington, 3. Errors: New Haven, 2; Washington, 8. Batteries: Horton and Hofford, McCoy and Nichols.

At Newark—Worcester, 11; Newark, 2. Base hits: Worcester, 11; Newark, 5. Errors: Worcester, 18; Newark, 7. Batteries: Burns and Gunning, Miller and Duffy.

At Jersey City—Jersey City, 2; Baltimore, 10. Base hits: Jersey City, 4; Baltimore, 10. Errors: Jersey City, 7; Baltimore, 5. Batteries: Fitzgerald and Murphy, O'Rourke and Townsend.

Laboring with Governor Hill.

ALBANY, May 23.—Assemblyman Cornell of Richmond county, is here with elaborate maps of the Staten Island shore to enable Governor Hill to appreciate the full scope of the pier and bulkhead bill, which has not yet been signed. The maps show that there are numerous water lot owners who will be benefited by the extension further than the Rapid Transit Railroad company who own less than one-quarter of the water front. An elaborate brief from Erastus Wyman was also received, in which it was stated that should the bill fail to receive the governor's signature it would defeat the purpose of the bill, which, after three years of investigation, authorized the erection of the Arthur Kill bridge, and which now being completed renders accessible ten miles of water front in the harbor of New York to no less than six trunk lines of railroad. The brief further states that the petitions in favor of the Arthur Kill bridge were signed by New York business men representing $500,000,000, including H. B. Hyde, John A. Stewart, William M. Evarts, O. H. Porter, H. B. Claflin, F. K. Thurber and other prominent persons.

Mr. Powderly on Mine Inspectors.

ALBANY, May 23.—Over 3,000 men paraded last night in honor of Grand Master Workman Powderly, who is in the city. Later Mr. Powderly called to "pay his respects" before an audience of 4,000 people. Mr. Powderly in speaking of the bill signed by Governor Hill to appoint a mine inspector said he did not believe that it would result in very much practical good. In his own state, Pennsylvania, they had mine inspectors, but they were appointed because of their political "pull." They knew nothing about mining. "If the governor would appoint some man in this state who was not in the employ of some corporation, or who could not be controlled by the corporations or capitalists, some good might result," he said. "Why, in Pennsylvania, the men we have never get into the mines. They draw their salary for standing around and smelling of the fire."

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process" will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

THEY VOTE FOR REVISION.

Only One Dissenting Voice at the Saratoga Assembly.

SARATOGA, May 22.—The Presbyterian assembly, on motion of Dr. Kneeland, directed that the special committee on publication be continued another year in order that it may meet and confer with the reference committee in the matter of the board of publication reports. It also paved the way for revision of the confession and constitution by adopting the report of the committee on methods of achieving those ends. Dr. Patton, of Princeton, said that in agreeing upon the report there had been mutual concession without surrender of opinion on either side.

Dr. Van Dyke, of Brooklyn, said: "This report is the result of a compromise of opinions, not of truth. It is a peace measure, and it clears the way for a conservative revision, not a radical revision, as I have been falsely reported as saying—of the confession." A prompt and emphatic "yea" was the response to the question of adopting the report. The only suggestion of the contrary there was a solitary "nay" from the rear of the church. There was a shout of laughter, then a storm of hearty, long continued applause. While the assembly stood Dr. Crosby offered a fervent prayer of thanks to God for the result.

Dr. Patton read the report of the committee on canvass of overtures to the presbyteries which objected to any change that would affect the system of doctrine. "They can't include me among the radicals," remarked the doctor. The example was infections, and Jersey City, Morris, Orange, Idaho, Dayton and a dozen other presbyteries were named by commissioners as having been omitted from the list. The report was accordingly received and referred back for correction.

Dr. McCrorie, of New York, offered a resolution for the appointment of fourteen ministers and seven elders to constitute a committee on revision, to meet not later than Oct. 31, 1890, and report to the general assembly of 1891. The resolution was made the second order for to-morrow morning.

The afternoon session was devoted to the report of the committee on church erection. Col. Elliot F. Shepard, of New York, addressed the assembly.

The Central's Big Freight House Burned.

ALBANY, May 23.—The largest freight house of the New York Central railroad was burned last night. The building was a frame structure 300 by 100 feet long, and was filled with general merchandise. The fire is supposed to have originated in a consignment of fireworks, and, spreading to some barrels of kerosene oil, caused a terrific explosion. In an instant the huge house, filled with an immense quantity of freight, was a mass of flames. There were 100 barrels of whisky in the house, and these added to feed the flames. The freight house was totally consumed with all its contents, and ten cars loaded with merchandise were also burned. Two cars filled with Hammond's canned beef and two cars filled with butter and eggs were so badly scorched that the contents were ruined. The entire loss is thought to be about $175,000, of which about $75,000 will fall upon the New York Central railroad, about $50,000 upon the Merchants' dispatch, and the balance upon the consignors or consignees. The insurance will amount to about $60,000. The authorities are very reticent in regard to the fire.

Baptists Choose Officers.

CHICAGO, May 23.—At the session of the American Baptist Publication society the following officers were elected: President, Samuel A. Crozer, of Pennsylvania; vice presidents, Thomas Armitage, of New York; Col. James Hoyt, of Indiana; Rev. Edmund Goodman, of Illinois; Joshua Levering, of Maryland; secretary, Rev. Benjamin Griffith, D. D.; recording secretary, A. McLean, LL. D.; treasurer, Col. Charles H. Banz, and a long list of managers. The report of the committee on catechetical work recommending the publication of a catechism as supplemental to the New Testament teaching of the Sunday school was adopted. Resolutions protesting against the discharge of three colored writers from The Teacher were referred to the board of managers. The colored delegates were indignant.

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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Mrs. Babbitt Will Not Go.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 23.—The notice to vacate served on Mrs. Catherine Babbitt, sister-in-law of the late B. T. Babbitt, the millionaire soap manufacturer, by Thomas H. Bullick, a New York lawyer, who claims to have bought the house in which she lives, expired Thursday. Mrs. Babbitt will not vacate the premises except under legal compulsion. Mr. Bullick's remedy now is an order from one of the courts requiring her to show cause why she should not be ejected from the premises. Mrs. Babbitt has no fear that further steps will be taken. She even doubts whether Bullick has fully bought the house, and seems inclined to think that he is acting in the matter simply as an agent for the executors of the Babbitt estate.

News of the Committees.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The house committee on the judiciary have decided by a vote of 8 to 7 to report favorably a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment granting the right of suffrage to women. A bill by Mr. Atkinson, making it a felony for any election officer connected with an election to change the returns of elections, was also adopted. It was also agreed to report favorably a bill to prohibit the printing of advertisements on the flag of the United States.

Insanity in Schoele's Plea.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 23.—The trial of Jacob Schoele for the murder of Constable Drucker at New Canaan will probably be finished to-day. The defense has put in a plea of insanity. Drucker was killed while trying to arrest Schoele for illegal selling of liquor.

Eight Aldermen Indicted.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 23.—The grand jury has indicted Aldermen Drady, Macey, Sheldon, Eagan, Weitz, Hammer and Smith for malfeasance in office. Drady was also indicted for obtaining money by false pretenses.

Electrocution for Frank Fish.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 23.—The jury in the case of Frank Fish, charged with murder in the first degree, whose trial has been proceeding in Canandaigua for several days, brought in a verdict of guilty.

Where Is Senator MacFarlane?

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—The absence of Senator J. J. MacFarlane, president of the American Life Insurance company, who has been missed from his usual resorts during the past few days, is exciting comment.

Fitzpatrick and Murphy Matched.

BOSTON, May 23.—Jack Fitzpatrick, the Canadian feather weight, has been matched to spar young Murphy, of Providence, at the Gladstone Athletic club next month.

The Weather.

Generally from cloudy to partly cloudy, with rain and slight thermal changes.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

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RHEUMATISM

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Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

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46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel,

Frank Linke,

Established 1868.

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porters. Base Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

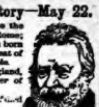
Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

This Date in History—May 22.



1807.—Death of Constantine the Great, emperor of Rome, supposed to have been born in 272. Removed the seat of empire to Constantinople.

1471.—Henry VI. of England, murdered in the Tower of London.

1868.—Alexander Pope born.

1849.—Born in Corsica, Napoleon Bonaparte, afterward emperor of the French.

1813.—Richard Wagner, the great German musical composer, born at Leipsic.

1819.—Queen Victoria born. VICTOR HUGO.

1859.—Battle of Montebello, in which the Austrians were defeated by the French and Sardinians.

1862.—Beaufort proclaimed emperor of Mexico.

1865.—Death of Jefferson Davis, ex-president of the Confederate States, at Macon, Ga.

1867.—Death of Admiral Count Feodor Tolstoi, commander of the Russian fleet.

1870.—Death of Johann Nepomuk Hummel, musical composer, born at Presburg, Hungary, Nov. 14, 1778.

1871.—Death of Johann Jakob Heinrich Arnold, a German theologian, born at Wiesenfeld, Prussia, Dec. 31, 1805.

1872.—Death of Thomas Couture, a French painter, born at Senlis, France, Dec. 21, 1815.

1873.—Death of Alexander Ivanovitch Koshelev, a Russian historian, born at Moscow, Feb. 22, 1806.

1874.—Death of Johann Peter Hebel, a German poet, born at Basle, May 10, 1760.

1877.—Death of Sir Charles Locock, physician to Queen Victoria, born at Reading, England, in 1799.

1878.—Death of Sir Edward Ryan, chief justice of Bengal, born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1793.

1879.—Death of Sir Henry Bulwer, governor of Natal, born in 1836.

1880.—Death of Sir Thomas Phillipps, a famous collector of manuscripts, born at Manchester, England, April 1, 1792.

1881.—Death of Sir Thomas Graham Jackson, a famous architect, born at Wadham, England, Jan. 24, 1835.

1882.—Death of Sir Thomas Wyse, a British diplomatist, born at Waterford, Ireland, in 1791.

1883.—Death of Sir Thomas Wilson, a British financier, born at Sheffield, England, in 1806.

1884.—Death of Sir Thomas Spencer Wells, a famous surgeon, born at Leicester, England, Aug. 3, 1818.

1885.—Death of Victor Hugo, aged 83.

Death Defeats Justice.

MADISON, Wis., May 23.—Theodore Neu here, a 15-year-old boy, for whom the police have been looking for a month, for the theft of $97 from his brother, was seen on the street. A policeman was about to arrest him. He drew a revolver, blew his brains out and fell dead at the feet of his would be captor.

A Bank Assigns.

LEBANON, Tenn., May 23.—The Bank of Middle Tennessee has made an assignment. Liabilities, $100,000; assets between $90,000 and $70,000.

The Reason.

"I wonder," said a department clerk to Willie Washington, "why so many of the inscriptions on the tombstones are in Latin?"

"Perhaps," said Willie after some thought, "it's because Latin's a dead language, you know."—Washington Post.

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NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

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For Wrenches, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Jewelry, Cutlery, Hair Brushes, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

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Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

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Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.04, 5.38, 6.00, 6.59, 7.37, 8.36, 9.18 Eas 8.15, 9.31, 9.42, 10.36, 11.09, 11.39 a. m., 12.09 p. m., 2.00, 3.09, 3.32, 3.52, 5.31, 6.07, 6.54, 7.09, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 5.04, 5.38, 6.00, 6.59, 7.37, 8.36, 9.18, 10.31, 11.31, 12.09 p. m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.09, 3.32, 3.52, 5.31, 6.07, 6.54, 7.09, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave New York foot Liberty street at 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.40, 11.20, 12.56 p. m., 3.25, 4.30, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Saturdays, 12.40 a. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to oversize of boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Post Office window.

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Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

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Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. F. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY. See-Tree's.

IN ICE MOY'S SODA. NONE BETTER.

L. A. KHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

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MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, L. A. Gebert the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand, sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, in addition to the usual business.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

A Great Bargain

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
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Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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ARRIVE—7:30, 9:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.
ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct packets to Newark and Elizabeth, 8, 9, 1:45 p. m. and 6:30. Direct mail for Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5:10 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

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Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to oversize of boxes.

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

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DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

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WOMAN AND HOME.

AN ATHLETIC TEACHER'S METHOD OF MAKING WOMEN HEALTHY.

Another Picture of New York Working Girls—What to Teach Young Women. The Fault of the Corset—A Bright Woman's Complaint.

If an athletic teacher can be believed, the pallid faced, blue lipped, chicken breasted woman with leaden eyes and a willow wand figure is to be transformed into a buxom jade of muscular beauty and dawn red cheeks for ninety cents. A pair of three pound dumbbells are to be hers for thirty cents. Two towels of heavy Turkish crash cost the same sum each. On rising in the morning begin practice at once. With a dumbbell in each hand lift the arms to touch the shoulders with the bells, and straighten the arms out smartly at right angles from the body. Do this smoothly and regularly ten times. Then touch the shoulders, and lift the bells ten times straight up on either side of the head. Hit out straight from shoulder ten times; drop the bells at full length of the arm and draw them up to the armpits; and vary these motions in the twenty or thirty different directions possible, as each one's cleverness suggests, thus exercising every muscle.

Begin with only two or three the first morning, and increase them as the strength increases. Finishing with the bells, set a mark on the wall at a height of four or five feet, and, standing on the left leg, try to touch the mark with the right toe ten times, doing the same afterwards with the left. The mark can be raised nearly a foot more as one's agility increases. Then put hands on hips and jump up and down ten times. Next spring into the bath—a warm one is best—sponging one's self off with cold water afterwards, and dry the skin with vigorous manipulation of the rough towel. Try that for a month, and see whether health and beauty are not the consequences.—New York World.

What to Teach Young Women.

A mother writes to me: "What shall I teach my daughters?" This one important and tremendous fact, my sister—that there is no happiness in this world for an idle woman. It may be with hand, it may be with brain, it may be with foot; but work she must or be wretched forever. The little girls of our families must be started with that idea. The curse of our American society is that our young women are taught that the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, tenth, fiftieth, thousandth thing in their life is to get somebody to take care of them.

"Instead of that, the first lesson should be how, under God, they may take care of themselves. The fact is that a large majority of them do have to take care of themselves, and that, too, after having, through the false notions of their parents, wasted the years when they ought to have learned how successfully to maintain themselves. It is inhuman and cruel for any father or mother who pass their daughters into womanhood having given them no facility for earning their livelihood.

We should teach our daughters that work of any kind, when necessary, is a credit and honor to them. It is a shame for a young woman, belonging to a large family, to be inefficient when the father and mother is all their lives aiding for her support. It is a shame for a daughter to be idle while her mother toils at the washtub. It is as honorable to sweep house, make beds or trim hats as it is to twist a watch chain or embroider a slipper.—Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D. D., in *Ladies' Home Journal*.

New York Working Girls.

Many columns have been written about the working girls of New York. They have been described at one time as the most oppressed people upon the face of the earth, unblushingly to every conditions of hardship, and again they have been described as the underpaid hirelings of cruel capitalists, and all that sort of thing. The average workingman or woman has been differed from these descriptions. She is a cheerful sort of being, who gets up early, works late, looks healthy and complains very little. Sometimes she is out of work and often she is lively. I recall just now one instance of absolute cruelty on the part of her employer, and that is the case of a rich dry goods firm which compels her to stand during all the hours of the day, with a short respite at noon of thirty minutes for luncheon.

As an offset to this case I may, I think, properly mention the rules of an extensive retail establishment on Sixth avenue, near Fifth street. The salaries of the saleswomen in this place are very liberal indeed, and while all the girls are compelled to be on time in the morning there is no system of fines. A mere reprimand usually serves all the ends desired. In summer every saleswoman is allowed two weeks of vacation on full pay, and during the dull season she may take as many more without salary. But in no case is she compelled to do an amount of work that is calculated to injure her health or to interfere with her enjoyment in the evenings, except on Saturdays.—Cor. Baltimore American.

Keep an Expense Account.

Every economical housekeeper will do her own marketing, keeping a book, which she takes to market and in which she has the marketman put down what she has bought and the quantity and price—after she has seen the meat cut and weighed and has selected her vegetables. Only those who have tried this way of marketing know how much money is saved by so doing. If you have a good cellar you can afford to buy most in large pieces, but it is not well to lay in a quantity of vegetables if your family is small.

A bushel of potatoes is enough to buy at one time for a small family, a peck of onions or turnips, and butter in small quantities. Flour and sugar may be bought by the barrel if enough bread and sweet food—such as cake, puddings and preserves—warrant the use of so much sugar, or if the family is large. And always deal with a trustworthy butcher and grocer. Poor meats and vegetables are not worth eating; they are not cheap. Food must be nourishing; it is not enough that the appetite should be satisfied; quality is more than quantity, and it is better to pay the butcher than the doctor.".—New York Star.

The Fault of the Corset.

Women are no doubt the worst offenders in this respect. The great majority of corsets does not proceed from tight lacing, which is more or less a thing of the past, but from providing an artificial support to the trunk. Scarcely a woman, standing, sitting or walking, does not drop into her stays, with the inevitable result that her muscles become flaccid, her sinews weaken and the carriages of her spine shrink. She loses strength, vigor and power of resistance just where she needs them most.

With the entire disuse of the abdominal muscles there comes in both men and women the ugly and perfectly unnecessary deposit of fat, which is not only offensive to the eye but weakening to the system. Of course even animals grow bulky and take on flesh as they age, though their activity continues. But did any one ever see any animal, except the barnyard pig, with a paunch? Man has been born within the last century and a half to consider dirty hands a disgrace. Obesity should be ranked with uncleanliness as being the visible mark of lazy habits.—Edwin Checkley's Natural Method of Physical Training.

A Bright Woman's Complaint.

Here's a typical complaint from a bright woman. Said she: "Because I read a good bit, because I go to the theatres, because I have intellectual opinions to what I read and see, somebody called me a clever woman. I despise the word. I would rather be called a thief. A clever woman always seems to me to be one who is plotting and planning out for herself and for herself alone. If she is clever with her needle she only uses it to make her own belongings. If she is clever with her pen, she writes letters to less clever people to make them feel what fools they are. If she is clever with her brain, people are expected to breathe in an atmosphere of paint and artists' talk whatever you come near her. If she is clever about bringing up her children, she is certain to make one vile villains of them, and if she is clever about managing her husband, you may be pretty sure that he deceives her. Call me bright, call me stupid, call me anything you want, but don't call me clever."—Cor. Springfield Homestead.

Pretty Little Japanese Women.

In size the Japanese woman is small compared with those of American or Northern Europe, their average height being four and one-half feet. Her complexion is peculiar to all Mongolians, which is especially true of the women and outdoor laborers, but that the upper and more refined class, those not subjected to the scorching rays of summer's sun or chafing effects of a spring wind, are no fairer than the average American woman. Her beautiful dark hair, kept glossy by the frequent dressing of the native coiffeur, her dark eyes not so obliquely set as artists paint them, paint the complexion slightly and make her skin appear more opaque than that of a light haired, blue eyed damsel of Sweden. Her form is plump, as nature intended it to be, not being pressed into unhealthy shapes by means used in more civilized lands. The most that can be said against her form is that her limbs and feet are short, shapeless and clumsy.—Cor. Chicago Inter Ocean.

A Unique Stand.

I recall a stand, both convenient and pretty, which had a chintz frill reaching to the floor, matching the window curtains and the bedspread, concealing the shelves and books which filled in the space between the chimney and the end of the room and served for a closet. The room was a small one and there was no space in it to accommodate an ordinary washstand. Between a window on one side, however, and a door on another was a corner where was a place large enough for a stand long, or and shallower than the regulation one. Into this corner a carpenter fitted a shelf, fitted to the walls on two sides with one leg at the outer corner. Another shelf was added six inches above for shoes, the valance was added, and from its extra length a commodious washstand was arranged. A small towel rack was fastened to the door which opened just at hand and the equipment was complete.—Washington Star.

To Clean Ostrich Feathers.

A clever woman says: "I clean and curl all my ostrich feathers, and think that the best milliner cannot do it much better. In a splutnin made of soap and water (soft water (boiled and beaten into foam) the feathers are washed, having some time before soaked them in clear water. After that process I put them on a clean table and rub them carefully with a fine linen cloth or simply pass them through my hands a few times; then I lay them between two linen cloths, beat them gently till they are dry, when I pull them apart and hold them over a flesh of red hot coal to curl. This must be done very carefully and not too near the coal, as the downy feathers are very easily singed. A bit of sulphur thrown on the coal when white feathers are to be cleaned bleaches a pure white. This process seems bothersome, but it is very simple and quickly done."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Feminine Threat and Reply.

Seated in a street car near two sweet young things, who were full of the beautiful ingenuousness of girlhood, the following portion of their conversation reached me:

"Oh, Amy, I have a frightful rip in my riding habit and forgot to have it mended. Lend me yours to-morrow, will you?"

"Yes, indeed, dear." (With emphasis and the utmost sweetness.) "But I'm awfully afraid you'll find it too tight; I wear a twenty-one corset, you know."

"Yes," (a long but very impressive pause.) "I think, perhaps, I can get it together, though; I wear a nineteen."

It was clean cut as the stroke of a razor; beautifully given and beautifully taken. Both faces preserved their calm and placid expression, a new topic of conversation was started almost instantly, and I leaned back in my corner and mused at my own sex. —Boston Saturday Gazette.

Judging Hosiery.

All hosiery is to be judged by the fineness of the thread and the closeness of the texture, which, in the case of stockings especially, may be tested by weighing. If you have a good collar you can afford to buy most in large pieces, but it is not well to lay in a quantity of vegetables if your family is small.

A bushel of potatoes is enough to buy at one time for a small family, a peck of onions or turnips, and butter in small quantities. Flour and sugar may be bought by the barrel if enough bread and sweet food —such as cake, puddings and preserves—warrant the use of so much sugar, or if the family is large. And always deal with a trustworthy butcher and grocer. Poor meats and vegetables are not worth eating; they are not cheap. Food must be nourishing; it is not enough that the appetite should be satisfied; quality is more than quantity, and it is better to pay the butcher than the doctor.".—New York Star.

The Fault of the Corset.

Women are no doubt the worst offenders in this respect. The great majority of corsets does not proceed from tight lacing, which is more or less a thing of the past, but from providing an artificial support to the trunk. Scarcely a woman, standing, sitting or walking, does not drop into her stays, with the inevitable result that her muscles become flaccid, her sinews weaken and the carriages of her spine shrink. She loses strength, vigor and power of resistance just where she needs them most.

With the entire disuse of the abdominal

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

A French Bridal Toilet That Affords New Features, Including a Novel Draping of the Veil—Latest Styles in Imported Shoes.

The simple but exceedingly charming French toilet for a youthful bride, depicted in our cut, is worthy of special mention. Attention is called to the long veil artistically arranged on top of the head in a new style, which entirely displays the face of the wearer, meanwhile forming an ornament for the coiffure, where it is held in position by several diamond pins, and a diadem of floral blossoms, which rests against the diaphanous puffings of the Medici net. The trained skirt is in white silk; the sleeves and draped corselet are in China crape. The chemisette with plaited neckband and short sleeves are in lace, as is the scarf. A tuft of orange blossoms is on the waist.

FRENCH BRIDAL TOILET.

A wedding gown made in London and recently seen was made of white satin and poplin, trimmed with lace. The court train of three yards and a half long, to be held by pages, was composed of the poplin, lined with satin, one corner turned up, and on this rested a large bunch of orange blossom. The bodice, too, was of poplin, with the tight waistcoat of the satin, and large upstanding leg-of-mutton sleeves of the same, matching the high Medici collar lined with lace. Across the front of the bodice came a drapery of lace and a wreath of orange blossoms, which met a point of lace on the one side, while the foot was bordered with a ruche of orange blossom.

Styles in Shoes.

Shoes to wear with summer dresses will be in all colors, yellow, green and black, the black of patent leather and the others of suede. Heels will be much higher than those of one to one and one-third inches in height. New York shoemakers are getting out shoes with toes more than rounded—quite pointed in fact.

FASHIONABLE FRENCH SHOES.

Our illustration gives a good idea of the fashions prevailing in French shoes, which many American ladies still prefer. Following is a description in detail: Fig. 1, patent leather ornamented with black silk embroidery, and a ruching in black lace. Fig. 2, satin shoe, sparkling on the toes with crystal embroidery, and set off with a plaked out chicoree in taffetas; rosette bow and long loops to match. Fig. 3, bride's shoes wrought with silver and pearls; ribbon loops over the strips. Fig. 4, tan or colored kid, enhanced with stripes of silk or jet embroidered and a plaited satin bow. Fig. 5, black velvet shoe, edged with jet or ribbon bows, and buckles shine in the center of the two ribbon bows.

An Old Trimming Revived.

The old fashioned narrow silk fringe trims some of the season's tea gowns. It edges the entire front of the gown on both sides, and also those of the sleeves, which, in many gowns, the over sleeve, resembling a scarf passed under the arm, and gathered up high on the top of it. In this style an effective combination is a cream mou silk gown and fringe, and scarfs, opening over a front, and tight long sleeves of white, or an emerald green over pale salmon pink or gray.

The New Jerseys.

The jersey is developing some new features. On English jerseys the high collar is being adopted, not the Medici collar that has gone. It is the Marie Antoinette now. The latter stands away from the neck, and doesn't give that choked appearance to the wearer that the Medici does. A blue jersey blushed in this fashion also had sleeves which fastened from the shoulder to the wrist. Tucks are also the ornament of jerseys now.

Fashion Echoes.

The smallest of flower toques are now in order.

Crescent net is a favorite material for valling dresses in appliques. A yellow satin dress veiled with this material had one of the popular sonave jet bodices, high jet shoulders and was cut high in the neck.

Dress sleeves are rapidly growing higher and wider.

The severely plain skirts are soon to be abolished. As dresses are worn now only about half the ordinary amount of stuff is required. Such sensational fashions are not encouraged by dressmakers.

The polonaise is coming to the front. Some editions of it are pretty enough. As an authority on fashion has it, the other day that nothing was more graceful than a princess polonaise on a slight figure.

The oddest designs are seen in jackets.

Many of the new mantles fit the figure almost as tightly as jackets.

The velvet sleeves to jackets have been taken up with such fervor that the fashion must wear itself out are long, especially as it is already degenerating into cheap velvet cuffed cuffs. The trailing tailors are braiding some of their sleeves to match the suit, and which has a very good effect.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.

Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:

1 hole, $4; 2 hole, $6; 3 holes, $8

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, solid wood, $11.50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gasoline stoves left on one week's trial. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. 6-foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c to all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lots of laces straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $3.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET,

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

The weather demands it
The people demand it
We supply the demand,

IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES.

Absolutely the largest and best assortment ever shown in Plainfield.

WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV.

Doane & Van Arsdale.

22 W. FRONT. St.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Broad

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

21 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos,

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 698. [Telephone call 39.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—BRIGHTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7:00 a. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train for Hillside ave. and Park, Broadway and Front st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Depot, to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.30 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	9.30 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.30 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.30 do
6th do	12.00	do	12.30 p. m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.45 p. m.
8th do	3.30	do	To the Park Stables.
9th do	5.30	do meet	6.01 p. m. train.
10th do	6.00	do do	6.30 do
11th do	7.00	do do	7.30 do
12th do	8.45	do do	9.00 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and Fifth avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plaza Park, Front street, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plaza Park, Front street, 8.07, 8.52, 9.37, 10.15, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Horses to let singly or double, by the hour.

Buses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

'92. A. HIGGINS, Prop'r.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call, 18.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Laces, Ribbons, Fancy Goods and Notions. Infants' and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pleating, Stamping and Dressmaking. Flower Dyed, Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Constitution, Catarrh, Consumption, Spinal and Chronic Diseases, Diseases of Circulation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 61 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

FOR PARLOR and BRICK GRATE FURNISHING ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

24 and 26 doors, Near R.R.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE!

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & R. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. GLEZEN, Manager.

PEERLESS SEED ASSORTER

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, MAY. 24 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TAKEN TO THE ASYLUM.

City Clerk Richard Merritt Incarcerated Yesterday.

Special Policemen Mattox and Constable Frank Bedford yesterday took Ex-City Clerk Richard Merritt to the Insane Asylum at Morris Plains. Mr. Merritt has been afflicted at times this past and has been treated in various sanitariums in New York. Of late he seems so despondent that his father was afraid that he would commit some rash act and decided to confine him permanently. Yesterday a carriage was procured and the police endeavored to induce Mr. Merritt to enter it, but he stubbs roly refused saying that he knew where they were going to take him. He eluded his captors, but Captain Lewis and Policeman Mattox later caught him in Park avenue, near Fourth street. After a desperate struggle it cy succeeded in getting him to the station house, and, after much coaxing, they induced him to enter the carriage which was still in waiting and then drove off to the asylum. Much sympathy is felt for him.

Guard Your Tongue.

A few days ago young Willie Nestor of Front street had a little spending money and was enjoying the eatables he bought with it when some school-mates began annoying him with questions as to where he got so much cash. As a joke he said "I stole it." In a very short time the rumor was traveling around that Willie Nestor had confessed to stealing five or ten dollars from the cash-drawer of Mr. Robinson Pound. The parents were very grieved at the story and Mr. Pound who immediately wrote out the following and brought it to us to publish.

It having been reported that Willie Nestor stole some money from me I desire for the sake of the boy's good name to publicly deny the report, as such was not the case.

ROBINSON POUND.

A Train Jumper Comes to Grief

A man giving his name as Christopher O'Donnell from Bethlehem, Pa., is not likely to steal rides on coal trains any more for the present. He was enjoying an excursion on an east bound Lehigh Valley coal train yesterday, riding on the bumpers, when he turned his insane. All went well until the train pulled up to allow the water at Scotch Plains. Then the cars came together and both of O'Donnell's thigh bones were broken. He was brought to Round Brook where Dr. Fisher attended him, and he was then sent to the hospital at Bethlehem. He is about 20 years of age.

The Junior Reception.

The Junior Department of the Methodist Episcopal church held its annual reception in Trout chapel last evening. The chapel was beautifully decorated, and the programme, consisting of songs and recitations by members of the school, and slight of hand performance by Mr. Waring of New York, was very much enjoyed by the children. Elegant refreshments were served in abundance, and the children had a regular "Christmas tree," the pasting pouch of the Methodist church are ready cared for, socially as well as religiously.

Another Ball Club.

The Star base ball club of this city have organized for the season by the election of the following officers:

President—William Kline.
Vice-President—Lewis Peterson.
Secretary—Thomas Peterson.
Treasurer—Frank Brown.
Captain—Frank Nelson.

The Stars announce that they are ready to play any amateur team in the country. They have secured Van Dyke of Rahway to pitch for them.

New Engines for the Central.

During the past week the Central Railroad Company has received four new passenger engines from the Baldwin Locomotive Works at Philadelphia, Pa. Two of the engines passed through this city Wednesday afternoon and two more yesterday afternoon. They are of the finest of machinery and will undoubtedly be to the fast line. The numbers are 371, 372, 373 and 374.

A Good Time for Sixty Minutes

Capt. Geo. D. Morrison will lead a meeting promises to be peculiar interest, at the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 4:15 p. m. Young men are invited to join heartily in the singing and to bring a friend to this service. The meetings are largely attended the average attendance thus far this month having been 56. The music will be an especial feature. You can't afford to miss it.

Befriending Dumb Beasts.

A strong revival of anti-cruelty sentiment prevails here. The younger element is being obtained "to be kind to all harmless living creatures and to protect them from cruel usage." Five new Bands of Mercy have been organized—the Unitarian, the Friends', the Burnet Academy, the Roman Catholic Parochial and Public school.

The Shackleton Trouble.

The late employes of the Shackleton Company at Round Brook are still waiting for their pay. One man who had a check given him on a Plainfield bank had the check protested, there being no funds there. The factory was running with a few men the first of the week, but this was stopped Thursday.

Ready to Knock All Out.

The Young Cuban Giants defeated the Young Crescent team in a game of base ball Sunday by a score of 19 to 7. Pitcher, John Taylor; catcher, Oscar Nelson. Now the Young Giants challenge any nine in Plainfield under fifteen years old.

For a Temperance Hall.

The Plainfield Women's Christian Temperance Union is working to secure funds for a building site and a new temperance hall. They would like $40,000.

THREE STRUCK JURIES.

The Land Owners Appeal from the Award of the Commissioners in the Cases of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Condemnatory Proceedings.

Seventy-two prominent citizens of the county, mostly active business men, were assembled at the Union County Court House at Elizabeth yesterday morning on notices from Sheriff Gheehy. They were selected for the purpose of drawing from their number jurors for three appeal cases dissenting from the awards of the commissioners appointed by the court to appraise the value of land wanted at Linden and Union townships by the Newark and Roselle Railroad, a connection of the Lehigh Valley Railroad. The appellants are Charles W. Taylor, Henry H. Isham, Simon Sternberger and Mary A. Seaton.

The seventy-two citizens were not desirous of becoming jurors; and many of them were on the ragged edge of anxiety, hoping that possibly they would escape. There was a constant snapping of watches and consultation of time tables by those who trusted to get away to the country or to sea in New York. Some were challenged and others were not called, and they joyously left the court room.

The juries sworn in the three cases were as follows.

In the *Mary A. Seaton* case: Robert C. Heltzenstein, Edward Ives, W. B. Gaston, B. W. Brant, Sylvester Cahill, Jr., John Voorhees, Andrew Vanderbeek, James H. Faulks, *Morgan C. Bird, William B.*tesman, Caleb C. Pollard and F. Brooks.

In the *Taylor and Isham* case: Charles W. Downs, Paul G. Radicott, Silas A. Leonard, *James B. Irwin, James A.* Burnett, Cornelius H. Clark, Peter J. Demarest, William H. Terry, R. G. Putnam, Mahlon H. Ferris, F. Baker and E. W. Hadden.

In the *Shornburger* case: John S. Irwin, Charles W. Van Horne, Jacob S. Tingley, Clarence W. Smith, *James Floy*, Elmer Day, Russel W. Woodward, Peter D. Van Saun, *B. Frank Crowell, Moses H. Ayers*, Robert Brindle and S. McCormick.

The lawyers in the case are James R. & N. English for the railroad company, Messrs. Frank Burgen, R. V. Lindabury and Alward & Parrot, for the appellants.

This afternoon the juries visited the properties for inspection, and the trials will commence on Monday.

JOTTINGS.

—The post office will close on Memorial Day at 10:30 a. m.

—The walks around the main station in this city are being repairen.

—Postmaster Pope will soon place five additional letter boxes in position.

—Ex-Chief Carey is "whoopingerup" on bargains in furniture as elsewhere advertised.

—A Gospel temperance service will be held in the First Baptist church to-morrow evening.

—U. B. Crane, the hatter and furnisher, has just received a large stock of hats, shirts and trunks. Call on U. B.

—The shooting match of the Middlesex Gun club was postponed for Decoration Day, has been postponed indefinitely.

—The last sociable of the Ladies' Christian Work Society of the Trinity Reformed church was held in the church parlors Thursday evening.

—Messrs. Doane & Van Arsdale, the enterprising shoe dealers, have recently had issued a neat base ball score card which they present to their patrons.

—The Union County Grand Jury has adjourned until Tuesday, when, it is announced its labors will be finished and the indictments will be presented to the court.

—On Thursday afternoon Mr. Frank Links opened his new wholesale liquor store on West Front street. It is situated nearly opposite Music Hall. The interior is handsomely fitted up.

—Winfield Scott and Major Anderson Posts, G. A. R., will attend divine service in a body at the Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow evening. The Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell will preach the sermon.

—Van Emburgh & White's advertisements, spoke of many good things in dry goods, they have to offer for the coming week. They have bought very heavy of Spring and Summer goods of every description and shoppers will find every department overflowing with bargains.

—The prizes in the recent Central Bowling League contest were awarded last Tuesday evening, December 31st, as follows: 1st prize, $35; Crescents, 2d prize, $21; *Monday Nights*, 3d prize, $14. President Burnett and secretary and treasurer, Henry Miller, were present to award the prizes.

—There were 186 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 121 in the preceding week and 140, 139, 107 and 170 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 4,037, against 4,009 in 1889.

—As Decoration day draws near lovers of sports mentioned become more active and anxious. With the Great League meet in this city, road races at Milburn, horse racing at Milburn, horse racing at Waverly, regatta on the Passaic and Harlem, and excursions to Hopatcong and Manhattan Beach, and Decoration Day promises a busy one. It will not be difficult for one to decide upon some programme for the day.

—A man hired a horse and buggy of George Schenck of Somerville Thursday and forgot to bring it back. The horse was brown, a little white on head of one hind foot, small left side of neck, nine years of age; side-bar buggy, dark maroon running gears, Prell & Van Fleet makers. The man was about 28 years old, 5 feet 7 inches high, weight about 145 lbs., dark mustache, Prince Albert coat, soft felt hat, brown.—Somerville Democrat. Plainfielders are warned to look out for him.

The Game That Was Not Played.

Another "fake" ball game which is alleged to occurred in this city was published in the New York World of yesterday. Six members of the Scrapers' nine are now serving out sentences in the Elizabeth jail. The nines according to the World were made up as follows:

AT PLAINFIELD MAY 21.

Uncs.....	3 0 2 1 0 0 5 0 0	2—13	
Scrapers.....	1 0 0 s 2 1 0 2	1—11	
Uncs.		Scrapers.	
Bill Sutton	Pitcher	H. Leigh	
George Mehl, Jr.	Catcher	Cook	
Joel Haberli	First Base	Williams	
C. Wells	Second Base	Gratton	
P. Godown	Third Base	P. Clarke	
Blake	Short stop	Smoke Stack	
Pond	Left field	Trenton Jack	
S. Smalley	Centre	J. William*	
Ammon	Right	W. Kelly	
Umpire—Sanford.		Scorer—L. Harton.	

PERSONAL.

Col. C. K. Moore has returned to his home in Fanwood after a two weeks' trip.

Miss Kate Titus of this city is spending a few days with Mrs. Voorhees of Bloomington.

Hon. John Ulrich of this city, was the guest of J. C. Kenyon of Raritan, N. J., on Sunday.

Miss Mollie Carpender of Haverhill, Mass., is spending a few days at Justice Peterson's, 38 East Third street.

Hon. A. A. Clark of Somerville and of the firm of Clark and Reed of this city will deliver the oration on Decoration Day at Somerville.

Peter Myers, formerly employed at the Somerset Mills, Raritan has left that village to accept a position at Pond's Machine Tool Works, of this city.

E. B. Kinyon was at home part of last week quite sick, but was able to be about and attended his school at Plainfield, Thursday.—Somerset Democrat.

Clara, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Runyon, died at the home of her parents on Harmony street, North Plainfield, yesterday morning of diphtheria. The funeral took place from the house this afternoon.

Mr. Rusty Edsall returned this morning from a short fishing trip to Lake Hopatcong, and reports the fishing good. His catch for two and a half days fishing was over a hundred pickerel and perch, some of the pickerel weighing from two to three pounds.

Mr. Frank H. Smith of New street has accepted a position with the Kline Extract *company of this city as their general sales*man and will start Monday on a tour of Pennsylvania to introduce the extracts. Mr. Smith has the best wishes of many friends in his new venture.

Mr. and Mrs. M. George Rathbourne, of Fanwood gave a progressive euchre party at their residence last Wednesday. The following *persons were among* those who participated in the game: Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Downer, Miss Hubbell, Miss Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. David A. Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. Mc*Known*, Mr. Stephen *Townsend, Mrs. Cotte* and Mr. L. A. Goodenough. There was great fun when the prizes were distributed, especially the booby prize which was awarded to Mr. Goodenough.

Messrs. George and Will Craig of Pearl street started this morning for their usual Summer vacation at their ranch in Texas. *They will go by way of* Kentucky, where they will spend several days with relatives and from there straight on to their destination. As soon as they have the place suitably arranged for receiving guests Messrs. Dave French, Alfred Obitz and George Steiner will follow Horace Greely's advice and "Go West" and spend the Summer with them. They expect to almost live in the saddle and are breaking in "cowboy" boots now, in preparation for it.

The Somerville Gazette of Thursday gives *a quarter of a column to a description of the* German Reformed church of Somerville, of which the Rev. Mr. Koechli of the Plainfield German Reformed church is pastor. The *German accomplishments* Mr. Koechli on the good work done and the German population of Somerville feel so thoroughly pleased with their progressive pastor that they a few weeks ago made an agreement between the German Reformed church in Plainfield and that of Somerville whereby the pastor of the latter. To Mr. Koechli this honor is very pleasing even though it entails a great amount of work.

The funeral of Frederick G. Mead occurred *at his late residence*, No. 153 East *Front* street, this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. A very large number of persons were present. It was conducted by the Rev. W. R. Richards, of the Crescent *avenue Presbyterian* church, and *Dr. Bliss of* Washington Heights, N. Y. A large number of the deceased's relatives and friends attended to pay their last respects to one so well known and admired. Mr. Mead was an official of the American Bank Note Company. He was born in Boston about forty-three years ago, and was liberally educated. He was held in high esteem by a legion of friends and his beautiful home was one of the most hospitable in Plainfield. The floral tributes were numerous and handsome.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet tomorrow at 10 a. m.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Mr. R. C. Pease will conduct the meeting at Mt. Pleasant to-morrow evening.

Services will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock led by the Rev. Mr. Root.

Rev. D. W. Morehouse will preach in the Dunellen M. E. church, on Second place, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

R. K. Carroll, L. L. D. will preach at the Washingtonville Presbyterian church to-morrow evening. Sunday school at 2:30.

Usual Sunday services at 73 West Front street at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m., will be held to-morrow, to which all are invited.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon, 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

The Rev. Wm. Maxwell Reilly will occupy the pulpit of All Saints church at Scotch Plains to-morrow morning. No evening service.

Service to-morrow as usual in the First Presbyterian church. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. K. P. Ketcham, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Stinson, pastor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

German Lutheran services at 73 West Front street (W. C. T. U. rooms) on Sunday June 1st, at 10:30 in the forenoon. Sermon by the Rev. W. Kandelhart of New York.

There will be preaching of the gospel in the meeting-room at 6 Park place, Dunellen, over the Dime Savings Bank at 7:45 p. m. to-morrow evening. All are heartily welcome.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church *to-morrow*. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by Rev. Asa Read Ditts Subject: "The True Function of the Church." Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

The church of the Holy Cross. The Rev. T. Logan Murphy, Rector. Whit-Sunday service. First service with Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Second service at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m.

At the First Presbyterian church service at 10:30 a. m., at which Rev. *N. W. Caldwell of* Westfield will preach and at 7:45 p. m. A special praise service with sermon by Pastor Rev. K. P. Ketcham.

To-morrow on the day of holy Pentecost two services will be held in the Roman Reformed church on Craig place, North Plainfield, at 10:30 a. m., and at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday school at 2:30. All are welcome.

Meetings of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society as usual: 9:15 a. m. *in the parlor of* Morse Hall, 6 p. m. in the auditorium. On Thursday at 3 p. m. a mother's meeting led by Mrs. Parnell. A welcome is extended to every one.

The *meetings of the Women's Christian* Temperance Union will be held the coming week as usual, at 73 West Front street. Sunday services at 9:15 and 4; Tuesday afternoon at 3, and to-night at 7:30. An invitation is extended to all.

First Baptist church. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Special music by the choir. Young people's prayer meeting at 7:30. Subject: "Better Days." Morning service and the Rev. Mr. Fernald, *editor of the "Better Day,"* will speak. Music by church choir. Everybody invited. Seats free.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Morning subject: "The Prime Quest; The Best Find." The subject in the evening will be: "Large Profits". A cordial welcome is extended.

Church of the Heavenly Rest, Whit Sunday, May 25th. Morning service, sermon and holy communion at 11 o'clock. Sunday-school at three p. m. and at four o'clock there will be an evening service, at which the bishop of the diocese will preach and administer confirmation.

The evening meetings are held in Reform Hall, every Sunday at 9.15 a. m. and at 4 o'clock. These meetings are held under the auspices of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society, are free to all, and a special invitation is extended those who have no church relations elsewhere.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, will preach at the morning service at 10:30 and at 7:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:45. At the evening service the pastor will preach to the Grand Army of the Republic. Comrades and patriots will be welcomed.

Warren Mission Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Services every day at 7:30 led by Mr. M. W. Dunham, and at 8 o'clock usual Sunday evening service led by Rev. Jesse L. Hurlbut. Tuesday evening at 7:45 Mr. Hurlbut's meeting of young people. An earnest and cordial invitation is extended to all to attend any of the above services.

First Church of Christ in Plainfield, Vandalbrocht hall, corner Park and North avenues Morning lesson—Review of Hebrew-Greek philosophy, part VII. Theme—"Calvinism vs. Christianity." Bible school at 2:30 p. m. Lesson—Review. Evening service at 7:45 Mr. Ellis will speak in Amphion Hall. Theme—"The Current Carnival of Modern Sports."

The doors of Reform Hall will be open tomorrow for the welcome admission of all comers at usual hours of 9:15 a. m. (basement) 4 and 7:45 p. m. (auditorium). In the evening interesting addresses may be expected from Mr. J. H. Hoagland, Past Grand Worthy Patriarch of the Order of Sons of Temperance in New Jersey, and Mr. S. E. Ellis, Chief Engineer of New Brunswick. *A cordial welcome will greet all* attenders.

The Longest Session on Record

The present session of the Legislature has been the longest since the adoption of the Constitution in 1884. It opened on January 14th and has been in session nineteen weeks. There have been forty-five sessions since the organization was adopted. Two of them continued eight weeks, six nine weeks, seven for ten weeks, eight for eleven weeks, seven for twelve weeks, one for thirteen weeks, three for fourteen weeks and four for fifteen weeks. The average of all this is eleven and three-tenths weeks. This session has been as long as two of many sessions and does not appear to have accomplished any more work than the average.

—For the benefit of any of our readers who may Summer where the glint of the sun on the water hurts their eyes, we publish a remedy. Use a cambaye. A new and novel way has been discovered, to prevent the eyes being damaged by the reflection of the sun on the water; say in yachting excursions and the like. It is as follows: Take a piece of white glass and blow it round black paper, using the breath. You can make a set of corresponding color—trying to smile winsomely at some young person who is looking on. Then you will be all right, without a doubt, but there would be nothing bewitching about it. It may be laid down as a certain that black eyes will be all the rage this season, but black nose never."

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Religious Excitement in New Brunswick.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. May 24 (Special)—The Rev. Mr. McDuffy, the Protestant minister whose sermons criticizing the Catholic church have created such excitement here resulting in an assault a few nights ago, announces that he will preach to-morrow on the subject "The Good and Bad of the Catholic Churches." The church has been crowded to suffocation during his series of sermons on this subject.

Appointed by the Governor.

Governor Abbett yesterday made the following appointments:

Commissioners of Taxation for Rahway—Alfred B. Cook, Andrew J. Holliday, John L. Freeman.

Commissioners of Taxation for Elizabeth—James J Gerber, Henry R. Cannon, Constantine Bickel.

The following nominations were sent to the Senate: John A. Wells, Board of Managers of the Morristown Asylum; Wm. H. Ward, of Dover, Visitor at the Agricultural College; Wm. C. Scudder, Port Warden of Camden county.

—"No organizations in the United States have multiplied more rapidly in the past ten years than the sick-benefit, funeral-aid, death-benefit, and other kindred societies. *As they* are generally confined to those who are in the humbler walks of life, the good they has done can not be estimated, but substantial aid to thousands of stricken families and inspiring those who are fortunate enough to being members with a courage which might not exist in their hearts without them. The members of these organizations will be glad to learn that Hon. Robert P. Porter, superintendent of the Eleventh Census, will endeavor to secure statistics of the noble work these associations are doing, and it is safe to say that no other branch of the census will be more interesting. The best method for gathering the data has been placed in charge of Mr. Charles A. Jenney, special agent of the insurance division, 59 William street, New York City, and all associations throughout the United States, whether incorporated or private, should assist by sending to him the *address of their principal officers.*"—Ex.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A *SCANDINAVIAN girl wanted a* place to do cook or general housework. Call 174 South Second street.

A HORSE for sale cheap. Young, sound and very reliable. Suitable for a woman to drive. Color bay and about fifteen hands high. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 24-2

FOR SALE—A good second hand mill wagon. Nearly new. Address P. O. Box 771. 22-3

FOR SALE—A phaeton in first-class condition. Very reasonable. Dunham make, Rahway. 120 West Seventh street.

FOR SALE—New slate roof cottage, five rooms, one minute from railroad station, Dunellen. Price $1,400. Terms easy. Apply to F. Mulford, 10 Park avenue, Plainfield, or to W. S. Stevens, Dunellen. 5-10 S,T&T

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of four acres. E. B. Clark, 107 West Front street. 11-6-eotf

FOR SALE or to let—House, seven rooms, pleasant location. Inquire 97 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield. 5-19tf

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John P. Wilson. 24-4t

GREENHOUSE Plants in variety. Evergreens for screens, rhododendrons at Denton's Hillside avenue Nursery. 24-2

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage at five per cent. Wm. M. Stillman, 34 West Front street. 22-5t

MISS KATE GEARY, fashionable dressmaker, formerly of No. 4 Peace street, has removed to larger quarters at No. 69 East Front street, where she will be pleased to meet her customers. 20-3t

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-5-tf

SINGLE Man would like to engage furnished room with board with private family. Address P. O. Box 894. 5 23tf

SELLING Out cheap. Horses, wagons and harness, of all kinds. Call at McDonald's livery, Sixth street. 22-3

SEITINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Plymouth Rock fowls, Dalmah, black Minorcas fowls. $1.50 per setting. 113 Rockview avenue. 3-6tf

TO RENT—or for sale, nicely furnished new house, with bath room, hot and cold water and water furnished. Nice location. Complete. MAYNON & Co., Westerly, R. I. 24-1m

TO LET—Four rooms, 329 West Front street, between Grant avenue and Evans.

TO LET—Furnished house; good order; pleasant grounds, with stable. Address "House," care of EVENING NEWS. MT&S

TO LET—Small house at No. 33 Park place, North Plainfield. 23-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at Fairchild's 36 Grandview avenue. 24-2t

WANTED—A Protestant girl for general housework. Call at 101 Grove street. 23-3

WM. BALDWIN of 263 Somerset street has five fresh cows for sale. Big milkers.

WANTED Coachman and gardener. W. R. Brook, 15 Mountain avenue. 24tf

18 TINTYPES For 25 cents, at the cottage photograph gallery, Sixth street, between Park avenue and Union Street, for a short time. 22-3

ONE PRICE ST. AND PARK AVE.

John J. Kenney,

Confectioner & Dealer in Fancy Candies and Fruits.

Ladies' Oxford Ties

are the best in value, and

Russet Shoes

are good in value, and

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK

—AT—

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S

5,000 yards of manufactory remnants of fine plaid Nainsook and lace stripes and checks. *These are the finest lot of goods we have ever* offered, and it will repay you to see them. Our price 12½ per yard, value 20c.

We put on sale two more cases of those fine dress ginghams. Our price 10c.

Window screens, fit any window, 35c.

100 dozen gentlemen's Lisle thread hose, 25c per pair, value 40c.

Light weight jackets are the thing for those cool nights. We offer our entire line at cost price.

50 dozen children's all linen handkerchiefs, hemstitched, 5c each.

Children's corset waists, 37c each.

Carey's BARGAIN STORE

51 West Front street,

Can't be beat for REAL BARGAINS in

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE

A large lot just received, bought at Sheriff's sales, and including misfit carpets, rugs, druggets, folding beds, parlor suits, fancy chairs, and tables, bedding, bedroom suits, stoves and house furnishing goods generally.

THEY ARE SELLING LIVELY, COME AND SEE THEM.

If you are in need of such things you will be sure to buy at the prices offered. For instance $8 Smyrna rugs, OVER five feet long, only $2.50.

A NEW HAT

Presented to each purchaser of $12 worth of goods at

WERNER'S

Mammoth One Price Clothing House,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

All the Latest Spring and Summer Styles of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Furnishing Goods.

Special Notices.

NOTICE.
Headquarters Winfield Scott, No. 73, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of New Jersey, Plainfield, May 20th, 1890. Comrade: A special inspection of our Post will be made at our next regular encampment, Tuesday evening, May 27th. On this occasion our Department Commander, Assistant and Junior Vice Department Commanders, and as many of the staff as may find it possible, will pay us a fraternal visit. Comrades from Posts 67, 75 and 27 have also signified their intentions of being with us and your presence will add pleasure to the occasion.

In accordance with orders from headquarters, we are once more called upon to observe the Day of all days in our Order, Memorial Day. It is hoped and expected that each and every Comrade of our Post will prove his fealty to the Order by promptly complying with General Order No. 2.

1. The Post will assemble at Post rooms, Sunday evening, May 25th, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of attending Memorial Service at the Methodist Episcopal church. Comrades will appear in dark clothing, uniform hats, badges, with white gloves.

2. Members will assemble at the station of the joint Memorial detail comrade Wm. C. Smith is hereby appointed Marshal for Memorial Day; he will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

3. The graves of comrades deceased will be decorated by details on the morning of Memorial Day, and said details will assemble at Post rooms at 7 o'clock a. m. sharp.

4. The Officer of the Day, Officer of the Commanders and Officer of the Guard will procure their details before Memorial Day and will decorate each comrade's grave as the joint Memorial detail may direct.

5. Comrades will assemble at Post Headquarters at 8.45 o'clock a. m. prompt for parade and Memorial services at Music Hall. Comrades are expected to appear in full uniform. Those not having uniforms will appear in dark clothing, uniform hats, memorial badges, white gloves and canes.

6. Flowers and markers will be furnished the details at the office of Terrill & Cole.

By order, CHAS. B. STRATTON, Com.
Official:—GEO. W. MOORE, Adjutant.

MANICURE.
Dr. R. Barrera, G., will be in town for a few days and is prepared to treat the hands and feet of ladies and children in a thoroughly scientific manner, at moderate rates. Those desiring treatment may communicate with him at 157 West Front street. 23-1w

CLAIRVOYANT
Will remain until Wednesday morning, June 4. Will leave that day without fail. The only chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. Can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of second sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1, $2. Need call at once. 21-1w

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

GRAND OPPORTUNITY

TO VISIT

Lake Hopatcong,

ON DECORATION DAY,

Friday, May 30th,

On the above date Special Excursion Tickets will be sold from Plainfield for

Adults, $1.25; Children, 90c.

Tickets good to go on all trains May 30th, and to return on May 30th or 31st.

Trains leave Plainfield for Lake Hopatcong at 7.00, 9.23 a. m. and 5.39 p. m. 23-2t

NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

BUT THE

BEST GOODS

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY

AT

U. B. Crane,

HATTER AND FURNISHER.

12 Park avenue, City.

MUSIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES.

34 West Front St.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

Friday, May 30th,

IMMENSE and INTENSE!

Minstrel and Vaudeville Combination of the

Hudson County Wheelmen

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

THE PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB.

Solos, Quartette, Choruses, Orchestra from Metropolitan Theatre.

Caricature, Ventriloquism, Galety skirt dance

Nothing like it in Plainfield before—nor since.

Reserved seats for sale on and after Monday at Randolph's and at The Moy Pharmacy. 22-6t

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 61 East Front street, (nine rooms with closets), bath and storeroom, completed by Sheriff Gaddis, is now for sale. Apply to W. C. Inslee, No 1 East Front street. m&s-11-30

AUCTION SALE

of Real Estate. T. J. Gillies will sell on

Tuesday, May 27th,

At 3 o'clock p. m., the well-known property of the late Joseph Knowlton, situated on Cedar Grove. 4 building lots on Somerset street, and 3 lots on Grove street, each 50 feet front by 200 feet deep; also about 7 acres of wood and pasture land, having a frontage of 183 feet on Somerset street and 327 feet on Grove street, and a depth of 907 feet.

This opportunity should be embraced by any one desiring property for use or speculation.

Terms—One half cash. The balance can remain on mortgage. PETER WOODEN. 23-3t

Plainfield Evening News.
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 43.

"Col. Ingersoll is a curious amalgam of Henry Ward Beecher and Mr. Bradlaugh," remarks W. T. Stead in The Review of Reviews. It is difficult to tell which this comes hardest on, Col. Ingersoll, Bradlaugh or Henry Ward Beecher.

New York adds another to the list of states that have adopted, in more or less modified form, the Australian ballot system. Grand Master Workman Powderly does not believe it will disfranchise working men, and he urges its adoption in all the states. So does the general secretary of the Knights of Labor, Mr. Hayes.

A curious little machine is the Simi-Edison electric torpedo, queer and tricky. It will hold 300 pounds of dynamite. The upper part is a float, to prevent the thing from sinking. Six feet under water, hanging from the float, is the torpedo itself, cylindrical, with sharp ends. An exhibition of the powers of the torpedo was made in the presence of some of the Pan-American delegates in New York bay. The torpedo is steered from shore or ship by means of electricity, which also makes it move through the water. The deadly little implement of warfare can travel nineteen miles an hour, and can be made to change direction as often as required. It could steal up to a ship in the darkness and blow it to atoms.

The May Labor Processions.

The difference between the rule of law and liberty and law and a compelling force was well illustrated by the receptions which the May labor processions met in America and in Europe. In the United States were monster parades on on the first day of the month. In Chicago not less than 25,000 men were in procession, with banners and music. In nearly every section of the Union were laboring men's meetings and parades. Throughout the whole country, in Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee, Missouri, Alabama, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Minnesota and other states men met and quietly discussed the labor situation or marched in peace. Thousands of them were on strike for higher wages or shorter hours, but even with this incentive to violence there was not a ripple of disturbance in the whole country. There was not any unusual police force called out, except in New York, which comes nearest being a foreign city of any place in the Union. Even in New York, however, it was not considered a breach of order for a Socialist procession to sing the "Marseillaise," which they did in fine style, the police looking on respectfully meanwhile.

In Europe what a difference there was. The iron arm of force was uplifted to strike wherever labor showed it head, and did strike in more than one instance.

In London, May 1, 2,500 policemen were on the Thames embankment in readiness to disperse a little crowd of ragged men. In Paris 500 police and 200 cavalry met the procession of the toilers at the Place de la Concorde. At 7 in the evening a crowd began to sing the "Marseillaise." For this the police charged into them and drove them away. During the day not less than thirty persons were wounded by the police and soldiers. In Berlin the military was called out on pretense that it needed field exercise, and all through Germany the authorities watched the labor men like hawks. In Austria there were rioting and bloodshed, in consequence of a collision between the citizens and police. In Dantzic the workingmen were forbidden beforehand to hold any observance of the day whatsoever, and in many German towns employers posted notices threatening with discharge all who stopped work on May day.

All this tends to make one appreciate a free country.

Deciding Contested Elections.

Governor David B. Hill, of New York, has sent a message to the legislature recommending the passage of a concurrent resolution submitting to the people an amendment to the state constitution in the matter of deciding contested elections. The substance of the proposed amendment is that it would take the decisions of contested elections out of legislative bodies themselves and refer them to the courts.

Following the example of the United States constitution, most of the state constitutions permit each house of their legislatures to be the judge of the election returns of its own members. Governor Hill believes this privilege has been abused for party ends so grossly that it ought to be taken from both the national congress and the state legislatures and relegated to the courts. As it is, contested elections are decided in favor of the candidate who is of the majority political party, without regard to justice.

In Great Britain, after three centuries of exercise of this power, in 1869 the house of commons voluntarily surrendered it to the courts, in consequence of the abuses and scandals that had grown up around it.

NOT CRUEL AND UNUSUAL

The Empire State Electrocution Law Constitutional.

KEMMLER'S HOPE WAS FUTILE.

The United States Supreme Court Refuses to Grant a Writ of Error, and the Murderer Must Be Executed According to Law—Kemmler's Only Wish.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—William Kemmler must die by the Empire state method of capital punishment. The judges of the supreme court of the United States have unanimously denied Attorney Sherman's application for a writ of error.

The court reviews the history of the enactment of the law, beginning with the statement contained in the annual message of the governor of New York, Jan. 6, 1885. The section of the constitution of New York relating to "cruel and unusual punishments" is also quoted. This provision had its origin in the act of parliament of 1688, "declaring the rights and liberties of the subject and settling the succession of the crown."

The Opinion of the Court.

"This declaration of rights," says the court, "had reference to acts of the executive and judicial departments of the government of England, but the language in question as used in the constitution of the state of New York was intended particularly to operate upon the legislature of the state to whose control the punishment of crime was almost wholly confided.

"So that if the punishment prescribed for an offense against the laws of the state were manifestly cruel and unusual, as burning at the stake, crucifixion, breaking on the wheel, disemboweling, or hanging in chains, it would be the duty of the courts to adjudge such punishments within the constitutional inhibition. And we think this equally true of the eighth amendment in its application to congress. Punishments are cruel when they involve torture or a lingering death; but the punishment of death is not cruel within the meaning of that word as used in the constitution. It implies there is something inhuman and barbarous, something more than the mere causing of dissolution.

What the New York Courts Hold.

"The courts of New York hold that the mode adopted in this instance might be said to be unusual because it was new, but that it could not be assumed to be cruel in the light of that commonly known as such; that it was for the legislature to say in what manner sentence of death should be executed; that this act was passed in the effort to devise a more humane method of reaching the result; that the courts were bound to presume that the legislature was possessed of the facts upon which it took action and that by evidence taken allunde the statute that presumption could not be overthrown. They indeed went further, and expressed the opinion that upon the evidence the legislature had attained by the act the object had in view in its passage.

A Plainly Proper Decision.

"The decision of the state courts sustaining the validity of the act under the state constitution is not re-examinable here, nor was that decision against any title, right, privilege or immunity specially set up or claimed by the petitioner under the constitution of the United States. Treating it as involving an adjudication that the statute was not repugnant to the federal constitution, that conclusion was so plainly right that we should not be justified in allowing the writ upon the ground that error might have supervened therein.

The Fourteenth Amendment.

"The fourteenth amendment did not radically change the whole theory of the relations of the state and federal governments to each other, and of both governments to the people.

"The same person may be at the same time a citizen of the United States and a citizen of a state. Protection to life, liberty and property rests upon the states, and the amendment furnishes an additional guarantee against any encroachment by the states upon those fundamental rights which belong to every citizen as a member of society, but which rights the state governments were created to establish and secure. The privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States are distinguished from the privileges and immunities of the citizens of the states are indeed protected by it, but those are privileges and immunities arising out of the nature and essential character of the national government, and they do not embrace the privileges and immunities of the citizens of the state.

Concerning "Due Process of Law."

"As due process of law in the fifth amendment referred to that law of the land which derives its authority from the legislative powers conferred upon congress by the constitution of the United States excluding therefrom any powers therein prescribed and interpreted according to the principles of common law, so in the fourteenth amendment the same words refer to that law of the land in each state which derives its authority from the inherent and reserved powers of the state exerted within the limits of those fundamental principles of liberty and justice which lie at the base of all our civil and political institutions. Undoubtedly the amendment forbids any arbitrary deprivation of life, liberty and property, and secures equal protection to all under like circumstances in the enjoyment of their rights, and in the administration of criminal justice declares that no different or higher punishment shall be imposed upon one than such as is prescribed for all for like offenses, but it was designed to interfere with the power of the state to protect the lives, liberties and property of its citizens and to promote their health, peace, morality, education and good order.

The Law Is Constitutional.

"The enactment of this statute was in itself within the legislative sphere of the legislative power of the state and in the observance of those general rules prescribed by our system of jurisprudence, and the legislature of the state of New York determined that it did not inflict cruel and unusual punishment, and its courts have sustained that determination. We cannot perceive that the state has thereby abridged the privileges or immunities of the petitioner or deprived him of due process of law. In order to reverse the judgment of the highest court of the state of New York we should be compelled to hold that it had committed an error so gross as to amount in law to a denial by the state of due process of law to the one accused of crime. We have no hesitation in saying that this we cannot do upon the record before us."

The Order Will Be Vacated.

The order of United States Circuit Judge Wallace, which carried as a stay of proceedings in the Kemmler case until the United States supreme court could pass upon the constitutional questions involved, is returnable on the third Monday in June. The understanding had at the time this stay was granted was that Judge Wallace would vacate it in the event the supreme court rendered an adverse decision.

Kemmler Will Hopeless.

AUBURN, N. Y., May 24.—Rev. O. A. Houghton, Kemmler's spiritual advisor, said last evening that he had talked with the condemned man concerning the writ of error applied for by Counsellor Sherman, and that he (Kemmler) had no hopes of the court granting it. "The most he hopes for," said Mr. Houghton, "is that the decision in the question of jurisdiction will come up so late in the state courts that it must necessarily go over until the September term, when he believes that he will be again remanded to the custody of Warden Durston to be executed without delay. He has his mind made up to die and believes that the death sentence will be carried out."

THE NEWS OF CONGRESS.

An Amendment to the Liquor Bill—The Senate Receives the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—In the senate Mr. Faulkner gave notice of an amendment to the bill relating to liquors imported into prohibitory states, providing that such liquors shall be considered as incorporated with the common mass of property therein within the state and subject to regulation, control and taxation in the exercise of the police powers of the state. Mr. Call offered a resolution calling on the president for information as to the landing of an armed force from the revenue cutter McLane at Corpus Christi, Tex., the forcible entry of houses and the pursuit of citizens in the surrounding country, and asked for its adoption.

Mr. Edmunds—Let it go over. I do not know that it states the truth. The resolution went over.

The consideration of the naval appropriation bill was resumed and the amendment of the committee on appropriations to strike out the item for $50,000 for repairs of the dry dock at the Boston navy yard was rejected. The amendment to strike out the appropriation of $50,000 for reconstructing the buildings destroyed by fire at the Portsmouth (N. H.) navy yard was also disagreed to, as were several other amendments reported by the committee on appropriations to strike out other items for the navy yards. The appropriation bill for a public building at Canton, O., the cost not to exceed $100,000, was taken from the calendar and passed. The tariff bill was received from the house and referred to the committee on finance.

Mr. Standford addressed the senate in advocacy of the bill introduced by him providing for the loaning by the state government on agricultural lands. The principle of the government loaning money upon property, he said, is completely established in the state governance of 90 per cent. upon government bonds.

The tremendous results of energizing this 90 per cent. and putting it into active use are apparent to all. Equally valuable will be the energizing of the latent forces of real estate. The bill confines its provisions for loans to agricultural lands, but in time they will probably be extended to some other kinds of property and even to municipalities, with proper restrictions. The bill proves, he said, "that what may, perhaps, not improperly be termed a revolution in finance, and I do not expect that it will be adopted until it has been fully considered by the people and has met with their approval. I move that the bill be referred to the committee on finance." The bill was so referred.

The house consumed the day in discussing the river and harbor bill. No action was taken. The speaker appointed Mr. McMillin (Tenn.) a member of the customs administrative bill in place of Mr. Carlisle, excused.

IN LABOR'S WORLD.

The Miners' Congress Says the State Should Fix a Working Day's Length.

COLUMBUS, May 24.—In the Miners' congress, at Jollimont, British Delegate Pickard urged the necessity that future congresses should receive a better American representation. Mr. Watson (British) moved that the congress approve the principle of state intervention to fix the length of a day's labor. The French, German, Belgian and Austrian delegations voted unanimously in favor of the motion. Twenty British delegates voted for it and nine against it.

Mr. Hardie (British) proposed to renew the call for a general cessation of work on May day. The German delegates protested against the proposal.

NEW YORK, May 24.—At a meeting of 300 waiters last night, after an address by Secretary Pomeroy, of the Chicago Waiters' association, it was resolved to support the Chicago strikers and to take action in case any one attempted to send men from here to supply the places of the strikers.

BUFFALO, May 24.—The annual convention of the Pattern Makers' National league has ended. T. J. McGonnell, of Pittsburg, was elected president for the ensuing year. The time and place of next will be held at Chicago. It was decided to make a formal demand for the eight hour day on March 1, 1891.

BOSTON, May 24.—The granite cutters' trouble here is being settled, and work will be resumed soon.

BUFFALO, May 24.—The principal feature in the mill men's strike was an important accession to the ranks of the strikers of thirty men from Lee, Holland & Co.'s sash and blind mills. The strikers are highly elated over their success in recruiting is contingent. The situation at the mills is just the same, no new men being reported as having been hired to fill the strikers' places.

ACTING SPEAKER MARSH STRICKEN.

A Sad Incident at the Adjournment of the New Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, May 24.—The 114th legislature adjourned sine die May 23 after being in session nineteen weeks. The house refused to concur in the senate amendment to the incidental expenses bill because it contained an item for $12,200, the expense of the Hudson county senatorial investigation. The senate passed the whole bill to be killed, and none of the extra employes of the legislature will be paid.

Frederick C. Marsh, of Elizabeth, who has been acting as speaker, was stricken down on the floor with nervous prostration and carried to his hotel in a precarious condition.

Bank Wrecker Fell Guilty.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The jury in the trial of George H. Fell, charged with grand larceny in having taken $31,000 in bonds belonging to the Lenox Hill bank at the time of the failure of the banking company, found a verdict of guilty. The penalty is not less than five nor more than ten years' imprisonment. Sentence was deferred.

MR. CLARKSON'S VIEWS.

The First Assistant Postmaster General's Boston Speech.

IDEAL CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The Speaker Denounces the Present System, Points Out Some of the Alleged Evils and Outlines His Own Ideas on the Subject—Other Topics Discussed.

BOSTON, May 24.—In his speech at the Norfolk club dinner last evening First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson began with the negro question, and declared that outrage and terrorism were employed in the south to prevent the colored people from voting the Republican ticket. After twenty-five years the south had failed to do justice to the black man. The nation must now do him justice. Elections for national offices must be protected by the nation.

The Condition of the Farmer.

Mr. Clarkson referred to the condition of the western farmer and admitted that it was bad, but attributed the fault to general economic laws, overproduction, isolation, etc. Farm houses should be placed nearer together. The city was becoming more attractive than the country. This accounted for many of the farmer's troubles. The farmer knew that protection was his best friend. He would not be deceived by free trade arguments.

The Eight Hour Day.

Mr. Clarkson dwelt next upon the labor question and took a very optimistic view of it. Under the beneficient operation of protection labor was prospering and hours going down. Profit sharing would come next as the final solution of all questions between labor and capital. He said: "Let labor learn to be patient, and not spoil by haste or violence the blessing that is coming. I believe that we are within sight, and that the time has come in civilization for the eight hour day. The eight hour day is not far off. Indeed, it ought to be here now. Not only this will come, but a five and a half day week eventually will follow, unless a new basis of compensation and mutual interest shall be established. There is no reason why a laboring man should not have homes for leisure and improvement, and for enjoyment with his family as well as a business man or a capitalist."

Civil Service Reform.

Mr. Clarkson then turned to the question of civil service reform and reiterated his well known objections to the present civil service law. "We do want in this country a civil service reform, but not one that is practical," he said. "I believe in fixed tenures, in the examination of all applicants, in promotion for merit, and in the selection of the best possible man for the place. I do not believe in a system where a man is chosen by those who do not understand the service themselves, nor in any system which compels any official to take a clerk without seeing him, without knowing anything of his merits or his character, or without being able to test to test his capacity. The practical system of examination is the one that insures the greatest efficiency. It was by this method that the navy yard was founded, which upto 1861 was the most perfect piece of governmental machinery in the world, was built up. The men who conducted the service made the examinations, and held all clerks to the most rigid accountability.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scrift ner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten will reopen Wednesday, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

ELOCUTION. Lessons in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti. P. O. Box 1090.

FRENCH AND GERMAN. Taught by Mademoiselle Louis Viroux and Credaro, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York, representatives of the Berlitz School in High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Circulars mailed free. Free translations. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 24th street. 9-28-1y

MR. P. L. CONDE, Teacher of violin, 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for Solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 250. 4-9-1y

MISS C. B. HELLWIG, a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress for the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages and Art Embroidery. For further particulars address Miss C. B. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of Music. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1503.

Professional Cards

DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. R. LOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. K. SEE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park place. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with prompt care. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 92 West Front street.

The Civil Pension List.

"When it is proposed to pension all men in the civil list after they are 60, and compel the shoemaker, who has pounded away from the time he was 20 to earn a dollar a day for his family, to help in paying a pension for a man who has held a $1,800 or $2,000 place, you are proposing something that Americans will not stand. This brings up one thing which the assumed civil service reformers constantly keep concealed—that is, the civil pension list. They dare not present this to the American people for approval. The logic of their reform will insist it, however, that a civil pension list exists by indirection now. There are at least 300 clerks in the departments at Washington who are practically pensioners. To carry out their idea in every civil service office in the country will add within ten years thousands of men to this civil pension list.

"I give Mr. Mugwump his due, and I accord high respect to all honest civil service reformers. They have broken the ground and made the people think, and out of it will come the true civil service reform, which will be in line with American ideas, which will improve the civil service, which will keep it patriotic while making it more efficient, and yet which will make it practical and never build up either a life holding class in this country nor introduce the English idea of a civil pension list.

The Newspaper Question.

In conclusion, Mr. Clarkson recurred to the newspaper question, and said that it was owing to the pernicious activity of the Democratic postmasters during the Cleveland administration that we now find the circulation of the newspaper so arranged that there are 226 Democratic dailies in the country, and only 255 Republican dailies. The Democratic dailies have a circulation of 2,500,000 and the Republican of only 1,900,000. That there are 156 Democratic and only 889 Republican weeklies, and that the magazines supporting the Democratic party have a circulation of nearly 300,000, while those supporting the Republican party have less than 100,000 circulation."

Gen. Clarkson and Mr. Marshal H. Cushing, private secretary to Postmaster General Wanamaker, were dined at the Algonquin club.

Andy Bowen Challenged.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—Professor Mike Mooney, light weight pugilist, has placed a forfeit of $100 with The Globe-Democrat and challenged Andy Bowen of New Orleans, to fight for $1,500 immediately. Mr. Mooney has the backing of prominent and wealthy St. Louis gentlemen, who, he says, will bet thousands on him at the ring side. He further states that he is willing to meet any light weight in America.

Weather Indications.

Generally from fair to partly cloudy and warmer, followed by cloudiness at night.

J. P. Laire & Co

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE LARFET STRET CHEI

THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch " " " " " 25c
12 " " " " " very fine, 25
12 " " " " " silk points, 29, 33
Childrens silk mitts in black and tan shades, 15 and 25c

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladie.' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

Parasols.

"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45. "Queen" silk parasols, 22 in., $1.20, 24 in., $1.45, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys stripped belts 25, buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 5, buckle, all colors, 10c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL '00

MEN'S SUITS

$10 $10 $10

We are role agents for the TAINTOR

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

Also for SWEET, ORR & CO.

NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

39 North avenue.

BUGS! BUGS!

and insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 20 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscriber, Executor and Trustee under the will Frederick F. Chase deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the Ninth day of July next.

Dated May 1st 1890. CRAIG A. MARSH

BOYS SAVE YOUR

Pennies & Nickels,

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $25.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Vantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains of Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,

23 WEST FRONT STREET.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

Still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. Especially made in

Moving Pianos.

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Hotel Netherwood,

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NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14-4m

THE DAIRY

63 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood-wurst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Pickled Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Limburger and Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield and Elsewhere.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT BOUQUET SOAP.

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE **WEST.**

OURS.	McDITTY'S.
Prime Cattle,	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Small and Scrawled Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasser.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Prairie.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Hard Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES. N. B. Smallow's, Door at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's.

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Crushed Stone Crusher, in Dunellen, is furnishing Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

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27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 30 Somerset Street.

Kline's Extracts.

RAGE OF THE ELEMENTS.

Pennsylvania Swept by a Destructive Storm.

LIGHTNING CLAIMS TWO VICTIMS.

Towns and Cities Flooded, Houses Demolished, Crops Ruined, Bridges Swept Away and Railroads Blockaded by the Storm King's Pranks—A Flood Feared.

PITTSBURG, May 24.—The heaviest rain and electrical storm known in years passed over a large section of western Pennsylvania last evening, doing untold damage to property and resulting in the loss of several lives. The storm struck Pittsburg about 6 o'clock. In the East End the wind played havoc. Houses were blown down, trees uprooted and small buildings demolished. On Whitfield avenue five new frame houses were lifted from their foundations and destroyed. Another house on Black Horse hill, occupied by John Miller, was lifted from the foundation and blown a considerable distance. The family were in the sitting room at the time, but escaped. Fifth avenue at a point below Center street, and a number of houses which were below grade were submerged. The water reached the second story of the Berkshire residence, causing great damage to that place and also the place adjoining. It was by far the heaviest and most unexpected rain storm of the year.

Killed by Lightning.

At Greensburg, Joseph Fry, the gardener at St. Joseph's academy, was struck and instantly killed by a bolt of lightning. A new standing near him was also killed. The heavy rains caused great damage by the flood in the lowlands in this vicinity. Cellars and basements of kitchens are flooded. Lightning also struck Col. Huff's palatial residence, the First Reformed church and other buildings, doing great damage in every instance.

Near Washington, Pa., lightning struck a derrick in course of erection on the Col. Robert Miller farm, shattering it and killing Wilson Hagle, seriously injuring William Gates and stunning two others.

Railroad Tracks Flooded.

In Fayette county the rain fall was extensive and did much damage to the railroads. In the Third ward swamps the Baltimore & Pennsylvania railroad tracks were flooded several feet deep and trains were held several hours. The Baltimore and Ohio is a heavy sufferer. At Bradford the tracks are covered with water. A heavy landslide occurred at Oakdale, and as it was being cleared away a still heavier one came down, blocking both tracks. The flood in Monongahela creek carried away many small buildings.

Almost a Cloudburst.

At Layton Station an immense amount of earth, rock and trees came down on the Baltimore and Ohio tracks about 5 o'clock. The east bound track was clear at 9 o'clock, but it was again covered for a long distance by more of the hill coming down. The rain there amounted almost to a cloudburst. Traimen say the streams from the hills flowed over the track. The west bound track will not be cleared till late to-night.

At Scottdale the storm was particularly destructive. Cellars along all the principal streets are nearly filled with water, and the goods that many of the merchants had stowed away are saturated. The creek is rising steadily, and the safety of two of the railroad bridges between Scottdale and Fairchance is endangered.

Oil City in Danger.

A dispatch from Oil City, Pa., received last evening says heavy rain falling almost steadily since midnight has raised the water in the river and creek to the highest point since 1883. The river stands now at 9 feet 9 nine inches, a rise of six feet since 10 a. m. Reports from all points up the river say it is from five to eight inches higher, and it is expected that it will be at least five feet above flood. On account of washouts no railroad communications can be had with Buffalo or Warren. The ground floors of the lower portion of the town are flooded, including the basement of the Oil Exchange and The Derrick press room.

At Wheeling, W. Va., about two and a half inches of rain fell in twenty minutes, deluging the streets and flooding a number of business houses in cellars and first floors. There are apprehensions of a big river.

In Pittsburg the heavy rain is likely to swell the rivers and creeks materially. At all points along the Allegheny, Youghiogheny and Monongahela rivers the rainfall was unusual. The stage of water here is 19 feet and rising.

Went Through a Bridge.

A special from Erie says: A cloudburst in this vicinity yesterday flooded the roads and the railroad culverts on all lines of railroads. A west bound freight on the Nickle Plate railroad went through a bridge at Creyton, near the Ohio state line. Engineer Hill and fireman Nicholson, with Head Brakeman Johnston, went down in the mass of engine and twenty-five cars. All three are alive, but the engineer will die. The bridge was a wooden structure 150 feet in length.

Four Killed by Lightning.

PITTSBURG, May 24.—A special to The Times from Alliance, O., says: George Patterson, his wife and two children, of Ballsville, O., were instantly killed by lightning while standing under a tree last evening.

To Test the New Law.

BOSTON, May 24.—Judge Forsaith, of the municipal court, has granted a warrant for the arrest of C. W. H. Sanborn, of North Market street, on a charge of violating the conditions of his license. This is a test case under the law abolishing public bars and was sought by Sanborn as an excuse to test the constitutionality of the act.

A Fatal Collision.

NEW LONDON, Conn., May 24.—Two gravel trains were in collision at South Lyme on the Consolidated road yesterday afternoon. One Italian was killed and three severely injured. One locomotive and several cars were wrecked.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—

New York	0	0	2	1	6	4	1	2	—	17
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—	1

Base hits: New York, 19; Pittsburg, 11. Errors: New York, 3; Pittsburg, 10. Batteries: Welch and Murphy, Schmidt and Miller. Attendance, 212.

At Boston—

Boston	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	—	4
Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1

Base hits: Boston, 9; Cleveland, 5. Errors: Boston, 7; Cleveland, 10. Batteries: Lincoln and Zimmer, Clarkson and Sullivan. Attendance, 1,200.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	2
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1

Base hits: Brooklyn, 8; Cincinnati, 11. Errors: Brooklyn, 5; Cincinnati, 12. Batteries: Terry and Daly, Mullane and Keenan. Attendance, 603.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	—	3
Chicago	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	2	—	9

Base hits: Philadelphia, 11; Chicago, 16. Errors: Philadelphia, 4; Chicago, 3. Batteries: Vickery and Shriver, Hutchinson and Kittridge. Attendance, 1,500.

Players' League.

At Boston—

Boston	0	2	0	0	1	0	4	1	0	— 8
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	— 0

Base hits: Boston, 9; Pittsburg, 8. Errors: Boston, 6; Pittsburg, 11. Batteries: Radbourne and Kelly, Galvin and Carroll. Attendance, 823.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

Base hits: Philadelphia, 7; Cleveland, 12. Errors, Philadelphia, 3; Cleveland, 2. Batteries, Cunningham and Milligan, Blakely and Sutcliffe. Attendance, 600.

At New York—

New York	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	—	8
Chicago	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	—	4

Base hits: New York, 12; Chicago, 10. Errors: New York, 2; Chicago, 3. Batteries: O'Day and Ewing, Dwyer and Farrell. Attendance, 1,547.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	3	0	2	1	—	6		
Buffalo	0	1	0	1	0	0	—	2		

Base hits: Brooklyn, 10; Buffalo, 6. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Buffalo, 5. Batteries: Weyhing and Kinslow, Krock and Mack. Attendance, 508.

American Association.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0
Columbus	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	x	4

Base hits: Syracuse, 4; Columbus, 7. Errors: Syracuse, 4; Columbus, 5. Batteries: Morrison and Briggs, Widner and O'Connor.

At Philadelphia (2d game)—

Athletic	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	1
Toledo	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	—	4

Base hits: Athletic, 7; Toledo, 7. Errors: Athletic, 5; Toledo, 4. Batteries: Esper and Robinson, Healy and Rogers.

Second game—

Athletic	0	0	3	5	3	1	0	0	—	12
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

Base hits: Athletic, 14; Toledo, 10. Errors: Athletic, 4; Toledo, 5. Batteries: Green and Robinson, Abbott and Rogers. Game called to catch train.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	—	4
St. Louis	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	x	5

Base hits: Rochester, 6; St. Louis, 5. Errors: Rochester, 2; St. Louis, 1. Batteries: Barr and McGuire, Ramsey and Munyon.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	—	4
Louisville	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	1

Base hits: Brooklyn, 6; Louisville, 5. Errors: Brooklyn, 3; Louisville, 3. Batteries: McCullough and Toy, Meakin and Ryan.

Atlantic Association.

At Hartford—*Hartford*, 6; Washington, 5. Base hits: Hartford, 4; Washington, 2. Errors: Hartford, 4; Washington, 2. Batteries: Stalb and Morris, Phillips and Riddle.

At Worcester—Worcester, 9; Wilmington, 1. Base hits: Worcester, 12; Wilmington, 4. Errors: Worcester, 3; Wilmington, 5. Batteries: Stafford and Guinasso, Swortzack and Corcoran.

At New Haven—New Haven, 9; Baltimore, 6. Base hits: New Haven, 19; Baltimore, 8. Errors: New Haven, 4; Baltimore, 5. Batteries: Dorsa, Gilliland and Hufford; German and Tate.

A PRESBYTERIAN BATTLE.

Plans for Revision of the Faith Discussed in Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 24.—The amended report of the committee on revision was taken up in the Presbyterian general assembly. Dr. Patton pleaded for harmony. He was willing to make concessions, but he insisted that "there must be no change in the Calvinistic character of our standards." This was greeted with great applause. He wished that the popular misapprehension that the church believed in infant damnation could be dispelled.

He offered an amendment to Dr. Mc-Cracken's plan providing for a committee of revision, containing not less than fifteen, of which not less than two shall be appointed by any one synod, and to report to the next assembly alterations to be sent down to presbyteries, said committee to be restrained from proposing changes such as will alter the Calvinistic character of the standards, and to propose only such as will remove popular misapprehension.

Mr. Day, of New York, read an amendment to both Dr. McCracken's and Dr. Patterson's plan, which provided for a committee of revision, to consist of nine ministers and six elders, the moderator of this assembly to appoint one member of this committee from each synod to act with the moderator as a committee of nomination of this committee of revision, said committee to meet not later than Oct. 31, 1890, and report to the next general assembly.

On motion of Dr. Johnson it was voted that all other orders of business should be laid aside until a final vote was reached in the appointment of a committee of revision.

Mr. Day, of New York; the Rev. Dr. Van Dyke, of Brooklyn; Dr. Howard Crosby, of New York, and Rupert M. Patterson, D.D., of Chester, continued the debate. Dr. Patterson made a vigorous attack on any tendency to call the pope anything but "anti-

CARPETS!

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H. A. POPE.

corner of Front and Somerset streets

LAST DAYS FOR TICKETS

Photographer LANGHORNE begs to inform his customers and the public that the distribution of tickets for the Talcott Patent Mount and Process will close in a few days.

Ladies and gentlemen who have not secured tickets will do well to do so before the limit is reached. Address "Special Agent," care of Langhorne's Art Studio, who will call with specimens and tickets. The object of the distribution is the introduction of this beautiful process and permanent mount and process in a practical form. The tickets allow ample time for presentation at studio. Mr. LANGHORNE holds the sole rights for Plainfield and vicinity.

This Date in History—May 25.

1420—Joan of Arc, Maid of Orleans, captured at the siege of Compiegne; afterwards burned for a witch.

1625—The French Academy founded by Richelieu.

1787—Convention met in Philadelphia to form a federal constitution.

1808—Birth of Ralph Waldo Emerson.

1818—Death of Dr. William Paley, author of "Natural Theology."

1845—Louis Napoleon escapes from Ham.

1865—Grimsett's expedition, under command of Lieut. Wilkes and Dr. Kane, go in search of Sir John Franklin.

1861—Confederates at Harper's Ferry and Manassas prepared to be threatening Washington.

1862—Banks defeated near Winchester, Va.

1862—The government takes possession of all railroads in the United States for military purposes when required.

1862—Lincoln telegraphs to governors of states for additional troops to defend Washington.

1864—Atlanta campaign: indecisive battle at New Hope Church, Ga.

1868—The Monarch, first English ironclad turret ship, launched.

1871—Bank holiday act passed in England.

This Date in History—May 23.

1637—English found Jamestown, Va.

1777—Sag Harbor, N. Y., captured by Americans.

1788—South Carolina ratifies the constitution.

1813—In Bucharest, now capital of Roumania, Russia and the Turkish treaty, stipulating that the river Pruth shall be boundary of the two states.

1808—The French occupy Madrid.

1808—Ships Erebus and Terror, with Sir John Franklin, have disappeared in search of the west passage. The entire party perished in the Arctic regions, Sir John Franklin dying June 11, 1847.

1830—Albert W. Hicks found guilty of piracy and murder; hanged in New York.

1861—Battle at Front Royal, Va. Pass in Washington, Confederates threatening the capital.

1864—Four days' fighting on North Anna river, Va. Union loss, 1,670; Confederate, 4,000.

1870—Death of Mark Lemon, editor of London Punch.

1871—Communists set fire to the Tuileries; petroleum pumped into the burning buildings.

This Date in History—May 24.

E. ELSWORTH.

1543—Death of Copernicus; born Feb. 19, 1473. The father of modern astronomy.

1612—Death of Robert Cecil, minister to James I; born 1550.

1768—Warsaw taken by Charles XII.

1788—Death of Lord Rodney, British admiral; born 1718.

1814—The pope returns to Rome after exile.

1818—Birth of Albert Smith, comic English writer.

1838—Gen. Jackson seizes Pensacola, Fla., Spain cedes the territory to the United States in 1819.

1819—Queen Victoria born; crowned June 28, 1838.

1819—The first American steamship, the Savannah, crosses the Atlantic in 25 days.

1841—Canton, China, capitulated to the English.

1850—Death of Jane Porter, novelist; born in 1776. Author of "Thaddeus of Warsaw," "Scottish Chiefs," etc.

1851—Thomas Francis Meagher escapes from Van Diemen's land and arrives in the United States.

1861—Col. Ellsworth shot while removing Confederate flag from Marshall house, Alexandria, Va. His assailant killed by Frank Brownell, one of Ellsworth's party.

1871—Public buildings continue to be burned by the Communists in Paris. The archbishop of Paris and 64 others shot by them in the prison of La Roquette.

1873—Marshal MacMahon, duke of Magenta, elected president of the French republic.

Alleged Fish Poachers Arrested.

DELHI, N. Y., May 24.—Eight persons have been arrested on complaint of Robert J. Livingston, of New York, charged with unlawfully catching trout in Lake Delhi reservoir, owned by the complainant. These are the first arrests of poachers this season on streams throughout the Catskill trout region of Waters owned or leased by corporations or private individuals.

A Harvard Student in Disgrace.

BOSTON, May 24.—Francis J. Holland, a Harvard student, has been arrested charged with stealing a gold watch and several books from John Ward's general agency. He not only confessed to these thefts, but also that he had been stealing a large number of law books from the library. The stolen articles have been recovered.

A Dangerous Toy.

TORONTO, Ont., May 24.—The 2-year-old son of John Allen, of this city, was shot and fatally injured by his 7-year-old sister with a rifle which had been left loaded within her reach.

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THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The supreme court of the United States has adjourned until the October term.

Fletcher Harper, aged 63, of the publishing house of Harper & Brothers, died at his house, No. 120 East Sixtieth street, May 23. He had been in the publishing business nearly all his life and in 1869 became a partner in the firm of Harper & Brothers, having charge of Harper's Weekly. Mr. Harper was a member of the Union League club. He was a well known literateur and a connoisseur in art.

The United States supreme court has decided that Luis Oteina Y. Cortes, the secretary of the public debt bureau of Cuba, who was arrested in New York on the charge of embezzling $700,000 in coupons and certificates of indebtedness while holding office under the Spanish government at Havana, must return to Havana for trial.

The Toronto-Milwaukee-New Haven baseball controversy over the services of Pettit, New Haven's captain and second baseman, has been finally settled, New Haven losing. Pettit started for Milwaukee at once.

The house of the Rev. Mr. McDuffie, of New Brunswick, N. J., who has been preaching against Roman Catholicism, was stoned by a mob.

The United States man-of-war Pensacola has returned from her cruise to Africa, bringing many disgruntled scientists.

At New York tenants in the Grand Central flats have served notice on the owner that unless Mrs. Alice Hopkinson be ousted they will leave in a body.

A bullet from a bulldog revolver in the hand of David H. Cotter struck his wife, 42 years old, in the back of the head, causing her death. The tragedy occurred at their home, 192 Forth-third street, Brooklyn. Cotter says the weapon was accidentally discharged.

Rev. John S. Lindsay, of Boston, has been chosen assistant bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Alabama.

At Boston, Ezra H. Heywood, publisher of The Word, has been indicted in the United States court for sending obscene matter through the mails.

The Missouri grand lodge of Odd Fellows voted to expel all saloon keepers from the order.

The Voorhees Bill Killed.

TRENTON, N. J., May 24.—The assembly has killed the Voorhees bill to prevent horse racing in winter.

Happy Combination.

PURE DRUGS AND SAFETY BICYCLES.

OUR SPECIALTIES: Pure drugs; the careful compounding of physician's prescriptions; proprietary medicines; toilet soaps and all articles pertaining to a Temple of Pharmacy.

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Practical Mason and Builder

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18 North Avenue

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DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

A PRIEST ASSASSINATED.

Dr. Barrett, of Chicago, Shot by an Insane Visitor.

CHICAGO, May 24.—The Rev. Dr. S. M. Barrett, of St. Stephen's Roman Catholic church, was shot on his doorstep last night and fatally wounded. He had been accosted by a young man, who professed to be in a dying condition from heart trouble. The priest gave the man directions to help him physically and was considering the matter of spiritual consolation, when there was a sudden flash and report and Dr. Barrett fell with a bullet in his breast. The supposed dying man had suddenly pulled a revolver and fired point blank at the priest. A series of wild shrieks on the part of the assailant brought the police to the scene. Father Barrett's slayer was speedily landed in a cell, and continued to give every evidence of insanity. Papers showed the prisoner's name to be Cady. Father Barrett has been pastor of St. Stephen's for twenty years, and was particularly respected by the older residents among the Catholics of this city.

Leaf Tobacco Manufacturers Agitated.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Leaf tobacco dealers will labor hard with the senate conferring one provision of the McKinley bill. The bill repeals the provisions of the existing law, which forbid the sale of leaf tobacco to licensed dealers or manufacturers. If the senate agrees to the repeal of this clause the manufacturers of smoking tobacco, it is claimed, will be brought into competition with the farmer, whose leaf "unmanufactured," which pays no tax, will be almost as valuable from the point of the retail dealer as the manufactured smoking tobacco, which will have a discrimination of eight cents on every pound against it. The tobacco men have been notified of the situation, and they will use every effort to have the duty kept at four cents on the proposition to repeal the administration clause rejected by the senate.

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.33, 5.44, 5.56, 6.26, 6.35, 7.06, 7.30, 7.58, 8.30, 8.58, 9.28, 9.58, 10.28, 10.58 a. m., 12.01 noon, 12.28, 1.00, 2.07, 2.30, 3.01, 3.31, 3.51, 4.07, 4.24, 4.42, 5.01, 5.20, 5.40, 6.00, 6.20, 6.40, 7.01, 7.30, 8.07, 9.00 p. m. Sunday, 12.01 night. Leave New York at 1.30, 2.45, 4.00, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 9.05, 9.30, 10.05, 10.30, 11.05, 11.30 a. m., 12.05, 12.30, 1.05, 1.30, 2.05, 2.30, 3.05, 3.30, 4.05, 4.30, 5.05, 5.30, 6.05, 6.30, 7.05, 7.30, 8.05, 8.30, 9.05, 9.30, 10.05, 10.30, 11.05, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.03, 9.45, a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 8.30, 9.38, 11.15 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.03, 9.30 a. m., 4.30, 6.45, 9.38 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.03, 9.45, a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 8.30, 9.38, 11.15 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.03, 9.30 a. m., 4.30, 6.45, 9.38 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.45, 11.28, 5.20 p.m. Sunday 8.23 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.00 a. m.—For Easton, Lehighton, Penn Haven Junction, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8.03 a. m.—For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.

9.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

11.28 a. m.—For Flemington, Junction, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.

1.30 p. m.—For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.

4.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

5.20 p. m.—For Flemington, Junction, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.

5.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

6.45 p. m.—For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.

8.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.38 p. m.—For Flemington, Junction, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.

11.15 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Reading, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc., 5.20 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Hackettstown, Allentown, Bethlehem and Easton, 5.20 p. m. For Flemington, 6.38 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Harrisburg, 6.38 p. m. for Easton Bethlehem and Allentown Saturdays only, 8.30 p. m. for Junction, Hackettstown, 8.13 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, etc., 9.38 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville 8.45 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Mauch Chunk, Scranton, Harrisburg, Reading, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 1.00, 3.15, 5.31 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.00 a. m., 1.00 p. m. Additional Sunday 3 for Ocean Grove 11.00, 5.31. 10.05, 3.15, 5.31, 7.3 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 4.00 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m. 3.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 1.00, 3.15 5.31, 7.03 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 4.00 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.17, 5.45 8.45, 11.58 a. m., 1.19, 3.40, 4.06, 7.32, 10.30 p. m. Sundays at 4.17, 8.45, 8.00 a. m., 7.32, 10.30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 4.17, 5.45, 8.45 a. m., 4.06, 7.32 p. m. Sundays at 4.17, 8.45 a. m., 7.32 p. m.

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California Cherries	20c.	$2.50
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Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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SOMERVILLE, HARTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 4:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

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Mail will close after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

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P. O

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

An Invention for Fixing Artificial Teeth in the Mouth Without a Plate.

A dentist now proposes to fix artificial teeth in the mouth with a bar of gold, which obviates the use of the plate that people complain of so much. The bar is a sort of bridge about a quarter of an inch wide that spans the roof of the mouth. The dentist who has patented the invention says that artificial gums made of porcelain were now more in favor than those made of vulcanite. They could get porcelain a more natural color, and, in artificial teeth, people regarded it almost as a sin nowadays not to replace an absent tooth, so popular has dentistry become in late years. Of course women are in the majority of the customers; not, however, for the sake of appearance, but because their teeth seem to go quicker than men's.

Remedies for Neuralgia.

Miss Parloa recommends in The Housewife two remedies for one who is suffering from neuralgia in the head. Put him in a warm bed. Make a brick very hot and cover it with several thicknesses of flannel. Fold a cane, thick cloth and place it on the pillow. Lay the brick on this and wet thoroughly with rum. Rest the most painful part of the head or face on the brick and throw a blanket over the patient, covering the head. Keep covered in this way until the pain ceases. When the blanket is removed, wipe the moisture from the head, face and neck, and take baths in alcohol or rum, to prevent the taking of a cold.

Another remedy is to make salt very hot by stirring it over the fire in a frying pan; then pour it into a bag, which should be securely tied. Have the patient lie down and ofter bites the bag of salt, placing it first on that part of the head or face where the pain is located. The salt will retain the heat a long time. This method is much easier than the first, but it will not relieve one so quickly nor so thoroughly.

A Chiropodist on Corns and Bunions.

An English chiropodist advances the startling opinion that corns are hereditary. He doesn't think that there is as much difference between the Chinese foot of fashion and the English woman's foot as has been claimed, "but the Americans, you know, have their boots built to fit them much better." He takes out corns for "for all sorts of people, from girls of fifteen to young swells and elderly people. Of course, elderly people form the majority. But there are four women to one man." He also means that among the worst disfigurements of the feet are the ingrowing nails, which come from wearing tight boots. Bunions, or bunches, too, arise from the same cause, and these are mostly more costly to get rid of than corns.

The Cremation Idea.

When a man is bitten by the idea of cremation he becomes very enthusiastic in letting everybody know. Cremation seems to make people as enthusiastic as a new religion. A jeweler recently came for a cremation ring, for which the customer was going to use as an ornament to his sideboard till it was required for grimer purposes. He also had a case of the finest crystal glass, mounted in carved and molded silver. There are two shields on the silver cover, which is surmounted with a heraldic helmet. The urn itself will hold about as much ashes as will go into an ordinary sized round felt hat, that being the approximate quantity yielded by a cremated man.

One Thing and Another.

The sunniest among the rooms should be selected for habitual habitation, especially of children. Direct sunlight should not be excluded from the poorest than necessary for the safety of the eyes.

The continued use of antipyretics is pronounced by an eminent foreign authority to have an injurious effect, securing repose at the expense of vital force.

To make white eyebrows a better color wet them frequently with strong black tea and let it dry on, says a writer on toilet matters.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

A Fashionable Man's Comments on Trifles of Importance Among Society People.

Mrs. Ward McAllister, prominent among New York's "four hundred," notes in The World some trifling social blunders which often give serious offense, because they are largely the result of thoughtlessness and frequently do not admit of satisfactory explanation:

"It is so unusual thing, for example, to find a man or woman sending a note to an acquaintance or friend and addressing the envelope Mr. John Smith, Instead of John Smith, Esq.

"It would be difficult to tell, perhaps, why it is so, but Mr. John Smith is felt to be a mean and derogatory way of subscribing the envelope, and it is a fashion never used by careful people. John Smith, Esq., is the accepted formula, and unless the envelope is addressed to a gentleman of a man in a distinctively inferior walk of life it is the formula which must be used. It is not even permissible to use Mr. Smith when the first name of the gentleman for whom the letter is intended is unknown. The proper formula in such a case is this: — Smith, Esq.

"I make the practice in this matter as I would in any other matter, and do not pretend to explain or justify it.

"It is no unusual thing for writers to address correspondents as Dear Madam or Dear Sir even when their feelings are of the kindliest. This is not allowable under any circumstances. If you have any acquaintance with Mr. Smith at all you are bound to address him as My Dear Mr. Smith or simply Dear Mr. Smith. If you are really intimate with him, Dear Smith or My Dear Smith is permissible.

"The only case where the beginning of a note with Sir or Dear Sir is not indicative of a feeling of superiority on the part of the writer, and his desire to keep the correspondent at a social distance, is where the note is for the purpose of business.

"I need scarcely say," continued Mr. McAllister, "that when a person is writing to somebody whom he does not know at all and has not known the only way to get around the difficulty continually presented in such cases is to put the letter in the third person and present the compliments of the writer to the correspondent and inclose the personal card. This also is a favorite mode for men and women to address persons with whom they have business relations and no social relations whatsoever.

"Yours Truly is the most formal and perfunctory way of introducing the signature. Yours Sincerely is coming into use in England to a certain extent, and of course will be taken up here. Faithfully Yours is also a formula which is securing some English indorsement, and that in the long run means an American indorsement. The old form of Your Obedient Servant, etc., has gone out altogether. Yours Respectfully is only used when addressing a man in an official position on a matter of first importance.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

POPULAR SCIENTIFIC RECREATION AND VALUABLE INFORMATION.

How to Produce Perfect Combustion with Wood Shavings, Sawdust, Etc., When Firing a Furnace—A New Non-Explosive Flash Light.

Stokers with shavings are generally a nuisance to the whole neighborhood, poisoning the atmosphere around, making the place dirty, unhealthy and disagreeable. This is caused by supplying the fire with fresh shavings on top of the burned ones and smothering it, generating a large amount of smoke but no heat. The fire and heat are only produced when all the shavings are charred. In order to produce perfect combustion with wood shavings, sawdust, etc., it is necessary to burn them from the top, and here is given the details of how a correspondent of Power-Steam did it with satisfactory results.

FIG. 1.—FIRING WITH SHAVINGS.

Provide a half inch gas pipe long enough to reach to the end of the furnace. Early your shaving fire, and when nearly burned take your half inch pipe and divide the burning shavings through the middle, banking them against the side walls as shown in Fig. 1. Now feed a pile of new shavings into the center on the fire, which ignite here and close your furnace doors. The shavings will begin to burn from above, lighted from the two side fires, the air will pass through the mass into the center where it will be heated and unite with the gas, making the combustion perfect, generating heat and no smoke and the fire will last much longer and require not half the labor in stoking. If shavings are left over, the planer shavings could be compressed and sold for packing many goods. Any one making this trial will be convinced of its efficiency

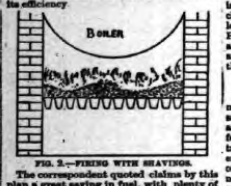

FIG. 2.—FIRING WITH SHAVINGS.

The correspondent quoted claims by this plan a great saving in fuel, with plenty of power and no complaints from the neighbors, as there was no more smoke apparent as the chimney.

A New Flash Light.

At a regular meeting of the Washington Chemical society, April 11, Dr. Thomas Taylor, of the United States department of agriculture exhibited a new flash light intended to take the place of several kinds which have of late proved highly dangerous in practice. He tells us that Dr. Taylor's new flash light consists largely of charcoal made from the silky down of the milk weed—a form of carbon which he prefers to all others because of its freedom from ash. A few grains of this new composition placed on tissue paper and lighted by a punk match produced a prompt and blinding flash, which it was observed that the paper on which the powder rested was not even scorched. The flash being instantaneous, the heat is not sufficient to ignite the most inflammable material on which the powder may rest. Dr. Taylor demonstrated this by using, with the same paper for a base, an inferior flash light, which set fire to the paper at once. This is owing to the comparatively slow combustion of the chemicals used in the inferior grade. Dr. Taylor said that the powder of his new flash light will not explode either by concussion or friction.

To Prevent Metals from Rusting.

Melt together a pound of lard and a lump of rosin, the size of an English walnut, using only lard enough to melt the rosin, which will take place soon if it is broken fine. By wrapping the rosin in a piece of stout brown paper and striking it gently with a hammer, smooth stone or other hard substance, the rosin may be readily broken, and by carefully opening the paper, may be added to the lard with ease. When the rosin is completely melted stir the mixture well and set aside to cool, and, as it begins to harden, stir occasionally. When cool keep it covered to exclude the dust. Any article of steel, even delicate machinery, covered with this—moving the article slightly to cause the composition to enter all crevices—no matter how thin the coating, will be completely protected, and, according to The Horological Review, the article will prove itself a complete antirust.

Scientific Brevities.

The next half century will undoubtedly witness a remarkable increase in the extension of the railroad systems of the world.

An extraordinary invention is claimed to have been made by a Russian officer, in a luminous projectile to be fired from a gun, which will be extremely useful for discovering the movements of an enemy in a naval contest at night.

A good preventive for the inroads of ants is a strip of carbolated petrolatum, about half an inch in width, drawn about the places frequented.

Prof. C. F. Brackett, in a recent address, expressed some very pregnant ideas in very simple language. He said: "Sound is not air; it is air in motion. Electricity is not matter; it is matter doing something, and we are all trying to find out just what it is doing."

An electric fire engine is reported as a recent invention. It is claimed that this engine can be started at full speed whenever wanted, is noiseless, makes no smoke nor ashes, is light, is almost as strong as the equal power, costs one-third less, is safer and more economical.

American Analyst tells that an English photographer claims to have obtained a photograph in which the natural colors were reproduced when the exposure was made, by accident, just at the moment when the sun was shining full on a field of lighting. He says that a friend of his once got a colored plate under similar circumstances, and believes that electricity has to do with photographing colors.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Collection of Fugitive Facts and Out of the Ordinary Information.

An account from Tomsk describes the state of the Siberian prisons as something fearful and gives the following figures, which speak for themselves: Tomsk, the seat of the only university in Siberia, is at the same time the central depot of exiles. It possesses a prison which can accommodate 705 men, reckoning for each one 4.8 cubic feet of air. There is space for 400 persons more, and 275 sick cases, but the number of exiles who arrived in Tomsk in 1886 was 16,184, of whom only 14,866 were transported further. In 1887 there arrived 15,268, 18,014, and in 1889, up to September, over 13,000, of whom 13,328, 14,220 and 11,000 respectively were taken to the interior.

In 1886 the average daily number of prisoners was at least 1,818; in 1887, 1,120, and in 1888, 1,320. In some weeks these numbers increased in 1886 to 2,400, in 1887 to 3,755, and in 1888 even to 5,030 men. Among these the daily average on the sick list was, in 1886, 304; in 1887, 313 (not less than 45 per cent.); and in 1888, 396—the majority suffering from typhoid fever. The official report says in a few words that for want of room hundreds of beds with patients suffering from serious maladies were placed in the open air, whilst the temperature was only six degrees Reaumur (45½ Fahrenheit), which caused many deaths among them. Between 300 and 400 exiles are buried yearly from the Tomsk prison.

"I Deny Death."

Here are some sayings of Robert Browning recorded by Mr. William Sharp in his life of the poet:

"Death, faugh! It is this harping on death I despise so much," he remarked with emphasis of gesture as well as of speech—the inclined head and body, the burning shavings high up upon the listener's knee, the abrupt change in the inflection of the voice, all so characteristic of him—"this idle and often cowardly as well as ignorant talk about it. Why should we change, like everything else? In fiction, in poetry, in so much of both—French as well as English—and, I am told, in American literature, the shadow of death—call it what you will, despair, negation indifference—is upon us. But what fools those men are! Why, smile when you know as well as I that death is life, just as our daily, our momentarily dying body is none the less alive and ever recruiting new forms of existence. Without death, which is our crapulike, churchyardy word for change, for growth, there could be no prolongation of that which we call life. Therefore I say I deny death. Death is not a thing even. For myself, I deny death as an end of everything. Never say of me that I am dead!"

The Latest Discovery of Pompeii.

The latest discovery at Pompeii is a human form lying under ashes, with sandals clearly distinguishable on the feet, and also—what is a curious and uncommon feature in Pompeiian remains—a pair of bronzed rings. It is the belief that for a great eruption burst on the ill-fated town a kind of loose oriental drawers used to be worn, not indeed by the Italians of the south or eastern borders of the Mediterranean; and a Neapolitan antiquary has suggested that the latest Pompeiian to be introduced to the modern world may have been a member of the Alexandrian colony in the town. However, whatever the unhappy man's nationality, and whatever the origin of the mysterious trousers, it is clear that he had barely time to put them on and fly, bundle in hand, before he was overwhelmed and suffocated. How strange it is to compare, him now, a fellow creature overwhelmed in one of the most appalling holocausts known in the history of the world! And yet one finds one's self half joking about him and the queer rig in which he died his death—centuries ago.

Scotch Proverbs.

All nations have their proverbs, but it is doubtful if any excel in pithiness and point those current among the shrewd Scots, of which the following are examples:

Early birds catch the worms.
Early master, soon knave.
East or west, hame is best.
Easy learned, soon forgotten.
Every flow has its ebb.
Every inch of joy has an ell of annoy.
Every man bows to the bush he gets bield frae.
Every man buckles his belt to his ain gate.
Every man can guide his ill wife weel but him that has ane.
Every man can tow at his ain horn.
For want of a steek a shoe may be thit.
Forbid a fool a thing, and that he will do.
Frae saving comes having.
Fresh fish and poor friends grow soon ill faured.
Friends are like fiddle strings, they maunna be screwed over tight.

Pins of American Manufacture.

The pins which first furnished the United States trade made at Birmingham, and, though plentiful and cheap across the water, cost in this country directly after the war of 1812 $1 per paper. Now that we have pin factories established throughout our own land, pins of American manufacture are very generally used, though not considered in quality quite equal to those of English make. It has been estimated that the total weight of pins produced in the United States each week is ten tons. Fourteen pairs of hands are required to make a pin after the metal has been formed into wire.

Postal Registration.

All kinds of postal matter, except second class matter, can be registered at the rate of ten cents for each package, in addition to the regular rates of postage, to be fully prepaid by stamps. Each package must bear the name and address of the sender, and a receipt will be returned to the sender on whose addressed. Mail matter can be registered at all postoffices in the United States. The postoffice department is in no manner to be held responsible for the loss of any registered mail matter.

French Toys.

French toys have been rapidly making their way in the world since 1867. In that year only £240,000 worth of them was sent abroad, while last year the total was £2,800,000. England, the great customer, took about a fourth of the whole, and then follow in order Spain, the Argentine Republic, Belgium, the United States, Italy, Germany, Switzerland, Uruguay, New Granada, Turkey and Russia.

A Few Notable Heads.

The Prince of Wales has a remarkably even shaped head, the hatters say, and his size is 7⅛. Prince Albert Victor only takes a 6⅞. The brims of his felt hats are enormously arched to take off the effect of his long face. His brother, Prince George, takes a 6¾. The emperor of Germany, who has a very uneven head, takes 6¾. So does the Duke of Teck.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Crowding Too Many Pretty Things Into the Room for Show at One Time.

A prominent fault which a New York critic finds in the drawing rooms of that city is the too great profusion of furniture and bric-a-brac crowded into them. It trips you up on the floor, drops down at you from the chandelier and cornices, makes it dangerous to stretch your legs or to move about freely, and even the cupboards it impossible to find a bit of unoccupied wall big enough to lean against. It is a great pleasure, of course, to have lots of pretty things, but one need not all be on exhibition at once. One fashionable woman in this city, who can afford to buy almost anything that strikes her fancy, has a store room in her house filled with choice bric-a-brac and furniture. Every week a dozen or so of these precious treasures are brought out and arranged about the rooms, and as many others that have been on duty for a time are packed away again. Thus her parlor has always a certain expression of freshness about it, so to speak, widely different from the look of a bazaar, highly fashionable, but exceedingly unrestful, that a too well filled room has.

How to Beat an Egg.

One person will take fifteen minutes to beat an egg to a froth and have it less light than another in five minutes. This is because, as Good Housekeeping explains, the one will beat fast, carrying the fork down, entangling very little air; the other will lift the egg, as it were, and throw it over the fork. This is the proper way and does the work in half the time. Acquire the habit of beating eggs, or, in fact, anything else, from the elbow, not using the whole arm; the fatigue will be much lessened. The use of egg beaters has made egg beating for cakes, such a formidable task in our mothers' days, a very light one in ours, but for beating one egg in a family now, is often most convenient. Even with a beater, however, the best results are obtained by observing certain rules. In hot weather the eggs should be kept on ice for an hour before using. It is not a good plan, however, to keep all your eggs on ice, because they then become so thoroughly chilled that in boiling them you cannot estimate the time required, and should they become frosted they are inferior for all purposes. In beating the whites of eggs a tiny pinch of salt will tend to facilitate the work.

Mayonnaise.

Fish or chicken mayonnaise is always a favorite dish at supper. Cold boiled cod will do very well removed from the bones and flaked; if cold chicken is used the flesh should be cut into small pieces. For the sauce break the yolks of three eggs into a bowl and beat into them, drop by drop, the contents of a half pint flask of salad oil, adding every now and again a teaspoonful of vinegar; beat in a pinch of salt, a dash of cayenne pepper and a few chopped capers. Pile the fish or chicken in the center of the dishes, pour the sauce over and put cut lettuce round and decorate prettily with chopped beet root and the hard yolks and whites of eggs.

Asparagus Cream Soup.

Take a bunch of asparagus and boil it till very tender; cut off the heads, press them through a sieve; put the cold stalks into a colander, and mash as much as you can of them through. Add a quart of sweet milk and a lump of butter, or half milk and half cream; season with pepper and salt; thicken a little with flour and water if desired; boil up and serve with dice of toast.

An English Tart.

To make an English tart, have a good sized, deep baking dish with an edge is needed, some pastry and fruit. The pastry may be the best the cook can make, and the fruit any kind which is at hand—in winter canned fruit or preserves. Almost any fruit will make a good tart—cherries, peaches, plums, apricots, green gooseberries, greengages, or a mixture of several kinds.

Creamed Apples.

One quart of apple sauce, one cupful each of sugar and cream, whites of two eggs beaten stiff.

Mix cream, sugar and whites of the eggs together and pour into the cold apple sauce. Time, six minutes if the apple sauce is previously prepared.

A Novel Table Screen.

Screens in modern house furnishing are almost indispensable to divide the rear hall from the front; to devise a cozy corner, to shut off the draft from an open door, to shield a couch or form a nook about a desk in the corner of the sitting room they are essential agents. The screen is one of the chief requisites of the unexpected, and the unexpected is desirable whenever it does not degenerate into the bizarre and is not at variance with the general scheme of decoration.

AS SCREEN. AS TABLE.

Among costly materials used in screens are embossed leather, Japanese embroideries, embossed and raised paper, opalescent and painted glass. The most popular screens there are, with frames of light bamboo, upon which are hung breadths of India silk, Japanese paper or cretonne. In the cut is shown a novel screen, originally illustrated in Decorator and Furnisher, that affords the twofold purpose of table and screen.

A Few Valuable Suggestions.

Copper, which is coming into use for the ornamentation of lamps and other decorative purposes, will look well for years, so the makers say, "if only washed with soap and water, and rubbed with a very soft, dry leather." Polishing pastes and powders are said to destroy the burnish.

Ordinary furniture polish does not answer well on Chippendale. Wash it with a soft flannel wrung out in oil and vinegar, or water and vinegar (not too much of the latter); rub it quite dry, and polish long and steadily with an old leather and a little raw linseed oil.

Matting must be carefully attended to all the year round to obviate the need of any special nightcleaning. Never use soap that is the great thing to remember. Sweep and brush it regularly, taking it up where it is feasible, and rub it with a flannel wrung out very dry in salt and water. Used in moderation, this keeps the colors, and preserves the softness and pliability of the matting.

Steel fire irons and the like must be rubbed with lard, mutton suet, vaseline or sweet oil, and tied up in old rags and paper till wanted again.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street

DON'T PAY BIG PRICES.
Lawn Mowers, 14 inch, $6, 16 inch, $6.75.

GASOLINE STOVES:
1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6;
3 holes, $8

Hand Plows, $2.

Refrigerators, yard wood, $11 50. Garden hose, 10 feet. Gas tire stoves left on same weekly trial, $2 a week, 5 rail wire, 25c. Delivered in Plainfield and Dunellen. Foot step ladders, 85 cents each.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 49 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,
Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Chailies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 39c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled tow-ling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey Jackets and capes, from $1.75 upward. Dress ginghams at 4c, worth 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

CUT THIS OUT
AND BRING IT TO US, IT IS WORTH 25c TO YOU.

For every purchase of $2 worth at one time. If you will bring this adv. to us we will allow you a reduction of 25 cents. If you make $15 worth or more of purchases or both scores five of these adv. we will allow you $1.25 for them. This will hold good until July 1st. Remember we carry a full line of the BEST shoes that can be had in all widths and styles at low prices, and do fine repairing.

ROGERS BROS.
Successors to D. F. Randolph.
12 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,
50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50
LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
Reliable Goods, Low Prices.
CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

The weather demands it
The people demand it.
We supply the demand,
IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES.
We have the largest and best assortment ever shown in Plainfield.
WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV.
Doane & Van Arsdale.
22 W. FRONT, St.
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'dway

FOR ONE WEEK!

WITH A 25c. DRESS! We will give free, 1 best skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 skirt reeds. 1 card hooks and eyes.
WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes.
WITH A 65c. DRESS! We will give free 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 card hooks and eyes, 2 skirt reeds.
WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-4 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hooks and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels.
WITH A $1. DRESS! We will give free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hook and eyes, 1 doz. wa st steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining.

ALL NEW AND STYLISH GOODS.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—Put a. m. to meet 7.36 a. m. train, Front-Hillside ave. and Broadway. Broadway to Park st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet 8.52 a. m. train.
3d do	9.15	do 9.52 do
4th do	10.15	do 10.52 do
5th do	11.30	do 11.30 do
6th do	1.00 p. m.	to wharf 1.30 p. m.
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do 2.15 & 2.30 p. m.
8th do	4.30 do	To the Pond to meet 5.00 p. m. train.
9th do	5.30 do	meet 5.51 p. m. train.
10th do	6.30 do	do 6.51 do
11th do	8.15 do	do 8.37 do
12th do	9.45 do	do 10.07 do
13th do	9.45 do	do 7.22 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Plainfield ave. and Somerset st., North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes from Plainfield depot on Park avenue.

Fare, 15c. 9.37, 10.15, 11.30 a. m. 2.00, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.45, 9.45, 11.00 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Telephone connection. Special attention to ladies.

Buses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. BIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 8th and 9th. Telephone Call 18. 1m7

FURNITURE and BEDDING,
Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever offered in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,
21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.
4 doors below Post-Office.
SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER.
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Stamping and Fine Hemstitching Done. Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces,
Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Weak Constitution, Female Complaints, Consumption and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female assistant for Ladies. 22 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue
Bell and 3d floors. Box 1055.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
ANDREAS BUILDING
Money to Loan on approved security. Do Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, MAY 26, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

THE VETERANS AT THE METHODIST CHURCH LAST EVENING.

A Large Congregation Listen to Rev. Mr. Mitchell's Eloquent Sermon, and Become Aroused to Applause.

Every seat in the Methodist church was occupied last evening, and in the foremost seats sat the members of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, and of Major Anderson Post, No. 109, in attendance at a Memorial Day service; to honor the memory of the brave soldiers who gave their lives to perpetuate the Union and laid the foundation for its present peace, happiness and prosperity.

The altar was profusely decorated with beautiful flowers and the pastor conducted the service according to a specially arranged printed programme, which included singing, and responsive reading.

The choir organist, Mr. D. R. Davis, presided at the organ, and the regular choir, which is becoming quite a feature, led the singing with their usual excellence.

Mr. Mitchell's sermon was from the text, "And this day shall be unto you for a Memorial" Ex. xii:14.

The annual of the awe-inspiring event in Jewish history to which the text referred —the Passover—and applied the words to the day we keep sacred in commemoration of those who, for love of country, laid down their lives that the angel of destruction might "pass over" us, and leave our land entire.

Love of country is the one sentiment which strikes a responsive chord in every human heart. No sky so blue as that which bent over our native land, no star so bright as those through which it seemed to us in childhood the very light of heaven shone upon that land.

The sentiment is universal. Men honor those who have died in their country's defense. The speaker gave vivid illustrations of the third from history for more than 2000 years, beginning with Leonidas and his gallant little band of Spartans, who gave up their lives at Thermopylæ, a voluntary offering upon the altar of their country. The Scotchmen's great glistener for the Purple Heath at Bannockburn, or on the fatal field of Flodden; and the Englishman glories over the valor of the English troops at Waterloo, but the fields upon which our heroes fell are too numerous and widely sundered for us to make such places of pilgrimage. Each Man, whose mouth heroism rushed unprepared into the fray, Dundee, Shiloh, Vicksburg, Lookout Mountain, Gettysburg, where 50,000 men faced each other, hoping to settle the conflict in one last desperate struggle, Nashville, the march to Richmond, and the thousand points under and themselves. From all parts of the northland they came, in all parts of the southland they fell. No sound of war disturbs them now. The balmy breezes of perpetual Summer blow over their graves. "Life's fitful fever o'er they sleep well."

"Three hundred thousand men,
On southern field, in prison pen,
Their blood for me, and you, and you."

And so it is most that in all parts of the land from which they went forth grateful hearts should cherish them, and that we should meet in these Memorial services to recall their deeds, and thus perpetuate their memory and influence upon the earth.

That we may the better perform this task let us consider

1—The special features of the patriotism manifested by our soldier dead.

The speaker said that they "their patriotism was especially commendable because of the country in whose behalf it was manifested."

For nearly 6,000 years God held the curtain of secrecy between the old world and the new. While Egyptian dynasties were rising and sinking away; while Greece was exulting in her supremacy; while Alexander was breaking down the powers of Ancient Asia; while Rome was mercing her legions to the world's conquest; while idolatry spread her dark mantle over the world, save one small spot in Judea, while Christianity was young on the earth and pure like its Founder; and during all those dark midnight centuries preceding the dawn of the Reformation the western world was unknown.

But when the fullness of time had come; when governments had proven their inefficiency; when tyranny and usurpation waxed unquestioned. When those who followed the mandates of the Most High had fled from one city to another until there were no more walls of refuge to receive them, then God withdrew the mystical veil, separating the visible from the invisible, and lo! the land in which we so delight was exposed to view!

We came our fathers as to a veritable "Land of Beulah." Here came the religiously oppressed of all creeds. The Puritans found their way to Massachusetts, Baptists to Rhode Island, the Quakers to Pennsylvania, the Huguenots to the Carolinas, the Catholics to Maryland, and wherever they went they built a home prepared for them by the Divine hand.

The speaker eloquently described the land which in form of government, in material resources, in grandeur and extent, outranked the world, and it was to preserve this wondrous domain that our fallen soldiers died.

The speaker elaborately illustrated the facts that

2—"Their patriotism was commendable because of its total disregard of danger," and 3—"Because of the greatness of the evils upon which they waged war."

The war was the final test to decide, first, whether we were to have a strong central government, as favored by the one party, or state sovereignty, as held together by a rope of sand, as favored by the other, and upon the result depended the absolute life or death of the principle on both sides. It was necessary the determination whether the power of slavery should be broken.

The speaker showed that those whose names are made us a free and united people and all brothers shall reserve that we should see to their gather around their graves and their green mounds with the flowers of affection, and with the dews of sympathetic tears.

He drew some practical lessons from the great struggle, and pointed out as two of the greatest dangers to our Republic, political corruption, and the liquor traffic, and became so eloquent that many in the congregation applauded as he showed that the next great struggle would be to wipe the rum power out of existence as slavery had been wiped out. He concluded his sermon with the following from James Russell Lowell's "Ode":

"Many loved Truth, and lavished life's best oil
Amid the books to find her,
Content at last, for guerdon of their toil,
With the cast mantle she hath left behind her.
Many in sad faith sought for her,
Many with crossed hands sighed for her;
But these, our brothers, fought for her,
At life's dear peril wrought for her,
So loved her that they died for her.

Tasting the ruptured frostness
Of her divine completeness.
Their higher instinct knew
Those love her best who to themselves are true
And what they dare to dream of dare to do."

After the singing of "America", as the concluding hymn, by the congregation, the people remained standing as a token of respect while the veterans marched out, whereupon the service ended.

JOTTINGS.

—To-day is what is known to the Germans as Pfingst Monday.

—The Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., will hold a regular encampment to-morrow evening.

—On May 30th the Oriental Social Club will tender their friends a reception in Amphion Hall.

—The Young Moonlights of this city announce that they challenge any team in Plainfield, under fifteen years of age to play. Captain T. Lyons.

—On Saturday Borden Drake, the fifteen-year-old son of Mr. T. B. Drake, of Door Neck, near Millfield, was taken to the Insane Asylum at Trenton for treatment.

—The Mutual Aid Society of the Pond Machine Tool Works will hold its annual excursion early in July. The members of the society have decided to go to Coney Island.

—The regular meeting of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Calvary Baptist Church will be held in the parlors of the chapel to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—On Wednesday evening next the Children of Mary, a society connected with St. Mary's church, will hold a reception in honor of the Blessed Virgin Mary. The Rev. Dr. Guydon of New York will preach the sermon on the occasion.

—The Woman's Temperance Aid Society desire to express through The News their sincere thanks to every one who in any way assisted them in making their Prize Medal Concert so great a success. Woman's Temperance Aid Society. C. M. MAXSON, Sec'y.

—A two-seated carriage which was occupied by three women collapsed on Liberty street, near Fifth, yesterday morning. The horse was unhitched, and another vehicle was procured and the women proceeded on their way leaving the wrecked vehicle by the roadside.

—At about six o'clock Saturday evening two young men who were under the influence of liquor attempted to settle a difficulty with their fists. The fight was to have taken place on Somerset street. Every thing was in readiness, but the timely arrival of the police put an end to the affair.

—By order of the Board of Engineers, Kepher Hook and Ladder company, will, on Decoration Day go out for an inspection and drill. The company will leave the truck house at two o'clock and proceed to the Park House where they will raise their large extension ladder and give other exhibitions.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Charles Murphy, of Trenton, N. J., spent Sunday with his parents in North Plainfield.

Mr. Lewis Levy of New York spent yesterday with his sister, Mrs. I. H. Boehm of West Front street.

Mr. Seifert of Reading, Pa., has made Plainfield his home. He resides at 32 West Front street.

Mrs. Westphal and her daughter Fannie of South Second street, will start to-morrow on a visit to Denver, Colorado.

Mr. Frederick Casper, jr., of the United States Navy, is visiting at the residence of his parents on East Front street.

Mr. John R. Boerbower, the proprietor of the City Hotel, returned Saturday from a week's visit to his parents in Pennsylvania.

Miss Mamie Laing of Penn street and Mr. Edward Garretson of New York were yesterday united in marriage by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck.

Bishop Scarborough of the Episcopal Diocese was tendered a reception at the residence of Mr. R. L. Pinch on Park avenue Saturday evening.

City Missionary Allen and Mr. J. H. Hoagland of New Brunswick conducted a temperance service Sunday evening in this city, under the auspices of Howell Division, Sons of Temperance.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Scarborough of the Episcopal Diocese of New Jersey visited the various Episcopal churches yesterday in this city and administered the rite of confirmation to a number of children.

The trustees of the Congregational church of Westfield, N. J., are building an extension to their present building, under the direction of Mr. Oscar S. Teale, of Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, architect.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union conducted the 4 o'clock Sunday service at the Milton avenue chapel, at Rahway, Sunday. Mrs. Dr. Tomlinson, of Plainfield, President of the Union county organization, and others addressed the meeting.

Mr. Wesley Gaskill, a deaf mute, of Rahway, has undertaken to procure the names of all deaf persons in this section for the purpose of furnishing them to the census bureau. As he is doing it more for pastime than profit, he requests, that any one knowing of a deaf person will notify him so he can wait on them and procure the particulars as required.

THE SAME OLD STORY.

The Crescents Again Victorious in a Game of Ball.

The Crescents of this city played a game of base ball with the Vernons of Brooklyn Saturday afternoon and defeated the visiting team by a score of 10 to 1.

The Vernons are one of Brooklyn's best ball teams, and when they arrived in Plainfield Saturday afternoon it was with the intention of beating the Crescent team easily.

Captain Wingand covered first base in good style and it was almost impossible for the Vernons to knock a ball outside of the diamond, and when they did the fielders caught them on the fly.

As usual Martin the short stop played all over the field and did excellent service for the home team. Freddie Jones was behind the bat as usual and his unerring throws to second base cut off many a run.

In the first inning the Vernons made one run and that was the only one they got throughout the game. In the Crescents' half of the first inning, however, they made three runs. Excitement then ran high and when the Vernons went to the bat one of the pitchers succeeded in reaching third base. He got no further, however, for Livingston struck the batters out in one, two, three order. The Crescents made four runs in their half of that inning, swelling their score to seven runs. They also made one run in the fifth and two in the seventh.

In the sixth inning "Joe" Lafferty, the Crescents' big second baseman, made a good catch. One of the Vernons knocked the ball just over Lafferty's head into right field. "Joe" saw the hit, however, ran backwards after it, and succeeded in catching it in his left hand before it struck the ground. The catch was a fine one and the applause that followed lasted several minutes.

In the first inning Worth was put in to pitch for the Vernons, but the Crescents knocked the ball all over the field and Winn was substituted. If the Vernons had done this in the first inning the contest would have been a much closer one throughout.

The teams were lined up as follows:

Crescents—Martin, s.s.; Lafferty, 2b.; Wenger d, 1 b.; Jones, c., Lee, 3 b.; Livingston, p.; Gillies, c.f.; Walker, l.f.; McMurray, r.f.

Vernons—Winters, 3 b.; Daley, c.; Spellmond, s.f.; Harvey, 2 b.; Brett, s.s.; Smith, 1 b.; Worth, p.; Hanlin, r.f.; Gallagher, l.f.

The annexed is the score by inn ings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents.....	3	4	0	0	1	0	2	0	*	—10
Vernons.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1

A CLEVER CAPTURE.

How Mr. Anderson Had a Thief Caught.

Mr. J. L. Anderson, of East Front street, passed a most unpleasant Sunday in the court room of the tombs in New York.

He had discovered that some systematic robbery had been going on in his office in Pearl street, New York, where he keeps a stock of tea and coffee for transient trade. He therefore applied to Captain McClaughlin of Police Station No. 1 for a detective and Mr. Allen was detailed for the job. Mr. Anderson's clerk James P. Shanahan and the detective were concealed in the tea room, Mr. Anderson ostentatiously locking the door so as to lead the people in the house to suppose he had gone for the day.

In about an hour the outer door of the office was quietly opened, and the concealed watchers heard some one pull himself up and look into the inside office through a pane of glass. No one being visible he quietly opened the second door, and leaping the office, who promptly pounced on him, turned as white as a sheet and admitted that he was caught in the act. He was the janitor of the building, and afterward accused a man named Antonio Carl, an Italian bootblack, of having induced him to steal. He had sold him the tea and coffee he had been purloining for a long time at four or five cents a pound, or less than one sixth of their value.

Carl and the janitor yesterday the burglar and the Italian receiver were held by Judge Gorman for trial, the janitor in two bonds for $1,000 each, and in default not obtaining, the Italian in one bond of $1,000, which was at once provided, the jankman going out of the court house with his victim remaining to pay a visit to Sing Sing.

Mr. Anderson had the most approved locks on his office and consequently did not suppose that he was being robbed, but Captain McClaughlin's shrewd judgment, as in your correspondent, that nothing was proof against false keys in the hands of a good artist.

City Court Notes.

John Scott, a fourteen-year-old boy, was on Saturday fined five dollars by City Judge Codington, for disturbing the services in Hope chapel. Janitor Stewart made the complaint.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Scholley of "Gossip Row" were arrested Saturday night on complaint of a neighbor, on a charge of disorderly conduct. They spent yesterday in the station house and this morning when arraigned before City Judge Codington they pleaded guilty. Scholley was sent to the county jail for thirty days and his wife was fined $5. Policemen Cooney and Flanagan made the arrest.

Assemblyman Marsh Taken Home.

Assemblyman Fred C. Marsh, who, as published in The News was taken suddenly ill in the House while speaking, was taken from Trenton to his home in Elizabeth yesterday afternoon. He is still a very sick man, but the physicians say his condition has improved slightly. He was taken in a carriage from the Union station to his home on Elizabeth avenue. Mrs. Marsh and the doctor accompanied him. By orders of his physicians no one is allowed to see Mr. Marsh. They fear excitement might bring on a relapse.

Census Enumerators for Plainfield.

The following gentlemen have been appointed census enumerators for Plainfield:

First Ward, B. T. Barnes, Second Ward, Lewis C. Dunn; Third Ward, William C. Hubbard; Fourth Ward, Enos W. Titsworth.

ATTEMPTED OUTRAGE ON LITTLE GIRLS.

The Scoundrel is Captured, and Held for the Grand Jury.

Jacob Grieb appeared before City Judge Codington this morning and made a complaint against Conrad Mueller, a fireler, employed at Netherwood, charging him with attempting to criminally assault his seven-year-old-daughter named Ellen Grieb. While Mr. Grieb was telling the Judge about the affair he cried like a child.

His story is as follows: "Yesterday afternoon Muller met the two little girls on one of the streets in Netherwood and induced them to go with him to gather flowers. When he reached the woods he and the little girls sat down for a few moments. Muller then gave the children some pennies and afterwards induced them to enter the woods. After giving them more money he then attempted to assault one of the children. The little girl's screams frightened the brute and he did not accomplish his purpose. The children went home and told their parents of the ruffain's actions and their fathers appeared before City Judge Codington this morning and made the complaint as above stated. Captain Grant and Policeman Lynch went to Netherwood this morning armed with a warrant and arrested the accused. His hearing was set down for this afternoon at three o'clock.

At that hour the little girls were present in court and told Judge Codington of Mueller's conduct. Mueller was then arraigned and pleaded guilty to the charge, but claimed that he was drunk when he committed the offense. The judge then gave him the choice of paying a ten dollar fine or spending twenty days in the county jail for being drunk, and held him in $500 bail, on the State charged, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Jersey Genius.

The following patents have been granted to inventors in the state of New Jersey during the past week at the U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.: T. B. Boswell, Newark, for improvement in locks with grooved line material; T. C. Clark, Shrewsbury, elevated railway; J. Eds, Cresskill, padlock; J. W. Hyatt, Newark, Disintegrating machine; C. G. Imlay, Camden, bottle stopper; A. Lister, Newark, cleaning attachment for bone flour sifters; F. J. Maier, Trenton, spring bed; M. B. Manearing, Bayone, foot compound; E. D. McCracken, Alpine machine for making paper tubes; S. L. Mott, Newark, running board for freight cars; A. Soboroo, Port Lee, pad for copying press; C. W. Thomas, Jersey City, sheave; S. V. D. Wack, Point Pleasant, clothes line prop.

The Quarterly Turnfeast.

The quarterly district turnfeast of the New Jersey Turnverein was held yesterday at the Paterson Island Park. About one hundred athlete from Hoboken, Jersey City, Trenton, Union Hill, Elizabeth, Plainfield and Newark were in attendance. The turners were put through the exercises, which consisted of vaulting, jumping, lifting weights and performing on the parallel bars, by Leader Kirsinger. The exercises began about 10 o'clock and continued through the forenoon. In the afternoon a business meeting was held, after which the turners adjourned to see the city and enjoy themselves. Four turnfeasts were held each year for the purpose of preparing the athletes for the grand tournament.

Base Ball Notes.

The West Ends of Somerville defeated the New Jersey Athletic Club in a game of base ball on the former's grounds Saturday afternoon.

On Decoration Day there will be two games of ball at Westfield. In the morning the Rutger's College team will play the Westfield nine and in the afternoon a Roselle nine will cross bats with the Westfielders.

The Crescents will play two interesting games of ball on Memorial Day. In the morning they will contest honors with the Flushings, the champions of Long Island and in the afternoon they will endeavor to defeat the Monroes of Brooklyn.

New Nature Wakes From Slumber.

[The following poem was read at the dedication of the new public school building at Scotch Plains a few days ago. It was composed by Dr. Coles.]

TUNE—"The Feast of Rose."

Now nature wakes from slumber,
And clothes the earth with green;
And beauties without number,
On every side are seen.
The grass is slowly creeping
Over hillocks and over dale;
And wild flowers there are peeping
To sweeten every gale.

The happy birds are singing,
And whistling 'mongst the trees;
And bounding, and springing
And dancing in the breeze:—
They cast a pleasant shadow
Over the grassy lea,
And on each sunny meadow
There rests the smile of God.

The season for sowing—
The labor of the plough—
Full well the farmer knowing
That "now is the time now;"
That 'tis not safe to tarry;
It being a sure thing,
The corn, safe to be gathered,
Must needs be sown in Spring.

Dear earth, the best of mothers,
Receives her own again;
And gives a full harvest in Elizabeth Cemetery
For every single grain.
How sweet, O God, our Maker!
To see, and hear, and morn,
Wave over many an acre,
The ripe and yellow corn!

Dear children, to me listen!
This song is meant for you;
Your eyes with pleasure glisten,
For life is springing new:
This is your time for sowing,
Your seed-time and your Spring—
O, may your life be growing
In every noble thing!

ABRAHAM COLES, M. D.

—On Thursday evening next an evening roadside will be held at Mt. Bethel. A number of Plainfielders have been invited; to attend.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TWO MURDERERS SENTENCED.

One for Twenty, the Other for Twelve Years.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 26th, (Special.)—Judge McGee of the Court of Oyer and Terminer to-day sentenced wife-murderer Koyle to 20 years in State Prison.

Cornyeal Kowalsky, a Russian who killed a fellow countryman, was sentenced to 12 years in State Prison.

Union County Court Notes.

Union County Court convened at 10:30 o'clock Saturday morning, Judges McCormick, Ryer and Wiley on the bench.

The session proved to be an exceedingly short one, the only business of the court being the announcement that the applications for licenses of John White and David Morrisey of Summit would be held over for one week for further consideration.

—At an auction sale of real estate on Grandview avenue Saturday Mr. S. R. Kane bought the property for $3553.

—A service of song was held in the First Presbyterian church last evening. The solo by Miss Fellows was the most interesting event.

—The United Tea & Coffee Growers Association say it will pay grocers, druggists and confectioners to pay attention to their advertisement of to-day.

—A goodly number of people attended the Kinder Symphony given by and for the Children's Home, Saturday afternoon in Vincent chapel. The programme was very interesting.

—The hot weather will soon be here and gasoline stoves, ice cream freezers and refrigerators will be in demand, Pierson Hardware Co., call attention to their advertisement of their goods.

—The first straw berry festival of the season will take place in Vincent chapel next Thursday evening and Friday afternoon and evening, as elsewhere advertised and of course will be an enjoyable event.

—The enterprising firm of N. B. Smalley & Co., do have the leading meat market in North Plainfield, have a special announcement in our advertising columns to-day. They make a specialty of good goods in their line.

—A Gospel Temperance meeting held in the First Baptist church last evening was well attended. The principal address was made by Mr. Rush Rhees. His remarks were very interesting and he held the close attention of the congregation throughout.

Died.

BOUGHTON—Suddenly, Sunday evening, in this city, Pauline L., wife of Charles B. Boughton of Elizabeth, N. J.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A LADY desires board in private family. "Eugene," Plainfield, N. J.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wants a situation. Apply at No. 138 West Front street. 26-3

FOR SALE—A lot of pea brush. Cheap. All ready fixed. Call or address No. 8 West Fourth street, Jacob Schneider.

FOR SALE—Fresh thoroughbred Alderney cow, with calf by her side. Splendid family cow. Address John Hummel, Box 42, New Market N. J. 26-3

A HORSE for sale cheap. Young, sound and very gentle; suitable for a woman to drive. Color bay and about fifteen hands high. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 22-3

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. Post P. Wilson. 5-4f

GREENHOUSE Plants in variety. Evergreens for screens, rhododendrons at Deakon's Hillside avenue Nursery. 24-3

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage at five per cent. Wm. M. Stillman, 34 West Front street. 23-3*

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Clark. 5-4f

SETTINGS of eggs from thoroughbred Buff Cochin, Black Breasted, black Minorca fowls. $1.50 per setting. 112 Rockview ave. 26-4*

TO LET—Four rooms. 329 West Front street, between Grant avenue and Evans.

TO LET—Small house at No. 33 Park place, North Plainfield.

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a successful N. Y. Company incorporated, to supply dry goods, clothing, shoes, jewelry, etc., to consumers at cost. Also a lady or lady, salary $60, to enroll members for 60,000 new enrolled, $100,000 paid in). References exchanged. Empire Co-operative Association (credit well rated). Lock box 610, N. Y. 6 m ly

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at Fairchild's 36 Grandview avenue. 24-3*

WANTED Coachman and gardener, W. H. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 16tf

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW, } 94 SOMERSET ST.

Carey's BARGAIN STORE

51 West Front street,

Can't be beat for REAL BARGAINS in

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE

A large lot just received, bought at Sheriff's sales, and including misfit carpets, rugs, druggets, folding beds, parlor rockers, fancy chairs, and tables, bedding, bedroom suits, stoves and house furnishing goods generally.

THEY ARE SELLING LIVELY. COME AND SEE THEM.

If you are in need of such things you will be sure to buy at the prices offered. For instance 25 Smyrna rugs, OVER five feet long, only $3.50.

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK AT

VANEMBURGH & WHITE'S

5,000 yards of manufactory remnants of fine plaid Nainsook and lace stripes and checks. These are the finest lot of goods we have ever offered, and it will repay you to see them. Our price 12c per yard, value 20c.

We put on sale two more cases of those fine dress ginghams. Our price 10c.

Window screens, fit any window, 35c.

100 dozen gentlemen's Lisle thread hose, 25c per pair, value 40c.

Light weight jackets are the thing for these cool nights. We offer our entire line at cost price.

50 dozen children's all linen handkerchiefs, hemstitched, 8c each.

Children's corset waists, 37c each.

CHEMISETTS,

PLAIN, 25C.; TUCKED, 30 AND 50 C.; ROLLING COLLAR, 85C.

PARASOLS.

FANCY STRIPES IN ALL THE THE NEW COLORINGS FOR $1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 2.90, 3.75, 3.40, 3.95, 4.25 and 4.95. MOURNING PARASOLS FOR $2.25, 2.40, 3.00, 3.50, 3.75 and 4.00.

FINE SILK SUN UMBRELLAS, NATURAL STICK FOR $2.00, 2.75, 3.19 AND 3.25.

SUN UMBRELLAS, FANCY SILVER HANDLES FOR $1.65, 2.00, 2.35 AND 3.50.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

DONT BE WITHOUT A

Gasoline Stove.

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8

Lawn settees, $1.35. Screen Doors, $1.20. Window Screens, adjustable, 40c, 45c, 50c. Ice cream freezer, 4 qt, $2.45. Refrigerators, $9. Gasoline (5 gals) 75.

Pierson Hardware Co.

42 West Front street. Telephone 126.

ATTENTION, CLERKS! Clerks of all the stores in Plainfield are asked to meet in Laing's Hall this evening. Important business. COMMITTEE.

VALUABLE

Building Lots at Auction.

T. J. Gillies, Auc'r, will sell at 3 o'clock P.M. on the premises, on Dunellen ave. (formerly Park ave.) near Evans station, 18 Building Lots, situated on North, Mariners and Dunellen avenues, on

FRIDAY, MAY 30,

2 lots fronting on North avenue, 63 ft. 6 inches by 130 ft. deep; 12 lots on Mariners avenue, 8—50x125 ft., 4—50x110ft.; 4 lots on Dunellen ave., 3—53 ft. 6 inches by 152 ft., 1—50 ft by 121.

These lots are located within 300 yards of Evans station, in the midst of good improvements, and are deserving the attention of any person seeking a home location, or for an investment, as they offer by their situation every inducement, and will be sold free and clear of all incumbrance, and on easy terms. Particulars made known on day of sale.

GEORGE M. PHILLIPS, West Front street, Evans. 26-4*

Want the Room!!

Having to carry the largest and most varied stock of groceries in the city to meet the requirements of our enormous trade: We have decided to offer special inducements to wholesale buyers of original packages.

Sugar delivered free at New York refiners prices.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

CALL AND GET PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

20 W. FRONT STREET.

Business hours from 8.45 a. m. till 9 p. m.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer.

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

Friday, May 30th,

IMMENSE and INTENSE!

Minstrel and Vaudeville Combination of the

Hudson County Wheelmen

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

THE PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB.

Solos, Caricature,
Quartets, Ventriloquism,
Choruses, Galety skirt dance

ORCHESTRA FROM METROPOLITAN THEATRE.

Nothing like it in Plainfield before—nor since.

Reserved seats for sale on and after Monday at Randolph's and at The Moy Pharmacy, 22-6*

AUCTION SALE

of Real Estate. T. J. Gillies will sell on

Tuesday, May 27th,

At 3 o'clock p. m., the well-known property of the undersigned, and known as "Golden's Grove." 4 building lots on Somerset street, and 3 lots on Grove street, each 50 feet front by 200 feet deep; also about 7 acres of wood and pasture land, having a frontage of 192 feet on Somerset street and 207 feet on Grove street, and a depth of 707 feet.

This opportunity should be embraced by any one desiring property for use or speculation.

Terms—One half cash. The balance can remain on mortgage. PETER WOODEN.

Sale will take place on premises. 25-3w

The Ladies of the Aid Society of the M. E. Church will give a

Strawberry Festival

IN VINCENT CHAPEL,

THURSDAY EVENING,

Friday Afternoon and Evening,

May 29 and 30.

FANCY ARTICLES WILL BE ON SALE.

ADMISSION 10 CENTS. 26-5

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

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TELEPHONE CALL 43.

Newspaper Illustration.

Following grand old Albrecht Durer, the first engraver, came a flood of cheap and nasty imitators, who so degraded the art of engraving that the public of that time became disgusted with it and would have none of it for a century or more. If the same result does not follow the great boom of newspaper illustration in our time, it will only be because the pictures are made so good that the public cannot tire of them.

For achievements of this generation are more interesting than the processes of newspaper picture making. Say a woman is murdered at midnight. Her portrait is printed for next morning's paper. What process will enable the publisher to lay the best picture before his readers most quickly? There are two main methods. One of these is called the chalk process, the other the zinc process. By the former a metal plate is covered with a thin coating of chalk and plaster of Paris. The image is then drawn with a steel point upon the coating, the sharp point cutting down to the plate. The type metal is next poured over the drawing and a cast thus made for printing.

The other, the zinc process, is the one in use by The American Press Association, which has the largest newspaper illustrative plant in the world. Its consists in making a pen and ink drawing and photographing it upon a sensitized zinc plate, into which the picture is then etched with acids. The defect of the chalk process, practitioners in that art says it is mechanically impossible to properly make a sketch and an engraving at the same time.

A rivalry has sprung up between the advocates of the two methods, which is of interest to all who favor newspaper illustration. A contest as to speed as well as the quality of picture made by the two processes recently took place. Mr. Wagstaff, of The Alaska Evening Journal, made by the chalk process a picture of Gladstone, ready for printing, in about an hour and three-quarters, Mr. S. H. Horgan, photo-engraver of the American Press Association, then tried his hand on the same subject, Gladstone. Mr. Xenope, the artist, made a pen and ink sketch of the old statesman in eighteen minutes by the clock. Then the photo-engraver took it in hand and completed the cut, ready for printing, in two minutes less than an hour, making the whole time for the process an hour and sixteen minutes, the portrait being far superior to that by the chalk process. Naturally pen and ink can produce more delicately flowing and artistic lines than chalk and steel.

There are not many things new. Old Nicephore Niepce, the first photographer, more than sixty years ago in France hit upon the idea of photographing a portrait upon a metal plate and then printing from it for newspaper illustrations. He made some pictures in this way. Nicephore Niepce was therefore the first photo-engraver. But he died in 1833, and no description of his discovery was extant. The knowledge died with him, to be resurrected half a century later and applied to the pouring out of such an ocean of newspaper pictures, good and bad, as the world never saw before.

The death of Senator Beck, of Kentucky, leaves another gap in the ranks of the older members of congress. They are dying rapidly of late, these senators and representatives who lived through the exciting scenes of the war. In the house of Fox and Samuel J. Randall were two of the mainstays of the Democratic party, and now in the senate the same party loses James B. Beck, the sturdy, strong Scotch gardener, who studied law and was sent by Kentucky to represent her first in the house, then in the senate. Younger men will now have an opportunity to step forward and show the timber they are made of. Washington political life might be called the time that tries souls, unless a man is of the strongest brain and physique. There is a touch of the pathetic in the way in which, through four terms as a representative in congress and two full terms and part of a third as senator, Mr. Beck never forgot his old love of botany and gardening. Many of the happiest hours of his later years were spent in the Botanical garden at Washington, where, among the restful perfumes of the flowers, he forgot the fever and bitterness of political strife.

Congressman Connell, of Omaha, has prepared a plan for the irrigation of arid lands. His scheme provides for turning the whole important work over to the agricultural department. He deems it advisable for government to withdraw all arid lands from sale at present, and to make the surveys and dig the artesian well necessary for experimenting. The lands are to be withdrawn from the market to prevent them from falling into the hands of rapacious land companies that will dig the irrigation canals and then rent or sell water privileges to farmers and stockmen along their line at exorbitant prices. In the arid lands of the west are some of the richest farms of the future.

BLOWN UP BY DYNAMITE.

Two Men Killed and Many Others Injured.

FIRED BY A LIGHTNING FLASH.

The Terrible Fate Which Overtook Volunteer Firemen While They were Removing Goods from a Burning Store at Lucas—Terrific Force of the Explosion.

MANSFIELD, O., May 26.—Fire and an explosion of twenty-five pounds of dynamite wrought sad havoc in the village of Lucas, six miles east of here, Sunday morning. The fire, which was started by a flash of lightning, was discovered in the rear of J. S. Charles' hardware store. The village fire department worked hard, but when the villagers realized that they could not save the building they set to work to save the goods. While they were thus engaged twenty-five pounds of dynamite exploded and blew the building to pieces and a two story brick block into small pieces.

The Killed and Wounded.

These were killed:

Jones, Jerry, a carpenter, aged 50. He was blown literally to pieces and only a portion of his shattered body could be found. He leaves a wife and five children.

Smith, J. H., the village marshal. He was working outside, but was struck by the flying timbers and hurled across the street against another building and instantly killed.

The Seriously Injured.

Among the seriously injured were:

Gallagher, John, internally hurt by falling timbers.

Hanna, Thomas, legs and arms hurt.

Hanna, Joseph, had cut on forehead and legs.

Jones, D. B., crushed by timbers.

Myers, F., hurt about head by flying bricks.

Russell, F., severe cut over left eye.

Smart, H. F., injured about head and body.

Besides these men there were fifteen or twenty others who were slightly injured by flying debris.

Terrific Force of the Explosion.

The brick block, two stories high, which was demolished, was occupied by J. C. Charles as a general store. Part of his stock was thrown some 300 feet away, a pen knife being driven into an oak post at that distance, while goods were found in all the houses in the village was broken. People within a 100 feet of the buildings were knocked down, and the report of the explosion was heard fully five miles away. Half a dozen buildings in all were wrecked.

Johnstown Deluged.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., May 26.—A terrific rain storm, accompanied by heavy thunder and lightning, occurred here Sunday afternoon. The rain fell in sheets for about half an hour, flooding streets, filling cellars, and doing a great deal of damage. Railroad street, in Cambria City, was under water, the water being up to the first floor in about fifty houses on that street. The eastbound track of the Pennsylvania railroad was covered to the depth of from two to three feet by the washed down from the hills at several places between the stone bridge and Morrillville, delaying trains for a couple of hours. The westbound track was similarly obstructed between Conemaugh and Johnstown. The rivers are rising rapidly, but it is not thought they will do much damage.

A New York Earthquake.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., May 26.—At 7 a. m. Sunday this city experienced a severe shock of earthquake. Large buildings were shaken, people were thrown out of chairs and out of bed and glass was shattered. The earthquake was preceded by a loud rumbling sound. At the same moment the fire alarm bells rang out for a small fire and intensified the excitement. Later in the morning, when the excitement had subsided, the fire bells again gave the alarm, and a large brick building on the west of the town square was discovered to be in flames. It was entirely destroyed. Another slight shock of earthquake was felt about noon. The shock was the most severe ever felt in this vicinity.

Two Churches Struck.

HARRISONBURG, Va., May 26.—A heavy rain and electric storm passed over here Sunday afternoon, accompanied by hail and lightning. By a strange freak a single bolt of lightning struck both the Baptist and Episcopal churches. The buildings are on different sides, nearly 500 feet apart. The tower of the Baptist church was stripped of its covering and the timbers badly splintered. The bolt passed down the side of the Episcopal church, splitting the corner stone and throwing its contents out into the churchyard.

The Allegheny Booming.

PITTSBURG, May 26.—The rivers are still rising here, and the low lands on the north and south sides are partly under water. About $7,000 worth of lumber has been swept away, but beyond this no serious damage has resulted from the flood and none is apprehended. At midnight there were twenty-three feet of water in the Allegheny river. Old river men do not expect more than twenty-five feet, as the water is falling at the headwaters.

BLACK RUBE'S VENGEANCE.

Outlaws Burn the City of Coolidge in New Mexico.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., May 26.—A disastrous fire set by tramps has destroyed every house in the city of Coolidge, N. M., except the railroad eating house and the depot buildings. The tramps had been loitering around town for several days and were infuriated because citizens had made preparations to drive them out. For three days they had held control of the town. Tribute was levied on the stores, the demands being emphasized by a show of weapons, and the residents were driven to wage war in self defense.

Their resistance enraged the tramps and in retaliation the buildings were fired. Before the ashes of the town were cool a posse of citizens on horseback were in pursuit of the tramps, and lynchings are probable. The leader of the tramps is believed to be Black Rube, a half breed and a hard character.

Three Ocean Greyhounds Raced.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The Anchor line steamer City of Rome, the Cunard line steamer Aurania, and the Guion line steamer Alaska, which left Queenstown May 18, were sighted off Fire Island Sunday. The voyage was made by the City of Rome in 7 days, 5 hours, 4 minutes; by the Aurania in 7 days, 6 hours, 35 minutes, and by the Alaska in 7 days, 8 hours, 46 minutes. There was much betting on the result, both in London and here.

CONSERVATIVE MEMBERS SCARED.

Congressional Appropriation Bills Rapidly Piling Up.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Conservative members of congress are beginning to feel a little uneasy about the way appropriation bills are piling up this session. The amount of appropriations on bills already passed and pending point to an aggregate that will exceed the revenue by many millions during the coming fiscal year. The revenue from all sources for the year including the postal revenue, was placed by the treasury department recently at $450,000,000. The regular annual appropriation bills, exclusive of deficiencies, will amount to about $320,000,000, and the permanent appropriations, including the sinking fund, will run it to $400,000,000.

The deficiency bills will, according to the estimates of the members of the senate appropriation committee, be at least $31,000,000. This makes an aggregate of $445,000,000 of appropriations exclusive of the dependent pension bill, which, if it becomes a law as passed by the senate, will call for $60,000,000. Appropriations for the increase of the navy as passed by the house amount to $6,000,000. There has been $2,000,000 appropriated for the world's fair. If the river and harbor bill and the Galveston harbor bill and the one for the lake channel between the upper and lower lakes all become laws there will be $20,000,000 more to be added to the appropriations. The miscellaneous appropriations at the last short session amounted to $30,285,795, and they are likely to amount to a good deal more at this session, as the public building bills already reported in the house carry an aggregate appropriation of $14,000,000, to say nothing of the omnibus bills, but if the miscellaneous appropriations carry only the same amount as at the last session the total of appropriations will amount to $487,285,795, less the sinking fund of $97,000,000.

These figures and estimates leave out of sight possible appropriations for coast defenses, the direct tax bill, and many other purposes, which if made will swell the deficit next year considerably above $100,000,000.

A WARM TIME IN TIPPERARY.

The Police Interfered with William O'Brien's Speech—Heads Bruised.

LONDON, May 26.—The meeting at New Tipperary to celebrate the success of the new settlement was held in despite of the government's prohibition. About 2,000 people assembled at Limerick junction to welcome the members of parliament who came to attend the meeting. After they had alighted from the train Messrs. Dillon, O'Brien and John O'Connor spoke at the station. They were then mobbed, as they had received no orders against such a contingency. They warned the speakers, but were not heeded, and they were powerless to go further.

Afterward the speakers drove to New Tipperary, and Mr. O'Brien was about to address the large assemblage there when he was interfered with by the police and the crowd was dispersed, clubs being freely used by the police. Mr. O'Brien taunted the police with cowardice, but suggested to the people to offer no undue resistance, as he desired to avoid bloodshed. Mr. O'Brien's attitude undoubtedly secured the peaceful outcome of the affair, as the people took their cue from him implicitly. They resisted just enough to compel the police to use force, and a good many heads were bruised, but no one was seriously injured.

Troops were held in readiness throughout the day to assist the police if necessary, but their services were not called into requisition. During a banquet in the evening at the National school two explosives were thrown in the street, but no one was hurt.

WILL FIGHT IN 'FRISCO.

Sullivan Will Meet Jackson in California. Other Pugilistic Pointers.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 26.—President Fulda, of the California Athletic club, says Sullivan will fight Jackson in the California club and nowhere else. He has just received a telegram from Jack Barnett, Sullivan's manager, which is as follows: "Can't help newspaper reports. I have permission from Sullivan, as his manager, to inform you that he is ready to talk business after the Mississippi affair."

Muldoon Will Train Sullivan.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 26.—Evan Lewis, the "Strangler," who has just arrived here, says that before he left Chicago Muldoon showed him a telegram reading: "Will you (Muldoon) come to New York and put Sullivan in shape for the Jackson fight? John is willing." Muldoon left immediately for New York. This is the first evidence that there will be a fight.

Godfrey and Smith to Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 26.—President Ross Jackson, of the Occidental club, has telegraphed Muldoon, Ed Smith's trainer, and Capt. Cook, of Boston, offering to hang up a purse of $2,000 for a fight between Smith and George Godfrey, the colored heavy weight, the fight to take place at the club in July. A fight between these two men would, no doubt, be one of the best ever witnessed.

Morristown's Greatest Fire.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 26.—The large Farrelly building in this place, used for storage purposes, was burned Sunday, entailing a loss of $60,000. The building was owned by Patrick Farrelly, president of the American News company. The cause of the fire is not known. It took the fire department five hours of hard work before it was gotten under control. Some of the losses are: Turner & Bennet, grocers, $20,000; Carroll & Hutchinson, caterers, $7,000—insurance, $3,500; Post & Flagg, brokers, $500; A. A. Fanshawe, $18,000. A great amount of valuable furniture, pictures and bric-a-brac was destroyed.

Walker Had a Walk Over.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 26.—Early Sunday morning Dan Walker, of this city, and Ed McDonald, of Waterbury, fought six rounds with two ounce gloves in a barn at Allington, six miles from here, for the gate money, the winning to be $80. The affair was rather tame, Walker having little trouble in pounding his man so that the sponge was thrown up at the end of the sixth round.

A Break in the Erie Canal.

UTICA, N. Y., May 26.—The tow path bank of the Erie canal gave way six miles west of this city last evening, washing out the central railroad tracks and throwing a freight train in the ditch. The level is sixty miles in length and the water in the channel is rising rapidly. Trains on the Central will probably be transferred to the West Shore tracks around the washout.

She Took Powdered Opium.

HERRICK FALLS, N. Y., May 26.—Mrs. D. A. Pruyn took powdered opium in mistake for ipecac and died Sunday from the effects of the poison. Druggist Charles Smith is accused of the responsibility for the fatal error.

PLEASURE SEEKERS DIE.

Eight Persons Drowned in a Massachusetts Lake.

A CHILD ROCKED THE FLATBOAT.

And the Overloaded Craft Capsized, Hurling a Dozen People Into the Water. Women and Children were Drowned Within Twenty Feet of the Lake Shore.

FALL RIVER, Mass., May 26.—One of the saddest and most heartrending accidents that has occurred in this city for years took place at Watupps lake about 12:15 o'clock Sunday afternoon. A party of men, women and children took a boat at the pond and went out rowing. A strong wind was blowing and the waves were running quite high. The boat in which the party embarked was a common flat bottomed one, about 18 feet long, and had seating capacity for eight persons. A dozen or more people, however, had crowded into the boat which was plainly overloaded and tipped with a dangerous ease. Just as most of the pleasure seekers on the party became alarmed and endeavored to propel the boat toward shore.

The Child Rocked the Boat.

This was not an easy matter, as the water was rough, the wind strong and the current impleasant. When the boat load of pleasure seekers was within twenty feet of the shore one of the children playfully rocked the boat, the edge of which dipped to within a few inches of the lake's surface. One of the men warned the child to remain quiet, but the warning was unheeded.

Over the Boat Went.

Suddenly, without a moment's warning, the boat capsized. Heartrending cries rent the air; men, women and children were precipitated into the lake, and lashed the water into foam about them in their desperate efforts to keep afloat. But two or three of the men could swim, and with one exception they were struck out for the shore, leaving the helpless women and children and their less fortunate male companions to their fate. The exception was William Turner, who swam to terra firma with one of the party.

The Water Closed Over Them.

The cries of the drowning people were heard by several persons on shore, who shouted to the women and children to cling to the boat, but they seemed panic stricken and exhausted, and the water soon closed over them and drowned their screams.

Eight were Drowned.

Eight persons were drowned and their bodies were recovered later in the day. The names of the dead are:

Samuel Wittles, aged 50; Mrs. Wittles, aged 45; Henry Wittles, aged 10; Samuel Wittles, Jr., aged 12; Lavina Buckley, aged 35; Fred Buckley, aged 3; Willis Buckley, aged 8; Willie Turner, aged 9.

Engineer and Fireman Dead.

PAOLA, Kan., May 26.—The southbound freight on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road, from Paola to Osawatomie was wrecked near here Sunday by a switch being raised too high by the workman who had repaired it. The engine and six cars were derailed and Engineer Wm. Cole and Fireman Fireman Downes so badly injured that they died a few hours afterward.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

Will Open at 10 Grafton Street. Miss Berbiker and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private received. Terms, address Miss. Alberti P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,

Taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Ondemare of the British School of Language, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons given. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 24th street. 9-28-1y

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Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1503.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-2-1y

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Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Second streets.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

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TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindley's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindley, 99 West Front street.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits: Athletic, 12; St. Louis, 5. Errors: Athletic, 0; St. Louis, 4. Batteries: Esper and Robinson, Whitrock and Munyon.

At Brooklyn (first game)—

Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Columbus	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	2	x—8

Base hits: Brooklyn, 7; Columbus, 11. Errors: Brooklyn, 4; Columbus, 2. Batteries: McCullough and Toy, Widner and O'Connor.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Louisville	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0—5

Base hits: Syracuse, 8; Louisville, 15. Errors: Syracuse, 7; Louisville, 2. Batteries: Keefe, Briggs and Deely; Ehret and Ryan.

At Rochester—Rain.

Rochester-Toledo game prevented by rain. Postponed until Tuesday.

Atlantic Association.

At Evanston—Jersey City, 7; Washington, 6. Base hits: Jersey City, 15; Washington, 16. Errors: Jersey City, 4; Washington, 5. Batteries: Fitzgerald and Murphy, Phillips and Riddle.

At Newark—Newark, 12; Baltimore, 11. Base hits: Newark, 6; Baltimore, 9. Errors: Newark, 4; Baltimore, 4. Batteries: Sullivan and Duffy, O'Rourke and Tate.

Standing of the Clubs.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.Ct.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.Ct.
Boston	16	10	.615	Philadelp'a	14	12	.538
Brooklyn	15	10	.600	Cleveland	13	12	.520
New York	13	11	.542	Pittsburg	9	14	.391
Chicago	13	12	.520	Buffalo	8	16	.333

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.Ct.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.Ct.
Philad'a	15	10	.600	Cincinnati	12	11	.522
Brooklyn	13	10	.565	Boston	11	12	.478
New York	14	11	.560	Cleveland	11	13	.458
Chicago	12	10	.545	Pittsburg	8	16	.333

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.Ct.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.Ct.
Athletic	19	8	.704	Toledo	13	13	.500
Louisville	16	9	.640	St. Louis	10	16	.385
Louisville	15	12	.556	Syracuse	10	14	.417
Columbus	14	15	.483	Brooklyn	6	20	.231

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.Ct.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.Ct.
Wash'ton	18	6	.667	Newark	10	16	.385
Jersey City	15	8	.652	Jersey City	9	18	.333
Baltimore	15	9	.625	Hartford	7	18	.318
Worcester	11	7	.611	Wilmingt'n	4	19	.174

"Jack the Ripper" in Germany.

BERLIN, May 26.—A young girl named Hunter has been found dead near Altenberg, and the body had been mutilated as were those of "Jack the Ripper's" victims. There is great excitement in the neighborhood.

Speaker Reed's Bereavement.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Speaker Reed left Washington for Portland Saturday evening, called thence by the death of his aged mother. Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, will act as speaker pro tem. during his absence.

J. P. Laire & Co

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A 1 SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER

THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19
12 " " " very fine, 25
12 " " " silk points, 29, 35
Childrens silk mitts in black and tan shades

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladie.' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Mimes Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

Parasols.

"Gloria" silk parasols, 23 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 22 in., $1.30, 24 in., $1.45, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys stripped belts 25 buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 25 buckle, all colors, 10c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL $100 MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

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Schwed Brothers,

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ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 20 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

He Stabbed the Fireman.

NEW YORK, May 26.—While the City of Rome was passing into the harbor a fight occurred in the steerage between James F. Curran, a cattle tender, and two firemen named Brennan and Sousa. Curran cut his antagonists severely with a knife. He was arrested on the arrival of the steamer at her wharf. He claims that he was attacked by a number of the firemen, and used the knife in defense of his life.

His Victim Is Dead.

WATERBURY, Conn., May 26.—Thomas Peters, who was assaulted Good Friday night by Daniel Corr, died Saturday night from his injuries. Corr fled, but was afterward tracked to Buckton, Mass., where he was arrested. An autopsy showed that death was due to a blow on the skull from a dull instrument, knuckles or club. Corr will be brought here and tried for manslaughter.

A Labor Ticket for New York.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The Central Labor union have decided to put a labor ticket in the field at the next municipal election. The Socialists opposed the plan.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonious to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

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City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

BOYS SAVE YOUR

Pennies & Nickels,

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $25.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

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And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

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FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Vantizer. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

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FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

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Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

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NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

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5-14-4m

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Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs Daily, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese (fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head (Cheese, Pickled Pigs Feet, Liver-wurst, Rolled Ham, Smoked Beef and Plain Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Relishes, Olives, Pickles, Mince-Meat, Nabobstaal, Pineapple, Head and Liver-wurst Cheese.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

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Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 15c Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.00

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

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King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasser.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Prosers.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Hams Trimmed.

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Woolston & Buckle,

37 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

JAMES HARDY,

THE COMPASSES,

No. 30 Somerset Street.

AGAINST A FEDERATION.

Grand Chief Arthur Disapproves of the Scheme.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW'S ADVISE.

Western Locomotive Engineers Do Not Favor the Amalgamation Project, but the Western Men Support It—Mr. Arthur's Address to the Brotherhood.

NEW HAVEN, May 26.—The grand union meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers held here Sunday was attended by over 700 locomotive engineers. The meeting was called to order by George W. Corbett, chief engineer of Division No. 17, of this city. The body went into executive session. The object of the meeting was to ascertain the views of the members on the question of federation. While some of the western men are in favor of it, the eastern men are against it. Every division will take a vote to decide the question. The result will be announced at the annual convention at Pittsburg next October.

Little Prospect of Federation.

Judging from the expressions of the vast number present at this meeting there is little prospect of the brotherhood becoming federated with other organizations. The afternoon session, which was an open one, was called to order by Chief Engineer Corbett at the Hyperion theatre. Mr. Corbett made the opening address and the complimented the engineers on this large attendance. Addresses of welcome were delivered by Lieutenant Governor Merwin and Mayor Peck. The governor extended to the visitors the freedom of the state and the latter the freedom of the city. Referring to the brotherhood, Mr. Merwin said: "A locomotive without a headlight would not be perfect. The brotherhood without a head light would have been wrecked."

Mr. Arthur's History of the Order.

P. M. Arthur gave a history of the organization. He said: "Sixteen years ago at this time. Starting with *only twelve men* in 1863, it now numbered 36,000 members. He said he was opposed to federation. The policy of the brotherhood, he said, was wise. Wherever a railroad officer would sit down and discuss grievances there would never be a strike.

Arthur Opposes the Scheme.

In the course of his speech the grand chief said: "I am opposed to our brotherhood forming an alliance with any other class of labor. Chauncey Depew makes the same and without that no organization can succeed. I attribute our success to the fact that we have kept aloof from all other organizations. Our policy has been in plain, solid English, 'Mind your own business.' When the brotherhood federates with any other organization it will forfeit the respect not only of the public at large but of the employers."

Chauncey M. Depew Speaks.

Chauncey M. Depew made an address. He referred to the brotherhood in complimentary terms. "I indorse every word Chief Arthur has said. In the years that I have been president of the New York Central railroad I have never known a disagreement that has not been settled in five minutes." In every instance, he said, his judgment had been similar to that of the brotherhood. He urged the members to avoid liquor and gambling hells and vice generally. Mr. Depew's remarks were interspersed with witty anecdotes, which kept the audience laughing half the time.

The other speakers were P. F. Fennell (Sandy Maguire), the Hon. John H. Leeds, Charles P. Clark, president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, and Col. W. H. Stephenson. The latter favored organizations and said that if there was any trouble on the Housatonic railroad who was not a member of the brotherhood, he hoped he would join at once.

Representatives were present from thirty-three divisions. New York Division No. 106 turned out ninety-eight. The New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Hoboken, Hartford, Boston, Oswego and Albany divisions were represented.

Three Men Favor Federation.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 26.—About 250 delegates representing the brotherhoods of locomotive engineers, firemen, conductors, brakemen and switchmen—William Hogg, of this city, presiding—met at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon in Tomlinson hall in answer to a call issued some time ago for a meeting to consider the subject of a federation of railroad organizations. The deliberations were in secret. W. T. Robinson, ex-grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, was the principal speaker and strongly urged consolidation. He was followed by several other delegates, all in favor of the proposition.

Last night at another session a vote was taken, resulting in the unanimous adoption of the scheme, and final adjournment was taken. The action of the convention is not final, as it must be submitted to the Brotherhood of Engineers at their meeting in the fall and be ratified by the body before it can go into effect.

DESPERATE PENNSYLVANIA TRAMPS.

They Fire Upon a Residence, Attack Policemen and Break Jail.

CORRY, Pa., May 26.—A gang of tramps surrounded the house of Mrs. McLaughlin, a washing widow living in the western part of the city, Sunday afternoon, and attempted to rob her, but upon being discovered by the family fired several shots at the inmates and fled. As soon as word reached Police Potter was summoned and with the assistance of two officers soon had a majority of the gang cornered in a barn. After closing in the officers startled with the party for the lockup, the chief in charge of four men and the other officers holding two men each. Suddenly with one second the prisoners in charge of Chief Potter made a desperate attack on him and escaped. The others were safely locked up.

The officers went back and recaptured one of the other four. When the officers returned to the lockup they found the four they had placed there had picked the locks of their cell doors, dug a hole through a solid brick wall and escaped. The men, all desperate characters, are still at large.

Disposed of in "Original Packages."

LEECHBURG, Pa., May 25.—A car load of beer was delivered to Mr. Silverman in this place Saturday evening, and he immediately began to dispose of it in "original packages." By 6:30 o'clock all but seven kegs were disposed of. Suit will be brought against Silverman for violation of the Brooks law. The latter says he will give bail or go to jail, and then, if it is decided his business is legal, will sue for damages. The seven kegs that were not sold here were taken to Apollo where they were quickly disposed of.

LABOR'S GREAT VICTORY.

Nearly 80,000 Carpenters Won in the Eight Hour Fight.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—The Carpenter, the organ of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, will say in this week's issue that up to date the eight hour day has been secured this season for the carpenters in twenty-seven cities and towns, affecting 32,000 men in the trade. Nine cities are still out for the eight hour day, and six compromised on nine hours. The nine hour day has been established in seventy-two cities and towns, with the addition of eight hours a day on Saturday in many instances. This concession affects 14,180 carpenters, while gains have been made in the shape of increased wages in eighteen other cities, affecting 5,693 men.

Thus the trade movement among the carpenters this spring has been successful in 117 cities and it has benefited 40,193 workmen in that trade, and counties others in every branch of the building trades have been also the gainers. At present there are twenty-four strikes of carpenters throughout the entire country, and in sixteen of these fully 75 per cent. of the men have gained what the demands for which the strikes were undertaken. The total amount of funds from the general treasury of the United Brotherhood expended in aiding this movement so far amounts to $35,658. The local unions have expended fully as large a sum. The money from the general fund has been spent principally in twelve of the leading cities.

This movement has resulted in the addition of forty-six new unions of carpenters into past month, located in various sections of the country, and a gain in membership of 11,241. This makes the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America the largest trade organization in the world. It has 632 local unions in good standing and a membership of 67,200 enrolled carpenters.

Wrasting in Fart at Detroit.

DETROIT, May 26.—The striking carpenters employed on the ten story Hammond block have gone to work, having gained an important concession. The contractor agrees not to use material finished by non-union factories. The general strike is nearing an end, several of the largest builders having signed an agreement. The men made some concessions.

THE COMMITTEE BESIEGED.

Manufacturers and Importers Request Change in the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The members of the senate committee on finance are being besieged by manufacturers and importers who wish them to give hearings in regard to clauses in the tariff bill. At the urgent request of Senator McMillan a hearing was given to the fine cut tobacco men last Thursday. An effort to keep the matter secret was unsuccessful, and now the committee is experiencing some difficulty in dodging importunate agents of the different manufacturing interests. A number of amendments to the bill were agreed to by the ways and means committee at the last moment which Mr. McKinley had no opportunity to present to the house before the hour fixed for voting on the bill arrived. The men who represent the interests which would be affected by these amendments feel that they have a claim upon the finance committee now, and it is very difficult to refuse them a hearing. But these tactics have become known to others who have amendments which they desire to see adopted and now every man who applies to the committee for a hearing asserts that his particular claim has received the sanction of Mr. McKinley. These assurances are becoming so general now that the members of the committee are beginning to look upon them with suspicion and are refusing to grant many worthy applicants for hearings may have some slight injustice done them. The committee will give very few hearings before reporting the bill.

Their Ancestors Burned Fiercely.

WICHITA, Kan., May 25.—The Indians of northern British Columbia are in a terrible state of excitement and are liable to break out in rebellion over the burning of the chief's hereditary ground. Canadian Indians bury their dead by hanging them in large trees. The Siwash tribe had 300 of their ancestors hung up in this manner, and *while hunters were encamped on fire the* bodies dried by years of exposure burned like tar barrels. Among the Indians there was uncontrollable grief and they threaten vengeance.

The Speaker Assaulted.

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 26.—The legislative proceedings in the Kentucky house Saturday were marked by the disgraceful conduct of Representative Cooper, of Marion, who during the debate on the general common school bill attempted to drag Acting Speaker Cooper from the speaker's stand. Members yelled at the sergeant-at-arms to throw Cooper out. After a scrimmage Tyler restored order. Cooper will be arraigned before the house and either censured or expelled.

An Indignant Husband Stabbed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—John McPherson was stabbed in front of his house, 1,118 Washington avenue, by Albert Gwinner, a beer wagon driver, who followed Mrs. McPherson and her sister on the street and insulted them. Mrs. McPherson, on her arrival home, informed her husband, who rushed out and engaged in an altercation with Gwinner, during which the stabbing occurred. Gwinner escaped, but was captured. McPherson is likely to die.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES, GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPP,

Corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Special Notices.

MANICURE. Dr. R. Barrera, G., will be in town for a few days and is prepared to treat the hands and nails of those who desire, in a thoroughly scientific manner, at moderate rates. Those desiring treatment may communicate with him at 127 Fourth avenue. 22-1w

CLAIRVOYANT Will remain until Wednesday morning, June 4. Will leave that day without fail. The last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, opposite depot. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of second sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 22-1w

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The Presbyterian assembly selected a committee of nineteen ministers and ten elders who are to choose a committee consisting of fifteen ministers and ten elders, which shall be called "the assembly's committee on revision of the confession of faith," which committee, when constituted by the general assembly, shall report to the general assembly of 1892 such alterations and amendments of the confession of faith as in their judg may be deemed desirable. This committee is instructed that they shall not propose any alterations or amendments that will in any way impair the integrity of the reformed or Calvinistic system of doctrine taught in the confession of faith.

In the boat race between the Yale and Atalanta boat crews Yale won by eight lengths. Time, 20 min., 17 sec.

The New Jersey Postal Telegraph company has been incorporated. Over 100 miles of lines will at once be built, connecting many of the large towns of New Jersey.

Joe Ellingsworth, of New York, knocked out Denny Kelleher, of Boston, in the forty-ninth round at San Francisco.

Governor Abbett has appointed Hon. Thomas H. Smith, of Newark, and William J. Sewell as World fair commissioners from New Jersey.

A shocking death befel Miss Marion Wagner Taylor, the daughter of James D. Taylor, *secretary and treasurer of the Wagner* Sleeping Car company, almost within a stone's throw of her father's office at the Grand Central depot, New York. She was knocked down and crushed by a heavy mail wagon at Forty-second street and Madison avenue. The horses had become uncontrollable. Miss Taylor was 16 years old.

Herman Kompinski, a Polish Jew, but a citizen of the United States, while on a visit to Russia was thrown into jail and imprisoned some time upon no grounds whatever. He has just been released upon demand of the United States and returned to his home in Bridgeport, Conn. He paid $10,000 to the Russian jailers in bribes during his imprisonment but he might be *supplied with palatable food.*

The discovery of a can containing ten pounds of dynamite at the base of the pedestal in Haymarket square has created in the minds of Chicago people the series of remarkable happenings arising from the great Anarchist scare of four years ago. The belief is now general that the present sensation is the result of a plan on the part of an insufficient police force to compel the city to provide for an adequate patrol.

Congressman Lodge, of Massachusetts, strongly criticises Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson's attack on civil service reform.

The steamer Aurania, of the Cunard line, ran down the yacht Ysada near Bedloe's island, drowning Charles and Henry Bird, members of the yacht's crew.

John Sheldon's jewelry store in Burlington, N. J., was entered by thieves Saturday night and goods to the value of $1,500 were taken. They escaped.

The Rev. M. V. McDuffie, of the Remsen Avenue Baptist church, New Brunswick, N. J., who claims that Roman Catholics abused his sermon on the public schools against their attitude on the school question, continued the series Sunday and said that he meant to fight it out on this line, no matter what it cost. The church edifice was packed and the sermon created another sensation.

While celebrating the establishment of a new post office in Shelton, Conn., Saturday night, Nathan Bennett and Philip Kendrick were terribly injured by the premature discharge of a cannon.

The Tacoma Express train has arrived at Tacoma, Wash., completing the fastest trip ever made around the world. He was gone 67 days, 13 hours and 3 minutes, but his actual traveling time was more than 36 hours better, he having stopped that length of time in New York. He was in a terrible rage because his grip was robbed him at Huntington, Ore., Friday morning of $600, and because the Tacoma people did not furnish a special train from Portland to Tacoma.

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

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MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

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JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

ROBBER WELLS' CONFESSION.

It Was He Who Took $21,000 at the Point of a Pistol.

ST. LOUIS, May 26.—Mansfield King, the man who was arrested in Clayton, has been identified as Wells, who compelled President Moffat, of the First National bank, of Denver, to hand over $21,000 on March 26, 1889, at the point of a revolver. H. N. Otis, the assistant cashier of the bank, who came here for the purpose, in company with several of Thiel's detective agency men, has identified him as the robber.

When King was arrested he wore a full beard and very long hair, but when he committed the robbery he had only a small mustache and about three days' growth of beard. When Cashier Otis first entered the cell where King was lying he could not determine whether or not he was Wells. Last evening Otis returned to Clayton with the detectives, accompanied by a barber, who cut the prisoner's hair, after which Otis identified him without any hesitation, and King admitted that he was the man. After the identification Otis and the detectives had another interview with King as to what had become of the money he had taken. King said he had planted it in a certain place in Ralls county.

The robbery was a most remarkable one. Wells entered the bank the day before and told Mr. Moffatt that he had some business on foot to rob the bank which he was willing to give away for a consideration. Mr. Moffatt talked with him, but told him to come back in a day or two. The next day he went into Mr. Moffatt's office, and, drawing a revolver, said to him: "Mr. Moffatt, I am a desperate man. I must have money. Write a check for $21,000 and take it over to the teller and come back here." Mr. Moffatt obeyed, and the robber coolly walked out of the bank.

Weather Indications.

Generally fair, with lower followed by higher temperature.

This Date in History—May 26.

725—Death of the venerable Bede, historian.
1703—Death of Samuel Pepys, author of "Diary;" born February, 1632.
1826—Napoleon crowned king of Italy.
1829—Death of Francis Joseph Haydn, father of modern orchestral music; his greatest work "The Creation," born 1732.
1844—Death of Jacques Laffite, French banker and politician; born 1767.
1848—The French assembly pass a decree perpetually banishing Louis Philippe and his family.
1849—John Mitchell, Irish patriot, starts for fourteen years' sentence in Australia; escapes July 24, 1853.
1868—The last public execution in England; that of Michael Barrett, connected with the Clerkenwell explosion.
1870—Last Fenian raid into Canada thwarted and Gen. O'Neil captured.
1871—Atrocities by the Communists in Paris; twenty-six Dominican fathers executed.

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OUR SPECIALTIES; Pure drugs; the careful compounding of physician's prescriptions proprietary medicines; toilet soaps and all articles pertaining to a First-class Pharmacy.

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T. E. BURR, Prendent. G. W. V. MOY, Sec-Trea's.

DRINK MOY'S SODA. NONE BETTER.

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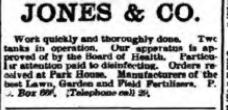

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Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

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PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

True Courage.

De Smythe—Who is that affected specimen of humanity making towards us?

De Johnes—That's Dumley, and despite his harmless appearance he's a courageous man.

"Well, his looks belie him. But what makes you think he has courage?"

"He eats restaurant hash."—Texas Siftings.

An Awful Suspicion.

Proprietor of Lonesome Pike County Hotel—I don't agree with yer, Uncle Cook. If yer shoot him right through the winder it won't do to come up the yard so, for we kin git his hide off under shelter.—Life.

MUSIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES.

34 West Front St

I do not Import Goods, but I do buy and sell the best of everything in groceries vegetables and fruits.

R. O. HOWELL.

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Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.44, 6.58, 8.00, 8.09, 7.06, 7.20, 9.56, 8.00 a. m., 12.05, 1.37, 2.30, 3.40, 4.30, 5.15, 6.07, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 5.04, 8.00, 9.56, 10.00 a. m., 12.05, 1.37, 2.30, 3.40, 4.30, 5.15, 6.07, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 7.45, 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.30, 2.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.45, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.45, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 4.30, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.30, 2.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.45, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.45, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Express trains. Stop at Elizabeth only. Stop at Elizabeth and Bonnelle. Stop at Elizabeth and Rahway. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway and Metuchen. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen and Bonnelle. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle and Dunellen. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen and Somerville. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville and Bridgewater. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater and Martinsville. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville and Bound Brook. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook and Middlebush. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush and Manville. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Manville and Millstone. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Manville, Millstone and Hightstown. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Manville, Millstone, Hightstown and Trenton. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Manville, Millstone, Hightstown, Trenton and Bordentown. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Manville, Millstone, Hightstown, Trenton, Bordentown and Burlington. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Manville, Millstone, Hightstown, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington and Florence. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Manville, Millstone, Hightstown, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Florence and Beverly. Stop at Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, Bonnelle, Dunellen, Somerville, Bridgewater, Martinsville, Bound Brook, Middlebush, Manville, Millstone, Hightstown, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Florence, Beverly and Delanco. 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PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.29, 6.59, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 5.48, 6.29, 6.59, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 p

EVERY DAY SHOP GIRLS.

HOW ONE LITTLE WOMAN MANAGES TO LIVE ON $4 A WEEK.

What She Does in the Evening and How She Dresses on $1.50 a Week—Just the Story of Thousands of Working Girls in the Large Cities.

How girls manage to live respectably and dress decently on a salary of $4 or $5 per week used to be a mystery to me. Yesterday I solved the problem—or rather a working girl solved it for me. I was seated before a counter in a Sixth avenue dry goods shop selecting fancy handkerchiefs. The salesgirl behind me was waiting upon a patient little creature, with and blue eyes and a drawn expression about her mouth that did not belong to youth, but rather to that labor days and nights long forces itself upon us and we find the monotony of a routine enfeebles. Her hair was fair and brushed smoothly back from her face, and she was dressed neatly in a plain black gown.

"Do they trust you well here?" I asked.

"Of course," she laughed cynically, and commenced to beat a tattoo with her fingers on the counter beside me. There was that in her manner which told me more plainly than words that Pringle quite her old day pride and peculiar sensitiveness, so I told her what I wanted to find out.

"Very well, but you will not tell my name. I should get discharged if the firm knew I had talked to customers. They are very strict about that," she answered. I promised eternal secrecy, and that satisfied her. I omitted for the shop in which she worked should be mentioned, and that not knowing her name, I could not repeat it.

"How long have you been in a shop?" was my first question.

"Over four years," she answered.

"What is your salary?"

"Four dollars per week."

STRETCHING FOUR DOLLARS.

"Do you live with your parents or do you board?"

"I board."

"How much does your board cost you?"

"The people where I am staying are friends. They have a flat. I have a little room, and I have whatever they have to eat. I am like one of the family."

"How much do you pay for your board?"

"Two dollars and a half a week."

"And your laundering?"

"They let me use the stationary tub and I do it myself."

"How about your clothes? You seem well dressed."

"I make them all myself in the evening after my work is done."

"And your hats and gloves and shoes. How do you manage to buy them things with only $1.50 a week?"

"I buy gloves when we have a sale and I can get a pair cheap. I pay fifty cents a pair for gloves, and one pair will make me three months with mending and care."

"But your hats"—

"I buy a cheap hat, bend it into a new shape and do the trimming on myself."

"And your shoes—how much do they cost you?"

"Shoes are expensive. It takes two weeks' savings to buy a pair of shoes. I pay $2 a pair, but they last for six months."

"But where can you find money enough out of your $4 per week to buy stuff for flannels and linen for outside garments and dresses for warm weather?"

"I make all of my clothes except my outside jacket. I buy the cloth, and I made and cheap. It takes several weeks to buy one, but it lasts a long time. I make my own summer dresses of cheap ginghams. They are cheap, look neat and wear a long time. I also make up my own linen. I buy cheap stockings and keep them darned."

"Do you fit your own waists?"

"Yes, I have a pattern that is just my measure, and then I buy jerseys to wear in the store."

"How do you spend your evenings? Don't you go out at all?"

"Sometimes. I have many friends, but sewing takes up most of my time. Sometimes I go to the theatre with a lady friend. We sit in the gallery and it only costs us 25 cents apiece. She pays her fare and I pay mine. But we don't go often because it is so late when we get home and the next morning we are tired. Besides, my sewing wouldn't get done."

"How do you spend Sunday?"

"I lie abed Sunday morning—it is the only morning I can—and keep on most of the day. In the afternoon I read the newspapers and at night go to church."

SUBSTITUTE FOR HAPPINESS.

"This is your daily life—are you happy?"

"I used to be."

"What do you look forward to?"

"Nothing," she answered, dejectedly.

"Have you no ambition?"

"What good would it do me? I am not educated, but I am sensible."

"Don't you look forward to any happiness?" I asked. She replied that she looked forward to a home of their own—they plan their wedding dresses and have never to be fulfilled dreams of happiness in marriage."

"I have no sweetheart and I never dream—I don't have time during the day and at night I am too tired."

"May I call at your home?"

"You may come if you want to, but my salary is all the assistance I want. I want nothing I do not earn."

I admired her independence, yet asked for her address, notwithstanding her refusal of assistance. She wrote it on a slip of paper—her name I will not mention. Her address was on Ninth avenue, now Nineteenth street.

Last evening I called at the girl's house—rather boarding place. It was a tenement house flat, in the fifth story of a gigantic block. I passed at each landing the scrubbed boards, the scrubbed steps, and was at last admitted to the right place.

"I have been trying to think just when I pay for everything," she said, referring to a slip of paper she carried. "I pay $6 a year for shoes; $6 for gloves; $4 for two jerseys; $10 for my dress goods and dress buttons and facings; $7 buys both summer and winter hats for one year; my linen and flannels cost about $8; handkerchiefs, hose, ribbons and fastenings, $6; two cashmeres at $16—one for best, one for every day—and I wear jersey waists and save the made one, and the rest I spend on car fare and Christmas presents for the children. I forgot to say my outside jacket cost $10, but I bought it winter before last."

Lastly she called to show me her room. A swish of white tarlatan tied with a bow of red ribbon was hung across the top of a small looking glass, there was a single photograph, a picture of Christ, the head of which held a basin and pitcher, and the row of drawers below held the personal effects of the philosophical girl. There was a chair the seat of which held a patent cushion. This was offered me, the girl seating herself on the edge of the bed as she talked.—New York Press.

TO WAIT.

"He women's happy lot to wait,
To wait with glad expectancy
And heart and heart lifted state,
The fabled future's mystery.

Whatever joy may come to bless,
However love may crown with meaning,
Her's but to wait in tenderness,
May love be foretalled by her.

And though her heart yearn overmuch,
In pain or fear to speed the moment,
She may not raise with lightest touch
The curtain o'er the future hung.

If love come soon or love come late,
Or, saddest, never come at all,
'Tis woman's happy lot to wait
Through all the lingering interval.
—Montreal Star.

THE EMBROIDERER.

An Occupation in Which Women Work from Ten to Fifteen Hours for 50 Cents.

"Time money?" said the pale faced woman, as she shook the many colored ends of floss silk from the white apron she had taken off momentarily to dangle her hot and sesque. "Well, my time don't amount to much money—not more than five cents an hour, I should say, taking it all round. That don't take in the hour I spend in going and coming between here and the shop. I was six hours working this (unrolling a piece of cotton velvet) for the tablet, and all I'll get for it will be thirty cents, and maybe a little jawing because the stitches ain't so neat together as they might be on that inside corner, though that ain't my fault, as the girl who deals out the materials gave me a scant supply of pink silk. A double carnation you say it is? Well, I call all the pink flowers roses; it don't matter to me what they are, just so they are made like them in the pattern.

"You ask me how many tablets I embroider; I can tell you how many they are—just two dozen. One dozen pair of slippers will be out out of this velvet, and though they will be sold cheap, being cotton, you may be sure there will be money made on them, and lots of it. You see the embroidery on one pair comes only to a little over one penny, and the material is bought wholesale. No, these ain't the only kind of slippers I embroider. There's them I get fifty cents a dozen for. They are of a better quality of cloth, and the flowers have to have more pains taken with them. A dozen pair of that kind will keep me busy from half-past 7 in the morning till 6 in the evening, allowing me half an hour for lunch. The best kind—them I get seventy-five cents a dozen for—are worked on silk velvet, and to get a dozen of them finished in a day I have to begin as soon as I can see in the morning, and keep at 'em till 10 o'clock at night. Often, though, I don't get 'em done because the girl don't give me enough of one kind of silk and I have to lose an hour by going back for it. Hope I would her well? Why, bless you! If I say a word to her she only gives me scan. She will say I wastes the silk; and she has even intimated that I keeps some of her own use just as if I had the time to make fancy pin cushions or any of them sort of things! I can never get used to the impudence of these young girls who sit in rings and boot heels. You just ought to hear this one talk if I give in my work unpressed, though they have got pressers in the shop, and if the cook been don't happen to be in a good humor when I go into the kitchen she is sure not to have any irons hot.

"No, there ain't no money to speak of in embroidery of this kind. That the sisters have to do on altar clothes and such things is different, and a good worker can earn $10 a week in it. But all that is given to them that have been to the sisters' schools, and learned to do the best kind of work; what they do is what might be called skilled labor. I learned myself before I came to do this kind, and if I was to tell madame to-day that I wouldn't do no more she would only be as much pleased as to say that the assessment in to-morrow's paper; that would bring her all the embroiderers she wanted and a lot more girls who live at home, and would like to get that sort of work as an excuse to get off from washing dishes and ironing clothes.

"Why do I make this my profession? My! do you suppose I'd work at this regular, year in and year out? I'm only doing it now to keep from getting into debt for my board while I am out of a place. I've got my name down at an agency, and made 'em understand there just what I want. Folks say I am a patient woman, and I am looking out for work that can't be done by nobody but a patient woman—nursing a fractious invalid that ain't sick enough to require a trained nurse, or looking after a wide awake child that's too much for one of the sort of girls that's usually engaged to mind children. A place of that kind will turn up sooner or later—sooner, I hope, as I am tired to death of these roses, or double carnations, or whatever you may call 'em."—New York Tribune.

A Pantry "Emergency Shelf."

In my pantry there is a space set apart, and always alluded to as "the emergency shelf." On it are to be found a can each of salmon, lobster, potted ham and corned beef, a box of sardines, a jar of pickled peaches and one of canned pears, several glasses of jelly and a package of self raising flour. As soon as one article is taken from the shelf, its place is filled by another of its kind, so there is always material at hand for immediate use, should the day have been a specially busy one, or unexpected guests arrive about tea time.—Good Housekeeping.

To Clean Silk.

The garment must be first ripped and brushed. Spread on a flat board an old blanket, then covered with an old sheet; then sponge the silk on the right side, using a very dirty spoke particularly with this mixture: One-half cup of gall, one-half cup of ammonia and one-half cup of rapid soft water. Roll the silk on a stick—as old broom handle will do—being careful that no wrinkles are left on it. Let it dry without ironing. Woolen goods may be treated in the same manner.—London Housekeeper.

Sara Bernhardt pays the penalty of her high strung, delicately nervous organization by hours of wakefulness. Her plan of economizing her willowy self in the arms of Morpheus is to fix her mind on a little carved Cupid at the foot of her bed. Then she closes her eyes, turning the balls downward as far as possible, and repeats the alphabet slowly over and over until she is in a half comatose condition.

For most people once in four weeks is often enough for a thorough shampoo, although daily brushing is absolutely necessary. Strong, stiff and naturally oily hair will require washing at least once a fortnight in order to keep it clean and glossy and bright. Thin, soft, dry hair may go for six weeks and then be less in need of the bath.

A frying pan should never touch water. Scour them out with salt the moment they are done with and then wipe with a cloth. A washed omelet pan makes a poor omelet.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

INSTRUCTIVE AND ENTERTAINING READING FOR GIRLS AND BOYS.

The Merry Month of May—The Roman Festival "Floralia"—The Ribbon and Flower Decked May Pole—Mayflowers of Different Nations.

May, merry May, again is come,
May, that frees the land from gloom;
Children, children, up and see
All her sleeves of green to be.
Sing yet, join the chorus gay!
Hail the merry, merry May!

More than seven hundred years ago Earl Conrad, of Germany, wrote these merry lines. There are few lands in which the month of May has not been greeted with a joyful welcome. In Germany, as fall of music, in cold Russia, and in sunny France, in Asia and America, boys and girls have hastened to the woods to gather the buds and blossoms and boughs for their May day sports.

May used to be called Flora's month, because in that month floral games and merry doings were held in honor of Flora. Flora was supposed to be the goddess of flowers in old times; but of course we know that there was really no such being as she. The Roman people had

THE QUEEN OF THE MAY.

a festival called "Floralia," at which they decorated themselves with flowers in honor of Flora. In Germany—also in our own country—the Maypole is sought for in the woods and decked with ribbons and flowers. In olden times the people gathered branches and flowers to hang over the doors of their homes, singing, as they went, the old song:

We bring you a branch of May,
And through 'tis past and gone,
We brought it in the morning
Before the day was done.

The lily of the valley is the May flower in Germany. In England the lily of the valley is called May lily; the lilac, May; the snowball, May rose, and the hawthorn, May bush. The trailing arbutus is the May flower of New England. In other parts of the United States the flowers that bloom in the joyful month of May are all called May flowers.—Little Men and Women.

A Short Chapter on Clocks.

As a very early period in the world's history we find progress made in the measurement of the periods of time by observation of the heavenly bodies. Thus time was early divided into years according to the revolution of the sun among the constellations, into months according to the motion of the moon relatively to the sun's place in the heavens, and into days by the alternate light and darkness caused by the rising and setting of the sun. It was long, however, before any accurate measure was found for a division of the day itself.

THE CLOCK INVENTED IN 1370.

The earliest attempts in the direction of measurement of short periods of time seems to have led to the construction of the sand dial. Also to the plan of running a given quantity of fine sand from one vessel to another. But these expedients were unsatisfactory, as was also the method said to be adopted by King Alfred, of noting the lapse of time by watching the shortening of a lighted candle. In the year 1370 we find that a rude kind of clock was invented and constructed by a man named "De Wyck," which was erected in a tower of the palace of Charles V, King of France. It was simple in construction, and was probably the basis of all the time keeping machines in use during the Sixteenth century. From that remote period forward the improvement in the working machinery of clocks was very gradual up to the present day, when that of the leading clocks to keep correct time has been fully attained.

Queerness.

It's queer when the world seems steady,
It really is whirling so.
It's queer that the planets get larger,
When the moon seems grows.
It's queer that the fountain's water
Leaps high in the sunshine bright,
And queer that the moon and river
Fall out of the sky at night.

It's queer that one clover blossom
Is white, and another red,
When the same black earth surrounds them,
The same rain waters their bed.
It's queer that of all the seeds sowed,
We take no note but one,
And that as for feeling thankful,
We seldom see the need.

We scold if the weather's chilly
And fret in the heat and rain,
Don't like to get up in the morning,
Hang back from the bed at night.
Yet, somewhere of all the queerness
Are surely those girls and boys,
Who live in a world of beauty,
And rather see roses than joys.
—Treasure Trove.

Pall Mall Budget is authority for the statement that the Prince of Wales wears ball shaped silk hats.

Directions for Wrist Exercise.

Take arterial position with feet at an angle of 45 degs.; knees straight. Place the palms of the hands upon the hips, thumbs to the front, fingers down. Bend the body at a point as near the lower end of the ensiform cartilage as possible, gripping the stomach as in a vise. Press the body down until the stomach waist quite painful. Do not bend the hips. Now turn the torso around upon this pivot formed near the pit of the stomach, describing as large a circle as possible with the shoulders. Keep the entire circle regular, a difficulty which will be especially felt when passing over each hip.

In the vicinity of the waist there are two natural joints—one at the hips and the other above. The hip joint must not be used in this exercise. It is that great, universal joint at the very belt of life, generally ignored, and with most serious results, that this exercise is calculated to free, strengthen and develop.

No "lady of fashion" ever uses this joint; for, from early womanhood, she has taken the utmost precaution to make this great pivot of life as inflexible as the steel which "supports" it; and yet she will complain of dyspepsia—the very disease she has taken all such pains to induce.—Journal of Health.

"It's a Girl."

A correspondent of The Boston Transcript tells of a man who was a guest at an annual dinner of a woman's club, to which men were invited. He said he sat dumb before the tide of eloquence about women and longed to make a speech himself. It was a woman's programme, however, and the men, the guests, had not been asked to contribute to the feast of reason.

"I thought, as I sat and listened to the women praising all that woman is doing nowadays, of a little scene at my daughter's home yesterday," said this man. "My son-in-law came for me, and we went over to see my grandchild. I found my wife and one sister in tears. "Why, what's the matter?' I asked, and they answered—those women's club women—they answered, sobbing: 'It's a girl!'"

French and American Women.

After a short time a still closer resemblance between these women and the two countries will strike a Frenchman most forcibly. It is the same subtlety, the same suppleness of mind, the same wonderful adaptability. Place a Mme. Thalliinet in a good drawing room for an hour and at the end of that time she will behave, talk and walk like any lady in the room. Suppose an American, married to a woman much below his status in society, is elected president of the United States. I believe at the end of a week this wife of his would do the honors of the White House with the ease and grace of a highborn lady.—Max O'Rell.

A Much Desired Cosmetic.

The Princess of Wales uses a cosmetic the nature of which the ladies in her court would willingly pay dear for. Although nearly 50 years of age her complexion has a complexion as smooth in texture and as delicate in tint as the beauty of a school girl. It will stand the closest scrutiny, the test of daylight and powder, according to the fancy of manufacturers. These flannels measure from thirty-two to thirty-six inches in width, and are principally employed for women's dressing gowns and jackets. They are usually made either in colored stripes on a white ground or else in plain rose or blue color.—New York Telegram.

Ventilating the Hair.

One of the finest heads of hair I know belongs to a young girl who makes it a point to occasionally comb out her long tresses, and, having done so, she sits all of an open window, let her hair float outside, blown by all the winds of heaven and kissed by the sunshine. This seems an idle luxury, but it is far from being time wasted, since the hair is thoroughly ventilated and cleaned sufficiently to render shampooing more infrequent.—Cor. Chicago Times.

Cough Tea.

I have among my recipes one for a cough tea made in this manner: Take of figs, raisins and licorice each two ounces; stone the raisins, and cut the figs in pieces. Boil all well in one quart of water, with a little moss in a bag. When cool add lemon juice. —Nantucket Letter.

It May Be True.

Mrs. Wellered—Tom, I see that there's a dreadful increase in insanity among women. What can be the cause?

Mr. W.—Trying to understand the pattern charts in the fashion papers.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

There are seventeen cooking clubs in New York for all classes and conditions of women, from the free club for the training of young girls who wish to become servants to the high class club, where members pay $10 a month to cover the expense of the material they use, or rather which they waste.

One word about "company" towels. Have them better than the family towels, if you please; but be sure to have the family take the "new" off. This may be hard on the family, but the wiping guest will love you more, and leave behind a blessing instead of a reproach.

By the spirometer, or lung test, the average lung capacity when corsets were worn was 134 cubic inches; when the corsets were removed the test showed an average lung capacity of 167 cubic inches; a gain of 33 cubic inches.

Name and guest cards are still in fashion, and quite the newest are in the form of slices of lemon or cucumber, or the leaf of an orchid, with the orchid to match for the guests. Roses and heads of lettuce are other notions.

A young woman who treats every man with whom she trades as a gentleman, giving him her confidence, and throwing herself upon his honor and generosity, will stand the best possible chance to be fairly dealt by.

Theoretically, ladies should invariably recognize gentlemen first, as it is for them to say whether or not the acquaintance is to be perpetuated. But as a matter of fact, the salutation is usually all but simultaneous.

Guido uses scent in her hair and on her eyebrows that costs $80 an ounce; she can't bear a piece of muslin that has been starched, and the touch of velvet, she says, makes her flesh creep.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HASLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street.

A NEW HAT

Presented to each purchaser of $12 worth of goods at

WERNER'S

Mammoth One Price Clothing House,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

All the Latest Spring and Summer Styles of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Furnishing Goods.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS & MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Chailies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Trilled two-ring reduced to 6c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $4.75 up ward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

CUT THIS OUT

AND BRING IT TO US, IT IS WORTH 25c TO YOU.

For every purchase of $2 worth at one time. If you will bring this slip, to us we will do low prices a reduction of 25 cents. If you want $15 worth of shoes or repairing or both secure five of this slip, and we will show you $1.25 for them. This will hold good until July 1st. Remember we carry a full line of the BEST shoes that can be had in all widths and styles at low prices, and do fine repairing.

ROGERS BROS.,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

19 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

The weather demands it
The people demand it
We supply the demand,

IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES.

Absolutely the largest and best assortment ever shown in Plainfield.

WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV.

Doane & Van Arsdale.

22 W. FRONT. St.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'dway

NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

BUT THE

BEST GOODS

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY

U. B. Crane,

HATTER AND FURNISHER.

12 Park avenue, City.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Knit Underwear, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Recreating Fluid, Colgate and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:

DEPOT OF THE:

First trip from Higgins ave. and Broadway—Leave 6 a. m. to meet 7.30 a. m. train. Higgins ave. and Broadway, Broadway and 4th; 6.05 Depot, 6.10 Higgins ave. and Broadway, Broadway and 4th; 6.40 Depot.

At 7.10	7.15	a. m.	to meet	8.25 a. m. train.
7.55	8.15	do	9.25	do
8.55	9.00	do	10.00	do
9.55	10.00	do	11.00	do
10.55	11.00	do	12.00	m.
11.55	12.00	do	12.30	p. m.
12.55 p. m.	1.00	p. m.	to meet	1.45 p. m.
1.55	2.00	do	to the	Post Office.
2.55	3.00	do	to meet	3.15 p. m. train.
3.55	4.00	do	do	4.30 do
4.55	5.00	do	do	5.30 do
5.55	6.00	do	do	6.30 do
6.55	7.00	do	do	7.30 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield corner of 7th street, and Rockview and Seeley avenue, for Depot Plainfield, according to the above time, and will meet same connections.

Stages will make hourly trips over above route, leaving Plainfield at 8.30 a. m. 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30 p. m.

Excursion and pleasure parties kept expressly for hire. Baggage, parcels, packages, freight and messages promptly attended to. Orders left at Higgins' livery stable, Somerset street, will receive prompt attention. Horses and carriages always for sale. Telephone Call, 12.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 3d and 4th. Telephone Call, 12.

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; widest of style, quality and price. I know I will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

Latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Ribbons, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Agent for Dr. Taylor's Corset Waists. Ladies' Hair Dressing and Frizzing. Feather Dyeing, Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Ladies' Rooms, Private Apartments for Ladies, 23 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, slate and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors. Rear Door.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

ANDERSON BUILDING

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue, W. S. SLEEPER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

LEGISLATION IN PROGRESS AND CONTEMPLATED.

Party Discipline Conspered.—The Famous Tariff Bill.—A Plan to Stop Further Expenditures.

No matter what differences of opinion may exist as to the merits of the McKinley bill, there is no contention over the fact that the Republican House have in the main lived up to the political organization and disciplines that have been won in a Legislature. Differences between diverse interests, spirits between factions which seemed almost irreconcilable, all disappeared under the magic wand of political leadership. The Democrats hoped that there would be a break in the ranks when the final test came, and their disappointment was only seen when the expected defection failed to appear. A leading Democrat said to your correspondent that his party must equal some of the discipline of their opponents before they can ever hope to be masters in legislation.

To say that there are Republicans in Congress who oppose many features of the McKinley bill would be drawing it mild, but they recognized the fact that the exigencies of the situation made the passage of the bill necessary and that personal desires should surrender to the general good of the party. It is time, however, that efforts will now be concentrated on the Senate to have those changes made in the bill which will now have quite a lovely time upon particular interests or classes, and there is reason to believe that success will meet such endeavors. The Senate is a more conservative body than the House, and being further removed from immediate responsibility to the people can afford to look at public questions through national and not through local eyes. At any rate, the tariff fight is now in the Senate, and there is likely to remain, as there is no previous question to cut short the debate, affix the time, and there is nothing in consequence to prevent the Senators from talking tariff until next Christmas but absolute exhaustion of long power with those Senators who may want to do the talking.

If there is one thing more than another wanting up the average Congressman just at present particularly those from the South and West, it is this matter of farmers' alliances. It is, too, a double-edged weapon as it cuts at random into both political parties, and would be difficult to tell which is the most "shaved" at this political species, the Democrats or the Republicans. While it has already cut short the legislative career of one prominent representative from Kansas it suddenly turns and threatens to wipe out that huge Democratic majority from Texas. The leading men of both parties in Congress are giving the matter the closest attention, as they recognize that it will prove a political weapon of great potency, be it good or evil.

There is another cause of suppressed excitement in the House at present, and it pervades both sides of the Democratic and Republican house by the failure to secure consideration for the river and harbor bill. It is believed by leading members of both parties that it is now in a predicious position. Not many weeks, at the best, remain of the session, and there is no time for lengthy discussion of a bill which in the opinion of leading Congressmen should have priority to the rights of the way.

Prominent among these questions are the silver and general pension legislation, over which the fathers of the House and Senate have joined horns. It is thought possible to pass the river and harbor through the House, but little time would be given for its consideration in the Senate, and, in addition, and this is what the adherents of the measure particularly fear, President Harrison is not the man to give his approval to a measure involving the expenditure of over twenty million dollars without having ample time to examine into its merits. There is, too, an apprehension that the president, at the best, is not much of a river and harbor man, and would not die suddenly of grief in case it became necessary to pocket the bill and thus create a veto as Cleveland did.

The Republicans all know now and the Democrats suspect it, that President Harrison is quietly insisting to be a leading issue in both houses that greater caution may be used in passing bills to take money out of the treasury, at least if the presidential signature is desired to such measures. Before the present week ends known his views on the subject to the chairmen of Congress, and the action of both of what might be termed the spending committees, carefully examined, and the result of this investigation are that more care must be taken in making drafts on the treasury, or its obligations, as all Republicans and Administrationists will not permit the use of individual representations in search of an appropriations to put the government, so to speak, in a hole. Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, has already gently hinted in the Senate that the public lobbying has been quite great enough for this session. It is proper to say in this connection that members of both houses have had the speech of Congressman Lane Standing every nerve in the effort to get into the treasury vaults, so it is to be presumed that Mr. Lane's speech got a public building and then a Democrat, and so far the trading has proceeded in this as well as other matters of legislation. It is not said that there is not plenty of money in the treasury and that it will be freely expended if it will be freely expended. The point is that care is expected from Congress in the matter of appropriations and that neither members or representatives of either political party will be permitted to use the treasury simply because the government has got the money to spend.

ARMAT.

A New Catholic Church.

The Catholic populace of Round Brook are having a new house of worship erected on the site formerly occupied by the old edifice. The latter has been moved to another location and when the new building is completed the old one will be used as a school. On Sunday next the corner stone of the new structure will be laid by the Rt. Rev. Bishop O'Farrell of the Diocese of Trenton. All the Catholic societies of this city have been invited to participate in the ceremonies.

BADLY INJURED IN A RUNAWAY.

A Young Horse Almost Kills It's Owner.

Yesterday afternoon Frank Johnson, a young man twenty-two years old who resides about one and one-half miles the other side of Martinville on the road to Pluckamin, hitched up his four-year-old colt and started to drive to this city when he arrived at "Duck Watch Hollow," in Washington Valley, the horse became frightened and ran away. When the animal arrived at the bridge, the vehicle in which Mr. Johnson was riding struck a stone with such force as to throw the young man heading over the bridge into the brook below. In falling Mr. Johnson's head struck the flood gate on a mill and the force of the blow rendered him unconscious. Several of the employes of the mill saw the accident and succeeded in rescuing him. They could not rescue him to consciousness, however, and it is feared that his injuries may result fatally. He was taken to his home last evening. The horse was caught further down the roadway.

Runaway on Somerset Street.

At about five o'clock yesterday afternoon a horse attached to a light wagon belonging to a German butcher, left standing on Somerset street, became frightened and ran away. The animal ran up Somerset street at break neck pace, and when near the corner of Front street collided with a light wagon, wrecking one of the wheels. The runaway then turned into East Front street, narrowly escaped running over a woman who happened to be crossing the street at the time. It was caught near the Dime Savings Bank by Henry Bostard and returned to its owner.

Another Runaway.

A horse attached to a park phaeton belonging to Edward Galbraith became frightened on North Avenue, near the bridge, which this morning and ran away. The wagon to which the animal was attached collided with another vehicle and was overturned. The frightened horse was caught before it succeeded in doing much damage.

Arrested for Train Jumping.

Captain Grant on Sunday morning took three young men to the Union county jail at Elizabeth to serve out ten days' sentence, imposed by City Judge Codington Saturday night for stealing rides on coal trains. The men were arrested near the Crescent ball ground Saturday afternoon, after they had led the police a lively chase.

Lost a Finger.

A Swede employed at the Fuel Machine Tool Works had the top of his finger cut off there yesterday afternoon while engaged in operating a machine. The unfortunate physician dressed the wound, which was very painful. The unfortunate man had only started to work in the shop yesterday morning for the first time.

Jailed for Ten Days.

John Hill was last night arrested at the depot for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. After spending the night in the station house he was arraigned before City Judge Codington. He pleaded guilty to the charge and in default of a ten-dollar fine he was sent to the county jail for ten days.

JOTTINGS.

—Westfield is to have a new twenty-five thousand dollar stone school house.

—A social meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. tonight.

—The race track at the Gentlemen's Driving Park on Park avenue is being repaired and put in good condition.

—Lovington, the Crescents' pitcher, was laid off after Saturday's game. Several other new pitchers have been engaged.

—The twenty-first annual fair of the Somerset County Agricultural Society will be held at Somerville, Sept. 9, 10 and 11.

—The new safe to be used by City Treasurer Tilsworth arrived this morning and was placed in his office on North avenue.

—The New Jersey Horticultural Society will hold its annual meeting at the Heath House, Schooley's Mountain, June 10 and 11.

—There is to be a special inspection of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., this evening in the post rooms. A collation will follow.

—Westfield authorities are breaking up the habit of loafing around railroad stations and using objectionable language by sending the offenders to jail.

—All ladies holding vandil tickets or money for the Kinder Symphony are kindly requested to leave them at once to Mrs. Kimball 29 East Fifth street that a settlement may be reached.

—It is said that the G. A. R. Memorial Day services which are to be held in Music Hall next Friday morning will be the most interesting of the kind that has ever occurred in this city.

—Thomas Dudley was yesterday afternoon taken to the county jail by Captain Grant to serve out a thirty days' sentence imposed by City Judge Codington for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—Ground has been broken for two large, double houses near the Fuel Machine Tool Works. One is to be erected on Monroe place and the other on Pout place. The buildings are being put up by the Land Improvement Company.

—The Plainfield Post Office will close on and after Monday, June 2, 1890, at seven o'clock p. m., instead of 7:30, and will close on May 30th, Decoration Day, at 10 a. m. for 24 day. There will be one delivery and two collections.

—While turning the corner of Park and North avenues at about eight o'clock this morning a horse belonging to Mr. Vannest of Short Hills slipped and fell. The accident delayed travel for some time, but the animal was finally got on his feet. It escaped injury.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHADES.

A worn $5 bill fell into the hands of Miss Virginia Mahoney, of Woodbury, recently. On the back was written: "The last of $100,000 spent for rum. H. S. Franks, Rochester, N. Y., April 7, 1890."

An explosion of molten metal caused painful injuries to William Walters, twenty years old, at the Blair Manufacturing Company's Works, Camden, on Saturday night. Walters was pouring the metal, and by the explosion the sight of his left eye was destroyed. He was badly burned about the face, and particles of the fiery metal entered far into his nostrils, causing agonizing pain. He is in the hospital.

The Bergen County Board of Health on Saturday dispossessed Patrick Tulley from the house he was living in, in Bergen township, and then saturated the building with kerosene oil. The building was then fired, and in a few minutes nothing was left standing but the bare walls. The house was declared to be pestilential. Tulley got that $200 in cash, belonging to his wife, was burned up in the house.

The Scotch Plains New School.

Yesterday we published the poem "Now Nature Wakes From Slumber," composed for the school opening by Dr. Abraham Coles of Scotch Plains. A detailed account of the exercises was crowded out. We give a fuller description of the celebration now.

When the time for the opening exercises was at hand all Scotch Plains was in attendance.

The front of the school house was decorated with green branches. The word "Welcome" was arched over the entrance, and a lofty flag pole arose from the lawn, and from it floated the largest American flag in this county.

The flag was the gift of Miss Emily Coles, whose brother, J. J. Coles, presented it with a patriotic address. David P. Hall, school trustee and district clerk, accepted the flag with appropriate remarks. The Plainfield cornet band was in attendance and as the eagle was run up the flag staff, patriotic airs greeted the ear. Their instruments and from the school children grouped around. George H. Nichols then read Joseph Rodman Drake's immortal poem, "The American Flag," which was enthusiastically received.

The stage at the front of the hall was decorated with flowers and plants. Following a fervent prayer by the Rev. Dr. J. H. Parks came the presentation of a second gift from Miss Coles—a handsome Bible. The Rev. Dr. Parks made the presentation speech. T. J. Nichols and Dr. P. W. Wescott, trustees, and Principal Scarborough delivered congratulatory addresses.

Speeches were made by former teachers in the school; Judge James D. Cleaver, of Newark, many years ago a Scotch Plains pupil; Mr. Town, another old time instructor; Assemblyman John Ulrich, Editor W. J. Leonard, of this city and other guests of the trustees.

Judge Cleaver and Dr. Abraham Coles were the only ones present who were surviving pupils of the Scotch Plains school built a century ago. A picture of the structure, which fell to pieces three scores of years past, stood on the platform. It was the gift of the Judge and is to adorn the new school walls.

FRANCIS K. HARTE MULCTED.

$10,000 Damages for Robbing Smith of His Wife's Affections.

A Sheriff's Jury over which Gen. Sickles presided, yesterday found a verdict of $10,000 against Francis K. Harte, a son of Bret Harte, in a suit by James J. Smith for the alienation of the affections of his wife, Eline B. Smith. Mr. Harte formerly resided in this city and was well-known here.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Dobbing of Newark have removed to Scotch Plains, where they will reside for the Summer.

Christiana, the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs Henry Hanson, died at the home of her parents on New Front street last evening.

The Holy Cross Choir Guide of North Plainfield entertained their officers, President, William H. Hardy; Vice-President, Henry Williams; Secretary, George P. Taggart; Treasurer, Charles J. Mackey; Musical Director, Charles W. Kellogg.

The Fanwood Club has elected the following officers: President, A. D. Becker; Vice-President, A. P. Pond; Secretary, Wm. H. Gibbs; Trustees, R. P. Moore, Charles E. Richardson, A. R. Brown. The club-house and tennis grounds are to be enlarged.

Thursday evening next Messrs. Frederick Marsh and James Stewart of this city will start on a trip to Boston to be gone several days. At the same time Mr. Daniel Crowley one of the members at the Fuel Machine Tool Works will leave for Burlington, Vt. When returning he will visit Boston, Worchester and Hartford.

Any of our readers who are troubled with nose-bleeding will find the following of interest: "Obstinate nose bleeding is frequently one of the most difficult things to check. Several aggravated cases have lately occurred at the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania. As a last resort Dr. D. Hayes Agnew tried ham fat with great success. Two large cylinders of bacon were forced well into the nostrils and the hemorrhage ceased at once. This is a very simple remedy, and one which should be remembered for cases of emergency in the country."

Mr. Frank Whitely of North Plainfield, while attending the municipal service in the Methodist church, Sunday evening, and listening to the able divine, recalled the fact that twenty-nine years previously to a day, Company I, Third New Jersey, under command of Capt. Leonard H. Rogers, sat in the wooden church, which at that time was the only brick edifice, and listened to a glorious farewell sermon; and two days later, Tuesday, May 30, 1861, he with the company started for the front, to serve three years in the war; only about one-third of the number returning alive.

Would-be Pugilists Overcome by a Cistern.

Quite an exciting sparring match took place in a lane just off of East Second street at about seven o'clock last evening.

At that time two "sports" one from Scotch Plains and the other from Dog Corner, met and decided to settle a dispute as to who was the best man at boxing by having a set-to in the aforesaid alley. The preliminaries were arranged and the second and referee were chosen. The principals at the call of time toed the mark.

Round one—The fighting was fast and furious and at the end of the round it was declared in favor of the Scotch Plains man.

After an interval of a minute, time was called and the principals after shaking hands again toed the mark. It was evident from the start the Dog Corner man felt bad because he had lost the first round and that he would do all in his power to "best" his opponent in this round. Both sparred very cautiously at first but after a few moments the Scotch Plains man got in his "fine" work again and won the round.

The third and last round was very exciting and ended abruptly. The contestants were sparring very carefully at all at once the Dog Corner man saw a splendid opening and took advantage of it by delivering a well-directed blow on his opponents chest, which tumbled him over into a well pit. After his friends had fished him out the unfortunate fellow thought that he had enough and thus the boxing match ended.

Wheelmen and the Public.

The following schedule is official, and is a change from the one formerly issued. It is hoped that the public will favor the change of parade from Saturday to Friday, the latter being a holiday, will enable a larger number of our citizens to witness the pageant.

Friday, 10 a. m., meeting for business, to be followed by lunch, both at the club house.

1:30 p. m., parade; 3:30, Report at Rod Nethercood; 8 p. m., Minstrel at Stillman Music Hall.

On Saturday, there will be three runs, starting from the club house, viz: 9 a. m., scorchers to New Brunswick, Captain Frank L. C. Martin; 9:30, run to Round Brook, under First Lieutenant, Jules Brickson, and run to Westfield, under Second Lieutenant, Stanton S. Smith. 12 o'clock, lunch at club house; 1:07 p. m., take train for races at Bergen Point.

A matter of fact which interests the club's friends is that the tickets are selling rapidly for the minstrel entertainment. Mr.E. Runyon whose authority most Plainfielders accept, says that "the programme is a fine one, and to hear Mr. Perry Averill is alone worth the price of admission. He is gifted with a good singing voice I ever heard." Our own Elmer has a voice which is so rich and sweet itself, that he can afford to be magnanimous in his criticism of others, but, in this case, he is as truthful as he is magnanimous. Mr. Averill's voice sounds in both depths and depths, and touches a chord in every heart.

Lawn Tennis at Elizabeth.

The Elizabeth Lawn Tennis Club will give a tournament on Memorial Day. The grounds on North Broad street are in excellent condition, and should the weather prove auspicious there will undoubtedly be some good tennis. The contests in the singles will begin at 9:30 and and continue until one o'clock, when lunch will be served by the Ladies' Committee to all present. Doubles will begin at two o'clock and continue through the afternoon. Should either single or doubles not be finished on Friday they will be played on Saturday, beginning at two o'clock. The club has been divided into senior and junior classes and prizes are offered for first and second in each. The following clubs have been invited to send representatives: The Plainfield, Westfield, Shorthills, Rumson, Roselle Lawn Tennis Clubs, the Fanwood Club and the New Jersey Athletic Club. Entries will close on the evening of May 29th with Dr. L. W. Glasbrook, No. 1147 East Jersey street, Elizabeth. Among those already entered in the tournament are J. Howard Parker, Jr. Parmelee Faret, C. M. Kellogg, J. J. Harper and S. Wyman Smith, of New York; Dr. W. P. Brandegee, of Tarrytown; David S. Wotherspoon, of Plainfield; the Smith Bros., of Rumson; Frank T. Glasbrook, Dr. Daniel Crowley and one of the members at the Fuel Machine Tool Works will leave for Burlington, Vt. When returning he will visit Boston, Worchester and Hartford.

MR. MARSHALL IS DEAD.

The Closhier Stricken Four Weeks Ago With a Fatal Malady.

James Marshall, senior member of the firm of Marshall & Ball, clothiers, of Newark, Jersey City and Paterson, died at his home on Clinton avenue, Newark, last evening. He was stricken down with inflammation of the kidneys about four weeks ago and never rallied.

Mr. Marshall was one of the best-known and most successful business men in New Jersey. He was born in Paterson in 1816. His first business venture was selling flowers in New York. He was unsuccessful in this and abandoned it to take up farming at Cladwell. From there he went to Lacon, Ill., where he opened a large general store which he conducted for several years, making a small fortune. He came to Newark about thirty years ago and established the house of Marshall & Ball. He leaves a widow and a large estate. Deceased was a brother of the late Daniel Marshall of this city, who died recently.

Saturday's Races.

Several lively races occurred on the grounds of the Gentlemen's Driving Park Saturday afternoon. The first was between Mr. Michael Quinn's pacer and Charles Brower's "George." The latter won both heats. Time —3:51 and 3:48.

John Osborne's bay mare and John Hayes's "Andy" then trotted two heats. "Andy" won the first heat in 2:55 and Mr. Osborne's mare the second in 2:47.

Mr. John Chandler drove "Rambo" one mile in 3:45.

Mr. O. T. Waring trotted "Copeland" one mile to a road wagon. No time.

Mr. Compton C. Vail trotted "Unknown" two heats of one mile each. Time—3:47 and 3:42.

There will be racing on the track every pleasant Saturday. Admission is free.

—Plainfield is becoming notorious for runaway accidents.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A YOUNG GIRL wishes a situation to do light work or for general housework. Call at 13 West Sixth street.

A YOUNG GIRL lately landed wants employment. Call at No. 13 West Sixth street.

A BOY of 14 years, lately landed, wants employment. Call at No. 13 West Sixth street.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wants a situation. Apply at No. 138 West Front street. 26 2

FOR SALE—Cheap, or exchange, horse, 16 hands, sound and kind. Inquire 37 Central avenue. 27-2

FOR RENT or sale—A new 7 1-2 Cot; upright piano. Piscataway. On account of removal. Apply 6 East Seventh street. 27-2

FOR SALE—Fresh thoroughbred Alderney cow, with calf by her side. Splendid family cow. Address John Stillwell, Box 42, New Market N. J. 26-3

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson.

LOST—This morning, a pair of side curtains belonging to a hearse. If found, please return to Francis Wood, No. 11 Franklin place, Plainfield, N. J.

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage at 6 per cent. Wm. M. Stillman, 34 West Front street. 25-3

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-6-tf

SITUATION wanted by a first class cook and housework. Address "Katie," care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED Coachman and gardener, W. R. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 16tf

THE POST OFFICE PLAINFIELD, N. J. will close on and after Monday, June 2, 1890, at 7 o'clock p. m., instead of 7:30 p. m. Will also close on May 30th, Decoration Day, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the day. One delivery in the morning and two collections.

E. R. Fort, Postmaster.

27-5

UNION LADIES BICYCLE

Price $115.

On Exhibition at

L. W. Randolphs' 21 W. Front St.

GEO. W. MORRISON, Agent.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW, } 94 SOMERSET ST.

Carey's BARGAIN STORE

51 West Front street,

Can't be beat for REAL BARGAINS in

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE

A large lot just received, bought at Sheriff's sales, and including misfit carpets, rugs druggets, folding beds, porch rockers, fancy chairs, and tables, bedding, bedroom suits, stoves and house furnishing goods generally.

THEY ARE SELLING LIVELY.

COME AND SEE THEM.

If you are in need of such things you will be sure to buy at the price offered. For instance 85 Smyrna rugs, OVER five feet long, only $2.50.

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK

—AT—

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S

5,000 yards of manufactory remnants of fine plaid Nainsook and lace stripes and checks. These are the finest lot of goods we have ever offered, and it will repay you to see them. Our price 12c per yard, value 20c.

We put on sale two more cases of those fine dress ginghams. Our price 10c.

Window screens, fit any window, 33c.

100 dozen gentlemen's Lisle thread hose, 25c per pair, value 40c.

Light weight jackets are the thing for these cool nights. We offer our entire line at cost price.

50 dozen children's all linen handkerchiefs, hemstitched, 5c each.

Children's corset waists, 27c each.

CHEMISETTS,

PLAIN, 25C.; TUCKED, 30 AND 50 C.; ROLLING COLLAR, 85C.

PARASOLS.

FANCY STRIPES IN ALL THE THE NEW COLORINGS FOR $1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 2.90, 3.75, 3.40, 3.95, 4.25 and 4.95. MOURNING PARASOLS FOR $2.25, 2.40, 3.00, 3.50, 3.75 and 4.00.

FINE SILK SUN UMBRELLAS, NATURAL STICK FOR $2.00, 2.75, 3.19 AND 3.95.

SUN UMBRELLAS, FANCY SILVER HANDLES FOR $1.65, 2.00, 2.35 AND 2.50.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

DONT BE WITHOUT A

Gasoline Stove.

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8

Lawn settees, $1.25. Screen Doors, $1.30. Window Screens, adjustable, 40c, 45c, 50c. Ice cream freezer, 4 qt, $2.45. Refrigerators, $6. Gasoline (5 gals) 75.

Pierson Hardware Co.

42 West Front street. Telephone 126.

VALUABLE

Building Lots at Auction.

T. J. Gillen, Auc'r, will sell at 2 o'clock P.M. on the premises, on (Front st.) North ave., near Evans station, 18 Building Lots, situated on North, Mariners and Dunellen avenues, on

FRIDAY, MAY 30.

2 lots fronting on North avenue, 65 ft. 6 inches by 150 ft. deep; 12 lots on Mariners avenue, 2—50x125 ft., 4—50x110ft.; 4 lots on Dunellen ave., 3—65 ft. 6 inches by 150 ft., 9—50 ft by 125.

These lots are located within 300 yards of Evans station, in the midst of good improvements, and are deserving the attention of any person seeking a home location, or for an investment, as they offer by their situation every inducement, and will be sold free and clear of all incumbrance, and on easy terms. Particulars made known on day of sale.

GEORGE M. PHILLIPS,
West Front street, Evans.

26-4

Want the Room!!

Having to carry the largest and most varied stock of groceries in the city to meet the requirements of our enormous trade: We have decided to offer special inducements to wholesale buyers of original packages.

Sugar delivered free at New York reduces prices.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

CALL AND GET PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Wholesale and Retail Cash Grocery,

20 W. FRONT STREET.

Business hours from 8.45 a. m. till 9 p. m.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 42 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

Friday, May 30th,

IMMENSE and INTENSE!

Minstrel and Vaudeville Combination of the

Hudson County Wheelmen

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

THE PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB.

Solos, Quartets, Choruses, Cartestanza, Ventriloquism, Guiety skirt dance

ORCHESTRA FROM METROPOLITAN THEATRE.

Nothing like it in Plainfield before—nor since.

Reserved seats for sale on and after Monday at Randolph's and at The Moy Pharmacy.

23-5

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

Special Sale

FOR TWO DAYS ONLY,

Wednesday and Thursday,

MAY 28th and 29th,

Sherman & Becker,

72 PARK AVENUE.

Ladies' and Children's Muslin Underwear, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

Also in MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, Miss C. D. Squier will sell trimmed and untrimmed hats, flowers, etc, as specialties for DECORATION DAY.

27-5

The Ladies of the Aid Society of the M. E. Church will give a

Strawberry Festival

IN VINCENT CHAPEL,

THURSDAY EVENING,

Friday Afternoon and Evening,

May 29 and 30.

FANCY ARTICLES WILL BE ON SALE.

ADMISSION 10 CENTS.

26-5

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. BOX L. TELEPHONE CALL 45.

The Farmers.

It is not at all impossible that the most organized body to cut a figure in our national politics will be the farmers. The terrible industrial depression among them the past few years has driven them to measures of self helpfulness. There are now not a dozen different organizations of farmers in various parts of the country, the principal ones being the Farmers' Alliance and the Farmers' Mutual Benefit association. In the west and south the farmers' societies are most numerous and popular.

In Nebraska, Kansas, Illinois and Indiana the farmers are showing great activity politically, having in several instances nominated their own candidates for congress. There are gentlemen just now who love agricultural life so intensely that they would even accept the nomination for governor of a state at the hands of the farmers. In Alabama the Farmers' Alliance is running its own candidate for governor, R. S. Kolb, and this fact is said to portend peril to the democratic party of that state.

In Indiana, in Martin county alone, the Farmers' Alliance numbers 1,500 members. At Loogootee the Alliance has a contract store. In Indiana the various farmers' societies propose to consolidate into one compact body of 100,000 members. A hundred thousand voters hanging solidly together and working vigorously could control any election in any state of the Union. In Nebraska the Farmers' Alliance numbers 44,500. Of these, however, 6 per cent. are women, who do not count politically.

In Illinois the Farmers' Mutual Benefit association has nearly 100,000 members. Its president is C. J. Lindly, a young lawyer, who runs a 600 acre farm. The F. M. B. A. distinctly disclaims any connection with politics, but somehow it is rather expected that next winter's legislature in Illinois will contain a considerable sprinkling of men who "will consider their allegiance to the farmers and laborers in matters of legislation as paramount to party fealty."

The declaration of purpose of the Farmers' Alliance is a document to be commended to gentlemen with political aspirations. It is as follows:

> Declaration of Purposes.—Profoundly impressed that the Farmers' Alliance, united by the strong and faithful ties of financial and home interests, should set forth our declarations of intentions, we declare:
>
> To strive to secure the establishment of right and justice to ourselves and our posterity.
>
> To labor for the education of the agricultural classes in the science of economical government in a strictly non-partisan spirit.
>
> To endorse the motto, "In things essential, unity; in all things, charity."
>
> To secure purity of the elective franchise and its honest exercise; to intelligently exercise it for the enactment and execution of laws which will express the most advanced public sentiment upon all questions involving the interests of laborers and farmers.
>
> To develop a better state, mentally, morally, socially and financially.
>
> To constantly strive to secure entire harmony and good will among all mankind, that we may better love among ourselves.
>
> To suppress the usual, local, sectional and national prejudices; all unbecoming rivalry and all selfish ambition.
>
> To encourage the sufferings of a brother and sister, bury the dead, care for the widows and educate the orphans; to exercise charity toward the friendless.
>
> To counsel words and purposes in their most favorable light, granting honesty of purpose and good intentions to others, and to protect the principles of the Alliance unto death.

The corresponding secretary of a Farmers' Alliance lodge near Steubenville, O., sent ex-President Cleveland a copy of the declaration. Mr. Cleveland returned a reply at some length, from which the following is a paragraph:

> Struggle as they may, our farmers must continue to be purchasers and consumers of numberless things manufactured to our self neglect. Surely they have the right to say that this cost shall not be increased for the purpose of collecting unnecessary revenue, for the advantage or vantage to domestic manufacturers. The plea that our infant industries need the protection which these impositions give the farmer and consumer is, in view of our natural advantages and the skill and ingenuity of our people, a hollow pretext.

The United States is not the only country in which race prejudice rears its head. It is as bad in Europe, and there between white races. The hatred of Jews is so intense in Russia, Austria and Prussia that it is subject to periodical outbreaks. In the upper house of the Prussian landtag a resolution has actually been passed that has for its humane and enlightened object the exclusion of Jewish pupils from the higher grades of schools. The mover of the measure said that the large number of Jewish pupils in these schools was a social danger. How he made that out is not clear, since higher education is not usually a source of danger of any kind. But the motion was a fine tribute to the intellectual power of the Jew. It is just so in America. Jewish boys and girls are always among the brightest ornaments of our higher schools, but here we do not grudge it to them. On the contrary we count brilliant scholars we can have in the country the better we shall like it. Good scholars make good citizens.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—In the house Mr. Burrows (Mich.) was elected speaker pro tem. On motion of Mr. McKinley senate bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Canton, O., at a cost of $100,000. On motion of Mr. Davidson (Fla.) senate bill was passed increasing to $275,000 the limit of the cost of the public building at Jacksonville, Fla.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Senator Carlisle Takes the Oath of Office.

THE TARIFF BILL IN THE SENATE.

Important Instructions to the Finance Committee Concerning the Measure.

The Navy Bill Passed—The Senate Votes for the Three Battle Ships.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The senate devoted almost the entire day to debating the provision in the naval appropriation bill for three battle ships. Immediately after the reading of the journal the oath of office was administered to Mr. Carlisle as senator from Kentucky for Mr. Beck's unexpired term. Mr. Plumb offered a resolution instructing the finance committee to prepare and report, in connection with the tariff bill, a statement showing the duties levied under the existing law, the duties as they would be under the house bill and the duties under the bill to be reported by the committee, such duties to be stated in parallel columns, and especially if the committee should recommend new duties or the increase of the existing duties to state the reasons in each case for such addition or increase.

Senator Sherman's Amendment.

In the course of the discussion Senator Sherman suggested the difficulties or the impossibility of the committee on finance giving the reasons for its recommendation in each case of the 3,000 items in the bill. He moved to strike out of the resolution the words "in each case." Mr. Plumb opposed Mr. Sherman's amendment.

The Cedar Keys Trouble.

Mr. Reagan moved to amend the resolution so as to require the report of compound duties—specific and ad valorem) a column showing the equivalent ad valorem amount of the duty. Mr. Allison moved to amend Mr. Reagan's amendment by striking out the words "where practicable." Mr. Reagan's amendment thus modified was agreed to. The resolution was further amended (on motion of Mr. Sawley) by making it apply also to reductions of duties and, as thus amended it was agreed to. The resolutions heretofore offered by Mr. Call calling for information as to the landing of an armed force from the revenue cutter McLane at Cedar Keys, Fla., was taken up, modified and agreed to.

For Three Heavily Armed Battle Ships.

The senate then resumed consideration of the navy bill, the pending question being on Mr. Cockrell's amendment to strike out the provision for construction of three heavily armored battle ships at a cost of $4,040,000 each. Mr. Cockrell quoted a remark of Mr. Hale's in the discussion on Saturday to the effect that all that was sought in that provision was to begin; that it was only a beginning; that it was not intended to stop with that. He also quoted a report of the naval policy board, which declared that the United States "must maintain a navy at least in strength to that of its most powerful navy in the world." Mr. Hale said that it would be difficult to find a senator or a responsible official who indorsed the report of the policy board. The report had not been accepted by the secretary of the navy as laying out his policy. The long line of plans laid out by that board was hindering the legitimate progress of building up a respectable navy.

Mr. Cockrell then quoted from the report of the secretary of the navy recommending the construction of seventeen battle ships, twelve coast defenders and twenty-nine unarmored vessels at a cost of about $135,000,000. The report of the board, he said, was in accord with recommendations of the army board for an expenditure of $125,000,000 for fortifications to terrorize other nations instead of setting an example of peaceful arbitration to the world. Mr. Cockrell thought the construction of battle ships based on old ideas was unwise in view of the inventions in submarine destroyers.

Mr. Butler opposed the amendment, saying that as a navy man he was not in his power to vote for eight battle ships instead of three.

Mr. Blair's Odd Proposition.

Mr. Blair moved to insert in the provision for the three battle ships the following: "But this provision shall not be available until the government of Great Britain shall have been requested by the president to withdraw all her naval forces from American waters, and to dismantle her naval stations in North and South America and in adjacent islands, and shall have declined or shall have neglected for one year so to do." Mr. Blair said that if this were not adopted the United States would have to be prepared to repel force on the sea. He said a large proportion of the British parliament favored arbitration, and why not ask, should they not favor disarmamament?

To Arm or to Disarm?

Mr. Hawley said that there was evidently some time in the history of the world when in very shame for the sake of manhood and decency and patriotism, for the sake of God and country, a people must fight. And those were the days that lifted people out of their sensuality, out of their worships of the almighty dollar. He was in favor of peace, but a proposition from a nation already disarmed to Great Britain to disarm was simply ludicrous.

The Three Battle Ships Remain.

Mr. Blair's amendment was then rejected and Mr. Cockrell's amendment to strike out the provision for three battle ships was also rejected—yeas 18, nays 33, as follows: Yeas—Messrs. Bate, Berry, Blair, Carlisle, Cockrell, Coke, Dolph, Ingalls, Jones (Ark.), Moody, Pettigrew, Plumb, Pugh, Vest, Voorhees, Waithall, Wilson (Md.), Wilson (Mo.)—18. Nays—Messrs. Aldrich, Allen, Allison, Barbour, Butler, Call, Cameron, Cullom, Dawes, Dixon, Edmunds, Evarts, Farwell, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hampton, Hawley, Hiscock, Hoar, Paddock, Pasco, Payne, Pierce, Platt, Power, Sanders, Sawyer, Spooner, Squire, Stewart, Stockbridge—33.

The Bill Passed.

On motion of Mr. Butler an item was inserted appropriating $200,000 for a dry dock at Port Royal, S. C., the whole cost not to exceed $500,000. The bill was then passed. Mr. Mitchell offered a resolution (which was agreed to) instructing the committee on pensions to report an amendment to the pension laws so as to provide in a more liberal manner for the widows, minor children and dependent relatives of deceased soldiers.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—

New York	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: New York, 8; Chicago, 11. Errors: New York, 2; Chicago, 1. Batteries: Russell and Ewing, Hutchinson and Ragan. Attendance, 281.

At Boston—

Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2

Base hits: Boston, 9; Cincinnati, 8. Errors: Boston, 5; Cincinnati, 4. Batteries: Getzein and Sullivan, Rhines and Harrington. Attendance, 400.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Vickery and Clements; Jones and Berger. Called on account of rain. Attendance, 300.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	3	4	0	8
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 10; Cleveland, 11. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Cleveland, 5. Batteries: Foutz and Daly, Wedeworth and Zimmer. Attendance, 178.

Players' League.

At Boston—

Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Boston, 11; Chicago, 10. Errors: Boston, 11; Chicago, 10. Batteries: Radbourne and Kelley, Baldwin and Farrell. Attendance, 1,600.

At New York—

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2

Base hits: New York, 10; Cleveland, 13. Errors: New York, 6; Cleveland, 4. Batteries: Ewing and Ewing, Bakely and Sutcliffe. Attendance, 288.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Philadelphia, 6; Buffalo, 5. Errors: Philadelphia, 0; Buffalo, 2. Batteries: Knell and Schriver, Crane and Buffinton. Called on account of rain. Attendance, 1,068.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	7—8
Pittsburg	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	0—7

Base hits: Brooklyn, 18; Pittsburg, 11. Errors, Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburg, 5. Batteries: Hughey and Kinslow, Galvin and Carroll. Attendance, 197.

American Association.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	3	0	1	5	0	0	1	0—10
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 11; Columbus, 7. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Mattimore, Terry and Stevens, Cunningham and O'Connor.

All other games postponed.

WORLD'S FAIR OFFICIALS.

The President Has Appointed the Commissioners-at-Large.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The president has made public the names of the commissioners-at-large for the World's fair as follows:

Augustus Bullock, Massachusetts; alternate, Henry Ingalls, Maine.

Thomas W. Palmer, Michigan; alternate, James Oliver, Indiana.

R. C. Kerens, Missouri; alternate, R. W. Furness, Nebraska.

Edward H. Amidon, New York; alternate, Gorton W. Allen, New York.

Peter A. B. Widener, Pennsylvania; alternate, John W. Chalfant, Pennsylvania.

Samuel W. Inman, Georgia; alternate, William Lindsay, Kentucky.

Henry Exall, Texas; alternate, Henry L. King, Texas.

Mark L. McDonald, California; alternate, Thomas Hume, state of Washington.

For the District of Columbia—A. T. Britton and E. Kurtz Johnson, commissioners; Alfred A. Wilson and Dorsey Claggett, alternates.

The president also signed the commissions of the various state commissioners recently appointed by the governors of the states and territories.

To Investigate the "Hammer Blow."

WASHINGTON, May 27.—William E. Lockwood, of Philadelphia, appeared before the house committee on railways and canals and made an argument in favor of a bill appropriating $50,000 "to determine the quantity of the so called hammer blow of a locomotive driving wheel." A joint committee of Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, and the Railway Master Mechanics' association has asked that the money be appropriated. A sub-committee consisting of Dorsey, McCormick, Payne and Lester (Ga.) was appointed to investigate the matter. A Shaw engine improved in such a manner that the force of the hammer blow of the locomotive that is claimed, was reduced to almost nothing, will be run from Washington to Baltimore for the benefit of the committee house sub-committee. It is claimed for this engine that it loses no energy in its progress and does not jolt or spread the rails and retains a firm hold on the tracks.

The Erie Canal Break.

UTICA, N. Y., May 27.—The break in the Erie canal at Whitesboro is seventy-six feet wide at the top and fifty at the bottom and fifteen feet deep. To-day Central tracks great damage was done. The wrecked engine lies in a bank of sand ten feet below the road bed and is almost entirely covered by it. Two freight cars were entirely wrecked. One track has been repaired. It is thought that the amount of damages will reach $300,000. Work on the break will be pushed rapidly, and it is thought that boats will be running by Sunday.

Amalgamated Association's Convention.

PITTSBURG, May 27.—One week from today the Amalgamated association will begin its annual convention here. About 400 delegates will be present. Next Friday the wage committee will hold a meeting to prepare a basis for the scale for next year. All the lodges have handed in their suggestions. The puddlers will undoubtedly ask for an advance of fifty cents per ton.

Gen. Sherman Will Attend.

PORTLAND, Me., May 27.—Gen. W. T. Sherman has accepted an invitation to be present at a reunion of the Army of the Potomac to be held here July 4. He will come, he says, in his private capacity and declines to be the guest of the city or of any private family; that he simply wants a room at a hotel where he may receive his friends.

Burglars with a Sledge Hammer.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 27.—Burglars entered the office of Henry Lamb & Sons, butchers, some time between Saturday and Sunday night, and breaking into the safe with a sledge hammer and blacksmith's punch, secured $1,200 in cash and valuable papers. No clew has yet been secured as to who committed the robbery.

Dort Must Remain Out.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—The state supreme court has decided against Arthur Burt, who sought to recover membership in the Union League club of this city, from which he was expelled for disorderly conduct in 1883. He has fought the case in the courts ever since.

That Accident to the Emperor.

BERLIN, May 27.—The emperor's injured foot is much swollen and his physicians have ordered him to remain quiet in his room for ten days.

CRASHED INTO THE BERG

The Steamer Thingvalla's Narrow Escape at Sea.

SHE RAN INTO AN ICE MOUNTAIN.

Her Cutwater Was Knocked Off and Her Bows were Badly Smashed in the Collision—Tons of Ice Came Aboard—Surrounded by Many Icebergs.

NEW YORK, May 27.—With her stem and cutwater smashed off and her stout iron bows crushed in, the Thingvalla line steamship Thingvalla came into this port yesterday from Copenhagen. She brought seven cabin, twenty-four intermediate and 455 steerage passengers, and they all had occasion to be thankful that they were again safe on land instead of at the bottom of the ocean, a fate the steamer, with all on board, narrowly escaped. The Thingvalla left Copenhagen on May 6. Like all Danish steamers, the Thingvalla took as direct a course as possible for New York. This led her right through the dangerous iceberg region.

She Ran Into an Iceberg.

At 8 o'clock in the morning of May 19, when 400 miles east of St. Johns, N. F., she ran head on into an iceberg or floe over 1,000 feet square, and standing twenty-five feet or more out of the water. There was hardly any sea and the impending danger, for the lookout, Peter Andreas Jorgensen, only saw the berg just before the vessel crashed into it. The Thingvalla ran full speed ahead, but had the ordinary lights out. The weather was hazy. The captain was aroused by the shock of the collision and rushed on deck. Lookout Jorgensen said he saw the berg possibly four minutes before the vessel struck. Second Officer Jorgensen, who had been forward on the lookout, saw the huge, dark mass of ice at the same time, and hardly had the lookout's warning sounded before the second officer gave the order to reverse the engines and go full speed astern.

Twenty Tons Tumbled Aboard.

The Thingvalla was slightly to the left of the center of the big floe, and the order to starboard the wheel was given too late. The steamer's engines had stopped and begun to back when she was struck, and this, with the fact that her bows ran under an overhanging ledge of ice, saved her from being sent to the bottom. But the sides of the berg been perpendicular the bows of the Thingvalla would probably have been crushed down to her keelson. As it was she ran fairly against the icy mass, and Capt. Laub reached the deck just in time to see about twenty tons of huge ice block tumble on the steamer's forward turtleback.

He Slept Through It All.

Many of the passengers were thrown out of their berths by the shock, and they began to rush on deck by scores to learn the cause. The captain and officers soon reassured the passengers, and the majority went back to their berths. A few hysterical ones remained on deck, but both officers and passengers declare there was at no time a panic on board. One man, a cabin passenger, slept soundly until 7 o'clock, and he was very much astonished to know that a collision had occurred. After the collision the Thingvalla backed off a quarter of a mile and lay to. She was in latitude 47 degs. 10 min., longitude 42 degs. 30 min., and six big bergs were in sight. She was badly injured.

On examining his vessel Capt. Laub found that she was taking in no water below decks, although her bows, on a level with the top of the turtleback, were crushed inboard a distance of five feet. The cutwater and stem were both smashed, while the plates of the bows on each side of the stem were smashed down to within two feet of the water line. Sixteen plates were broken in, and in the forward cabin, barrels of water came in through the hole in her bows and flooded the forecastle. A stout bulkhead of planks was built between the forecastle and the break in the bows, and then Capt. Laub had about fifty barrels of cement put into the hole, completely filling the space between it and the shored up planking. This stopped the water from slopping over into the forecastle.

He Sank the Geiser.

Capt. Laub commanded the Thingvalla in August, 1888, when she ran into and sank the Geiser of the same line. A large number of the Geiser's passengers were lost. A hole extending back twenty-four feet was knocked in the Thingvalla's bow on the water line in the collision and her captain, after making heroic efforts to keep the passengers of the Geiser steamed backward into Halifax, using a schooner attached by hawsers, for a rudder.

Blue and Gray Together.

VICKSBURG, Miss., May 27.—The blue and gray reunion was opened here at noon by a national salute by Warren light artillery from the court house grounds and by the chimes of St. Paul's church bell, which played many national airs. A second salute welcomed the arrival of Gen. S. D. Lee. Among the other notables present are Governor Stone and Past Commander-in-Chief Kounts, of the G. A. R., of Toledo, O. The streets are filled with visitors, and nothing could exceed the cordiality existing between the visitors of both armies.

Speaker Reed's Mother Buried.

PORTLAND, Me., May 27.—The funeral of Mrs. Matilda Prince Reed, mother of Speaker Reed, took place from the residence of her only daughter, Mrs. Elisha W. Connelly, in this city Monday. Rev. Henry A. Neally, bishop of the diocese of Maine, officiated. The floral offerings were many and beautiful. The attendance was confined to Mrs. Reed's old friends and a few intimates of the family. The interment was in Speaker Reed's lot at Evergreen cemetery.

The Bank Still Closed.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., May 27.—The Owego National bank remains closed. C. A. Monroe, the cashier, was expected on Saturday, reached here Monday morning, accompanied by his wife, his son and Col. W. E. Dorwin, one of the bank's directors. The opinion still prevails that a satisfactory settlement of the affairs of the bank will be reached. The result of the meeting of the board of directors, held Monday morning, has not been made public.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner will open a Boarding School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons, terms, address MISS. ALBERT. P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN. Taught by Mesars. Louis Viroux and Creditner of Berlin School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield Riding School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 23rd street.

M. P. L. CONDE, Plainfield. 13 years student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solo concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 596. 4-9-1y

MISS A. S. BELLWIS, Late pupil of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best pupil graduating in that year, gives lessons, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Bellwis, No. 24 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Those having either of her pupils at their residence, desiring terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1503.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON, Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. K. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Has opened an office at 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 45. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 189 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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OSCAR S. TRALLE, 261 and 263 Broadway, New York city, rooms 29 and 33, Importers and Traders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Laubach's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 22 West Front street.

A Pebble Murdered.

ROSENDOUT, N. Y., May 27.—A man has been found murdered near Wurtsboro, Sullivan county, there being a bullet hole in the back of the head. He is believed to be Samuel Hoto, a Russian Jew, who has made his home with his cousin here during the past two years. Hoto is a pack peddler and came to this country two years ago, leaving a wife and two children in Russia. He was about 35 years old. He left here on a trip through the surrounding country about six weeks ago. A postoffice receipt for a registered letter sent to his wife on April 14 was found in his pocket. He is said to have relatives in New York city.

Newfoundland Is Mad.

LONDON, May 27.—Lord Knuteford, colonial secretary, has received an address to the queen, couched in angry terms, from the Newfoundland legislature. The address protests against the aggression of the French; declines to consent to the arbitration of the lobster dispute; demands the removal of all lobster curing establishments, the stoppage of all fishing privileges and the abolition of all bounties. If the government refuses to accede to these demands the address threatens that the Newfoundland authorities will apply measures of its own to obtain the redress sought.

BUGS! BUGS! and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using Peroxide Silicate, non poisonious to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

BOYS SAVE YOUR Pennies & Nickels, AND BUY A *LITTLE GIANT*

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE FOR $25.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

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STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A 1 SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE LARPET STRETCHER

THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19
12 " " "

THE COMMITTEE CHOSEN

Men Who Will Revise the Confession of Faith.

WOMAN'S SPHERE IN THE CHURCH

Many of the Presbyterians Do Not Favor the Deaconess Idea—The Next Assembly Will Be Held at Detroit, Mich.—The Board of Publication Reports.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 27.—At the Presbyterian assembly resolutions were passed favoring the circulation of the Bible in the state excluding the Bible from the public schools and calling upon the people of the church to see that it shall be restored "to its true place in our system of education." The Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby objected to the paper, thus starting discussion on publication. All the departments of the board have been prosperous. The business department closed the year with net profits of $18,924, which enabled it to pay over to the missionary fund $11,-000. Although the sales of books and tracts were greater than those of last year, the sales of periodicals increased. Resolutions were passed stating that the board, as one of the most important agents of home evangelization, should be liberally supported, and providing that the board make immediate provision for the advisability of publishing in the German, Spanish and Scandinavian languages such Sabbath school books and papers as may supply a want in Presbyterian schools.

The Investigating Committee.

The names of the committee appointed to make an investigation into the foundation of the two reports, almost diametrically opposed in spirit and statement of facts, that were submitted by the special committee and the business committee of the board of publication, are as follows: Alfred H. Kellogg, Rochester; Elias Monsfort, of Cincinnati; A. D. F. Randolph, New York; George S. Draper, St. Louis; Reuben S. Smith, Cleveland; W. C. Martin, New York; W. A. Brodie, Rochester.

One Presbytery for All Races.

The report of the committee on freedmen as to allowing colored presbyteries to appeal directly to the other boards was against the request. The report was taken up. Dr. Booth was opposed to discrimination and thought one presbytery was as good as another. To place the colored presbyteries in a separate category was unfair, and while he was desirous manhood of colored people was impugned and they could not feel at home in the Presbyterian church. He moved that their request be granted. The vote was taken on Dr. Booth's amendment and the call of division settled it in the affirmative. The vote stood 130 to 125 and was taken amid considerable excitement. The motion to adopt the report was carried, the vote being 179 to 125.

The Deaconess Question.

The report on deaconesses was taken from the docket. Dr. Ward said he thought woman who serve the church should have ecclesiastical recognition. Dr. Parks said the women were not asking for the office, and Dr. Ward said that meant that the women would not accept it. Rev. Warren, of California, quoted adverse action of previous assemblies and said that women were not in the Scriptures for the office. Rev. Bonner liked the spirit of the report and the desire to recognize the women officially. Dr. Crosby held that the New Testament recognized deaconesses. Dr. Van Dyke was surprised to see such a revolution any movement emanate from where it did. He did not think there was Scriptural authority, and," said he, "we have enough on hand in the revision business without undertaking other questions." The recommendation to send down overtures was adopted, after Dr. Moore had amended that the deaconesses be simply set apart by prayer.

The Committee on Revision

The nominating committee announced the committee on revision as follows:

Sydney Mother-ton, D. D., New York; Lyman Thomas H. Hastings, Union; M. B. Riddle, Allegheny; W. J. Boucher, Auburn; E. D. Morris, Lane; Herrick Johnson, McCormick; William Alexander, San Francisco.

College presidents—Francis L. Patton, Princeton; William C. Roberts, Lake Forest.

Pastors—W. E. Moore, Columbus, O. moderator of assembly; H. J. Van Dyke, Brooklyn; Ebenezer Erskine Chamberlayne, Pa.; J. T. Leftwich, Baltimore, Md.; J. C. Nicols, St. Louis, Mo.; E. R. Burbanker, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

Elders—Ex-Justice William Strong, Washington; ex-Senator J. R. McMillin, St. Paul, Minn.; Judge Alfred Hand, Scranton, Pa.; Robert Patterson, Chicago; Judge Henry B. Saylor, Lexington, Ind.; Whitaker S. Gilman, New York; Isaac Wayne Jr., Philadelphia, Pa.; Thomas Bent, Covington, Ky.; George Junkin, Philadelphia; Charles B. Chandey, Chicago.

They Will Do the Work.

This is the committee to which will do the actual work of revising the confession and will report to the assembly of 1891. The committee, as named, was accepted by the assembly by unanimous vote. Detroit was selected as the place of next meeting. The following committee on co-operation of churches was announced: Drs. Howard Crosby, Charles A. Thompson and Elders Warner, Van Norden, John C. Kennedy and John E. Parsons. The following committee was appointed on a centennial creed: Drs. William E. E. Moore, William H. Roberts, Howard Crosby, John Dewitt, Francis Brown, R. B. Warfield, and Elders E. P. Durant, Henry Day and Robert V. Wilson.

The Democrats Will Retort.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 27.—The Democratic leaders among members declared that the house shall not organize until the senate has done so, and that if the senate unseats any Democrats the house shall unseat an equal number of Republicans from the same states. There were about thirteen absentees, who will not be bound by the caucus action. The Republican senators held a caucus and nominated legislative officers.

Who Is He?

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 27.—The body of a man apparently 35 years of age has been found in the river at Charlotte, badly decomposed. There was no clothing on the body except one shoe and sock, and a gold ring on one finger bears the inscription in German, "In remembrance of my grand parents," also the initials "J. T." or "J. F."

Over a Dam to Death.

LONDON, Ont., May 27.—A boat containing four persons was swept over the water works dam last evening, throwing its occupants into the water. Two of them, Adam Johnson and Miss Ida Doherty, a well known young society lady, were drowned. The other two were saved by assistance from the shore.

Five Killed by Lightning.

BERLIN, May 27.—By the falling of a bolt of lightning upon a house at Supplinger five persons were killed

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Damon Coats, a well known attorney of Syracuse, N. Y., died May 26, aged 78 years.

E. F. Crane has been appointed postmaster at Cascade, Cayuga county, N. Y.

President Harrison commuted the death sentence of Lewis Williams, a colored boy of Washington, who was to have been hanged May 30, to imprisonment for life in the Albany penitentiary.

The Police Gazette has received a cablegram from London stating that in reply to Slavin's challenge to fight Mitchell the latter offers to match an unknown against Slavin. The unknown is said to be Kilrain.

The Hodgman Rubber factory at Mount Vernon, N. Y., was burned, with machinery and stock of crude and manufactured goods. Loss, $80,000; partially insured. About 300 employes, mostly girls, are thrown out of work.

Weber's Piano factory, in West Forty-third street, New York, was burned. Loss $125,000; insurance, $80,000.

Sixty-eight indictments against election officials were found by the Hudson county (N. J.) grand jury.

Mrs. Flack will receive $25 a week all money from the ex-sheriff.

Frank L. Jamison, a well known African traveler and author, and a half brother of D. Willis James, of the firm of Phelps Dodge & Co., of New York, was killed near the Gaboon river in Africa, on April 21, by a wounded elephant. Mr. James' body was pierced in front by the tusk of the enraged elephant.

The ship Cheribs was wrecked in Behring's sea and seventy-seven Chinese were drowned.

Robert Hardie, a prominent Los Angeles (Cal.) lawyer, was killed in the Cherichahua mountains by hostile Apaches. His companion, Dr. Haynes, had a horse shot under him, and when he saw that Hardie was dead he leaped on his friend's horse and fled. The two men were ambushed by the Indians while out on a pleasure trip.

Judge Ewing, of Pittsburg, has thus expressed himself concerning the recent octogonal package decision: "I regard that decision as the entering wedge that will eventually destroy the liberties of the people. I have observed that the United States supreme court have frequently made wrong decisions in such cases and have been compelled by popular uprisings of the people to change them."

The suit of W. K. Freeman against the United States Electric Light company, for alleged breach of contract, has been thrown out of court.

Walter E. Rex has resigned the presidency of the Merchants' Trust company. He was a trustee of the suspended American Life Insurance company and the publicity given his private affairs in connection with that concern is given as the reason for his retiring from the presidency of the trust company.

Emanuel K. Bogert, deputy postmaster at Wilkesbarre, Pa., has been arrested charged with defrauding the government by using canceled postage stamps.

Gen. Booth has requested the directors of the Crystal Palace, London, to cover the nude statues on the occasion of the coming visit of the Salvation Army.

The Farrelly building, of Morristown, N. J., owned by Patrick Farrelly, president of the American News company, was burned at a loss of $150,000.

During a severe thunder storm near Mansfield, O., the lightning struck the Cherles block in the village of Lucas. The block was consumed and fifty pounds of dynamite stored in the building exploded, killing two men and wounding many others.

White Caps disfigured Miss Anna Fischer and shot her intended husband, at Erie, Pa., and warned the lady's father to leave the country.

The body of a girl named Hunter was found near Altenbury, England, mutilated in the manner of "Jack the Ripper's" victims.

They Called on the President.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The twenty-fourth annual convention of the American branch of the Universal Peace union has opened here with Alfred H. Love, of Philadelphia, in the chair. Addresses were delivered by Mr. Love and several leading clergymen, expressing bright prophecies for the future good work of the union. A letter from President Harrison was read expressing the wish that he might attend their meetings and inviting the members to call on him. Letters expressing sympathy with the objects of the union were also read from the members of the cabinet, Senators Sherman, Colquitt and Stanford, and from Cardinal Gibbons. At 1 p. m. the members called at the White House and paid their respects to the president.

Gould Has Not Resigned.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Reports were current yesterday afternoon that George J. Gould had resigned the office of president of the Pacific Mail Steamship company and had been succeeded by Thomas H. Hous-ton, and that Calvin S. Brice and Samuel S. Thomas had been elected directors of the company. Upon inquiry officers of the company stated last night that there was no truth in the rumors, but it was started by parties identified with recent buying of the stock and by them were only paramount. It is understood that the names will appear on the Hart ticket at the next annual meeting on Wednesday, when a lively contest for control is expected.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset sts.

Special Notices.

MANICURE.

DR. R. BARRERA, G., will be in town for a few days and is prepared to treat the hands and nails of those who desire, in a thoroughly scientific manner, at moderate rates. Those desiring treatment may communicate with him at 187 Park avenue. 22-1w

CLAIRVOYANT.

Will be in this city until Wednesday morning, June 4. Will leave that day without fail. The last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the Clay House, room 4, 2d flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of second sight and with it veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 21-1w

STANLEY HITS BACK.

He Replies to Some of Lord Salisbury's Comments.

LONDON, May 27.—There appears in The Times a lengthy and sarcastic letter from Mr. Stanley, in which the explorer replies to comments recently passed upon him by Prime Minister Salisbury. Mr. Stanley declares that he has any other than a purely sentimental interest in the African continent. He says, however, that on ascertaining that a large number of his friends have invested their funds in an African scheme, the charter of which is not worth a counterfeit sixpence, unless the conditions of the compact with Germany are inflexibly maintained, and all indications of evidence the government's willingness to assist Germans rather than Englishmen, he has advised his friends to locate their territorial limits in Africa.

He says he seeks no quarrel with either England Germany, and boldly adds that if the demands of Germany are to be considered, no country would be practiced by making over to that country as a free gift the entire British African sphere. In that event British investors might recover as many shillings as they had been so credulously victimized out of pounds. Mr. Stanley then asserts that the German sphere is the most valuable in Africa, and concludes by saying: "Still their cry is, 'Give, give.' If you think they are better adapted than English to civilize the African, do not hold back half heartedly. Yield all, including Egypt! Never a word of protest shall you hear from me.

"Excessive amiability may become an infirmity, and the infirmity of negligence, like other diseases, grows till it ends in chronic senility."

A DESPERADO KILLED.

Torn from His Wife's Side and Riddled with Bullets.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 27.—John Starling, living near Selma, in Johnston county, was surrounded by a party of masked men while on his way home, tied to a tree and shot to death, twenty bullets being put into his body. He had made some threats against a peaceable citizen and was returning home from a magistrate's trial where he had been to answer to a summons of a peace warrant. His wife was in the wagon with him. The mob threw a rope over his head, dragged him out and carried him far enough into the woods to prevent her from seeing an eye witness to his fate. Some time ago an old lady named Cenia Brown and her grandson were fully murdered in Johnston county. Mrs. Brown was Starling's mother-in-law, and there was a well founded suspicion that Starling murdered her to get possession of her property through his wife.

He was tried on the charge of murder, but Starling had so terrorized the community that it was impossible to get any one to testify against him and he was acquitted for want of evidence. Later on the houses of two people who made themselves conspicuous in the trial against him were burned, while people of the community thought this was Starlings work of vengeance. They determined to submit to him no longer and Phillis lifeless body tied to a tree near his house as related.

Shot by a Policeman.

MADISON, Ind., May 27.—James Hinds, a policeman, shot and fatally wounded C. Antle, on Monday. Antle has been paying attention to Hinds' daughter for some time against the wishes of her father. He is an ex-convict and it was thought by some that Hinds would not accept it. Rev. Warren, of California, quoted adverse action of previous assemblies and said that women were not in the Scriptures for the office. Rev. Bonner liked the spirit of the report and the desire to recognize the women officially. Dr. Crosby held that the New Testament recognized deaconesses. Dr. Van Dyke was surprised to see such a revolution any movement emanate from where it did. He did not think there was Scriptural authority, and," said he, "we have enough on hand in the revision business without undertaking other questions."

Editors Plead Not Guilty.

NEW YORK, May 27.—John A. Cockerell, editor of the Sun, managing editor and James F. Graham, city editor of The World, who were indicted by the grand jury for criminally libeling ex-Judge Hilton, pleaded not guilty to the indictments with leave to withdraw their plea in ten days.

Lancaster Will Drop Out.

LANCASTER, Pa., May 27.—The Lancaster Baseball club has decided to drop out of the Interstate league after the present week. The home patronage has been very poor.

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL 6. 13 E. FRONT ST

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NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

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Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 211

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1487.

Upper Lehigh and other coals on hand.

JOE COT

You kin chirp all ye yer chins an' yer miles o' brown stra frunks,
An' yer smarties, an' yer sophums, an' yer other plainsee brutes;
Yer bottle fed an' mass cuts an' steam b'lers white'ns, an' rats;
But them's the things wot never suits yer homely Uncle Bill!

Yer brown sins frunts looks pert enuff an' solid like an' clean,
But ain't nothin to a farm house sau'tin' white amongst the green;
An' yer bunted ole society's a pack o' lies, b'gosh!
Worser'n patent med'cine cir'lars or Doc Wiggins' weather book!

An' knowin' as her time has come to help all things rejoice,
The ole cow in the clover fiel' lifts up her good ole voice,
An' the west libs the peaceful lambs begins to skip an' romp,
While the bullfrog gargles out his throat 'way back ther in the swamp.

The time I allus feel the milksoupum's come to pass
Is after supper's over an' I'm settin' on the grass
A-lis'nin' to the chorrup o' the birds among the trees
A-twitterin' sweeter sounds 'an Miss Patty to the breeze,

Wot comes sobbin' through the branches fer to kiss the dyin' sun
An' grass fool'n' 'mid the swallers 'fore the kin is half begun,
While the sun keeps peggin' right along a-layin' on his paint,
'Mid the whis'le o' the chic'dees and the night-hawk's a-tit'upulation!

An' so I set here, happy, 'tih the children at my knees
A-askin' lots o' fool questuns about the bunnin' bees,
An' when the wind has died away an' ev'rything is still
I stretch my legs along the grass an' my out with a will,

"Sum folks hankers fer the city, but this suits yer Uncle Bill!"

—E. C. Tapley in Judge.

No, Just Right.

Brown—I saw a plate of boiler iron rolled out today until it was no thicker than a sheet of tissue paper.

Robinson (incredulous)—Oh, that's too thin.—Washington Star.

Polished Off by the Police.

I see that a noted thief out west swallowed a valuable shirt stud to escape detection.

Sort of diamond in the rough, eh!—American Grocer.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scat Corn Killer on Earth; removes Bunions Corns or Callous in three applications; no pain, soreness or stiffness; keeps the feet comfortable; 15 cents a box. Sold by druggists. Manufactured only by W. H. HINDS & CO., Newark, N. J.

Happy Combination.

PURE DRUGS AND SAFETY BICYCLES.

OUR SPECIALTIES; Pure drugs; the careful compounding of physician's prescriptions proprietary medicines; toilet soaps and all articles pertaining to a Temple of Pharmacy.

A SIDE ISSUE; But an important one; is the PREMIER SAFETY BICYCLE, for both men and women. The PREMIER SAFETIES are the BEST IN THE WORLD; not because We sell them; but we sell them and ride them because they ARE THE BEST Call and see them. Send for catalogue.

Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY. Sec-Treas.

DRINK MOY'S SODA. NONE BETTER.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms: banks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the cost Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 897. (Telephone call 29.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

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NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best. Ask your Druggist for them.

Getting Even.

"Why, Tommy, you're not at the jam again, and only spanked for it an hour ago?"

"Yes, mar; I heard you tell auntie you thought you had whipped me too hard, and I thought I'd even things up."—The Jester.

MUSIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES.

34 West Front St

I do not Import Goods, but I do buy and sell the best of everything in groceries vegetables and fruits. R. O. HOWELL.

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED *Easter Booklets,*

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

25 EAST FRONT STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD and NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.58, 8.03, 9.20, 10.37, 11.56 a. m., 1.31, 3.37, 5.20, 6.30, 10.05 p. m. For Boston, 2.07, 8.50, 5.10, 5.51, 5.37, 6.07, 8.34 p.m. For Philadelphia, 5.37, 6.58, 8.03, 9.20, 10.37, 11.56 a. m., 1.31, 3.37, 5.20, 6.30, 10.05 p. m. For Trenton, 5.37, 6.58, 8.03, 9.20, 10.37, 11.56 a. m., 1.31, 3.37, 5.20, 6.30, 10.05 p. m. For Bound Brook, 5.37, 6.58, 8.03, 9.20, 10.37, 11.56 a. m., 1.31, 3.37, 5.20, 6.30, 10.05 p. m. For Bordentown, 5.37, 6.58, 8.03, 9.20, 10.37, 11.56 a. m., 1.31, 3.37, 5.20, 6.30, 10.05 p. m. For Atlantic City, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Cape May, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Ocean Grove, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Asbury Park, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Long Branch, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Point Pleasant, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Lakewood, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Toms River, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Tuckerton, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Beach Haven, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Harrisburg, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Pittsburg, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Chicago, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Cincinnati, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For St. Louis, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Washington, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Baltimore, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Richmond, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Norfolk, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Old Point Comfort, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Virginia Beach, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Portsmouth, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Newport News, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Chattanooga, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Knoxville, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Atlanta, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Jacksonville, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Tampa, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Miami, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Key West, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Havana, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Nassau, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Bermuda, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Barbados, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Trinidad, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Demerara, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Martinique, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Guadeloupe, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For St. Thomas, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For St. Croix, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For St. Kitts, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Nevis, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Antigua, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Montserrat, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Dominica, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Martinique, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Guadeloupe, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For St. Thomas, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For St. Croix, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For St. Kitts, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Nevis, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Antigua, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Montserrat, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Dominica, 9.20 a. m., 5.20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.36, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30

THE COURSE OF TRUE LOVE.

Mr. Podunkle Brings Matters to a Test and Gets Left.

CHAPTER I.

The summer day was drawing to a close and it was time for the picknickers to return home. They had battled with abandoned mosquitoes, fired stones and slingshot profusely at itinerant pigs, changed their camping ground two or three times on account of bumblebees' nests, sunburned their noses, caught one small mud cat, sixteen crawfish and one snapping turtle. The only thing yet to be done was to finish the contents of the lunch baskets and eat what remained of the ice cream.

A little apart from the others sat, on a baggy cushion, Oliver Podunckle and the young lady to whom he had devoted himself during the day.

CHAPTER II.

"Maud," he said as he brushed an ill bred country insect from her dress and threw a specious chip at an inquisitive half grown pig that was trying to be sociable, "I managed to get this succesful of ice cream before it was all gone."

And he set it down on an inverted bucket.

"There is more that I want, Oliver," she said. "We will eat it together."

Oliver's heart beat wildly. With a trembling hand he took two spoons from the basket beside them, gave one to his fair companion, kept the other himself—and waited.

CHAPTER III.

The young lady opened the basket, took out another saucer, emptied half of the ice cream into it, and proceeded leisurely to eat her portion.

And then Oliver put his saucer down, went off and sat on the bank of the stream, and looked pensively over into the marshes beyond, where the bull frogs were sounding the opening notes of their evening overture.

"Is didn't work," he said to himself; "I needn't hang around that girl any longer."

And the buggy in which Oliver and Maud traveled homeward reached its destination three hours ahead of any of the others.

THE END.

—Chicago Tribune.

She Stood Him Up.

A citizen who was passing by a house on Indiana street the other day observed smoke coming through the roof near the chimney, and he rushed up to the door and knocked an alarm.

"What do you want?" asked the woman as she appeared.

"Madam, don't get excited, but I must tell you"—

"Oh, I shan't get excited," she interrupted, "I always keep this handy by."

And she tugged out a big revolver, which hung on one of the pegs of the hat rack, and continued:

"No docks wanted. No rugs wanted. No books wanted. No sewing machines wanted. No cold victuals nor old clothes to give away. Travel!"

And he had to retire to a position outside the gate and inform her that the roof was on fire.—Detroit Free Press.

Familiar Phrases.

BEAUTY FIRES THE BLOOD.

—Life.

Not What She Wanted Anyway.

A woman stopped in front of a hardware store on Michigan avenue the other day and began to examine a gasoline stove. A clerk speedily appeared and queried:

"Were you thinking of buying a gasoline stove, ma'am?"

"Well, I didn't know. Which does it burn, wood or coal?"

"Mother, ma'am; it burns gasoline."

"Oh, I see."

"One of the handiest, nicest stoves in the world, ma'm. Can be placed in any room, and it is warranted not to smoke nor smell. Cooks just as well as a regular stove and it costs you only five cents a day to run it."

"Does it run by natural gas?"

"Oh, no, ma'am. It burns gasoline—a fluid. Here is the tank."

"Has it a refrigerator attached?"

"Why, of course not. Who ever heard of a refrigerator being attached to a stove?"

"Isn't there no electricity about it?"

"No ma'am."

"Doesn't it save gas bills?"

"Hardly."

"Just simply a stove to cook by?"

"That's all."

"Well, I don't want one. Can't amount to very much, I guess. I'm looking along here for a second hand clothes horse. Good morning."—Detroit Free Press.

Didn't Know the Combination.

"The 'Funny Man' is away this week. Let's put something good in his department."

"All right. It would be quite a novelty. It must be easy to write such stuff. What shall we put in?"

They are still thinking.—West Shore.

Still Ground for Hope.

"But, Clara, what could you have been thinking of, to engage yourself to such an absent minded man?" "I repeat my word every minute, but my hope is that when we get to the church he will forget, and say 'no' instead of 'yes.'"—Fliegende Blatter.

Reason in It.

Mrs. Chaffee—Say, twenty cents apiece for those small cabbages! That's a pretty high price.

Grocer—Yes, ma'am, but cabbages are scarce and dear. You see there are several large cigar factories right near here.—Light.

The Only Thing They Can Do.

Tourist (in southern Missouri)—Do people have malaria here?

Native—Yaas, most of 'em.

Tourist—What do they do for it?

Native—Wal, most of 'em die.—Paris Herald.

Easily Settled.

"John, I promised you a silver watch if you brought me a good report. But since your report says that you will have to repeat this year, I"—— "Oh, then you can buy me a repeater."—Fliegende Blatter.

To Bachelor's Thanks.

She's shown herself a shrew, and yet
I can't forget
I owe my happiness to her.
'Twas this way, sir:
I asked her once to wed, and she
Rejected me.
—Life.

He Would Not on Anything.

"Talking about betting men," said an owner of racehorses uptown the other evening, leaning back against the bar, his elbows on the railing, "some of the fellows down in Kentucky lay over-odd I ever met. Why, there's a man in one of the towns in the Bluegrass region who would rather bet than—well, I came near saying sell a horse once. The major would not only bet heavily on horse races, elections and poker games, but also on whether he would succeed in getting a small mud cat, sixteen crawfish and one snapping turtle. The only thing yet to be done was to finish the contents of the lunch baskets and eat what remained of the ice cream.

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—Life.

Out of Labels.

"I've brought you a box of cigars, George, dear."

"Thank you, love. Are they Havanas?"

"No, dear. I asked for Havanas, but the man said he hadn't any Havana labels on hand."—Boston Courier.

MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

BY BEN. BOWSER.

After supper the other night Mr. Bowser went to his overcoat pocket and got out a small book and began reading it, and after waiting long enough to let him understand that I had no curiosity on the subject I queried:

"Something new on poultry?"

"No."

"It isn't Hoyle?"

"No."

"Well, what is it?"

"I can tell you the title of it, but you can't understand. It is a very, very deep work."

"Oh, is! You may understand a very, very deep work and I can't."

"Naturally. Man has the stronger, deeper mind, of course. The title of this work is 'Nature's Diseases and Remedies—Control of the Body by the Mind.'"

"Bosh!"

"What! What's that?"

"You are too old to waste time on such nonsense, Mr. Bowser."

"Nonsense! Why, it's the plainest principle of philosophy in the world. The human body is but clay, the soul is immortal. The soul is the mind. The mind ought to be able to control the body."

"Yes, in some cases."

"In all cases, Mrs. Bowser. For instance, you stub your toe. It hurts. You let your mind turn to something else and the pain ceases."

"Humph!"

"That's it! That's the usual way of the ignorant—ridicule what they can't argue and discuss in a sensible manner. I have often wondered if you really had a soul."

"Don't worry yourself, *Mr. Bowser. If I* haven't got any soul I've got some common sense."

"Very well. It's no use to talk to a person brought up in a log house on the edge of a huckleberry marsh. I know that the mind can control the body. You deny it. I hope so furnish you with proofs within the week."

"I'll be good enough to take that night. We were about ready to go up stairs and he had been out barbecued and in his slippers to see if the barn door was locked, when he suddenly gave a great start and cried out:

"Gee—ee—my to Johnson!"

"What's the matter?"

"That tooth tried to jump clean out of my head. Wow! Yi! Hee!"

He sat down to hold his jaw and heave to and fro, and I said:

"Your tooth jumps. It hurts you. You let your mind turn to something else and the pain ceases."

He looked up at me with the glint of pounded glass in his eyes, and was about to reply in kind, when the jumper jumped in on him again and he seized his jaw and yelled:

"Great Scots to scattertion, but I can't stand this! Get me some camphor!"

I got him some, and after a time the pain eased up and he went to bed. He expected me to say something about "Control of the Body by the Mind," but I was wiser. I knew that he wouldn't get off so easily, and could afford to give him a little time. I was just falling asleep when Mr. Bowser suddenly let out a fiend like yell and uttered a whoop which set a neighbor's dog to barking, followed by the remark:

"Thunder and lightning!"

"Mr. Bowser, are you asleep?" I asked.

"Asleep! No! I'm dead! Say, this confounded thing has come back on me! Where's that camphor bottle?"

"On the bureau, dear, but it won't do you no good."

"Oh-h-h-h! Jewhittaker! My ears and soul, but she's jumping my jaw right out of its sockets! I've got to have something done for me or I won't live ten minutes!"

"Please, Mr. Bowser—have some spunk about you! What is a little toothache?"

"Grit! grit!" he shouted, as he danced around on one leg. "I've got more grit than any seven fossilized lime yours rolled together; but this awful—awful! Are you going to lie there and see me dopp dead?"

"You can stop it if you will. Just lie down and put your mind at rest. Think of something else. Think of being out in the woods at a May day festival—beautiful flowers—happy children—green"——

"Green—whoop—ee—!!—shut up!" he yelled. "Haven't we got any paregoric in the house?"

I had to get up and go down and stir up the fire, and make a warm gruel for his jaw, and fuss around for an hour, and he finally grew easier. Then I said to him:

"Mr. Bowser, you brought home a book last night."

"Never."

"You brought home a book about the control of the body by the mind."

"No, I didn't!"

"In your argument you declared that the soul was the mind, and that the mind had control of the body."

"Get into bed and keep still."

"No, sir! You stub your toe. It hurts. You let your mind turn to some"——

"I never said it!"

"Mr. Bowser, what cured your toothache —faith, imagination or liquids?"

"I—I—who's talking about toothache! Mrs. Bowser, you get into bed and go to sleep, and in the morning I'll have a long talk with you. We don't seem to be mated to each other, and the matter can probably be arranged to our mutual satisfaction, and without publicity."

Next morning he got down stairs and got hold of the book first, and I afterwards found some of the leaves scattered in the back yard.—Detroit Free Press.

Suspicious.

"What did hubby do while his wifey was away?" asked the dear creature on her return.

"I played solitaire nearly every evening," he replied, sheepishly.

"Who with?" was the next query, in a tone of deep suspicion.—New York Herald.

Injured Innocence.

Police Magistrate (to thief looking customer)—If you did not steal this watch, as you claim, how does it happen you were found with it hidden in your boot?

Prisoner (haughtily)—That's where I always carry my watch, your honor!—Chicago Tribune.

He Was Sorry.

Minister (to small boy)—Sonny, do you chew tobacco?

Small Boy—Sorry, mister; I just put the last in me mouth.—Jester.

The Starving Tour.

Pakir (the tragedian)—Ha, how fortunate I am! Just think of me in the midst of the country fasting it home over the line, weary and footsore, and without shelter!—Life.

The Retort Courteous.

To the editor of The New York Times:

I read in some of the morning's papers the disparaging remarks attributed to Mayor Grant in reference to my opinion as to the insulation of electric wires with some surprise, because I should have expected that professional courtesy among experts would have led his honor to treat my opinion as to the insulation of wires with as much respect as I should have given to his opinion concerning the pulling of the same.

HENRY MORTON.

Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken.

Oh!

Doctor—Come here, my little man, and shake hands with me. You know who I am, don't you?

Reginald—Oh, yes, you are the doctor ma says gives bad medicines and charges a good price.—Once a Week.

Didn't Pay.

A lecturer that had for several minutes harangued his audience on the beauties of politeness, was interrupted by a man who arose and said:

"That's all very well, cap—mighty fine talkin', an' all that, but in this town politeness don't pay."

"You are mistaken sir," the lecturer answered, "politeness pays in any and all towns."

"No, you are wrong," the interrupter persisted, "it don't pay here. I'll tell you why. For some time I have been eating at a lunch counter 'round yonder, and I noticed that every man sat up to the counter with his hat on, and as I wasn't brought up that way, I concluded to take my hat off, and I did so."

"Well, but did any one object?" the lecturer asked.

"Oh, no, there was no objection, but, you see, some fellow stole my hat."—Arkansaw Traveler.

One on Senator Quay.

At Cleveland they put two cars filled with Polish immigrants on the rear of our train, as they had through some accident been belated, and we sped away for Toledo. At about 9 o'clock at night a man came into our car, in which Senator Quay had a berth, and said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, a child has been born in one of the immigrant cars. It's a boy. Although we are in Ohio, I'm a Pennsylvanian myself, and as Senator Quay is also on the train it is proposed to name that boy Quay Harrison. It has been proposed that we all chip in and raise a purse for the boy."

We chipped. Quay saw our whole pile and raised it by $5, saying that he should be proud of the honor, and the man passed into the next car. An hour later we learned that no child had been born, and that the fellow had raised $75 and dropped off at some station.—New York Sun.

Explained.

Judge (to witness)—You say that the defendant was born deaf and dumb, and at the age of 19 he lost the power of speech. Will you explain to the court how it was possible for him to lose the power of speech when he was already dumb?

Witness—When he was 12 years old he was playing in a mill one day and the boss saw took off eight of his fingers.—Life.

From the German.

Sergeant—You are the most stupid soldier in the whole regiment. Have you any brothers?

Recruit—Yes, I have a brother.

"Is he as stupid as you?"

"Yes, and a little more."

"That's hardly possible. What does the donkey do for a living?"

"He is a sergeant."—Texas Siftings.

On the Cable Car.

Passenger—I say, conductor, you pulled up one fare too many.

Conductor—How do you know?

Passenger (who forgets to count himself) —Why, there's only six in the car and you've got seven on the register.

Conductor—Well, you see we register for fools just the same as other people—Racket.

The Intercepted Superlative.

He—Do you like ice cream, Miss Sweetlips?

She—No, I——

He—Thank heavens! I wish I had known you——

She—Beg pardon, Mr. Poseyboy. You interrupted me. I was about to add that I love it.—Burlington Free Press.

A Wonderful Similarity.

"Darling," he said, as he kissed the tips of her pretty little pink fingers, "why are you like the art practiced by all the prestidigitators?"

"I don't know," she replied, shuddering slightly; "why am I?"

"Because, precious, you are slight of hand."—Chatter.

A Deaf and Dumb Instrument.

"I want to have a private talk with Smith which I don't want any one to hear, but I don't know how to manage it. His office is always crowded."

"If you don't want any one to hear you, talk to him over the telephone."

"Well—er—I want Smith to hear me."—Chatter.

An Ominous Tip.

Consumptive Looking Tramp—See here, my friend, I'm soliciting subscriptions for a tombstone. Won't you contribute something?

Duhne U. P. Brown—With pleasure. I'll furnish the corpse!—American Grocer.

What Did She Mean?

Mr. Stayer—I remember when I was a little chap I used to go out nights and ring door bells, and then run away.

Miss Frankie (with sudden animation)—Oh, what fun! Why don't you do that now, Mr. Stayer?—Racket.

And of Yard Width.

Salesman—This is a very fine grade of cotton and very cheap.

Old Mrs. Fussabout—H'm. Are you quite sure it's all wool?—Dry Goods Chronicle.

Its Scientific Name.

Inquisitive Patient—What is the scientific name for spring fever?

Blunt Doctor—Laziness.—Philadelphia Times.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

A NEW HAT

Presented to each purchaser of $12 worth of goods at

WERNER'S

Mammoth One Price Clothing House,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

All the Latest Spring and Summer Styles of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Furnishing Goods.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lots of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled tow-line reduced to 6c. Great variety of beaded caps, jersey jackets and capes, from $2.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

CUT THIS OUT

AND BRING IT TO US, IT IS WORTH 25c TO YOU.

For every purchase of $2 worth at one time, if you will bring us this advt. we will allow you a reduction of 25 cents. If you want $15 worth of shoes or repairing or both secure five of these advts and we will allow you $1.50 for them. This will hold good until July 1st. Remember we carry a full line of the BEST shoes that can be had in widths and styles at low prices, and do fine repairing.

ROGERS' BROS.

Successors to D. F. Randolph,

19 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

The weather demands it
The people demand it.
We supply the demand,

IN OXFORD TIES, TENNIS, SEA SHORE AND MOUNTAIN SHOES.

"Absolutely the largest and best assortment" ever shown in Plainfield.

WE BACK UP EVERYTHING WE ADV.

Doane & Van Arsdale.

22 W. FRONT, St.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Broad

NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

BUT THE

BEST GOODS

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY

U. B. Crane,

HATTER AND FURNISHER.

19 Park avenue, City.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Colognes and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 7 East Front street next to P. O.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—Left a. m. for Depot, 7.30 a. m. Train. Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 9.05 a. m. to Second depot, to connect with 9.30 a. m. for Depot.

1st trip	7.30 a. m.	to meet	8.55 a. m. train.
2d do	9.15 do	do	9.30 do
3d do	10.00 do	do	10.17 do
4th do	11.00 do	do	11.17 do
5th do	11.45 do	do	12.05 p.m. do
6th do	1.00 p. m.	do	1.17 p. m. 1.30 p. m.
7th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.	
8th do	3.45 do	do meet	4.11 p. m. 4.30 train.
9th do	5.00 do	do	5.20 do
10th do	6.45 do	do	7.05 do
11th do	8.45 do	do	9.05 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and Front street and Rockview and Mercer avenues, North Plainfield, connecting to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 10, 11.30, 12.45 p. m. 1.45, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Rooms and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Horses a specialty for gentlemen and ladies.

Busses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 4th and 5th. Telephone Call, 18.

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield, which in style, quality and prices, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

Latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces and Ribbons. Pattern Bonnets and Hats and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pleating, stamping and Pinking. Feathers dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Organs, Catarrh, Constipation, Spinal Curvature and Chronic Diseases of Women and Children. Female assistant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR TINWORK

FURNACES and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, slate and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

24 and 26 Sconce. Rear 108.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

ANDERSON BUILDING

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue. W. S. GLEZEN, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

The Veterans Enjoyed Themselves Last Evening.

The members of Winfield Scott Post, No. 75, G. A. R., held their regular encampment last evening. The Post was inspected by Department Commander A. M. Matthews, his staff, National Inspector Hats and Assistant Inspector Hunter. The commanders of Posts No. 13, 37 and 37 were also present, as were visiting comrades from Orange, Newark, Rahway, Brooklyn and Mount Brook.

During the evening the Post mustered in Comrade John Finley. This was done by a special dispensation of the Department Commander and it is the first time in the history of the P. as that a comrade has been proposed and mustered in at the same meeting. The Post also re-obligated Mr. W. D. Jones of Scotch Plains.

Adjutant G. W. Moore presented the roster for 1890 to the members of the Post.

During the encampment speeches were made by the visiting comrades and a very pleasant time was had, and at its conclusion the members of the Posts and their friends repaired to the room below where the ladies of the Woman's Relief Corps had prepared a bountiful repast which all present did full justice to.

The affair was one of the most enjoyable that Winfield Scott Post has ever given.

Swindled a Fellow-Countryman

Henry Wagner, a German who is unable to speak English came to this city a few days ago and engaged board at a house on Second street. He is a gardener by trade and shortly after his arrival here he sought employment. While searching for work he became acquainted with a fellow-countryman who was also a gardener. While they were engaged in conversation Wagener's "friend" told him that in order to procure employment it was necessary for him to purchase a lawn mower and offered to sell him one for four dollars. Wagener purchased the machine and took it to his boarding house. The next day the man from whom he purchased it called at the house and told Wagener that he had just been engaged by a lady to mow her lawn and asked for a loan of the machine. The unsuspecting German let him take it upon his promising to return it that evening. He has not returned it yet. Wagner is out of employment and feels very bad over the loss of his four dollars. He spent yesterday in searching for the thief but could find no trace of him. He told his story to a NEWS reporter this morning through an interpreter, and was immediately referred to the proper authorities, who will investigate the case.

Real Estate Changes.

The following transfers of real estate in Plainfield were recorded at Elizabeth during the week:

Julia Scribner et al to John H. Campbell, Second street.

David Boehm et ux to Ignatz Boehm, Front street.

John Beerbower, et ux to John Kelly, Third street.

Clarence J. Rice, and others, to Mary J. Williams, Sandford avenue.

Lemuel W. Serrell to John Kenny, Stebbins place.

Hiram Stelle, dec., ex'rs to Jennie G. F. Banks, Field avenue.

Mills, John B. and wife, of Plainfield, to John P. Emmons, of the borough of North Plainfield, lot No. 2 in block C., 50x100 ft, Third street Plainfield, $300.

An Old Citizen's Warning.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I would most respectfully call the attention of the proper authorities of Plainfield and North Plainfield to the obstructions they may find in the stream that divides Somerset and Union counties. Stumps and trees should be removed, between Richmond and Somerset streets, and especially the trap and "catchall" adjoining the new bridge on Somerset street. Unless something is done, and that very soon, in regard to the matter, we may reasonably expect a calamity, as serious as any preceding one, in the destruction of the trap will not fall to satisfy any one of danger, and the destruction that must inevitably follow.

Remember the old proverb, "A stitch in time will save nine,"—or ninety-nine.

OBSERVER.

Contesting a Will.

The will of Robert Gaston, of Somerset county, is contested by his brothers, Hugh, Oliver B., of Elizabeth, and Isaac, of Newark. Mr. Gaston was a well-to-do retired farmer, who lived at the time of his death with his brother, Hugh Gaston, county collector at Somerville. For many years past he has been considered very eccentric, but his later years he evinced a morose, morbid disposition, shunning all visitors, even his brothers. His will was found in the possession of his relatives, but left his entire estate, inventoried at $45,000, to churches and church societies. The evidence so far introduced has been of a character to show the testamentary incapacity of the deceased.

Do You Want to Camp Out?

The usual world's conference of college students will be held at Northfield Mass., under the direction of Mr. D. L. Moody, beginning June 26th and closing July 9th.

The Plainfield Y. M. C. A. has been represented at these conferences for the past four years.

Any members of the Association who desire to join a tenting party for this year are requested to apply at the Association rooms.

Mr. A. A. Stagg of Yale will have charge of the athletics. The tents will be in charge of Mr. S. P. Dudley of Orange will be held on canal at Lake Wawayanda, Sussex Co., N. J., July 8th to 22d.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Mr. Chas. B. Bowen will have charge of the Mr. Pleasant Mission during the month of June.

The services next Sunday evening will be conducted by Mr. Rudy Edsall.

Bicycling Notes.

The races of the Second Racing District, L. A. W., comprising New York and New Jersey, will take place, in connection with the L. A. W. meet in this city, on Saturday, May 31st, at 2:30 p. m. The races will be run on the New Jersey Athletic club track at Bergen point. There are nine championship and four handicap races to be decided at this meet. Souvenir medals and expenses to the National L. A. W. meet at Niagara will be presented to the first and second men in each championship event. Gold medal to first and silver medal to second will be presented to winners of the handicap events.

The following is the list of events:

Championships—One, two and five mile ordinary; one, two, and five mile safety; one, two and three mile tandem safety.

Handicaps—One-half and one mile ordinary; one-half and one mile safety.

The handicapping will be done by Mr. F. P. Frist, the official handicapper for district No. 3. As there are but few races run under the new rules they are exciting a great deal of attention and will bring out a large field of fast men. The track can be reached from the Avenue A station, Bergen Point. A special train will be run to the track, leaving Plainfield at 1.07 p. m.

JOTTINGS.

—Vaccine is approaching and the small boy is happy.

—The Union County Grand Jurors were yesterday dismissed until Thursday.

—The Hope Chapel Boys' Brigade met for its drill at eight o'clock last evening.

—The "Holiday seven" will entertain their friends at Amphion Hall on Decoration Day.

—The City Common Council will hold its regular June meeting next Monday evening.

—Postmaster Pope has had several new letter boxes placed in various parts of the city.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting in Reform Hall to-morrow night.

—Several members of the Middlesex Gun Club held a "shoot" on the Club's grounds in Dunellen yesterday afternoon.

—A meeting is to be held in the Junior O. U. A. M., lodge room to-night for the purpose of organizing a lodge of the Knights of St. John and Malta.

—The members of Winfield Scott and Major Anderson Posts, G. A. R., are decorating the stage of Music Hall for the Memorial Day exercises.

—All the coal and lumber dealers of the city, according to their usual custom, will close on Friday, May 30th. Memorial day is the one holiday all merchants observe.

—A dozier in peanuts remarks that "children and others should shell peanuts by the hands only. An acid is often used to whiten the pods and there is consequently a risk of sore lips when they are bitten open."

—The young people of the Park Avenue Baptist church will hold one of their usual enjoyable gatherings in the form of a "basket sociable" at the residence of Mr. John Coard on Putman avenue to-morrow evening.

—People keep changing their places of abode as fancy dictates This is one of the blessings of a free country. Now it is Samuel Duckworth, a Flemington stone mason, who has removed to Plainfield.—Flemington Democrat.

—The next business meeting of the W. C. T. U., usually held on the first Tuesday of the month, is to be postponed one week, and the weekly prayer meeting of the same day substituted on June 3, at three p. m., at 72 West Front street.

—Judge McCormick has awarded the counsel fees in William Moore will case, as follows: James R. English of Elizabeth, $500; R. V. Lindabury of Elizabeth, $300; Jackson & Codington of this city, $50, and Nelson Runyon, also of this city, $50.

—The floral world is agog over the discovery of a new violet. The foliage leaves of this violet are longer than those of the ordinary wild violet and more pointed. The leaves of the new violet are a soft white, striped, or mottled with light and dark purple. Unlike the other cultivated violets, the new one is a single violet.

—The story about the W. C. T. U. putting up a $40,000 building in Plainfield is pronounced by a prominent member a mistake. They have no intention of putting up a building, but do not know themselves yet what kind of a one it will be, that depending upon the amount of funds they may have at their disposal when they are ready to build.

—The ordinary method of scraping or burning off old paint is hardly expeditious enough for general purposes, and is also laborious. Soda and quicklime are far more thorough. The solution is half a pound of each, made thus: Dissolve the soda in water, and then add the lime and apply with a brush to the old paint, which can thus be removed in a few minutes.—Ex.

—A single page in an issue of the Century takes the advertising purpose costs $600, and in Harper's $200; and in other magazines from $800 down to $100. A yearly advertisement in one column of the Chicago Tribune costs $9,584 for the lowest, and $68,600 for the highest; in the New York Herald $94,304 is the lowest, and $130,000 for the highest-priced columns. These figures will doubtless be of interest to men who spend small amounts in this line of investment and flatter themselves with the idea that they are extensive and liberal advertisers.

—The New York Evening Telegram describes a recently discovered poison having 100 times the power of strychnine. The effect of an inappreciable small particle pricked into the cuticle is to almost instantly coagulate the blood of the whole system, and the victim is as dead as though he had touched a "dead" wire. As soon as druggists make the new poison accessible to the public the man who goes about with a stomach-pump pumping out would-be suicides would be left without an occupation. The possibilities of the drug in connection with anonymous poster and dynamite shells in destroying life by wholesale remains to be tested.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Plainfield.

Respectfully submit the following statement for the careful consideration of their friends

Our special object is to combat those terrible enemies of our children, our homes and our churches; thereby advancing Christ's kingdom in the hearts of men.

To secure this, we have the following departments of work, which are educational and reformatory.

Evangelistic—Holding four gospel services each week.

Juvenile—Consisting of the Loyal Temperance Legion.

Kitchen garden and cooking class—whereby the young can be educated in temperance principles; having a threefold pledge against the use of intoxicants, tobacco and profanity.

Literature—Social purity, temperance, scientific instruction, hygeine, heredity and foreign work.

We desire to form a working girls' club. Such clubs have accomplished untold good in other cities.

To carry forward this work successfully, we must have our home, and proper facilities; therefore, we appeal to you to assist us in this undertaking.

In behalf of the union,

MRS. T. H. TOMLINSON, Pres.

Cranford's Oarsmen.

At the annual meeting of the Cranford Boating association, held on Friday evening last the following officers were elected: Commodore, Charles Leo Ahey; vice-commodore, J. A. Hilson; secretary, R. G. Woodling; treasurer, G. H. Miller. Preparations are being made for a series of regattas, carnivals, etc., to take place on the Cranford river.

PERSONAL.

Editor J. R. Matthews of the Somerset Messenger called on us to-day.

Mrs. I. H. Boehm of West Front street is confined to the house by illness.

Miss Katie Wilson of East Fifth street is on a week's visit to friends in Orange.

Mr. E. J. Johnston of Scranton, Pa., is visiting at the residence of Mr. J. J. Howland of East Second street.

James McCormick, age 48, died at his home in South somerville, Saturday, of diabetes. He was buried in this city,

Mrs. Mary Kane, an aged lady, died at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. Charles Mc Carthy, on Plainfield avenue last evening.

At the 34th annual convention of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter of New Jersey, recently held in Trenton, W. H. Sebring of this city was elected Grand High Priest.

Mr. C. W. Hillman and family, of No. 10 Second place, have removed to Chicago. Plainfielders though sorry to lose such a citizen, wish him all success in his new home.

Mr. Ellis Campbell of Park avenue has for some time past been in the habit of keeping the oats he used to feed his horses, in a large hogshead in his barn. Saturday he told his hired man to transfer them to a bin. When the man had almost emptied the hogshead he came upon large rats in the bottom. He called Mr. Campbell and his son, "Ed.," and the latter in turn procured his little ratterrier and put him in the hogshead. The rats were unable to escape and a terrible fight between dog and rats ensued. The former finally succeeded in killing nine of the rodents, although he was badly bitten.

Mr. Phineas French of Somerset street is one of Plainfield's oldest residents. He is now in his 75th year. Looking over The NEWS, of which he is a regular reader, he noticed among the personals the account of 'Mr. Whitley's recollecting, while listening to Mr. Mitchell's Memorial service Sunday evening of sermons preached in the old Methodist Episcopal church building twenty-nine years ago to a day, to Company 1, Third New Jersey, under command of Captain Leonard H. Regur, which marched away to the wars on the following Tuesday, May 30, 1861." Mr. French's memory is very clear, clearly, but wishes to offer a slight correction to Mr. Whitley. It was in the present church the servips occurred. The old wooden church was moved in 1847 and the present one commenced at once and finished in 1848. Mr. French was one of the others, long since passed away, was on the building committee, hence his knowledge of the event. It took about three days to remove the old church building. As soon as this was a scomplished the foundation for the present one was commenced. In the Spring of 1860 the lot on the north side was decided to invest $2300 in entirely renovating the church, putting in new carpets, cushions and a new organ. One Saturday evening in July Mr. French and several other members were at the church putting the finishing touches on preparatory to the first opening, away, was on the building committee, hence his knowledge of the event. It took about three days to remove the old church building. As soon as this was a scomplished the foundation for the present one was commenced. In the Spring of 1860 the lot on the north side was decided to invest $2300 in entirely renovating the church, putting in new carpets, cushions and a new organ. One Saturday evening in July Mr. French and several other members were at the church putting the finishing touches on preparatory to the first opening after a long time, on Sunday. Before going home all the kerosene lamps, with which the church was then lighted, were lit and the members viewed their church in its new light. Mr. French remembers the bills footing Sunday morning a short time before service the church was found to be afire. The janitor had filled the immense, old fashioned stoves with shavings, probably to get rid of them, and putting a match to them went to breakfast. In his absence the stove became red hot and set fire to the floor, from there it spread through the walls to the steeple. Theodore J. Gillies of Madison avenue, another old resident was at that time a member of Engine Company No. 2, and tells numerous interesting stories of church and fire. After the fire, it was found necessary to entirely refurnish the church, as what the fire itself had not destroyed the water did. While this was being done services were held in the Seventh Day Baptist church on Central avenue. An addition of 30 feet was added to the rear of the church at this time making it 90 feet long. The old wooden church is now a portion of Laing's Hotel. Mr. French's memory is remarkably clear in spite of his advanced age and he can tell data for everything with which he has been connected with great readiness.

COUNTING THE PEOPLE.

Some of the Inquiries to be Made by the Census Enumerators in June.

The Eleventh Census of the United States will be taken during the month of June. The census enumerators will begin their work on next Monday, June 2, and will visit every person and will ask questions concerning every person and every family in the United States. The questions that will be asked call for the name of every person residing in the United States on the first day of June, with their sex and age, and whether white, black, mulatto, quadroon, octoroon, or Chinese, Japanese, or Indian. Inquiry will be made also of every person as to whether they are single, married, widowed, or divorced, and, if married during the census year. The place of birth of each person, and the place of birth of the father and mother of each person, will also be called for, as well as a statement as to the profession, trade, or occupation followed and the number of months unemployed during the census year. For all persons ten years of age or over a return must be made by the enumerator as to the number able to read and write, and also as to the ability to speak English. For those who can not speak English the particular language or dialect spoken by them will be ascertained. For children of school age, also, the number of months they attended school will be recorded by the census enumerators. In the case of mothers an inquiry will be made as to the number of children they have had, and the number of these children living at the present time. This inquiry is to be made of all women who are or have been married, including all who are widows or have been divorced. Foreign-born males of adult age, that is, 21 years of age or over, will be asked as to the number of years they have been in the United States, and whether they are naturalized or have taken out naturalization papers. Of the head of each family visited the question will be asked as to the number of persons in the family, and whether his home is owned or hired; also, if owned, whether the home is free from mortgage incumbrance. If the head of the family is a farmer similar inquiries will be made concerning the ownership of the farm. In addition to these inquiries, all of which are made on the population schedule, the law under which the census is taken makes provision for special inquiries concerning each of the populations as may be necessary or objectionable in any respect, that is, insane, feebleminded, deaf, blind, or crippled, or who may be temporarily disabled by sickness, disease, or accident at the time of the enumerator's visit. Certain special inquiries will also be made concerning inmates of prisons and reformatories and of charitable and benevolent institutions. Besides this, a statement will be called for concerning all persons who have died during the census year, giving their name, age, sex, occupation, and cause of death.

This official count of the people comes but once in ten years, and every family and every person should consider it to be their duty to answer the questions of the census enumerators willingly and promptly, so that definite and accurate information may be gained concerning the 65,000,000 people living within the bounds of this great country.

The Line of March.

The line of March for the Memorial Day parade will be as follows:

The line will form on Front street at nine o'clock a. m. with right resting on Peace street and will move at 9:15 sharp; then from Peace street to Crescent avenue to Park; to Seventh street, to Central avenue to Front street, to Grove street, to Emily street, to Somerset street, to Front street to Music Hall, where services will be conducted by the posts and children.

The formation of the line will be as follows:

First Marshal.
Band.
Major Anderson Post No. 109.
The Scengerbund and other societies.
Old Soldiers and Sailors.
Citizens.
Winfield Scott Post No. 75.
Stages with Disabled Soldiers.
Woman's Relief Corps No. 10 and Children.

All desiring to take part in the parade are requested to report to William C. Smith Marshal, at Post Headquarters. Services at Music Hall at ten o'clock. Admission free.

No Cause for Action.

The case of Carney Bros., vs. Charles Hand, came up for trial yesterday before Justice Nash and a jury. The suit was brought to recover $135 which the plaintiff's claimed that the defendant owed them. The case occupied nearly all day. Corporation Counsel Marsh appeared for Mr. Hand and Borough Counsel Reed acted as counsel for Carney Bros. When the evidence was all in, the jury, after a few moments deliberation, brought in a verdict of no cause for action.

Special Meeting of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education held a special meeting last evening in Franklin school building on East Fifth street and elected committees to examine essays etc., for graduating exercises Unless specially called, no meeting will be held next Monday night, which is the night the Board usually meets.

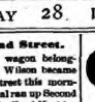
—The Young Moonlights of Plainfield now have their new uniforms and are ready to play any other base ball nine under 15 years of age.

—A singular accident befell a Dunellen team recently, near the residence of Barney Farmer, in East Bound Brook. They were trotting along lively, when the bolt holding the whiffletree broke, and both horses pitched headlong to the ground, one of them rolling through a barbed-wire fence, which cut the animals slightly. They regained their feet and ran, but were stopped as they came to the New Brunswick road, without further damage.

Runaway on Second Street.

A horse attached to a milk wagon belonging to a man named F. F. Wilson became frightened on Scotch Road about this morning and ran away. The animal ran up Second street and was stopped near the Pond Machine Tool Works, but not until it had wrecked one of the wheels on the vehicle to which it was attached.

This Date in History—May 28.



AGASSIZ.

1098—Birth of George I of England; died 1727.
1708—Death of Madame de Montespan; born 1641; favorite of Louis XIV.
1807—Birth of Louis Agassiz, naturalist and professor in Harvard college.
1829—Death of Sir Humphrey Davy; born 1778; natural philosopher.
1845—1,500 houses burned in Quebec; a month later, 1,300 houses burned; May 24, 1760, 500 houses burned.
1856—Dispute with Great Britain respecting right of search. Mr. Crampton, British envoy, dismissed from Washington.
1871—Marshal MacMahon disperses the last position of the Communists in Paris. Results of the seven days' fighting: Regular troops, 877 killed, 6,24 wounded; insurgents, 83,000 dead and wounded, 20,000 prisoners; nearly all the leaders killed or prisoners and about one-quarter of Paris destroyed. Estimated loss of property, $100,000,000.
1877—Gen. Grant visits Great Britain et seq.
1878—Death of Earl Russell, English statesman, aged 86.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A HORSE, Light covered wagon, safe, platform scales, hand truck and feed bin for sale at Morrison's feed store, 59 North avenue. 26 3*

FOR SALE—Cheap, or exchange, horse, 16 hands, sound and kind. Inquire 37 Central avenue. 27-2

FOR SALE—New slate roof cottage, five rooms, one minute from railroad station, Dunellen. Price $1,600. Terms easy. Apply to Wm. F. Adams 10 Park avenue, Plainfield, or to W. S. Stevens, Dunellen. 5-10 S.T&T

FOR RENT or sale—A new 7 1-3 Oct. upright piano. First-class. On account of removal. Apply 8 East Seventh street. 27-3

FOR SALE—Fresh thoroughbred Alderney cow, with calf by her side. Splendid family cow. Address John Hummel, Box 43, New Market N. J. 26-3

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. O. D. John F. Wilson. 2-tf

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-6-tf

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage at five per cent. Wm. M. Stillman, 34 East Front st. 25-6*

TO LET—Four rooms. 329 West Front street, between Grant avenue and Evans. 26-6

WANTED—Coachman and gardener; married man preferred, rooms to live in. C. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

WANTED—A neat competent girl for general housework. References required 60 East Sixth street. 26-3

WANTED—Neat, active, honest, temperate, str. intelligent, experienced single, man to run milk wagon. His best reference required. Post office box 636, Plainfield. 26-3

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply with reference. No. 36 Grandview avenue. 5-28-tf

WANTED Coachman and gardener, W. R. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

Legal Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscriber, Assignee of Louis A. Rhesume, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the thirtieth day of June next.

WILLIAM J. BUTTFIELD, Assignee.

Dated May 24th, 1890.

NEW FIRM

N. B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW, } 94 SOMERSET ST.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 48 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

Carey's BARGAIN STORE

81 West Front street,

Can't be beat for REAL BARGAINS in

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE

A large lot just received, bought at Sheriff's sales, and including mixed carpets, rugs druggets, folding beds, parch re seats, fancy chairs, and tables, bedding, bedroom suits, stoves and house furnishing goods generally.

THEY ARE SELLING LIVELY, COME AND SEE THEM.

If you are in need of such things you will be sure to buy at the prices offered. For instance $5 Smyrna rugs, OVER five feet long, only $3.50.

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK AT

VANEMBURGH & WHITE'S

5,000 yards of manufactory remnants of fine plaid Nainsook and lace stripes and checks. These are the finest lot of goods we have ever offered, and it will repay you to see them. Our price 12c per yard, value 20c.

We put on sale two more cases of those fine dress ginghams. Our price 10c.

Window screens, fit any window, 35c.

100 dozen gentlemen's Lisle thread hose, 25c per pair, value 40c.

Light weight jackets are the thing for these cool nights. We offer our entire line at cost price.

50 dozen children's all linen handkerchiefs, hemstitched, 5c each.

Children's corset waists, 37c each.

CHEMISETTS,

PLAIN, 25C.; TUCKED, 30 AND 50 C.; ROLLING COLLAR, 85C.

PARASOLS.

FANCY STRIPES IN ALL THE NEW COLORINGS FOR $1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 2.90, 3. 5, 3.40, 3.95, 4.25 and 4.95. MOURNING PARASOLS FOR $2.25, 2.40, 3.00, 3.50, 3.75 and 4.00.

FINE SILK SUN UMBRELLAS, NATURAL STICK FOR $3.00, 2.75, 3.19 AND 3.25.

SUN UMBRELLAS, FANCY SILVER HANDLES FOR $1.65, 2.00, 2.25 AND 3.50.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

DON'T BE WITHOUT A

Gasoline Stove.

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8

Lawn settees, $1.25. Screen Doors, $1.25. Window Screens, adjustable, 40c, 45c, 50c. Ice cream freezer, 4 qt, $2.45. Refrigerators, $9. Gasoline (5 gals) 75.

Pierson Hardware Co.

42 West Front street. Telephone 195.

Special Notices.

THE POST OFFICE PLAINFIELD, N. J. will close on and after Monday, June 2, 1890, at 7 o'clock p. m., instead of 7:30 p. m. Will also close on May 30th, Decoration Day, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the day. One delivery in the morning and two collections.

E. B. POPE, Postmaster. 27-3*

MANICURE.

Dr. R. Berrera, G., will be in town for a few days and is prepared to treat the hands and nails of those who desire, in a thoroughly scientific manner, at moderate rates. Those desiring treatment may communicate with him at 187 Park avenue. 23-1w

CLAIRVOYANT

Positively last week. The last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 28 1w

VALUABLE

Building Lots at Auction.

T. J. Gillies, Auc'r, will sell at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises on Front st., North ave., near Byron station, **19 Building Lots,** situated on North, Mariners and Dunellen avenues, on

FRIDAY, MAY 30,

2 lots fronting on North avenue, 63 ft. 6 inches by 130 ft. deep; 12 lots on Mariners avenue, 9—50x135 ft., 4—50x110ft.; 4 lots on Dunellen ave., 2—63 ft. 6 inches by 159 ft., 2—55 ft by 125.

These lots are located within 300 yards of Byron station, in the midst of good improvements, and are deserving the attention of any person seeking a home location, or for an investment, as they offer by their situation every inducement, and will be sold free and clear of all incumbrances, and on easy terms. Particulars made known on day of sale.

GEORGE M. PHILLIPS, West Front street, Byron. 26-4

UNION LADIES BICYCLE Price $115, On Exhibition at L. W. Randolphs' 21 W. Front St. GEO. W. MORRISON, Agent.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

Friday, May 30th,

IMMENSE and INTENSE!

Minstrel and Vaudeville Combination of the

Hudson County Wheelmen

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

THE PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB.

Solos, Quartets, Choruses, Cornetists, Ventriloquism, Gaiety skirt dance

ORCHESTRA FROM METROPOLITAN THEATRE.

Nothing like it in Plainfield before—ever since.

Reserved seats for sale on and after Monday at Randolph's and at The Moy Pharmacy. 28-3*

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

Special Sale

FOR TWO DAYS ONLY,

Wednesday and Thursday,

MAY 28th and 29th.

Sherman & Becker,

72 PARK AVENUE.

Ladies' and Children's Muslin Underwear, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

Also in MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, Miss C. D. Segner will sell trimmed and untrimmed hats, flowers, etc, as specialties for DECORATION DAY. 27-3*

The Ladies of the Aid Society of the M. E. Church will give a

Strawberry Festival

IN VINCENT CHAPEL,

THURSDAY EVENING,

Friday Afternoon and Evening,

May 29 and 30.

FANCY ARTICLES WILL BE ON SALE.

ADMISSION 10 CENTS. 26-6

Plainfield Evening News.
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

F. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 32.

It seems incredible that any person under a hundred years old could live in our time and not know the bunco men of cities, the prize package swindler and the fact that the gas should be turned off and not blown out. Yet only a few days ago a youthful married couple on their honeymoon trip blew out the gas in a hotel in Nebraska and suffocated themselves. Did they not know how to read, and did they take no newspaper in either one of the respective families to which that hapless bride and groom belonged?

The Setting of a Great Hope.

It was full of promise, but it went out like the going down of the sun, that hope that dragon flies could be trained to exterminate mosquitoes. We ourselves hoped for it with all the enthusiasm of an unspoiled nature. But alas! it won't do.

The $500 offered by Dr. Lamborn in prizes for essays on the best methods of propagating the dragon fly for mosquito killing has been awarded, and the essayists have decided that the plan is not feasible. Mrs. Eugene M. Aaron, of Philadelphia, received the first prize of $150. She says that mosquitoes breed so much more rapidly than dragon flies that the latter could never by any process of propagation, be made to overtake the former.

Again, dragon flies sleep in the darkness and are active in daytime. The dragon fly could not by any means be coaxed to get up nights to kill mosquitoes. Thirdly, dragon flies are migratory, and may at any time up and fly away to new quarters without a moment's warning. For this reason when you most wanted them they might not be there. There are some other reasons, but these will do.

Crime in Massachusetts.

On the whole, Massachusetts, the mother of public schools, seems not to be growing wickeder, in spite of the degeneracy of modern times and the great influx of foreigners to her borders in the last twenty-five years. It is true that in 1865 the compliments for crime in that state were only 1 to every 113 inhabitants, while in 1885 they were 1 to every 72. But other figures come in here. In 1865 the commitments for serious crimes against person and property were 1 to 201 inhabitants. In 1885 they were only 1 in every 436.

The added number of arrests in 1885 were for offenses against decency and order; in other words, drunks and disorderlies. The cause of the increase of arrests may be summed up in one word, intemperance. The arrests from this cause have increased 500 per cent. in the time named. The Boston Post says:

"The question of crime in Massachusetts thus resolves itself into a question of intemperance pure and simple, for it is owing to intemperance alone that there is an increase of commitments."

In proportion to the population, crimes other than those arising from intemperance have actually decreased 18 per cent. since 1865. But there is a cheerful view taken even of the increased arrests from drunkenness. Mr. David C. Torrey says that public sentiment has been aroused on the subject of intemperance to such a degree that there would be arrests from intemperance now where there would not have been thirty-five years ago, and this changed public sentiment will account for many of the additional commitments.

The New Way of Keeping Cool.

One who suddenly enters Washington market, in New York city, of a hot day, will be refreshed by the grateful coolness that fills the place. Throughout the building the temperature is just what a citizen would wish for his house during midsummer heat. The thought will, perhaps, occur that a great quantity of ice is required to produce this effect. In that he would be mistaken. There is not a pound of ice used. Perhaps his eye will be attracted by a number of pipes that run overhead and down into the various booths and boxes where meat and other perishable provisions are kept.

These pipes will glisten as though covered with ice and snow, though the temperature be above 80 deg. outside the market. As a matter of fact, it is exactly ice and snow that cover the pipes, and nothing else. A freezing mixture of the salts of ammonia is pumped into the pipes from a plant in another street, and the vaporization of these salts produces the intense cold that chills the pipes till frost and snow collect on the outside of them even in midsummer. Thus the whole great market house is cooled and provisions are kept at a low temperature.

Here is one of the beautiful secrets of chemistry put to important practical use. The utilization of freezing mixtures is only in its infancy as yet. The freezing mixtures are not expensive. The time will come when milk and butter in dairies and farmhouses will be cooled in summer by this process, and the temperature thus secured kept deliciously low. Then nobody need go away from home to escape the heat.

A PAN-AMERICAN BANK.

Another Conference Enterprise Submitted to Congress.

SECRETARY BLAINE'S LETTER.

The Capital Stock Will Be $10,000,000 and It Will Be Known as the International American Bank—To Establish a System of Direct Exchange.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The president has sent to congress the draft of a bill to carry into effect the recommendations of the international American conference by the incorporation of the International American bank. The commissioners named are: John B. Henderson, of Missouri; Cornelius N. Bliss, of New York; William Henry Trescott, of South Carolina; T. J. Coolidge, of Massachusetts; Andrew Carnegie, of Pennsylvania; Clement Studebacker, of Indiana; John F. Hanson, of Georgia; Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia; Charles R. Flint, of New York, and M. M. Estee, of California. They are authorized to open books and receive stock subscriptions in Washington or in New York or at both places, and in such other principal cities of the United States and also in such principal cities of South and Central America and Mexico as they may think proper.

Capital Stock, $10,000,000.

The capital stock is to be $10,000,000, subject to increase by a two-thirds vote to $20,000,000. The shares are to be of $100 par value each. When 25 per cent. of the subscriptions to the capital stock shall have been paid in cash the corporation may begin business, and thereupon 10 per cent. be called and paid in cash within a year from the date of organization. The principal office is to be in Washington or New York as the directors determine. The bank is to be empowered to receive deposits, to buy and sell exchange, etc., but not to be issued or circulated as a currency. It is to be financial agent of any government, municipality, pursoe, etc. It may acquire real estate not to exceed 15 per cent. of its paid capital. It may be designated by the secretary of the treasury as a depository of the public money, or may be employed as a financial agent of the government. The board of directors is to consist of seven stockholder persons, holding at least 250 shares each, and fifteen of them shall be citizens of the United States. The commissioners are to meet in Washington within sixty days after the passage of the act, and to organize by electing a chairman, secretary and treasurer. They are then with all convenient speed to open books of subscription. Each subscription is to be accompanied by 10 per cent. in cash of the amount subscribed.

Liability of Stockholders.

The stockholders are to be liable to the creditors of the bank only to the extent of their unpaid subscriptions to their capital stock. Any person failing to complete payment on his subscription after twenty days' notice is liable to have the previous payments forfeited. The directors are to make semi-annual reports to the secretary of the treasury, and the books are to be open to inspection by treasury agents at all times. If at any time examination at any time that the capital stock is impaired or reduced more than 20 per cent. the secretary of the treasury may order the impairment made good within sixty days or in default thereof may require any application for a receiver may be made to any circuit court of the United States. The right to amend or repeal this act is to be reserved by congress.

Secretary Blaine's Letter.

The following letter from the secretary of state accompanied the message of the president:

"To the President—I have the honor to submit herewith the report of the committee on banking, as unanimously adopted by the international American conference recently in session in this city. It was the wish of the conference that this proposition of such great interest to every American republic should be acted upon as possible so ere the earnest attention of the congress of the United States. The foreign commerce of the nations south of the gulf of Mexico and the Rio Grande amounts annually to more than $1,100,000,000. At present the people of the United States enjoy only a meager share of this market, but the action of the recent conference will result, I believe, in the removal of certain obstacles which now threaten to obstruct the expansion of our trade.

A Serious Obstacle.

"One of the most desirous of these obstacles is the absence of a system of direct exchange, and without it by which the exporting and importing merchants of the United States engaged in commerce with Central and South America have been compelled to pay the bankers of London a tax upon every transaction. Last year our commerce with the countries south of us amounted to $283,000,557, of which the imports of merchandise were valued at $181,058,999, and the imports of specie and bullion were $21,238,791; while our exports consisted of merchandise, valued at $71,853,181 and $9,008,479 in specie and bullion.

European Banks Get the Profit.

"Of the merchandise imported into the United States the greater part was paid for by remittances to London and the cities of the continent to cover drafts against European letters of credit. For the use of these credits a commission of three-quarters of 1 per cent. is customarily paid, so that the European banks enjoyed a large profit upon our business with a minimum of risk.

"This system steadily results in losses to our merchants in interest and differences in exchange as well as in commissions. These losses would be largely reduced to our merchants by the establishment of an international system of banking between the American republics. . .

A Simple and Easy Remedy.

"The merchants of this country are as dependent upon the bankers of Europe in their financial transactions with their correspondents in Asia as they are upon the shipowners of Great Britain for transportation facilities, and will continue to labor under these embarrassments until direct banking systems are established. The report of the committee hereto attached presents a simple and easy method of relief, and the enactment of the measure recommended will, in the judgment of the conference, result in the establishment of proper facilities for inter-American banking. Respectfully submitted,

"JAMES G. BLAINE."

Keenan Gives Himself Up.

NEW YORK, May 28.—Ex-Alderman Keenan, of boodle fame, returned here from his Canadian refuge, presented himself at the district attorney's office and announced his readiness to give bail. He was released on $40 000 bonds.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

The Original Package Question Discussed in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The senate resumed consideration of the bill subjecting imported liquors to the provisions of the laws of the several states, the question being on the substitute reported from the judiciary committee providing that liquors so transported shall (when their actual and continuous transportation shall have terminated) be considered to have ceased to be the subject of commerce with foreign nations and among the several states and shall be a part of the common mass of property within the state and be subject to its police regulations. Mr. Vest objected against the constitutional right of congress to delegate its delegated powers back to the states. Mr. George gave his support to the bill.

Mr. Eustis said that the question presented by the bill under discussion was a very perplexing one. In the one hand large property interests were represented, and on the other hand there was encountered a strong moral sentiment in one or two or more states. The difficulty in the question arose in the attempt to reconcile the conflict between the rights of property under the constitution and laws and that moral sentiment known as prohibition. He regretted that some solution of the question had not been discovered, for he considered that the bill proposed by the judiciary committee was clearly unconstitutional.

Mr. Eustis said it was proposed to legislate against the distillers of Milwaukee and St. Louis, and the distillers of Kentucky, Illinois, North Carolina, New York and New Hampshire. Next they would be asking for $1 excise upon every $100 part of which the state of Louisiana produced a large amount. Then they would be asking that dressed beef from Illinois and tobacco from North Carolina be declared to be considered an article of commerce within the meaning of the constitution.

Mr. Gray did not think it a delegation of the power of congress to say that the original package shall not be considered a matter of interstate commerce in such a way as to interfere with the police power of the state.

Mr. Regan, while declaring himself in favor of any reasonable mode of abridging the evils of alcoholic liquors, did not think it safe to strain the constitution. If congress should pass the pending bill it would probably be declared unconstitutional. The bill went over without action. The vice president announced the appointment of Mr. Blackburn as a member of the committee on appropriations and of Mr. Call as a member of the committees on finance, territories and woman's suffrage.

In the house, on motion of Mr. Townsend (Pa.), a senate bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Beaver Falls at a cost of $50,000, with amendment striking out the appropriation clause. On motion of Mr. Wilson (W. Va.) a senate bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Martinsburg, W. Va., with an amendment reducing the limit of cost from $112,000 to $75,000.

Mr. McKinley submitted the conference report upon the sundry civil and administrative bill and it was adopted—yeas, 127; nays, 19—the speaker's casting vote counting as a yea. The Democrats, as a rule, refrained from voting. The river and harbor bill was then discussed, but without action.

Several bills were acted upon favorably by the house committee on commerce, among them the bill to delegate to each state the right to prohibit the importation within its borders of liquor in original packages. This bill is aimed at the recent decision of the supreme court allowing interstate sales of original packages to test prohibition states. It is in the same form as the bill under consideration in the senate on Tuesday. A favorable report was also made on a house bill to permit states to regulate the sale of oleomargarine and granting them power to prohibit its sale within their boundaries. F. F. Curtis, of Syracuse, representing the New York State Dairymen's association, appeared before a committee and argued in favor of the bill. A bill providing for a light at Fenwick Island shoal, Del., was acted on favorably.

EDWARD TOWNE'S WIVES.

One of Them Committed Suicide, the Other Charged Him with Bigamy.

NEW YORK, May 28.—Ellen Towne, aged 30, jumped from the window of her room and committed suicide yesterday afternoon by jumping down the air shaft of her residence and was instantly killed. Early in the day the woman had made an assignment of abandonment against her husband Edward, in the Essex Market police court. While she was being her testimony Towne's brother entered the court room with another woman. The latter said she was Clara Towne and was married to Edward Towne by Rev. Samuel Pancoast in Philadelphia fourteen years ago.

Ellen Towne said she was married to Edward Towne in March, 1880, by Rev. A. C. Mackenzie, in this city. A charge of bigamy was made against Towne and the hearing was adjourned, when Ellen Towne was to appear against him. The woman went home and soon afterward was seen on the roof. She then jumped down the air shaft and was killed. Clara Towne appeared against her husband, and he was held in $1,500 on a charge of bigamy.

Miscellaneous Notes.

Women Suffragists Chose Officers.

BOSTON, May 28.—At the executive session of the National Women's Suffrage association officers for the ensuing year were elected, with Mrs. Lucy Stone as president, several vice presidents for each of the New England states, Henry B. Blackwell as secretary, Francis G. Garrison as treasurer, Amanda M. Longo as auditor and Mrs. J. W. Smith, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Mrs. Adelaide A. Cladin, Miss Mary F. Cushman, Mrs. Alice Stone-Blackwell, Mrs. Anna Garlin-Spencer, Hon. Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Mrs. S. S. White, Mrs. Susan J. Cheney, Mrs. Ellie Pitblado and Miss Laura Moore as the executive committee.

The Erie Canal's Bad Break.

UTICA, N. Y., May 28.—The work of repairs on the big break in the Erie canal at Whitesboro progresses, but so great is the gap to be filled that a week must elapse before navigation can be resumed. There are many boats lying on the bottom along the level between Utica and Syracuse and others are held at points each side. The boatmen are feeling very blue over the situation, for they will be compelled to consumerable loss by the delay. Passenger trains on the Central road are running regularly. Three tracks have been temporarily replaced.

Officers in Disgrace.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The Police board dismissed from the for Officer Chester L. Seiford for failure to arrest Jackson, the murderer of Maude Murphy, on April 22 last. The board also removed to the ranks Detectives Curry and Sheridan, of the Tenth precinct, for their testimony before the Fassett committee, and they were each transferred to different precincts.

MR. GLADSTONE SPEAKS.

Electors Responsible for the Present Government.

BALFOUR'S ABUSE DISREGARDED.

The Grounds of Hawarden Castle Packed with Thousands Who Listen to the "Grand Old Man"—John Dillon Struck with a Police Baton at Cashel.

LONDON, May 28.—An immense gathering of people assembled on the grounds of Hawarden castle to listen to an address by Mr. Gladstone. Mr. Gladstone was in excellent voice, and addressed the vast crowd from an elevated position in a corner of the castle yard, while Mrs. Gladstone held an umbrella over his head to shield him from the rays of the sun. He was frequently interrupted by applause, and the utmost enthusiasm prevailed throughout the day. Among the gatherers were many recognized Conservatives, but the speaker's remarks elicited from them no signs of disapproval.

Balfour's Abuse Disregarded.

He began by saying that he would disregard the abuse lavished upon him by Mr. Balfour. He repeated the comparison he made in his speech at Lowestoft between atrocities at Siberia and outrages at Mitchelstown. The latter, no more than the former, would be endured in England.

Electors were Responsible.

They typified the spirit now governing Ireland. He warned the electors that they were morally answerable for such government. The land purchase bill was now to be discussed in the parliament and its fate decided. It would be shown that until the verdict given at the general election of 1886 was reversed parliament could not use British credits to purchase Irish estates.

A General Election Near.

Mr. Gladstone made an analysis of the taxation and financial bills, giving increased point to his previously expressed opinions on those measures. Viewing the state of affairs that existed he thought a general election could not be far distant, and he hoped that in preparation for that event public opinion would be aroused against the policy of disturbance pursued by the government in Ireland, whose desire for peace and self government should no longer be tampered with.

John Dillon Struck with a Baton.

DUBLIN, May 28.—The demonstration at Cashel, which was prohibited by government proclamation, was a game of hide and seek. Mr. Dillon managed to address a fugitive meeting outside Boherlahin, and then drove to the village to address another meeting, which the police dispersed with their batons. Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon protested against the action of the police, and Mr. Dillon was struck with a baton. A body of cavalry attachment arriving, several charges were made. One policeman was injured.

The Oldest Mason Dead.

ROSBOUT, N. Y., May 28.—Stanford Levi Lyon, said to be the oldest Free Mason, died here May 22, aged 98. He had been connected with the Masonic order for seventy-one years, having joined St. Andrew's lodge at Hobart in 1819. He was one of the most prominent farmers of this section of the state.

Educational.

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AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Sevilleer and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 La Grande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

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TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 22 West Front street.

WILL PAY FIFTY PER CENT.

Civil and Criminal Proceedings Against Bank of American Officials.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—At a meeting of depositors of the defunct Bank of America, the committee of investigation reported that probably 50 per cent. would be realized on the deposits. The committee also declared that the bank's annual profits and dividends had not been paid out of earnings, and that the directors are liable to criminal prosecution for this as well as for making loans on bogus securities. Bank officials, the report says, drew out their personal balances just before announcing the suspension of the bank.

The bank was in good shape at the time Director MacFarlane was elected vice president, May 1, 1889. The trouble began then. The minutes of the meetings of directors have been doctored so as to make them agree with MacFarlane's assertion that he severed his connection with the bank some weeks before the suspension. Cashier Dungan, however, stated that MacFarlane was in fact a director at the time of the suspension. The meeting adopted a recommendation that counsel be employed by the bank officer and pronounced wholesome. Charles James, of St. Louis, president of the association, vehemently declared that the defaults of men would protective measures in the courts and in the legislature during the past year was not the result of honest legislation nor honest courts, but of the manipulations and machinations of bad men.

New Empire State Laws.

ALBANY, May 28.—New laws: Chapter 454, authorizing the common council of Yonkers to borrow money; chapter 455, amending the revised statutes in regard to carriers; chapter 456, to provide for the care of the cemetery in Syracuse; chapter 457, amending the penal code in regard to trains; chapter 458, improvements in Hoosick Falls; chapter 459, powers of trustees in Hoosick Falls; chapter 460, providing for the appraisement of land now in use for county insane asylums; chapter 461, to annex part of the town of Greenbush to Troy.

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12 " " " " " 25
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Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

Parasols.

"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 22 in., $1.20, 24 in., $1.45, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys strip'd belts 25c buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 9c buckle, all colors, 10c

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The Friends in Session.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The Friends' society continued their annual meeting in their meeting houses on East Fifteenth street. About 700 men and women were present, the former assembling in one house and the women in another. The committee on philanthropic labor presented a lengthy report recapitulating the work of educating freedmen during the year, and also the work accomplished in the cause of temperance in this state. The session will last during the week.

Fanny Davenport's Jury Disagrees.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 28.—The jury in the libel suit of Actors Lott and Williams against Fanny Davenport after being out nearly a whole day came into court this morning and announced that they could not agree. They stood six for a verdict varying from $200 to $1,000, and six for one cent or nothing. Unless a settlement is effected a retrial will be necessary.

The President Will Attend.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—President Harrison and several cabinet officers and other officials leave the city this evening on a special train for Cleveland to take part in the Garfield memorial ceremonies that are to take place there on Decoration day. They will probably return Saturday night.

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Unexpected Result of Dr. Justin's Experiment.

THE AIR WAS FILLED WITH IRON.

Two Thousand People Thronged the Woods and Dodged the Fragments of the Big Cannon—The Wonder Is That Many of the Crowd were Not Killed.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 28.—The experiment of firing dynamite shells from a rifled powder gun at Perryville proved a much more thrilling exhibition. The big gun used by Dr. Justin not only burst into a thousand pieces, but also narrowly escaped killing scores of people. Hundreds of trees were imperiled and many came within a hair's breadth of being mangled to death. Thousands of people came to see the test which promised to revolutionize modern warfare. The United States government sent Commander Jewell, of the torpedo station at Newport; the Chinese and Japanese governments were represented by Yung Wing, ex-commissioner of schools, and a host of officers of the army were present to examine into the experiments. There were many ladies, too, who wanted to see the big gun explode its dynamite cartridge against the massive stone cliff.

A Picturesque Scene.

The scene of the test was in one of the most picturesque glens of central New York. The big Bakeley rifle was mounted on its gun carriage in a sort of amphitheatre, and the target was the perpendicular cliff about half a mile distant, over which the water from the hillsides poured. The gun used for the experiment was one which had served the Confederates during the war for a field piece. The dynamite shell upon which Dr. Justin bases his patent is 9 inches in diameter and 44 inches long. It is constructed of wooden staves containing about sixteen pounds of dynamite. About thirty pounds of compressed cotton powder are necessary for each discharge.

The Gun Exploded.

Over 2,000 people swarmed in the woods when Dr. Justin emerged from his laboratory carrying the first charge, and a little later the signal for firing was given. Many took up positions near the big gun, but the greater portion took to the hills half a mile away. In a minute more the fuse began to burn, and a half second later there was a puff of smoke. Almost at the same time a great report rent the air, and the thousands of spectators stood aghast as great pieces of steel shot through the air in all directions, bowling down trees, ploughing up the earth and falling among the people on the hill. Fortunately everybody succeeded in getting out of the way when the debris descended. One huge piece weighing over 1,000 pounds fanned a boy's hat from his head as it buried itself three feet in the earth at his side.

Many Miraculous Escapes.

Down in the valley the escapes from instant death were remarkable and in many cases miraculous. Inventor Justin had announced himself behind a large tree a short distance away from the gun, in order to watch the course of events. The breech of the big gun whizzed by his head and buried itself in the ground ten yards away. Mr. Dennison, of Syracuse, one of the patent lawyers who had secured Dr. Justin his patent, had taken refuge with one or two friends behind a big tree on the south side. Every man's hair stood on end as the right arm of the rifle shot over their heads, beginning them with powder and dirt in its flight. A reporter for the Herald-Journal had placed his little camera in position and pulled the slide when the explosion occurred.

A poor fellow was scared almost out of his wits as a huge piece of the breech buried itself in the earth a few feet from him. A boy named McNulty, for up the hill, was hit in the foot with a piece of the shell.

Found a Mile Away.

Pieces of the huge jackets were scattered all over, and also pieces of the steel shell which inclosed the dynamite cartridge. These pieces were forced into ridges where the explosion had flattened them into the riding of the cannon and several were "hocked" or wrinkled by the terrific power of the powder behind. Several pieces of the big gun were found a mile away. How such an awful explosion could have occurred with the woods so full of people without injury to any one seems beyond human knowledge.

Dr. Justin Still Hopes.

Dr. Justin was found looking for portions of the shell up the ravine in support of his theory that the powder explosion was first and the dynamite shell a second later. He succeeded in finding the bolting bars of the shell, showing conclusively that the failures of the experiment was in a measure due to the weakness of the Bakeley rifle. Said Dr. Justin: "I still think that my experiment has failed utterly; the weakness of the shell, as well as the worn out condition of the old gun had much to do with this afternoon's explosion. The rifle marking on portions of the shell I have found show that the explosion was, in all probability, caused by the breech, at Marquette, Mich.; C. F. Augustin, of Wisconsin, at Menasha, Wis. G. C. Ginty, of Wisconsin, to be marshal of the United States for the eastern district of Wisconsin. Withdrawn—Samuel L. Gracey, to be consul of the United States at Cardiff.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

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THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—

New York	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	4	
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2

Base hits: New York, 5; Chicago, 6. Errors: New York, 2; Chicago, 4. Batteries: Murphy and Murphy, Sullivan and Eldridge. Attendance, 800.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	2	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	8
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; Pittsburg, 5. Errors: Philadelphia, 2; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries: Schmidt and Berger, Gleason and Clements. Attendance, 1,200.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 6; Cleveland, 3. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Cleveland, 3. Batteries: Lovett and Stallings, Beatin and Zimmer. Attendance, 481.

Players' League.

At New York—

New York	4	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	12
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

Base hits: New York, 16; Cleveland, 7. Errors: New York, 3; Cleveland, 5. Batteries: Keefe, Crane and Vaughn; Gruber and Sutcliffe. Attendance, 6,000.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Philadelphia, 6; Buffalo, 11. Errors: Philadelphia, 5; Buffalo, 1. Batteries: Knell and Brown, Hadbon and Mack. Attendance, 1,074.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	7	1	12
Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	4

Base hits: Brooklyn, 17; Pittsburg, 10. Errors, Brooklyn, 2; Pittsburg, 12. Batteries: Van Haltren, Cook and Hayes; Staley and Carroll. Attendance, 316.

American Association.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	4
Toledo	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	7

Base hits: Rochester, 7; Toledo, 8. Errors: Rochester, 6; Toledo, 3. Batteries: Barr and McGuire, Cushman and Mack.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
Louisville	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Base hits: Syracuse, 7; Louisville, 7. Errors: Syracuse, 5; Louisville, 2. Batteries: Casey and O'Rourke, Meekin and Kyan.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
St. Louis	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3

Base hits: Athletic, 7; St. Louis, 10. Errors: Athletic, 2; St. Louis, 4. Batteries: Green and Robinson, Sowders and Munyon.

Second game—

Athletic	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	10
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Athletic, 12; St. Louis, 8. Errors: Athletic, 2; St. Louis, 5. Batteries: McMahon and Robinson, Silvetis and Munyon.

Atlantic Association.

At Jersey City—Jersey City, 3; Washington, 11. Base hits: Jersey City, 11; Washington, 8. Errors: Jersey City, 4; Washington, 4. Batteries: McDermott and Murphy, Maloney and Nicholson.

Other games postponed.

A CHINAMAN'S SLAVE.

Lee Khi Bought a Chinese Girl for $600 and Kept Her a Prisoner.

NEW YORK, May 28.—Lee Khi, a Chinaman, lived at 26 Bell ball in the Tombs police court on the charge of buying Suen Yes, a 12-year-old Chinese girl, and keeping her for immoral purposes. The girl was born in Amoy and came to San Francisco about five years ago, and was employed as handmaid to the wife of a rich Chinese merchant there. She met a Chinese gambler named Ah Phoon while there and fell in love with him. They had several meetings, which caused a scandal, and the girl was dismissed from her place. She was taken in charge by a Chinese mission in San Francisco, where she remained some time. Ah Phoon tried to induce her to leave, but she refused.

Ah Phoon then told the superintendent of the mission that he wanted to marry the girl. She then left there and that was the last heard of them in San Francisco. Ah Phoon brought the girl to 11 Mott street, New York, where they lived some time. He lost something like $18,000 gambling and then left her. She befriended with Lee Khi kept her on the top floor of 11 Mott street and compelled her to meet Chinamen there, and when she refused she was beaten and starved into submission. She was found at 11 Mott street by Samuel Landon, a newspaper reporter, who asked for the arrest of Lee Khi. When brought face to face with Lee Khi in the police court the girl ran behind the justice for protection, and did not become calm until he was taken from the room.

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations: Edmund W. P. Smith, of the District of Columbia, to be secretary of the legation and consul general of the United States at Bogota; Thomas H. Wallace, of Missouri, to be consul general of the United States at Melbourne. To be consuls of the United States: Hiram J. Dougherty, of Illinois, at Callao, Peru; Rounceville William, of Idaho, at Singapore; Samuel L. Gracey, of Massachusetts, at Foo Chow, China. Lewis E. Hughes, of New Mexico, to be collector of internal revenue for the district of New Mexico. B. H. Sullivan, of South Dakota, to be surveyor general of South Dakota. T. P. Cheney, of New Hampshire, to be pension agent at Concord. Anton Mehrlich, of Colorado, to be register of the land office at Central City, Col. William R. Hoyt, of Wisconsin, to be a commissioner in and for the district of Alaska. To be receivers of public moneys: E. D. Meade, of Michigan, at Marquette, Mich.; C. F. Augustin, of Wisconsin, at Menasha, Wis. G. C. Ginty, of Wisconsin, to be marshal of the United States for the eastern district of Wisconsin. Withdrawn—Samuel L. Gracey, to be consul of the United States at Cardiff.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Twenty-five manufacturers of rubber goods have advanced the price 10 per cent. to take effect June 1.

A decree of absolute divorce to Mrs. E. Flack, from her husband, ex-Sheriff James A. Flack, has been signed by Judge Beach, of the supreme court.

The suit of George H. Tilden to have the trust clauses of his uncle, the late Samuel J. Tilden, set aside as void has been begun. The case was tried once before, but was sent back by the general term on a reversal of Judge Lawrence's decision in favor of the executors. Formal testimony was put in showing the total value of the estate to be $5,296,346.

James Hyde, who on March 23 shot and killed William Turnbull, a ticket speculator, at New York, has been discharged on the ground that the shooting was justifiable.

The Manhattan Mutual Fire Insurance company, of Goshen, N. Y., has been discovered by the state insurance examiner to be in bad financial condition.

Richard Croker cables that he will be in New York June 6.

Two immense boilers at the Edgerton colliery, near Scrubdale, Pa., owned by Simpson & Watkins, blew up. William Jones, the fireman, was fatally injured and several thousand dollars' worth of property destroyed.

It is said that Governor Abbett, of New Jersey, has recommended the dismissal of all the Republican deputy keepers employed at the state prison in retaliation for the unseating of Senator McDonald.

The Presbyterian assembly has adjourned to meet at Detroit next year.

German Catholics in session at Milwaukee adopted resolutions denouncing the Bennett school law, which law is a blow at parochial schools and demanding its repeal. The resolutions declare that parents are not only entitled to provide for the education of their children, but that it is their duty to do so.

At New York the Republican state central committee rebuked Fred Gibbs and Hamilton Fish, Jr., for alleged treachery at Albany; indorsed the McKinley tariff bill and denounced the Democrats of Tammany hall.

Bishop O'Connor, of Omaha, Neb., is dead.

The Goulds Sell Out.

NEW YORK, May 28.—At the annual meeting of the Pacific Mail Steamship company today the control will pass into new hands. The Gould party, consisting of Jay Gould, George J. Gould, Russell Sage, Sidney Dillon and William Remsen, will retire and a new board consisting of C. P. Huntington, J. E. Gates, Henry Hart, Edward Lauterbach, Calvin S. Brice, Samuel Thomas, Oliver H. Payne, J. B. Houston and one other still to be named, will be elected, and J. B. Houston will be elected president in place of George J. Gould. This outcome is a complete defeat for the Gould interests. The new party in control began accumulating stock several days ago, and now have a total of 92,000 shares, or so near a majority that no contest is expected. The Villard interest has no place on the ticket and the scheme to have Tecoma instead of Portland point for Pacific mail is effectually blocked.

A Sensational Divorce Case.

ALBION, N. Y., May 28.—The most sensational scandal this place has ever had is being ventilated in court here. It is the suit for divorce of Mrs. Ough against her wife for absolute divorce. Mrs. Ough before her marriage to Ough was a wealthy young widow named Mrs. James Cummings, of Shelby. She was married to Ough in 1870, but two years later trouble began, Mrs. Ough claiming that her husband wished to control her money. They separated in 1882, and Newton was last divorce papers were served on her. Some of the co-respondents named are S. E. Filkins, a leading attorney of Medina; Mr. Palmer, of Churchville; Martin Warner, formerly of the Albion house, and Charles H. Moore, a prominent capitalist of the village. The case was called at noon and the work of obtaining a jury begun.

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QUALITY COAL

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South Avenue.

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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Ad Important Labor Decision.

ALBANY, May 28.—A decision of importance to every labor union in the country has just been handed down in the supreme court here. In the case of Lake Cox vs. the Albany Brewing company the appeal was by a decision from a judgment of the county court for plaintiff. In April, 1886, during the strike of the defendants' regular employes, the plaintiff and others were engaged to take the place of the strikers, the plaintiff being under a verbal agreement to work for one year. When the strike was settled a few weeks later plaintiff was discharged, and then brought suit to recover wages for the balance of the year he was unemployed. The judgment in his favor is now affirmed with costs. It is said that the labor unions will pay the expenses of the trial and also the man's salary.

The Mine Was Still Afire.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 28.—Workmen in shaft 14 of the Pennsylvania Coal company at Port Blanchard, which caught fire about a month ago, but which was thought to have been extinguished, broke through a pillar last evening and found the interior a seething mass of flames. The smoke and gas drove the men into the open. The fire is burning fiercely, and thousands of tons of coal will, it is feared, be consumed. All further operations in the mine have been abandoned. The officials of the company have decided to flood the mine. This will throw several hundred men out of employment and destroy thousands of dollars' worth of property.

The Late S. S. Cox's Final Interment.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The body of the late S. S. Cox was yesterday taken from the receiving vault and buried at Greenwood cemetery. Only the widow and a few intimate friends of the deceased were present. On Decoration day the S. S. Cox lodge, the Letter Carriers' association, the Peter Cooper post and Steckler association will decorate Mr. Cox's grave.

Coal Goes Up.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The agents of the six big coal producing companies held a long meeting and after some lively discussion decided to advance the price, all sizes, except broken, fifteen to twenty-five cents per ton, the maximum advance being on stove and chestnut. It was also decided to restrict the production for the month of June to 3,750,000 tons.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be warmer and generally fair.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF J. NEWTON JENKINS, of Elizabeth, deceased. In the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARY JENKINS, Executrix.

April 5th, 1890. 4-12 9tow

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PURE DRUGS AND SAFETY BICYCLES.

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A SIDE ISSUE; But an important one; is the PREMIER SAFETY BICYCLE. Elizabeth's boys are all riding the PREMIER SAFETIES are the BEST IN THE WORLD; not because WE sell them; but we sell them and ride them because they ARE THE BEST Call and see them. Send for catalogue.

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LARGEST STOCK!

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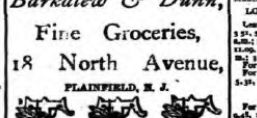

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NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

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ALLEN.

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HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.44, 6.36 a.m. 6.50, 7.46, 9.00, 9.56, 11.00 a. m. 12.05, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 5.04, 8.00, 8.50, 10.00 11.01, a.m. 12.05, 1.00, 3.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave New York at 12.01, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 9.45, 10.45, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 12.01, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. Leave Newark at 7.00, 7.30, 8.55, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 12.01, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. Sunday 10.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.00, 6.36, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30 a. m. 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave Newark at 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m. 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.05, 9.40, 11.00 a. m. 1.05, 2.40, 3.55, 5.30, 6.40, 8.10, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 8.45, 9.05 a. m. 12.03 night. Sunday at 7.15, 8.40, 10.00 a. m. 2.00, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 8.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.05, 9.40, a. m. 12.03, 2.40, 3.55, 5.30, 6.40, 8.10, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.45 a.m.; 8.05, 9.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.40, 8.05, 11.00 p.m. Sunday 8.45 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

3.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.00, a. m. for Easton, 8.07, a. m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, 9.45, 10.55, 11.30 a. m. 5.41 p. m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. High Bridge, Easton, Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Manch Chunk Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1.05 p.m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Allentown and Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 4.34 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Dutton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton Reading, Allentown, Bethlehem, 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc., 8.00 p. m. For Flemington, 6.36 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 7.00 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Allentown, Sundays at 5.45 a.m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; 8.33 a.m. for Easton, High Bridge, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8.03 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville 8.33 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 6.00, 11.05, a. m. 1.00 3.50, 5.31 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.00 a.m. 1.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 3.37, 5.44, 6.36, 7.30, 9.00, 11.00, 11.05, 3.50, 7.03 p. m. Sunday 8.50, a. m. 1.30 p. m.

For Seaside City 3.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m.

For Freehold 3.37, 8.00, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 3.50 5.31, 7.03 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3.37, 5.45, 8.50, 9.45, 11.58 a. m.; 1.00, 2.52, 4.08, 5.34, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 3.37, 5.56, a. m. 1.30, 7.30, 4.08, 8.33 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.00, 5.56, a. m. 2.52, 4.08, 5.34, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 3.37, 5.56, a. m. 1.30, 4.08, 8.33 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

This Date in History—May 27.

1805—Birth of Dante, who died 1321. The greatest of Italian poets. He chief work, "Divina Commedia," a vision of the invisible world.

1564—Death of John Calvin (or Chauvin); born at Noyon, in Picardy, July 10, 1509.

1703—Peter the Great founds St. Petersburg as his new capital.

1813—Fort Erie and George abandoned by the British.

1840—Death of Paganini, violinist; born 1784.

1848—Insurrection at Vienna. The emperor flees to Inspruck and Archduke John appointed vicar general.

1857—Mutinies in the Bengal army, East India; the British march on Delhi. The natives objected to the use of the greased cartridges in their Enfield rifles.

1862—Gen McClellan takes Hanover Court House, Va.

1863—Beginning of siege of Port Hudson, La. Union loss, 1,000; Confederate loss, 7,000.

1866—Resignation of Edwin M. Stanton, secretary of war; succeeded by Gen. Schofield.

1871—Sixteen priests and thirty-eight communards shot by the Communists in Paris; women who were fighting and throwing petroleum also burning houses shot by the troops.

1875—Roman Catholic church caught fire in Holyoke, Mass. During the panic eighty were burned or trampled to death.

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are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear. I have just received a fine lot of

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Also a fine assortment of Pianos and Organs. Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

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THOUGHT HE WAS SMART.

But Circumstances Altered His Good Opinion of Himself.

During the present overflow of the Mississippi river a well dressed man, while pushing his way through the woods, trying to avoid the water that was rapidly rising, came to a small knoll almost surrounded by the flood; and on the knoll he found a tall, lank fellow sitting on a log. The stranger, delighted at seeing a human being, ran up to the lank fellow and exclaimed:

"I never was gladder to see a man in my life. I have been in these woods nearly a day and a half. My horse and I went down with a sawing bank; I managed to save myself, but couldn't save him. How the question is, how are we going to get out of this infernal place?"

"Don't know," the lank fellow answered, swallowing his tobacco about in his mouth.

"Why, don't you know the woods?"

"Well, did know 'em pretty well, but the high water has wiped all the roads out."

"Look here, the water is rising, and this is no time for foolishness. See, we are evidently surrounded."

"Yes, that's so (squirting a stream of tobacco juice through his teeth). Reckon we'll hatter wade."

"Do you know a place where the water is not very deep?"

"I did know yistidy, but the water has rix powerful since then."

"How long have you been sitting here?"

"See down here this mornin'. Come out to look for the cow an' got tired, an' my place is allus to rest when I git tired. I have hearn it read outen the papers that a good many men die from overwork, an' sence that I am mighty partickler."

"But how do you expect to get out of this place?"

"Don't know exactly."

"But you've got to know pretty soon, for don't you see how rapidly the water is rising?"

"Yes, 'tis comin' up right peart. You sir a stranger down here, I reckon."

"Yes, haven't been here but a week, and if the Lord will only let me get out this time, I'll never come back. I wonder if I can wade out through there?"

"I reckon you can."

"I have a half notion to try it."

"But you take it a whole one."

"I'll do it. I don't care to stand here till the water comes up round my neck. Well, good-by. If you want to stay here and be drowned it is no fault of mine."

"So long," the lank fellow replied, spitting through his teeth.

The stranger had waded about thirty feet when he lunged off over his head. He sputtered and floundered and finally got back on the knoll.

"Whew! that was awful!" he exclaimed. "You scoundrel, why didn't you tell me?"

"How did I know what sort of a wader you were? Some folks kin wade surprisin' an' then others kain't wade so well. I took you fur one of the boss waders, but now I see you ain't."

"I could jump on you and beat you. I declare, I don't know what to do."

"Thought you was goin' to jump on me."

"No, I don't want to hurt you. Look here, is there that half hour from now this knoll will be under water."

"If I was goin' to bet, w'y I'd bet thatter way."

"And are you going to stay here and be drowned?"

"I kain't tell yit."

"You are a fool—that's what's the matter with you."

"Yes, I ain't a s'preme jedge, but I've got 'nuf sense than to go out in a woods that I don't know anything about an' git drowned."

"But you haven't got enough sense to get out of a woods that you do know something about."

"Oh, I think so." The lank fellow got up, went behind a tree, took up a canoe, and as he was preparing to shove it off remarked:

"I never fool with high water, cap'n, an' if you hain't found down here an' live or it awhile you'll I'arn a little sense yo'we'r. So long."

"What, are you going to leave me this way?"

"Yes, I've got rested now an' must go home an' tell the folks that I kain't find that fool cow."

He shoved off the canoe and got in. "For heaven's sake take me with you," the stranger implored.

"Cap'n, I reckon it's best not to—might sp'ile you to ride with a fool."

"Come back, my friend, I was hasty."

"Yes, I sorter think you was."

"I didn't mean to call you a fool—I'm the fool."

"An' am I a smart man?"

"Indeed you are."

"The smartest man in this country?" the fellow asked, slowly paddling the canoe toward the knoll.

"Yes, the very smartest."

"Well, but am I the smartest man you ever seed?"

"Yes, I think you are."

"But you mustn't think—you must know it."

"Well, then, I know it."

"An' don't you think, or rather don't you know, that I would make a good governor?"

"No, I know you would."

"Ur a president either?"

"Yes, you would make a good anything."

"All right, my boy, now you may git in. Oh, I tell you it is a mean a power of good to travel round in this part of the country. He l'arns faster than of he was in college."—Opie P. Read in Arkansaw Traveler.

A Philistine's Suggestion.

"That's a fine black mass you have there. Why don't you"—

"Well, what?"

"Why don't you paint the whole canvas black as the ace of spades and call it 'Night in Central Africa'"—New York Sun.

A Proper Apology.

"That isn't a very good picture of the baby, is it, Jack?"

"No, sir; but he isn't a very good baby."—Harper's Young People.

Hold Up.

Rube (the terror of the plains)—"I'se feeler yer go t' th' happy huntin' grounds'ez Gleason that buffler Sybe! I've trailed yer fur miles."—Judge.

Count Zichy's Wager.

The famous Hungarian, Count Zichy, who lived on a princely income in Vienna, was, in his younger days, well known all over Europe for the bets he made and generally won. Once when there was a heavy duty imposed on every head of cattle entering the Austrian capital he made a bet that he would carry a lamb, duty free, through the gates of Vienna, and that the gate keeper, who acts as imperial officer, adjusting and receiving the duty, would be glad to let him pass.

Next morning the count, disguised in the clothes of a butcher, his leftcher knife in his hand, his shirt sleeves rolled up and carrying a heavy sack on his shoulder, made his way to one of the fashionable gates of Vienna. But the watchful officer soon espied him.

"What have you in that sack, fellow?"

"A dog, sir."

"A dog! Dog yourself! Down with that sack! I know fellows like you sometimes carry dogs in sacks through the gates and sell them for mutton in town. Down with your sack!"

"But it's nothing but a dog and a bad dog, too. I will"——

"Never mind what you will. Down with your sack!"

The officer pulled the sack from the supposed butcher's shoulder, cut the string, and, sure enough, out jumped one of the biggest dogs in Vienna. The dog rushed against the faithful government servant, landed him several steps away in the gutter and then left for parts unknown. After him went the young butcher, shaking his big knife before the eyes of the frightened officer and exclaiming:

"I'll settle you after I catch that dog."

About two hours afterward the face of the butcher again appeared before the raised window of the gate office.

"I have just caught that dog again. Would you like to look at him?"

"Get away! Get out, you and your infernal dog!" And with a crash the window went down, and the smiling butcher entered Vienna.

But no dog was that time in the sack, but the fattest lamb that could be found in the suburbs of the capital.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

English Wit.

Two friends are conversing. "Take my advice and get married."

"I have a horror of perpetual slavery."

"Ah, my dear boy, if you could only find a wife like mine—so good, so kind, so affectionate, so devoted."

"Well, then, I'll wait till she's a widow."

Bride—George, dear, when we reach town, let us try to avoid giving the impression that we are newly married.

"All right, Maude; you can carry this bag."

Confidential Friend (to elderly but not unattractive spinster)—So, dear, you've given up advocating women's rights!

"Yes; I am now going in for one of women's lefts."

Confidential Friend — Women's lefts! What's that?

Elderly Spinster—Widower, my dear.

Telegraph Clerk (reading message)—What's this? "Will marry you whenever you wish?"

Aged Spinster—Yes; do you think it too forward? It's my first offer, and I'm afraid he'll get away.

To Be Lived Down.

She—What do you think of me when I was small, Major?

Major—Aw, beautiful—beautiful. Is it weally you?—Harper's Bazar.

Not a Case in Point.

There is a certain bloated bondholder on Main street who imagines himself the personification of loftiness. But he isn't. It is a favorite practice of his to call down his friends and acquaintances for their shortcomings in this respect, so the following little joke on him will be duly appreciated by all who know him. He was sitting in his office the other day with a couple of business friends, when a neighboring office-boy entered the august presence and, delivering a note to the polite individual, sat down without removing his hat. Here was the boss's opportunity.

"My boy," said he blandly, "do you not generally remove your hat in the presence of gentlemen?"

The youngster looked up and with a wisdom and boldness beyond his years gravely responded: "Invariably, sir; invariably," and as he still retained his hat on his head the polite man and his friends drew their own conclusions.—Buffalo Courier.

Not So Much.

"George, in your sleep I heard you say 'Guffey, give me five dollars' worth of chips.'"

"Oh yes; Guffey keeps a kindling store."

"Well, we are greatly in need of kindling to start fires, but we don't want five dollars' worth, George."—Paris Herald.

"Native."

Doctor (spending his holiday at the seaside)—My dear, we've been here a full three weeks, and it's really time I got home again.

Wife—Why? Are you afraid all your guests will have recovered?—Yonkers's News.

She Forgave Him.

Wife—Why, husband, I thought you had more sense than to buy a cornet. You know the fellow next door worries us nearly to death with his.

Husband—Calm yourself, my dear. That's the one I bought.—Detroit Free Press.

He'd Proved It.

Angelina—But, Harold, are you quite sure you are true to me?

Harold—Sure? Why, haven't I supported you for hours nearly every evening for months past?—Grip.

Cruel.

"Give you my word," began Seedy.

"Keep it," interrupted Speedy. "I don't want to bring you completely."—Philadelphia Press.

HE WAS GREAT SOCIALLY.

But It Only Required the Payment of a Quarter to Make Him So.

An old negro was chopping down some fine sprouts in a fence corner, when a white man came along and asked:

"Can you direct me to Col. Phil Henderson's house?"

"I could do't, sah, ef I had de time."

"If you had the time?" the man exclaimed.

"Yes, sah; ef I had de time. Been rainin' er good 'eal lately, an' I couldn't work much, an' dat I has got at his, w'y I hatter make de licks count."

"That's a strange idea. How long would it take you to tell me?"

"Well, sah, it's de way wid me: I kin talk all along in de sociable widout any trouble, jes' like I am er talkin' ter you right now, but as soon as I glster in glve d'reckahuns ter er place, w'y I git ter stutterin', an' it takes er powerful long time fur me ter git through, an' er gin I does git through I has got sich a dry throat dat I hain't hep, an' long after de man is dun gone I stan's dare a talkin' an' er losin' my mighty valuable time."

"I never heard of anything like that before," said the man.

"No, sah, I reckon not, an' de doctors domsefs say dat it is mighty cu'ix."

"Try to see and see if you can't tell me."

"Dar ain't no use'n tryin' it, sah, 'case I knows my 'fermity. Like mighty well ter 'blige you, but den I's got er wife an' children over yander in de cabin an' ef I done work, w'y da's gwine suffer, sho'."

"You can talk all right in a sociable way, can you?"

"Oh, I can es fine es a fiddle den. Nobody kin beat me in de sociable. Folks comes fur miles an' miles ter yere me talk in de sociable, but de Lawd save me ter gin 'em de d'reckahune ter er place."

"Well, is there not some way by which we'd could turn the giving of directions into a sociable talk?"

"Lemme see. I wonders now ef dat tack couldn't be done? Oh, yas, I's got it now —jes' happen to recollect dat dar ain't nothin' dat mecks me feel so sociable es er few dimes—say twenty-fi' cents."

"All right, here is a quarter. Now, which way must I go?"

"Wait an' git mah," said the old negro, taking the money. "I haster sorter feel my way er long, fur dis is er sort o' er sployment after all." He looked up and down the fence, wiped his mouth, pulled out his upper lip and worked it around, and then said: "I 'gratulates you, sah, dat you is gwine ter strikin' 'e gwine be er success. Go right down dar ter de cend o' de fence an' take de lef' han' road—hol' on, sah. You kin see de house from yere. Yander it is ober on de hill."—Arkansaw Traveler.

The Good Man's Good Deed.

Franklin Murphy brought sympathetic tears to the eyes of his hearers at the dinner of the Leather Manufacturers' Association by relating a story of benevolence. A friend of his, he said, was walking down Broadway one morning when he saw a young woman with a baby in her arms sitting on a church step and weeping. The man, whom Mr. Murphy called Jones, was touched by the unfortunate creature and asked her what was the cause of it.

"I walked into town," she replied, "to have my baby baptized, and now it will cost $5 to have the service performed. I haven't the money. And I don't know what to do."

"Well, that's a small matter," said Jones. "I haven't $5 in change, but here's a ten dollar bill. Take it and I'll wait for the change."

The woman returned in a short time and handed Jones $7. He patted the child's head and went down town, rejoicing in his own goodness. He felt good all day and his countenance showed with an unusual brightness. His associates all noticed the change, and finally one of them asked him the cause of it.

"I am happier than usual today," said Jones, "and the reason of it is that I did two good things on my way down town this morning." He then related the occurrence, and wound up by saying:

"So I performed a deed of charity, and got seven good dollars for a counterfeit ten dollar bill."—Newark Journal.

His Anxiety.

His manner was nervous and preoccupied; he said little and his thoughts seemed far away.

"George," said Mabel, "have you anything on your mind?"

"Oh—er—no—that is, nothing in particular, I assure you."

"But you seem to be thinking."

"I often do. The fact is, I was about to ask you—but what's the use? You wouldn't be at all interested."

"Oh, George, I'm sure I would."

"I was going to inquire whether you could——"

"Yes?"

"Tell me what the scores is. I haven't had time to look at an evening paper."—Washington Post.

Awful Consequences of Impetuosity.

"Emmeonia, my daughter," inquired the stately Matron, "why did Mr. Brodweigh leave so early last evening? Have you and he quarreled?"

"Mamma," replied Miss Howjamss, "Mr. Brodweigh kissed me last evening with such unseemly vehemence that he disarranged my spectacles. I have dismissed him forever."

And the proud Boston girl, pale but sternly resolute, turned again to her volume of Aristotle and a deep, decorous, classically Bostonian stillness pervaded the apartment.—Chicago Tribune.

An Appropriate Name.

"Why do you call this 'Riddle Cottage?'"

"Because tenants give it up every year."—Harper's Bazar.

They Let the Train Proceed.

The Conductor (to train robbers)—Boys, there's no money in this job; the Pullman porter has jumped off the train and escaped.—Scribner's Magazine.

A Little Mixed.

A subscriber to the telephone exchange asked to be placed in communication with his medical man.

Subscriber—My wife complains of a severe pain at the back of her neck and occasional nausea.

Doctor—She must have malaria.

Subscriber—What's best to be done?

At this moment the clerk at the central station alters the switch by mistake, and the unlucky husband receives the reply of a mechanical engineer in answer to inquiries after a small screw.

Engineer—I believe the inside is lined with excoriations to a considerable thickness. Let her cool during the night, and in the morning, before firing up, take a hammer and pound her vigorously. Then get a garden hose with strong pressure from the main and let it play freely on the part affected.

To his great surprise the doctor never saw his client again.—Electric Age.

Admiration?

Mrs. Callow Hill—Don't you admire Mrs. Foyle's diamonds?

Miss Sackwyx (with the family grin)—Oh, yes; I fairly dote on pastry.—Jewelers' Weekly.

All the Same to Him.

One day, in the years gone by, when I was the editorial editor of a struggling Denver daily, a man came tramping up stairs with a copy of our last issue in his hand, and said:

"Gentlemen, I want to know who writ this piece about me."

It was an item copied from a San Francisco paper in regard to the hanging of a man named Tom Smith by a vigilance committee, and the editor looked it over and replied:

"Tom wasn't writ about you. It is about a Tom Smith who was hanged in California."

"That's me. I'm Tom Smith."

"Then you are not that Tom Smith. It tells here how he was cut down and buried."

"Makes no difference to me. I'm Tom Smith, and it is all a lie about my being hanged," growled the visitor.

"Can't there be any other Tom Smith besides you?" demanded the editor.

"Never heard of any. That was writ to slur me."

"You are mistaken, man. Can't you see that we copied it from a San Francisco paper?"

"Well, that's all the same to me. The idea was to ruin my reputation in this town, and I've come up to lick both of you."

He was proceeding to do it when a lame newspaper canard in and shot him through the left leg, but even after that he chewed the old man's ear to a pulp and broke two of my fingers.—New York Sun.

Cash Talks.

"Madam," he said, as he doffed his hat to a woman he met in Clinton place, "if I could be so bold as to——"

"Take care, sir!" she cautioned in reply. "If I dared suggest to you, madam, that"——

"Be careful, sir, how you suggest!"

"If you would permit me to observe that"——

"Permit nothing, sir! Who are you, and what do you want?"

"I sell this soap, ma'am—soap which is warranted to remove paint and grease. If I might be allowed to"——

"No, sir. Now, what do you want?"

"I want to sell you a cake for ten cents, ma'am."

"Well, here's your money for it. Why on earth didn't you say you had soap to sell? Why all this beating about the bush?"

"I beg to be allowed to"——

"No, sir. If it's one cake for ten cents, you've got your money. If it's two for fifteen, here's another nickel. And now do you go on about your business. I've no time to fool away this morning."—New York Sun.

Riveted His Attention.

Wiggins—Looks as though we've had rain.

Higgins—Looks! Snakes alive, man, I'm drenched to the skin and so are you.

Wiggins—That so? I didn't notice it. I was down the street here watching an expressman trying to get his mule out of the hole.—Omaha World-Herald.

Wedding Accompaniments.

Edith—How does a marriage certificate begin, Mrs. Plusher?

Mrs. Plusher—I don't remember exactly, but I think the first words are "Know all men by these presents."—Munsey's Weekly.

The Funny Man.

Who is the man who stole our jokes
His pen with sapsot soloned?
He is the funny man, who writes
The weekly comic column.

By day he scarce can keep awake,
At night he cannot rest;
His meals he hardly deigns to take—
He eats, he can't digest.

His hair, though not with years, is white,
His cheek is wan and pale,
And all with seeking, day and night,
For jokes that are stale.

His joys are few; the chiefest one
Is when, by luck, a word
Suggests to him a novel pun
His readers haven't heard.

And when a Yankee joke he sees
In some old book—well true,
Perhaps he gains a moment's ease
And makes it do again.

The thought that chiefly makes him sigh
Is that he cannot be
When jokes extinct like mammoths lie,
And jokers must be dumb.

When every quip to death it done,
And every crack is dead,
When men have printed every pun,
And every joke is old.

When sought in heaven, or earth, or sea
Has not been turned to chaff,
And not a single oddity
Is left to make us laugh.

—Harper's Magazine.

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HATTER AND FURNISHER.

12 Park avenue, City.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Shoe-strings, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, Spring st., to meet 7:30 a. m. train. Rooms, Hillside ave. and Broadway, corner Spring st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

1st trip	4.15 a. m.	to meet	4.30 a. m. train.
2d	9.15	do	9.30 do
3d	10.00	do	10.30 do
4th	11.00	do	11.30 do
5th	12.00	do	12.30 p. m. do
6th	1.45	do	2.15 & 2.30 p. m. do
7th	4.45	do	5.15 & 5.30 p. m. do
8th	6.30	do	To the Post Office.
9th	8.30	do	meet 8.45 p. m. train.
10th	10.00	do	10.30 p. m. do
11th	1.45	do	2.00 a. m. do
12th	4.45	do	5.00 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make the same trips.

Stage will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot at following: 8.30, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.01, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for hiring or pleasure and calling purposes. Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Busses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 4th and 5th. Telephone Call, 18. 1457

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which is of style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Hosiery and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pleating and Stamping done to order. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Cured at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation free. Office hours from 9 to 12 and 2 to 5. Office 28 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

24 and 26 doors. Est 1865.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

ANDERSON BUILDING

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue. W. S. OLIVER, Manager.

PEERLESS DYES

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE WHEELMEN.

WHO WILL CAPTURE PLAINFIELD TO-MORROW.

What They Propose Doing.—An Interesting Programme.

To-day the first few of the League of Americas Wheelmen of the State of New Jersey arrived in town. They are the van guard of an army which will arrive to-morrow and absolutely take Plainfield by storm. There will be wheels everywhere. One of the odd features of the parade will be a tandem, 56-inch bicycle. It is of the usual make, one big and one small wheel with one saddle, as on other wheels. But the backbone extends through the head of the wheel and projects on the other side. On this is another saddle. By a combination of pairing, four pedals are used. It is said the two riders can go a mile in a few seconds over a minute, and they have made a record at climbing mountains and hills. The curious "mount" will attract considerable attention.

The Plainfield wheelmen have entered heart and soul into their work and a most interesting programme has been the result. It will be as follows:

RUNS.

The committee have laid out the three following runs; and visiting wheelmen will find this part of the Meet of special interest.

The runs will start from the Club House at 2.30 p. m. on Friday, May 30th. They will include:—

First run—A scorchers' run to New Brunswick returning to Bound Brook, giving those who wish to scorch an opportunity for so doing. This run will be under the command of Capt. F. L. C. Martin.

Second run—To Westfield, over the new county road, under the command of Stanton M. Smith.

Third run—To Bound Brook to meet the scorchers' run. This run will be under the command of J. E. Erickson.

All runs must be back by 5.30 p. m.

Banquet. Chairman of Committee—Town and Rushmore, Plainfield. Badge—blue.

The annual banquet will take place on Friday afternoon (Decoration Day) May 30th, at 4.30 p. m. at Hotel Netherwood. Speeches will be made by prominent officials and a good time is anticipated generally. In order to meet necessary expenses each member attending the banquet will be charged one dollar. Only L. A. W. members will be allowed to attend. *Club secretaries should notify the* chairman of this committee of the number of seats required in order that they may be seated in advance. This should be done at once as the attendance will be very large.

After the business meeting on Friday morning, May 30th, lunch will be served to all the members attending. May 31st, lunch will be served in the Plainfield Bicycle Club House after the parade and photographing.

Theatre. Chairman of Committee—Dr. E. W. Johnson, Jersey City. Badge—blue and white.

The Wheelmen's Theatre party for the evening of May 30th, will be very popular, and probably every seat will be sold in advance.

Club Secretaries and Division members should make application at once to Mr. T. S. Barr, *Plainfield, N. J., for seats. The prices* will be as follows: $1.00, 75 and 50 cents. The attraction will be the Hudson County Minstrel and Vaudeville Combination, which scored such a success in Jersey City. The actors are all wheelmen and *the show fairly* bristles with local hits. Every wheelman expects to attend. The fair sex will be well represented. Curtain rises at 8 p. m.

Races. Chairman of Committee.—F. L. C. Martin, Plainfield. Badge.—purple and white.

The race of the Second Racing District, L. A. W., comprising New York and New Jersey, will take place on Saturday, May 31st, at 2.30 p. m. The race will be run on the N. J. A. C. track at Bergen Point. There are nine championship and four handicap races to be decided at this meet. As published in Wednesdays NEWS, the track can be reached from the Avenue A station, Bergen Point. A special train will be run to the track, leaving Plainfield at 1.07 p. m.

Reception. Chairman of Committee.—Dr. *J. H. Cooley, Plainfield, N. J. Badge.*—white.

Visitors to the meet will be met at the depot by the Reception Committee and will be escorted to the hotel. Wheels will be in charge of the above committee and will be stored in the gymnasium of the Plainfield Bicycle club, where each owner will receive a check for the same. Wheels will be delivered on presentation of check only. Division Headquarters will be at Laing's Hotel and visitors are requested to report at once on arriving in order that a register may be kept, and the location of each member be readily determined. At headquarters each member will be presented with a badge which will be an indication to all wheelmen present. During the meet it will be the duty of this committee to furnish correct and information to guests.

Officers of the *New Jersey*, League of American Wheelmen.—Chief Consul, Dr. C. Carleton Brown, El mhurst, N. J.; Vice Consul, Dr. H. A. Benedict, Jersey City, N. J. State Representative, Dr. P. A. Kisch, Jr., Westfield; John B. Langer, Newark; Gardner H. Cain, Trenton; Amzi T. Dodd, South Orange; E. P. Borne, Smithville; R. C. Miller, Camden. Chief Consul Treasurer, George C. Pennell, Elizabeth, N. J. League Club Representatives, F. L. C. Martin, Plainfield Bicycle Club, No. 34; F. C. Gilbert, Elizabeth Wheelmen, No. 58; Charles A. Lindsey, Orange Wanderers, No. 98; H. V. Whitehead, Trenton, No. 219; R. P. Storey, Englewood Wheelmen, No. 265.

General Committee—Badge, orange and silver—E. V. Whitehead, Trenton, Chairman, A. T. Dodd, G. G. Pennell, A. L. C. Marsh, Townsend Rushmore.

Sub-Committee Chairmen, Transportation—Badge, red, Theo. F. Morsches, Jr., Jersey City; Hotel and Reception—Badge, white, Dr. J. H. Cooley, Plainfield; Banquet and Luncheon—Badge, blue, Townsend Rushmore, Plainfield; Parade and Runs—Badge, green, F. L. C. Martin, Plainfield; Theatre—Badge, blue and white, E. W. Johnson, Jersey City; Races—Badge, purple and white, F. L. C. Martin, Plainfield; Programme—Badge, red and white, F. C. Gilbert, Elizabeth.

There are numerous League Clubs who have stood loyally by the L. A. W. in this State. Among them are those of the Hudson County Wheelmen of Jersey City, the Atlanta Wheelmen of Newark, the Mercer County Wheelmen of Trenton and the West Jersey Cylers of Camden. At the head of the League Clubs in the State stands the 3d Essex Bi-Club of Newark as L. A. W. No. 9. The Plainfield Bi-Club, No. 34, comes next in order of seniority. They are a live, active and aggressive club and are the hosts on the present occasion. Next comes the loyal old Elizabeth Wheelmen, L. A. W. Club, No. 58. This club furnishes the Chief Consul and secretary treasurer of the N. J. Division. The Orange Wanderers of Orange are next in rank as L. A. W. Club, No. 98. Then following the Trenton Wheelmen, L. A. W. Club No. 219, one of the staunchest supporters of the L. A. W. in the southern part of the State. The Englewood Wheelmen of Englewood as L. A. W. Club No: 265, are the latest acquisition to the list.

The line of march will be about six miles in length, over the following route: Starting from the Plainfield Bicycle Club House to Fourth street, to Broadway, to La Grand avenue, to Putnam avenue; counter march at Kensington avenue to Franklin place, to Broadway, to Crescents and Park avenues; counter march at Ninth street to Front street, to W shington avenue, to Madison avenue; counter march to Washington avenue, to Front street, to Central avenue, to Seventh street, to Plainfield avenue, to Eighth street, through Central avenue; counter march at Ninth street, to Eighth street, to Park avenue and form at Club House for photograph.

JOTTINGS.

—To-morrow being a legal holiday no NEWS will be issued.

Miss Marion A. Taggart of Madison avenue is visiting friends in Brooklyn, N. J.

—The General Synod of the Reformed church will meet at Asbury Park June 4th.

Mr. William Greig of Evona has returned from a brief visit to friends in New York city.

—The managers of the Warren Mission are arranging for an entertainment to be held next week

—The Mid-Summer Sunday-School convention is to take place at Asbury Park on June 18th and 19th.

—Mr. Bartells of Washington Valley has repaired our town clock and it is once more in running order.

—At three o'clock Friday afternoon Capt. Geo. M. Phillips will sell at auction eighteen building lots in Evona. See his advertisement.

—The Centrals of North Plainfield will play a game of base ball with the *Athletics of this city on the Seventh street grounds to-morrow* afternoon.

—When a man is so stingy as to borrow a newspaper when he is able to buy, he will talk three times as long to save the wear and tear on his false teeth.

—Doane & Van Arsdale will keep their store open this evening until 10 o'clock if there *is any business, and later, if necessary. Will* be closed to-morrow, (Memorial Day).

—An important meeting of the Soldiers' Monument Committee will be held on Saturday evening, May 31st, at eight o'clock, in Winfield Scott Post room, over City National Bank.

—The lowest offer for base ball bats appears in to-day's adv. of Pierson Hardware Co. *They also call attention to their screen doors* and adjustable window screens, also gasoline stoves.

—At the request of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church, the Rev. C. L. Goodrich will on Thursday evening next deliver a lecture on Florence. Further particulars will be given later.

—The so-called "Great Western Circus" which visited Plainfield a few weeks ago, got stranded at Nashanic. The manager finally arrived in New York and arranged matters and they left the town.

—The total amount of money from all sources for the use of schools in Somerset county for the year commencing Sept. 1, 1889, is $63,128.14. The value of all the school property in the county is $134,600.

—At the Misses Scribner and Newton's school to-day the younger scholars gave a play entitled "Little Red Riding Hood." Calisthenic exercises with wands and dumbbells followed. The affair was very enjoyable.

—*Gov. Abbett has approved the bill* which provides that Baptist societies may assist young women in preparing for home and foreign missionary work, by passing a resolution and filing a certificate of the same with the Secretary of State.

—A cake walk under the auspices of the New York avenue Baptist church was held at Westfield last evening. A number of colored persons from this city attended. Mr. Lewis Peterson of West Third street carried off the honors of the evening. The affair wound up with dancing.

—According to the t. Louis Republic, a rapid penman can write thirty words in a minute. To do this he must draw his pen through the space of a rod—sixteen and one-half feet. In forty minutes his pen travels a furlong, and in five and one-third hours a mile. We make, on an average, sixteen curves or turns of the pen for each word written. Writing thirty words a minute, we must make eight curves to each second; in an hour, 28,800; in five hours, 134,000, and in 300 days, working only five hours each day, we make; it not less that 40,200,000 curves and turns of the pen! The man who makes but 1,000,000 strokes at the pen a month has done nothing remarkable; there are those who make four times that number. Here we have in the aggregate a mark 800 miles long, to be traced on paper by each writer in a year. In making each letter of the ordinary alphabet, we make from three to seven strokes of the pen, on an average, three and one-half to four.

A Will Case Settled.

The Orphans' Court of Somerville, was occupied three days last week in hearing evidence in the Robert Gaston will contest, but since its adjournment an amicable settlement has been agreed upon.

As will be remembered, Robert Gaston died in February last, leaving a will in which he bequeathed all his property about $43,000, to religious and charitable organizations, and omitted to will any portion of the estate to his relatives. The bequests were as follows: The income of $1,000 to be known as the Robert Gaston fund, to be applied toward the salary of the minister of the Reformed church at Badminster, N. J., to the General Synod of the Reformed church in America $2,000, for the support and education of pious, indigent young men preparing for the Gospel ministry in said church; to the American Bible Society, formed in New York in 1816, $2,000; to the Board of Domestic Missions of the Reformed church in America, $2,000. The residue of his estate is bequeathed to the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed church.

Hugh (of Somerville), Oliver R. (of Elizabeth) and Isaac Gaston (of Newark), brothers of the testator, filed caveats against the probate of the will, and considerable evidence, tending to show the incapacity of Robert Gaston to make a will, had been heard before the offer of settlement was made. *Clark & Reed*, and J. R. English (of Elizabeth) appeared for caveators, and Hugh K. Gaston for the executor named in the will W. H. Taylor. Curtis D. Parker & Son looked after the interest of the sole tion.

The terms of the settlement the Board of Foreign Missions will receive $12,000 and the other legatees named will receive the amount devised to them.

The Latest Swindler.

The latest swindler among farmers is for a man to call with a new plow point, or plow share, and set the farmer to try it. He assures him that it is better and cheaper than any other made; he does not want any money for it, but wants the farmer to try it, and if it is what he represents, to remit the price to the factory; if not he is not to pay for it at all. Almost any farmer will accept a proposition so apparently fair as this. The agent asks him to sign a memorandum of agreement; whips out a fountain pen, writes it and the farmer signs it. In a few days that little memorandum turns out to be a $200 note which the agent has been able to discount. Now for the moral: "Deal with your own merchants and be shy of all who want to give you something for nothing."

Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the post office at Plainfield for the week ending May 29, 1890:

Gents' D.
Cowby, Mrs Emma
D'Estelcon, Mrs Anna
Fowler, Mrs
Flynn, P.
Green, Mrs A C
Gaston, M
Hunter, Miss Lucie
Harlan, Miss Emma
How, Mrs J Hall
Johnson, Harbina
King, Jas
Lacbeo, Miss Muniva
McElhose, John
Naliber, Miss Emma
Nael, Miss Phoebe
Nevill, Jas H
Roberts, R
Sofield, Harry
Sellers, Mr
Zeidler, Andrew

Persons calling for any of the above letters please say advertised. E. R. Pope, P. M.

To Condemn Land.

Hons. John D. Bartine, Calvin Cole and Jeremiah D. Thompson have been appointed by Judge Depue to condemn land in Somerset county for the extension of the Passaic & Delaware R.R., one of the spurs of the D. L. & W. R.R., which is about to be built. The Commissioners were sworn in Thursday.

The Commissioners will meet at Bernardsville, on June 5, and will then consider the land owned by *Emma L. Collins and W. H.* Temple.

Memorial Day Arrangements.

The residents of Bound Brook are preparing for a regular reception to the veteran Zouaves of Elizabeth who, under command of Gen. Coles, will parade in the village city strong on Memorial Day. This famous company, which has crossed the continent will have the post of honor in the Memorial Day parade.

The Ballot Reform Bill Signed by the Governor.

Gov. Abbott signed the Ballot-Reform bill yesterday and it is now on the statue books.

—Business at Rogers Bros', is booming. See their "ad."

—The furniture dealers will close their stores to-morrow.

—*Mrs. Thorp of East Second street is a vic*tim of the flower-stealer. A fine flower bush in her yard was destroyed last night.

—It is rumored that one of the saloons in the western part of the city has been compelled to close owing to lack of patronage.

—In connection with the Methodist church article in yesterday's NEWS it should have read, in speaking of the month the fire occurred, *April instead of July.*

—The "Judge Not" circle of the King's Daughters will hold a cake sale Saturday afternoon from two to five o'clock, at Holy Cross school building, Second, Plainfield.

—At a recent meeting of the Board of Health a resolution was adopted prohibiting the dumping of ashes, rubbish or any offensive matter within the corporate limits, *except in such places as may be designated* by the Board of Health.

—This is the time of year when cows are troubled, and die, of milk fever. An old-time farmer named Gehsay at a meeting of the farmers of Union county, at Westfield, some time ago, gives a remedy which is pronounced infallible. Here it is: "Half pint of kerosene oil; one and a half pounds of hog's lard, mixed together and put in the cow's throat, thoroughly and pour down the cow's throat. After two hours if the cow is not better, give another dose." He says he lost 10 cows by milk fever before he came across this remedy, but that since then he has never lost a cow from that disease. He has had several taken sick with it, but this remedy always cured them.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded in the Union county clerk's office at Elizabeth yesterday:

Warranty deed—Wallace L. Serrell, of Tacoma, Pierce Co. Wash. to Wm. J. Pearson, Scotch Plains, lot in Grant Co. and Henry R. Gavit, of Plainfield, tract of land, 200x150, on Third street and Westfield place, Plainfield	$1,950
James McLinley and wife, of Plainfield, to Andrew M. Anderson, of Plainfield, 14,810 sq. ft. on South avenue and Central R. R., Plainfield	550
Sarah Butler, widow, of Elizabeth, to Robert Gaston, of Elizabeth, lot No. 81, block No. 20, Elizabethport	200
Evergreen Cemetery to Lydia G. Frost, of Morristown, lot No. 103, 17x19, in section F., of cemetery on Cypress avenue, Hillside	183.60
Joseph C. Platt and wife, of Saratoga county, N. Y., to Nora Seat, of Summit, lot on Spaulding avenue, Summit township, 25x125	325
Mary and Ann Randolph, of Summit, to Mary E. Dunn, wife of Fred W. Dunn, of Plainfield, tract of land on Maple avenue, Summit township, subject to mortgage of $4,500 held by Alvah H. Wood	4,500
Miss Anna R. Tracey, to Nathaniel B. Gardiner, of Westfield, lot 41x210 ft on Central avenue, Westfield	1,600
Jeremiah Hamilton and wife, of Plainfield, to Mary and wife, of Plainfield, to Laura M. Dunn, wife of Fred W. Dunn, of Plainfield, lot 50x200 feet, on Sanford avenue, Plainfield	5,000

A Reception at St. Mary's.

The annual reception of the Children of Mary, a society attached to St. Mary's church, took place last evening. At eight o'clock a large procession of young ladies wearing white veils marched into the church. After singing several hymns, a number of new members were enrolled. The Rev. Dr. Guydon of New York preached an eloquent sermon appropriate to the Blessed Virgin, the Patroness of the Society. In the course of his remarks he said: "She is justly styled the Queen of Heaven and would most assuredly aid all who had recourse to her. Being the mother of God, her power with her Divine Son was very great, and she never refuses to assist all who ask her intercession. But to be a child of Mary it was necessary to imitate her virtues, which are humility, chastity and obedience. After the reception the large congregation which was present was dismissed with the benediction of the blessed sacrament.

Memorial Exercises at the Schools.

Special exercises appropriate to Memorial Day were held at the High School this morning. The singing was led by Mr. Hassil, and after the rhetorical exercises Mr. R. L. Sellers addressed the pupils, telling some of his personal experiences in the war. The declamations were as follows:

Extract from Blaine's oration on President Garfield.....Master Loizeaux
The Blue and the Gray.....John C. Sutphen

At the Byrant School an interesting programme was carried out in which the following pupils took an active part: Ernest Suffern, Second Class; Bertha Hurlbut, Fifth Class, Thos Dunn, Second; Master Loizeaux, Third Class; Clara Armstrong, First Class.

The decorations were appropriate to the day.

Base Ball Notes.

There will be two games of base ball to-morrow. In the morning the Crescents will cross bats with the Pinthings, the champions of Long Island and in the afternoon they will endeavor to defeat the Monroes, the champions of Brooklyn. The morning game will be called at ten o'clock and the afternoon game at 3:45 o'clock.

A nine composed of the members of the American Social Club will play a game of ball at ten o'clock to-morrow morning with the Grocery clerks of this city. The game will take place on the Westervelt avenue grounds.

Saturday afternoon the Unions of New Brunswick will play a game of base ball with the Crescents of this city.

A Cricket Match.

There will be a cricket match to-morrow afternoon on the grounds at the corner of Spooner avenue and Fourth street, between the Veterans of Brooklyn and the St. George's of this city. The wickets will be fixed at two o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Editor D. K. Mentor, of the Somerset Democrat, is confined to his house by illness.

The Rev. Robert Clark will begin his work as pastor of the Unitarian church in this city next Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Hale and children of West Front street left yesterday to spend the Summer at Nantic, Conn.

Mr. W. V. Stout of East Front street left yesterday for the Adirondack Mountains on a fishing excursion. He is to be gone one week.

The last of the series of subscription musicales will take place on the lawn of Mr. John Taylor Johnston on East Front street to-morrow, weather permitting.

Ex-Councilman John Cameron and family of Plainfield have taken up their residence for the Summer at one of the cottages between Somerville and Pluckamin.—Somerset Messenger.

Mrs. W. E. Honeyman of Somerset street has been elected one of the two national Vice-Presidents who represent New Jersey on the Woman's Executive Committee of the Home Missions of the Presbyterian church.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. William Goeller of West Second street was made happy this morning by the advent of a boy, whose age will be recorded from to-day. "Billy" is receiving the congratulations of his many friends.

The Shakespeare Club met Tuesday evening at the residence of Miss Grace Brown on Watchung avenue. The club entertained at the residence of Mr. William Rockwell on East Front street to-night. A pleasant time is expected. Dancing is the chief entertainment.

—The members of Eagle Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, will take their apparatus out for a drill on Decoration Day.

The Jenness-Miller Dress For Women.

As a community Plainfield usually leads in reforms.

The latest to command itself to the favorable consideration of our ladies, is to be explained in the lecture upon "physical culture and correct dress," which is being arranged for Friday week in the Congregational church at 3:30 p. m. Mrs. Holbrook Smith, the lecturer, is a friend of and associate editor with Mrs. Jenness-Miller, and has lectured upon this method to enthusiastic audiences in the West, while Mrs. Miller has spoken with equal acceptance in the East.

Motherhood is having what Francis Willard calls "an array of sciences" upon this vital point. All the costumes displayed during the lecture intelligent women say are sensible, modest and artistic, and that the divided skirt is not a poor copy of any masculine garment, but has been evolved to meet a pressing need by a bright progressive woman and merits the study of every mother interested in the physical development of her children and the welfare of our country. Read the advertisement.

One of the Jurors Is Ill.

The suit of Mrs. Mary A. Seaton against the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company which has occupied the attention of the Union County Court for the past two days, was unexpectedly stopped yesterday by the sudden illness of one of the jurors, Franklin Brooks. Judge Van Syckel postponed the hearing and at once began the trial of another case, that of Simon Shrenkberger, who like Mrs. Seaton, appeals from the award of the Commission that appraised his property which the railroad company condemned.

—The first issue of THE NEWS greeted Plainfielders June 2, 1884—six years ago.

—There will be no books distributed to-morrow at the Public Library. Reading room and art gallery will be open at the usual hours.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GOOD garden feeds bugs. Slug shot kills bugs that destroy currants, potatoes, cabbage, flowers, plums, etc. Used ten years with safety and surety, and is cheap. Sold by A. M. Griffen. 29-3*

A HORSE. Light covered wagon, safe, platform scales, hand truck and feed bin for sale at Morrison's feed store, 59 North avenue. 29-3*

BOARD WANTED—by gentl-man and wife, in private family where there are no other boarders. References exchanged. Address "A" care of EVENING NEWS. 29-3

FOR SALE Ten tons of meadow hay at $12 per ton at the barrack. C. D. Judy, F. Wilson. 2-4t

FOR SALE—A Humber Cripper tricycle, for lady or gentlemen. Cost $180. Price, $75. A bargain, No. 15 La Grande avenue. 29-5*

FOR SALE—New state roof cottage, five rooms, one minute from railroad station, Dunellen. Price $1,400. Terms easy. Apply to Wm. F. Adams, 10 Park avenue, Plainfield, or to W. S. Stevens, Dunellen. 5-10 S, T&T

GREENHOUSE plants in variety! Evergreens for screens, rhododendrons at Denton's Hillside avenue Nursery. 29-3

HORSES—taken to pasture by W. H. Potter Mount Pleasant. Second house from school house. 29-4

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Reed. 5-4-tf

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgages at five per cent. Wm. M. Stillman, 34 West Front street. 29-5*

TO LET—Four rooms. 329 West Front street, between Grand avenue and Evona. 29-5

WANTED—A young man to take care of two horses and garden. Inquire, H. Otts, Somerset street, opposite Mountain ave. 7

WANTED—To buy, a small house in North Plainfield. Address stating lowest cash price and all other particulars, "E. M. D.," care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Coachman and gardener; married man preferred, rooms to live in. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

WANTED—Neat, active, honest, temperate boy as delivery. One used to ride mule to run milk wagon. Highest references required. Post Office Box 694, Plainfield. 26-tf

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply with reference. No. 36 Grandview avenue. 5-26-tf

WANTED Coachman and gardener. W. E. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 14tf

NEW FIRM

N. B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

PROMPT DELIVERY CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROWAW, } 94 SOMERSET ST.

Safety Bicycles

FOR MEN.

$65, $75, $75, $100.

GEO. W. MORRISON, Agent.

L. W. Randolphs' 21 W. Front St.

"WHEN CHARLES WAS DECEIVED BY THE MAID HE LOVED,
WE SAW NO CLOUD HIS BROW O'ER CASTING.
BUT PROUDLY HE SMILED, AS IF GAY AND UNMOVED.
THOUGH THE WOUND IN HIS HEART WAS DEEP AND LASTING."
—MOORE.

If you have been deceived elsewhere in buying shoes, come to us, we'll try to please you,

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS AND MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A few dozen 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $1.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

DON'T BE WITHOUT A

Gasoline Stove.

1 hole, $4; 2 holes, $6; 3 holes, $8

Lawn settees, $1.25. Screen Doors, $1.00.
Window Screens, adjustable, 40c, 45c, 50c.
Ice cream freezer, 4 qt, $2.45.
Hedge trimmers, 40.
Gasoline (5 gals) 75.
Hammocks 30c $1, $1.25, $1.40.
Croquet Sets $1, $1.25, $1.75.
Base Ball Bats 5c each.

Pierson Hardware Co.

42 West Front street. Telephone 126.

Special Notices.

THE POST OFFICE PLAINFIELD, N. J. will close on and after Saturday, June 2, 1890, at 7 o'clock p. m., instead of 7:30 p. m. Will also close on May 30th, Decoration Day, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the day. One delivery in the morning and two collections.

E. R. POPE, Postmaster.

CLAIRVOYANT

Positively last week. The last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of second sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 29 1w

VALUABLE

Bilding Lots at Auction.

T. J. Gillies, Auc'r, will sell at 3 o'clock P.M. *on the premises, on (Front st.) North ave.,* near Evona station, 14 lots and one house situated to North, Mariners and Dunellen avenues, on

FRIDAY, MAY 30.

2 lots fronting on North avenue, 63 ft. 6 inches by 130 ft. deep; 12 lots on Mariners avenue, 6—25x125 ft., 6—30x110ft.; lots on Dunellen ave., 2—63 ft. 6 inches by 150 ft., 2—55 ft by 130.

These lots are located within 300 yards of *Evona station, in the midst of good improve*ments, and are deserving the attention of any person wishing a business location, or for an investment, as they offer by their situation every inducement, and will be sold free and clear of all incumbrances, and on easy terms. *Particulars made known on day of sale.*

GEORGE M. PHILLIPS,
West Front street, Evona.
29-4*

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Rum Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 42 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

Friday, May 30th,

IMMENSE and INTENSE!

Minstrel and Vaudeville Combination of the

Hudson County Wheelmen

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

THE PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB.

Solos, Caricature,
Quartette, Ventriloquism,
Choruses, Gaiety skirt dance

ORCHESTRA FROM METROPOLITAN THEATRE.

Nothing like it in Plainfield before—our since.

Reserved seats for sale on and after Monday at Randolph's and at The May Pharmacy. 29-6*

AT THE

Congregational Church,

Friday, June 6, '90,

8:30 p. m., a

LECTURE

by MRS. CLARA HOLBROOK SMITH, Associate Editor of Jenness-Miller magazine, subject:

"PHYSICAL CULTURE, CORRECT AND ARTISTIC DRESS."

Will show elegant costumes, changing every few minutes throughout the lecture. Among the costumes will be "Walking Dress," "Opera Cloak," "School Girl's Dress," "Maternity Gown," "Business Dress," "Street Dress," and all the underclothing. Also the practical divided "Bicycle Gown" and divided "Riding Habit," now so much discussed in the New York papers. Tickets, 50 cents, to be had at Mapp's, Randolph's and Shaw's Pharmacies.

The Ladies of the Aid Society of the M. E. Church will give a

Strawberry Festival

IN VINCENT CHAPEL,

THURSDAY EVENING,

Friday Afternoon and Evening!

May 29 and 30.

FANCY ARTICLES WILL BE ON SALE.

ADMISSION 10 CENTS.

29-6

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 FOURTH STREET.

E. W. SORRESON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Aluminum Ships.

It is quite probable that by the beginning of the Twentieth century inventions will be completed which will make aluminum as cheap as iron. Then will come such a revolution in the industrial world that people will thank Providence they have been permitted to live in such a time of wonder.

Already aluminum is as cheap as the metal nickel. This is because of American inventions for extracting it from clay. By and by the supreme moment will come when science will yield to persistent effort the grand secret altogether. Then will be seen mountains of this beautiful metal. Houses glittering like Aladdin's palace will be built of it. They will not burn, they will not rust, they will need no paint.

The greatest revolution, however, will be in marine commerce. Ships will be built of this splendid metal instead of iron or steel. It is only one-quarter as heavy as iron, therefore will only sink slightly into the water. Where now harbors will have water thirty feet deep to accommodate our monstrous ocean steamers, seven or eight feet will be all that is required to float aluminum ships of the same size. Car wheels and cars made of aluminum will flash in burnished splendor, with never a break or rust.

What a sight it will be, the navies of the world, built of aluminum, darting like birds hither and thither in their shining evolutions! It may yet be that before the new United States navy finished we shall hear of the building of fast aluminum cruisers. The problem of the navigation of our shallow American rivers will be solved without appropriations from congress, for this kingly metal can be made into machinery and serve any purpose that iron now does, and steamboats drawing three feet of water will answer every purpose. Most wonderful of all, however, are the possibilities that loom up in the imagination in respect to air navigation. Machinery made of this light, strong metal can be put into air ships, and will not be too heavy to be held aloft while it propels them.

The Old Pathfinder.

A mistake in government bookkeeping did it, and the mistake was made in the treasury department at Washington forty years ago. In consequence of this it was made to appear that Gen. John C. Fremont owed the government $19,000. The thought of this debt has been the life misery of the general and his brave and lovely wife. It is true he could not make out how it was that he was in debt to the United States, but the government auditing experts said he was, and it must be so. It has hung like a millstone about his neck all these years.

Now it turns out that it was a miserable error, an error of the government accountants, and Gen. Fremont did not owe the United States a cent. On the contrary, when the books were rectified, it was found that the United States owed Gen. Fremont $21,000 in money, and more than it can by any possibility pay him in the suffering it has caused him. This lot of errors were in the treasury department forty years ago. And it is not much better now in other departments. Not a session of congress passes that bills are not printed, and are on the point of becoming laws, with serious mistakes in them, mistakes usually of copying clerks. Too many of these clerks are of the kind for whom places are got in the departments at Washington because they have not ability to get a living on their own account.

In one day Gen. Fremont's triple pool fortune came to him like a sunburst. He was appointed retired major general with full pay, and his supposed debt of $19,000 to the government was changed into $21,000 that the government owed him. This old good news was brought to him at once. It was more than he could bear, and the aged hero fell back in a dead faint when he heard of it. But what a pity all his good fortune waited till he was 77 years old before it came to him.

Once in awhile there comes a bad time for women. Recently, on a May Saturday, the mutilated body of a woman was found in a box at a railroad station in Kansas City. The woman had been killed within a few hours. The same day William Berry, of New York, crushed in his wife's skull with a stove lifter, and Judith Torey had Raymond Carroll arrested because he had spent $15,000 of her money and then blacked their eyes. On Friday, in Cheraw, Colo., John Winstead shot and killed his wife because she had no money to give him to get drunk on.

The Farmers' Alliance of St. Joseph, Mo., have a large contract. They have undertaken to bull the wheat market. They propose to build a great elevator, fill it with wheat and keep the grain there till it reaches a dollar a bushel. The plan seems all right, but perhaps it won't work.

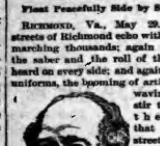
LEE'S STATUE UNVEILED.

Richmond's Streets Filled with Marching Thousands.

CONFEDERATE FLAGS NUMEROUS

The Interesting Exercises at the Unveiling of the Lee Equestrian Statue—The Stars and Stripes and Stars and Bars Float Peacefully Side by Side.

RICHMOND, Va., May 29.—Again the streets of Richmond echo with the tread of marching thousands, again the clash of the saber and the roll of the drum are heard on every side; and again the bright uniforms, the beaming of artillery and the waving of banners stir the pulses of the multitudes that throng the streets. But the saber is sheathed, the drums muffled, the cannon robbed of its death dealing shell, and the marching thousands with harmless weapons and sorrowful hearts march on to do



GEN. J. E. JOHNSTON.

honor to one of the leaders of the "lost cause." The Confederate colors decorate the houses and public buildings and gleam here and there along the line, but they no longer wave defiance to the stars and stripes. Indeed, the stars and stripes and the stars and bars wave peacefully side by side. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, chief marshal of the parade, was asked his opinion about the use of Confederate decorations, said:

Sentiment and Nothing More.

"I think every house in Richmond ought to fly the Confederate colors. Of course all sensible men understand that the war is over, and that we are perfectly loyal to the United States government, and that the Confederate colors now mean only a sentiment. The Confederation decorations mean that we honor those who led us and therefore shed their blood for us—nothing more."

The Great Parade.

All the morning the streets were packed with people, uniformed and in citizen's dress, waiting expectantly for the commencement of the exercises at the dedication of Gen. Robert E. Lee's statue. The parade was an immense affair, miles long, and it began to move about noon. Gen.

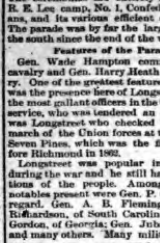
GEN. ROBERT E. LEE.

Fitzhugh Lee, a nephew of Robert E. Lee and late governor of Virginia, was chief marshal of the parade. His chief of staff was Gen. John R. Cooke, and the latter's aides were the gentlemen who served him in that capacity while he was governor. The ceremonies are entirely in charge of R. E. Lee camp, No. 1, Confederate veterans, and its various efficient committees. The parade was by far the largest seen in the south since the end of the war.

Features of the Parade.

Gen. Wade Hampton commanded the cavalry and Gen. Harry Heath the infantry. One of the greatest features of the day was the presence here of Longstreet, one of the most gallant officers in the Confederate service, who was rendered an ovation. It was Longstreet who checked the onward march of the Union forces at the battle of Seven Pines, which was the first fight before Richmond in 1862.

Longstreet was popular in Richmond during the war and he still has the affections of the people. Among the other notables present were Gen. P. G. T. Beauregard, Gen. A. R. Fleming, Governor Richardson, of South Carolina; Governor Gordon, of Georgia; Gen. Jubal A. Early and many others. Many military organi-



THE LEE STATUE.

zations representing the states of Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Mississippi, Alabama, North and South Carolina and the District of Columbia were represented, the most noticeable bodies in line were the Fifth Maryland regiment, the Washington Light artillery of New Orleans and the cadets from the Virginia Military institute and the Washington and Lee university.

Gen. Lee and Staff.

Gen. Lee, chief marshal, wore a black suit, silk hat and buff sash. His assistants wore the same uniform, except that their sashes were white. All surviving brigadier generals and a large number of other Confederate officers had been invited to serve in this capacity, and about fifty accepted. Some were received. Brig. Gen. Charles J. Anderson commanded all uniformed troops.

Gen. Anderson and his staff were at the head of this division. The members of his staff were: Col. J. Lane Stern, assistant inspector general; Col. Charles O. B. Cowardin, ordnance officer; Maj. W. M. Evans, assistant adjutant general; Maj. John H. Dinneen, assistant inspector general; Maj. H. M. Jackson, chaplain; Maj. M. D. Hoge, surgeon; Capt. W. Fred Pleasants, Capt. W. F. Thomassen and Capt. Julien Tennent, of the First regiment, volunteer aids.

The Washington Light infantry of Charleston, one of the oldest volunteer military organizations in this country, was represented by two companies. They brought with them the historic flag used in the battles of Eutaw and Cowpens in the revolution.

The parade of the Richmond fire department was one of the most interesting sights of the day. Seven steamers, four new hose wagons, three hook and ladder trucks and their companies formed into three divisions designated by silk flags gayly decorated with flowers, bunting and pennants, and a fine appearance they presented. Many of the flags carried through the entire war, tattered with bullet holes were borne in line.

The Line of March.

The order of the parade was as follows: The police at the head of the column; the Stonewall band, of Staunton; marshal and assistants; distinguished guests in carriages, veterans organizations, volunteer troops, civic societies, the fire department, etc. The route of march was down Broad from Adams to Nineteenth; thence to Main, to Belvidere, thence past Gen. Lee's (war time residence) up Franklin to the monument grounds.

Amid Salvos of Artillery.

At the grounds Governor McKinney, president of the Lee Monument association, called the meeting to order and prayer was offered by the Rev. Charles Minnegerode, of Alexandria, rector of St. Paul's church in this city, who was the pastor of Jefferson Davis and of Gen. Lee's children. The governor then introduced Lieut. Geh. Jubal A. Early, the surviving rank officer of the Army of Northern Virginia, who made a short address.

At the conclusion of his address Gen. Johnston pulled a halyard and removed the veil covering the statue amid salvos of artillery. The oration was delivered by Col. Archer Anderson, of the staff of Gen. Joseph Johnston. The hymn, "How Firm a Foundation, Ye Saints of the Lord," was then sung.

At the close of the exercises the veterans and artillery, who together numbered several thousand, dined at the Exposition grounds, where the military will be quartered while here.

This evening there will be a great display of fireworks on the monument grounds and the visiting military officers will be banqueted at the armory by the officers of the First regiment.

ROYALTY SUNCODED.

Sir Robert Peel Entertains a Bogus New York Detective.

NEW YORK, May 29.—John McDermott, alias Russell, was arrested last night at Delmonico's, where he was dining with Sir Robert Peel and another very wealthy Englishman, Clifford Talbot, who thought their friend was Inspector Byrnes' chief detective. That was what he told them when he made their acquaintance aboard the Aurania, and he impressed them as a very brilliant man. So he is in his way. He promised to introduce them to all the leading people of New York. They entertained him in fine style and were surprised when two detectives walked into Delmonico's and arrested their stylish friend. "McDermott was formerly a cashdriver. After being arrested for swindling his employers he changed his name to Russell, and becoming an insurance agent swindled the New York Life Insurance company out of $200. His next exploit was to gain the affections of a rich widow, Mrs. Thayer, of Munsey, N. Y., whom he swindled out of $1,250. To escape arrest for this he fled to Europe. It was while returning that he met Peel and Talbot. They thought so much of him on short acquaintance that they made him some valuable presents, including a diamond pin and a handsome bracelet. The Englishmen did not stay in New York to prosecute McDermott, but went on to Chicago. Mrs. Thayer will appear against him in the police court today.

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The president has sent the following nominations to the senate: United States consuls—B. G. Daniels, of the District of Columbia, at Hull, England; Bernard F. Gooch, at Guelph, Ont.; I. C. Hall, of Massachusetts, at Charlottetown, P. E. I.; J. O. Kerby, of Pennsylvania, at Para; A. B. Revell, of Tennessee, at Martinique, W. I.; J. F. McCasker, of Ohio, at Acapulco. Postmasters: Pennsylvania—J. L. Wright, Columbia; D. L. Barton, Mercer. New York—John Smith, Jr., Peekskill; Bernard F. Gooch, Buffalo. New Jersey—J. W. Roberts, Beverly. Massachusetts—D. W. Barnes, Attleboro; A. J. Davis, Ware; T. A. Hills, Leominster; M. L. Harlow, Whitman.

A Newspaper Man Clubbed to Death.

JACKSON, Miss., May 29.—The dead body of Maj. A. N. Kimball, a native of New Hampshire, but for forty years a prominent newspaper man of this state and receiver of public moneys under President Garfield, was found in the city of the roadside. He had been attacked while on his way to his residence, just outside the city limits, after midnight, and beaten to death with a club. No clew to the murderers has yet been obtained, but it is believed that the deed was committed by negroes, with robbery as their object.

Only Four Cases of Smallpox.

DANSVILLE, N. Y., May 29.—The following, signed by the president and trustees of the village, the health physician, and several prominent citizens, is being sent out to outside places: "In justice to our citizens we desire to state that no cases of smallpox exist here outside of the original two families, where it first occurred. There has been only one death and there are now but four cases, all rapidly convalescing and under quarantine. No danger is feared of its spreading."

The Reformed Church Synod Meets.

LEBANON, Pa., May 29.—The triennial meeting of the General Synod of the Reformed church in the United States convened in the First Reformed church last evening. On account of ill health the venerable president, Dr. Welker, of North Carolina, was not present to preach the opening sermon. The Women's Missionary convention convened this morning.

"Tom" Moore Remembered.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The anniversary of the poet Moore's birth was celebrated last night by the Dublin Men's Association at No. 54 Union square. There were a banquet, speeches, songs, recitations and dancing. The association will decorate the Moore testimonial in Central park on Memorial day.

A Philadelphia Failure.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.—I. S. Custer's Son, dealer in millinery goods at 39 North Eighth street, has failed. Liabilities estimated at $75,000; assets not stated.

A TURNKEY KNOCKED OUT

Daring Escape of Negroes from Trenton Prison.

SANDBAGGED WITH A STOCKING.

Capt. Parker, Who Was Guarding the Street Door, Was Assaulted and Robbed of $600—Arrayed in Stolen Clothing the Convicts Escaped to the Woods.

TRENTON, May 29.—A daring escape from the state prison took place at 7:45 o'clock last evening. Tom Thomas and Henry Jackson, both negroes, were each serving a thirty years' sentence. Monmouth county about seven years ago, was terrorized by these men and three others who were never caught. They robbed stores and residences assaulted and robbed citizens and burned barns and dwellings. Thomas and Jackson were finally captured. Twenty odd indictments were found against them. After their sentence they said they would not serve half their terms.

They Became Waiters.

The walls around the prison building are high and difficult to scale, and watch men armed with rifles stand upon towers rising from its roof, ready at any hour of the day or night to shoot down fleeing convicts.

It is six and a half years since Jackson and Thomas were brought to Trenton. They soon earned a reputation for industry and peaceable habits, and during the past two years they have been hall runners and waiters. Waiters have the freedom of the largest part of the prison.

A Stocking Filled with Sand.

In the gathering dusk last night they put their execution plan in which was to give them liberty. Capt. Charles Parker, a turnkey, aged 55, was on duty at the huge street doors through which arriving convicts have to pass. Thomas and Jackson were loitering in the hall near the door. Jackson had concealed in his shirt a stocking filled with sand.

Every movement made by Capt. Parker was watched by the negro prisoners. The main hall was completely deserted of all save three men. Capt. Parker sauntered into the office of Chief Clerk Mullen to look out of the windows.

The Turnkey Knocked Out.

The chief clerk had gone to his home to the office. His office is in an alcove directly off the main hall. Capt. Parker had scarcely reached the windows when Jackson crept up behind him as stealthily as a cat. The sandbag had been drawn from under his shirt and was in his hand. With one noiseless blow delivered on the back of the head he knocked the turnkey down. The office door is carpeted, and there was little noise. Capt. Parker was unconscious. Thomas and Jackson rifled his pockets, getting a roll of money amounting to $600 in silver watch and chain beside his bunch of keys and a revolver.

The Watchman Saw Them.

The two convicts ran up into the second story of the prison and, entering the private rooms of Deputy Keepers John Caspar and Johnson Bergen, stole two suits of clothes, including spring overcoats. Then they descended swiftly to the main hall, unlocked the street door that was still unguarded, and passed out into the street. The watchman on the tower saw two figures gliding along the street in the darkness. He had not the faintest suspicion that they were the convicts.

The Alarm Given.

The two negroes made their way through the southern part of the city in the direction of Bordentown, and they are supposed to be in the woods near that place.

Five minutes after their departure Capt. Parker was missed. Deputy Keeper Madden went into Clerk Mullen's office to look for him, and in the next instant the alarm was given and the entire force of keepers was astir. Capt. Parker, still unconscious, was put to bed. Dr. Reilly, the prison physician, attending him. As soon as the Six companies; Guy Maine, of the Chinese guild, and Huie Kie, of the Presbyterian Chinese mission. It is said the feeling among the Mott street Chinamen is very bitter over Khi's arrest, and that a fund is being raised to defend Khi. He was locked up and the girl sent to the house of detention.

Like the Boswell Murder Mystery.

MONTREAL, May 29.—What is known as the Kimber mystery was cleared up yesterday morning by the finding of the missing man's body in the reservoir, which supplies the city with water. The throat was cut and around the neck was tied a towel. The body was identified by the name on the clothing. Kimber was a young Englishman who came to Canada in February last with considerable money in notes and a letter of credit to a firm here, which was never presented. He came to Montreal and put up at the Grand Central hotel. A few weeks afterwards he suddenly and mysteriously disappeared. There are many suspicious circumstances connected with the case, which will be sifted thoroughly.

An Original Package Case.

PITTSBURG, May 29.—Charles S. Silverman, of Leechburg, Pa., the agent of a Cincinnati brewing firm, who was arrested on Saturday last for selling beer in original packages, was sent to jail Tuesday. On Wednesday Judge Fetterman secured Silverman's release from confinement on a habeas corpus writ. The case will be tried by the United States district court in this city next Saturday morning. The matter will then be taken to the United States supreme court for final argument and decision.

An Artist Stabbed and Robbed.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 29.—G. W. Southwaite, an artist, was found in his studio early in the morning lying upon his floor, unconscious, with a dagger wound near his heart. The contents of his trunk were scattered about and his pockets had been rifled, showing the incentive of the deed to have been robbery. No clew or suspicion exists as to the assailant. The wounded man will probably die.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A 1 SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER

THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19
12 " " " " very fine, 25
12 " " " " silk points, 25
Childrens silk mitts in black and tan shades 15 and 25c

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 22 in., $1.50, 24 in., $1.65, 26 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys strip'd belts 2c buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 5c buckle, all colors, 10c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL 100

MEN'S SUITS.

$10 $10 $10

We are sole agents for the TAINTOR.

Butcher and Grocer GOWNS.

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NEVER RIP PANTALOONS AND OVERALLS.

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7 EAST FRONT ST.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 20 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, No. 5 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert P. Box 1000.

FRENCH AND GERMAN. Mlle. Virgine Virgux and Creditzer of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York, Special instructions at Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 24th street. 9-28-1y

MR. P. L. CONDE, Teacher of violin, 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 983. 4-24-1y.

MISS C. S. HELLWIG, a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German language, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to class. Best of references. P. O. Box 1088.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-3-1y

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 and 6 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. R. SEE, Counsellor and Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 709 East Front street. 1y*

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG & MARSH, Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 93 West Front street.

Chinatown Is Very Bitter.

NEW YORK, May 29.—When the case of the Chinaman, Lee Khi, on the charge of abduction and keeping for immoral purposes of Suen Yee, the young Chinese girl, was called in the Tombs police court, Lee Khi's lawyer asked for an adjournment of the hearing and it was postponed until next Wednesday afternoon. The girl now says that her name is Yuen Mai and not Suen Yee, as heretofore given. Among the Chinamen who were present in the court room and interested in the girl's behalf were Joseph M. Singleton, representing

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scatter-Corns Kills Corns, Bunions, Warts and Soft Corns. Scatter-Corns is a painless, safe, speedy and effectual remedy. Scatter-Corns kills corns, bunions or callous; keeps the feet comfortable; prevents corns coming. Scatter-Corns is the best remedy for corns. Scatter-Corns. At druggists, 25 cents, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Manufactured by W. H. ALCOCK & CO., Newark, N. J.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

BOYS SAVE YOUR

Pennies and Nickels,

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $25.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

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Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

FANS. FANS.

We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Vantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

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23 WEST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

and still making her

FRENCH and AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

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Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

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Hotel Netherwood,

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Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

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63 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

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Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Sliced ham, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Pork Sausages. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Limburger and Neufchatel Cheese, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

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but PURE VEGETABLE COCOANUT AND OLIVE OILS in the form of PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

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PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

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Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

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King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

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No. 7 East Front street.

Kline's Extracts.

LIQUOR AND THE STATE.

Local Police Powers Versus Interstate Commerce.

TO REMEDY THE IOWA DECISION.

The Bill Subjecting Imported Liquors to Laws of the Several States Discussed by the Senate—Immediate Legislation Is Imperative According to Mr. Faulkner.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—In the senate Mr. Sherman, from the committee on foreign relations, reported an amendment to be added to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill authorizing the president to carry into effect the recommendations of the international conference by the appointment (by and with the consent of the senate) of the commissioners to represent the United States in the intercontinental railway commission, whose compensation is to be paid from the fund contributed by the nations interested; also to detail from the army such navy and civil officers as may be required without detriment to the service to serve as engineers under such commission in making a survey (their expenses to be paid by the commission), and appropriating $25,000 as the share of the United States of the expenses of such commission and survey.

The Liquor Bill Discussed.

The senate bill subjecting imported liquors to the laws of the several states was again taken up, and Mr. Morgan made an argument against its constitutionality. He did not believe in any legislation of a general character by congress that had a penal and punitive operation. Uniform legislation was a pre-requisite; but the bill now before the senate could not possibly have a general and uniform bearing among the states. It was full of free trade between states was the very life blood of society. The pending bill was one to enable a state to interfere by its legislation with the right of a citizen of another state to carry spirits. That might not be a valuable right. It might be one that ought to be restrained by law. He believed that the supreme court had taken from the beginning a proper view of the question there would not have been the slightest difficulty in according to the states the full sovereign power of their police powers for the control of the traffic and use of intoxicants. He for one should not give his vote to enable any state legislature to become a legislative tribunal to carry out (like a territorial legislature) under the consent of congress rights which he thought it had under the constitution.

A West Virginia Opinion.

Mr. Faulkner expressed himself as in favor of doing something, of passing some bill that would relieve the situation which now confronted congress. The question had been discussed as if it only affected Iowa and other prohibitory states, but it affected also those states which the system of high license and of local option prevailed. The decision of the supreme court involved the question whether or not a state could collect a revenue from the license system or could permit its citizens to have local option or could prohibit the traffic in intoxicating liquors. He himself believed that the people of his state did that the license system was the true method of dealing with the question.

The Rights of a State.

Mr. Pugh said that in opposition to the bill was utterly indefensible. The defeat of the bill would leave the states in a most serious predicament. He believed that the states had the power (without any legislation by congress) to control the use of intoxicants within their limits. The execution of that invaluable right had been suspended by the exercise of the supreme power, but its existence had not been affected.

Senator Blair's Amendment.

Mr. Call expressed his entire sympathy with the idea that the states had absolute control of the question of the traffic in intoxicating liquors, and was willing to vote for almost any bill which would attain that end.

Mr. Pierce spoke in support of the bill. Mr. Blair argued in support of the bill, proposing, however, to amend it by striking out the word "terminated" and inserting in lieu of it the words, "begun within the limits of the state of destination," so as to make the police power attach to liquors as soon as they reach the boundary line of the state of destination.

Mr. Turpie in Opposition.

Mr. Turpie, in opposing the bill, held that no state legislature could destroy the right of an owner of property to sell, pledge or give it away, and he declared that congress should not conform its legislation to please the transient fanaticism of such a state as Iowa. On the contrary, such state should conform its legislation to the policy of the constitution of the United States and of the commercial world. Mr. Blair's amendment was rejected and the bill went over.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—In the house after the reading of the journal Mr. O'Neil (Pa.) presented the credentials of Mr. Vaux and they having been read by the clerk, he escorted Mr. Vaux to the bar of the house and the latter gentleman qualified as a representative from the Third district of Pennsylvania. Mr. Vaux afterward took his seat he was greeted with applause.

The Distinguished Philadelphian.

The distinguished Philadelphian is tall, of splendid figure, with a crown of tawny, silvery hair, which falls about his neck in wavy locks. His mustache is long and locks which are even more than his hair. His skin and cheeks are smoothly shaven, while the famous beard, of which much has been written, is hidden beneath the front of his shirt. It is out of sight. In person he is pleasing; in manner courtly as a gentleman of the old school can be.

On motion of Mr. Grosvenor (O.) a bill was passed appropriating $125,000 for the establishment of a national military park at the battlefield of Chickamauga. On motion of Mr. Flower (N. Y.) a bill was passed enabling the act for the erection of an appraiser's warehouse in New York so as to provide that the secretary of the treasury may erect the warehouse at any point within the collection district north of Liberty street on the west side of the city.

The river and harbor bill was then taken up and passed. On motion of Mr. Dunnell (Minn.), section 8, which declares that it shall not be lawful to construct a bridge over any navigable waterway of the United States within the limits of a state without obtaining the approval of the secretary of war, was stricken out.

L. F. Watson Renominated.

KANE, Pa., May 29.—L. F. Watson (Rep.) has been renominated for congress from the Twenty-eighth district. His renomination is equivalent to election.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—
New York.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2
Chicago.....3 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 x—6
Base hits: New York, 7; Chicago, 4. Errors: New York, 7; Chicago, 2. Batteries: Rusie, Hatfield and Buckley; Sommers, Hutchinson and Kittridge. Attendance, 800.

At Boston—
Boston.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Boston, 5; Cincinnati, 4. Errors: Boston, 2; Cincinnati, 3. Batteries: Nichols and Bennett; Duryea and Keenan. Attendance, 601.

At Philadelphia (first game)—
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; Pittsburg, 15. Errors: Philadelphia, 1; Pittsburg, 6. Batteries: Anderson and Clements; Laysen and Berger. Attendance, 2,026.

Second game—
Philadelphia.....2 0 0 0 4 1—7
Pittsburg.....3 0 0 0 0 0—3
Base hits: Philadelphia, 8; Pittsburg, 5. Errors: Philadelphia, 3; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Vickery and Schriver, Jones and Berger. Called on account of rain.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 0 4 0 2 4 3 1 x—14
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Brooklyn, 17; Cleveland, 9. Errors: Brooklyn, 0; Cleveland, 5. Batteries: Lovett and Zimmer, Terry and Clark. Attendance, 3,500.

Players' League.

At New York—
New York.....0 0 1 0 7 2 3 2 x—15
Cleveland.....0 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 0—3
Base hits: New York, 17; Cleveland, 7. Errors: New York, 5; Cleveland, 2. Batteries: Keefe and Ewing, O'Brien and Buckley. Attendance, 4,000.

At Boston—
Boston.....0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 x—3
Buffalo.....0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Boston, 9; Chicago, 6. Errors: Boston, 4; Chicago, 8. Batteries: Kilroy and Kelly; King, Haddock and Farrell. Attendance, 3,000. Game called on account of rain.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—3
Buffalo.....0 1 1 0 0 0 0 2 x—11
Base hits: Philadelphia, 5; Buffalo, 13. Errors: Philadelphia, 3; Buffalo, 2. Batteries: Buffinton and Cross, Baldwin and Mack. Attendance, 1,981.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....3 0 0 0 4 1 0 1—9
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Brooklyn, 15; Pittsburg, 5. Errors: Brooklyn, 3; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries: Weyhing and Kinslow, Tener and Fields. Attendance, 800.

American Association.

At Rochester—
Rochester.....0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—3
Toledo.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Base hits: Rochester, 9; Toledo, 4. Errors: Rochester, 6; Toledo, 1. Batteries: Callahan and McKeough, Healy and Rogers.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Louisville.....0 1 0 2 1 0 0 x—4
Base hits: Syracuse, 3; Louisville, 6. Batteries: Keefe and O'Rourke, Stratton and Ryan.

Atlantic Association.

At Hartford—Hartford, 9; Baltimore, 10. Base hits: Hartford, 11; Baltimore, 15. Errors: Hartford, 7; Baltimore, 8. Batteries: Stah and Hoag; Hemming and Gunson.

At Worcester—Worcester, 6; Washington, 0. Base hits: Worcester, 10; Washington, 1. Errors: Worcester, 1; Washington, 5. Batteries: Burns and Guinasso, Underwood and Riddle.

At Providence—Providence, 8; Wilmington, 0. Base hits: New Haven, 10; Wilmington, 8. Errors: New Haven, 2; Wilmington, 8. Batteries: Doran and Hefford, Beerbach and Corcoran.

At Jersey City (exhibition game)—Jersey City, 11; St. Louis, 7. Base hits: Jersey City, 11; St. Louis, 9. Errors: Jersey City, 5; St. Louis, 6. Batteries: Redmond and Dowd, Whitrock and Earle.

Editor Rastor's Immigration Remedy.

CHICAGO, May 29.—Herman Rastor, of the Staats Zeetung, was the only witness before the sub-committee of immigration and naturalization. Mr. Rastor said that of Chicago's population about 72 per cent. was foreign born or born of foreign parents. Mr. Rastor believed the Polish Jews to be undesirable residents. The government, he thought, should have the right to expel undesirable immigrants after their arrival any time in five years. Had such a law been in existence a few years ago there would have been no Haymarket massacre. If it were known the whole world over that for five years every immigrant would be an alien in this country and subject to the laws of hospitality and liable to be expelled for bad conduct it would keep out the Anarchists and Socialists. He would not exclude Socialists or Anarchists from coming in, but would expel them when they proved objectionable.

To Fight the Bennett Law.

MILWAUKEE, May 29.—The convention of the German Catholic societies has adjourned sine die. Resolutions were adopted declaring in the sense of the convention that the Bennett law and its attendant paternal spirit infringes upon the consciences of the German Catholics, and requesting the Catholic societies take an active part in the approaching state campaign. Congratulatory speeches by Gustave Kaiser and Anton Bicker and a farewell address from Rev. Father Dried, of Seaver Dam, closed the labors of the convention.

Farrell Beats Walters.

BUFFALO, May 29.—About 800 people assembled at the Travelers' club rooms to witness the twenty-four round fight between Peter Walters and Ike Farrell, both local light weights. Twenty-one rounds were fought, first one man having the advantage and then the other. At times both men were very groggy. Farrell, however, proved the best general and won in the twenty-first round, after a desperate battle. Both men were badly punished. Walters' eyes were closed, his nose broken and his mouth terribly cut.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

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corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Want the Room!!

Having to carry the largest and most varied stock of groceries in the city to meet the requirements of our enormous trade: We have decided to offer special inducements to wholesale buyers of original packages.

Sugar delivered free at New York refiners prices.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

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UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Cash Grocers,

20 W. FRONT STREET.

Business hours from 5.45 a. m. till 9 p. m.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Mansfield King, the man who robbed President Moffatt, of the Denver bank of $21,000, says he has made a proposition in writing to the bank officials to return the money and pay all expenses they have incurred in the matter provided they agree not to prosecute him.

The grand jury of York county, Maine, presented indictments for assault and battery against four officers engaged in the Biddeford election troubles.

Dr. P. Ripley Bradbury, of bogus diploma notoriety, has been arrested in Wakefield, Mass., having, it is alleged, gone into his old business. He is charged with using the mails in aid of a scheme to defraud. He was held by United States Commissioner Hallett in $1,000 bail for further examination.

Mark Stanfield, proprietor of the Victoria hotel at New York, and well known all over the country, is dead.

In November William Waldorff Astor will commence the erection of a mammoth hotel in New York on the north-west corner of Fifth avenue and Thirty-third street, the site of John Jacob Astor's old home. It will have a frontage of 200 feet in Thirty-third street and 100 feet in Fifth avenue. This includes the ground now occupied by two houses on the side street, which, as well as the Astor homestead, must be removed to make way for the new structure. The cost of the new hotel will be between $1,750,000 and $2,000,000.

Rev. Edward J. Brynes was locked up in Goshen (N. Y.) jail for clubbing a woman.

During a drunken fight at the farm of John Dilworth, near Stamford, Vt., Maggie Shea was killed by Nick Bradford, a negro for whom the woman had been housekeeper. He was endeavoring to induce her to return when he stabbed her to the heart.

Elizabeth Webber Emmet, the wife of J. C. Emmet, the actor, has obtained a decree of absolute divorce without opposition on her husband's part. It is said that Emmet not only offered no contention in his wife's suit, but announced that he would give her $100,000 and the superb villa which he had built in Albany.

An investigation of the books of the Smith & Griggs company, of Waterbury, Conn., shows that George W. Roberts, the chief bookkeeper, who was arrested several days ago for embezzlement, has stolen in all $80,000.

The pope granted an audience to the Brazilian minister, and assured him that the Vatican would assume a neutral attitude in that republic.

The United Presbyterian general assembly, in convention at Buffalo, elected Dr. Andrew Watson, of Egypt, N. Y., moderator.

Thanks to Millionaire Rockefeller.

CHICAGO, May 29.—The most important of the Baptist "anniversaries" was held yesterday, when the announcement was made that the great fund for the establishment of the denominational institution, the Chicago university, had been raised. A year ago Mr. John D. Rockefeller subscribed $600,000 to this institution at heavy on condition that a full million be made up by June 1, 1890. Resolutions were unanimously adopted thanking Mr. Rockefeller and the officers of the American Baptist Education society. The following officers of the Education society were elected: President, George A. Pillsbury; vice presidents, Rev. Samuel Dennis and R. W. Dudley; recording secretary, A. K. Parker; corresponding secretary, Rev. F. F. Gates; treasurer, Joshua Leavering; auditor, Colgate Hoyt. Last night the great meeting at the Auditorium concluded the "anniversaries."

A Johnstown Flood Damage Suit.

PITTSBURG, May 29.—J. C. Tarbell, of this city, has entered a suit against the Pennsylvania road for $50,000 damages for the death of his wife and two children who were on the day express the morning of the Johnstown flood. He blames the company for not bringing the train back to Pittsburg when it was seen they could not get through the flooded districts. The case will come up for a hearing next Monday.

Gasoline Stoves.

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SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

What to Do with a Mad Dog.

By thrift he had become a millionaire, and he had a splendid St. Bernard dog which he was very proud of. One day the servant came to him horror stricken.

"Master, master! Cæsar is!"

"Is what?"

"Mad! He won't touch water and he foams from the mouth constantly."

"Great heavens! It is lucky you discovered it in time. You must not lose a minute. Take the animal at once, before he has time to bite any one."

"Yes, sir."

"And tell him!"—From the French, in Texas Siftings.

Cause for Chastisement.

Father—James, you know I disapprove very much of your fighting, but I cannot help feeling proud of you for whipping such a big boy as that. What did you whip him for?

Son (indignantly)—Why, he said I looked like you.—Racket.

Drummers' Experiences.

First Drummer—On the Atlantic and Pacific railroad a few days ago a locomotive lost its smokestack in a collision. Well, sir, they just stuck a barrel over the hole and went right along as if nothing had happened.

Second Drummer—That reminds me of an accident that happened to a train I was on recently. The engine jumped the track and was smashed all to flinders; but in five minutes we were moving along toward the next station, where we arrived only a little late.

"Humph! How could that be?"

"We got out and walked."—New York Weekly.

Wanted to Be a Man.

"Do you know of any good tailors?" said Willie Washington to a friend.

"Yes, I can direct you to several."

"I want five."

"Five!"

"Yes; I've got fousah now. You know the proverb about nine tailors. Well, I thought I'd see what five moah would do for me."—Washington Post.

Happy Combination.

PURE DRUGS AND SAFETY BICYCLES.

OUR SPECIALTIES; Pure drugs; the careful compounding of physician's prescriptions by registered graduates; toilet soaps and all articles pertaining to a Temple of Pharmacy.

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LARGEST STOCK!

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NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

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DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

This Date in History—May 29.

1535—"Invincible Armada," Spanish fleet, sailed from Lisbon for subjugation of England. Part of it was destroyed by storms and the English destroyed most of the rest.

1736—Patrick Henry, American patriot and orator, born; died 1799.

1770—Rhode Island ratifies the Federal constitution.

1813—Battle of Sackett's Harbor, N. Y. The British repulsed; loss, 260; American loss, 156.

1814—Death of Joseph Bonaparte, the first wife of Napoleon; born 1768.

1846—Wisconsin admitted into the Union.

1848—Louis Napoleon sent into exile.

1858—Death of Henry Thomas Buckle; born in 1822; author of "History of Civilization," and "Discovery," and from Portsmouth, England.

1877—Death of John Lothrop Motley, American historian, aged 68.

1877—Death of Fletcher Harper, aged 71; the last of the original firm of Harper Bros.

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34 West Front St

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 5.54, 6.56, 8.04, 9.05, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 a. m., 12.56, 1.56, 2.56, 3.56, 4.56, 5.56, 6.56, 7.56, 8.56, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 p. m. Sundays, 5.30, 6.07, 8.00, 9.16, 9.51, 10.51, 11.51 a. m., 12.51, 1.51, 2.51, 3.51, 4.51, 5.51, 6.51, 7.51, 8.51, 9.51, 10.51, 11.51 p. m. Express trains, 5.30, 10.00 11.56, a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 3.30, 5.26, 7.10, 8.07, 9.00 p. m. Sundays, 5.30, 10.00 a. m., 12.35, 3.30, 5.26, 7.10, 8.07, 9.00 p. m. Extra trains leave Elizabeth for Plainfield, 7.45, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.30, 10.45, 12.15 p. m. Sundays, 1.30, 3.45, 4.00, 6.00, 8.15, 9.30, 10.45, 12.15 p. m. Extra trains leave Plainfield for Elizabeth, 7.30, 9.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.30, 4.24, 5.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Sundays, 9.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.30, 4.24, 5.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Express trains for Elizabeth, 8.00, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.00, 3.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. Sundays, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.00, 3.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.56, 8.04, 9.05, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 a. m., 12.56, 1.56, 2.56, 3.56, 4.56, 5.56, 6.56, 7.56, 8.56, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 p. m. Sundays, 5.30, 6.07, 8.00, 9.16, 9.51, 10.51, 11.51 a. m., 12.51, 1.51, 2.51, 3.51, 4.51, 5.51, 6.51, 7.51, 8.51, 9.51, 10.51, 11.51 p. m. Express trains, 5.30, 10.00, 11.56 a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 3.30, 5.26, 7.10, 8.07, 9.00 p. m. Sundays, 5.30, 10.00 a. m., 12.35, 3.30, 5.26, 7.10, 8.07, 9.00 p. m. Extra trains leave Elizabeth for Plainfield, 7.45, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.30, 10.45, 12.15 p. m. Sundays, 1.30, 3.45, 4.00, 6.00, 8.15, 9.30, 10.45, 12.15 p. m. Extra trains leave Plainfield for Elizabeth, 7.30, 9.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.30, 4.24, 5.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Sundays, 9.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.30, 4.24, 5.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Express trains for Elizabeth, 8.00, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.00, 3.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. Sundays, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.00, 3.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 4.00, 6.00, 8.15, 9.30, 10.45, 12.15 p. m. Sundays, 1.30, 3.45, 4.00, 6.00, 8.15, 9.30, 10.45, 12.15 p. m. Extra trains leave Somerville for Plainfield, 7.30, 9.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.30, 4.24, 5.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Sundays, 9.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.30, 4.24, 5.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Express trains for Somerville, 8.00, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.00, 3.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. Sundays, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.00, 3.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.45, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 4.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8.00 a. m.—For Boston, Lowell, For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.30 a. m.—For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pottsville, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Lehighton, Allentown, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, etc., 4.24 p. m. Manch Chunk, etc., 4.24 p. m.

For D. L. & W. R. R. Flemington, Delaware, Stanhope, Drifton, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading, Harr sburg etc., 5.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc., 6.00 p. m.

For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 6.30 p. m. For Boston, Lowell, Nashua, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 7.00 p. m.

For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Wilkesbarre, 8.00 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 9.30 p. m., 12.00 p. m. For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, 9.30 p. m. For Point Pleasant, 9.30 p. m. For Point Amboy 9.30, 12.00 m. For Bay Head Junction, 9.30 p. m. For Sea Girt, 9.30, 12.00 m. For Lakewood, 9.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 9.30 a. m., 12.00 p. m.

For Cape May, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 p. m. For Sea Isle City, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.27, 7.45, 8.30, 9.45, 10.56 a. m., 1.20, 2.30, 4.06, 5.34, 6.56, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.27, 8.00, 9.30, 10.56 a. m., 7.30, 4.06, 5.34, 6.56, 8.00, 9.07 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.27, 8.00, 11.56 a. m., 4.06, 5.34 p. m.

For Bound Brook at 7.27, 7.45, 8.30, 9.45, 10.56 a. m., 1.20, 2.30, 4.06, 5.34, 6.56, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.27, 8.00, 9.30, 10.56 a. m., 4.06, 5.34 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

The Technicality Defined.

Judge—I know of no precedent by which the petition of your client can be allowed.

Lawyer—Beg pardon, your honor, but I have here the records of a similar case, by which the petitioner was enabled to violate the law and to do so legally.

Judge—Ah! I see; you have discovered a technicality.—Chicago Times.

He Wanted No Fighting.

"John," said a father to a lazy son, "why don't you go to work and earn some money?"

"It is because of my peaceable disposition, father."

"Indeed!"

"Yes; I do not want my heirs to fight over my will."—Epoch.

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John J. Kenney,

Successor to Peer Hansen & Co.

DEALER IN

Choice Groceries, Fine Teas, Coffees and Spices.

Canned Goods of all kinds.

Ladies' Oxford Ties

and

Gentlemen's Fine Shoes a Specialty.

If you desire a nice pair of shoes for summer wear, don't fail to call at my store. I have just received a fine stock of

RUSSET SHOES

which are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear.

Russet Apples

are good to winter and

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that he has resigned the position made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

Thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his private capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	60.90
California Plums	20	75.80
California Apricots	25	2.85
Standard Peaches	15	1.15
Standard Jersey peas	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice..	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:30, 8:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:30, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct packages to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. Mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrives at 8:10 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office open at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

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JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates carefully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044.

H. E. SPENCER,

Florist and Seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street, A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Best potatoes cedar posts. Tomatoes, cabbage, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, carriages, pungs, barrows. Call and see the improvements on the Perrin iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, corner 1st street, Adams

R. F. M. Chase.

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Corner Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

27 1-2 West Front street

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

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German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

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Corner of Washington avenue and Front past place. P. O. Box 942.

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Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 909. North Plainfield.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

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W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

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Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 94 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 8 Third street, corner Roy. Every thing in the line of funerals furnished always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

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Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

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Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

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Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. ASK QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Pa. 10-12tf

WOMAN AND HOME.

HOW TO MAKE PRETTY OTTOMANS FOR THE BEDROOM.

Cost of a Tailor Made Dress—Value of Soap for the Face—The Science of "Making Eyes"—Dreamy Cuban Women—Caring for the Baby.

For bedroom use nothing is more convenient than *one or more low ottomans*. As a seat before the dresser for hair dressing purposes it is preferable to a chair, and whoever a low chair would be used in making one's toilet an ottoman is equally suitable. Upholstered and with springs a pattern may be made as a top covering. The crotonnes that come in tapestry designs are very pretty, with cotton tassel fringe.

If the ottoman is to be utilized for a shoe or bonnet box it must have a cover hinged on and the inside must be made neat and presentable by a silkiia lining. If shoes are to be kept in it pockets can be put around the four sides for holding them. Castors may be added also to move it easily. A cover that is pretty for a room where one bonnet is in of the same material, with very full frill plaited on and a short tufty fringe added for a heading and as a finish at the bottom of the frill also. Big square headed brass tacks are the prettiest things to fasten the frill and fringe or gimp to the box. The good effect and usefulness of such an ottoman will well repay the outlay of money, time and labor spent on constructing it.—Washington Star.

Cost of a Tailor Made Dress.

Any woman who can make a dress is entitled to $25, provided it is made right and gives satisfaction. In such a case it is not only cheap, but a positive luxury. It gives a summer comfort and perfect service. It puts her at her best. There is about a well made costume a finish that comes from intelligence and is wholly lacking in the ill or ready fit. You can't tell a new artistic gown. It is fresh, bright, pleasing and ultra, but not new for the reason that such trimmings are used. The stuff hangs the body without starch, and the whalebones bend to the figure instead of from it, as is the case with stocks and cuffboil. Then, too, there are the delicate rushings at about the neck and sleeves, the cloth lined pocket and the faint scent of lavender, orris or attar that is not a characteristic of cheap finery.

The thing is, after all, as broad as it is long. By close buying a dress pattern can be had for $10. The findings will cost $5, which, with $25 for making by an artiste, will bring the total to $40. This means the very perfection of a fit, a quiet, lady like appearance that will wear well for six months without interruption if necessary. While it lasts the owner has the satisfaction of knowing and feeling that she is dressed like a lady.

On the other hand the customer, being ill advised, pays $30 for some alleged importation and $8 for linings, threads, etc. She chooses a cheap, showy, unlined dress cloth and, finding herself limited, demands a buckle, some passementerie and a bolt of ribbon to finish off and cover up her blunders. By the time it is finished the bill of expenses amounts to $40, at the very lowest estimate. The dress is a failure; its fits badly and looks worse, and the penny's worth of comfort remains for the Witch of Endor figure you cut or the hours wasted in going to and from the cloth butcher.—New York World.

Value of Soap for the Face.

I went once to a doctor to consult him about a slight eruption on my face, and what do you think he told me? That it was probably owing to dirt! I dirty, with my cold baths in the morning! I was furious, but he explained himself and was forced to acknowledge that he might be right. He said: "In the first place, a good many people do not use soap on their faces, mistakenly, but it is injurious to the face, and good castile soap will not hurt any face. Then most of you fill a basin with water, soap yourself, wash and rinse in it, and don't you see that you are washing in the dirt you try to remove? And very little of it does come off, both, mingled with soapsuds, stays on to dry and irritate the skin. The way to do is to soap and wash yourself in the first beautiful, rinse out your washing, then in a fresh basin full wash without soap and *rinse in still a third water.* By this time you will be really clean. Clothes are never fresh, even if white, no matter how well washed, if they are not rinsed. Then soap on the heads of babies, but she lacked expression. Her discovery was very funny. One morning at Narragansett one of the gilded youths went in bathing very early. Suddenly as he was swimming far out there seemed to come from the depths of the deep blue sea a mermaid, whose long yellow hair floated streaming in the water. With his mouth full of salt it was rather difficult for a stuttering young man to speak, but he managed to gasp out, "Are you Venus?" Nobody knows what she answered to this, but an introduction to two or three fashionable women over at Newport followed, and Miss Mabel Wright and the swim from knowing how to float successfully. Skillful, wasn't it?—New York Letter.

Wrists and Ankles.

Do you know, Amy, I have quite come to the conclusion that a woman's toilet is never quite successful unless it shows two or three inches of slender wrist, whether gloved or very tightly sleeved. I noticed one or two women in the park last week who looked better dressed than the rest, and after puzzling over the matter for some little time, I settled it in my own mind that it was because the prettily shaped wrists were not wrapped up in fur or hidden in muffs.

I said as much to Charlie, and he went further than I did. "Yes," he said, "and ankles, too. Just think what a horse would look like if his legs were rolled up, and swathed, and hidden up. What a thoroughly ch-- ly animal he would seem to be." I dropped the subject, dear, but continued it in my thoughts. For instance, how much nicer a man looks in riding breeches that are tight in the legs than he does in the ordinary trousers. And the former must be warmer, too. We all appear to conceal with care the fine lines of wrist and ankle, in fact, whereas which nature seems to have taken particular pains. —*Madge in London Truth.*

Savory Pancakes.

One large, heaped up tablespoonful of flour, a little salt and pepper to taste; mix this with half a pint of milk; add the yolks of three eggs, well beaten, also two table spoonfuls of the whites; chopped parsley, and two spring onions, also finely chopped; then stir in the whites of three eggs, which must be beaten to a stiff froth, and to do this to them on a plate, add a pinch of salt, and beat with a knife. Now the pancake is ready to fry; place some butter in the pan and let it melt; then pour in the mixture, and let it brown; more butter must be added if the pancake seems likely to stick. When it is nicely brown (and to ascertain this you will have to turn it up with a knife to see) hold the pan in the oven for two or three minutes, and then turn it out into a dish; the dish must not be covered when taken into the dining room.—Hall's Journal.

An Old Time Belle.

In a great huge landau is seen "Baby" Beckwith, whose title of "Baby" seems rather odd when you think she is over 40 years old—a handsome woman still, and one who has always received and talked of in generations to come, for she was one of the famous beauties of the Second Empire. A book recently published on Miss Beckwith is described as the wonderful American beauty who was present at the opening of the Suez canal. It was said at that time that she was to be married to a Frenchman asked her, "Who is the famous American beauty they are all talking about?" she looked up into his face and said: "I'm the one." She drives alone now. She always used to be with her father, a very old man; but he is dead, and "Baby" Beckwith is the possessor of an enormous fortune.—New York Cor. Kansas City Globe.

Where Women Smoke Cigars.

The Burmese girls are very bright, and good beggars, too, and when one steps up to you with a six inch cigar in her mouth and her comely person swathed in garments, the colors of which would rival Joseph's coat, and offers you her wares, the only thing for a man to do is to buy, and buy at once. The *Burmese girls are noted,* too, for their independence, and they walk about the streets and through the bazaars and around the pagodas with big cigars in their mouths with as much freedom as do the men in most countries. Their dress is more picturesque, too, than the Arabs. They use the very brightest red, yellow and pink silks in their adornment and the prevailing fashion runs to scarfs, more than to dresses, and bands of ribbons more than to pockets.—Ex.—I don't believe they wear corsets either.—Bangoon Cor. Kansas City Times.

Bathe After Shopping.

A warm salt bath is very refreshing to any one suffering from the exhaustion of travel or of a long shopping expedition—which is as trying to mind and body as anything that can be undertaken by a woman. Away from the seashore a very simple substitute for sea water is a cup of rock salt dissolved in warm water and added to the bath. When salt is irritating to the skin, take a warm bath and sponge off with a mixture of violet or lavender water and alcohol, equal parts, and rub well and briskly with a warm friction towel. Such a method prevents the exhaustion and danger of cold which follow a warm bath.—New York Tribune.

How to Make Ginger Snaps.

Here is an excellent recipe for ginger snaps. Put the yolks of a dozen eggs into a dish and beat them to a froth. Add to them one cup of molasses (common New Orleans molasses), one cup of lard, one cup of sugar, one cup of boiling water, one heaping teaspoonful of ginger, one teaspoonful of salt. Put the lard, salt and ginger in the flour and rub it thoroughly. Then pour in the molasses, and after dissolving the saleratus in a half cup of water pour that in also. Beat well and roll out thin. Just enough flour should be used to make the dough thick enough to roll.—New York World.

A Use for Old Towels.

Is there any use for other towels that have developed very thin "middles" and lost most of their fringe? If one has time and patience, and there are, of course, are little girls in the family who need employment, my advice is to cut the towels down the center, lengthwise, and "over cast" over the hard, worn edges. Then a firm "middle," good enough to cut square wash cloths from, for those who like such, or to use for any other purpose for which soft old linen can be used.—Good Housekeeping.

The Right Kind of Corset.

Of course, young girls and growing girls should not wear corsets; but when the figure is fully developed it should be gently held in shape by a good, easy corset. If you will wear one so comfortable that you may stand firmly on both feet and put your hand high and straight above your head without any disagreeable sensations, it will not hurt you. I may as well add that I am not advertising any particular make of corsets.—Cor. West Shore.

A Girl's Athletic Costume.

With the thought of common sense in dress manifest all around us, a girl's costume for athletic sports is loose, and still lady like. A divided skirt below, a wide, light weight skirt over it, reaching then below the ankles, and a loose blouse, would be all that practicability would demand.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Gloves should never be rolled into a wad or left lying inside out. Pull off slowly and stretch each finger to its full length. Hand every minute rip with glove thread and needle. Kid cords are especially for this purpose. Wrap each pair in tissue paper and keep in a long box without folding.

A wise person once made the remark that "jealousy was the seed from which sprung nearly every evil." This is only too true, and women and girls are more addicted to the cultivation than men. Worse still, they either do not realize it or do not care.

The Swedish Ladies' Society for Protection of Animals has obtained permission from the authorities to erect an isolated cell stocked at the Central railway station, Stockholm.

A little roll of white paper inserted through the upper crust of a pie will prevent the juice being forced out into the oven while it is baking.

A chicken which has passed its youth is better than one which died young and tender for croquettes or a fricassee.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT FIND APPROVAL AT HOME AND ABROAD.

A Novel Style in Night Dresses for Ladies. Illustrated and Described—The New Triple Spliced Instep Hose Introduced This Season.

It is always difficult to find novel styles in underlinen; but the nightgowns with pointed yokes, run with narrow ribbon, and the blouse fronts gathered at the neck and waist, are new; and a most comfortable novelty is the shield shaped handkerchief pocket, bearing the embroidered monogram, placed on the left side.

NIGHT DRESS WITH POINTED YOKE.

In our cut is illustrated a night dress made of fine cambric. The pointed yoke back and fronts is composed entirely of embroidery and lace insertion. Very full frills, edged with wide Valenciennes lace, trim the neck, front and sleeves, which are finished with bows of ribbon.

A Novelty in Hosiery.

A novelty in English hosiery consists of stockings for ladies and children made with triple spliced insteps. The advantage of this new device consists in the stockings being made especially strong at the part which is most subject to wear and friction, in the case of laced or buttoned boots; also with the constant friction of the skirts, in case of low shoes. These triple insteps are applied to the thinnest makes of stockings, such as Isle thread and silks, when the extreme fineness of the yarn reduces the durable qualities.

STOCKINGS WITH TRIPLE INSTEPS AND NORMAL FEET.

In the illustration one figure shows a stocking without the shoe, where the double foot is exposed; the remaining figure shows the extra threads on the instep.

Items for Men.

English tailors are making evening dress coats in a rough cassimere. Broadcloth and twills are no longer fashionable. Old men wear the lapped vest, and young men the roll collar on evening coats. In morning dress frock coats are to be very fashionable this season. They will be worn open. The sleeves are made a trifle tighter, but they are long enough to show a lot of cuff.

Silk hats are rather bell shaped, and are about one-eighth of an inch higher. The brims are from 1¾ to 2 inches wide. This is regulated by the width of a man's shoulders. The conical shaped silk hat, which looks straight on the head, can only be worn by small featured men. It brings out all the defects of a face, like high cheek bones, high shoulders, a prominent nose, etc. Felt hats are very full in the crown, and the brown shades are worn about equally with black.

Whispered Predictions.

A whispered prediction that two, and even one, buttoned gloves are to be shortly in fashion does not seem so improbable as was at first thought, for if the length of sleeves is to increase, that of gloves must decrease. At present four button gloves are mostly worn on tailor made garments, and the long ones reserved almost entirely for evening. Another vague prediction is the downfall of the very high collars. They are to be beten again to revive the heavy drapery on the hips which was once worn and known as pannieres. The wearers of the idea because their waists don't appear small enough with a straightly cut gown.

Grecian Style of Dressing the Hair.

The Grecian style of dressing the hair, which has just come into fashion, is not suited to ladies with a prognathous jaw. Its wearer must have a small, straight chin and a low forehead, because so much is made of the hair. It is fringed on the forehead at the center of the hair is waved, and rises in three bands to the back of the *head. The hair is drawn up in a puff* through each band, and perhaps a dagger is worn through the knot at the back. The bands that confine the hair are usually of tortoiseshell. Women who wear this style must be careful to put on a hat low enough at the back of the head, or it will look top heavy.

The Girdle Skirt.

The girdle skirt is pretty and simple. The bodice in this model is put on Wright and the skirt is drawn over it and hooked on to the bodice. The place where the two join is hidden by a girdle of black silk fastened at the side and hanging nearly to the bottom of the dress. The skirt is plain with the exception of a few tucks or a few rows of braiding at the bottom. The bodice has a corsage of embroidery. A pretty dress made in this fashion was of electric blue cloth with black embroidery. This dress side, a slight fullness about it that would bring a matronly wearer into ridicule.

Advice About Skirts.

Remember that bouffant effects are quite out of date. Dress skirts are to be stylish must be long, coming with graceful folds where they are to fall, straight and flat. In a word, this is the slim woman's season. Those inclined to stoutness can do what they can to increase their apparent height and decrease breadth. Much can be done by care in the selection of the particular weave. Abolish skirts gathered on bands and wear in their place those sewed on to plain, deep yokes.

Carey's BARGAIN STORE

51 West Front street,

Can't be beat for REAL BARGAINS in

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE

A large lot just received, bought at sheriff's sales, and including outfit carpets, rugs druggets, folding beds, queen rockers, fancy chairs, and tables, bedding, bedroom suits, stoves and house furnishing goods; must be sold.

THEY ARE SELLING LIVELY. COME AND SEE THEM.

If you are in need of such things you will be sure to buy at the prices offered. For instance $5 Smyrna rugs, OVER five feet long, only $2.50.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

A NEW HAT

Presented to each purchaser of $12 worth of goods at

WERNER'S

Mammoth One Price Clothing House,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

All the Latest Spring and Summer Styles of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Furnishing Goods.

CHEMISETTS,

PLAIN, 25C.; TUCKED, 30 AND 50 C.; ROLLING COLLAR, 85C.

PARASOLS.

FANCY STRIPES IN ALL THE THE NEW COLORINGS FOR $1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 2.90, 3.75, 3.40, 3.90, 4.25 and 4.90. MOURNING PARASOLS FOR $2.25, 2.40, 3.00, 3.50, 3.75 and 4.00.

FINE SILK SUN UMBRELLAS, NATURAL STICK FOR $2.00, 2.75, 3.19 AND 3.85.

SUN UMBRELLAS, FANCY SILVER HANDLES FOR $1.65, 2.00, 2.35 AND 3.50.

Edsall s, 20 West Front Street.

DON'T MISS THIS BARGAIN.

CUT THIS AND BRING IT TO US, IT IS WORTH 25c TO YOU.

For every purchase of $2 worth at one time If you will bring this adv. to us we will allow you a reduction of 25 cents. If you want $10 worth of shoes or repairing or both secure five of these adv's and we will allow you $1.25 for them. This will be continued 2 day 1st. Remember we have a full line of the CELEBRATED shoes that can be had in all widths and styles at low prices, and do fine repairing.

ROGERS' BROS,

Successors to D. F. Randolph.

19 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK

—AT—

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE'S

5,000 yards of manufac ory remnants of fine plaid Nainsook and lace stripes and checks. These are the finest lot of goods we have ever offered, and it will repay you to see them. Our price 12c per yard, value 20c.

We put on sale two more cases of those fine dress ginghams. Our price 10c.

Window screens, fit any window, 35c.

100 dozen gentlemen's Lisle thread hose, 25c per pair, value 40c.

Light weight jackets are the thing for these cool nights. We offer our entire line at cost price.

50 dozen children's all linen handkerchiefs, hemstitched, 5c each.

Children's corset waists, 37c each.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'dway

NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

BUT THE

BEST GOODS

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY

U. B. Crane,

HATTER AND FURNISHER.

13 Park avenue, City.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stockings, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes, &c.

First-class Fancy Goods Store.

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a

C. E. CLARKE,

No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE, BEGINNING ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7:30 a. m. to meet 7:50 a. m. trains. Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 9:30 a. m. to Second place; to Crescent ave. to Post ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.36 a. m. trains.
3d do	10.00	do	10.20 "
4th do	10.30	do	10.57 "
5th do	11.45	do	12.05 p. m.
6th do	1.00	do	12.20 p. m.
7th do	2.45	do	3.05 "
8th do	3.45	do	To the Post Office.
9th do	4.45	do	meet 5.11 p. m. train.
10th do	5.45	do	do 6.05 "
11th do	6.45	do	do 6.57 "
12th do	8.45	do	do 9.05 "

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will leave Depot trip over above route, leaving Plainfield depot 9.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 1.45, 3.30, 5.45, 6.45, 8.45, 9.45, 11.30 a. m., 1.45, 3.30, 5.45, 6.45, 8.45, 9.45 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for hiring on short notice and reasonable terms. Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies. Horses shod a few doors from the avenue, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 6th and 7th. Telephone Call, 12. 1-27

FURNITURE and BEDDING.

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Gimps, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Kid and Lisle Gloves a Specialty. Ribbon Bleaching and Framing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism.

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Spinal Curvature, Catarrh, Constipation, Paralysis, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Painless administered by Electricity. Office 23 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

FOR PARLOR and BRICK GRATE FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

Bet 2d and 3d Sts.

Wm. A. Woodruff

INSURANCE,

ANDERSON BUILDING

Money to Loan on approved security. 120 Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & S. A. CO.

Messenger Service

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Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

DECORATION DAY.

AS OBSERVED IN PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY.

The Graves of the Gallant Dead Bestrewed With Flowers.—Exercises at Music Hall—How the Fall to Properly Observe the Day Criticised.

Numerous flags flying at half mast, met the eyes early yesterday morning about Plainfield, and those who thus raised the flags showed that they properly understood the object of the day, set apart by a grateful people to pay fitting tribute to the memory of those by whose sacrifice we to-day see as a green and prosperous nation.

Early in the day the graves of the dead soldiers were visited and bestrewed affectionately with flowers, by Winfield Scott Post, No. 78, and Major Anderson Post, No. 109, G. A. R., accompanied by children decked in white.

The service completed, Decoration Day exercises were held in Music Hall, beginning about ten o'clock. By that time there was a large audience present. The hall was most suitably decorated. On the stage the central figure was a mound of evergreens, and a monument of flowers having on it the words in flowers.

TO THE UNKNOWN DEAD.

On a raised platform, at the back of the stage, were arranged tier upon tier some fifty or more small children, the girls dressed in white, and all wearing red, white and blue sashes or badges. They presented a very pretty scene. At the right side of the stage, there was a cabinet organ presided over by Mrs. Buckley of Scotch Plains, accompanied by Mr. N. H. Guttman on the cornet.

At the left were the presiding officers in charge.

The following was the programme of exercises.

1. Music, selections.....Band
2. Reading of Orders from Headquarters, Dept. N. J.....Adj. Gen. W. Moore
3. Prayer.....Rev. Mr. Livermore of Dunellen
4. Vocal Selection.....Male Quartette
5. Remarks.....Rev. Mr. Livermore
6. Recitation, "Before All Lands,".....Emma Bonnell
7. Recitation.....Miss Russell
8. Singing, "Deck the Graves".....Chorus
9. Recitation, "Decoration Day,".....W. H. Stewart
10. Singing, "Scattered Over Land and Sea,".....Chorus
11. Recitation.....Master Arthur Smith
12. Recitation.....Miss Russell
13. Recitation.....Miss Bessie Bonnell
14. Singing, "America".....Chorus
15. Singing, "Covering the Victor".....Chorus
16. Music.....

The orator of the day, Rev. Mr. Stewart, now pastor of a church in Portland, Penn., went from Plainfield in 1861 as a private soldier, and his address was one which was enjoyed by the fact that he spoke from experience. It occupied over half an hour in delivery and was replete with excellent thoughts. He very energetically protested against the day being misused, diverted from its original purpose to that of a holiday, and considered it to be only wasting in patriotism, when they made such a day an occasion for festivities, parades and games. The oration was evidently appreciated by the audience which applauded.

The grave of "the unknown dead" was decorated by bouquets of flowers, laid on it by the little children of the day.

The tableau consisted of a Goddess of Liberty, personated by Mrs. Clum; Victor, by Mr. James M. Atwood; Maidens Crowning Victor, Misses Sadie Smith and Emma Taylor; Soldier, H. C. Drake; Sailor, W. E. Hess; Guard, E. Wills; Wounded Soldier, A. C. Terry; Officer, W. C. Smith.

The tableau was illuminated by red fire, and was quite effective, the figures rising above the little children on the platform on the stage.

The ladies in charge of the training exercise were as follows:

Mrs. J. D. Smith, President; Mrs. Westphal, Senior Vice-President; Mrs. Stephens, Junior Vice-President; Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Terry, Mrs. McVey, Mrs. Northrop, Mrs. Prentice, Mrs. W. R. Moore, Mrs. Hand, Mrs. Drake and Mrs. Corwin.

After the exercises had been concluded, and the assemblage dismissed with the Benediction, detachments from Winfield Scott Post and Major Anderson Post visited Westfield to assist comrades there in decorating the graves at that place. Rev. Mr. Stewart made the address there also.

It was nearly five o'clock before the veterans got back to Plainfield, but even yet had not completed their work, for in the evening they made an official visit to the Women's Relief Corps, at their meeting room, to suitably thank the women for the help given in making the exercises so worthy of the day.

No More Somersaults for Him.

Mr. George W. Morrison of THE NEWS office with an accident at the gymnasium yesterday morning which came near having a fatal termination. He and several other members of the Bicycle Club, among other feats, turn somersaults in the air. Yesterday while indulging in this pastime his foot slipped just as he was bounding from the ground. This prevented him from turning completely over, and instead of landing on his feet, he struck on his head, not squarely, however, but on an incline. Had his body got a little more perpendicular the fall must have proved fatal. As was his neck was severely wrenched, his nose and face much skinned, and he received a shock from the fall. A doctor examined him and said he had had a very narrow escape, and that his sinews would be sore for some time to come. Like other club members he has indulged in this and other like sports for years without an accident, but sooner or later such sports are likely to end in injury. They are wise who do not wait for an accident to make them resolve not to continue to indulge in such hazardous feats.

Zephyr's Drill.

One of the most successful drills ever had by Zephyr Hook and Ladder Company was that yesterday afternoon at the Park House, when the members, under the direction of Chief Engineer T. C. Doane and Foreman F. A. Gardner, raised the large fifty-eight foot extension ladder. Messrs. Frank Fryer, and Alexander Gee of the Bayonne Fire Department witnessed the drill.

BASE BALL YESTERDAY.

The Crescents of This City Won Both Games.

One game of base ball yesterday was played on the grounds of the Crescent League in the morning, the contesting teams were the Crescents of this city and the Flushings, the champions of Long Island.

Every available seat on all the grand stands and "bleachers" was occupied and a number of persons were compelled to stand. The Crescents were enthusiastic, and when the Crescents finally won the game, the cheering could be heard several blocks away. The Flushings made one run in the first inning and one in the fourth, but those two were all.

The Crescent made three runs in the fourth inning and one in the eighth and at the conclusion of the game the score stood 4 to 2 in favor of the home team.

The nines were made up as follows: Crescents:—Martin, s. s.; Lafferty, 2 b.; Wiegand, 1 b.; Jones, c.; Lee, 3 b.; Gillies, l. f.; Mosher, c. f.; McMurray, r. f.; Gregg, p.

Flushings—Williams, 3 b.; Cunningham, 2 b.; Burns, p.; Nugent, s. s.; Sulzer, l. f.; Strimer, c. f.; Maedhan, c.; Silkerton, r. f.; McGivney, 1 b.

The annexed is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Crescents.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	4—4
Flushings.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—2

The game in the afternoon was not as interesting as the morning game, though no fault can be charged to the players, for they played in their usual good style. Fully as many spectators witnessed the last game as did the morning contest and the many good plays were loudly applauded. The contesting team was the Crescents of Newark or Brooklyn, but they could not kill Shaw's curves.

The nines were made up as follows;

Crescents—Martin, s. s.; Lafferty, 2 b.; Wiegand, 1st. b.; Jones, c.; Mack. r. f.; Gillies, c. f.; Lee, 3 b.; Wallace, l. f.; Shaw, p.

Flushings—Williams, c.; Keegan, c. f.; Devoe, 2 b.; Fastober, 3 b.; Platz, s.; Loughran, s. s.; Woods, l. f.; Carr, r. f.; Geenan, p.

Annexed is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Crescents.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—14
Monroes.....	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—3

STRAWBERRIES AND ICE CREAM.

At the Vincent Chapel—$300 for Charity.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal church gave a strawberry and ice cream festival in the church on Thursday and Friday evening and Friday afternoon. There were numerous other attractions to interest the public, but the fair will not the ladies' about $300, which they will make good use of. The booths were handsome and tastefully arranged, and presided over as follows:

Fancy table, Mrs. Van Vliet, Chairman, Mrs. Pond, Miss Brown, Miss Martin, Miss Baker. Candy table, Mrs. R. H. Fairchild, chairman, Mrs. Colefair, Mrs. Baker. Refreshment tables, Mrs. Burgess, chairman, Mrs. Flower, South, Miss Sayer, Winter, Mrs. Pike, Mrs. Roberts, Mrs. Loomis, Mrs. Jenkins, Mrs. Vallance, Miss Sayer, Pangborn chairman, Miss Nettie Hosmer, Miss Ada Teal, Miss Hosmer, Miss Pangborn, Miss Powell, Miss Daisy Mitchell, chairman, Miss French and Miss Carroll.

Base Ball in Instalments.

There are some tall stories told of a game of base-ball played yesterday in Washington Park, between two teams made up of residents of the vicinity, most of whom were seriously unfamiliar with the game. The score had reached forty to no-one-knows-what at the end of the eighth inning, and it was a puzzling where it would end, if the players could hold out long enough. The fun was uproarious, judging by the cheers and peals of laughter, which accompanied the playing.

The Counsel Sue in the Moore Will Case.

To-day the Orphan's Court at Elizabeth made a supplemental order in the William Moore will case. By this supplemental order $300 is allowed and counsel fee to Messrs. Jackson & Cobbett, and $300 as counsel fee to Walter L. Hatfield.

A Fatal Landslide.

WINSLOW, N. J., May 31st. (Special.)—A landslide on the Cape May line just above this place, buried several teams of horses and their drivers. One man was taken from the debris dead and a number of others were more or less injured.

JOTTINGS.

—There were an astonishing number of drunken men staggering around last evening.

—The Whitecaps, Frank Carver, captain, wish to play any other nine under 16 years of age.

—The Oriental Social Club gave an enjoyable picnic in Compton Hall Thursday evening.

—The hour of the evening service has been changed at the Methodist church from 7.30 to eight o'clock.

—Policeman Cooney and Giese arrested a drunken man last evening. This morning he was fined $10.

—A horse attached to a village cart ran away on Liberty avenue this morning. No damage resulted.

—A disgraceful street fight occurred in the boulevard at about seven o'clock last evening. No arrests were made.

—An evening sociable was held at Mt. Bethel Thursday evening. A number of persons from this city attended.

—The Shooting Section of the Singing and Target Association of Plainfield enjoyed a "shoot" in Keller's woods yesterday morning.

—A car of words between two men on East Second street at about seven o'clock last evening attracted a crowd to congregate. No arrests were made.

—A group of colored young men formed a circle on the pavement in front of the electric light by the bridge on Somerset street, last evening, and "matched pennies."

—The Holiday Social Club rendered their many friends a complete surprise in Compton Hall last evening, and the affair was apparently enjoyed by all present. The Committee of Arrangements were Messrs. Harry Smith, Charles Collins, Frank Scholly, T. C. Scully, John J. Gallagher, S. A. Clawson, and John Traynor. Dancing was the principal feature of the occasion.

NEW JERSEY WHEELMEN

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL LEAGUE MEETING.

Business Transacted, A Parade, A Banquet, and A Hilarious Evening at Music Hall.

In spite of the numerous events going on in various parts of the State a large number of the members of the League of American Wheelmen of the New Jersey Division attended their seventh annual meet in this city yesterday. After wandering around town and enjoying themselves generally they gathered about noon at the Plainfield Bicycle Club House, and a brief business session of the Division was held, Chief Consul G. Carleton Brown, of Elizabeth, presiding.

Various business matters were discussed. The consul spoke of the good work the league had done; how it had secured the adoption of a valuable amendment to the road laws, and through a Assemblyman M. Voorhees and Senator James L. Miller had achieved the passage of a bill permitting the League to become incorporated. New Jersey was becoming wide awake on the good roads' question, and before many years, he had faith, the number of bad roads would be exceedingly few.

For the League's Vice-Consul, Dr. H. A. Benedict, Dr. Brown had many kind things to say. Dr. Benedict had given the League and the public the finest road book ever published after the states' appropriations, and the cost of production had been only $3800 for the first edition of one thousand copies.

The Chief Consul also praised the work of George U. Pennell, of Elizabeth, Secretary-Treasurer of the League, and eulogized the Plainfield Bicycle Club for planning such a meet.

The report of Secretary-Treasurer Pennell spoke highly of past activity and present prospects of the League, and commended the faithful work of the officers.

Mr. Pennell also reported that the road-book expenses had been paid and a balance remained. Dr. Benedict, of Jersey City; Dr. C. H. Cain, of Trenton, and John M. Crane, of Plainfield, were appointed a committee to audit the treasurer's account.

The Transporation Committee, through Chairman Theodore P. Meeske, Jr., of Jersey City reported that all New Jersey railroads now carried bicycles free, and commended the courtesy of the Central and other railroads in connection with the meet.

Dr. F. A. Kinch, of Westfield, praised the present method of distributing good, road literature where it would do good and introduced these resolutions:

Resolved, That the county roads of Union County are a great success. They will be, when completed, the best in New Jersey, and probably the best in the world.

Resolved, That a vote of thanks be extended to the Union County Board of Freeholders for the road, both for the good roads they have secured, and to Chauncey B. Ripley, of Westfield, for his valuable initiative steps in the matter.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Just what has been done in Union County was told. As an expense of $350,000, three trunk roads from Elizabeth have been macadamized,—one to Rahway, one to Plainfield, and one to Summit, connecting with the Orange and Morristown. It would not be long, it was predicted, before a perfect path would exist from New York to Philadelphia.

The Elizabeth Journal was eulogized for its course in favor of the new road law, and Augustus M. Crane, a league member and business manager of the Journal, was called on for a speech.

Compliments from Chauncey B. Ripley were presented, and a vote of thanks was extended to the Plainfield Bicycle Club, as host of the occasion. After congratulatory speeches the meeting adjourned.

A lunch was then served and at 1:30 the wheelmen formed and paraded around town, presenting a very handsome appearance.

After the parade the wheelmen turned their backs on the city and assembled at Hotel Netherwood, where their annual banquet was in waiting. They had just concluded, at twilight, a two hours' feast of tangible and intellectual good things. Among the after-dinner speeches, delivered while the wheelmen puffed lazily in their chairs and smoked Chauncey B. Ripley's cigar, was a notable one by Editor McBride, of Elizabeth, who bubbled over with good humor:

Although but 150 men were in line there were by evening about three hundred wheelmen in the city. They kept arriving in groups of five and ten all the afternoon, at Netherwood and at the Club house. The odd tandem which is an Orange wheelman's vehicle did not arrive, being in attendance at the road race Milburn races.

The entertainment at Music Hall last evening had a most hilarious audience, made up largely of visiting wheelmen. The Union County Wheelmen, who gave the performance, showed themselves well supplied with first-class talent in the minstrel line, and the universal verdict was that it was a very amusing performance throughout, and well deserved the many hearty encores, though we suppose the bugles and horn, and white's accompaniments "never would be missed," if they had not formed so prominent a part of the clever young visitors, whose exuberance of high spirits contributed so much to the general hilarity.

A Rhy Morning of Song.

"The Bethelwoods," the Summer home of Ex-President John Taylor Johnston, of the Central New Jersey Railroad, was the scene of a "May Morning of Song" yesterday, when the Meadowsdon Society, of which Miss Johnston is a member, entertained a number of New York and Plainfield people. Mr. Johnston's grounds, fronting on East Front street, stretch from that thoroughfare to the top of the mountains and into the valley beyond and presented an even more beautiful appearance than usual. Those who sang were Mrs. Charlotte F. Keenan, Mrs. Gerrin Smith, Mr. H. R. Dieselhurst, Mr. Francis Fisher Power and Miss Lena Toms. The affair was very enjoyable.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

At the Memorial chapel to-morrow—Sunday school at 2:30. Preaching at 3.45 by Dr. Lewis.

Services will be held at Rose chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock led by the Rev. Mr. Rood.

Rev. D. W. Morehouse will preach in the Unitarian church, on Second place, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Usual Sunday services at 73 West Front street at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m. will be held to-morrow, to which all are invited.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

"Why Serve the Lord," Isaiah—24:14, will be the topic of Mr. Sealy Rosell's talk at the Y. M. C. A. meeting to-morrow evening.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Stinson, pastor, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, will preach at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League at 7.15.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow: Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by Rev. Asa Reed Dills Subject: "The Work of Joy." Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

German Lutheran services at 73 West Front street (W. C. T. U. rooms) to-morrow at 10:30 in the forenoon. Sermon by the Rev. Mr. Fiedler, of Elizabeth.

The church of the Holy Cross. The Rev. T. Logan Murphy Rector Whit-Sunday services. First Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Second services at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m.

At the First Presbyterian church services at 10:30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m., conducted by the pastor, the Rev. R. F. Ketcham. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed at the morning service.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow morning at 10:30 the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated. In the evening at 7.45 the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach on the subject, "A Severe Question."

Meeting of the Women's Temperance Aid Society at usual 9:15 a. m. in the parlor of Reform Hall, 4 p. m. in the auditorium. On Thursday at 2 p. m. Mother's meeting led by Mrs. Furnell. A welcome is extended to every one.

The meetings of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held the coming week as usual, at 73 West Front street. Sunday services at 9:15 and 4; Tuesday afternoon at 2, and evening at 7:30. An invitation is extended to all.

At the Congregational church West Seventh street, Sunday service at 10.30 the Rev. Jas. M. Witton, Ph. D., of the Tremont Congregational church, New York city, will preach. Sunday-school at 2.45 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. consecration meeting at 6.15 p. m.

To-morrow one service will be held in the German Reformed church on Craig place, North Plainfield, at 10.30 a. m., and in consequence of the funeral of Rev. Gottlieb Fritz the sessions of the late Mr. Gottlieb Fritz will be combined. No service in the evening.

Interesting meetings are held in Reform Hall, Park avenue, at 4.15 p. m. and at 8 o'clock. These meetings are held under the auspices of the Plainfield Temperance Aid Society, are free to all, and a cordial invitation is extended those who have no church relation elsewhere.

First Church of Christ in Plainfield, Vanderbeets hall, corner Park and North avenues in the morning. Review of Ingersoll's public address,—one to Rahway, one to Plainfield and one to Summit, connecting with the Oranges and Morristown. It would not be long, it was predicted, before a perfect path would exist from New York to Philadelphia.

The Elizabeth Journal was eulogized for its course in favor of the new road law, and Augustus M. Crane, a league member and business manager of the Journal, was called on for a speech.

Compliments from Chauncey B. Ripley were presented, and a vote of thanks was extended to the Plainfield Bicycle Club, as host of the occasion. After congratulatory speeches the meeting adjourned.

A lunch was then served and at 1:30 the wheelmen formed and paraded around town, presenting a very handsome appearance.

After the parade the wheelmen turned their backs on the city and assembled at Hotel Netherwood, where their annual banquet was in waiting. They had just concluded, at twilight, a two hours' feast of tangible and intellectual good things. Among the after-dinner speeches, delivered while the wheelmen puffed lazily in their chairs and smoked Chauncey B. Ripley's cigar, was a notable one by Editor McBride, of Elizabeth, who bubbled over with good humor:

Although but 150 men were in line there were by evening about three hundred wheelmen in the city. They kept arriving in groups of five and ten all the afternoon, at Netherwood and at the Club house. The odd tandem which is an Orange wheelman's vehicle did not arrive, being in attendance at the road race Milburn races.

The entertainment at Music Hall last evening had a most hilarious audience, made up largely of visiting wheelmen. The Union County Wheelmen, who gave the performance, showed themselves well supplied with first-class talent in the minstrel line, and the universal verdict was that it was a very amusing performance throughout, and well deserved the many hearty encores, though we suppose the bugles and horn, and white's accompaniments "never would be missed," if they had not formed so prominent a part of the clever young visitors, whose exuberance of high spirits contributed so much to the general hilarity.

A May Morning of Song.

"The Bethelwoods," the Summer home of Ex-President John Taylor Johnston, of the Central New Jersey Railroad, was the scene of a "May Morning of Song" yesterday, when the Meadowsdon Society, of which Miss Johnston is a member, entertained a number of New York and Plainfield people. Mr. Johnston's grounds, fronting on East Front street, stretch from that thoroughfare to the top of the mountains and into the valley beyond and presented an even more beautiful appearance than usual. Those who sang were Mrs. Charlotte F. Keenan, Mrs. Gerrin Smith, Mr. H. R. Dieselhurst, Mr. Francis Fisher Power and Miss Lena Toms. The affair was very enjoyable.

UNION COUNTY COURT.

The Grand Jury Completes Its Labors.

There was a large attendance at the Union County Court at Elizabeth Thursday to hear the report of the Grand Jury, which has been in session since May 6. It is one of the largest juries ever held by a grand inquest since the county was formed, and the number of indictments found is the largest ever returned to the Court.

Prior to the entrance of the Grand Jury at noon two courts held simultaneously in the building. Judge Scudder was trying in the court-room the railroad appeal case of Mary E. Seaton against the Lehigh Valley Company, while Judge Van Syckel, in the Freeholders' room, was hearing civil cases without a jury. The Seaton case was given to the jury at 11.30 a. m. A few hours later the jury reported a verdict for $17,500 for the plaintiff, being $1,700 less than the award of the Commissioners, which Mrs. Seaton would not accept.

There was a flutter in the court room when the announcement was made that the Grand Jury had finished its labors and was ready to report its indictments. Judge Van Syckel, summoned by Prosecutor Wilson, hurriedly took his seat on the bench while the jurymen filed in.

Ex-Assemlyman Chamberlain, of Rahway, foreman of the Grand Jury, announced that its labors had been completed, and handed a big batch of indictments to County Clerk Crowell. Including those found against the bookmakers and managers of the Elodes and Derby race tracks, there were seventy in all.

There were two presentments,—one against boys jumping on coal cars, while the other, which Judge Van Syckel would not permit to be read, was said to be a presentment against the Sheriff, and resulted in an indictment for libel, it is rumored, has also been found against Thomas Lane, editor of the paper. Judge Van Syckel ruled that the presentment, despite the request of the foreman of the Grand Jury that it be read, should not be made public, as it might have a tendency to injure the editor. The charge against Editor Lane, it is said, was prepared by Sheriff Glasby and was based on an editorial that recently appeared in the Summit Herald in which it was alleged that the Sheriff had Editor Smythe, of the Herald, picked out to serve on the Grand Jury to defeat a certain matter which was to come up for consideration. The subject in question, it was alleged, was a charge of assault made against a prominent citizen by a resident of Summit.

Among the indictments found, it is said, are some against the barbers who violated the Sunday-closing ordinance at Elizabeth by opening their places for a few hours Sunday morning and shaving their customers.

PERSONAL.

Miss Sadie Grant of West Sixth street started to-day for Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. C. F. Chase of Park avenue is on a two or two weeks' visit to Asbury Park.

Aaron Myers died at his home in Scotch Plains at six o'clock this morning.

Gottlieb Fritz died at his home on Somerset street yesterday after a short illness.

Mrs. John H. Wilson of West Seventh street is visiting friends in Atlantic City.

Miss Grace Wheeler formerly of Evans, but now of New York, is visiting friends here

Mr. G. D. Hallock, formerly of Craig Place, has moved to his new residence on Willow avenue.

Mrs. L. C. Shepard, of Plainfield, spent Sunday in Glen Gardner, N. J.—Clinton Democrat.

The Misses Marie and Agnes Steinhauser of Jersey City are visiting at the residence of Mrs. Verdon on Somerset street.

Miss Lillian Fritts of Park avenue has so far recovered from her recent injuries as to be able to walk out with the aid of crutches.

Mrs. Charles Roberts of Brooklyn, N. Y., spent yesterday at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Garnse Miller of West Front street.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary Kane of Plainfield avenue took place from St. Mary's church yesterday morning at nine o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schlereth of Bayonne City are visiting at the residence of Mr. Schlereth's parents on Harmony street, North Plainfield.

Mr. Frank McClusky of South Second street was summoned to Worcester, Mass., on Wednesday to attend the funeral of his uncle, who died a few days ago.

Mr. H. P. Reynolds of this city was present at the twentieth annual meeting of the New Jersey Pharmaceutical Association which was held at Jersey City Wednesday.

Edward Martin, formerly employed as clerk in a grocery house in Plainfield, has resigned his position and is taking a short vacation, at Pastenburg.—Clinton Democrat.

Miss Alice and Mr. Arthur Boyd of New Brunswick, and the Misses Bennis and Lily Dixon of New York are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Morrison of Mountain avenue North Plainfield.

Civil Engineer C. H. Schermerhorn son of Mr. Benjamin Schermerhorn of this city, who has made Vicksburg, Miss., his home for the past four years, has been prostrated with jaundice the result of close application to duty, and also in consequence of the extreme heat. Through the advice of his physicians, Dr. Conry, he is using the the mineral water at Coopers Well, Hinds county, Miss., and at last accounts was slowly improving.

Editor McBride of the Elizabeth Daily Journal who as stated in the Bi article made a capital address at the Bicycle meeting last night, was given at Hotel Netherwood yesterday. He reviewed the work done in securing the county road legislation, and modestly awarded the credit to Senator Miller, Frank Bergen, Freeholder West, Assembly Voorhees and Marsh, the Hon. John Kean, Engineer Ostrander and others. The bicycle boys, however, were thoroughly familiar with the effective work that has been done by Mr. McBride, and showed their appreciation, by honoring the Journal editor. [illegible]

After Stray Dogs.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I desire to call the attention of residents of the borough, who own or have dogs under their control, to the ordinance concerning them, which provides "That it shall be lawful for, and the duty of, any marshal of said borough, to catch, or cause to be caught, all unmuzzled dogs running at large in said borough during the months of June, July, August and September." The ordinance also provides for killing all dogs caught. I may add, that no matter where the dogs belong, whether in the borough or elsewhere, if found without its owner, unmuzzled, will be subject to the law. In view of the fact that several dogs have been running mad in our vicinity recently, and that the warm weather will soon be upon us, all owners it is hoped will see to it that their dogs are properly muzzled when allowed in the street.

All borough marshals have instructions to strictly enforce the ordinance.

CHAS. PLACE, Mayor.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded in the Union county clerk's office at Elizabeth Thursday:

William B. Vanzice and wife, of Plainfield, to John M. Whiton, of Plainfield, lot No. 6, block 1, on 5th street, 100x250 feet.....$4,000

John Taylor Johnston and wife, of New York, to the Roselle Land & Improvement Company of New Jersey, lots 7 and 8 in block 11, 24 sres, Linden, 200x100 feet..... 1

The Plainfield Land Improvement Co. to John W. Jr. and Martha Jane G. Hummer, Plainfield, lot 120x51 feet on Monroe avenue, Plainfield t. 510

Central N. J. Land Improvement Co. to George D Brenner, of North Plainfield, lot 25x200 feet, on Stebbins place, Plainfield..... 325

A New Lodge Instituted.

P. C., Morgan Turton, G. V. C., John Ulrich, P. C., J. E. Flannery and G. K. of R. & S., E. J. Lorton of Perseverance Lodge No. 73, Knights of Pythias went to Paterson Thursday evening and visited a new German lodge in that place. The Lodge started off with eighty-two members. G. C., DeWitt C. Bolton and G. M. of A., Walter Hayhurst also assisted in instituting the Lodge. The same officers expect to institute an English Lodge at the same place soon.

Y. M. C. A. Special.

Mr. W. D. Murray, President of the Y. M. C. A., will lead the Young Men's Gospel song service at the Association rooms, 8 and 10 East Front street, Sunday, at 4:15 p. m. as this is my probably the last occasion that Mr. Murray will conduct before his departure for Europe it is hoped that there may be at that time a large attendance of both association members and their friends. The Boy Choir will be present to aid in the singing.

Annual Election.

At the annual meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary Board of the Muhlenberg Hospital, held May 28th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. M. R. Edgerton; Vice Presidents, Mrs. Rowland and Mrs. Hetfield; Secretary, Mrs. Tomlinson; Treasurer, Mrs. S. Hunting; Auditors, Mrs. W. R. Lowe and Miss Mary Crowell.

Thanks from the Liberal Society

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS: At the annual meeting of the Plainfield Choral Society, held 19th inst, a vote of thanks was unanimously tendered to the press of this city for the many cordial and gratuitous notices which have appeared therein, regarding the society and its work during the past season.

NELSON RUNYON, Sec'y.

Died.

MYER.—At Scotch Plains, May 31st, 1890, aaron B. Myer.

Funeral service Monday, June 2d, at four o'clock at the residence of his son-in-law John H. Marsh Jr. Friends and relatives respectfully invited to attend.

Married.

SANFORD-DUNNING.—At the M. E. parsonage at New Providence, N. J., on April 10th, 1890, Frederick Sanford and Ella C. Dunning, both of this city.

Tent-a-Worb-Column.

A GOOD garden feeds bugs. Sling shot kills bugs that destroy currants, potatoes, cabbage, flowers, plums, etc. Used ten years with safety and luxury, and is cheap. Sold by A. M. Griffen. 29-3p

A HORSE, Light covered wagon, safe, and harness, broad track and fold bin for sale at Morrison's feed store, 30 North avenue. 28-3p

BAY HORSE for sale, nine years old, sound, safe for women and children, $100 dollars. C. S. Messinger, Park avenue, near Holly Grove. 31-6

BOARD WANTED—by gentleman and wife, in private family where there are no other boarders. References exchanged. Address "A" care of EVENING NEWS. 29-3

FOR SALE CHEAP—Three horses, two second, safe for ladies, park phaetons, sleighs, harness of all kinds. Call at Mr. Donald's livery, Sixth street. Stabling for sale or to let on reasonable terms. 31-6

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of nearly four acres. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 31-6-eod

FOR SALE—A photon in first-class condition. Very reasonable. Dunham makes, Rahway. 120 West Seventh street. 1

FOR RENT—Store of modern style at $18 per ton at the barrens. Apply to C. D. Wilson. 3-4f

FOR SALE—A Hosmer Gripper tricycle, for lady or gentleman, in good order. Price $75. A bargain, No. 15 La Grande avenue. 29-3p

FOR SALE—New slate roof cottage, five rooms, one minute from railroad station, Dunellen. Price $1,600. Terms easy. Apply to Wm. F. Adams, 10 Park avenue, Plainfield, or to W. S. Stevens, Dunellen.

GREENHOUSE plants in variety, flowering grass for screens, rhododendrons at Denton's Hillside avenue Nursery. 29-3

HORSES—taken to pasture by W. H. Polhemus on Bonnell Pheasant. Second house East of school house. 29-4

LOST—A maltese cross with Masonic emblems on it. Liberal reward given. Returns to this office. Geo. W. Taylor, 56 West Second street. 31-3

MONEY to loan on bond or mortgage. Apply to Clark & Read. 5-5-tf

TO RENT—or for sale, nicely furnished new cottage, twelve chambers, bath room, gas and modern conveniences. Nice location. Plats. MARSON & CO., Westerly, R. I. 5-24-10-eod

SITUATION wanted by man and wife. No objection out of city. Address W. H. R. care of EVENING NEWS office. 31-3

TO LET—Four rooms. 230 West Front street, between Grant avenue and Byron. 30-6

WILL THE WOMAN who took pocket-book from counter in Mrs. Hatfield's grocery last Thursday evening return same to counter, at store, and avoid further publicity.

WANTED—A white girl for general housework. Apply at 30 Putnam avenue.

WANTED—Coachman and gardener; must be sober and industrious. Rooms to Rent, 15 Mountain avenue. Brock, 1462

WANTED—Neat, active, honest, temperate, intelligent, experienced single man to work on farm. Must bring best references required. Post Office Box 694, Plainfield.

WANTED Coachman and gardener. W. R. Brock, 15 Mountain avenue. 1462

Rich, Creamy Milk Shakes, Frosted Cream Soda, with Pure Fruit Syrups are in great demand. We make our own Syrups and guarantee purity. Prescriptions carefully Compounded at Reasonable Prices. At Randolph's City Pharmacy, 21 West Front St.

"WHEN CHARLES WAS DECEIVED BY THE MAID HE LOVED,
WE SAW NO CLOUD HIS BROW O'ER CASTING.
BUT PROUDLY HE SMILED, AS IF GAY AND UNMOVED.
THOUGH THE WOUND IN HIS HEART WAS DEEP AND LASTING."
—MOORE.

If you have been deceived elsewhere in buying shoes, come to us, we'll try to please you,

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSHNBERRE, JACOB BROS. PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS.

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 CENTRE STREET.

C. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Perhaps it will feed our national pride to know that the greatest burglar the world has known is an American, William Porter. But even he got caught at last, and his native country is to mourn his absence for many years to come. Mr. Porter is in a cruel gaol in France.

There is plenty of ice in New England to supply the whole country. The river banks are crowded with ice houses. There is thus no reason why the price of ice should go up to an exorbitant rate, if the ring continues as it has been doing, the thing to do in self defense will be to turn about and freeze out the ice men. It can be done by the manufacture of artificial ice. This industry has at length been brought almost to perfection, the only lack being a small machine suitable for individual families and dairies. But that, too, will come in time.

Fifty years ago a young countryman from Vermont went to Boston to try his fortunes. He hit upon the idea of establishing a parcel carrying business between Boston and New York, he being responsible for the safety of the parcels. The patronage was not large. At first he carried all the parcels he had between the two cities in his carpet bag, and there was not more than money enough to pay his traveling expenses, hardly that sometimes. The young countryman's name was Alvin Adams, and this day the Adams Express company celebrates its fiftieth anniversary. It has a capital of $4,000,000, carries parcels to every state and territory in the Union, and keeps 3,000 wagons, 3,000 horses and 20,000 men busy the year round. Is not this a good story?

Alleged Unclaimed Estates in Europe

If prudency you are heir to a vast unclaimed estate in Great Britain, France or Germany, drop the foolish notion. There are no vast estates in Europe waiting for anybody. In the British court of chancery there are all told no more than $4,000,000 awaiting claimants. In the bank of England are only a few small sums unclaimed, and none over $5,000.

No poorhouse old woman ever fell heir to $5,000,000, and no tramp's rich uncle ever died in London and left him $700,000. Fiction, pure fiction. A set of swindling scoundrels in Europe feed on the credulity of us Americans, who think we are so sharp, and gull individuals into believing their ancestors left vast sums of money only waiting to fall into their laps. There is nothing in it, absolutely nothing. These swindlers set all the stories going, they always make the guileless swallow sums of money to prosecute an inquiry which is never made, and which would not amount to anything if it were made. These scoundrels get their living off credulous Americans in that way. The only way to get a fortune is to get it through your own exertions.

Jamaica's Exposition.

Jan. 1, 1891, Jamaica will inaugurate her first national fair, under the auspices of the home government of England. The fair will be formally opened by that young sprig of royalty Prince George of Wales, and the governor of the island, Sir Henry Arthur Blake, promises that all will be in readiness. It is to be hoped that American merchants will not neglect the opportunity to extend knowledge of our wares into this interesting and beautiful island. Applications for exhibition space must be made previous to July 1. A commission in New York will receive applications and grant space. It is expected that the steamship City of Rome will lie in the harbor at Kingston as a hotel, accommodating 700 persons.

The exposition is for the double purpose of attracting outside attention to Jamaica and for waking up her own citizens from a sort of blissful laziness which is creeping over them. Especially Americans are invited to exhibit sugar making machinery, with its latest improvements. The governor of Jamaica believes she will have a large market hereafter for sisal hemp, which is the fiber of the agave Americana. This is being utilized for cordage, and lands otherwise useless can be cultivated with it to an unlimited extent.

The new governor is full of vim. A million and a half dollars have been spent under his administration for roads and public improvements. In all the measures for the development of the island the 16,000 white inhabitants take considerable interest, while the 600,000 black ones look on with apathy.

Next winter will witness popular excursions from the United States to the Jamaica exposition. The fair grounds will be beautiful as a dream with palms and gorgeous tropical plants. The tree moving machine has been resorted to, and in one instance a palm forty feet high has been lifted and transported bodily into the park surrounding the buildings. Full exhibits of the best machinery and methods for preparing textile fiber, coffee, cocoa, etc., are desired. The climate of Jamaica is unsurpassed as a winter resort. Here will be opportunity on a grand scale for both business and pleasure.

THE GARFIELD EULOGIES.

Eloquent Words of Praise for Ohio's Distinguished Son.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S TRIBUTE.

Ex-Governor Cox's Glowing Eulogy of the Soldier-Statesman—Gen. Sherman, Vice President Morton and Mr. McKinley Add Their Meed of Praise.

CLEVELAND, May 31.—It was 2 o'clock of Memorial day when the head of the column of the parade which preceded the dedication of the Garfield monument passed under the decorated arch at the cemetery. Mrs. Garfield, who gave a reception to the president early in the day, drove over to the cemetery in advance of the procession, and with her daughter, Mollie Garfield Brown, J. Stanley Brown, her son-in-law; Harry Garfield and J. A. Garfield, Jr., were seated immediately before the stand in the day, with the president on the right of the chair, Vice-President Morton on the left, and the members of the cabinet supporting them on either side.

The singing of "America" by a choir of 800 voices prefaced the exercises, and after ex-President Hayes had succeeded in securing attention from the multitude he made a few brief remarks as president of the Memorial association.

Prayer was offered by the Right Rev. Bishop W. A. Leonard, of the Episcopal church, and then ex-Governor Jacob D. Cox, the orator of the day, appeared and the crowd cheered vociferously. The oration was delivered in a clear voice which could be heard far into the throng. Among his utterances were these:

"The massive structure which crowns this hill meets the eye of the wayfarer as he comes to fair Cleveland from Hiram, the place of the earliest educational activities of youth and man; where he labored as a teacher of the young, himself little more than a boy, and whence he was called to that public life which made him the property of the nation. From this tower, as from every such tower, one may almost look into the rural quiet of Chagrin Falls, where his childhood was spent, and into Mentor, the home he loved to think would be his in the peaceful decline of life after the struggle and turmoil might be looked back upon as from a smug harbor, his work well done, his fame solidly established, and the good will of all his countrymen a sure possession.

"It is well that this memorial should be built here, in the capital city of the 'western reserve,' on the eastern side, which the founding roads lead to all the counties of the old district he served for nearly twenty years. Himself, a type of the western reserve boy, his marble effigy under this dome is a sort of apotheosis of western reserve manhood. It is the emblem of the heroic qualities developed out of the New England character of the pioneer life of the west."

"Antagonisms Are Forgotten."

In concluding his address he said: "And so much of all parties as shall unite to build this memorial and to place this statue upon its pedestal to commemorate his virtues and his services. Here antagonisms are forgotten. Here cynical carping has no place. The good, the great, the strong, the wise and the patriotic were all so abundant in him that each of them, the young of the coming generation may construct an ideal on which to mold themselves. The weaknesses, the limitations, the imperfections incident to human nature, and which every man must humbly acknowledge his share in, may here be dropped from view, and the model to be initated is made up of those noble and generous qualities which were so marked in the man we honor today.

"A Permanent Decoration."

"The people of this land, far and near, are at this very hour decorating the graves of their fallen patriots and heroes with affectionate and tender love and reverence. Our task is part of theirs. We join our countrymen in the loving duty. The memorial is a permanent decoration of the tomb where lies the body of a soldier and a patriot whose services to his country were so great and so brilliant that the dignity of his structure and the durability of this monument only gives fitting expression to the solidity of trust, the honor and the regard with which the American people cherish the memory of such as he. May it be to us and our children the continuing lesson in patriotic endeavor which it was designed to be, and many generations as the look upon it find it stimulating them to that noble manhood which shall develop our free institutions into all they ought to be."

The President's Tribute.

The oration occupied in its delivery one hour and ten minutes. After the Hallelujah chorus had been rendered the president was received with a warm welcome. In a remarkable vigorous manner and with numerous gesticulations he spoke as follows:

"Fellow citizens: The selection of these exercises on this day, consecrated to the memory of those who died that there might be one flag of honor and authority in this republic, is most fitting. That flag floats here, this unrivaled object of our loyal love.

"This beautiful and imposing monument fitly typifies the grand and symmetrical character of him in whose honor it has been built. His was the ardonr and greatness of things done. No ladder of preferment was fashioned and placed by other hands for his ambition. He fixed and nailed the cleats upon which his aspiring feet rose to the summit of public usefulness and fame.

"He did not cease to be student and teacher when he left the academic halls. As a volunteer soldier he quickly made himself familiar with tactics and strategy, and imparted in a brief army career some valuable lessons in military science. He was a profound student of the political history of his country, one of the most brilliant and instructive of the great debaters who have appeared in the national congress. What he would have done and been in the presidency is chiefly left to friendly augury based upon a career that had no incident of failure or inadequance. The sudden and cruel and mysterious termination of his career had only one amelioration—that space of life was given him to teach from his dying bed a great lesson of patience and loving forbearance. His mortal part will find here honorable repose, while the lessons of his life and death will continue to be imposing and instructive incidents in American history."

Vice President Morton, who was next brought forward, spoke briefly. He referred to his personal acquaintance with the dead president, and said that his life was a lesson and an inspiration to the youth of the land. The more the people cherished his memory and heeded his lofty teachings the better would be their own citizenship.

Gen. Sherman Speaks.

When Gen. Sherman was introduced the cheering lasted for several minutes. Gen. Sherman said that in California he was known as a pioneer, in New York as a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and in Ohio, thank God, as plain "Uncle Billy." Gen. Garfield was the finest type of manhood both as a soldier and a citizen that his memory recalled. He hoped that God would bless his memory and that the people would stand by those as long as they lived who were ever true and faithful in the days of peril.

Secretary Windom told how when Gen. Garfield was near the point of death at Long Branch Gen. Sherman had said to him that if it would restore him he would give up the last drop of blood in his body. This brought out more cheering, and ex-United States Marshal Henry, Gulliam's executioner, led another round from his place among the Garfield veterans. Bishop Gilmour, in a few well chosen remarks, drew a lesson from Garfield's filial devotion.

There were loud cries for McKinley at this point. At first he bowed his thanks and refused to speak, but as the demonstration was continued he made a brief speech. The popular branch of congress, he said, never had a more majestic leader. Standing by the president's chair he said, with considerable emphasis, the speaker continued: "No president since Washington, Lincoln and Grant have ever been closer to the hearts of the people than Gen. Garfield."

It was 6 o'clock before the exercises were concluded and midnight before the visitors were all gone. Cars were used to secure transportation from the cemetery to the city.

The presidential party left for Washington in a special train at 12:30 a. m.

THE McLELLAN MONUMENT.

Simple Ceremonies at the Unveiling in Riverside Cemetery.

TRENTON, May 31.—The ceremonies at the unveiling of the monument in Riverside cemetery in honor of Gen. George B. McClellan were as unostentatious as was the great soldier himself. The simple exercises were conducted by the Young Men's Democratic league, and the only body of guests present was the McClellan Memorial association of Philadelphia.

The two organizations marched to the cemetery, a beautiful floral piece was placed upon the grave and then the veil on the monument was removed. It is located on an eminence about 200 feet back from the main entrance to Riverview. Some distance away, and nearer to the river, is the McClellan family plot. The original intention was to erect the monument at the grave, but the plot was found to be too small, and adjoining owners were unwilling to remove their dead to give the necessary room. Neither would the McClellan family consent to the removal of the general's body; hence it was determined to select a separate site for the shaft—and a most advantageous location is it. Quincy granite is the material and a half dozen column is the form. The height is about forty-six feet, with nine feet six inches at the base. A spray with half upward wings, as if preparing for flight, surmounts the shaft. The four sides of the base are suitably lettered and engraved with military emblems characteristic of the dead general's career. On the front is the following inscription:

GEORGE BRINTON MCCLELLAN,
Born in Pennsylvania, Dec. 3, 1826,
Died in New Jersey, Oct. 29, 1885.
Organizer and Commander of the Army of the Union
and
Commanding General of the Armies of the United States
Governor of New Jersey, 1878-1881.
Erected as a tribute of respect and affection
A. D. 1890.

The money for the monument was raised by popular subscription, mainly through the efforts of Secretary of State Henry C. Kelsey.

A Careless Blast.

NEW YORK, May 31.—While Mt. Morris park, at One Hundred and Twentieth street and Sixth avenue, was filled with pleasure seekers yesterday a blast fired without proper caution by a gang of laborers sent rocks caused a deluge of stones and dirt to fall in all parts of the park, causing great alarm and slightly injuring a number of persons. The rocks also badly damaged a number of houses on One Hundred and Twentieth street, smashing the windows and defacing walls. The only persons who injuries were reported to the police were a lady and some children who were playing around a May pole in the park and who were cut and bruised by the fragments of rock. The Italian laborers who had been engaged in the careless blasting fled to avoid arrest.

A Fairfield Church Burned Down.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 31.—The Congregational church at Fairfield, a large wooden structure, was entirely destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $35,000. The fire originated in the oil room in the chapel, and before the fire apparatus in the town the flames could not be checked. Other property in the vicinity was in great danger, and at one time it was thought the fire would spread to neighboring buildings. The heavy foliage about them, however, protected them. The church was insured for $15,000. The fire is supposed to be an incendiary one.

Conspirators Sentenced.

SOFIA, May 31.—The court which has been trying Maj. Panitza and his companions for conspiring against Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, has concluded its labors. The sentence of the court for Panitza is death, but it is hinted that Prince Ferdinand will commute the master's sentence to imprisonment for life or fifteen years. Of the other conspirators, Kalabkoff is sentenced to nine years and Rizoff to six years' imprisonment each. Six of the prisoners have been acquitted.

Another World's Champion.

DUBLIN, May 31.—The tennis match for $2,500 a side and the championship of the world between Thomas Pettitt, of Boston, and Charles Saunders, champion of England, was yesterday won by Pettitt, who was declared champion of the world. Pettitt won three sets, making a total of seven sets. Saunders scored one set, being leg his total up to five.

Trees Stripped by Hail.

HENDERSON, Minn., May 31.—A terrific hail storm occurred in the Red river valley. The hail lay four feet deep in places and the trees were stripped of their foliage. Considerable damage was done to crops an dwindows.

Swept by a Cloudburst.

ARCADIA, Wis., May 31.—The biggest cloudburst ever known in this vicinity occurred here Thursday night. The mill dams and one mill were swept away. The city is flooded, but the water is now subsiding. One person was drowned.

THE CONVICTS CAPTURED

But It Was Only After a Desperate Fight with Officers.

ONE OF THE FUGITIVES IS DEAD.

He Was Killed by a Shot from an Officer's Revolver After He Had Inflicted a Dangerous and Probably Fatal Wound on Officer Barber.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 31.—Patrolman Henry F. Barber, of the Fifteenth police district, attached to the Tacony sub-station, came face to face yesterday with Tom Thomas and Henry Jackson, the negro convicts who escaped from the New Jersey state prison at Trenton, Wednesday evening, after having assaulted and robbed Doorkeeper Charles Parker. As a result of that meeting, Barber lies wounded at his home, one of the convicts in a corpse, while his partner is a prisoner.

The end was telegraphed from Holmesburg in the morning to the Tacony sub-station that two colored men resembling the escaped convicts from Trenton were coming down the Bristol turnpike. Officers Henry F. Barber and George Milligan were sent out to stop the two colored men. The officers met the fugitives near the end of the long shore. The escaped men seemed to anticipate recapture, and they were prepared for an attack. As soon as the officers approached them they drew revolvers. Barber caught Henry Jackson and Milligan ran for Thomas, who was the taller of the two

Officer Barber Shot Down.

A shot was fired, and on turning Milligan saw Barber stagger and fall, while the convict he had been holding started off. Milligan gave chase to Thomas, and as he ran shot Barber and emptied all the chambers of his revolver after him. The wounded officer was taken to his home in Wissinoming, where the bullet was found in the front part of his body in the region of his stomach, was taken out of his back. The doctor expressed slight hopes of his recovery.

In the meantime Officers Smith, Graham, Wilson and others were sent out after the fugitives. The officers followed the trail from the point where the fleeing darkies were last seen. They were seen crossing a road near by and jumped the fence into the woods. After going a short distance Thomas dropped in the bushes, and Jackson, the one who shot Officer Barber, kept on running.

The Desperate Convict Killed.

Officers Graham and Smith kept after him, and after he had turned and fired two or three shots at the officers, a bullet from the revolver of one of the officers took deadly effect, and Jackson dropped on the ground. He was fatally wounded, living but a few moments after the officers reached the spot where he lay.

The search was continued for the other convict, and finally Officer Smith stumbled on Thomas, and threatened to shoot him through him on the spot if he offered any resistance. The negro was unarmed, having thrown his pistol away. He was taken to the Tacony station house, where he told the story of the escape, but put the blame of everything that took place on his dead comrade. He identified the body of Jackson. He said Jackson was better off dead than he was alive.

Although the convicts had taken over $75 in money and $800 in negotiable securities when they escaped, but $1 and a few pennies were found on their persons.

Jackson's body was removed to the morgue and Thomas was locked up in the city hall. Keeper Patterson, of Trenton, has fully identified the two men.

Keeper Parker's Condition Critical.

TRENTON, N. J., May 31.—Keeper Patterson still persists in giving Thomas a good character. He expresses his belief that Thomas would never have executed the plot to escape but for Jackson. Capt. Parker, the deputy keeper whom the negroes assaulted, has taken a turn for the worse, and fears are now entertained that he will not recover. Blood clotting, it is feared, may end his life. He was never a strong man and is now too old to resist any severe shock. If he and Policeman Barber die then Thomas can be indicted for a double murder, one committed in New Jersey and the other in Pennsylvania.

GRAZED AN ICEBERG.

Narrow Escape of the Normania, the Hamburg Line's New Steamship.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The new steamship Normania, of the Hamburg-American line, arrived here yesterday on her maiden voyage from Hamburg. Her time from Southampton was 6 days, 21 hours, 30 minutes. She did not break the record for maiden trips, but no attempt was made to do so. The screws were not pushed beyond an average of 62 revolutions per minute, though they are capable of 98, and only 14,000 horse power was developed in the engines, which has a capacity of 18,500. Her commander believes that when an effort is made to get the speed out of her she will prove to be the fastest vessel afloat.

Tuesday afternoon the Normania entered a dense fog and slowed down. Suddenly an iceberg loomed up in the fog. Commander Hebich reversed the starboard engine, put the rudder hard aport, and went ahead with the port engine. The effect was to swing the vessel around almost within her own length, and she skimmed the iceberg with only a slight collision. She did not get the record for maiden trips, but she made the trip in good time.

They Captured the Horse Thieves.

AUSTIN, Tex., May 31.—In the mountainous country near Liberty hill there was a desperate running fight between officers and horse thieves in which one of the desperadoes was killed, two wounded and six captured. The horse thieves were led by Bill and John Mackenzie, the latter of whom was killed.

J. P. Laire & Co

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND A 1 SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

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THE BEE HIVE

Special Prices for Silk Mitts.

Ladies' silk lace mitts, in black and color, 15c
11 inch pure silk Jersey mitts, 19
12 " " " " " " very fine, 25
15 " " " " " " silk points, 25
Childrens silk mitts in black and colors 15 and 25c

Swiss Ribbed Vests.

Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests, 15, 25 and 29c
Children's Swiss ribbed vests, all sizes, 10c
Misses Swiss ribbed vests, very fine, 15c

Special prices in Corsets.

"Gloria" silk parasols, 22 in., $1, 24 in., $1.25, 26 in., $1.45. "Gloria" silk, silver handle, 22 in., $1.20, 24 in., $1.45, 28 in., $1.75. Children's parasols, 25, 30, 35, 44 and 50c.

Boys striped belts 2c buckle, 5c
Plain canvas belts 2c buckle, all colors, 10c

NEW FIRM

N. B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

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H. H. BROKAW, }

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

BOYS SAVE YOUR

Pennies & Nickels,

AND BUY A

LITTLE GIANT

BOY'S SAFETY BICYCLE

FOR $35.00.

THE EASIEST RIDING and STRONGEST.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS VICINITY:

Geo. W. Morrison,

No. 11 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Clam Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size or short notice at Stoneside Farm. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE.

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We are in receipt of a very nice line of Jap Japanese Fans from Yantines. Prices from one cent upward. Also some special bargains in Satin and Gauze painted and plain. See our line before buying.

A. W. RAND,

28 WEST FRONT STREET.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

Still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

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and

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Woolston & Buckle,

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Wall Papers, Painters' supplies, Brushes, etc.

JAMES HARDY,

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No. 20 Somerset Street.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made

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Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

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NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

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68 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese (Fresh every day.)

Full line of Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood wurst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Limburger, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Head and Limburger Cheese.

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Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of equal cost, and are sold at the popular price of 50 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $5.

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PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

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16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

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18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

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OPTICIAN

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

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SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Ledyard avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

INSTRUCTION in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mrs. A. Burt, P. O. Box 1098.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, by Mr. Louis Viroux and Mr. Instructors at the Plainfield Training School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 23d street.

MR. P. L. CONDE, Teacher of violin, 13 years student, special course given to beginners. Time at pupil's residence. Advanced scholars prepared for solo and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 1088. 4-8-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG, a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and holder of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German Language and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

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Professional Cards.

DR. M. D. SIMPSON, 30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-8-1y

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 42. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. K. SEE, Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Notaries Public and Conveyancers. Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Notaries Public in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

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OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 21 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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100 MIDDLESEX BLUE FLANNEL '00

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$10 $10 $10

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ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 20 Duer Street, N. Plainfield.

THROUGH AN OPEN DRAW

The Carelessness of an Oakland Bridge Tender

LEADS TO TERRIBLE DISASTER,

A Car Load of Passengers, Mainly Women and Children, Plunges Into a Creek. Twenty Bodies Have Been and as Many More Are Missing.

OAKLAND, Cal., May 31.—The carelessness of a bridge keeper yesterday on the narrow gauge railroad led to the fatal plunge of an engine and one car into a creek and a terrible loss of life. Twenty bodies have been recovered and as many more are missing. The narrow guage train connected with the ferry boat from San Francisco, and in the three cars were about 120 passengers. As the train neared the Webster street drawbridge the passengers, who looked out of the window, were amazed to see the draw open. The train came round the sharp curve at high speed before the engineer could materially slacken the speed. The yacht Jumiata had just passed through and the bridge keeper made a desperate effort to close the draw, but without success. Luckily the weight of the engine and the first coach broke the train in two and the rest of it was saved.

The engineer was Sam Dunn, the fireman Charles O'Brien and the conductor Ed Rerath. Of this trio Rerath escaped through being in the kind part of the train. It is rumored that Dunn and O'Brien jumped and swam to safety, but it is not believed, as neither have yet been seen.

Crowded from the Windows.

When the coach fell through it went completely under water, but a number of passengers crawled through the windows and escaped. The majority of the passengers in the coach were women and children. From the broken hull of the train the passengers swamped out, woman shrieking and man battling fiercely, although there was no occasion for their fears as the cars were securely wedged in by the woodwork at the approach to the bridge. The car which had followed the engine to the bottom of the muddy estuary soon rose and such of the passengers as had escaped therefrom were picked up by yachts and small boats which quickly gathered on the scene. When those were all picked up, the boats gathered about the car where thirty or forty women and children lay suffocating to death in the water. They could do little or nothing, as it took several minutes to tear open the roof of the coach.

Removing the Dead.

The top of the coach was finally cut open and the work of removing the bodies commenced, ten bodies being taken out in quick succession. Conductor Rerath was seen directly after the accident and said: "In all probability twenty-five women and children have perished."

Three women and three girls were taken from the water alive and removed to the hospital. Another young lady died soon after being taken from the water. News of the accident soon caused intense excitement in Oakland, and thousands of people flocked to the morgue and to the scene of the wreck. The body of E. P. Robinson, which was among those taken from the hole cut in the roof of the car, was among the first removed. The bodies of six men and two women were brought in soon after, some of the bodies lacking heads. At the receiving hospital, where the injured were also taken. In a short time thirteen bodies lay on the floor and on marble slabs awaiting identification. The list of identified is as follows:

The Identified Dead.

Martin Kelly, of Oakland, assistant chief bookkeeper for the state.

A. H. Austin, of Austin & Phelps, San Francisco.

Miss Florence Austin.

Miss Bryan O'Conner, of San Francisco.

J. B. Irwin, sewing machine agent, of Oakland.

R. P. Robinson, of San Francisco.

Luigi Maciesta, of San Francisco.

Capt. John Dwyer, of Sacramento.

Mr. Williams, of San Francisco.

E. W. Auld (colored), of Honolulu.

Two Mexicans, of San Francisco.

H. Malerta, a Japanese boy, of San Francisco.

A Survivor's Story.

The experience of the passengers in the first coach as related by those who fortunately escaped was horrifying in the extreme. F. P. Finley, of San Francisco, one of the passengers, told a graphic story of the disaster. "I was seated on the front seat of the first car facing the engine. All went well until just as we approached the draw bridge crossing at San Antonio creek. As we drew near to the bridge it seemed to me the draw was open, that a fearful accident was inevitable. Just then I was plunged from the engine into the water, and then came the crash. A horrible crashing of timber and snapping of heavy iron work followed this.

"At once consternation prevailed in the car. The next thing I knew the car was in the water, and I found myself blindly groping for the door, which I fortunately reached and opened. When I found myself on the platform I gradually worked my way by climbing and holding on to the front of the car to the roof, which I had just reached when that end of the car rose out of the water, and quite a number of people escaped in this manner, principally women and children. The car was about two-thirds full when we left the wharf and should judge there were at least twenty-five or thirty people in it. Then there was a fearful outcry when the car began to fill, but this almost immediately hushed in one long final wail of despair. I was very fortunate in escaping with slight injury to my shoulder and several cuts on my head."

Refused Admittance, He Shot Himself.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 31.—James Shaughnessy, aged 25 years, who has been in jail since January last for abusing his wife, was released a few days ago. Yesterday he went to his home and was refused admittance. He stepped out on the sidewalk, drew a revolver, and shot himself in the abdomen. He will die.

A Veteran's Bad Marksmanship.

NEW YORK, May 31.—While some veterans of Garfield post were shooting at a target in the rear of the saloon at 1,691 Second avenue yesterday a stray shot struck and probably fatally wounded Miss May Gunther, who lived in a neighboring house. Four veterans and the saloon keeper were arrested.

Kossuth Denied Citizenship.

PESTH, May 31.—The lower house of the Hungarian diet rejected the naturalization bill which would restore the rights of citizenship to Louis Kossuth. The majority against the bill was 130, the vote standing 205 to 80.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—First game—

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	x—2

Base hits: New York, 4; Cincinnati, 5. Errors: New York, 2; Cincinnati, 1. Batteries: Welch and Murphy, Foreman and Baldwin. Attendance, 675.

Second game—

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	x—1

Base hits: New York, 0; Cincinnati, 2. Errors: New York, 2; Cincinnati, 1. Batteries: Rusie and Murphy, Viau and Keenan. Attendance, 2,752.

At Boston—First game—

Boston	3	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	0—8
Pittsburg	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Base hits: Boston, 10; Pittsburg, 4. Errors: Boston, 4; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Getzein and Bennett, Richmond and Berger. Attendance, 2,140.

Second game—

Boston	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1—4
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 4. Errors: Boston, 0; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Nichols and Bennett, Staley and Miller. Attendance, 4,301.

At Brooklyn—First game—

Chicago	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	1	0—6
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Chicago, 9; Brooklyn, 4. Errors: Chicago, 2; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kittridge, Terry and Boshong. Attendance, 2,500.

Second game—

Brooklyn	4	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1—8
Chicago	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—13

Base hits: Brooklyn, 9; Chicago, 12. Errors: Brooklyn, 3; Chicago, 4. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kittridge; Caruthers, Hughes and Daly. Attendance, 7,302.

At Philadelphia—First game—

Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Cleveland	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	x—2

Base hits: Philadelphia, 8; Cleveland, 4. Errors: Philadelphia, 2; Cleveland, 1. Batteries: Wadsworth and Zimmer, Smith and Schriver. Attendance, 3,324.

Players' League.

At New York—First game—

New York	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0—3
Pittsburg	3	0	0	1	2	0	5	0	x—11

Base hits: New York, 13; Pittsburg, 7. Errors: New York, 2; Pittsburg, 6. Batteries: O'Day and Ewing, Staley and Carroll. Attendance, 981.

Second game—

New York	2	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1—7
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: New York, 11; Pittsburg, 4. Errors: New York, 1; Pittsburg, 2. Batteries: Crane, Ewing and Vaughn; Galvin and Carroll. Attendance, 7,000.

At Brooklyn—First game—

Brooklyn	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—2
Cleveland	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	1—5

Base hits: Brooklyn, 10; Cleveland, 13. Errors: Brooklyn, 4; Cleveland, 12. Batteries: Van Haltren and Grim, Beatin and Snyder. Attendance, 6,000.

At Philadelphia—First game—

Philadelphia	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2—4

Base hits: Philadelphia, 10; Chicago, 8. Errors: Philadelphia, 2; Chicago, 4. Batteries: Buffinton and Cross, Baumon and Farrell. Attendance, 11,710.

At Boston—First game—

Boston	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	1	1—7
Buffalo	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Boston, 10; Buffalo, 16. Errors: Boston, 10; Buffalo, 4. Batteries: Daly, Murphy and Kelley; Forest and Jantzi. Attendance, 6,264.

Second game

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Boston, 14; Buffalo, 5. Errors: Boston, 3; Buffalo, 1. Batteries: Radbourne and Murphy, Keefe and Rock. Attendance, 5,410.

American Association.

At Syracuse—First game—

Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Toledo	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Syracuse, 0; Toledo, 3. Errors: Syracuse, 1; Toledo, 4. Batteries: Casey and O'Rourke, Cushman and Sage.

Second game—

Syracuse	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0—3
Toledo	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	x—11

Base hits: Syracuse, 5; Toledo, 9. Errors: Syracuse, 4; Toledo, 5. Batteries: Morrison, Keefe and Briggs; Healy and Rogers.

At Rochester—

Rochester	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2—4

Base hits: Rochester, 9; Louisville, 8. Errors: Rochester, 2; Louisville, 1. Batteries: Burr and McGuire, Ehret and Ryan. First game postponed on account of rain.

At Brooklyn—First game—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

Base hits: Brooklyn, 8; St. Louis, 6. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; St. Louis, 1. Batteries: Mattimore and Toy, Ramsay and Munyon.

Second game—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1—2
St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	x—1

Base hits: Brooklyn, 3; St. Louis, 4. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; St. Louis, 1. Batteries: Daily and Toy, Whitenck and Munyon.

At Columbus—First game—

Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Athletic	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	x—5

Base hits: Columbus, 12; Athletic, 7. Errors: Columbus, 5; Athletic, 3. Batteries: Gastright, Widner and O'Connor; McMahon and Robinson.

Second game—

Columbus	2	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0—7
Athletic	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0—5

Base hits: Columbus, 14; Athletic, 9. Errors: Columbus, 0; Athletic, 4. Batteries: Gastright and O'Connor, Green and Robinson

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Want the Room!!

Having to carry the largest and most varied stock of groceries in the city to meet the requirements of our enormous trade: We have decided to offer special inducements to wholesale buyers of original packages.

Sugar delivered free at New York refiners prices.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

CALL AND GET PRICES.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Cash Grocers,

20 W. FRONT STREET.

Business hours from 5.45 a. m. till 9 p. m.

R. R. Fairchild,

Furniture and Bedding,

21 EAST FRONT STREET,

PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND BED ROOM

FURNITURE

Spring Beds, Tables and chairs, Baby Carriages, the largest assortment in town.

Special Notices.

THE POST OFFICE PLAINFIELD, N. J. will close on and after Monday, June 2, 1890, at 7 o'clock p. m., instead of 8:30 p. m. Will also close on May 30th, Decoration Day, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the day. One delivery in the morning and two collections.

27-29 E. R. POPE, Postmaster.

CLAIRVOYANT

Positively last week. The last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant! Call at once at the City Hotel, room 4, over flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Only 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 28-1w

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 61 East Front street, 4 nine rooms with closets, built as a farmer's cottage by Henry G. Latimer is for sale. Apply to W. C. Bates, No 1 East Front street. 3dtu-11-28

Safety Bicycles

FOR MEN.

$65, $75, $85, $100.

GEO. W. MORRISON,

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L. W. Randolphs' 21 W. Front St.

AT THE

Congregational Church,

Friday, June 6, '90,

8:30 p. m., a

LECTURE

by MRS. CLARA HOLBROOK SMITH,

Associate Editor of Jennen-Miller magazine, subject:

"PHYSICAL CULTURE, CORRECT AND ARTISTIC DRESS."

Will show elegant costumes, changing every few minutes throughout the lecture. Among the costumes will be a "Winner Costume," "School Girl's Costume," "Maternity Gown," "Business Dress," "Street Dress," and all the underclothing. Also the practical divided "Bicycle Gown" and divided "Riding Habit," now so much discussed in the New York reception. Tickets, 50 cents to be had at Mc's, Randolph's and Shaws' Pharmacies.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, that the account of the estate of Jacob Cornell and Trustee under the will Frederick F. Chase deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the Ninth day of July next.

CRAIG A. MARSH

Dated May 1st 1890.

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Rose Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions by simple application, or money refunded. Scatter-Corns for foot Sweat. Scatter-Bunion Salve—Cures. At druggists, 50 cents each, or mailed on receipt of price.

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Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

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DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.

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LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

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HATTER AND FURNISHER.

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect May, 11th 1890

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 5.44, 6.38, 6.40, 8.03, 9.07, 9.50, 7.35, 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30, 12.30, 1.00, 2.07, 2.30, 3.30, 3.51, 5.31, 6.07, 6.32, 7.05, 8.01, 9.08, 10.10, 11.40 P. M. Sunday, 5.27, 5.44, 8.00, 8.30, 11.00, 11.40, 1.00, 3.30, 5.31, 5.50, 6.10, 7.05, 7.10, 8.01, 9.08, 10.10, 11.40 P. M. Extra, for early morning, 4.30, 5.45, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 night. SUNDAY, 4.30, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30 A. M. 12.00 M. 12.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 10.00 P. M. 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.36, 6.20, 6.50, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.05, 11.00, 12.30 P. M., 1.00, 2.00, 3.30, 4.15, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. 12.00 night. Sunday, 5.36, 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 11.00, 12.30 P. M., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. 12.00 night. Extra, for early morning, 4.30, 5.45, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 night. SUNDAY, 4.30, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30 A. M. 12.00 M. 12.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 10.00 P. M. 12.00 night. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 9.00, 11.00, 11.55 A. M. 2.30, 4.30, 5.45, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30 P. M. Sunday 8.00 A. M. 4.30, 6.00 P. M. Leave Somerville at 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M. 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 P. M. Sunday 9.30 A. M. 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 P. M.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.40, A. M. 1.25, 4.00, 5.30 P. M. Leave Easton at 8.45, 11.15 A. M. 2.45, 6.15, 9.30 P. M.

PLAINFIELDER AND LAKE, HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.40 A. M. 5.30 P. M. Sunday 8.30 A. M.

STEWARD CONNECTIONS.

At 45 A. M. for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 7.00 A. M. for Flemington.

At D. L. & W. R. R. Station, Fulton Street, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, D. L. & W. R. R. High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Pittston, Lehigh Valley R. R. Easton & Scranton R. R. to Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Allentown and Bethlehem, Lehigh & Susquehanna, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Lehigh Valley R. R. Easton & Scranton R. R. to Hackettstown, Manch Chunk, Allentown and Bethlehem, Lehigh & Susquehanna, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Pittston

No Woman.

No woman ought to marry a man she cannot respect.

No woman ought to be more concerned about her bonnet than she is about her salvation.

No woman ought to say things about other people that she would not like to have said about herself.

No woman ought to neglect her babies to become a philanthropist.

No woman ought to be afraid to do what she knows she ought to do.

No woman ought to scold her children.

No woman ought to be cross to her husband.

No woman ought to be a tattler.

No woman ought to be a busybody.

No woman ought to forget to be polite to everybody.

No woman ought to be anything less than lovable.

No woman ought to be a poor housekeeper.

No woman ought to be uncharitable.

No woman ought to be unforgiving.

No woman ought to be resentful.

No woman ought to be envious.—Indianapolis Bam's Horn.

An Efficient Eye Wash.

Irritable eyes, due to smoking, dust, cold, and a variety of other causes, are quite common. Among the domestic remedies which are the most popular are applications of warm milk, boracic acid, salt water, etc. Borax and camphor water, an agreeable and efficient remedy, has long been used by physicians. An eye wash, very beneficial if not quite so agreeable, can be made by adding one drachm of the crystals of boracic acid to a pint of soft, boiled water. This should be boiled and kept in a cool place. Three or four times a day half a cupful of the solution should be heated, and the eyes bathed with it as hot as can be borne.

Apropos of this, people will do well to remember the fact that some kinds of sore eyes are highly contagious. Such is Egyptian ophthalmia, not being easily killed, and often transmitted from one person to another on towels, wash basins, etc., used in common. Probably all know that skin diseases are often conveyed in that way, but few, however, can know that the same is true with diseases of the eyes, which are much more to be feared.—Toronto Globe.

The American Girl's Attire.

As a rule, however, it must be noted that a notorious lack of dress characterizes her with taste. The points in which they are apt to show weakness are those pertaining to bonnets and shoes. They do not seem to appreciate the delicacy of taste in design and the artistic finish of execution that characterizes the best specimens of Parisian millinery. They will crown a costume with a monstrosity which a la bon Bon Marche, and will never comprehend the incongruity. They will wear black shoes with white kid gloves and dresses and conceit themselves for what they vaguely understand are inappropriate adjuncts by redacting that, after all, their feet will be hidden by the dress trimmer valley. This is all the more singular as they are very particular in the matter of gloves, and their small American foot, always the admiration of Europeans, would certainly deserves better treatment and more careful and advantageous setting off.—Lucy Hooper in St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

An Interrogation.

Is there not danger at the present day of paying too much stress on the subject of wages earned? Where it is necessary or wise for them to work they surely ought not to hesitate for a minute. But among well to do women, whose whole time ought to be given to their homes—their husbands and their children—there is a growing restlessness and discontent in connection money matters that never attached them. They can afford to work for less than those who are obliged to support themselves and others, but they bring down the price paid for work in all departments, and what do they gain? They have a feeling of independence and satisfaction in the result of their exertions, but it is often at the expense of some needy sister, as well as of the comfort and enjoyment of their own family. "Competition, competition!" is the despairing cry of thousands of workers. Is it right for the wives of wealthy men to make this competition greater?—Martha Clark Rankin.

What New York Girls Read.

A bookseller who observes the reading habits of young women says that the young women of New York seldom read back farther than a year. They keep up famously with the new works of note in the lighter fields of literature, but that no one of them is found reading the older English writers, with the single exception of George Eliot. In the old days, when they studied "English Literature"—in a text book—they learned the names of the earlier writers, and, perhaps, a ten line quotation from their works, but really they know nothing of Chaucer, or Butler, or Addison, or Lamb and the rest of the saints. They know their Shakespeare fairly well, some time in their lives they have read the best known of the plays, and the stage reproductions have added to their knowledge.—New York Evening Sun.

Turpentine in the Home.

After a housekeeper fully realizes the worth of turpentine in the household she is never willing to be without a supply of it. It gives quick relief to burns; it is an excellent application for corns; it is good for rheumatism and sore throat. Then it is a sure preventive against moths; by just dropping a trifle in the drawers, chests and cupboards it will result in the garments secure from injury during the summer. It will keep ants and bugs from the closets and storerooms by putting a few drops in the corners and shelves. Moreover, it is sure destruction to bedbugs, and will effectually drive them away from their haunts if thoroughly applied to all the joints of the bedstead, and injures neither the wood nor clothing. A spoonful of it added to a pail of warm water is excellent for cleaning paint.—Home Queen.

How to Boil Cabbage.

To avoid a horrible odor, which too often fills the house when cabbage or other green vegetables are boiling, follow these simple directions: Put your cabbage in a net and when you have boiled it five minutes in the first pot of water lift it out, drain for a few seconds and place carefully in a second pot which you must have full of fast boiling water on the stove. Empty the first water away and boil your cabbage till tender in the second.—Good Housekeeping.

A Matilda A. Scott, living in North May street, has a kennel and a dog farm, where she raises toy terriers that net $200 a year, and she pays all her expenses with the proceeds of the canine sleek ward.

A room with a low ceiling will seem higher if the curtains hang to the floor. Lambrequins may be used to extend the curtains to the ceiling, and thus carry out the idea.

FINGERS AND FORKS.

THE STRUGGLE OF THE LATTER TO OBTAIN RECOGNITION.

Everybody Used to Eat with Their Fingers, but Strict Rules of Etiquette Were Observed by the Refined—The Fork Originated in Italy and Spread Slowly.

Did you know that Queen Elizabeth ate with her fingers? You may have known that she loved showy and stiff, that she was so fond of fine clothes that when she died she left 3,000 dresses and any quantity of jewels; but did you ever imagine that such a great lady could be so inelegant as to eat with her fingers? But she did, and so did Shakespeare, and Chaucer, and William the Conqueror, and King Alfred, and everybody else who lived before her time. These last were more excusable than she, they had no forks; but even she was not without excuse, for though she had several, they had been given her as curiosities, which, I suppose, nobody expected her to use. They were one of crystal garnished with gold and sparks of garnet, another of gold with two little rubies and two pendent pearls, and still another of coral.

Why didn't she use them? you ask. Well, because she had never seen or known anybody that used one, and they were something new and, therefore, with their old books of etiquette we learn how they did it. In the first place, the fingers must be perfectly clean before beginning the meal; next if this had just been done privately, it must be repeated at the table, that no one might feel uneasy in eating after his neighbors' fingers had been in the dish. To aid further, the meat was prepared as far as possible before it was brought on the table. If in a stew, as was usually the case, it was in bits; if roasted, it was cut by a carver, and passed in large plates with a knife.

As to the way of helping himself, each guest must choose and keep a particular part of the dish for his own. He must help himself daintily from this place, using only three fingers, and, carrying the bit of food to the mouth, which, of course, was done with the hand, these same three must be used, taking care, however, not to touch the nose with them, to do which was extremely inelegant, and showed a lack of good breeding.

Of course all this soiled the hands, and in refined households at various intervals bowls of perfumed water and different napkins were passed, and no one must refuse to wash his fingers this when dried or round a silver bowl or dish of rose water is still sometimes seen in Europe.

After a while man found out that he needed a fork, and a fork was at last made, as was also what first used them. Great dames kept them in their rooms to eat comfits with and to toast bread; and, in course of time, they brought them to the table.

As I have said, there was a prejudice against them, and the first few persons who were brave enough to use them were laughed at and called effeminate; a preacher even went so far as to say that for any one to refuse to touch his meat with his fingers was an insult to Providence.

Nevertheless they spread; in England slowly, even after Italy, the home of their birth, was full of them. Those who knew their value, however, found them so convenient that up to 180 years ago—since which it has been no longer necessary—a traveler thought it worth while to put up and knowing how poorly supplied were the inns, carried one with them in a case with a knife. Since that time the old two pronged fork, or fourchette (little pitchfork), as the French called it—and really they were only tiny pitchforks—has given way to the more convenient three and four pronged forks in use in our own homes.—Mary M. Winston in Harper's Young People.

Improving Roast Duck.

Here is a new wrinkle with regard to roasted ducks. When a good wife, fond and foolish and out of fashion enough to care about pleasing her husband, may enjoy serving up to him some night when he comes home a little more perplexed and annoyed with business than usual. Take the duck, which has been roasted in the ordinary way with sage and onion dressing, score it deeply with the carving knife, scatter into the furrows so formed salt and white or black pepper, and pour over it a glass or two of Burgundy warmed, not heated, so that it will not chill the duck. Baste the biped with the wine for a few moments, cover it up, and let the seasoning soak well in, and when it is served to your lord and master it will be as much of a revelation to him as was the far famed pig of "four and twenty blackbirds" which was set before the king.—Chicago Mail.

Some 3,000 women of Greece have petitioned their government for public schools in which all female subjects may be educated in the liberal arts and industries. The petition says: "We women of Greece beg the king to hear our petition and to give us the educational facilities afforded to his male subjects. If the progress of our country in civilization remains behind the hopes and expectations of the government, the cause is the backward development of Grecian womanhood."

Miss Grace H. Dodge, of New York, who may be said to have founded the working girls' clubs, is a thorough woman of business. When a meeting is to be reported she takes pains to see the reporters beforehand to explain her purposes, and to have programmes and outlines of the speeches for the reporters' tables; and after the meeting is over she sends a letter of thanks to the note takers, expressing her sense of their kindness and interest.—Harper's Bazar.

The only woman in South American journalism is Jrom Wisconsin. She is the wife of a secretary in the Brazilian war department, and is connected with The Cidade do Rio, edited by the great Brazilian abolitionist, Jose do Patrocinio.

A new way to restore old ivory is to leave it in cold water several days, then take it out and brush it with lemon juice, which will make it quite white. Polish it with putty and water.

The only places where women possess the same privileges of voting as men are Iceland, Pitcairn Island and the Isle of Man. In these islands they have the full suffrage.

To raise a pile on plush hold it over steam a few minutes, wrong side down, and then pass it tightly across a hot iron. Then brush the plush with a stiff bristle brush.

Days Gone By.

Snoby—I know you're fond of waltzing, Miss Oldage.

Miss Oldage—Yes, indeed; I just love it, Snoby (in a complimentary way)—So do I, particularly with you. It awakens many fond memories.

Miss Oldage—Of what, pray?

Snoby—You dance as my mother used to when I was a boy.—Yonowine's News.

Give and Take.

Householder (to suspicious character)—What do you want?

Suspicious Character (thoughtfully)—Well, I dunno; what yer got?—Life.

Made a Mistake.

A few weeks ago a citizen called upon a well known athlete and engaged him to give lessons in boxing, and after about a month the teacher said to his pupil:

"You are in good shape now, and you needn't be afraid to put up your hands with any of the boys."

Two days later the pupil returned with a pair of black eyes and a nose with the bark all off, and this instructor exclaimed:

"Great Scots, man, but have you been in a fight?"

"Yes."

"And got licked?"

"Yes."

"How was it?"

"Why, there was a fellow I wanted to lick. That's what I came here and graduated for. I met him yesterday and sailed into him, or started to sail into him, when—"

"When his crowd pitched into you?"

"Oh, no. I found I hadn't the sand. Indeed, I tried to run away, and he hammered Halifax out of me. You are a nice man!"

"What about?"

"To take my money and then get me licked!"

"Licked! Licked! Why, you rabbit, do you think learning how to box gives you pluck? If you had only told me that you lacked grit and yet wanted to lick some one I should have taken another tack. I should have taught you how to sit on a high fence and punch him in the eye with a long fish pole as he went past."—Detroit Free Press.

Getting Even.

A one time archbishop of Paris, Monsignor Affre, was traveling in a diligence. He had a number of fellow passengers to whom he was not known, although one of them, a lively spirited commercial traveler, discovered him to be an ecclesiastic from the episcopal cross hanging beneath his cloak.

The conversation was somewhat general, and the drummer, seeing an opportunity for what he deemed innocent raillery, said:

"Monsieur, can you tell us the difference between a bishop and an ass? You are evidently a learned man and can certainly inform us."

After a moment's thought the prelate answered, with perfect candor and good nature:

"Well, it doesn't seem such a difficult question, perhaps, and yet I really cannot explain it."

"No? Then I will enlighten you," continued the traveler, who by this time had drawn the attention of the crowd. "It is because an ass bears a cross upon his back and the bishop on his breast."

This sally was received with roars of laughter, nobody at all suspecting the religious character of its object.

"And now," began the archbishop, still with perfect affability, "can you tell me the difference between a commercial traveler and an ass?"

The drummer scratched his head and finally replied he couldn't.

"Neither can I," mildly commented his grace.

The traveler got out at the next station.—Philadelphia Times.

Heads I Win, Tails You Lose.

One icy night Charlotte Cushman and Lawrence Barrett came out of the theatre together. The steps were dangerously slippery, and it was with difficulty that they kept their feet at all. After awhile the ally astronomer observes: "Now, ladies, I will remove the cover and place the instrument in position, if you will allow me."—Exchange.

Two Ways of Looking at It.

Duff—Gruff has made a big fortune, I hear.

Bluff—Yes. Gruff always was a lucky dog.

Duff—And they tell me you've done pretty well yourself, old man.

Bluff (modestly)—Well, yes—so so. I sell what it is, Duff, well directed, intelligent effort always pays.—Somerville Journal.

An Error Somewhere.

Eastern Dame—You certainly must admit, my dear, that the women of the west are not as handsome as those of the east.

Western Damsel—In what respect?

Eastern Dame—Well, you have no such complexions out here as we have.

Western Damsel—Oh, I am sure you must be mistaken. We use exactly the same things.—America.

Time to Go.

"Sir," said an apprentice to his master, "when a very clever and a very stupid person are together in a room, and the clever one goes away, who is there left?"

"Why, of course, the stupid one."

"Then good-by, sir," said the apprentice, and went.—Somethgablatt.

HOME.

Oh, home! God's temple, sacred, fair,
Where sanctioned by the King of prayer
Love dwells within thy cabin, and will
With whitest peace thy borders fill.

Oh, garden! ta thy hallowed soil
Prayer watered, hear me, Heaven to toil;
Each little tear dropped seed finds root,
And bears the germ of heavenly fruit.

Oh, school! where tender minds receive
The light that cometh from on high give—
To educate a soul! great God,
What grander work can earth afford?

Oh, sanctuary! altar, where
We bear earnest, fervent prayer;
Where garments stained are made like fleece,
Blood washed by him, the Prince of peace!

Oh, heavenly home! where, free from sin,
From vain regrets and earth's fierce din,
The ransomed soul shall know its power—
The but shall find its perfect flower.
—Good Housekeeping.

A SENSIBLE FAD.

Breakfast and Lunch Clubs Combining Pleasure and Economy.

There is a very notable revulsion of feeling on the part of society in the matter of useless display and lavish expenditure in entertaining. From this time out common sense promises to enter more largely into such matters, with the healthful result of fewer heartburnings and a less marked tendency to dyspepsia.

The petty jealousies which beset the average society woman when, in spite of the knowledge that she has strained every point to put forth her best appearance and have her entertainment a success, she sees her neighbor, blessed with a larger installment of this world's goods, without the slightest apparent effort, forge ahead, are likely to make her feel old and forlorn even before the gray hairs appear.

Doubtless all these truths have had much to do with the organization of two clubs, which in every instance limit the expenditure for refreshments at their various meetings to a specified sum. The first of these, the Breakfast club, is composed of six members, and, like the second, the Lunch club, is an organization of some of the most fashionable women in society, the majority of whom, should they so desire, are able to entertain in the most lavish manner. The rule of the Breakfast club is that no one meal at which the members are entertained shall cost more than $6, exclusive of flowers. At each meeting the hostess of the day has the privilege of inviting one young lady, who is the only outside guest present. By far the most interesting of the two organizations, however, is the Lunch club, which numbers nine members, for which each hostess must exercise her ingenuity to devise a course luncheon at the outlay of $6. That the thing is not only practicable, but that it can be done with happy result, has already been proved a number of times by the various hostesses, each of whom vies with her predecessor in devising a menu which shall combine the qualities of variety, simplicity and economy.

The following, a menu served at one of the recent luncheons, will be read with interest by every woman, whether she be in or out of the social swim:

Bouillon	10
Loaf Vienna bread	10
Lobster salad (three persons)	$1 00
Asparagus, lettuce with mayonnaise dressing	25
Veal croquettes, calves' brain sauce	25
One-quarter pack green peas	25
Cheese sticks	25
One quart home made ice cream	25
Miss Anjou, in Providence	00

Wine and liquors, Rhine wine (bunch of asti, 2 cents; pint of whisky, 20 cents; two lemons, 3 cents) cost | 25 |
One quart peanuts, served shelled | 25 |
Total | $3 00 |

The only extra allowed is coffee, and the invariable rule is that each hostess shall have plainly marked on the menu opposite each article the cost price. It should there be the slightest deviation from this rule the hostess is not only fined $1 in each instance, but, what is far more to the point, is afflicted with the horror of having set a low the standard of her neighbors. These luncheons, it must be remembered, are not mere commonplace affairs, the culinary expenditure of woman who thoroughly reflect the interior working of the dining room or pastry cooks' art, but are very dainty, and are served and presided over by women of means whose names occur with almost daily frequency in every list of fashionable entertainments during the winter.—Washington Cor. New York Times.

Woman's Love Too Expressive.

An old lady once told me that when she was a girl she visited a bride friend, and when the husband came home at night, tired, hungry, cold and cross, his young wife rushed into the hall and seized him as he struggled out of his overcoat, devoured him with kisses, to which he responded:

"There, there, my dear; perhaps if you didn't want to kiss me quite so much I should want to kiss you more."

Of course, the man was a brute, but his brutality was founded upon a sound truth.

The great trouble with woman under conditions of perfect love is that she lavishes out of the vast treasure house of her affections a great deal more than the object can receive or assimilate. Her own powers of loving and being loved are so tremendously in excess of his that they weary, terrify and satiate him long before she has adequately expressed her own tenderness.—Mrs. Frank Leslie.

Senator Walthall's Daughter.

Miss Courtney Walthall, the daughter of Senator Walthall, of Mississippi, is by all odds the prettiest young woman in the senatorial circle. She is a brunette, with a clear complexion and rich coloring. Her features are delicate and regular, her teeth are like pearls, her hair brown, and her eyes of liquid hazel, expressive and beautiful. Miss Walthall has a petite figure, well rounded and graceful. Her charm of manner is sweetness and naturalness. She is not a young woman to delight in the gay and frivolous round of social life, and her father's home is far from becoming a "fashionable woman." She is the apple of his eye, and the devotion is mutual.—Washington Letter.

Care of the Teeth.

A child's teeth should be confided to the care of a dentist while they are making their appearance. As the dentist is properly versed in his profession, he makes a record of the child's physical tendencies as well as the state of its dentition, and to these notes he adds from time to time such variations as are significant; then he sends for the child once a month or once a year, according to its needs, and is thus able to device for the best means that are possible to the little one's constitution or physical condition.—Herald of Health.

Women inventors appear very often on the patent office records, and one of them who succeeded in pushing through an improvement in an eyeglass spring is said to have made a very profitable fortune by the crystallization of her ideas in practical form.

Carey's BARGAIN STORE

51 West Front street,

Can't be beat for REAL BARGAINS in

NEW AND SECOND HAND **FURNITURE**

A large lot just received, bought at Sheriff's sales, and including misfit carpets, rugs drapgets, folding beds, porch rockers, fancy chairs, and tables, bedding, bedroom suits, stoves and house furnishing goods generally.

THEY ARE SELLING LIVELY. COME AND SEE THEM.

If you are in need of such things you will be sure to buy at the prices offered. For instance $5 Smyrna rugs, OVER five feet long, only $2.50.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

A NEW HAT

Presented to each purchaser of $12 worth of goods at

WERNER'S

Mammoth One Price Clothing House,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

All the Latest Spring and Summer Styles of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Furnishing Goods.

CHEMISETTS,

PLAIN, 25C.; TUCKED, 30 AND 50 C.; ROLLING COLLAR, 85C.

PARASOLS.

FANCY STRIPES IN ALL THE THE NEW COLORINGS FOR $1.75, 2.50, 2.50, 2.90, 3. 5, 3.40, 3.95, 4.25 and 4.95. MOURNING PARASOLS FOR $2.25, 2.40, 3.00, 3.50, 3.75 and 4.00.

FINE SILK SUN UMBRELLAS, NATURAL STICK FOR $2.00, 2.75, 3.19 AND 3.98.

SUN UMBRELLAS, FANCY SILVER HANDLES FOR $1.65, 2.00, 3.35 AND 3.50.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

The Popular Store of Plainfield.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Chailies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lots of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 50c. Ladies' ribbed vests at 5c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $1.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

DON'T BE WITHOUT A

Gasoline Stove.

1 hole, $4; 2 hole, $6; 3 hole, $8

Lawn settees, $1.25. Screen Doors, $1.30. Window Screens, adjustable, 40c, 45c, 50c. Ice cream freezer, 4 qt, $2.45. Refrigerators, $8. Gasoline (5 gals) 75. Hammocks 50c $1, $1.25, $1.40. Croquet Sets $1, $1.25, $1.75. Base Ball Bats 5c each.

Pierson Hardware Co.

49 West Front street. Telephone 126.

DON'T MISS THIS BARGAIN.

CUT THIS AND BRING IT TO US, IT IS WORTH $25 TO YOU.

For every purchase of $25 worth at one time If you will bring this adv. to us we will allow you a reduction of 25 cents. If you want $15 worth of shoes or repairing or both accept five of these adv's and we will allow you $1.25 for them. This will hold goodunti July 1st. Remember we carry a full line of the BEST shoes that can be had in all widths and styles at low prices, and do fine repairing.

ROGERS BROS,

Successors to D.F. Randolph.

19 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK

—AT—

VANEMBURGH & WHITE'S

5,000 yards of manufactory remnants of fine plaid Nainsook and lace stripes and checks. These are the finest lot of goods we have ever offered, and it will repay you to see them. Our price 12c per yard, value 20c.

We put on sale two more cases of those fine dress ginghams. Our price 10c.

Window screens, fit any window, 35c.

100 dozen gentlemen's Linle thread hose, 25c per pair, value 40c.

Light weight jackets are the thing for these cool nights. We offer our entire line at cost price.

50 dozen children's all linen handkerchiefs, hemstitched, 5c each.

Children's corset waists, 37c each.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—leave 7 a. m. to most 7.30 a. m. trains. Hillside ave. and Broadway—leave 8 a. m. to most 8.30 a. m. trains. Second place to Crescent ave. in Park ave. to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to most	8.30 a. m. trains.
3d	9.15	do	9.30 do
4th	10.15	do	10.30 do
5th	11.00	do	11.30 do
6th	12.00	do	12.30 p. m. do
7th	1.00	do	1.30 p. m. do
8th	1.45 p. m.	do	2.30 p. m. do
9th	3.00	do	3.30 Post Office.
10th	3.30	do most	3.45 p. m. trains.
11th	4.00	do	4.30 do
12th	5.00	do	5.30 do
13th	6.45	do	7.00 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th avenue, North Plainfield, and Crescent avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make connections therewith.

Stages will make return trips over above route, leaving Plainfield depot at 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Double Horses a specialty. Carriages to weddings.

Leaves after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call, 18.

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; unequaled in style, quality and price. I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Ribbons, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dyeing, Pressing and Remodeling. Feathers Dyed Steamed and Curled. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m. Consultation free. Ladies, 66 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES, ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S, No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors, Box 389.

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INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Our Front street and Park avenue.

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Messenger Service

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